



HPE ProLiant DL325 Gen11 User Guide

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HPE ProLiant DL325 Gen11 User Guide

Abstract

This document is for the person who installs, administers, and troubleshoots servers and storage systems. Hewlett Packard Enterprise assumes you are qualified in the servicing of computer equipment and trained in recognizing hazards in products with hazardous energy levels, and are familiar with the weight and stability precautions for rack installations.

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Component identification

This chapter describes the external and internal server features and components.

Subtopics

Front panel components

Front panel LEDs and buttons

Rear panel components

Rear panel LEDs

Component touchpoints

System board components

Riser board components

PCIe5 slot description

GPU slot numbering

HPE Basic Drive LED definitions

EDSFF SSD LED definitions

Drive bay numbering

Drive backplane naming

Fan numbering

Fan and heatsink requirements

Liquid cooling options

Trusted Platform Module 2.0

HPE NS204i-u Boot Device components

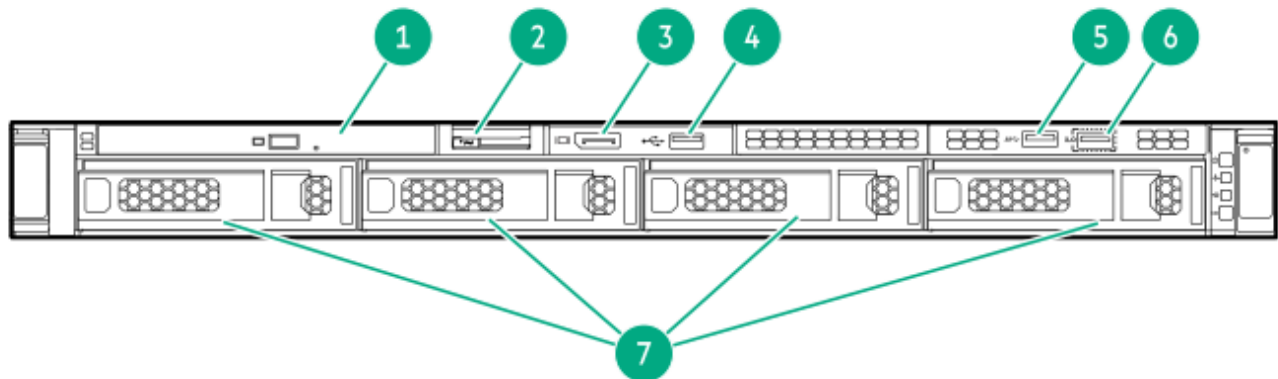
HPE NS204i-u Boot Device LED definitions

M.2 SSD pass-through card components

DSC-25 2-port SFP28 card ports and LEDs

Front panel components

4 LFF drive configuration



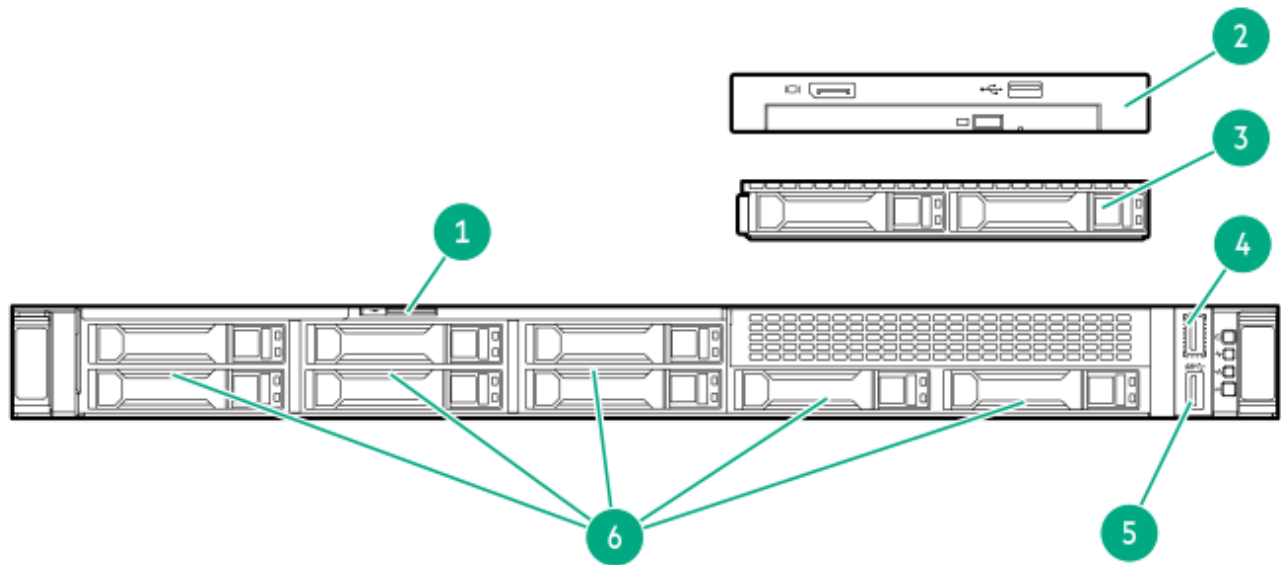
Item	Description
1	Optical drive (optional)
2	Serial number / iLO information pull tab ¹
3	DisplayPort 1.1a (optional) ²
4	USB 2.0 port (optional) ²
5	USB 3.2 Gen 1 port
6	iLO service port
7	4 LFF drives (optional) ³

¹ The serial number / iLO information pull tab is double-sided. One side shows the server serial number and the customer asset tag label. The other side shows the default iLO account information.

² This port is included in the front USB and DisplayPort assembly option.

³ The 4 LFF drive bays support SAS or SATA drives.

8 + 2 SFF drive configuration



Item	Description
1	Serial number / iLO information pull tab ¹
2	Optical drive cage assembly (optional) ²
3	2 SFF side-by-side drive cage assembly (optional) ³
4	<u>iLO service port</u>
5	USB 3.2 Gen 1 port
6	8 SFF drives (optional) ³

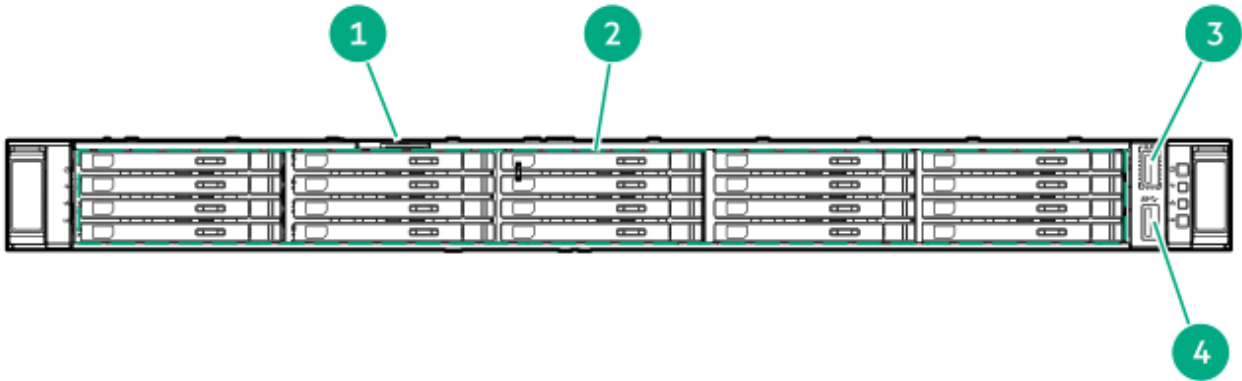
¹ The serial number / iLO information pull tab is double-sided. One side shows the server serial number and the customer asset tag label. The other side shows the default iLO account information.

² This assembly includes:

- One DisplayPort 1.1a
- One USB 2.0 port
- One optical drive bay

³ Depending on the type of drive backplane installed, the server supports SFF SAS, SATA, or U.3 NVMe drives.

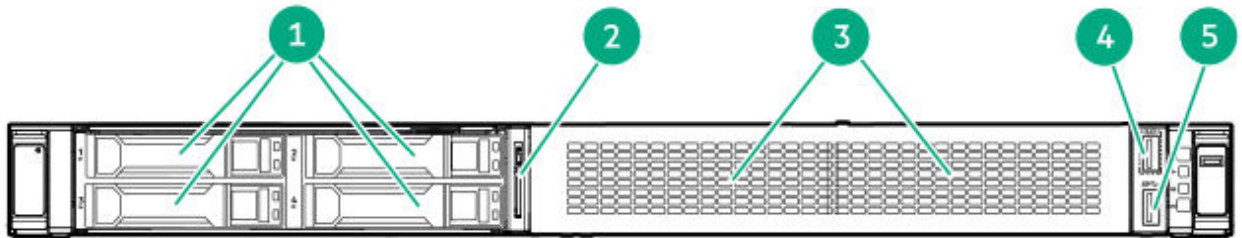
20 E3.S drive configuration



Item	Description
1	Serial number / iLO information pull tab ¹
2	20 E3.S drives (optional)
3	iLO service port
4	USB 3.2 Gen 1 port

¹ The serial number / iLO information pull tab is double-sided. One side shows the server serial number and the customer asset tag label. The other side shows the default iLO account information.

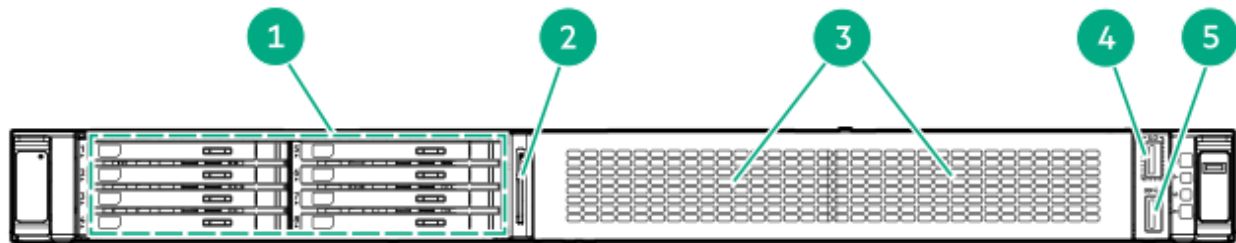
GPU-optimized 4 SFF NVMe drive configuration



Item	Description
1	4 SFF NVMe drives (optional) ¹
2	Serial number / iLO information pull tab ²
3	GPU riser cage ³
4	iLO service port
5	USB 3.2 Gen 1 port

- ¹ Depending on the type of drive backplane installed, the server supports SFF SAS, SATA, or U.3 NVMe drives.
- ² The serial number / iLO information pull tab is double-sided. One side shows the server serial number and the customer asset tag label. The other side shows the default iLO account information.
- ³ This GPU riser cage accommodates up to two single-width or double-width GPUs.

GPU-optimized 8 E3.S drive configuration



Item	Description
1	8 E3.S drives (optional)
2	Serial number / iLO information pull tab ¹
3	GPU riser cage ²
4	<u>iLO service port</u>
5	USB 3.2 Gen 1 port

- ¹ The serial number / iLO information pull tab is double-sided. One side shows the server serial number and the customer asset tag label. The other side shows the default iLO account information.
- ² This GPU riser cage accommodates up to two single-width or double-width GPUs.

Subtopics

iLO Service Port

iLO Service Port

The Service Port is a USB port with the label **iLO** on supported servers and compute modules.

To find out if your server or compute module supports this feature, see the server specifications document at the following website: <https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>.

The Service Port is a USB port with the label **iLO** on the front of the server.

To find out if your server supports this feature, see the server specifications document at the following website: <https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>.

When you have physical access to a server, you can use the Service Port to do the following:

- Download the Active Health System Log to a supported USB flash drive.

When you use this feature, the connected USB flash drive is not accessible by the host operating system.

- Connect a client (such as a laptop) with a supported USB to Ethernet adapter to access the following:
 - iLO web interface
 - Remote console
 - iLO RESTful API
 - CLI

Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends the HPE USB to Ethernet Adapter (part number Q7Y55A).

When you use the iLO Service Port:

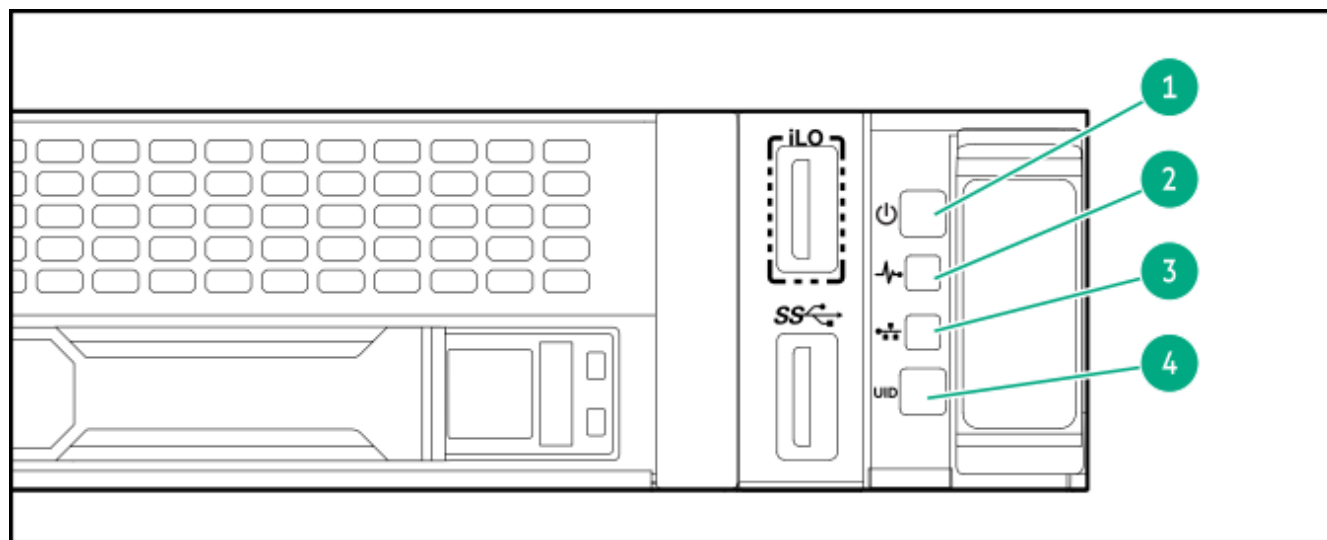
- Actions are logged in the iLO event log.
- The server UID flashes to indicate the Service Port status.

You can also retrieve the Service Port status by using a REST client and the iLO RESTful API.

- You cannot use the Service Port to boot any device within the server, or the server itself.
- You cannot access the server by connecting to the Service Port.
- You cannot access the connected device from the server.

For more information about the iLO Service Port, see the iLO user guide at the following website: [**https://www.hpe.com/support/ilo6**](https://www.hpe.com/support/ilo6).

Front panel LEDs and buttons



Item	Description	Status	Definition
1	Power On/Standby button and system power LED ¹ ₁	Solid green	System on
		Flashing green	Performing power-on sequence
		Solid amber	System in standby
		Off	No power present ² ₂
2	Health LED ¹ ₁	Solid green	Normal
		Flashing green	iLO is rebooting
		Flashing amber	System degraded ³ ₃
		Flashing red	System critical ³ ₃
3	NIC status LED ¹ ₁	Solid green	Linked to network
		Flashing green	Network active
		Off	No network activity
4	UID button/LED ¹ ₁	Solid blue	Activated
		Flashing blue	1 flash per second—Remote management or firmware upgrade in progress 4 flashes per second—iLO manual reboot sequence initiated 8 flashes per second—iLO manual reboot sequence in progress
		Off	Deactivated

- ¹ When all LEDs flash simultaneously, a power fault has occurred. For more information, see [Front panel LED power fault codes](#).
- ² Facility power is not present, power cord is not attached, no power supplies are installed, or power supply failure has occurred.
- ³ If the health LED indicates a degraded or critical state, [review the system Integrated Management Log \(IML\) or use HPE iLO to review the system health status](#).

Subtopics

[Server UID LED](#)

[Viewing the Server Health Summary](#)

[Front panel LED power fault codes](#)

Server UID LED

The UID LED can be used to help an on-site technician quickly identify or locate a particular server when it is deployed in a dense rack with other equipment. It can also be used to identify if a remote management, firmware upgrade, or reboot sequence is in progress.

Viewing the Server Health Summary

Prerequisites

- An external monitor is connected.
- In the iLO web interface, the **Show Server Health on External Monitor** feature is enabled on the **Access Settings** page.

About this task

If the server does not power on, use the UID button to display the iLO **Server Health Summary** screen on an external monitor. This function works when the server is powered on or off.

For more information, see the iLO troubleshooting guide on the [Hewlett Packard Enterprise website](#).

Procedure

1. Press and release the UID button.



CAUTION

Be sure to press and release the UID button. Pressing the UID button at any time for more than five seconds will initiate a graceful iLO reboot or a hardware iLO reboot. Data loss or NVRAM corruption might occur during a hardware iLO reboot.

The **Server Health Summary** screen displays on the external monitor.

2. Press the UID button again to close the **Server Health Summary** screen.

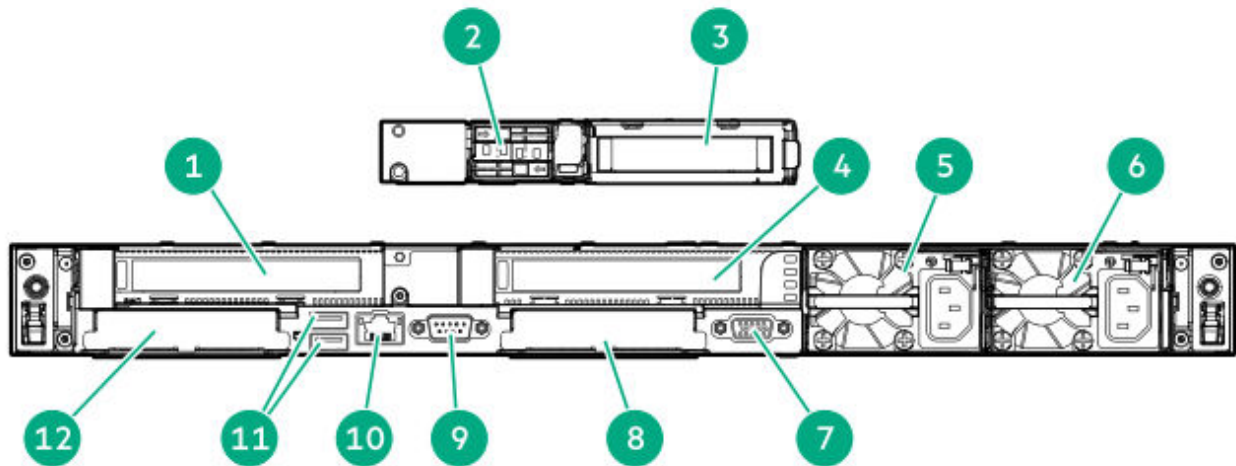
Front panel LED power fault codes

The following table provides a list of power fault codes, and the subsystems that are affected. Not all power faults are used by all servers.

Subsystem	LED behavior
System board	1 flash
Processor	2 flashes
Memory	3 flashes
Riser board PCIe slots	4 flashes
FlexibleLOM	5 flashes
Storage controller	6 flashes
System board PCIe slots	7 flashes
Power backplane	8 flashes
Storage backplane	9 flashes
Power supply	10 flashes
PCIe expansion cards installed in riser board	11 flashes
Chassis	12 flashes
GPU card	13 flashes

Rear panel components

Rear panel with boot device options



Item	Description
1	Slot 1 PCIe5 x16 ¹
2	NS204i-u boot device (optional) ²
3	Slot 2 PCIe5 x16 (optional) ³
4	Slot 2 PCIe5 x16 (optional) ⁴
5	Flexible Slot power supply 2 (optional)
6	Flexible Slot power supply 1
7	<u>VGA port</u>
8	Slot 22 OCP PCIe5 x8
9	Serial port (optional)
10	iLO dedicated network port
11	USB 3.2 Gen 1 ports
12	Slot 21 OCP PCIe5 x8 ⁵

¹ This riser slot is in the primary riser cage.

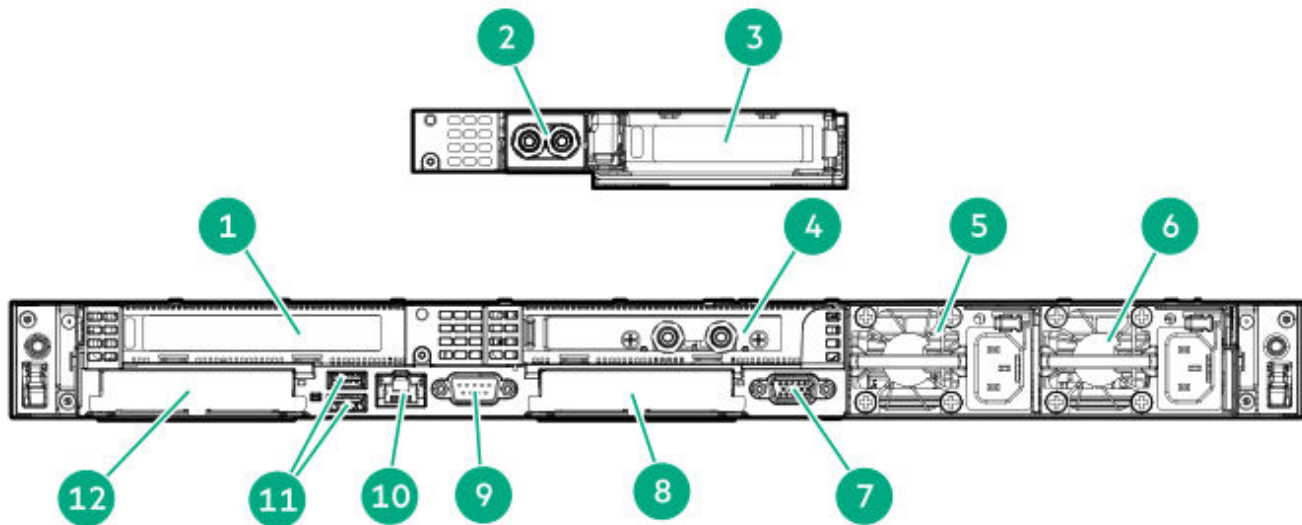
² This option is installed in the NS204i-u + low-profile riser cage. When the server is configured with HPE NS204i Boot Device, DLC option is limited to DLC PCIe kit. When the DLC PCIe kit is installed, PCIe cards cannot be supported in Slot 2.

³ This riser slot is in the NS204i-u + low-profile riser cage.

⁴ This riser slot is in the secondary riser cage.

⁵ In Slot 21 OCP, the OCP bandwidth upgrade cable is required to support a x16 OCP expansion option.

Rear panel with Direct Liquid Cooling (DLC) options



Item	Description
1	Slot 1 PCIe5 x16 ¹
2	DLC cold plate module from NS204i-u (optional) ²
3	Slot 2 PCIe5 x16 (optional) ³
4	DLC cold plate module from PCIe (optional) ^{4, 5}
5	Flexible Slot power supply 2 (optional)
6	Flexible Slot power supply 1
7	<u>VGA port</u>
8	Slot 22 OCP PCIe5 x8
9	Serial port (optional)
10	iLO dedicated network port
11	USB 3.2 Gen 1 ports
12	Slot 21 OCP PCIe5 x8 ⁶

¹ This riser slot is in the primary riser cage.

² When the server is not configured with HPE NS204i Boot Device, DLC option is limited to NS204i-u DLC kit. Installation of the NS204i-u DLC kit requires the NS204i-u + low-profile riser cage. When the NS204i-u DLC kit is installed, low-profile PCIe cards are supported in Slot 2, while the boot device itself is not supported.

³ This riser slot is in the secondary riser cage.

⁴ When the DLC PCIe kit is installed, PCIe cards cannot be supported in Slot 2. To support the installation of both boot device and DLC PCIe kit, the NS204i-u + low-profile riser cage is required.

⁵ When the server is configured with HPE NS204i Boot Device, DLC option is limited to DLC PCIe kit.

⁶ In Slot 21 OCP, the OCP bandwidth upgrade cable is required to support a x16 OCP expansion option.

Subtopics

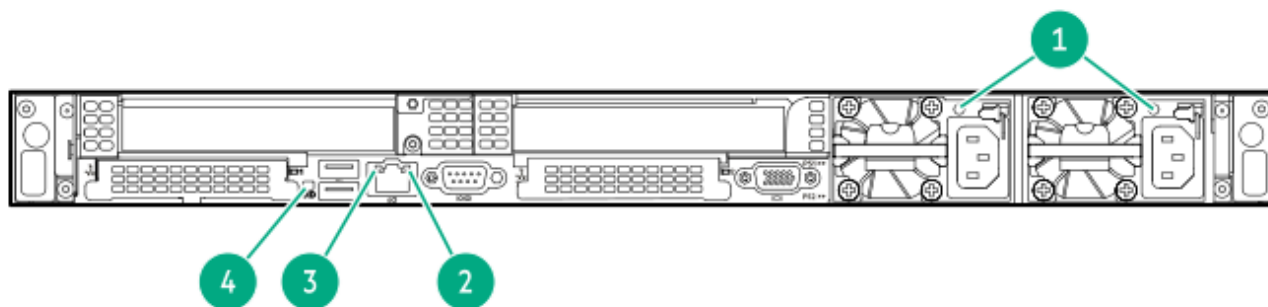
Monitor setup

Monitor setup

Before connecting a monitor, observe the following:

- The server supports both VGA port and DisplayPort 1.1a.
- If you connect two display devices to the server using both the VGA port and DisplayPort, the same image is mirrored on both devices.
- The embedded video controller in the iLO chipset does not support dual display or screen extension mode. To enable dual display, install a compatible graphics card.
- When using HDMI or DVI adapters for the DisplayPort, use an active-type adapter. Passive-type adapters marked with the DP++ symbol are not supported.
- Whenever possible, use the same display connection type. For example, if your monitor only has a VGA port, use the VGA port on the server. Using other adapters or converter cables or dongles might lead to decreased display quality or a lag over the connection.

Rear panel LEDs



Item	LED	Status	Definition
1	Power supply	Solid green	The power supply is operating normally.
		Off	One or more of the following conditions exists:

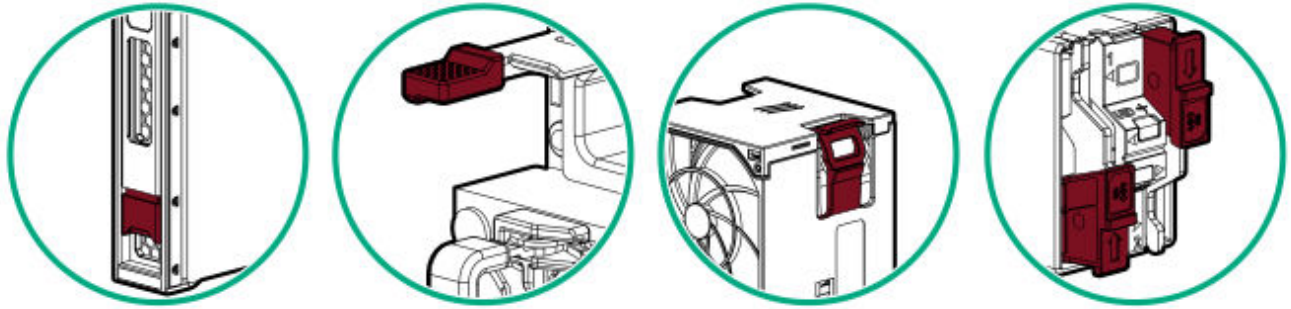
Item	LED	Status	Definition
			- Power is unavailable - Power supply failure - Power supply is in standby mode - Power supply error
2	iLO link	Solid green	Network link
		Off	No network link
3	iLO status	Solid green	Linked to network
		Flashing green	Network active
		Off	No network activity
4	UID	Solid blue	Activated
		Flashing blue	1 flash per sec—Remote management or firmware upgrade in progress 4 flashes per sec—iLO manual reboot sequence initiated 8 flashes per sec—iLO manual reboot sequence in progress
		Off	Deactivated

Component touchpoints

Certain components are color-coded. These colors represent the recommended touch areas for a removal process and indicate whether components require a system shutdown before removal.

The following diagrams are examples only.

HPE hot-plug red

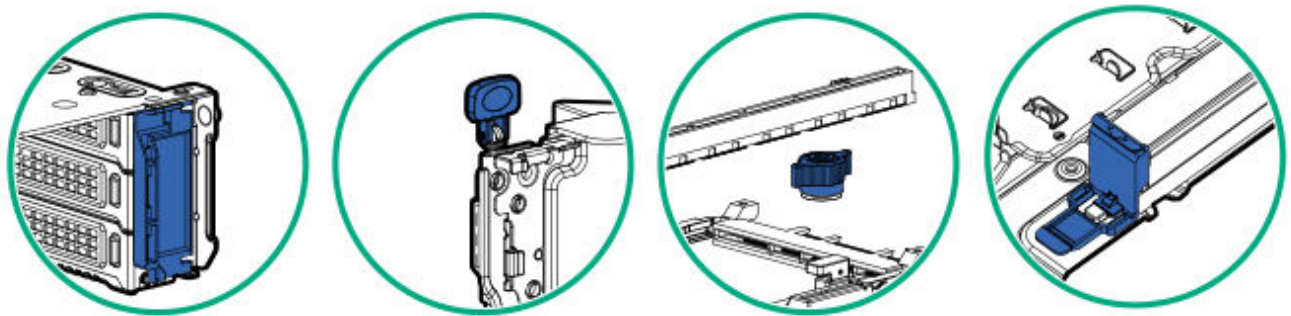


Hot-plug red indicates hot-pluggable components. These components can be removed and installed while the system is running, and doing so will not result in a system shutdown.

Component examples:

- Power supplies in a redundant power configuration
- Hot-plug fans
- Hot-plug drives
- M.2 SSDs in a hot-plug boot device

HPE touchpoint blue



Touchpoint blue indicates cold-pluggable components. These components require a system shutdown. Failure to do so might result in system failure or data loss. Cold-pluggable components might also indicate touchpoints on non-electrical components.

Component examples:

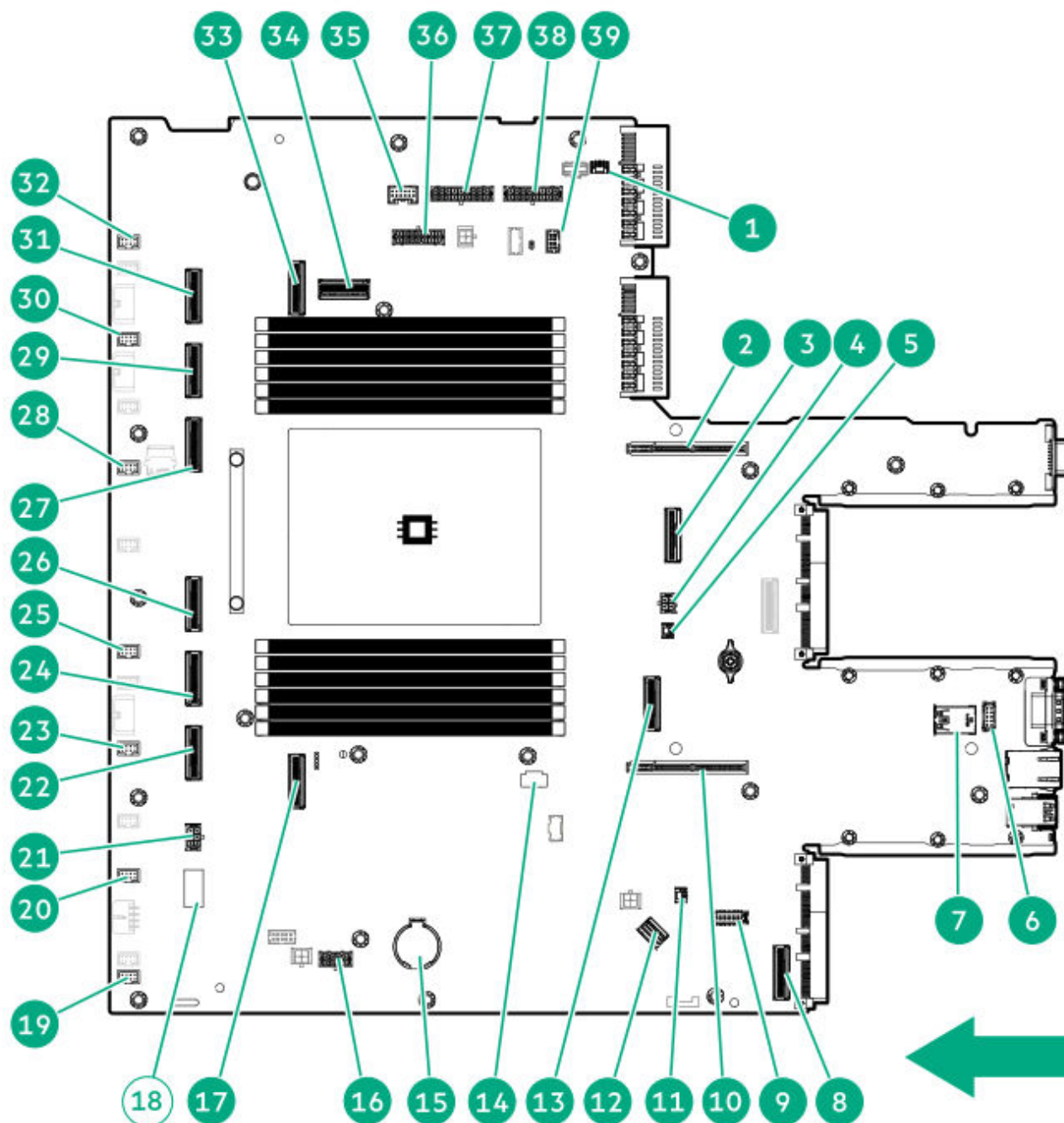
- Storage devices
- Fan cages
- System boards

- Energy packs

System board components

The grayed out components in the system board image are not for use in this server.

The arrow points to the front of the server.



Item	Description
1	Chassis intrusion detection switch connector
2	Secondary riser connector
3	NVMe / SATA port 1B ¹ _—
4	SmartNIC auxiliary power connector
5	Slot 22 OROC storage backup power connector
6	Serial port connector
7	Stacked, dual USB 3.2 Gen 1 ports
8	Slot 21 OCP x16 upgrade connector
9	Front USB and DisplayPort connector
10	Primary riser connector
11	Slot 21 OROC storage backup power connector
12	Front I/O connector
13	NVMe port 9A
14	Pump-cold plate signal connector ² _—
15	System battery
16	GPU riser power connector
17	NVMe / SATA port 1A
18	<u>System maintenance switch</u>
19	Fan connector 7
20	Fan connector 6
21	Optical drive power connector
22	NVMe / SATA port 2A
23	Fan connector 5
24	NVMe port 3A
25	Fan connector 4
26	NVMe port 4A
27	NVMe port 5A
28	Fan connector 3
29	NVMe port 6A
30	Fan connector 2
31	NVMe port 7A

Item	Description
32	Fan connector 1
33	NVMe port 8A
34	NS204i-u signal connector
35	Energy pack connector
36	Drive backplane / Graphics card power connector C (J9019)
37	Drive backplane / Graphics card power connector A (J9017)
38	Drive backplane / Graphics card power connector B (J9018)
39	M.2 SSD power connector ³ _—

¹ This port is for the signal cable used in the M.2 SSD pass-through card or the E3.S drive configuration.

