SAFETY DATA SHEET

LYSOL® IC[™] Quaternary Disinfectant Cleaner - Concentrate



1/16

1. Product and company identification

| Product name | : LYSOL® IC [™] Quaternary Disinfectant Cleaner - Concentrate |
|---|--|
| Distributed by | : Reckitt Benckiser LLC. Morris Corporate Center IV 399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225) Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225 +1 973 404 2600 |
| Emergency telephone number (Medical) | : 1-800-338-6167 |
| Emergency telephone number (Transport) | : 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887 |
| Website: | : http://www.rbnainfo.com |
| Synonym | Not available. |
| Product use | Professional use Disinfectant. |

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

| SDS # | : 366519PSDS v6.0 |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Formulation # | : 1990-019 (366519 v4.0) |
| EPA ID No. | : 47371-129-675 |

2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 10 SERIOUS EXE DAMAGE - Category 1 |
|--|---|
| | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 |

GHS label elements

2. Hazards identification

| | loadion |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard statements | : Combustible liquid. May be corrosive to metals. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Keep only in original container. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. |
| Response | : Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : None known. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|---------|------------|
| didecyldimethylammonium chloride | 10 - 22 | 7173-51-5 |
| Quaternary ammonium compounds, alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides | 5 - 10 | 8001-54-5 |
| ethanol | 1 - 5 | 64-17-5 |
| sodium hydroxide | 1 - 5 | 1310-73-2 |
| d-Limonene | 0.1 - 1 | 5989-27-5 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Skin contact | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

| Most important sym | otoms/effects, acute and delayed |
|---------------------------|--|
| Potential acute hea | Ith effects |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | : Harmful if inhaled. |
| Skin contact | : Causes severe burns. |
| Ingestion | : Harmful if swallowed. |
| <u>Over-exposure sigr</u> | <u>is/symptoms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |
| Indication of immedi | ate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |

| 366519PSDS v6.0 4. First aid measures | |
|--|---|
| | |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
|---|--|
| Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | tive equipment and emergency procedures |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Code # : FF366519 (366519PSDS) | SDS # : 366519PSDS v6.0 Date of issue : 22/08/2019 4/16 |

6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|-------------|--|
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. |
|--|---|
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control **Occupational exposure limits** Ingredient name **Exposure limits** ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). ethanol STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. Code # : FF366519 SDS # : 366519PSDS v6.0 Date of issue : 22/08/2019 5/16 (366519PSDS)

| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| sodium hydroxide | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). C: 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). CEIL: 2 mg/m ³ NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). CEIL: 2 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. | | |
| Environmental exposure controls | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. | | |
| ndividual protection meas | <u>ires</u> | | |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. | | |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. | | |
| Skin protection | | | |
| Hand protection | : Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. | | |
| Body protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. | | |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. | | |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. | | |

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| Appearance | |
|--|--|
| Physical state | : Liquid. [Clear.] |
| Color | : Amber. |
| Odor | : Mild. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : 7.2 to 8.2 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%] |
| Melting point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: 71.111°C (160°F) [Tagliabue.] |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | : Not available. |
| Vapor density | : Not available. |
| Relative density | : 0.99 to 1.01 |
| Solubility | : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Not available. |
| | |

Aerosol product

10. Stability and reactivity

| - | - |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials metals |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |
| | |

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|-----------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| didecyldimethylammonium chloride | LD50 Oral | Rat | 84 mg/kg | - |
| Quaternary ammonium compounds, alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides | LD50 Oral | Rat | 240 mg/kg | - |
| ethanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 124700 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 7 g/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Based on Calculation Method: Harmful if swallowed.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------|-------------|
| didecyldimethylammonium chloride | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams | - |
| Quaternary ammonium | Eyes - Severe irritant | Human | | 50 | |
| compounds, | Eyes - Severe initalit | numan | - | Micrograms | - |
| | | | | Micrograms | |
| alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides | Even Severe irritent | Monkov | | 24 hours 2 | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Monkey | - | | - |
| | Europ Mild invitorat | Dabbit | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 10 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 1 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 150 | - |
| | | | | Micrograms | |
| | | | | Intermittent | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 24 hours 3 | - |
| | | | | Percent | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Human | - | 48 hours 1 | - |
| | | | | Percent | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 50 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Woman | - | 0.1 Percent | - |
| ethanol | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.066666667 | - |
| | | | | minutes 100 | |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 | - |
| | | | | microliters | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 400 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| sodium hydroxide | Eyes - Severe irritant | Monkey | - | 24 hours 1 | - |
| | 5 | | | Percent | |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 400 | - |
| | 5 | | | Micrograms | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 50 | - |
| | | | | Micrograms | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 1 Percent | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | _ | 0.5 minutes 1 | - |
| | , | | | | |

11. Toxicological information milligrams Skin - Mild irritant Human 24 hours 2 Percent Skin - Severe irritant Rabbit 24 hours 500 milligrams

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on Calculation Method: Corrosive to the skin.

- : Corrosive to eyes. Direct contact with the eyes can cause irreversible damage, including blindness.
- Respiratory

: Based on Calculation Method: Harmful if inhaled.