² This connector is for the [liquid cooling heatsink](#).

³_— This power connector is either for the M.2 SSD pass-through card or the NS204i-u boot device options.

Subtopics

[**System maintenance switch**](#)

[**DIMM label identification**](#)

[**DIMM slot numbering**](#)

[**Processor and socket components**](#)

System maintenance switch

The system maintenance switch is a DIP switch block on the system board used during service and troubleshooting to temporarily override security or configuration settings. Each switch has an OFF (default) and ON position that enables a specific maintenance function.

To locate the system maintenance switch on your server, see [System board components](#).

Position	Default	Function
S1 ¹ _—	Off	- Off—iLO 6 security is enabled. - On—iLO 6 security is disabled.
S2	Off	Reserved
S3	Off	Reserved
S4	Off	Reserved

Position	Default	Function
S5 ¹ —	Off	- Off—Power-on password is enabled. - On—Power-on password is disabled.
S6 ^{1, 2, 3} — — —	Off	- Off—No function - On—Restore default manufacturing settings
S7	Off	Reserved
S8	Off	Reserved
S9	Off	Reserved
S10	Off	Reserved
S11	Off	Reserved
S12	Off	Reserved

¹ To access the redundant ROM, set S1, S5, and S6 to On.

² When the system maintenance switch position 6 is set to the On position, the system is prepared to restore all configuration settings to their manufacturing defaults.

³ When the system maintenance switch position 6 is set to the On position and Secure Boot is enabled, some configurations cannot be restored. For more information, see [Configuring the server](#).

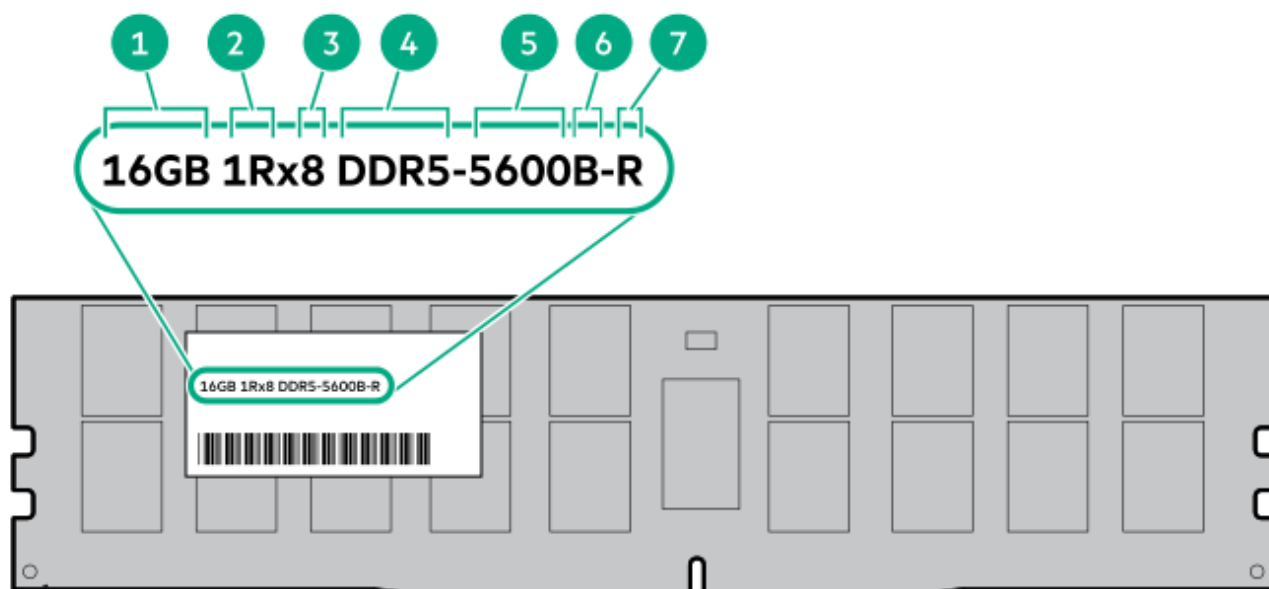
DIMM label identification

The label contains information about the DIMM. For additional information about DIMMs, including:

- Memory speeds and server-specific DIMM population rules
- Product features, specifications, options, configurations, and compatibility

See the website:

<https://www.hpe.com/docs/server-memory>



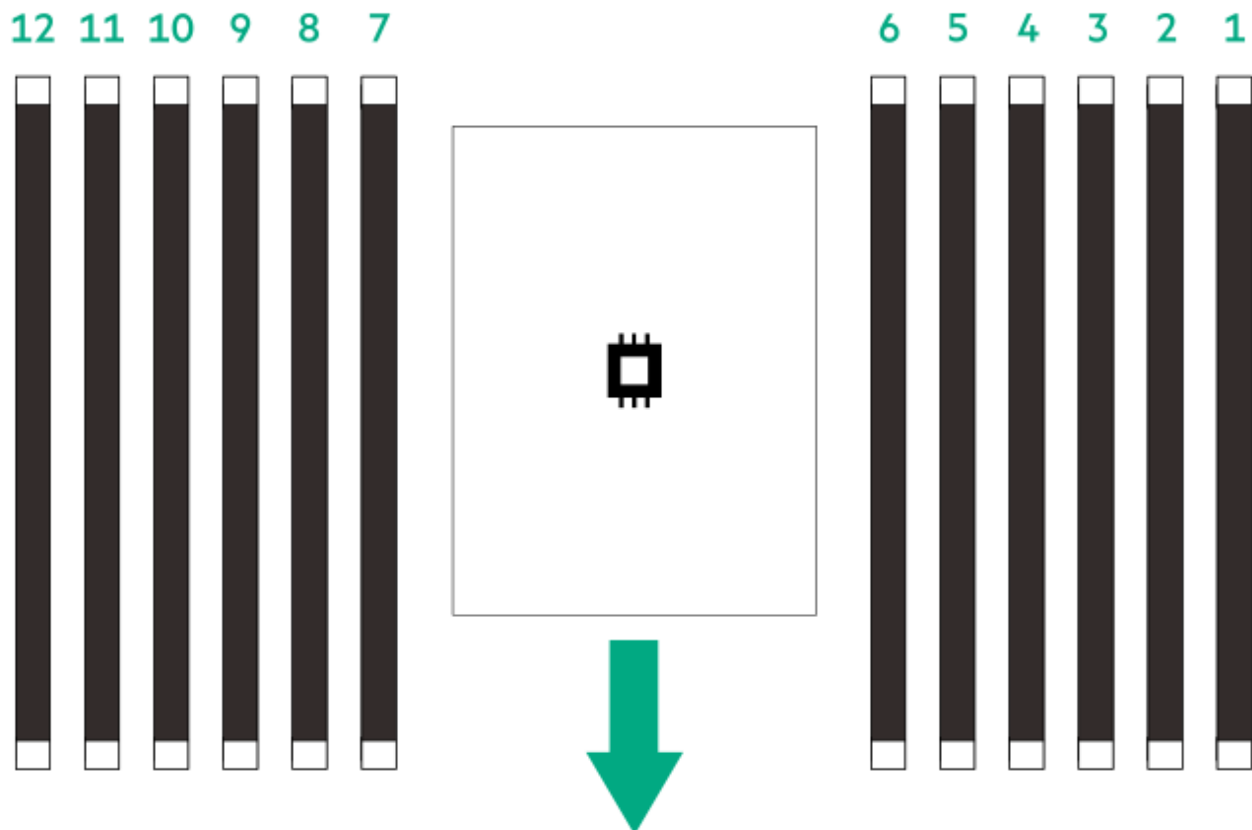
Item	Description	Example
1	Capacity $\frac{1}{-}$	16 GB 32 GB 64 GB 96 GB 128 GB 256 GB
2	Rank	1R—Single rank 2R—Dual rank 4R—Quad rank 8R—Octal rank
3	Data width on DRAM	x4—4-bit x8—8-bit
4	Memory generation	PC5—DDR5
5	Maximum memory speed $\frac{1}{-}$	4800 MT/s 5600 MT/s 6400 MT/s

Item	Description	Example
6	CAS latency	B—42-42-42 B—50-42-42 (for 128 GB and 256 GB capacities)
7	DIMM type	E—UDIMM (unbuffered with ECC) R—RDIMM (registered)

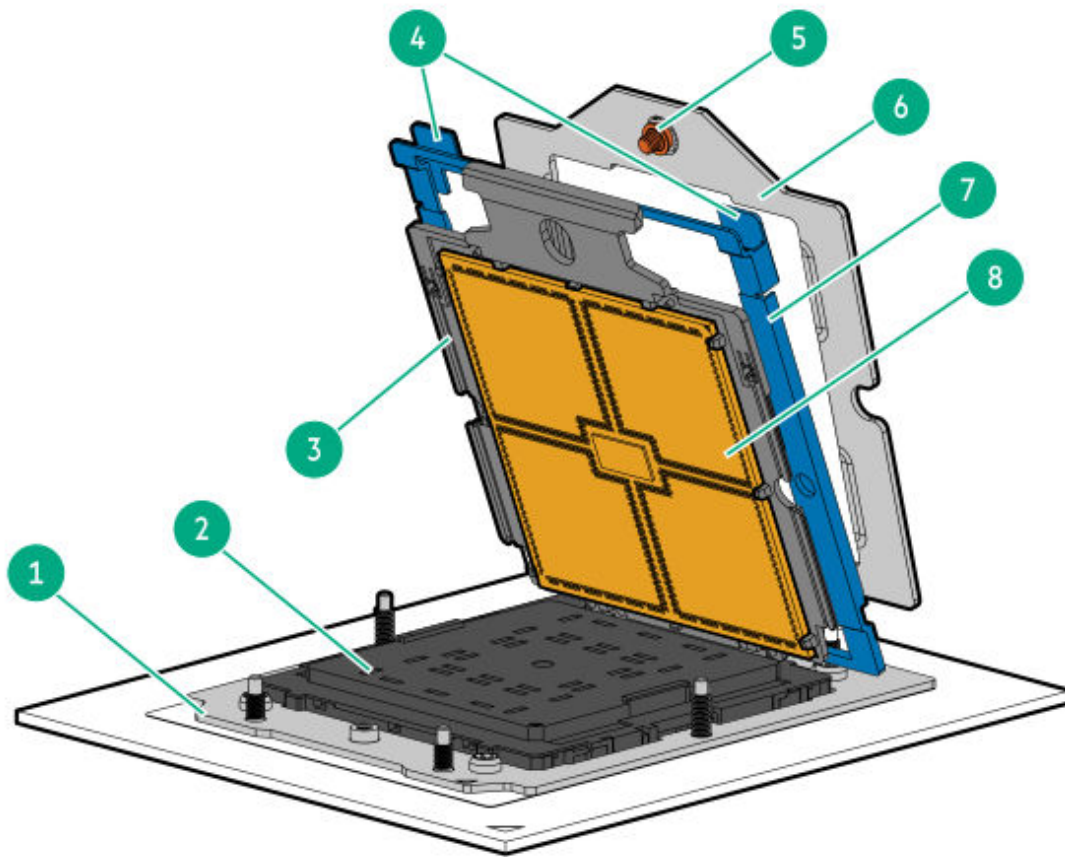
¹ The maximum memory speed and capacity is a function of the memory type, memory configuration, and processor model.

DIMM slot numbering

The arrow points to the front of the server.



Processor and socket components

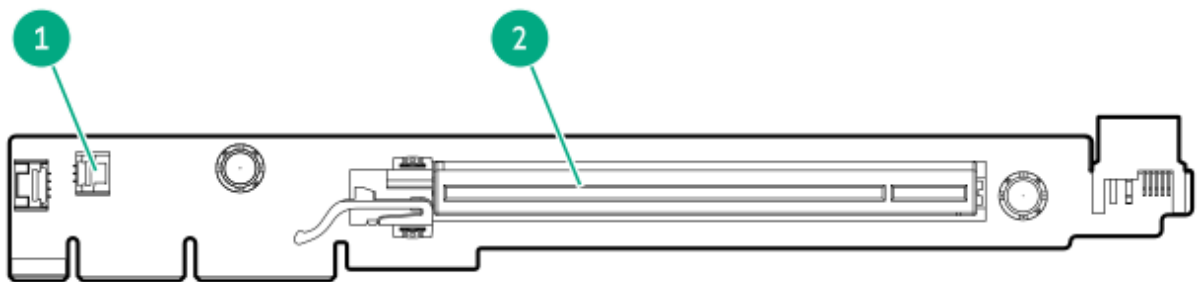


Item	Description
1	Processor socket
2	Pin field cover cap
3	Processor carrier
4	Rail frame lift tabs
5	Retention frame screw (T-20)
6	Retention frame
7	Rail frame
8	Processor

Riser board components

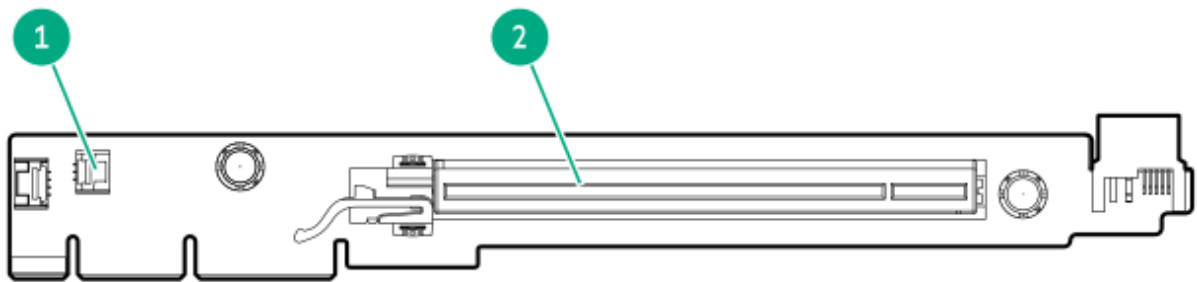
All riser slots are PCIe5 x16 (16, 8, 4, 1) and are rated for a maximum power draw of 75 W each.

Primary PCIe5 x16 riser



Item	Description	Supported form factors
1	Controller storage backup power connector	—
2	Slot 1 PCIe5 x16 (16, 8, 4, 1)	• Full-height, full-length • Full-height, half-length • Half-height, half-length (low-profile)

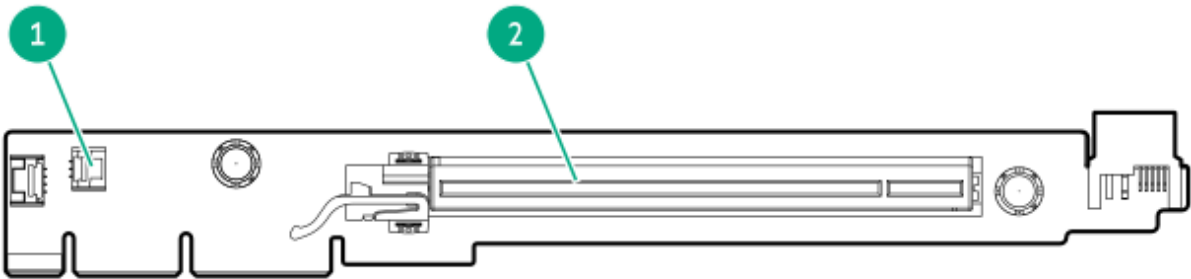
Secondary PCIe5 x16 riser



Item	Description	Supported form factors
1	Controller storage backup power connector	—
2	Slot 2 PCIe5 x16 (16, 8, 4, 1)	• Full-height, half-length

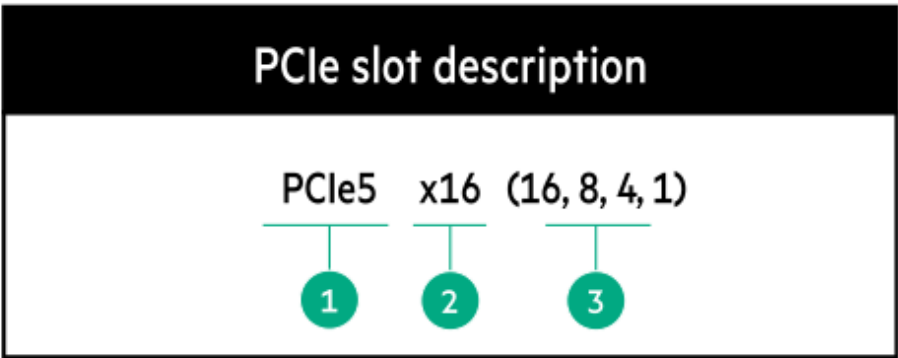
Item	Description	Supported form factors
		Half-height, half-length (low-profile)

Secondary low-profile PCIe5 x16 riser



Item	Description	Supported form factors
1	Controller storage backup power connector	—
2	Slot 2 PCIe5 x16 (16, 8, 4, 1)	Half-height, half-length (low-profile)

PCIe5 slot description



Item	Description	Definition
1	PCI Express version	Each PCIe version corresponds to a specific data transfer rate between the processor and peripheral devices. Gene

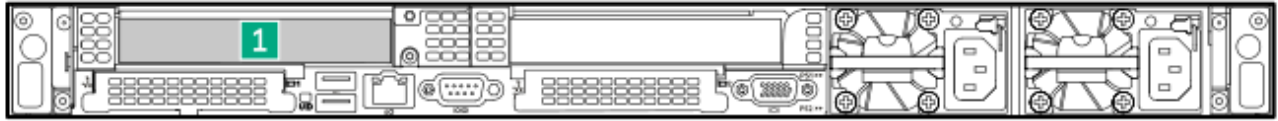
Item	Description	Definition
		rally, a version update corresponds to an increase in transfer rate. • PCIe 1.x • PCIe 2.x • PCIe 3.x • PCIe 4.x • PCIe 5.x The PCIe technology is under constant development. For the latest information, see the PCI-SIG website.
2	Physical connector link width	PCIe devices communicate through a logical connection called an interconnect or link. At the physical level, a link is composed of one or more lanes. The number of lanes is written with an x prefix with x16 being the largest size in common use. • x1 • x2 • x4 • x8 • x16
3	Negotiable link width	These numbers correspond to the maximum link bandwidth supported by the slot.

GPU slot numbering

This server supports GPU installation in the front-end GPU riser cage and the rear-end primary riser cage. All GPU-compatible slots are PCIe5 x16.

GPU in the primary riser cage

The primary riser cage supports a full-height, full-length, single-width GPU.



GPU in the front-end GPU riser cage

The front-end GPU riser cage supports full-height, length ≤ 10.50 in (26.67 cm), single-width or double-width GPUs.

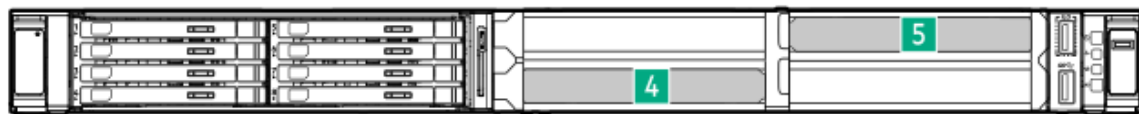
- 4 SFF NVMe drive configuration
 - Single-width GPU numbering



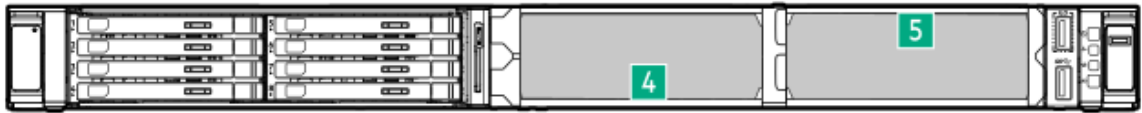
- Double-width GPU numbering



- 8 E3.S drive configuration
 - Single-width GPU numbering



- Double-width GPU numbering



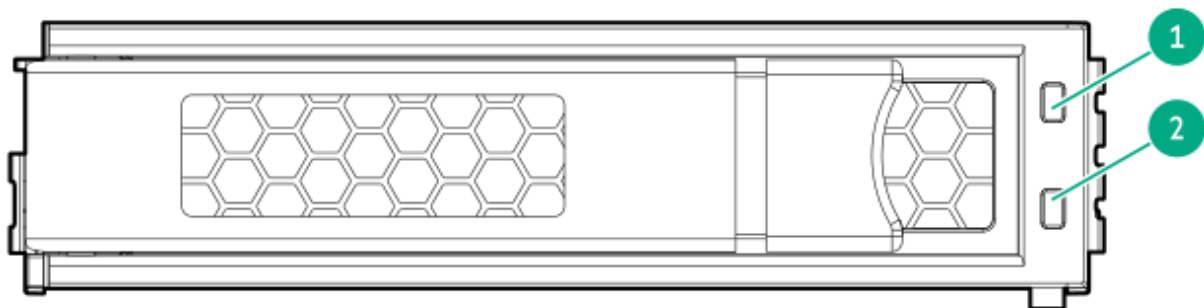
HPE Basic Drive LED definitions

The HPE Basic drive carrier has the following LEDs:

- Amber/blue LED—Managed by the drive backplane in conjunction with the storage controller and is used to indicate drive status.
- Green LED—Managed by the drive itself and indicates the drive activity.

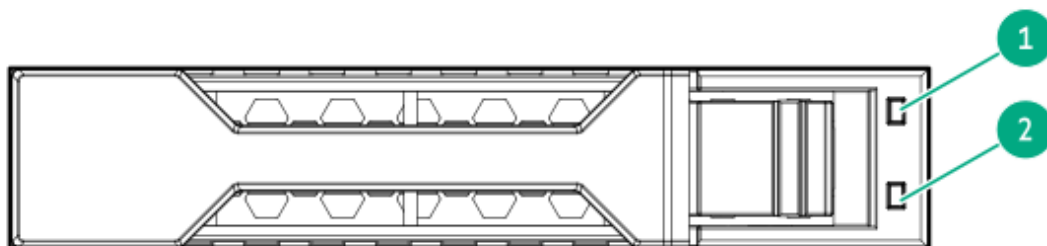
LFF low-profile drive carrier

The LFF low-profile drive carrier supports hot-plug SAS or SATA drives.



SFF basic drive carrier

The SFF basic drive carrier supports hot-plug SAS, SATA, or U.3 NVMe drives.



Item	LED	State	Definition
1	Fault/Locate	Solid amber	This drive has failed, is unsupported, or is invalid.
		Solid blue	The drive is operating normally and being identified by a management application.
		Flashing amber/blue (1 flash per second)	The drive has failed, or a predictive failure alert has been received for this drive. The drive has also been identified by a management application.
		Flashing amber (1 flash per second)	A predictive failure alert has been received for this drive. Replace the drive as soon as possible.
		Off	The drive is operating normally and not being identified by a management application.
2	Online/Activity	Solid green	The drive is online and has no activity.
		Flashing green (1 flash per second)	The drive is doing one of the following: • Rebuilding or performing a RAID • Performing a stripe size migration • Performing a capacity expansion • Performing a logical drive extension • Erasing • Spare part activation
		Flashing green (4 flashes per second)	The drive is operating normally and has activity.
		Off	The drive is not configured by a RAID controller or is a spare drive.

EDSFF SSD LED definitions

The EDSFF drive carrier has two LEDs:

- Amber/blue LED—Managed by the drive backplane in conjunction with the storage controller and is used to indicate drive status.
- Green LED—Managed by the drive itself and indicates the drive activity.



Item	LED	State	Definition
1	Fault/Locate	Solid amber	This drive has failed, is unsupported, or is invalid.
		Solid blue	The drive is operating normally and being identified by a management application.
		Flashing amber/blue (1 flash per second)	The drive has failed, or a predictive failure alert has been received for this drive. The drive has also been identified by a management application.
		Flashing amber (1 flash per second)	A predictive failure alert has been received for this drive. Replace the drive as soon as possible.
		Off	The drive is operating normally and not being identified by a management application.
2	Online/Activity	Solid green	The drive is online and has no activity.
		Flashing green (4 flashes per second)	The drive is operating normally and has activity.
		Off	No power present.

Drive bay numbering



CAUTION

When a server is purchased without any drive installed, some drive bays might be empty while other drive bays might be populated with drive blanks. To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the server without a drive or a drive blank installed.

Subtopics

LFF drive bay numbering

SFF drive bay numbering

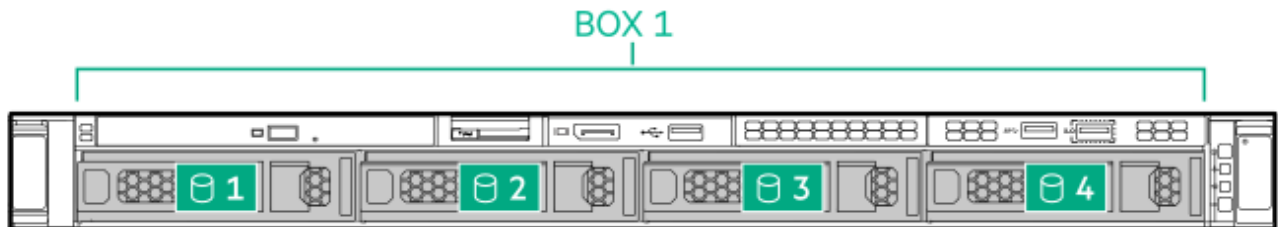
E3.S drive bay numbering

LFF drive bay numbering

The following drive backplane options are supported in the LFF drive configurations:

- 4 LFF 12G x1 SAS UBM2 LP
- 4 LFF 12G x1 SAS UBM6 LP

For more information on the drive backplane description, see [Drive backplane naming](#).



In the LFF drive configuration:

- All drives belong to the same box 1.
- SAS or SATA drives are supported.
- To manage the hot-plug SAS drive, install the HPE MR type-o Gen11 storage controller (OROC).

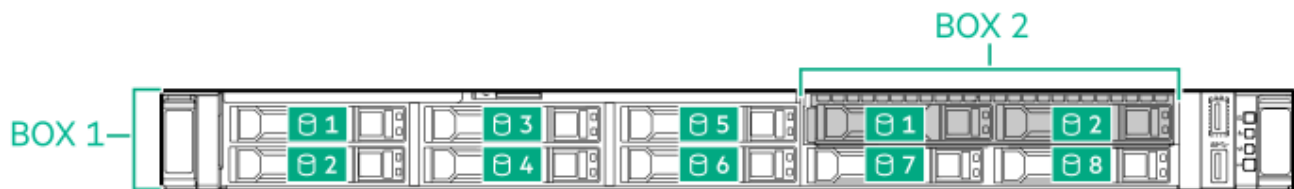
SFF drive bay numbering

8 + 2 SFF drive configuration

The following drive backplane options are supported in all 8 + 2 SFF drive configurations:

- 2 SFF side-by-side drive backplanes:
 - 2 SFF 16G x4 U.2 NVMe / SAS UBM4 BC
 - 2 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM3 BC
 - 2 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM6 BC
- 8 SFF drive backplanes:
 - 8 SFF 16G x4 U.2 NVMe / SAS UBM4 BC
 - 8 SFF 24G x1 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM3 BC
 - 8 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM3 BC
 - 8 SFF 24G x1 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM6 BC
 - 8 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM6 BC

For more information on the drive backplane description, see [Drive backplane naming](#).



In the 8 + 2 SFF drive configuration:

- Drives are assigned to box 1 and optional box 2.
- SAS, SATA, or U.3 NVMe drives are supported.
- To manage the hot-plug SAS drive, install one of the following storage controllers:
 - HPE SR / MR type-p Gen11 storage controller
 - HPE MR type-o Gen11 storage controller (OROC)
- When installing NVMe drives, install either all U.2 or all U.3 drives. Mixed NVMe drive type installation in the same box is not supported.

4 SFF NVMe drive configuration

The following drive backplane options are supported in the 4 SFF NVMe drive configurations:

- 2 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM6 BC
- 2 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM3 BC

For more information on the drive backplane description, see [Drive backplane naming](#).



In the 4 SFF NVMe drive configuration:

- Drives are assigned to box 1 and box 2.
- SAS, SATA, or U.3 NVMe drives are supported.

E3.S drive bay numbering

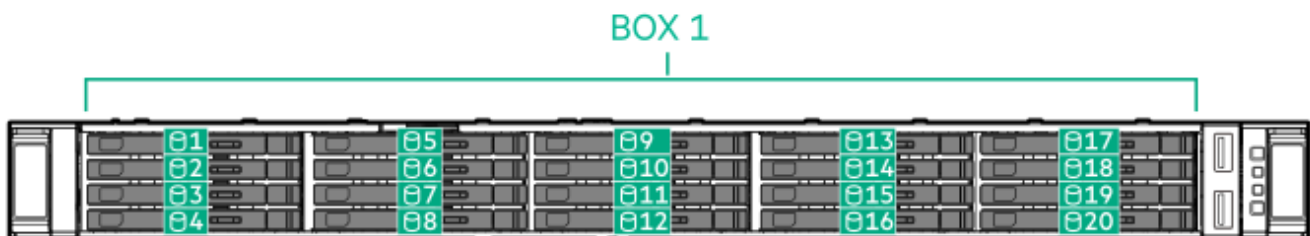
20 E3.S drive configuration

The following drive backplane options are supported in this E3.S drive configuration:

- 20 E3.S 32G x4 NVMe UBM5 EC1
- 20 E3.S 32G x4 NVMe UBM7 E3C

In the 20 E3.S drive configuration, all drives belong to the same box 1.

For more information on the drive backplane description, see [Drive backplane naming](#).



8 E3.S drive configuration

The following drive backplane options are supported in this E3.S drive configuration:

- 8 E3.S 32G x4 NVMe UBM5 EC1
- 8 E3.S 32G x4 NVMe UBM7 E3C

In the 8 E3.S drive configuration, all drives belong to the same box 1.

For more information on the drive backplane description, see [Drive backplane naming](#).



Drive backplane naming

This topic explains the features represented in the drive backplane naming. This naming convention was adopted starting in the HPE Gen11 server release. Your server might not support all the features listed in this topic. For server-specific support information, see the server guides:

- Drive backplane support, see [Drive bay numbering](#).
- Drive backplane cabling, see [Storage cabling](#).



Item	Description	Values
1	Drive bay count	Number of drive bays supported by the backplane.
2	Drive form factor	LFF—Large Form Factor
		SFF—Small Form Factor

Item	Description	Values
		E3S—Enterprise and Datacenter Standard Form Factor (EDSFF E3.S)
3	Maximum link rate per lane (GT/s)	12G
		16G
		24G
		32G
4	Port link width and interface	x1 NVMe/SAS—U.3 NVMe, SAS, or SATA ¹
		x4 NVMe/SAS—U.3 NVMe, SAS, or SATA ²
		x4 NVMe—NVMe ³
		x4 NVMe—E3.S
5	Universal backplane manager (UBM) model	The UBM model defines the UBM firmware used by the backplane. Examples of UBM models: UBM2, UBM3, and etc.
6	Drive carrier type	BC—Basic carrier (SFF)
		LP—Low-profile carrier (LFF)
		EC—E3.S carrier

¹ Tri-mode controller support for x1 U.3 NVMe, SAS, and SATA drives. System board connection supports SATA drives only.

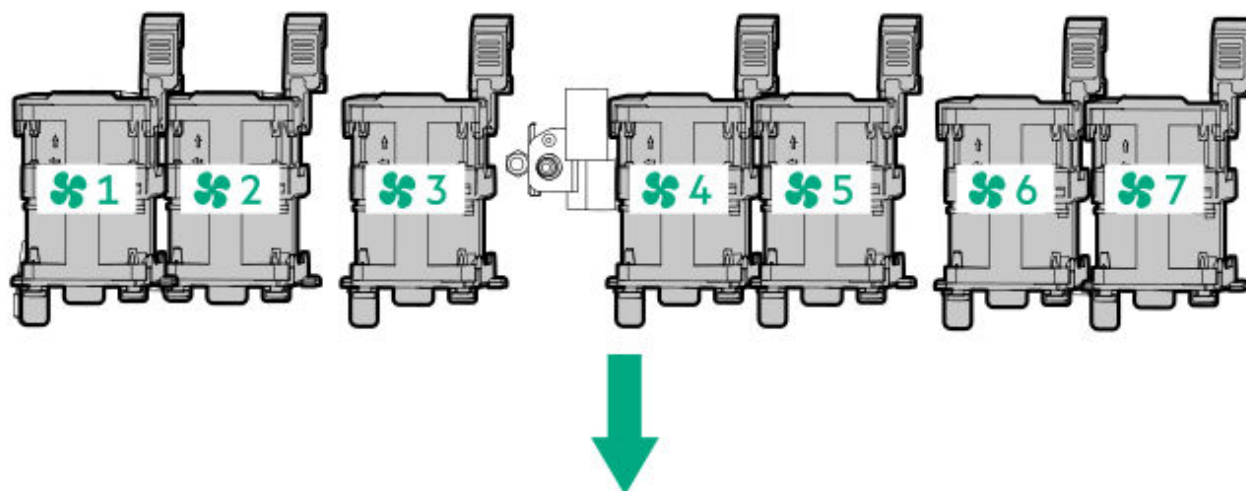
² CPU direct attach or tri-mode controller support for x4 U.3 NVMe, x2 (via a splitter cable) U.3 NVMe, or x1 SAS and SATA drives.

³ CPU direct attach or tri-mode controller support for x4 NVMe drives.

Fan numbering

To provide sufficient airflow to the system, the server is by default populated by seven fans. The fans can either be standard fans (P58461-B21) or high performance fans (P58462-B21). Mixed fan configuration is not supported.

The arrow points to the front of the server.



Fan and heatsink requirements



CAUTION

To maintain proper system cooling, install the correct fan and heatsink types required for specific hardware configurations.



CAUTION

To maintain proper system cooling, when a 25 Gb or faster Ethernet / InfiniBand adapter / HPE Storage Networking NVMe-oF Offload Adapter / HPE NS204i-u Boot Device / GPU is installed in any configuration, make sure to use high performance fans.

The system-operating temperature for most components installed in this server is at standard temperature (10°C to 35°C / 50°F to 95°F). However, system performance during standard operating support may be reduced if operating above 30°C (86°F). The following table contains the allowed hardware configurations that the system can be run at 30°C (86°F) without system performance degradation.

4 LFF drive configuration

Processor TDP	Fan type	Heatsink type
≤ 240 W ¹ _—	Standard fan	Standard heatsink
≤ 240 W		High performance heatsink

Processor TDP	Fan type	Heatsink type
≤ 300 W	High performance fan	High performance heatsink
≤ 400 W	High performance fan	Direct Liquid Cooling (DLC) cold plate module ²
≤ 400 W	Liquid cooling fan	Closed-Loop Liquid Cooling (CLLC) module

¹ The maximum recommended ambient operating temperature is 28°C.

² The two DLC options (P80876-B21, P80871-B21) available for the server are both supported in this drive configuration.

8 SFF drive configuration

Processor TDP	Fan type	Heatsink type
≤ 240 W	Standard fan	Standard heatsink
≤ 300 W	High performance fan	High performance heatsink
≤ 400 W	High performance fan	DLC cold plate module ¹
≤ 400 W	Liquid cooling fan	Closed-loop liquid cooling module

¹ The two DLC options (P80876-B21, P80871-B21) available for the server are both supported in this drive configuration.

8 + 2 SFF drive configuration

Processor TDP	Fan type	Heatsink type
≤ 240 W	Standard fan	High performance heatsink
≤ 300 W	High performance fan	
≤ 400 W	High performance fan	DLC cold plate module ¹
≤ 400 W	Liquid cooling fan	Closed-loop liquid cooling module

¹ The two DLC options (P80876-B21, P80871-B21) available for the server are both supported in this drive configuration.

20 E3.S drive configuration

The maximum recommended ambient operating temperature is 25°C.

Processor TDP	Fan type	Heatsink type
≤ 240 W	High performance fan	High performance heatsink
≤ 300 W		
≤ 400 W	High performance fan	DLC cold plate module ¹
≤ 400 W	Liquid cooling fan	Closed-loop liquid cooling module

¹ The two DLC options (P80876-B21, P80871-B21) available for the server are both supported in this drive configuration.

GPU-optimized configurations

Drive configurations	Processor TDP	Fan type	Heatsink type
• 4 SFF NVMe drives	≤ 240 W	High performance fan	Standard heatsink
	≤ 300 W		High performance heatsink
• 8 E3.S drives	≤ 400 W	High performance fan	DLC cold plate module ¹
	≤ 400 W ²	Liquid cooling fan	Closed-loop liquid cooling module

¹ The two DLC options (P80876-B21, P80871-B21) available for the server are both supported in this drive configuration.

² The maximum recommended ambient operating temperature is 25°C.

Liquid cooling options

Closed-loop liquid cooling (CLLC)

When an AMD EPYC 9004/9005 series processor with a TDP of 320 W–400 W is installed, the closed-loop liquid cooling module and liquid cooling fans are required.

- The pump-cold plate of the liquid cooling module picks up heat from the processor.

- Heat is transferred to the radiator through the coolant hoses. The radiator uses cool air to dissipate heat and lower the temperature of the coolant. The pump-cold plate, coolant hoses, radiator, and liquid cooling fans work together to cool the system.
- The coolant is a mixture of purified water and ethylene glycol with additional additives for corrosion resistance.

Direct liquid cooling (DLC)

When an AMD EPYC 9004/9005 series processor with a TDP $\leq$ 400 W is installed, the server supports DLC kits.

- The open-loop liquid cooling cold plate of the DLC module picks up heat from the processor.
- Heat is transferred through the coolant hoses connected to the rack manifolds.
- The cold plate, coolant hoses, rack manifolds, and CDU (Cooling Distribution Unit) work together to cool the system.

For additional information on cooling options and supported hardware configurations, see [Fan and heatsink requirements](#).

Subtopics

Closed-loop liquid cooling module components

Direct liquid cooling module components

Closed-loop liquid cooling module components



CAUTION

- The hoses of the liquid cooling module are prefilled with coolant. Do not attempt to replace the coolant. In the unlikely event of a spill or leak of this server coolant, follow the recommended procedure in Appendix I: Server coolant spill response of the server maintenance guide:

<https://www.hpe.com/info/dl325gen11-msg>

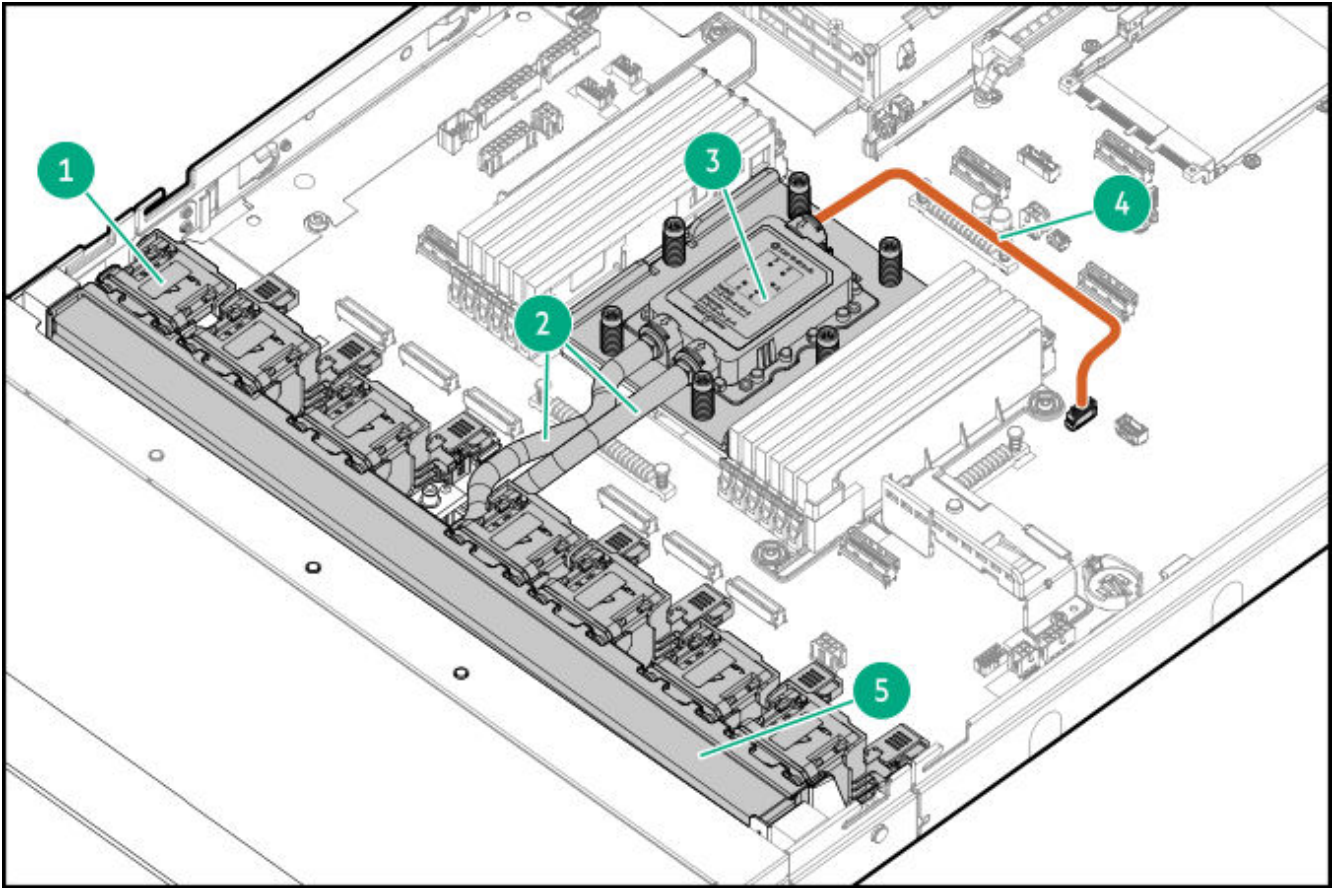
- For service inquiries, contact your local service provider.



IMPORTANT

Maximum Usage Limitation Reminders:

- The closed-loop liquid cooling module used in this server is subject to a Maximum Usage Limitation not to exceed five (5) years of operation. After reaching this five (5) year limit, it is required that the liquid cooling module be replaced. Parts and components that Hewlett Packard Enterprise determines have reached or exceeded their Maximum Usage Limitation will not be provided, repaired, or replaced under a warranty or service contract. Contact your local HPE sales representative for additional information.
- To remind users of the operational life of the liquid cooling module, iLO will send notification message at 4 years and 6 months, at 4 years and 9 months, and at 5 years of operation. This iLO notification feature is available starting in iLO 6 v1.59.



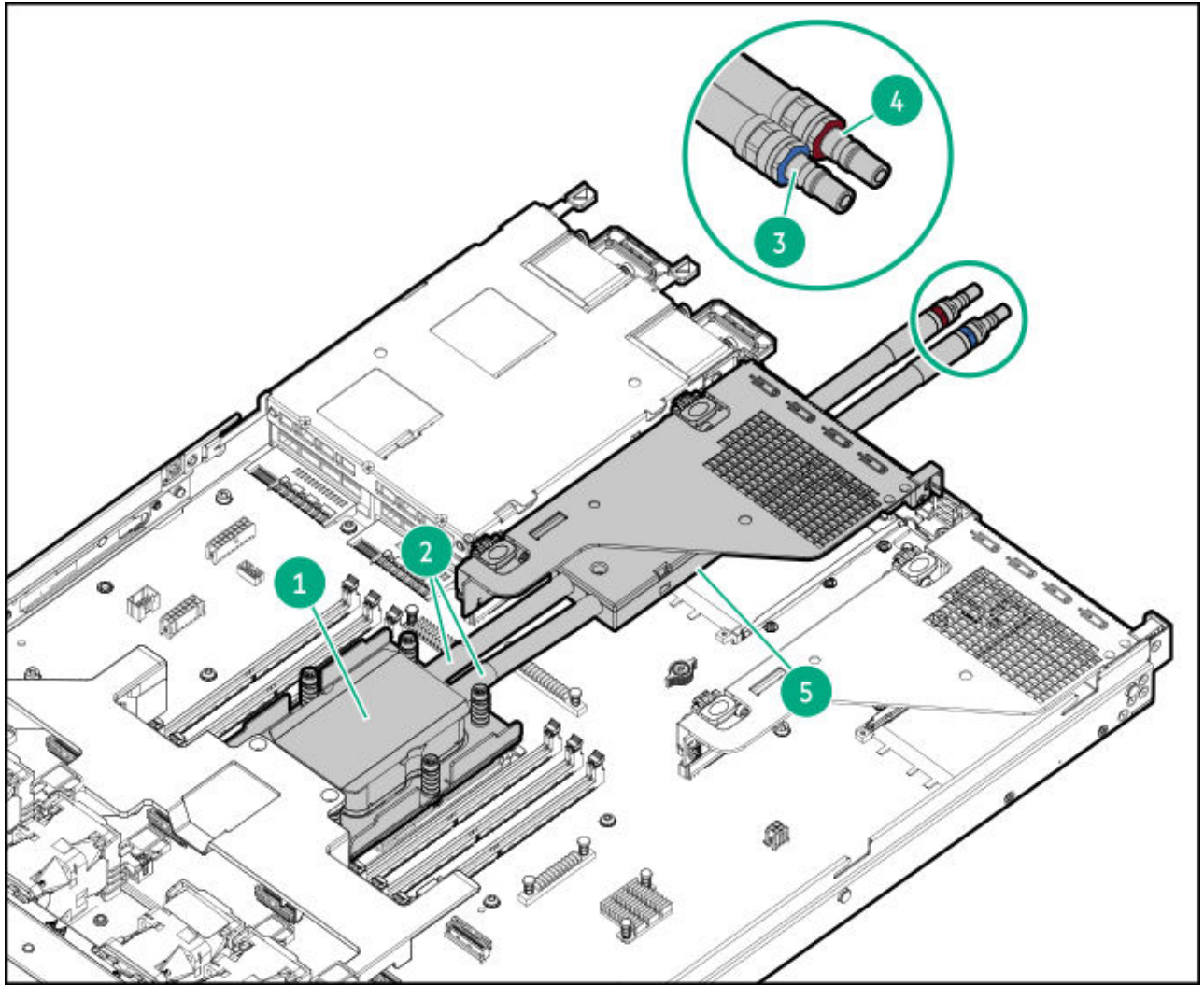
Item	Description
1	Liquid cooling fans (7, single-rotor)
2	Coolant hoses
3	Pump-cold plate *
4	Pump signal cable
5	Radiator

* The closed-loop liquid cooling module has two pumps for redundancy.

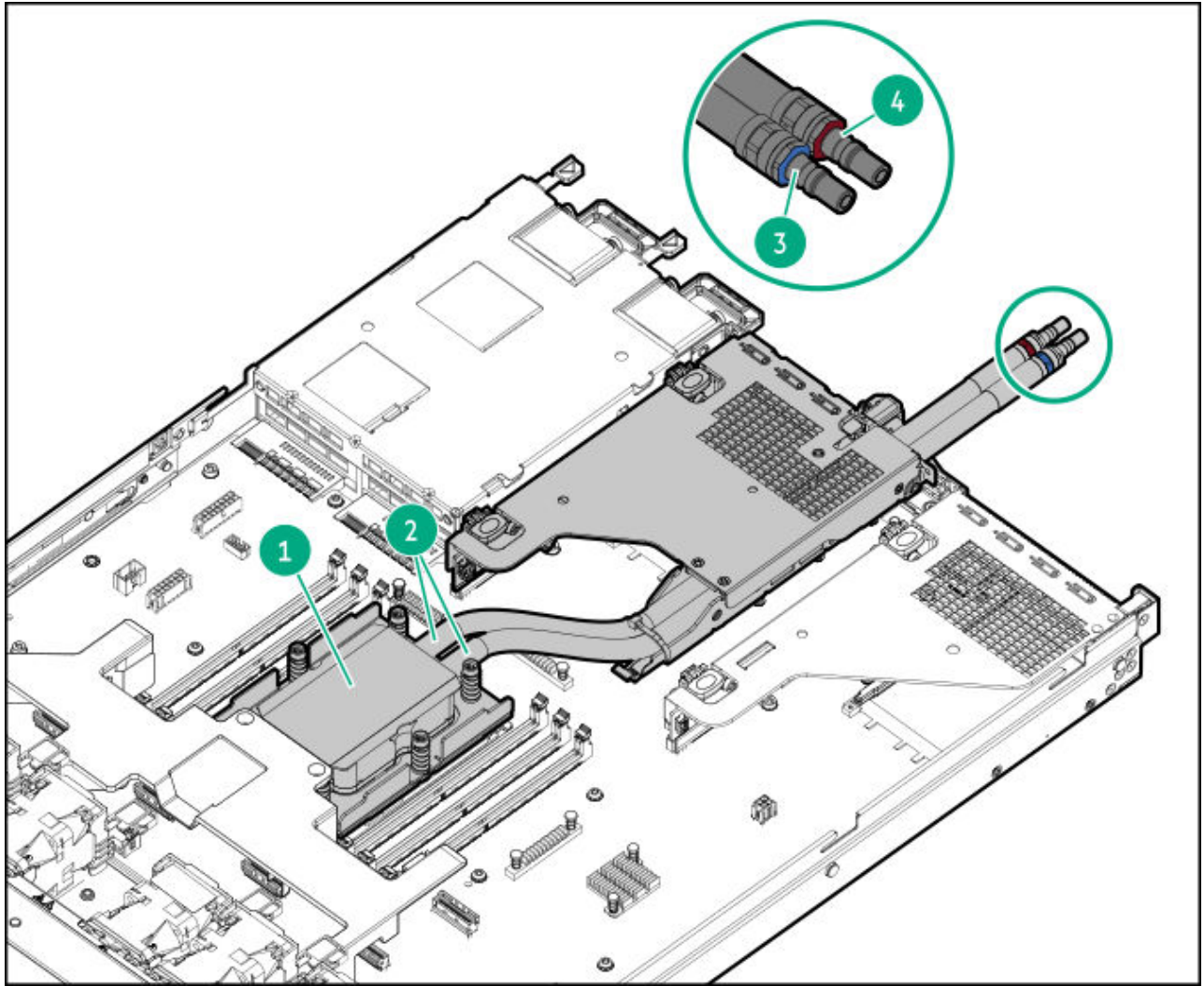
Direct liquid cooling module components

DLC cold plate modules are available on this server as factory-installed options. Two DLC options are available:

- DLC cold plate module from PCIe (P80871-B21)



- DLC cold plate module from NS204i-u (P80876-B21)



Item	Description
1	Open-loop liquid cooling cold plate
2	Coolant hoses
3	Supply hose
4	Return hose
5	DLC hose holder

For additional information on the DLC options, see the product QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website:

<https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>

Trusted Platform Module 2.0

The Trusted Platform Module 2.0 (TPM) is a hardware-based system security feature that securely stores artifacts used to authenticate the platform. These artifacts can include passwords, certificates, and encryption keys.

The TPM 2.0 is embedded on the server system board.

The TPM 2.0 is supported with specific operating system support such as Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 and later. For more information about operating system support, see the product QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>). For more information about Microsoft Windows BitLocker Drive Encryption feature, see the Microsoft website (<https://www.microsoft.com>).

Subtopics

Trusted Platform Module 2.0 guidelines

BitLocker recovery key/password retention guidelines

Trusted Platform Module 2.0 guidelines



CAUTION

- Always observe the TPM guidelines in this section. Failure to follow these guidelines can cause hardware damage or halt data access.
- If you do not follow procedures for modifying the server and suspending or disabling the TPM in the OS, an OS that is using TPM might lock all data access. This includes updating system or option firmware, replacing hardware such as the system board and drives, and modifying TPM OS settings.
- Changing the TPM mode after installing an OS might cause problems, including loss of data.

- Use the UEFI System Utilities to configure the TPM. From the **System Utilities** screen, select **System Configuration** > **BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU)** > **Server Security** > **Trusted Platform Module options**. For more information, see the UEFI user guide:

<https://www.hpe.com/support/UEFIGen11-UG-en>

- When using the Microsoft Windows BitLocker Drive Encryption feature, always retain the recovery key or password. The recovery key or password is required to enter Recovery Mode after BitLocker detects a possible compromise of system integrity.

- HPE is not liable for blocked data access caused by improper TPM use. For operating instructions, see the documentation for the encryption technology feature provided by the operating system.

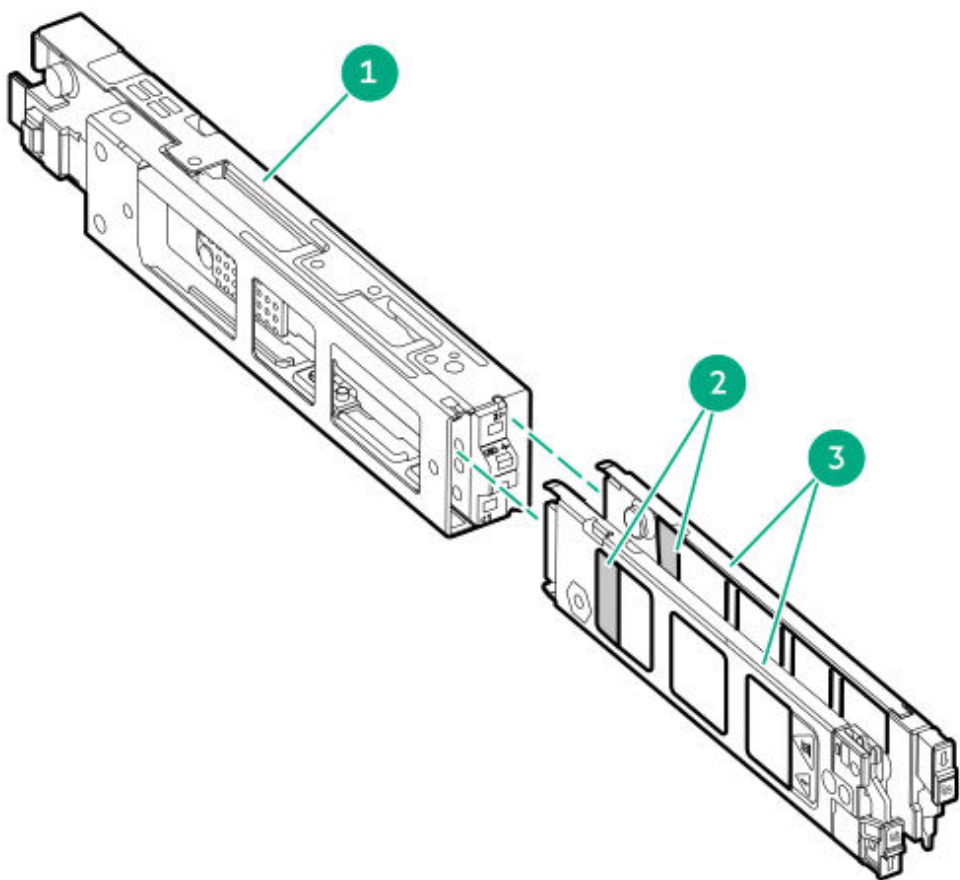
BitLocker recovery key/password retention guidelines

The recovery key/password is generated during BitLocker setup, and can be saved and printed after BitLocker is enabled. When using BitLocker, always retain the recovery key/password. The recovery key/password is required to enter Recovery Mode after BitLocker detects a possible compromise of system integrity.

To help ensure maximum security, observe the following guidelines when retaining the recovery key/password:

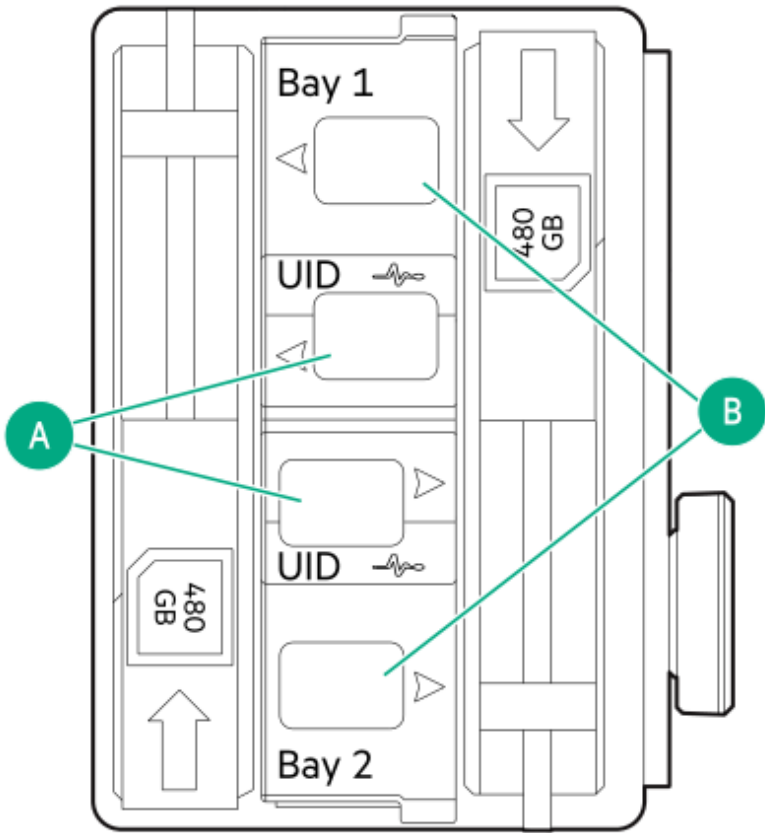
- Always store the recovery key/password in multiple locations.
- Always store copies of the recovery key/password away from the server.
- Do not save the recovery key/password on an encrypted drive.

HPE NS204i-u Boot Device components



Item	Description
1	Boot device cage
2	M.2 slots
3	Boot device carriers

HPE NS204i-u Boot Device LED definitions



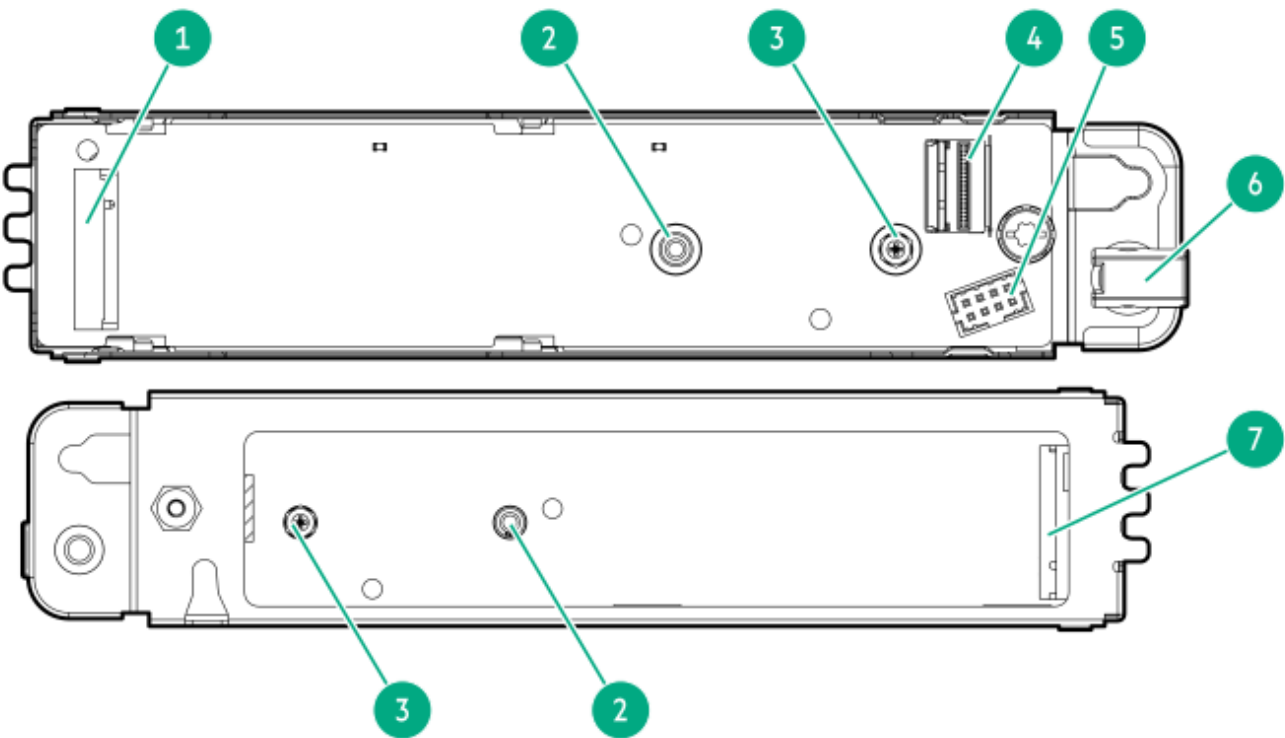
NOTE

The bay number can be found on the SSD carrier handle.

Item	LED	Status	Definition
A	Fault or Locate	Solid amber	Drive has failed, unsupported, or invalid.
		Solid blue	Drive is operating normally.
		Flashing amber or blue (one flash per second)	Drive has failed, or a predictive failure alert is received for the drive.
		Flashing amber (one flash per second)	Drive predictive failure alert is received. Replace the drive as soon as possible.
		Off	Drive is operating normally and is not identified by any application.
B	Online/Activity	Solid green	Drive is online and has no activity.

Item	LED	Status	Definition
		Flashing green (one flash per second)	Drive is doing one of the following: - Rebuilding or performing a RAID - Erasing
		Flashing green (4 flashes per second)	Drive is operating normally and has activity.
		Off	Drive is not configured by a RAID controller.

M.2 SSD pass-through card components

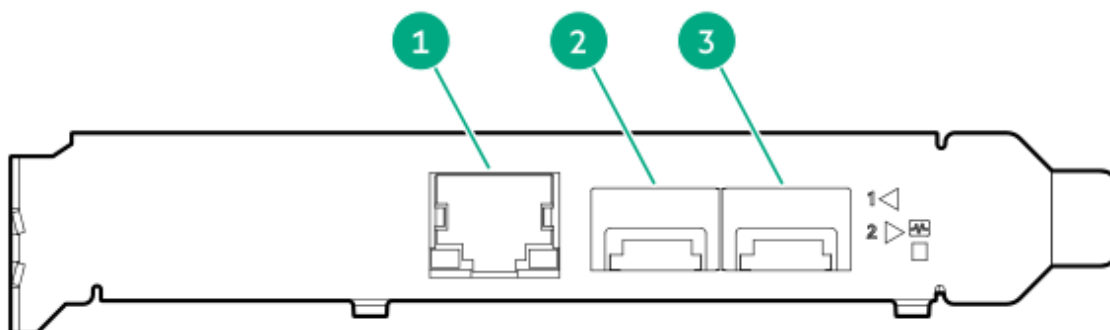


Item	Description
1	M.2 SSD slot 1
2	2280 standoff
3	22110 standoff
4	SlimSAS port
5	Power connector

Item	Description
6	Retaining latch
7	M.2 SSD slot 2

DSC-25 2-port SFP28 card ports and LEDs

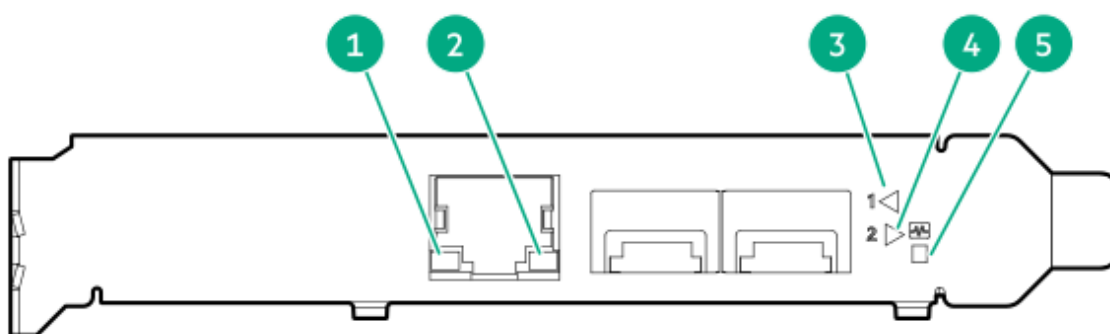
Ports



Item	Port	Description
1	Management port	1GbE RJ45
2	Network interface port	10/25G SFP+ based
3	Network interface port	10/25G SFP+ based

LEDs

The HPE for Pensando DSP DSC-25 2p SFP28 card is a dual-port, single-slot, half-height, half-length (HHHL) SFP28 network adapter. It has LEDs for Link (L) and Activity (A) for each port. A half-height bracket is shown in the following illustration with SFP28 ports and LEDs.



Item	LED	Status	Description
1	Management Port Activity LED	Off	No activity
		Flashing	Passing traffic; flashing frequency indicates traffic in intensity
2	Management Port Link LED	Off	A link has not been established
		Solid green	Valid Ethernet link
3	SFP Port 1 Link/Activity LED	Off	A link has not been established
		Solid green	Valid Ethernet link
		Flashing green	Passing traffic; flashing frequency indicates traffic in intensity
		Solid amber	Link fault
4	SFP Port 2 Link/Activity LED	Off	A link has not been established
		Solid green	Valid Ethernet link
		Flashing green	Passing traffic; flashing frequency indicates traffic in intensity
		Solid amber	Link fault
5	System status LED	Off	System is not powered
		Solid amber	Power is up, software has not booted yet
		Solid green	System is up and fully operational

Setup

This chapter describes general operational requirements and safety reminders, as well as the initial setup procedure for the server.

Subtopics

Initial system installation

Operational requirements

Rack warnings and cautions

Server warnings and cautions

Electrostatic discharge

Initial system installation

Depending on your technical expertise and the complexity of the product, for the initial system installation, select one of the following options:

- [Ordering the HPE Installation Service](#)
- [Setting up the server](#)

Subtopics

HPE Installation Service

Setting up the server

HPE Installation Service

HPE Installation Service provides basic installation of Hewlett Packard Enterprise branded equipment, software products, as well as HPE-supported products from other vendors that are sold by HPE or by HPE authorized resellers. The Installation Service is part of a suite of HPE deployment services that are designed to give users the peace of mind that comes from knowing that their HPE and HPE-supported products have been installed by an HPE specialist.

The HPE Installation Service provides the following benefits:

- Installation by an HPE authorized technical specialist.
- Verification prior to installation that all service prerequisites are met.

- Delivery of the service at a mutually scheduled time convenient to your organization.
- Allows your IT resources to stay focused on their core tasks and priorities.
- Full coverage during the warranty period for products that require installation by an HPE authorized technical specialist.

For more information on the features, limitations, provisions, and ordering information of the HPE Installation Service, see this Hewlett Packard Enterprise website:

<https://www.hpe.com/support/installation-service>

Setting up the server

Prerequisites

- As a best practice, Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends installing the latest firmware, drivers, and system software before using the server for the first time. You have these options:
 - HPE Compute Ops Management is an advanced software-as-a-service platform that securely streamlines operations from edge-to-cloud and automates key life cycle tasks through a unified single browser-based interface. For more information on using HPE Compute Ops Management, see <https://www.hpe.com/support/hpe-gl-com-quicklinks>.
 - Use the **Firmware Update** option in Intelligent Provisioning—Intelligent Provisioning is a server deployment tool embedded in HPE ProLiant servers. To access Intelligent Provisioning, during the server boot process, press **F10**. For more information, see the Intelligent Provisioning user guide at <https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeintelligentprovisioning-quicklinks>.
 - Download the Service Pack for ProLiant (SPP)—SPP is a comprehensive system software and firmware update solution that is delivered as a single ISO image. This solution uses Smart Update Manager (SUM) as the deployment tool.
 - The preferred method for downloading an SPP is by creating an SPP custom download at <https://www.hpe.com/servers/spp/custom>.
This option reduces the size of the SPP by excluding firmware and drivers for OS and server models that are not needed.
 - The SPP is also available for download from the SPP download page at <https://www.hpe.com/servers/spp/download>.
- Verify that your OS or virtualization software is supported:
<https://www.hpe.com/support/Servers-Certification-Matrices>
- Read the [Operational requirements](#) for the server.

- Read the safety and compliance information:
<https://www.hpe.com/support/safety-compliance-enterpriseproducts>
- Take note of the iLO hostname and default login credentials on the [serial number/ iLO information pull tab](#).

Procedure

1. Unbox the server and verify the contents:

- Server
- Power cord
- Rack-mounting hardware (optional)
- Printed setup documentation

The server does not ship with OS media. All system software and firmware are preloaded on the server.

2. (Optional) [Install the hardware options](#).

3. [Install the server into the rack](#).

4. Decide how to manage the server:

- Locally: Use a KVM switch or connect a keyboard, monitor, and mouse.
- Remotely: Connect to the iLO web interface and run a remote console:

a. Verify the following:

- iLO is licensed to use the remote console feature.
If iLO is not licensed, visit the HPE website:

<https://www.hpe.com/info/ilo>

- The iLO dedicated network port is connected to a secure network.

b. Using a browser, navigate to the iLO web interface, and then log in.