Sensitization

Skin

Eyes

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| ethanol | - | 1 | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

- routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

: Causes serious eye damage. Eye contact Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. **Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. : Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

11. Toxicological information

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| Short term exposure | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>ects</u> |
| Not available. | |
| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|-------|-------------|
| Oral | 671.8 mg/kg |

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|----------|
| didecyldimethylammonium chloride | Acute EC50 110 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 14.22 ppb Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 18 ppb Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 39 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.01 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Acipenser transmontanus - Larvae | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 25 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 125 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |
| Quaternary ammonium compounds, alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides | Acute EC50 56 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 56 μg/l Fresh water | Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 18 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 750 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oryzias latipes | 96 hours |
| ethanol | Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 11000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Alburnus alburnus | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 21 days |

Conclusion/Summary

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| ethanol | -0.35 | - | low |

| <u>Mobility in soil</u> | |
|---|------------------|
| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| UN number | UN1903 | UN1903 | UN1903 | UN1903 |
| UN proper shipping name | Disinfectants, liquid, corrosive n.o.s. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides) | DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides) | DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides) | Disinfectant, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Packing group | 11 | 11 | 11 | II |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |

Additional information

| DOT Classification | Limited quantity No. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 154. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 1 L. Cargo aircraft: 30 L. Special provisions B2, IB2, T7, TP2 |
|--------------------|--|
| TDG Classification | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8). <u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 1L <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 1L <u>Special provisions</u> 16 |
| IMDG | : <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-B <u>Special provisions</u> 274 |

| 14. Transport infor | | lation | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| ΙΑΤΑ | : | Quantity limita Cargo Aircraft (Aircraft: 0.5 L. I Special provis | Only: 30 L. Pa Packaging ins | ckagin structior | g instructions | | | |
| Special precautions for user | : | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. | | | | | | |
| Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code | : | Not available. | | | | | | |
| 15. Regulatory info | or | mation | | | | | | |
| U.S. Federal regulations | : | TSCA 8(a) PAI phenylacetalde TSCA 8(a) CDI United States Clean Water A | hyde R Exempt/Pa inventory (TS | rtial ex SCA 8t | emption: No): Not detern | t determined | | nyde; |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : | Not listed | | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : | Not listed | | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : | Not listed | | | | | | |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) | : | Not listed | | | | | | |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) | : | Not listed | | | | | | |
| SARA 302/304 | | | | | | | | |
| Composition/information c | <u>on</u> | ingredients | 1 | 1 | | ARA 302 TPQ SARA 304 RQ | | |
| | | | e/ | | SARA 302 | - | | - |
| Name | | | % 0.016 | EHS | (lbs) 1000 | (gallons) 106.1 | (lbs) 1000 | (gallons) 106.1 |
| hydrogen peroxide solution | | | | Yes. | | | 1000 | 100.1 |
| SARA 304 RQ SARA 311/312 | ÷ | 6250000 lbs / 2 | :03/300 Kg [/ | 49008. | z yai / 283/5 | UU LJ | | |
| Classification | : | FLAMMABLE L CORROSIVE T ACUTE TOXIC ACUTE TOXIC SKIN CORROS | O METALS - ITY (oral) - C ITY (inhalatio | Catego ategory n) - Ca | ory 1 / 4 | | | |

SDS #

15. Regulatory information

| Name | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of | Reactive | Immediate (acute) | Delayed (chronic) |
|---|-----------|----------------|-------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | | pressure | | health hazard | health hazard |
| didecyldimethylammonium chloride | ≥10 - ≤22 | No. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. |
| Quaternary ammonium compounds, alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides | ≥5 - ≤10 | No. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. |
| ethanol | ≥1 - ≤5 | Yes. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. |
| sodium hydroxide | ≥1 - ≤5 | No. | No. | Yes. | Yes. | No. |

State regulations

| Massachusetts | : The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; DENATURED ALCOHOL; |
|----------------------------|--|
| | SODIUM HYDROXIDE; ETHYLENEDIAMINE TETRAACETIC ACID; EDTA |
| New York | The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide; Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid; EDTA |
| New Jersey | : The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL; SODIUM HYDROXIDE; CAUSTIC SODA; ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETIC ACID; GLYCINE, N,N'-1,2-ETHANEDIYLBIS[N-(CARBOXYMETHYL)-; EDTA |
| Pennsylvania | The following components are listed: DENATURED ALCOHOL; ETHANOL; SODIUM HYDROXIDE; GLYCINE, N,N'-1,2-ETHANEDIYLBIS[N-(CARBOXYMETHYL)- |
| Label elements | |
| <u>CPSC</u> | |
| Signal word | : Not applicable. |
| Hazard statements | : Not applicable |
| Precautionary measures | : Not applicable |
| CCCR | |
| Signal word | : Not applicable |
| Hazard statements | : Not applicable |
| Precautionary measures | : Not applicable |
| EPA | |
| Signal word: | : DANGER |
| Hazard statements | : Harmful if swallowed. |
| | Harmful if inhaled.Corrosive Causes irreversible eye damage |
| | Corrosive CAUSES SKIN BURNS |
| Precautionary measures | : Keep out of the reach of children.Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear |
| | protective gloves or clothing and eye or face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash with soap and water. Remove |
| | contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. |
| Cosmetics. / Medicinal pro | |
| | |

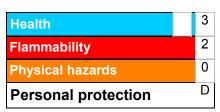
Precautionary measures : Not applicable

Additional information / Recommendations

Read label before use.

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



NFPA (30B) aerosol Flammability Not applicable.

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |
|------------------------|---|
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16. Other information

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Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



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