`https://<iLO hostname or IP address>`

Note the following:

- If a DHCP server assigns the IP address, the IP address appears on the boot screen.
- If a static IP address is assigned, use that IP address.

c. Enter the iLO login name and password, and then click **Log In**.

d. In the navigation tree, click the **Remote Console & Media** link, and then launch a remote console.

5. Press the Power On/Standby button.

For remote management, use the iLO virtual power button.

6. [Configure the initial server setup.](#)
7. [Set up the storage.](#)
8. [Deploy an OS or virtualization software.](#)
9. After the OS is installed, [update the drivers.](#)
10. [Register the server.](#)

Operational requirements

When preparing and planning the installation, observe the following operational requirements:

- [Space and airflow requirements](#)
- [Temperature requirements](#)
- [Power requirements](#)
- [Electrical grounding requirements](#)

For environmental requirements, see [Environmental specifications](#).

Subtopics

[Space and airflow requirements](#)

[Temperature requirements](#)

[Power requirements](#)

[Electrical grounding requirements](#)

Space and airflow requirements

To allow for servicing and adequate airflow, observe the following space and airflow requirements when installing the server in an indoor commercial rack:

- 63.50 cm (25.00 in) in front of the rack
- 76.20 cm (30.00 in) behind the rack
- 121.90 cm (48.00 in) from the back of the rack to the back of another rack or row of racks

Observe the following:

- Servers draw in cool air through the front of the rack and expel warm air through the rear. The front and rear rack doors must be adequately ventilated to allow ambient air to enter the cabinet. The rear door must be adequately ventilated to allow the warm air to escape from the cabinet.

**CAUTION**

To prevent improper cooling and damage to the equipment, do not block the ventilation openings.

**CAUTION**

When the vertical space in the rack is not filled by a server or rack component, the gaps between the components can cause changes in airflow through the rack and around the servers. Cover all gaps with blanking panels to maintain proper airflow. Using a rack without blanking panels results in improper cooling which can lead to thermal damage.

- If a third-party rack is used, observe the following additional requirements to ensure adequate airflow and prevent damage to the equipment:
 - Front and rear doors—If the 42U rack includes closing front and rear doors, you must allow 5,350 sq cm (830 sq in) of holes evenly distributed from top to bottom to permit adequate airflow (equivalent to the required 64 percent open area for ventilation).
 - Side—The clearance between the installed rack component and the side panels of the rack must be a minimum of 7.00 cm (2.75 in).

Temperature requirements

To ensure continued safe and reliable equipment operation, install or position the system in a well-ventilated, climate-controlled environment.

The maximum recommended ambient operating temperature (TMRA) for most server products is 35°C (95°F). The temperature in the room where the rack is located must not exceed 35°C (95°F).



CAUTION

To reduce the risk of damage to the equipment when installing third-party options:

- Do not permit optional equipment to impede airflow around the server or to increase the internal rack temperature beyond the maximum allowable limits.
- Do not exceed the manufacturer's TMRA.

Power requirements

Installation of this equipment must comply with local and regional electrical regulations governing the installation of information technology equipment by licensed electricians. This equipment is designed to operate in installations covered by NFPA 70, 1999 Edition (National Electric Code) and NFPA-75, 1992 (code for Protection of Electronic Computer/Data Processing Equipment). For electrical power ratings on options, refer to the product rating label or the user documentation supplied with that option.



WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not overload the AC supply branch circuit that provides power to the rack. Consult the electrical authority having jurisdiction over wiring and installation requirements of your facility.



CAUTION

Protect the server from power fluctuations and temporary interruptions with a regulating uninterruptible power supply. This device protects the hardware from damage caused by power surges and voltage spikes and keeps the system in operation during a power failure.

Electrical grounding requirements

The server must be grounded properly for proper operation and safety. In the United States, you must install the equipment in accordance with NFPA 70, National Electric Code Article 250, as well as any local and regional building codes. In Canada, you must install the equipment in accordance with Canadian Standards Association, CSA C22.1, Canadian Electrical Code. In all other countries, you must install the equipment in

accordance with any regional or national electrical wiring codes, such as the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Code 364, parts 1 through 7. Furthermore, you must be sure that all power distribution devices used in the installation, such as branch wiring and receptacles, are listed or certified grounding-type devices.

Because of the high ground-leakage currents associated with multiple servers connected to the same power source, Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends the use of a PDU that is either permanently wired to the building's branch circuit or includes a nondetachable cord that is wired to an industrial-style plug. NEMA locking-style plugs or those complying with IEC 60309 are considered suitable for this purpose. Using common power outlet strips for the server is not recommended.

Rack warnings and cautions



WARNING

When all components are removed, the server weighs 13.76 kg (30.33 lb). When all components are installed, the server can weigh up to 14.57 kg (32.12 lb).

Before configuring your rack solution, be sure to check the rack manufacturer weight limits and specifications. Failure to do so can result in physical injury or damage to the equipment and the facility.



WARNING

The server is heavy. To reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the equipment, do the following:

- Observe local occupational health and safety requirements and guidelines for manual material handling.
- Get help to lift and stabilize the product during installation or removal, especially when the product is not fastened to the rails. The server weighs more than 13.76 kg (30.33 lb), so at least two people must lift the server into the rack together. An additional person may be required to help align the server if the server is installed higher than chest level.
- Use caution when installing the server in or removing the server from the rack.
- Adequately stabilize the rack before extending a component outside the rack. Extend only one component at a time. A rack may become unstable if more than one component is extended.
- Do not stack anything on top of rail-mounted component or use it as a work surface when extended from the rack.



WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the equipment, be sure that:

- The rack has anti-tip measures in place. Such measures include floor-bolting, anti-tip feet, ballast, or a combination as specified by the rack manufacturer and applicable codes.
- The leveling jacks (feet) are extended to the floor.
- The full weight of the rack rests on the leveling jacks (feet).

Server warnings and cautions



WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury, electric shock, or damage to the equipment, disconnect the power cord to remove power from the server. Pressing the Power On/Standby button does not shut off system power completely. Portions of the power supply and some internal circuitry remain active until AC power is removed.



WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.



WARNING

To reduce the risk of fire or burns after removing the energy pack:

- Do not disassemble, crush, or puncture the energy pack.
- Do not short external contacts.
- Do not dispose of the energy pack in fire or water.
- Do not expose the energy pack to low air pressure as it might lead to explosion or leakage of flammable liquid or gas.
- Do not expose the energy pack to temperatures higher than 60°C (140°F).

After power is disconnected, battery voltage might still be present for 1s to 160s.



CAUTION

Protect the server from power fluctuations and temporary interruptions with a regulating UPS. This device protects the hardware from damage caused by power surges and voltage spikes and keeps the server in operation during a power failure.



CAUTION

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation, removal, or replacement procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.



CAUTION

To avoid data loss, Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends that you back up

Electrostatic discharge

Be aware of the precautions you must follow when setting up the system or handling components. A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor may damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. This type of damage may reduce the life expectancy of the system or component.

To prevent electrostatic damage:

- Avoid hand contact by transporting and storing products in static-safe containers.
- Keep electrostatic-sensitive parts in their containers until they arrive at static-free workstations.
- Place parts on a grounded surface before removing them from their containers.
- Avoid touching pins, leads, or circuitry.
- Always be properly grounded when touching a static-sensitive component or assembly. Use one or more of the following methods when handling or installing electrostatic-sensitive parts:
 - Use a wrist strap connected by a ground cord to a grounded workstation or computer chassis. Wrist straps are flexible straps with a minimum of 1 megohm $\pm$ 10 percent resistance in the ground cords. To provide proper ground, wear the strap snug against the skin.
 - Use heel straps, toe straps, or boot straps at standing workstations. Wear the straps on both feet when standing on conductive floors or dissipating floor mats.
 - Use conductive field service tools.
 - Use a portable field service kit with a folding static-dissipating work mat.

If you do not have any of the suggested equipment for proper grounding, have an authorized reseller install the part.

For more information on static electricity or assistance with product installation, contact an authorized reseller.

Operations

This chapter describes the hardware operations carried out prior to and after installing or removing a hardware component, or performing a server maintenance or troubleshooting procedure. Before performing these hardware operations, review the:

- [Rack warnings and cautions](#)

- [Server warnings and cautions](#)

Subtopics

[Remove the front bezel](#)

[Power down the server](#)

[Extend the server out of the rack](#)

[Remove the server from the rack](#)

[Remove the access panel](#)

[Remove the middle cover](#)

[Remove the air baffle](#)

[Remove the fan](#)

[Remove the primary riser cage](#)

[Install the primary riser cage](#)

[Install the air baffle](#)

[Install the middle cover](#)

[Install the access panel](#)

[Install the server into the rack](#)

[Power up the server](#)

Remove the front bezel

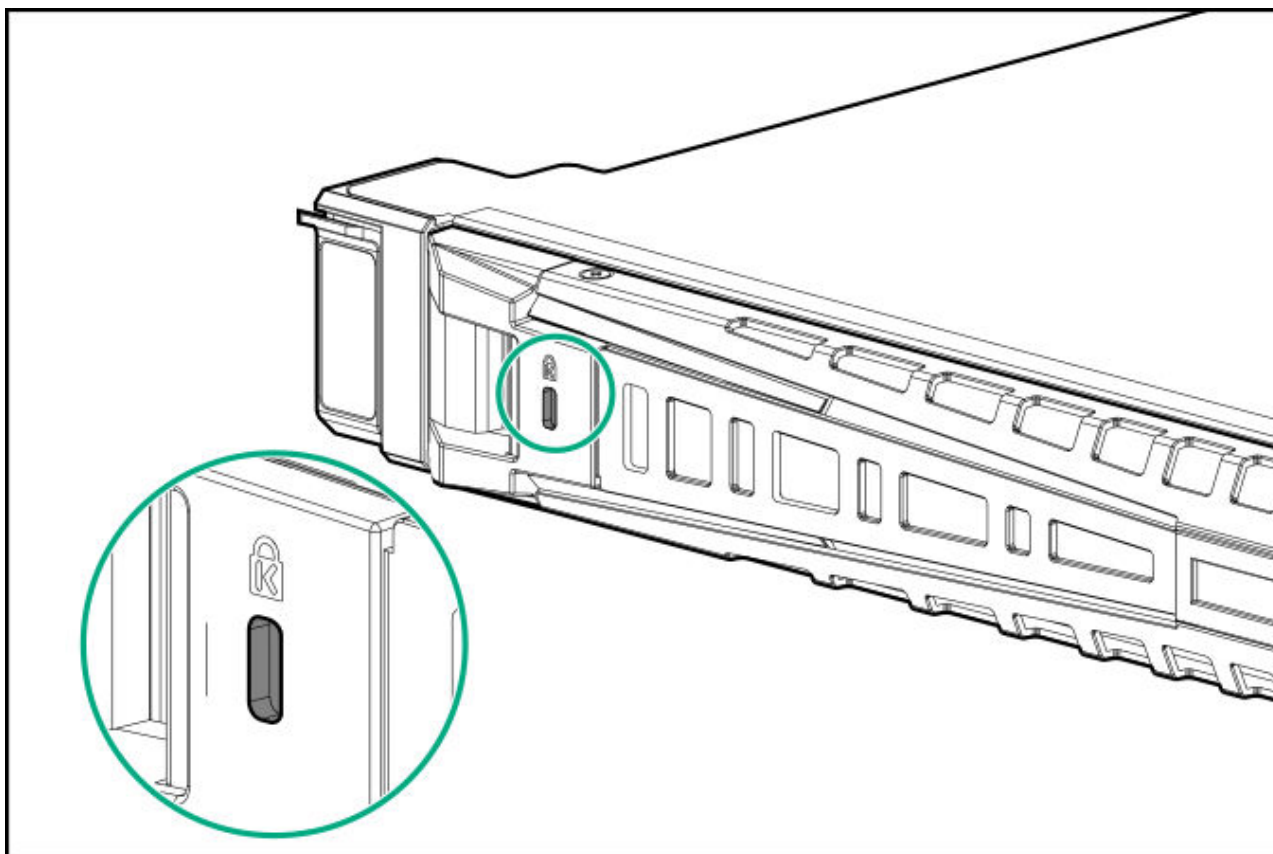
About this task

If you are using the iLO virtual power button to power the server on/off, you do not need to remove the front bezel. Remove the front bezel only if you need to access the front panel components.

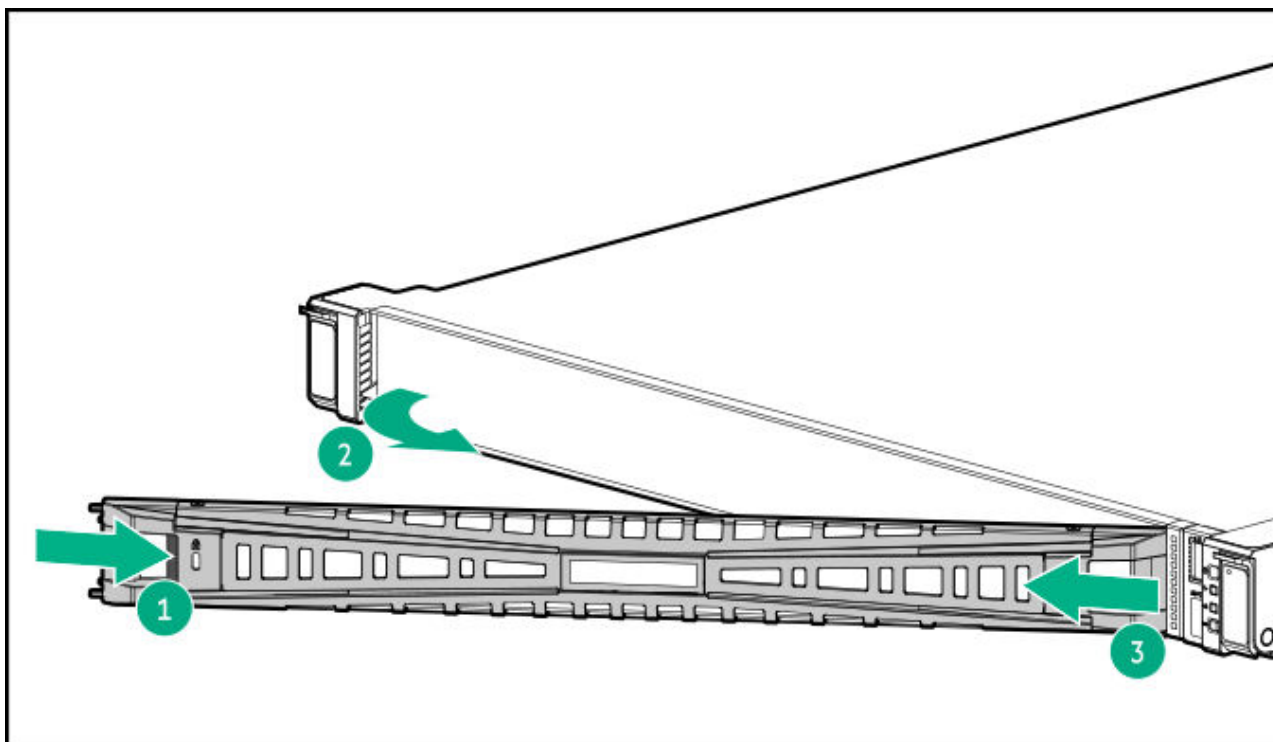
Procedure

1. If installed, remove the Kensington security lock.

For more information, see the lock documentation.



2. Press the bezel release latch, and then pivot the bezel open.
3. Release the right side of the bezel from the front panel.



Power down the server

Before powering down the server for any upgrade or maintenance procedures, perform a backup of critical server data and programs.



IMPORTANT

When the server is in standby mode, auxiliary power is still being provided to the system.

To power down the server, use one of the following methods:

- Press and release the Power On/Standby button.
This method activates a controlled shutdown of applications and the OS before the server enters standby mode. It can also activate a shutdown behavior governed by an OS configuration or policy.
- Press and hold the Power On/Standby button for more than 4 seconds to force the server to enter standby mode.
This method forces the server to enter standby mode without properly exiting applications and the OS. If an application stops responding, you can use this method to force a shutdown.
- Use a virtual power button selection through iLO 6.
This method initiates a controlled remote shutdown of applications and the OS before the server enters standby mode.

Before proceeding, verify that the server is in standby mode by observing that the system power LED is amber.

Extend the server out of the rack

Prerequisites

- Before you perform this procedure, review the Rack warnings and cautions.
- T-25 Torx screwdriver—This tool is required if the shipping screws located inside the chassis ears are secured.

About this task

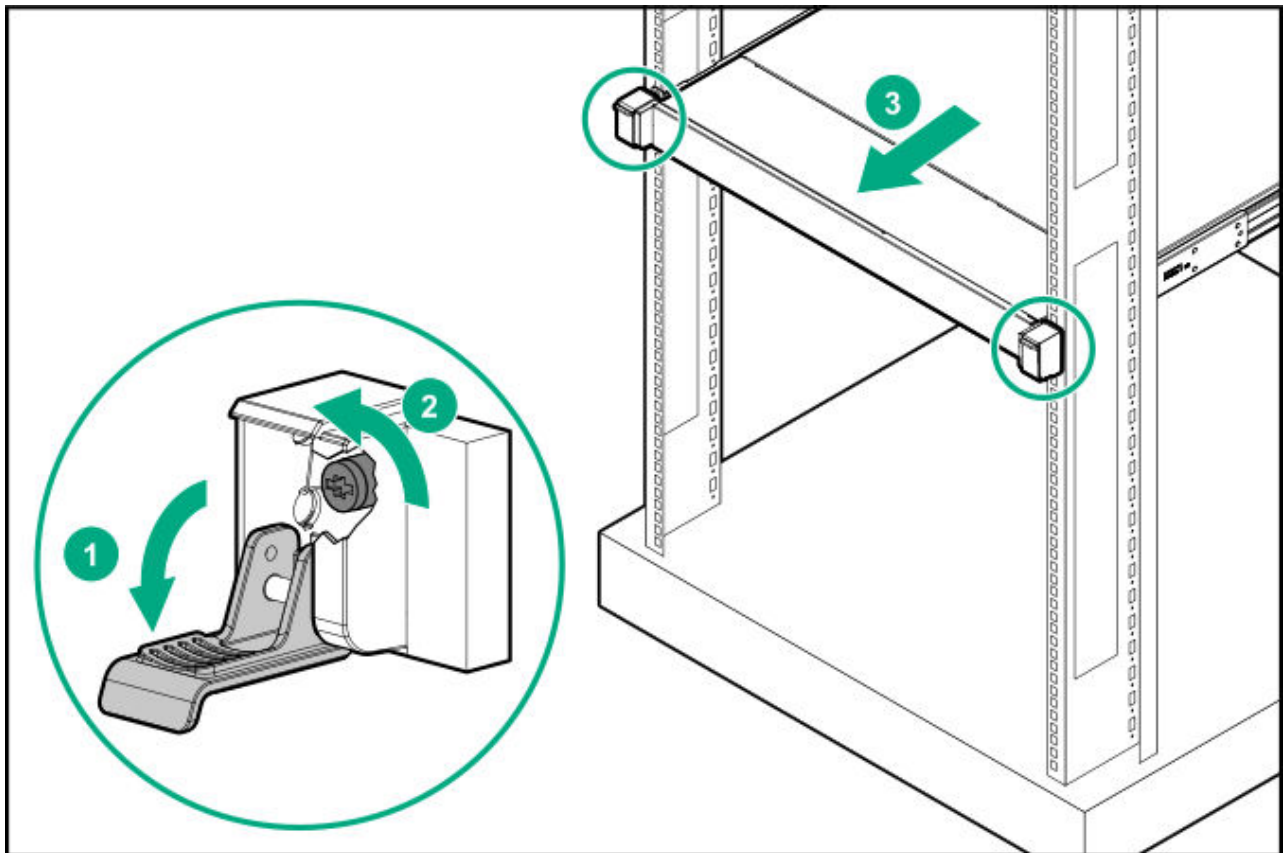


WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury, be careful when pressing the server rail-release latches. The inner rails could pinch your fingers.

Procedure

1. If needed, loosen the shipping screws, and then use the chassis ear latches to slide the server out of the rack until the rail-release latches are engaged.

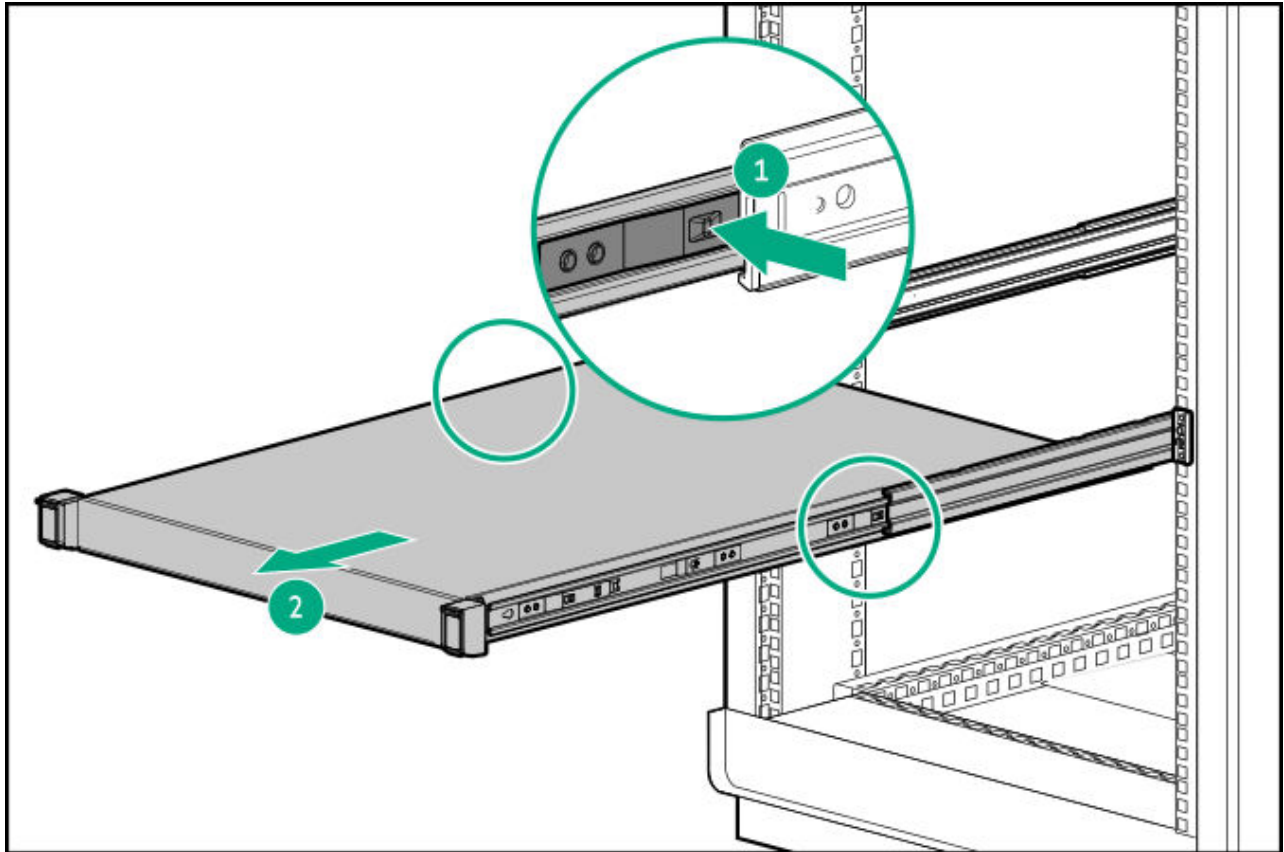


2. Press and hold the rear-end rail-release latches, and then slide the server out of the rack until it is fully extended.



WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury, be careful when pressing the server rail-release latches. The inner rails could pinch your fingers.



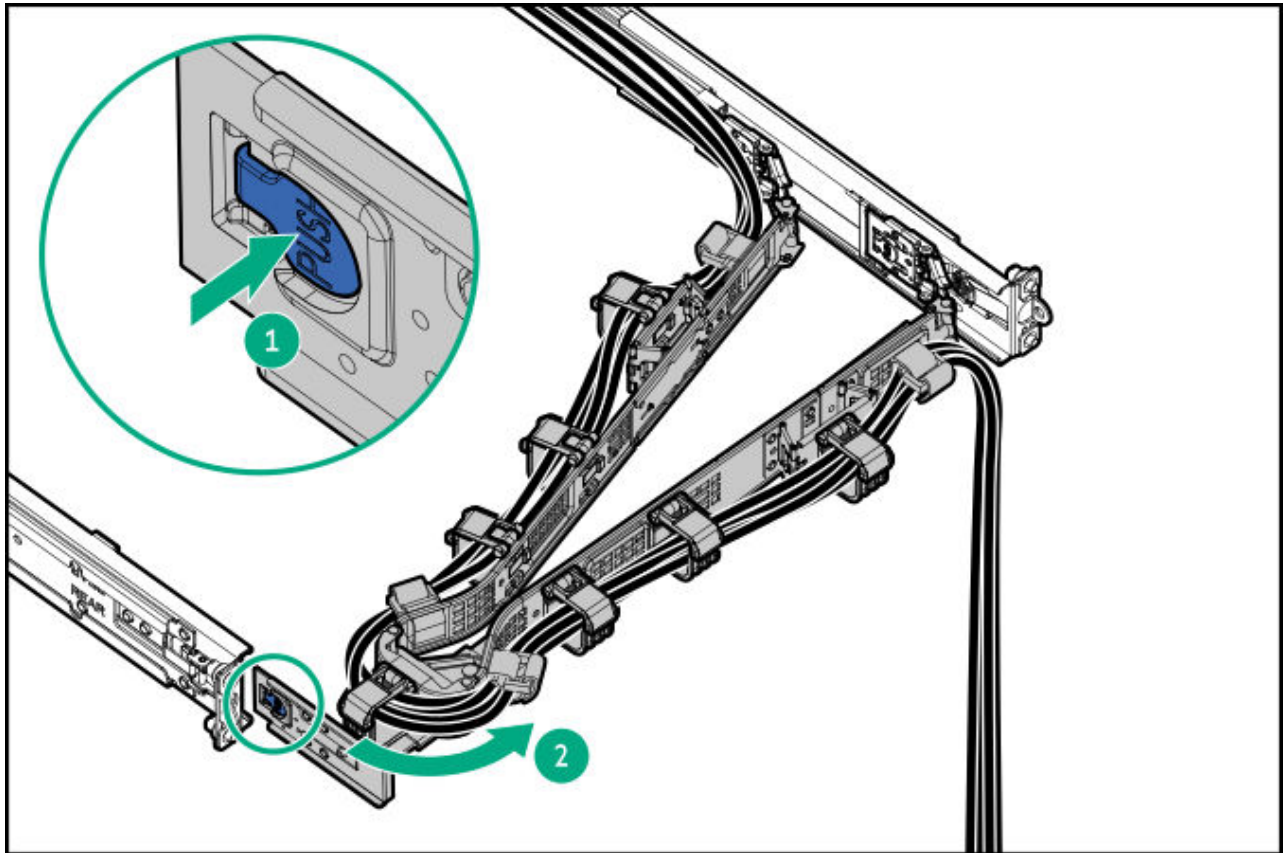
Remove the server from the rack

Prerequisites

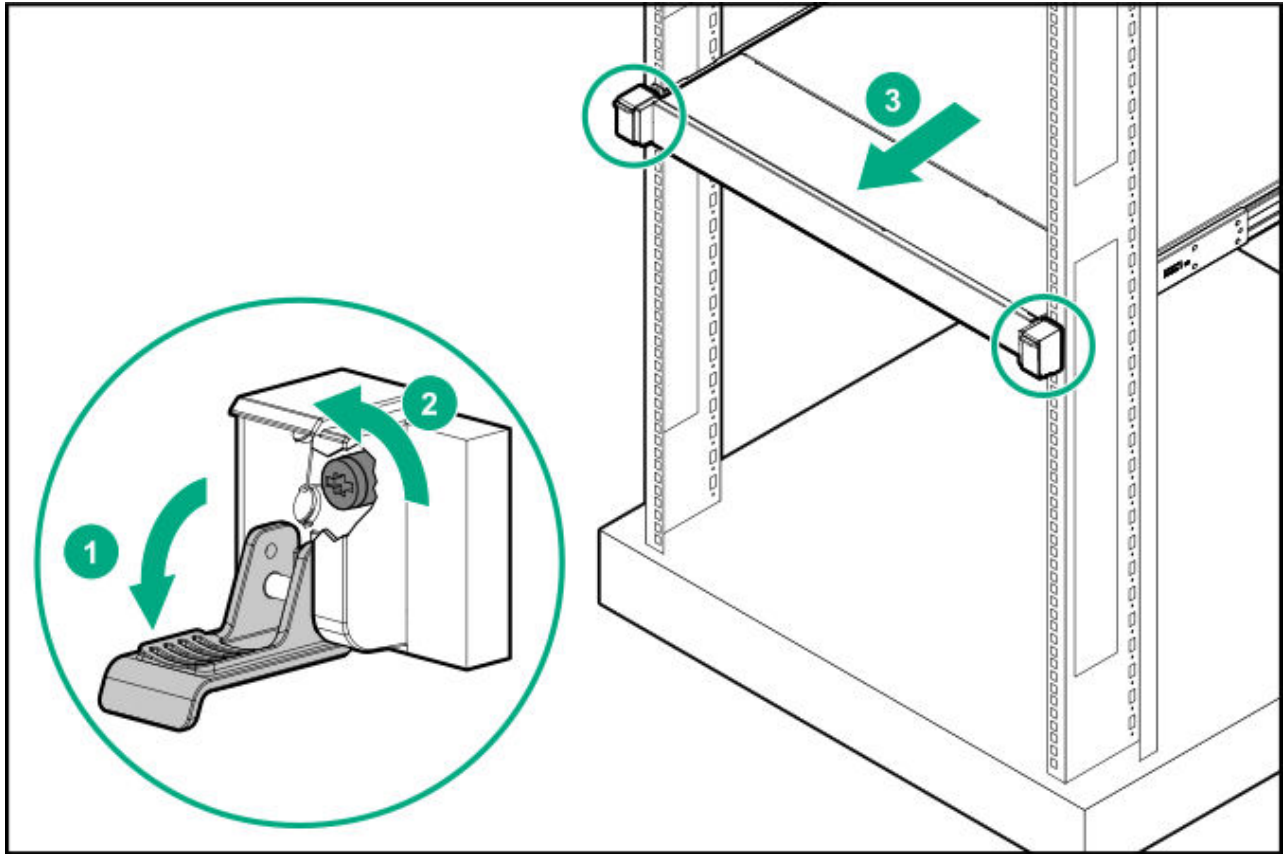
- Get help to lift and stabilize the server during removal from the rack. **If the server is installed higher than chest level, additional two people might be required to help remove the server:** One person to support the server weight, and the other two to slide the server out of the rack.
- Before you perform this procedure, review the:
 - [Rack warnings and cautions](#)
 - [Server warnings and cautions](#)
- A fully populated server is heavy. Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends removing the external server components before removing the server from the rack.
- T-25 Torx screwdriver—This tool is required if the shipping screws located inside the chassis ears are secured.

Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Press and hold the blue **PUSH** button on the retention bracket.
3. Swing the arm away from the rear panel.



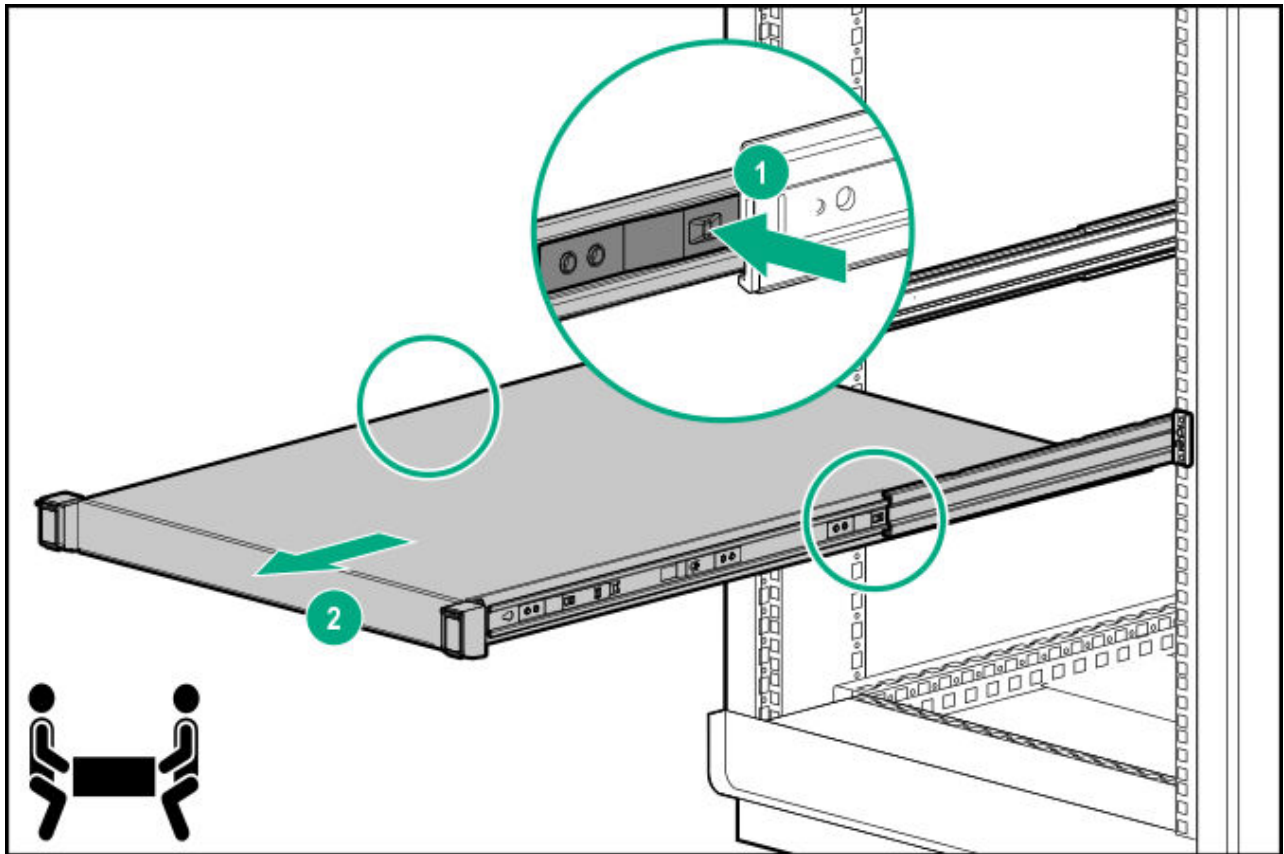
4. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
5. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
6. If needed, loosen the shipping screws, and then use the chassis ear latches to slide the server out of the rack until the front-end rail-release latches are engaged.



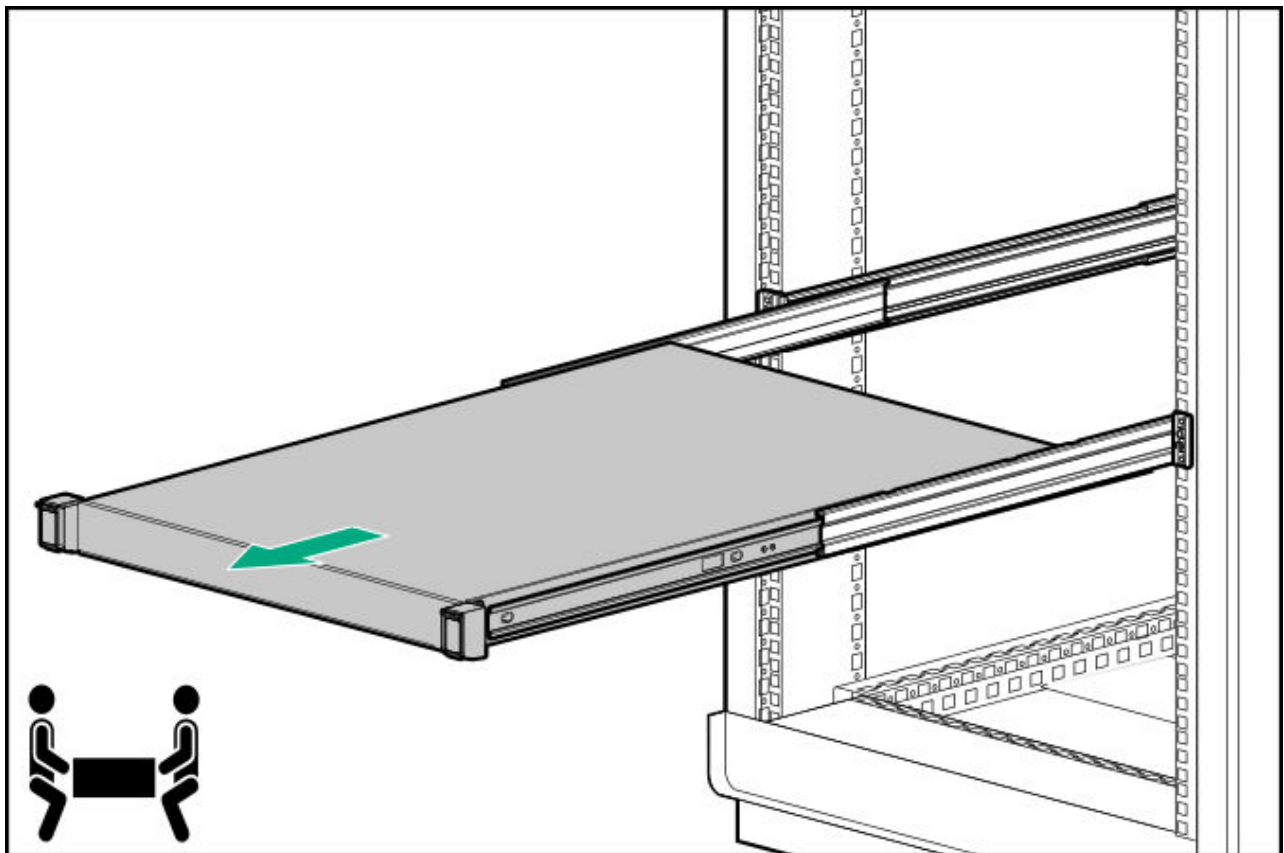
7. Press and hold the rear-end rail-release latches, and then slide the server out of the rack until it is fully extended.

**WARNING**

To reduce the risk of personal injury, be careful when pressing the server rail-release latches. The inner rails could pinch your fingers.



8. Slide the server completely out of the rack.



9. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.

Remove the access panel

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a T-15 Torx screwdriver available.

About this task



WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.



CAUTION

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation, removal, or replacement procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.



CAUTION

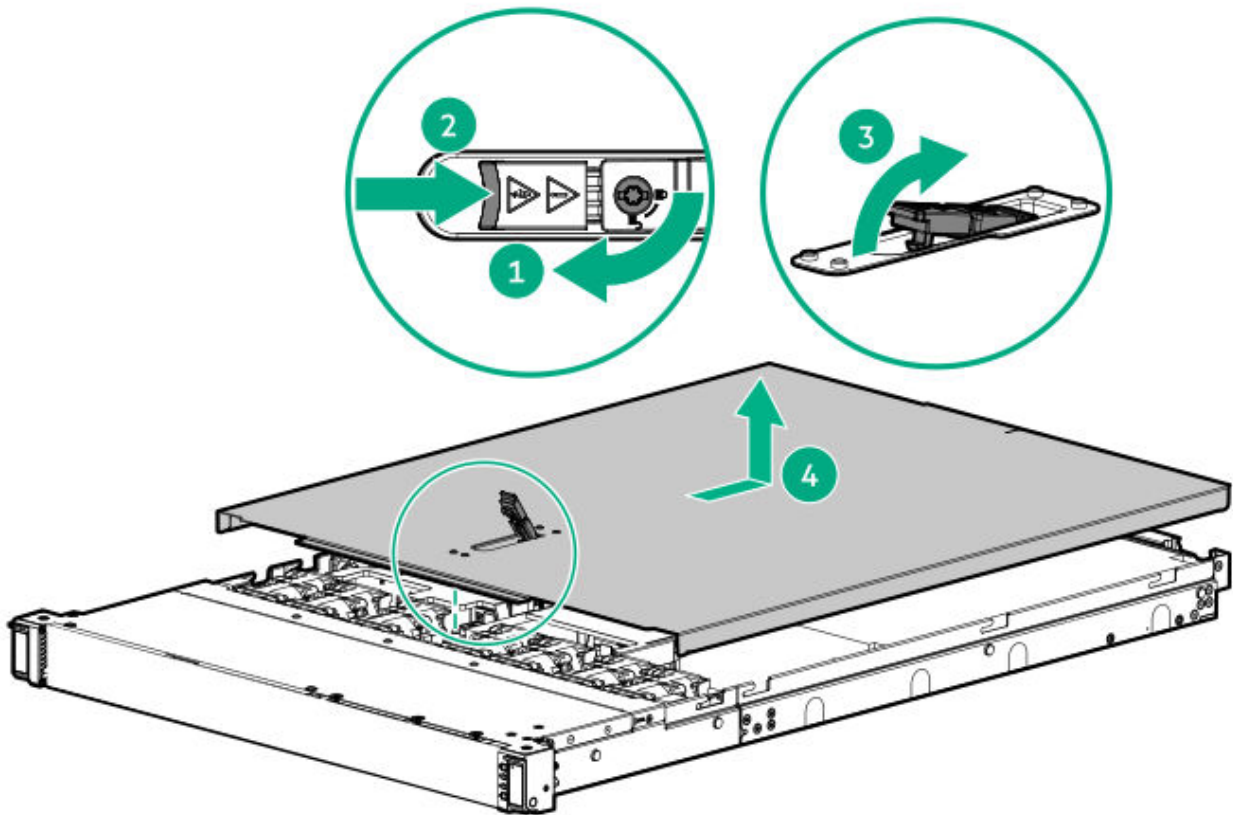
To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the server for long period with the access panel open or removed. Operating the server in this manner results in an improper system airflow. For internal hot-plug component procedures, complete the procedure within 60 seconds. Failure to do so can cause the system temperature to increase and trip the safety threshold. When this happens:

- The health LED flashes amber.
- The operating system gracefully shuts down.

Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.

3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel:
 - a. If necessary, unlock the access panel latch.
 - b. To disengage the access panel from the chassis, press the release button and pull up the latch.
 - c. Lift the access panel.



Remove the middle cover

Prerequisites

T-10 Torx screwdriver—this tool is for removing the middle cover from a server with the GPU-optimized configuration.

About this task



CAUTION

For proper cooling, do not operate the server without the access panel, baffles, expansion slot covers, or blanks installed.

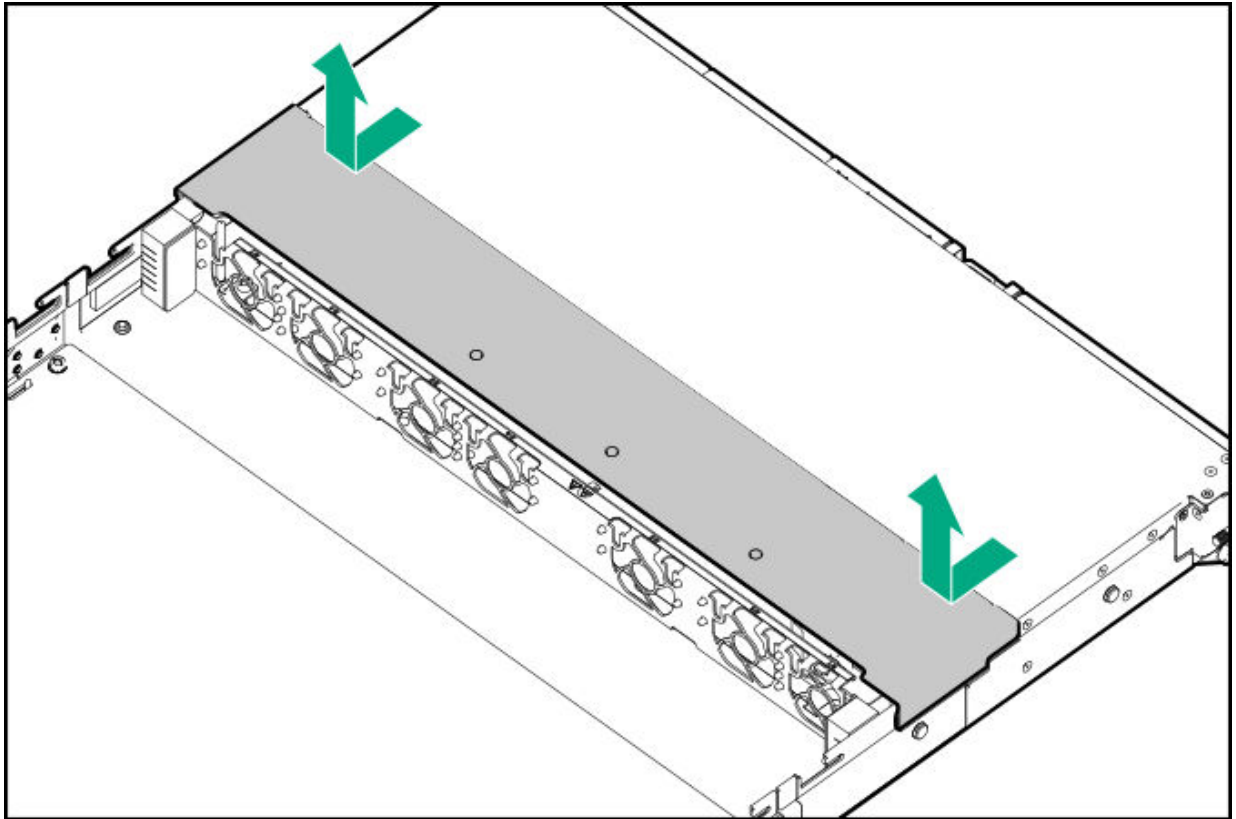


CAUTION

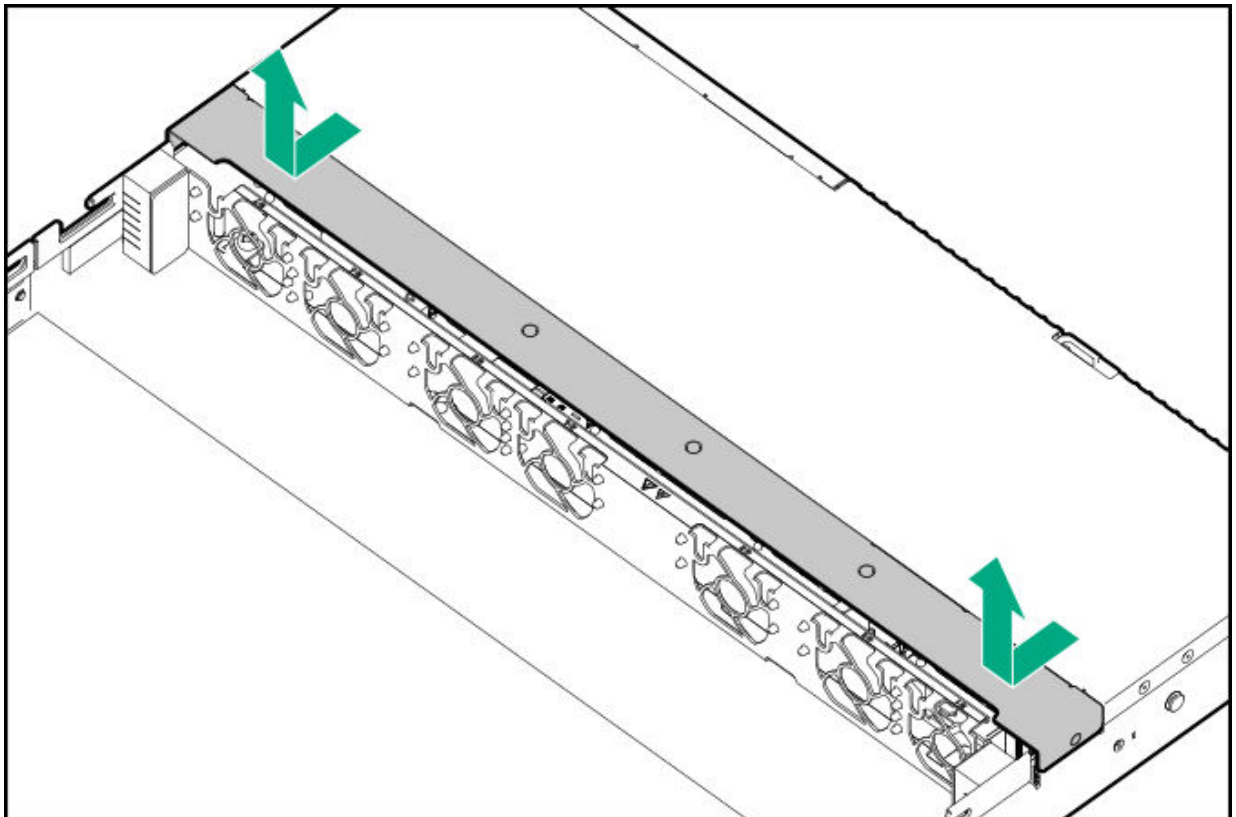
To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation, removal, or replacement procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

Procedure

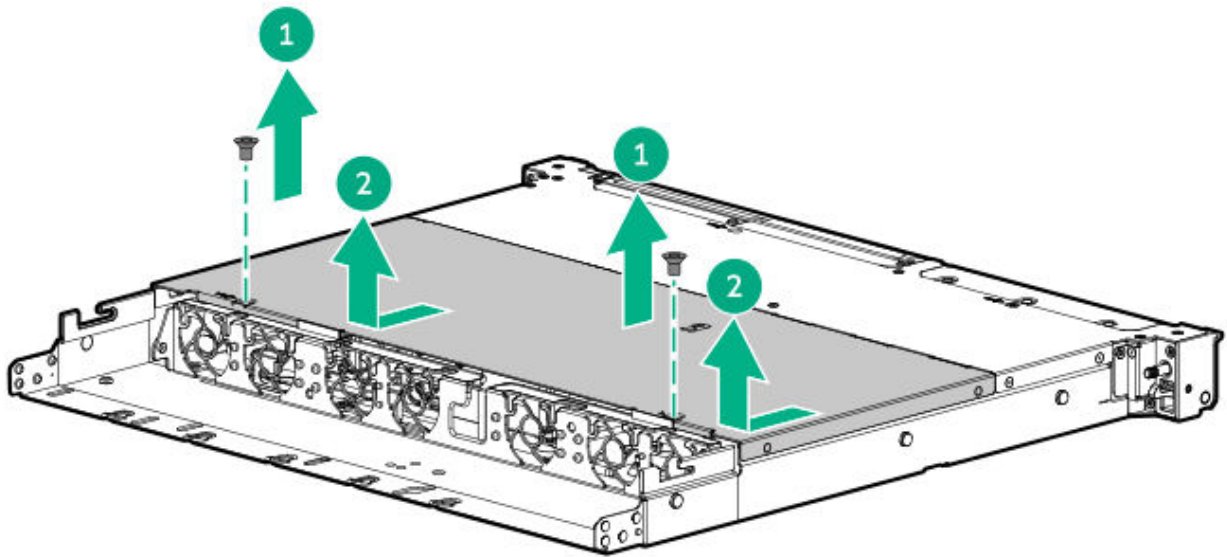
1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. To remove the middle cover from the LFF and the SFF drive configuration, take both sides of the middle cover and detach from the server.
 - LFF drive configuration



- SFF drive configuration



8. To remove the middle cover from a server with the GPU-optimized configuration:
 - a. Remove the screws.
 - b. Take both sides of the middle cover and detach from the server.



Remove the air baffle

About this task



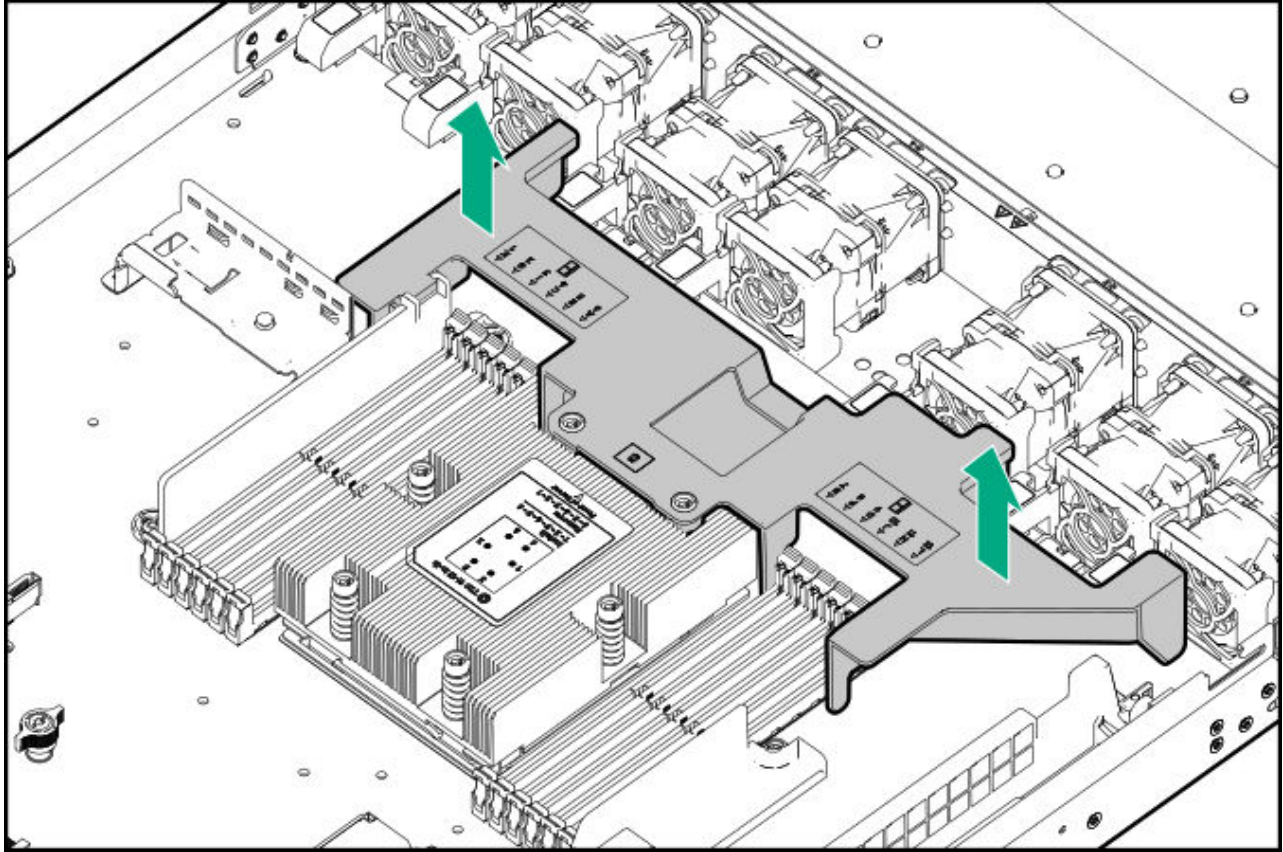
CAUTION

For proper cooling, do not operate the server without the access panel, baffles, expansion slot covers, or blanks installed. If the server supports hot-plug components, minimize the amount of time the access panel is open.

Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.

4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the air baffle.



Remove the fan

About this task



CAUTION

To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all bays are populated with either a component or a blank.



IMPORTANT

The fan setup can either be standard, single-rotor fans or high performance, dual-rotor fans. Do not mix fan types in the same server.

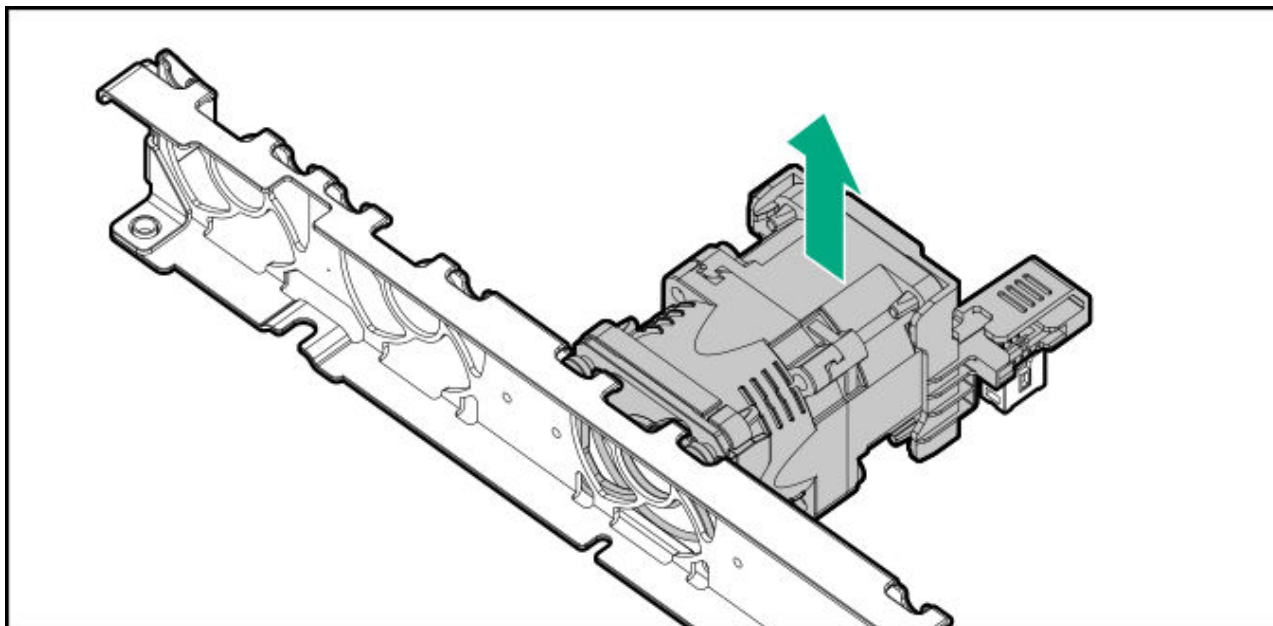


CAUTION

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation, removal, or replacement procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the air baffle.
8. Remove a standard or high performance fan.



Remove the primary riser cage

About this task



WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.



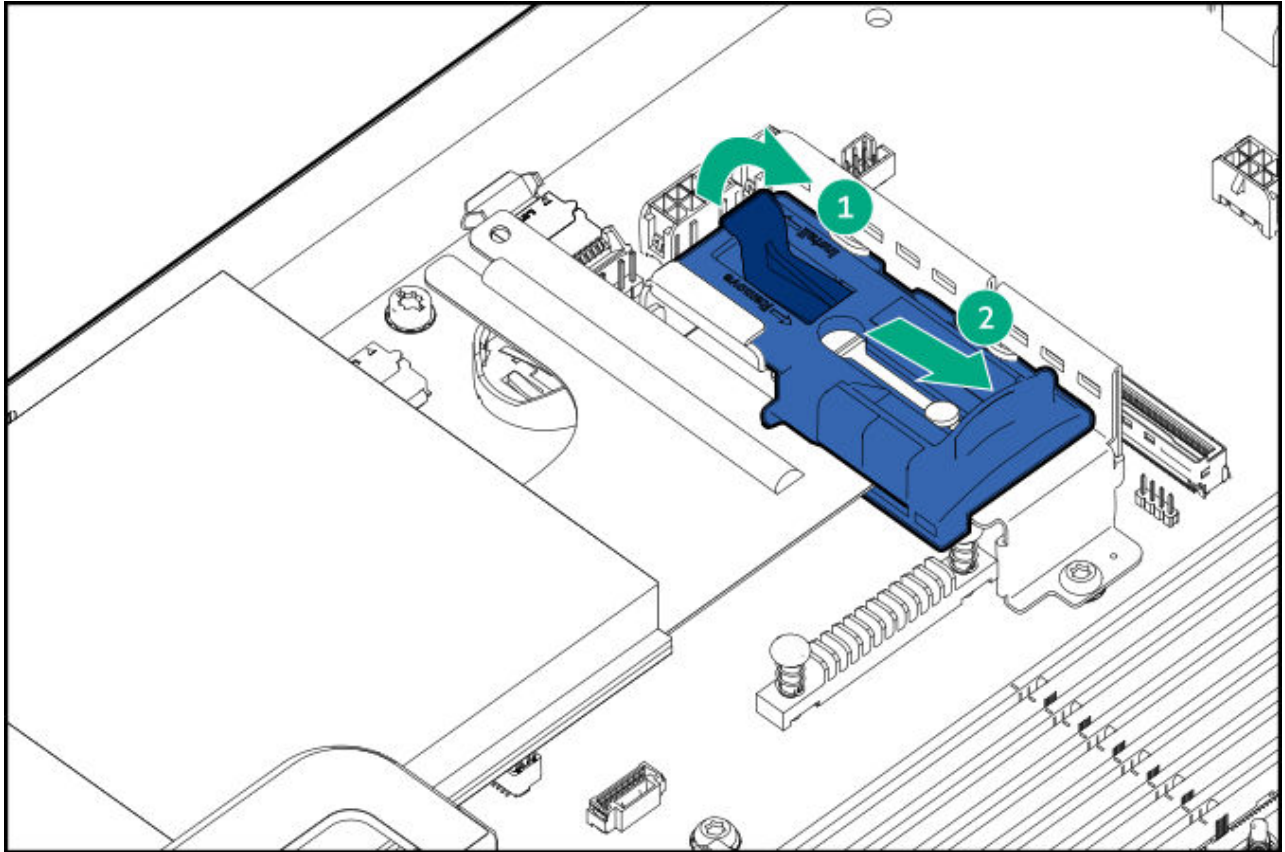
CAUTION

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation, removal, or replacement procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

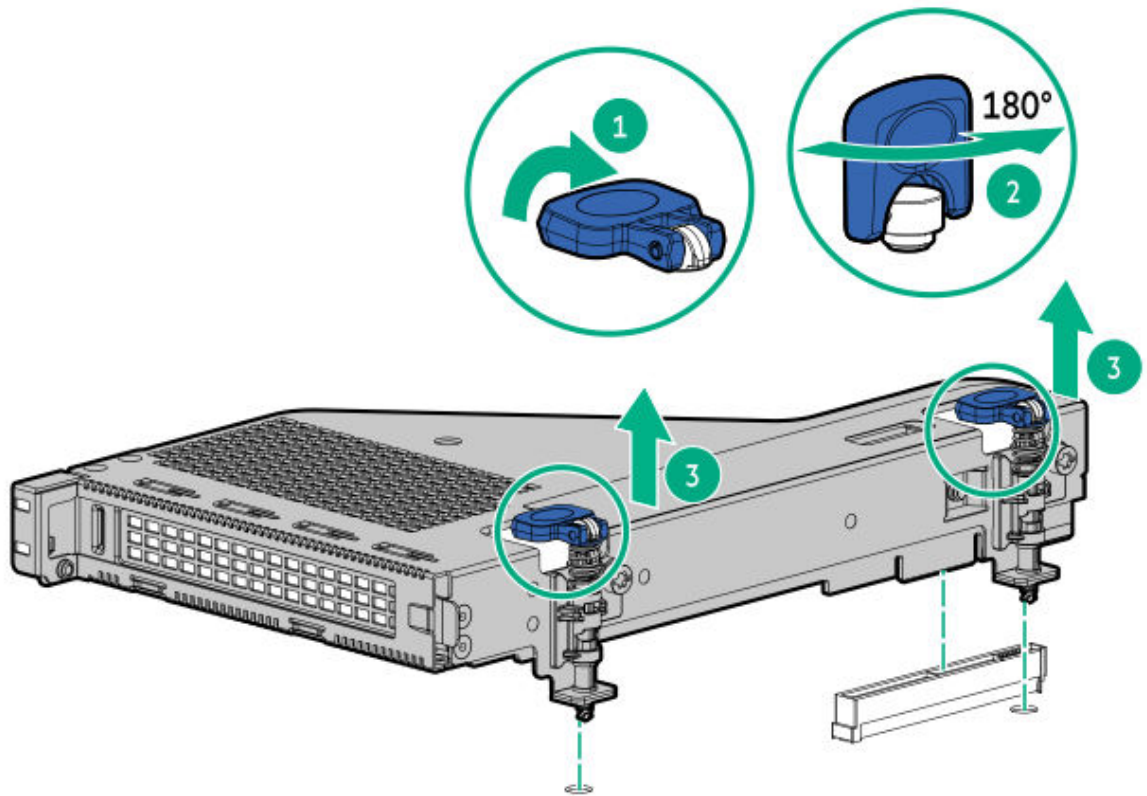
Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.

4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. If a full-length expansion card is installed, slide the card retainer to the open position.



8. If an expansion card with internal cables is installed on the riser, disconnect the cables from the card.
9. Remove the primary riser cage:
 - a. Release the half-turn spring latch.
 - b. Lift the riser cage off the system board.



Install the primary riser cage

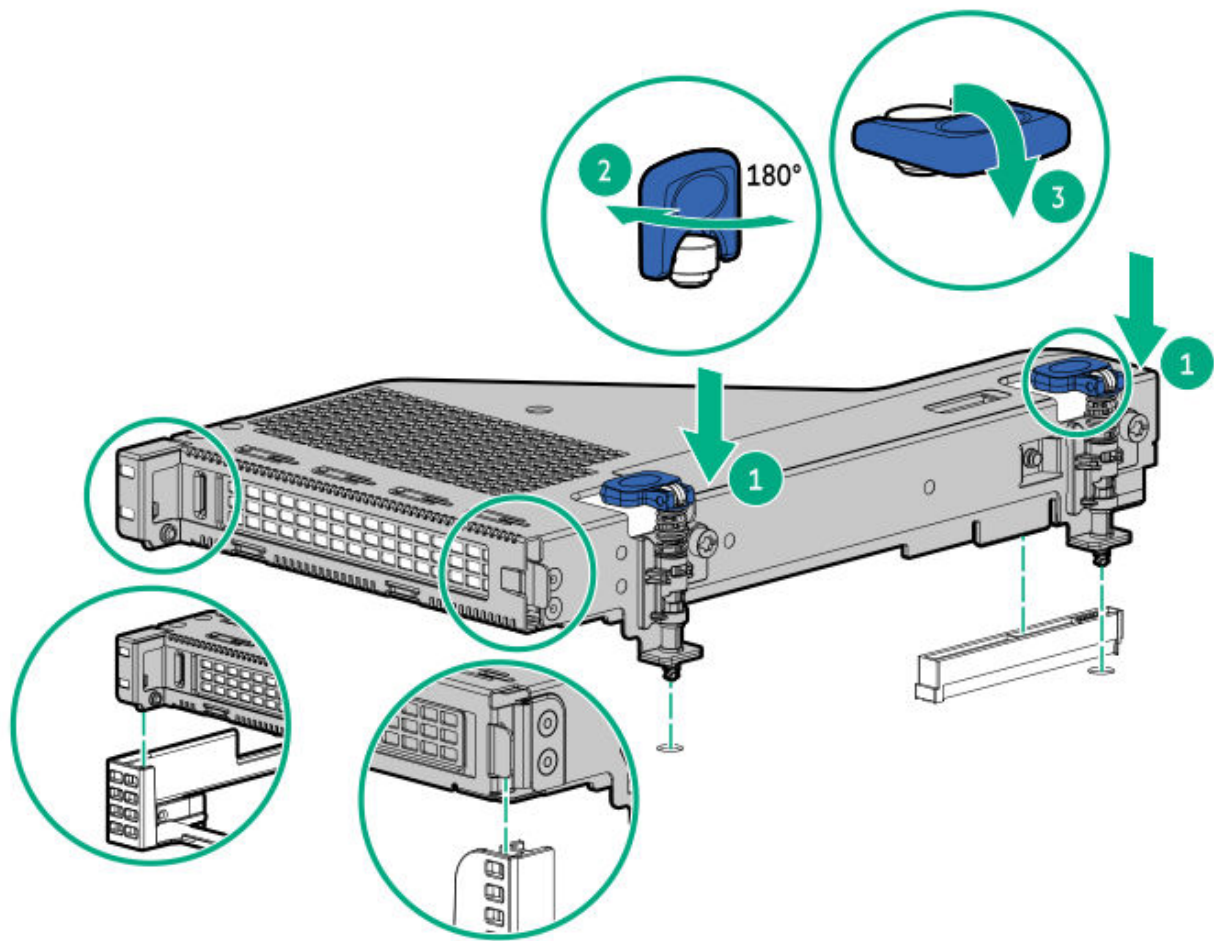
Procedure

1. If an expansion card or its internal cabling was removed, reinstall these components.
2. Install the primary riser cage:

- a. Carefully press the riser down on its system board connector.

Make sure that:

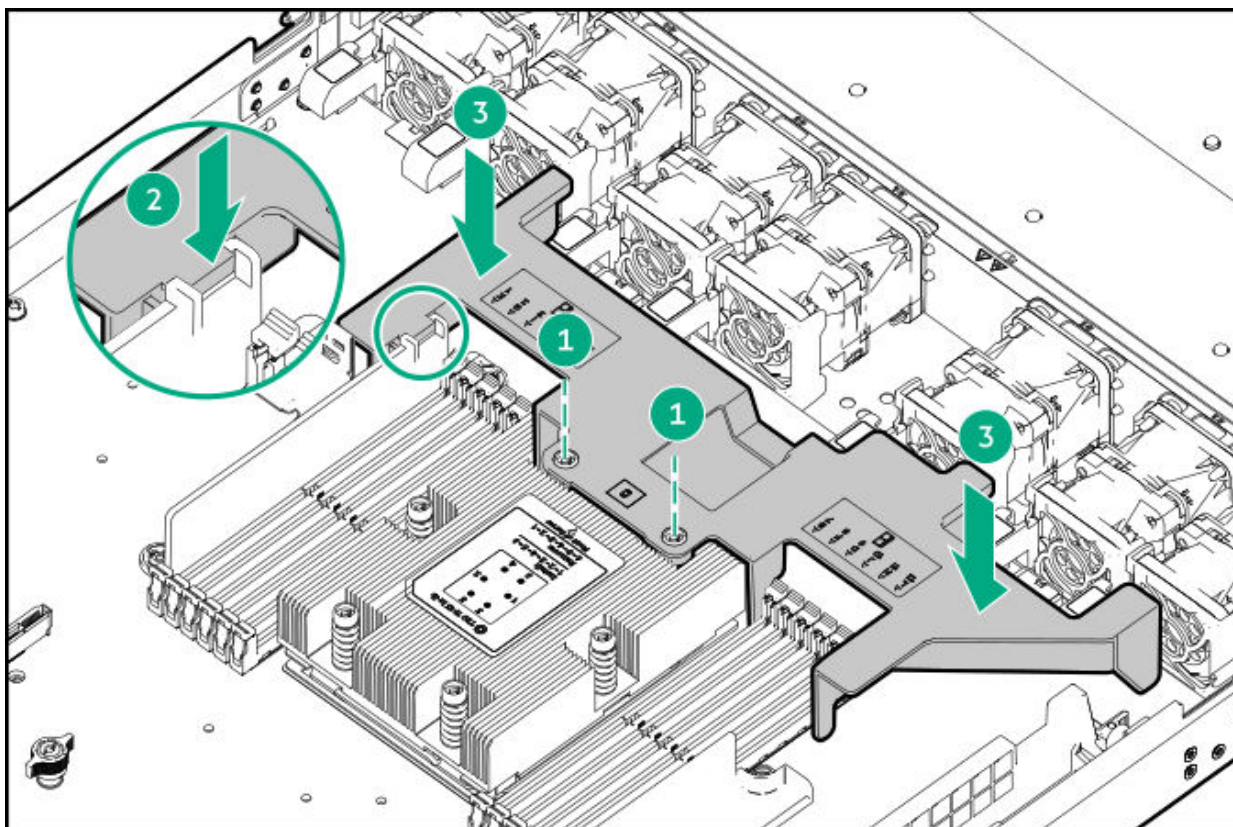
- The riser cage is aligned with the rear chassis.
 - The riser board is firmly seated on the system board.
- b. Simultaneously push and rotate the half-turn spring latch to 180°.
 - c. Close the spring latch.



Install the air baffle

Procedure

1. Make sure that all internal cables have been properly routed and will not interfere with the air baffle installation.
2. Install the air baffle:
 - a. Align the air baffle to the 4 and 6 screws on the heatsink.
 - b. Align the air baffle to the DIMM guard.
 - c. Lower down the air baffle into the chassis and make sure that it fits properly into place.



3. Install the access panel.
4. Perform the post-installation or maintenance steps required by the procedure that necessitates the removal of the air baffle.

Install the middle cover

Prerequisites

T-10 Torx screwdriver—this tool is for installing the middle cover on a server with the GPU-optimized configuration.

About this task



CAUTION

For proper cooling, do not operate the server without the access panel, baffles, expansion slot covers, or blanks installed.



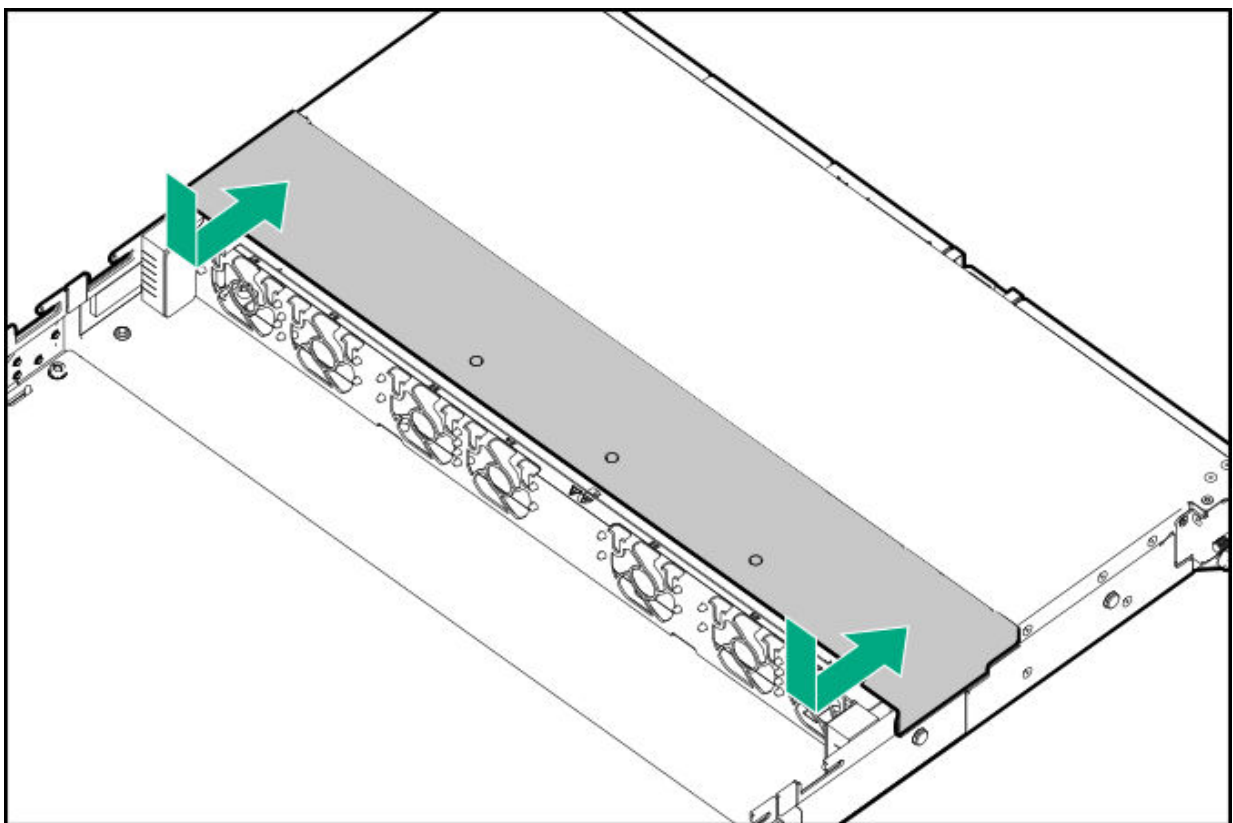
CAUTION

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation, removal, or replacement procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

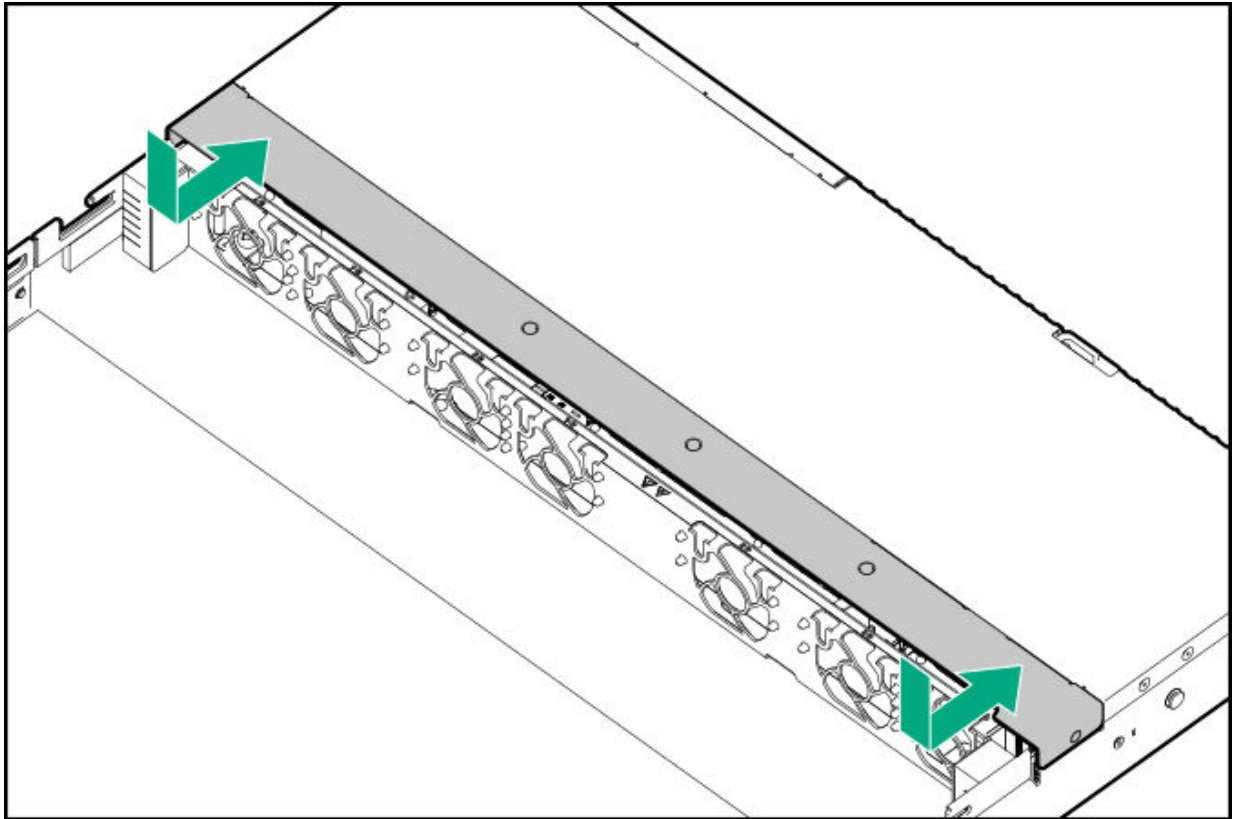
Procedure

1. To install the middle cover on the LFF and SFF drive configuration, take both sides of the middle cover and install on the server.

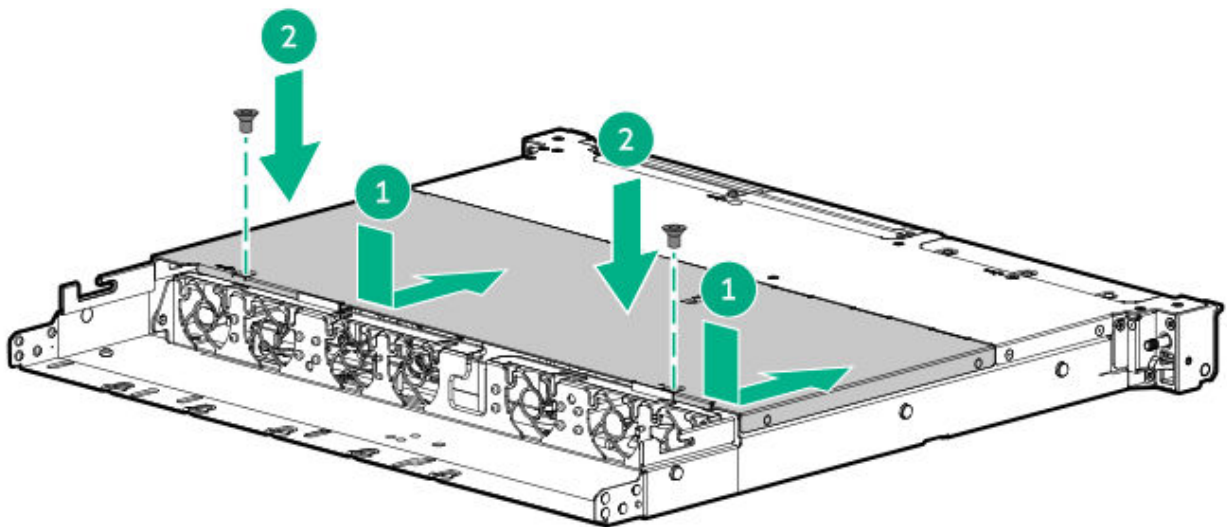
- LFF drive configuration



- SFF drive configuration



2. To install the middle cover on a server with the GPU-optimized configuration:
 - a. Take both sides of the middle cover and attach on the server.
 - b. Install the screws.



3. Install the access panel.

4. Perform the post-installation or maintenance steps required by the procedure that necessitates the removal of the middle cover.

Install the access panel

Prerequisites

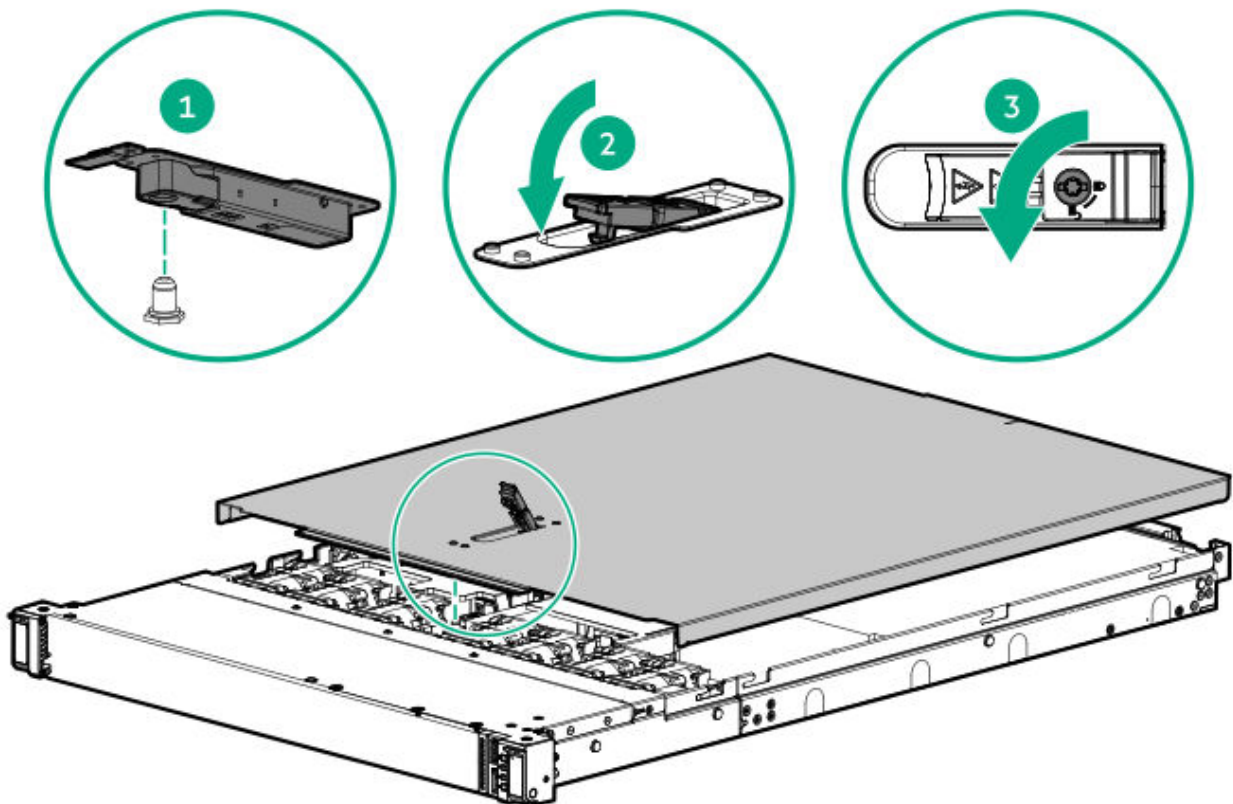
Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a T-15 Torx screwdriver available.

Procedure

1. With the access panel latch open, insert the guide pin on the chassis through the hole on the bottom side of the latch.
2. Close the access panel latch.

The access panel slides to the closed position.

3. Lock the access panel latch.



4. Perform the post-installation or maintenance steps required by the procedure that necessitates the removal of the access panel.

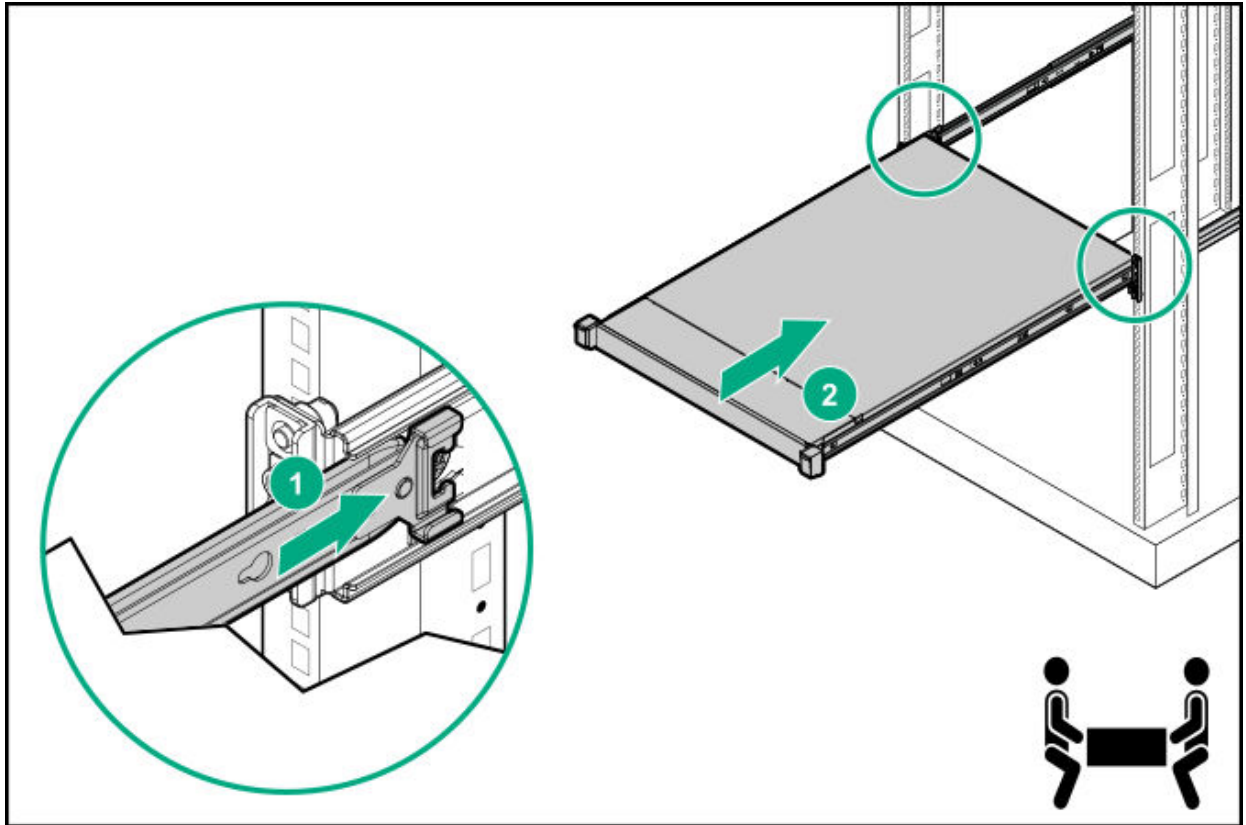
Install the server into the rack

Prerequisites

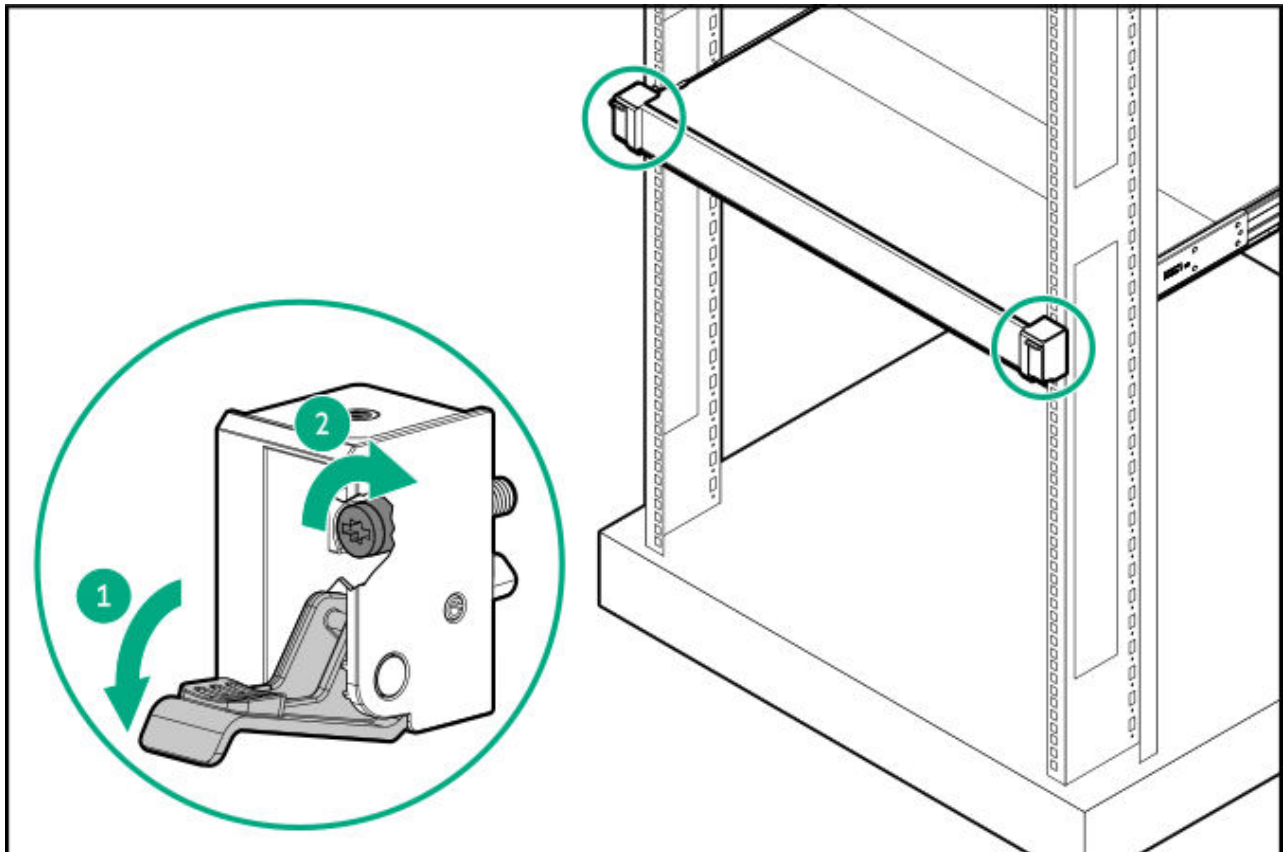
- Get help to lift and stabilize the server during rack installation. **If the server is installed higher than chest level, additional two people might be required to help install the server:** One person to support the server weight, and the other two to slide the server into the rack.
- Before you perform this procedure, review the:
 - [Rack warnings and cautions](#)
 - [Server warnings and cautions](#)
- A fully populated server is heavy. Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends removing the external chassis components before removing the server from the rack.
- T-25 Torx screwdriver—This tool is required if you intend to lock the shipping screws located inside the chassis ears.

Procedure

1. Install the server into the rack:
 - a. Insert the inner rails into the slide rails.
 - b. Slide the server into the rack until the chassis ears are flush against the rack posts.

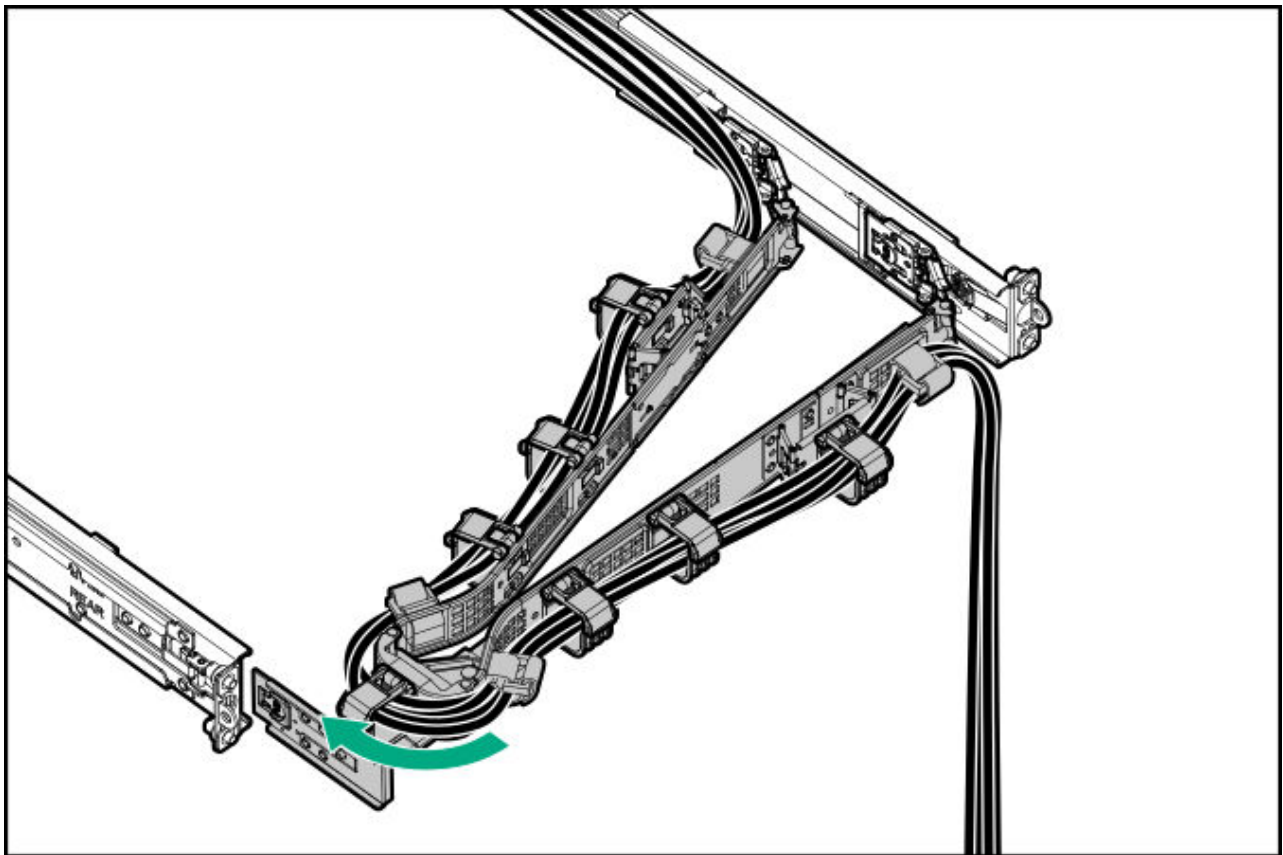


2. Open the chassis ears, and then tighten the shipping screws.



3. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
4. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
5. If the cable management arm was opened, swing the arm back into the closed position and insert the CMA retention bracket to the mounting rail.

Make sure that an audible click to indicate that the bracket is locked into place.



Power up the server

Procedure

- Press the Power On/Standby button.

- Use the virtual power button through iLO 6.

Hardware options installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing supported hardware options. To ensure proper server deployment and operation, Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends installing only HPE-validated hardware options. To see the list of validated options for this server, see the product QuickSpecs on the HPE website:

<https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>

To view the warranty for your server and supported options, see [Warranty information](#).

Subtopics

[Server data backup](#)

[Hardware option installation guidelines](#)

[Hewlett Packard Enterprise product QuickSpecs](#)

[Rack mounting options](#)

[Installing the front bezel option](#)

[Power supply options](#)

[Transceiver option](#)

[Drive options](#)

[Drive cage options](#)

[Installing an 8 SFF drive backplane option](#)

[Optical drive option](#)

[Installing the front USB and DisplayPort option](#)

[Fan options](#)

[Memory option](#)

[Riser cage options](#)

[Storage controller options](#)

[Energy pack options](#)

[Expansion card options](#)

[GPU options](#)

[HPE NS204i-u Boot Device option](#)

[M.2 SSD pass-through card option](#)

[OCP NIC 3.0 option](#)

[High performance heatsink option](#)

[Chassis intrusion detection switch option](#)

[Serial port option](#)

[Internal USB device option](#)

Server data backup

To avoid data loss, make sure to back up all server data before installing or removing a hardware option, performing a server maintenance, or a troubleshooting procedure.

Server data in this context refers to information that may be required to return the system to a normal operating environment after completing a hardware maintenance or troubleshooting procedure. This information may include:

- User data files
- User account names and passwords
- Application settings and passwords
- Component drivers and firmware
- TPM recovery key/password
- BIOS configuration settings—Use the backup and restore function in UEFI System Utilities. For more information, see the UEFI user guide (<https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeuefisystemutilities-quicklinks>).
 - Custom default system settings
 - Security passwords including those required for power-on and BIOS admin access, persistent memory, and Server Configuration Lock (for HPE Trusted Supply Chain servers)
 - Server serial number and the product ID
- iLO-related data—Use the iLO backup and restore function. For more information, see the iLO user guide (<https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeilodocs-quicklinks>).
 - iLO license
 - Customer iLO user name, password, and DNS name
 - iLO configuration settings

Hardware option installation guidelines



WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.



CAUTION

To avoid data loss, Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends that you back up all server data before installing or removing a hardware option, or performing a server maintenance or troubleshooting procedure.



CAUTION

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation, removal, or replacement procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

- Install any hardware options before initializing the server.
- If multiple options are being installed, read the installation instructions for all the hardware options to identify similar steps and streamline the installation process.
- If the hardware option installation involves internal cabling, review the Cabling guidelines.

Hewlett Packard Enterprise product QuickSpecs

To learn more about your product, search the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>) for the product QuickSpecs:

- Supported options
- Supported configurations
- Component compatibility
- New features
- Specifications
- Part numbers

Rack mounting options

Use the quick-deploy, toolless HPE rack rail option to install the server in a standard four-post rack. The rail design supports installation on rack of [different mounting interfaces](#).

For cable management, the rack rail kit might include one or both of the following options:

- [Rack rail hoop-and-loop strap](#)
- [Cable management arm](#)

Subtopics

[**Rail identification markers**](#)

[**Rack mounting interfaces**](#)

[**Rack rail options**](#)

[**Installing the friction rack rail**](#)

[**Installing the server into the rack: Friction rack rail**](#)

[**Installing the rack rail hook-and-loop strap**](#)

[**Installing the cable management arm**](#)

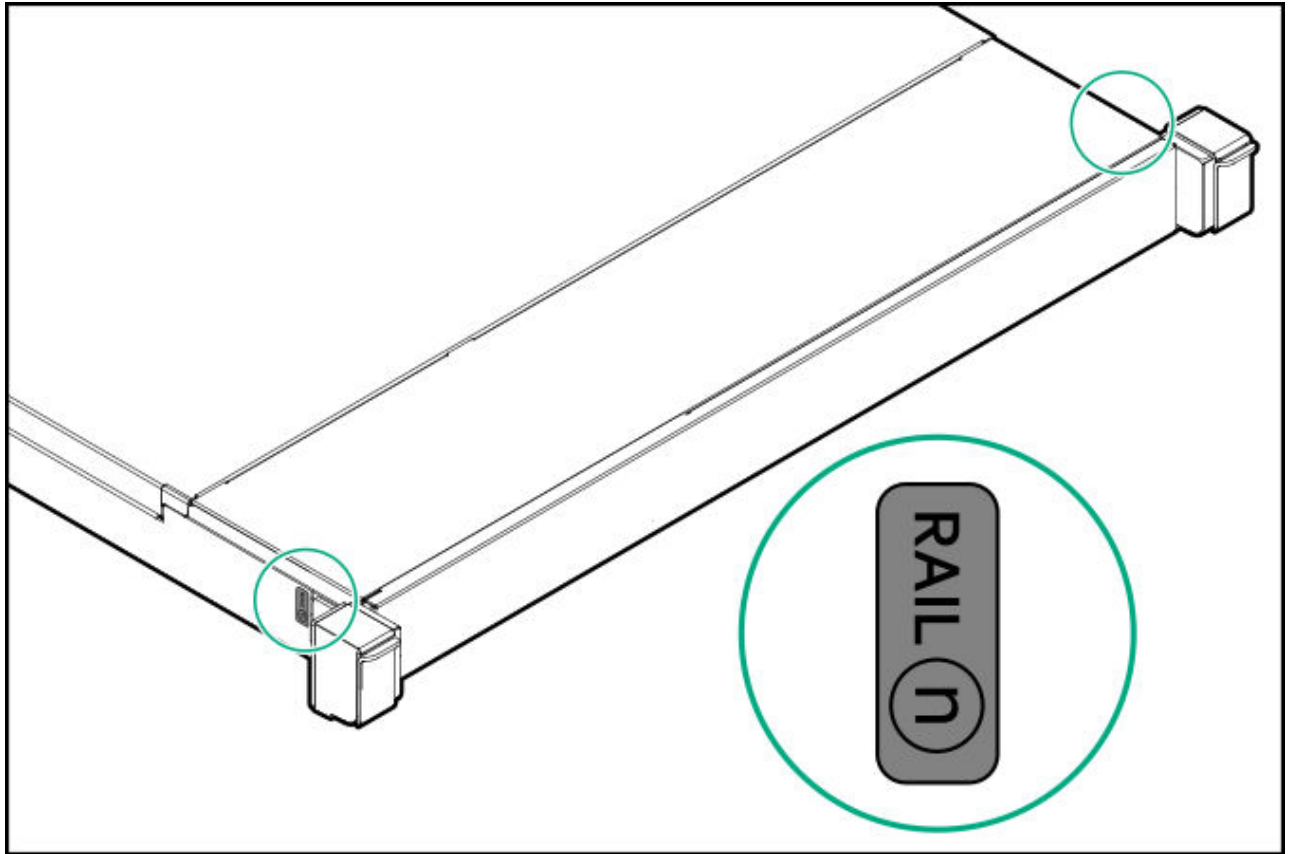
Rail identification markers

The rack rail option support is dependent on these two factors:

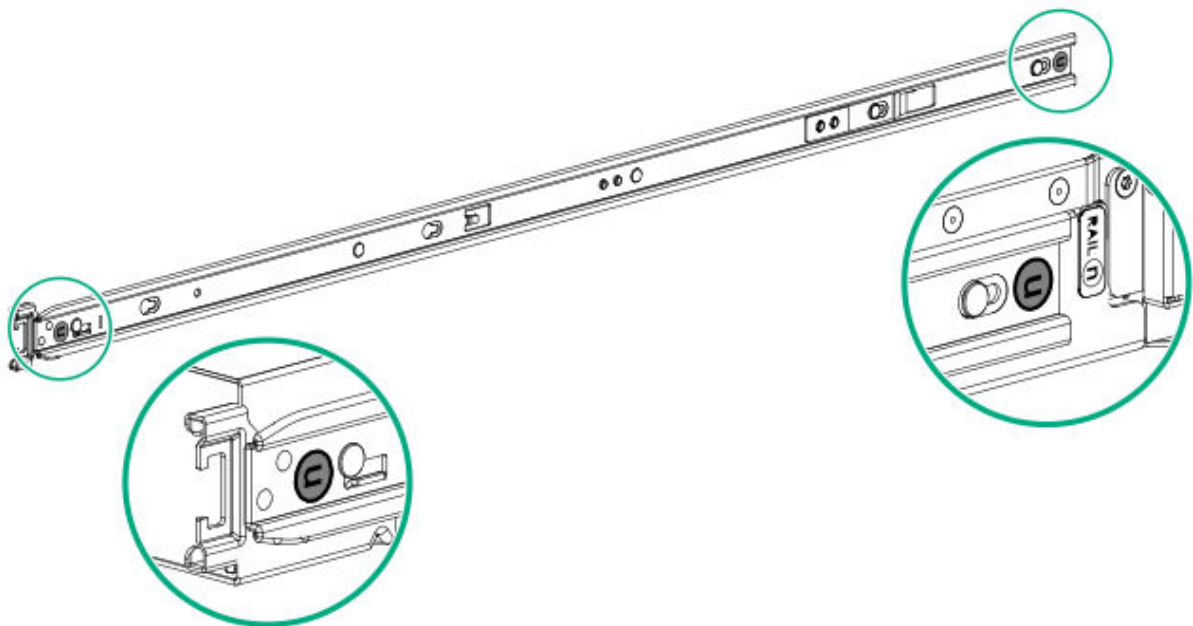
- The height and weight of the chassis as determined by the front- and rear-end server configurations.
- The depth of the chassis as measured from the edge of the front panel (without the front bezel) to the edge of the rear panel.

To ensure compatibility between the rack rails and the server, verify that the rail number labels on the chassis match the ones stamped on the rails.

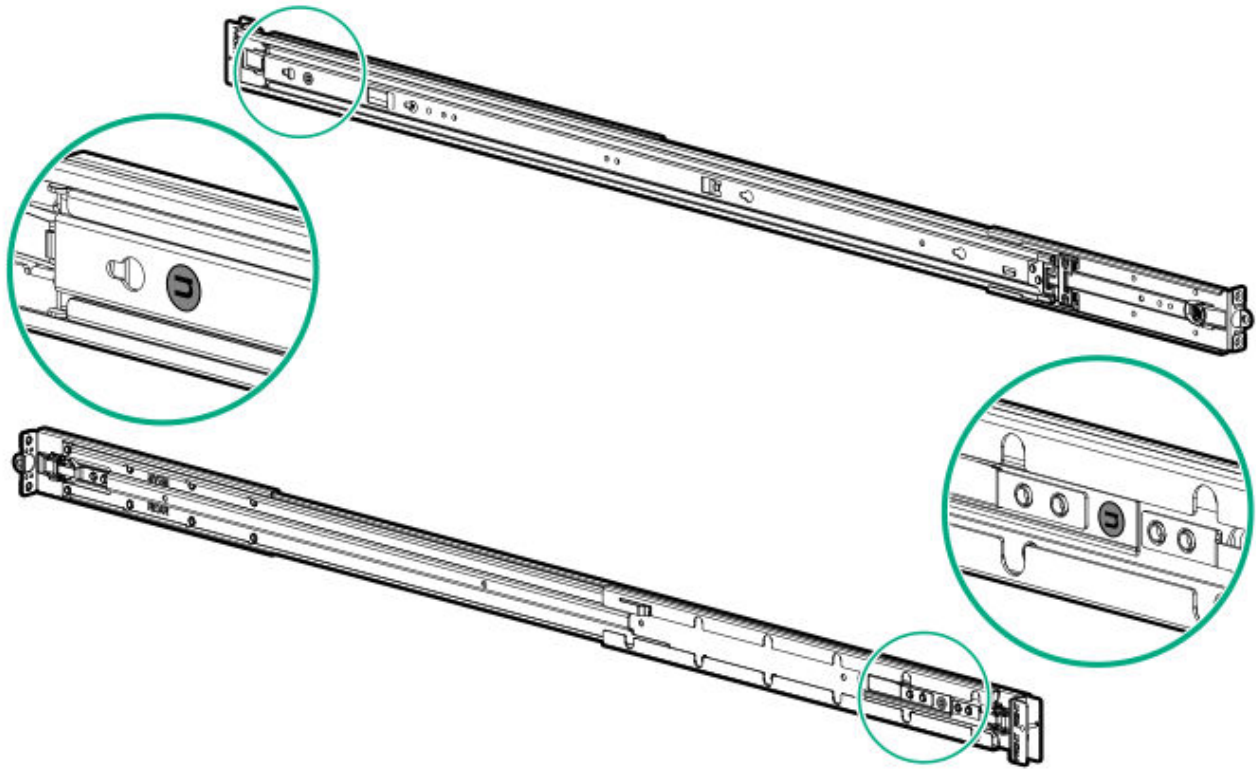
- Rail number labels on the chassis



- Rail identifier stamps on the inner rail of the friction rack rail

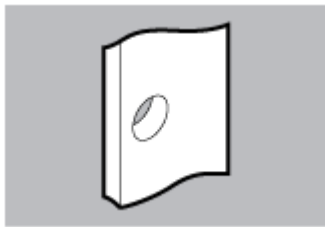


- Rail identifier stamps on the mounting rail of the friction rack rail

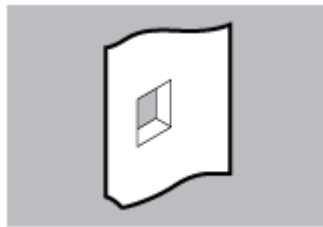


Rack mounting interfaces

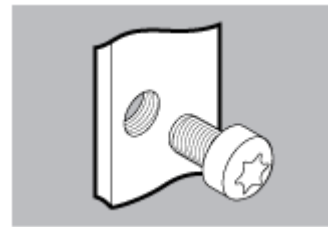
The rack rails can be installed in a rack that has the following mounting interfaces:



Round-hole



Square-hole



Threaded round-hole

The illustrations used in this procedure show an icon on the upper right corner of the image. This icon indicates the type of mounting interface for which the action illustrated in the image is valid.

Rack rail options

This server supports the following HPE Easy Install friction rack rail (stab-in) options:

Server configuration	Rack rail option	Minimum rail length	Adjustable rail range
SFF drive	Rail option #2 (P52351-B21)	714.32 mm (28.12 in)	609.60 mm to 918.10 mm (24.00 in to 36.15 in)
LFF/E3.S drive	Rail option #3 (P52341-B21)	787.55 mm (30.00 in)	
GPU-optimized	Rail option #7 (P52339-B21)	852.91 mm (33.58 in)	

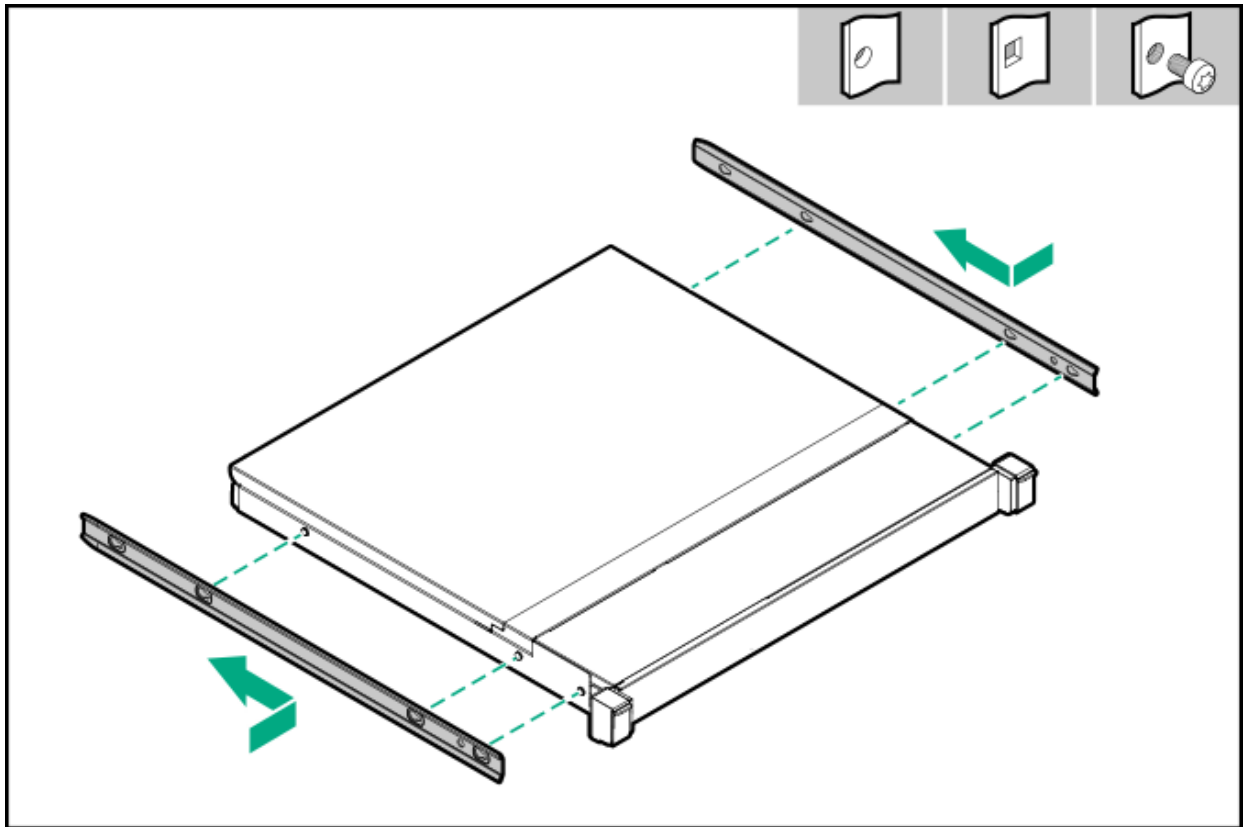
Installing the friction rack rail

Prerequisites

- [Make sure that the rack rail option is compatible with the server configuration.](#)
- Small slotted screwdriver—This tool is required if you are intended to install the server in a threaded round-hole rack.

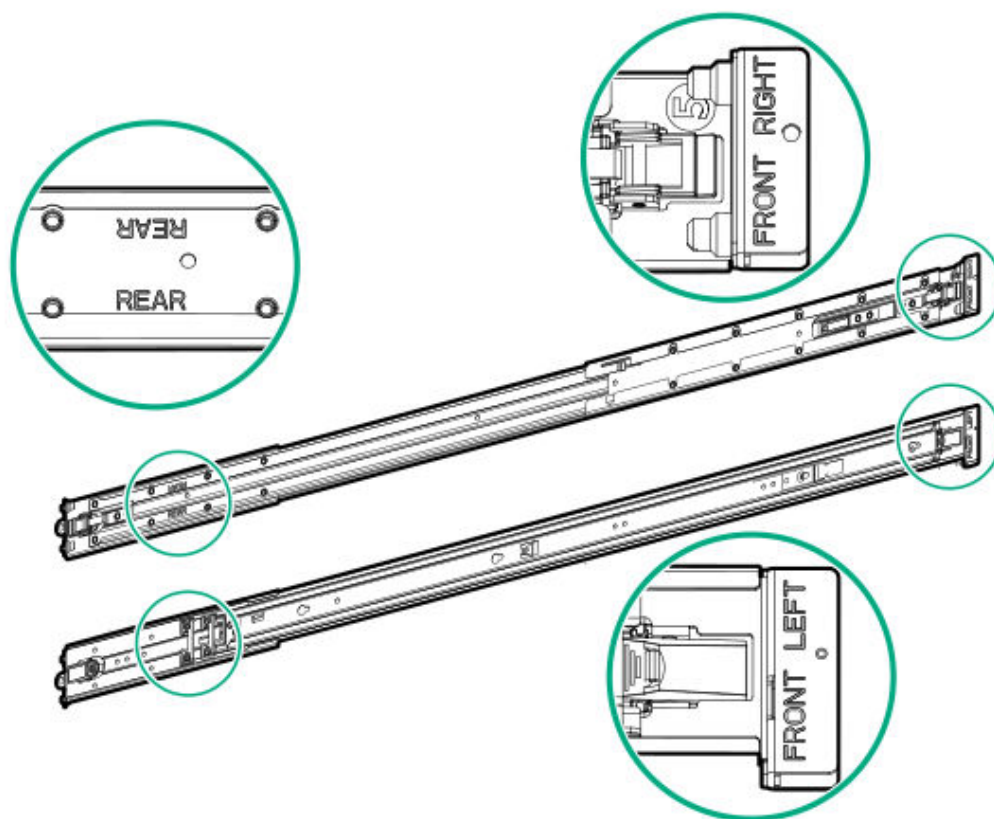
Procedure

1. Attach the inner rails to the server:
 - a. Insert the spools on the sides of the server through the keyed slots on the rails.
 - b. Slide the rail towards the rear panel to lock it into place.

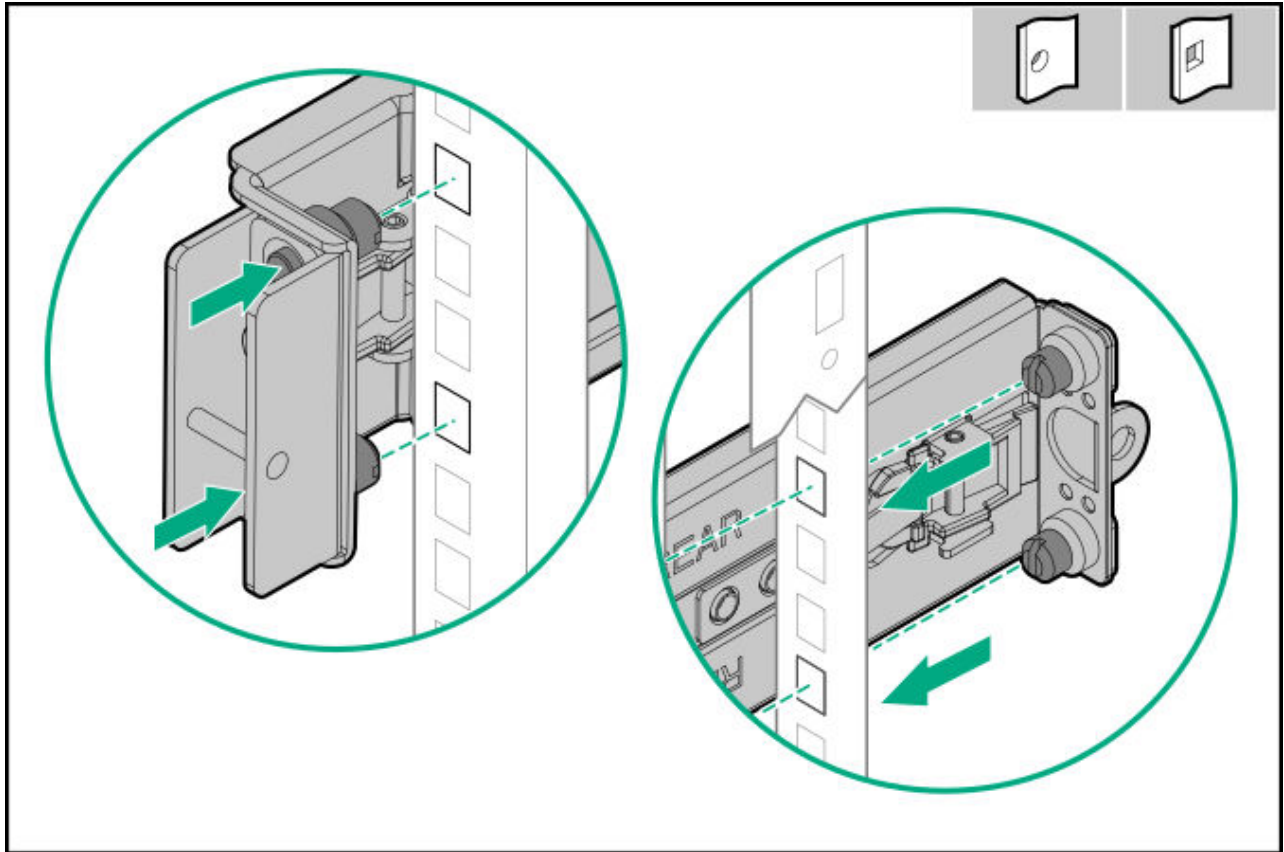


2. Locate the orientation markers on the mounting rails.

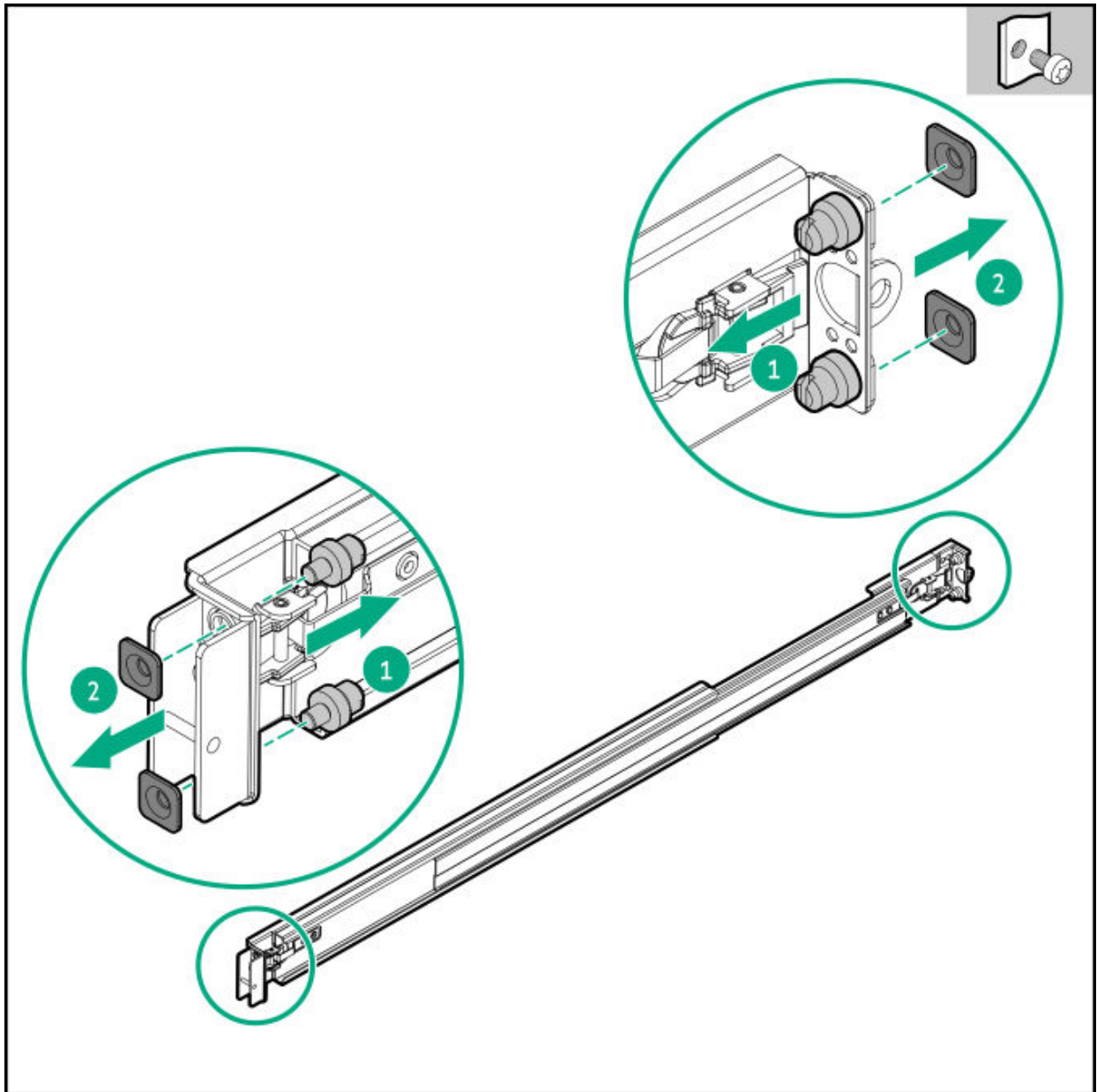
- The front end of the rails is marked as **FRONT LEFT** or **FRONT RIGHT**.
- The other end of the rails is marked as **REAR**.



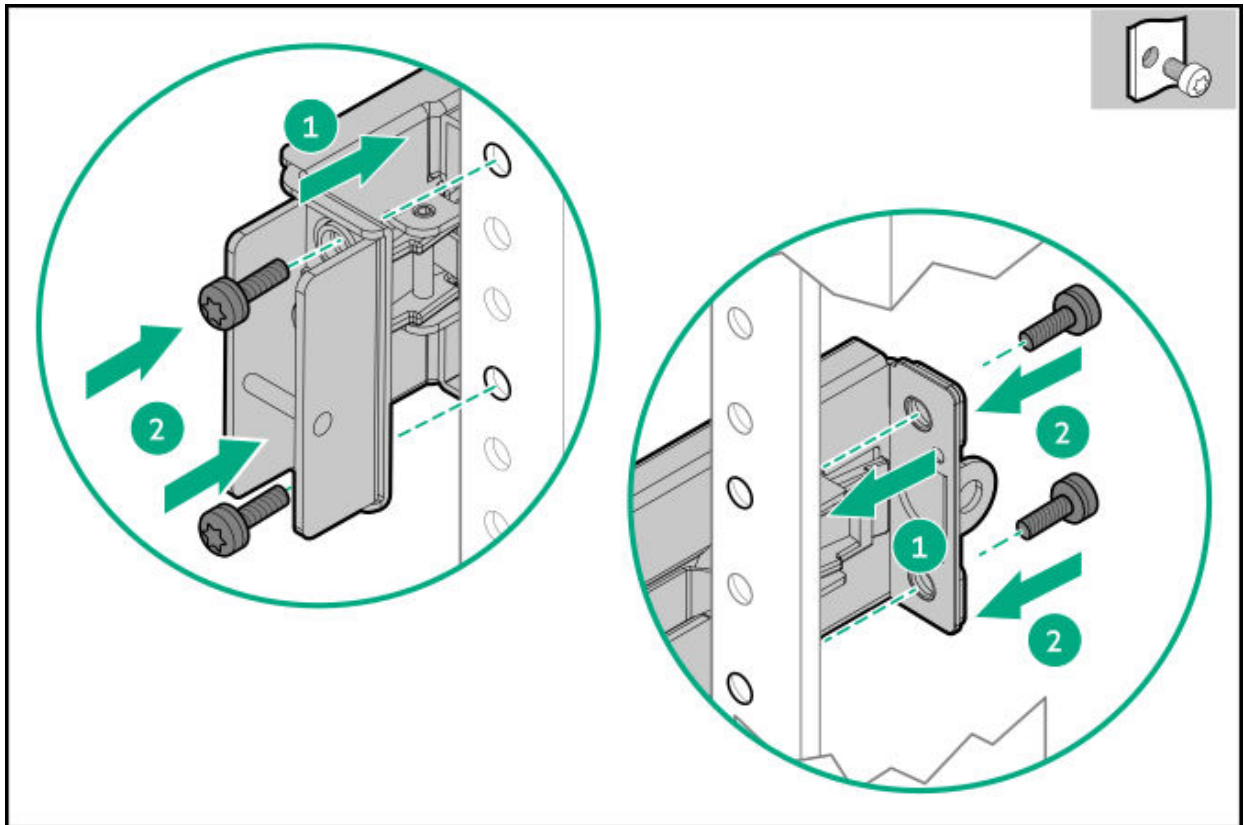
3. Extend the mounting rails to align with the depth of the rack.
4. To install the mounting rails in a round-hole or square-hole rack, insert the pins on the mounting flanges into the rack post holes.



5. To install the mounting rails in a threaded round-hole rack, do the following:
 - a. Remove the pins and washers from the mounting rails.



- b. Position the holes on the mounting flanges against the threaded holes on the rack post.
- c. Install the rack mounting screws.



6. Install the server into the rack.

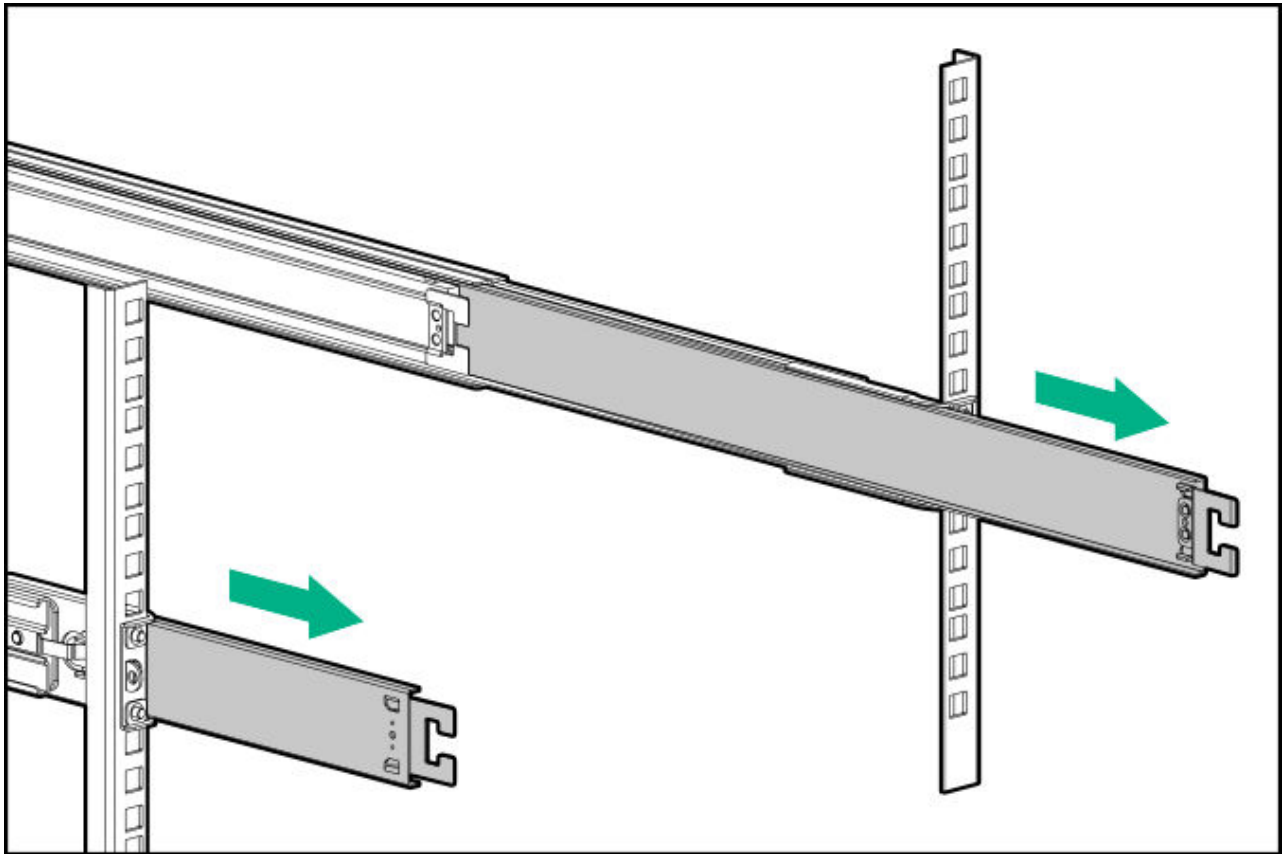
Installing the server into the rack: Friction rack rail

Prerequisites

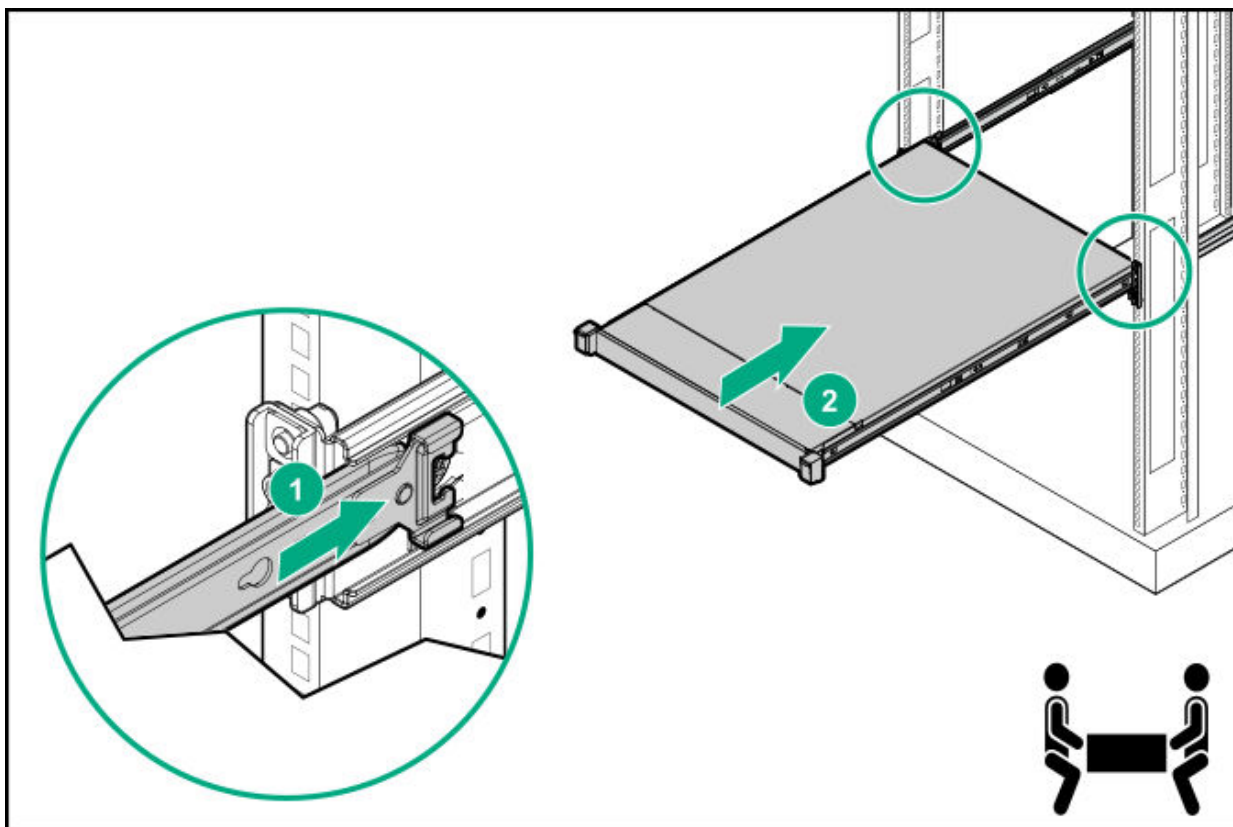
- Get help to lift and stabilize the server during rack installation. **If the server is installed higher than chest level, additional two people might be required to help install the server:** One person to support the server weight, and the other two to slide the server into the rack.
- Before you perform this procedure, review the:
 - [Space and airflow requirements](#)
 - [Rack warnings and cautions](#)
 - [Server warnings and cautions](#)
- A fully populated server is heavy. Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends removing the external chassis components before installing the server into a rack.
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a T-25 Torx screwdriver available.

Procedure

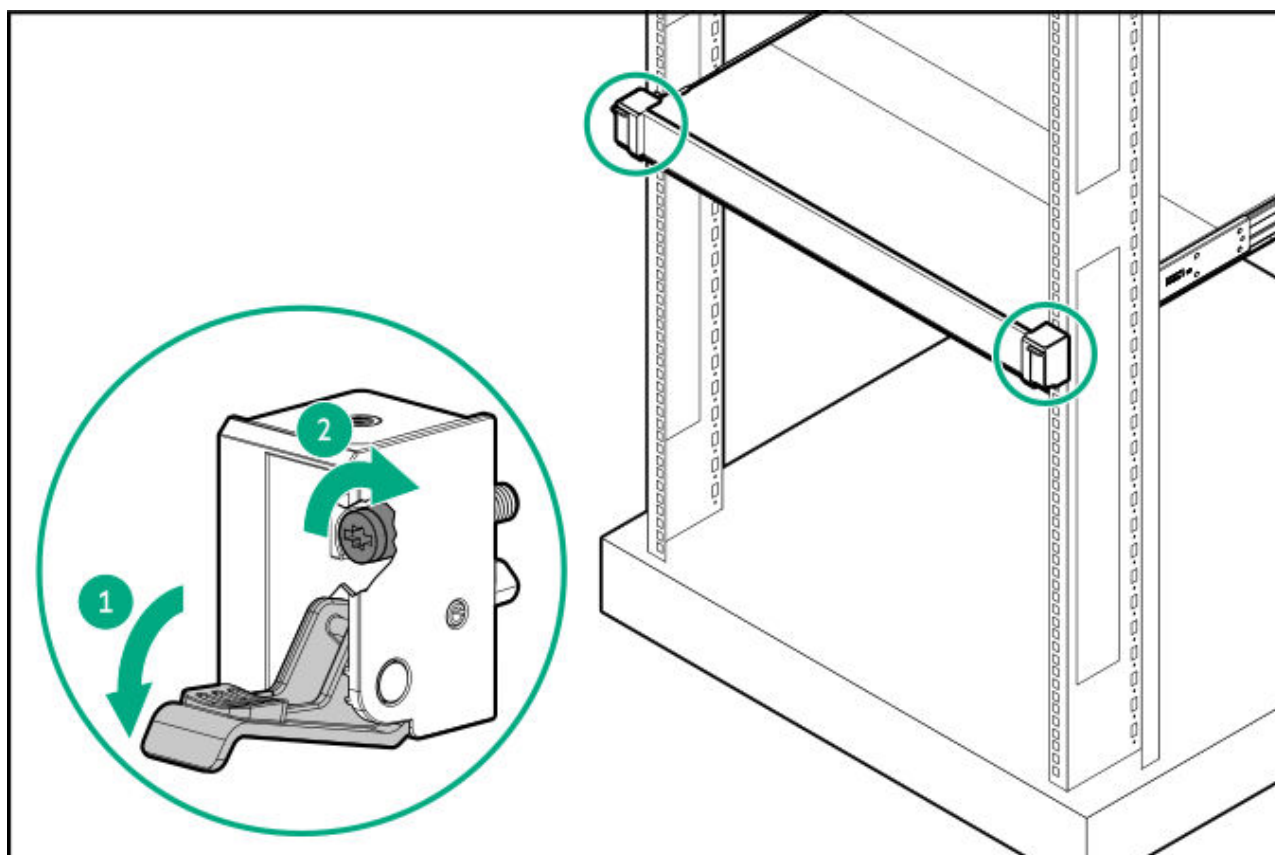
1. Extend the slide rails out on the mounting rails until they hit the internal stops and lock into place.



2. Install the server into the rack:
 - a. Insert the inner rails into the slide rails.
 - b. Slide the server into the rack until the chassis ears are flush against the rack posts.



3. Open the chassis ears, and then tighten the shipping screws.



4. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
5. Connect each power cord to the server.
6. Do one of the following:
 - [Install the rack rail hook-and-loop strap.](#)
 - [Install the cable management arm.](#)
7. Connect each power cord to the power source.
8. [Power up the server.](#)

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

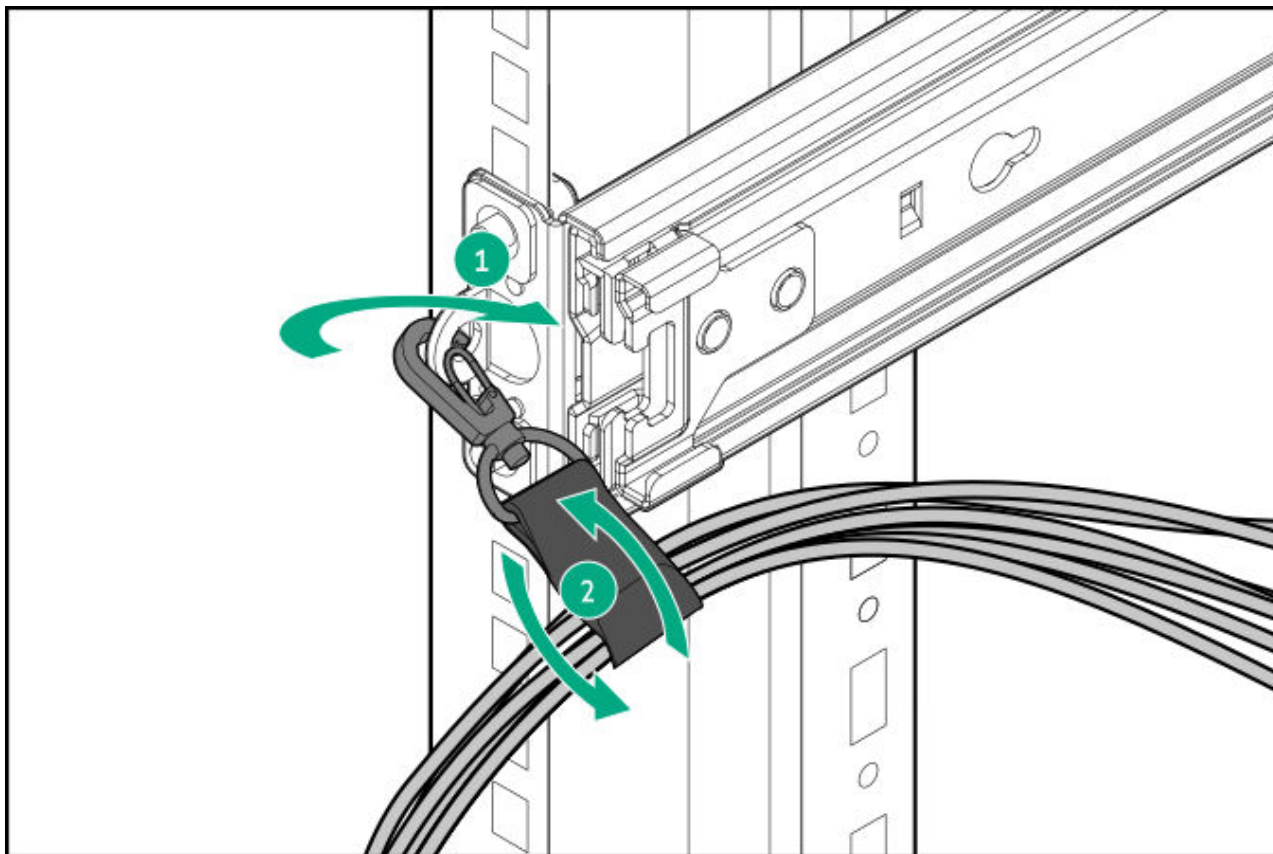
Installing the rack rail hook-and-loop strap

About this task

The hook-and-loop strap can be installed on either the left or right rail.

Procedure

1. Attach the strap carabiner to the rail.
2. Bundle the cords and cables, and then wrap the strap around the cables.



Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing the cable management arm

Prerequisites

Before installing the management arm:

- Identify the part number.

**IMPORTANT**

Some management arms are designed to hold extra weight:

- P26489-B21
- P22020-B21
- P18546-B21

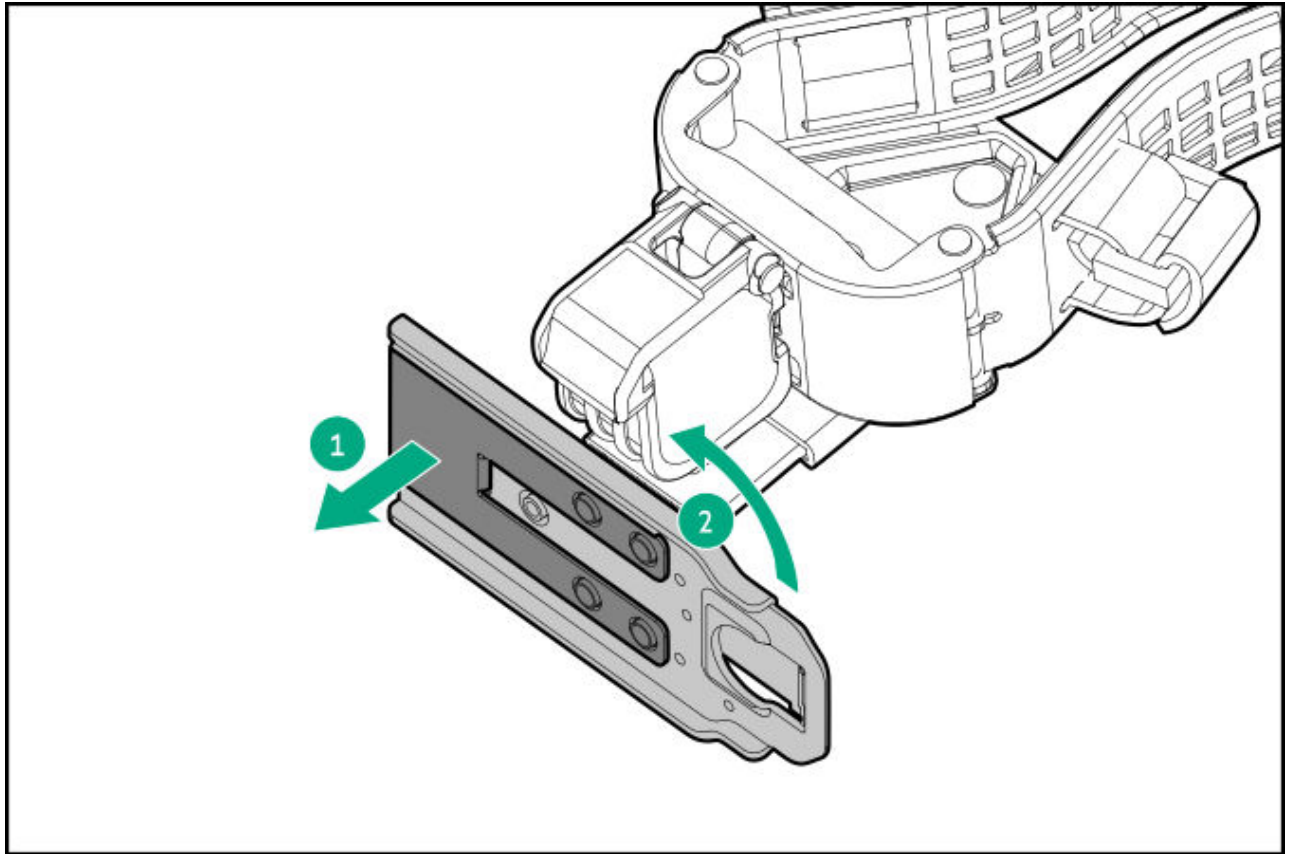
For these management arms, the angle of the brackets requires the outer bracket to be removed before installing the elbow bracket.

- Prepare the management arm.

The management arm can be installed to swing out from the left or right side of the rack. Before installing, rotate the elbow bracket according to your configuration.

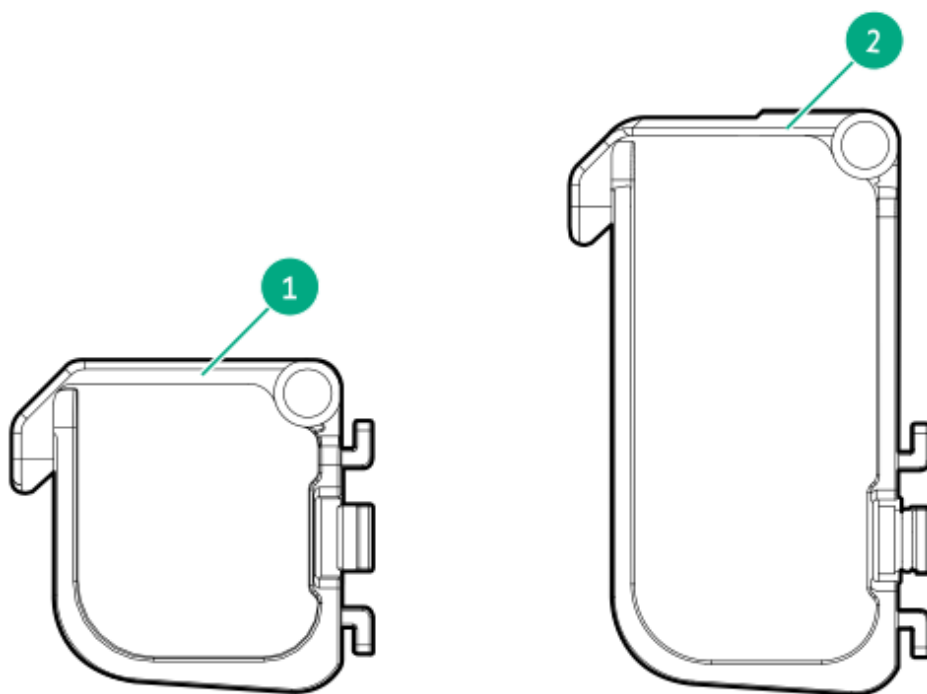
**NOTE**

Your bracket might look different than the image below, but the procedure is the same.



About this task

Your management arm might look slightly different, but the procedures are the same.



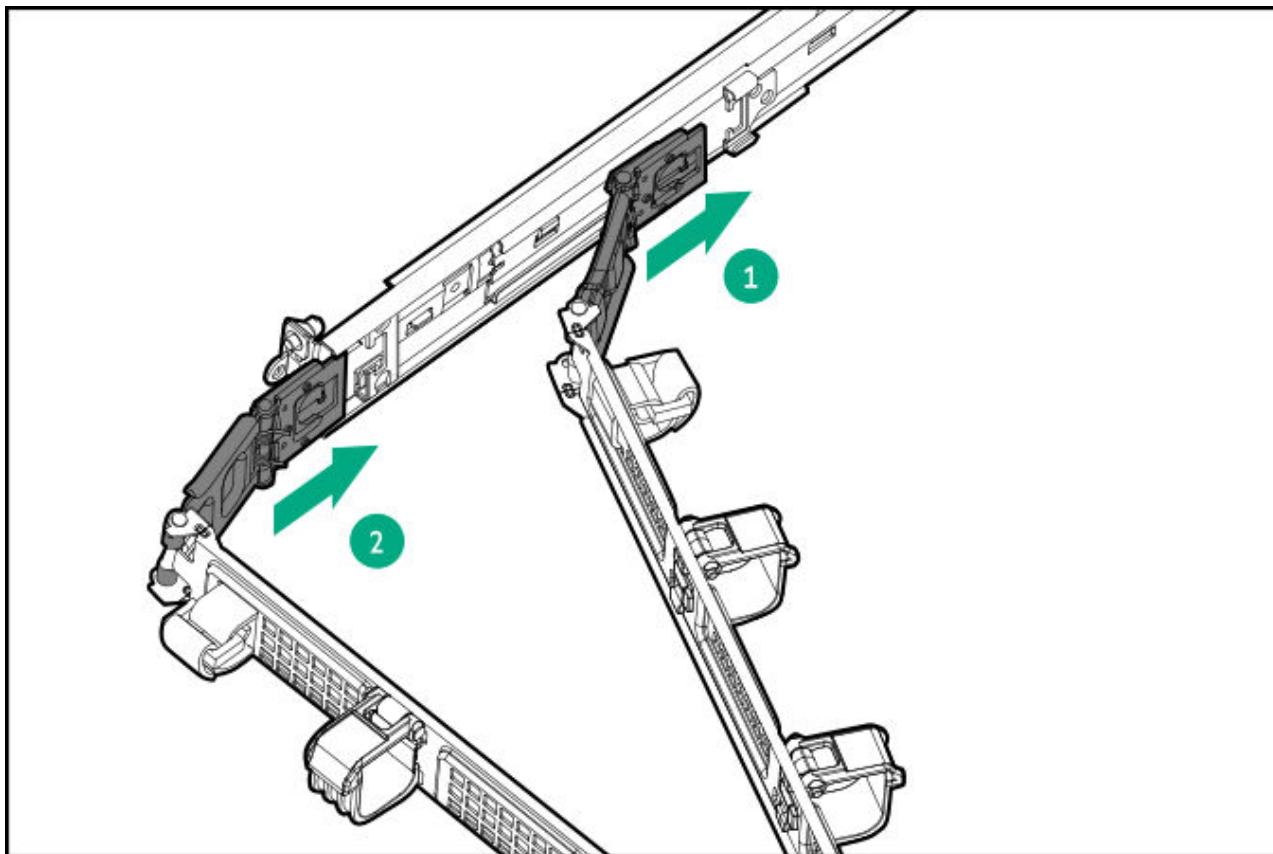
Item	Description
1	1U CMA cable basket
2	2U CMA cable basket

**CAUTION**

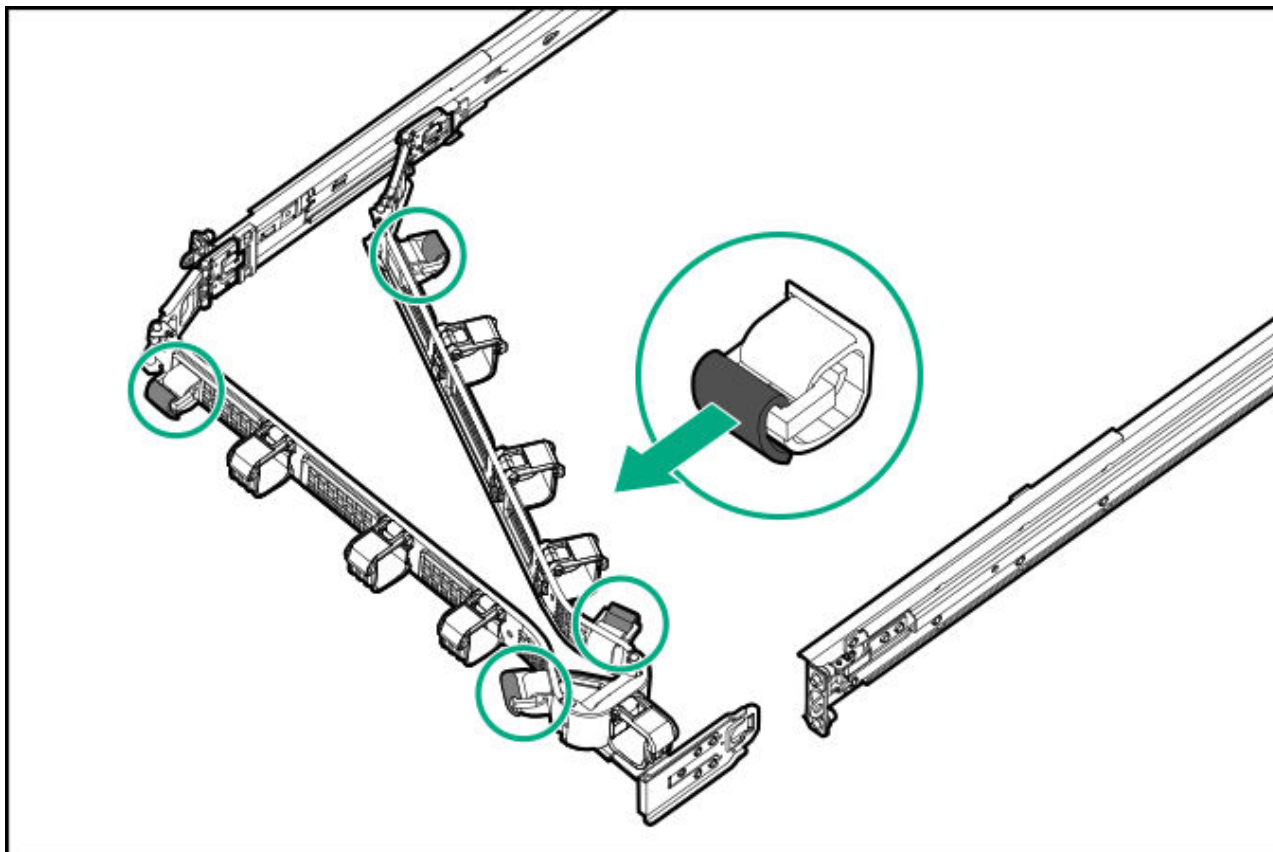
To reduce the risk of personal injury, be careful when pressing the cable management or rail-release latches. The rails or latches could pinch your fingers.

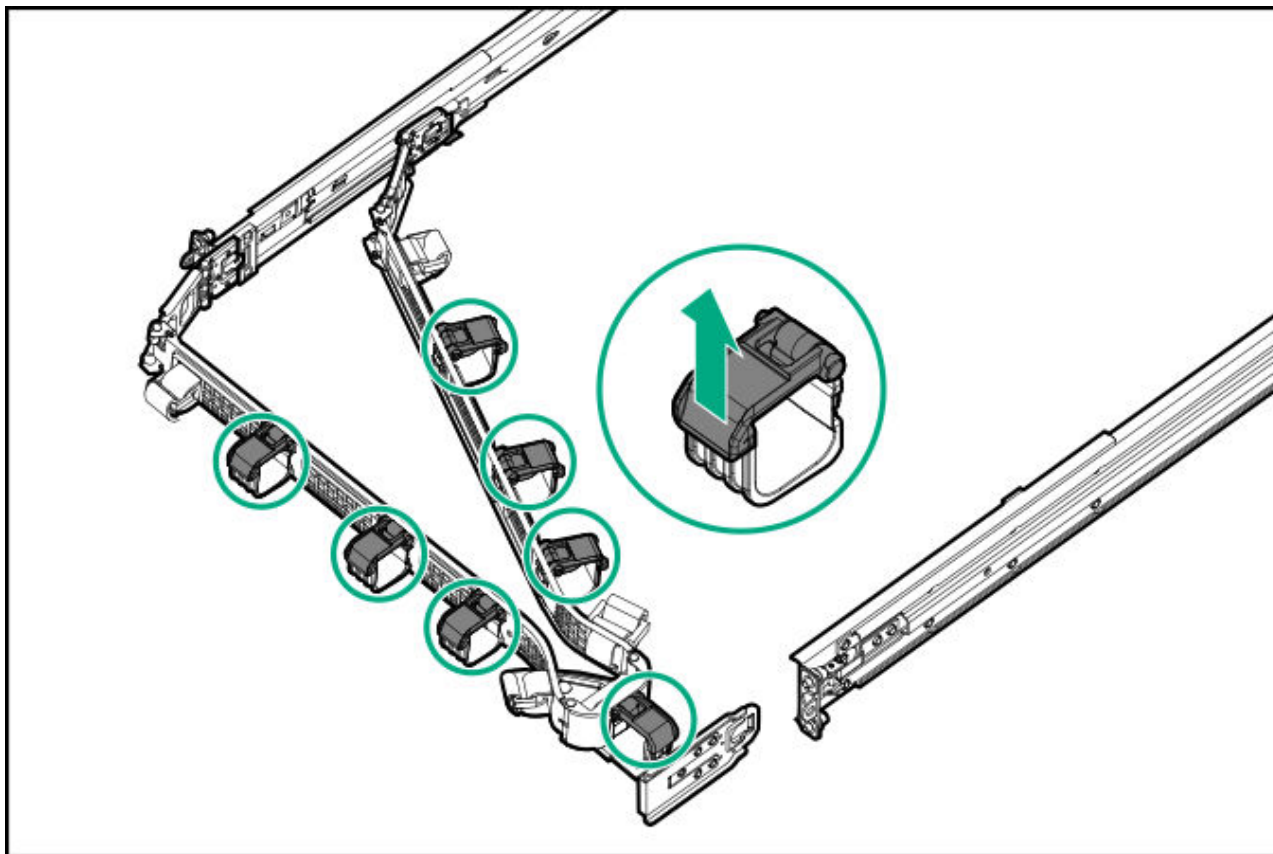
Procedure

1. Connect any cables and power cords to the rear of the server.
2. Install the CMA brackets to the inner and outer rails.

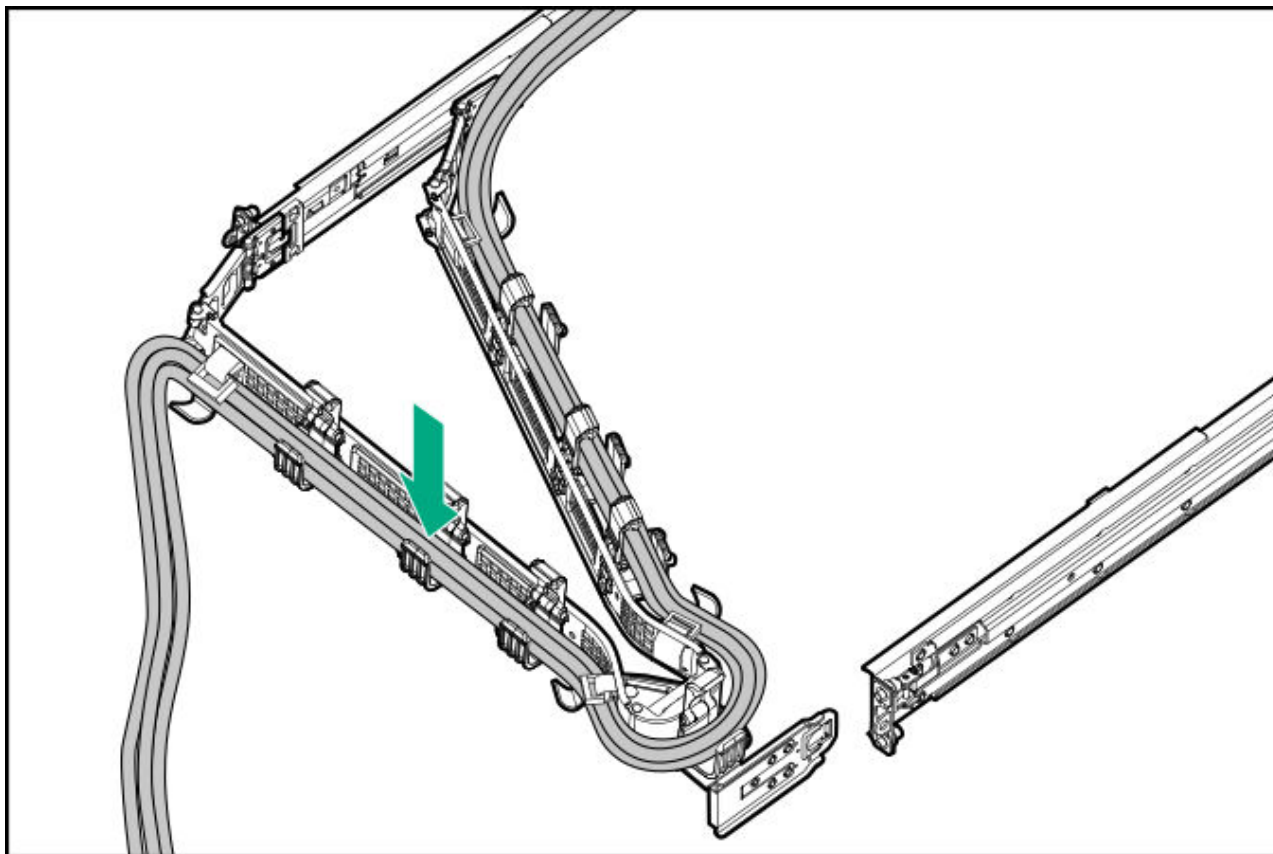


3. Open the straps and cable baskets.

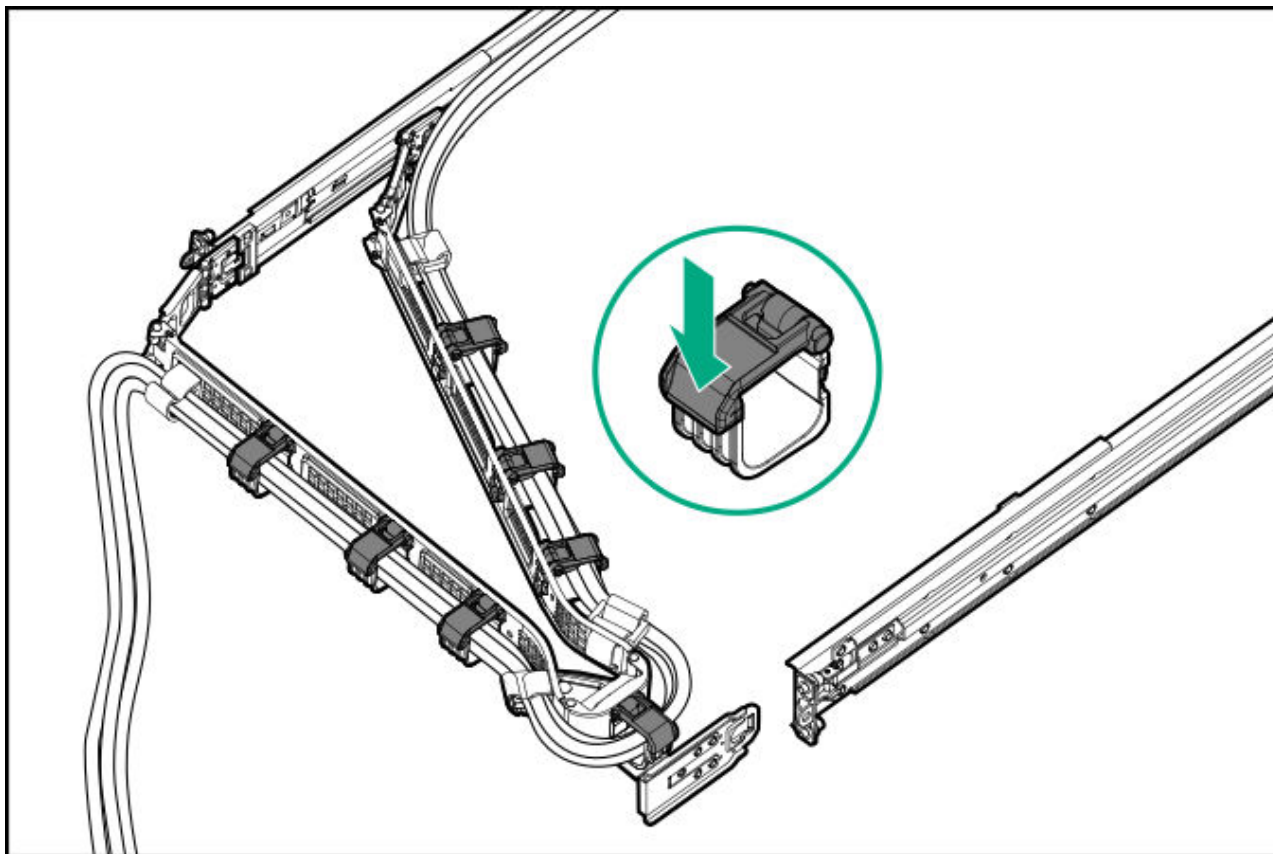




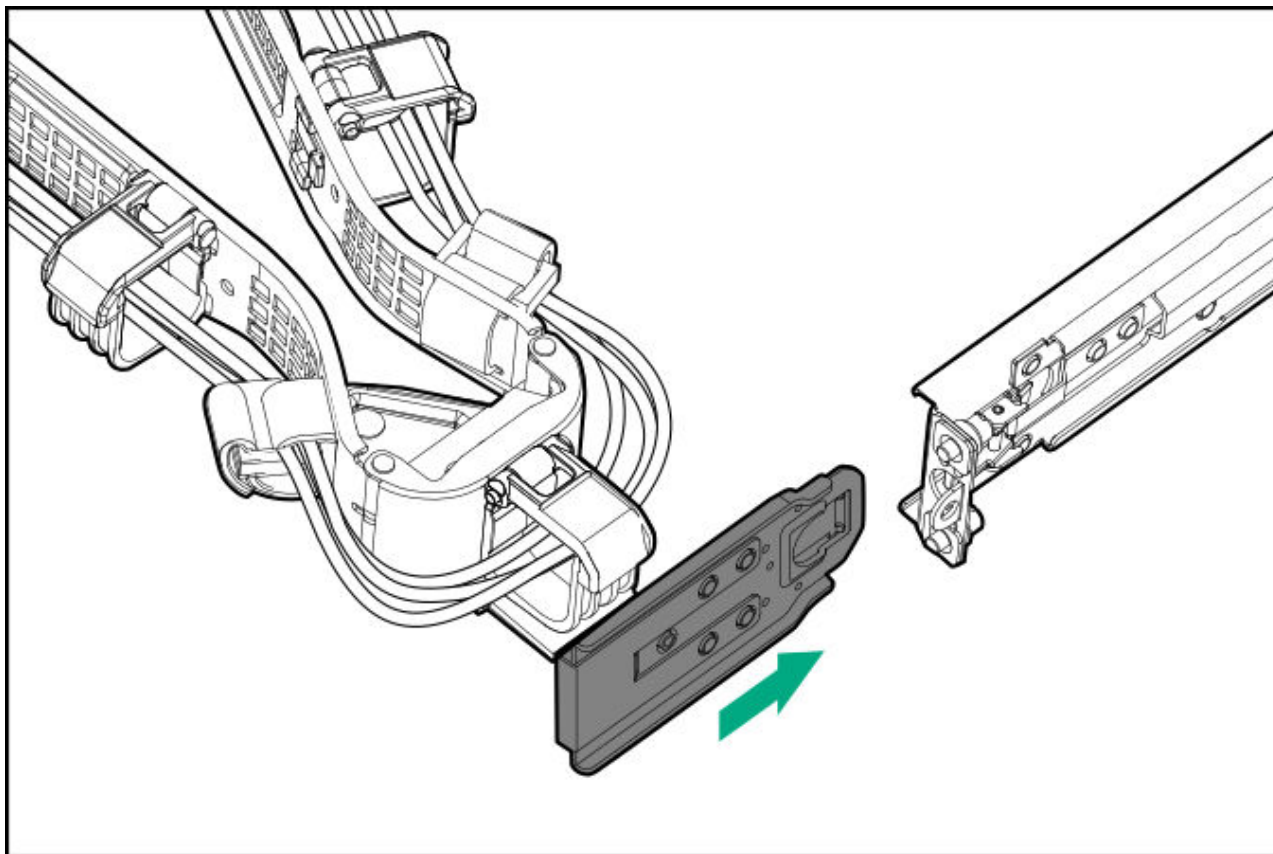
4. Install the cables.



5. Close the baskets and secure the straps.



6. Install the elbow bracket to the outer rail.



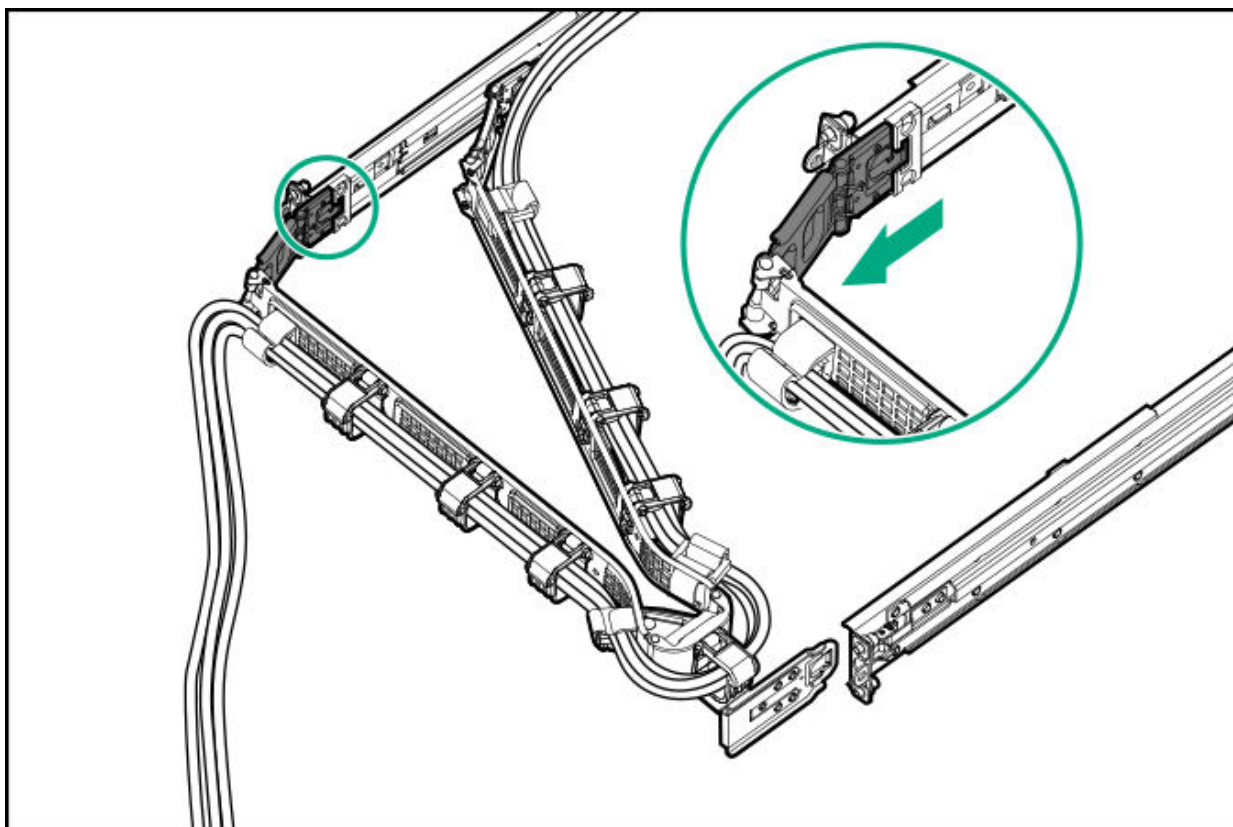
IMPORTANT

Some management arms are designed to hold extra weight:

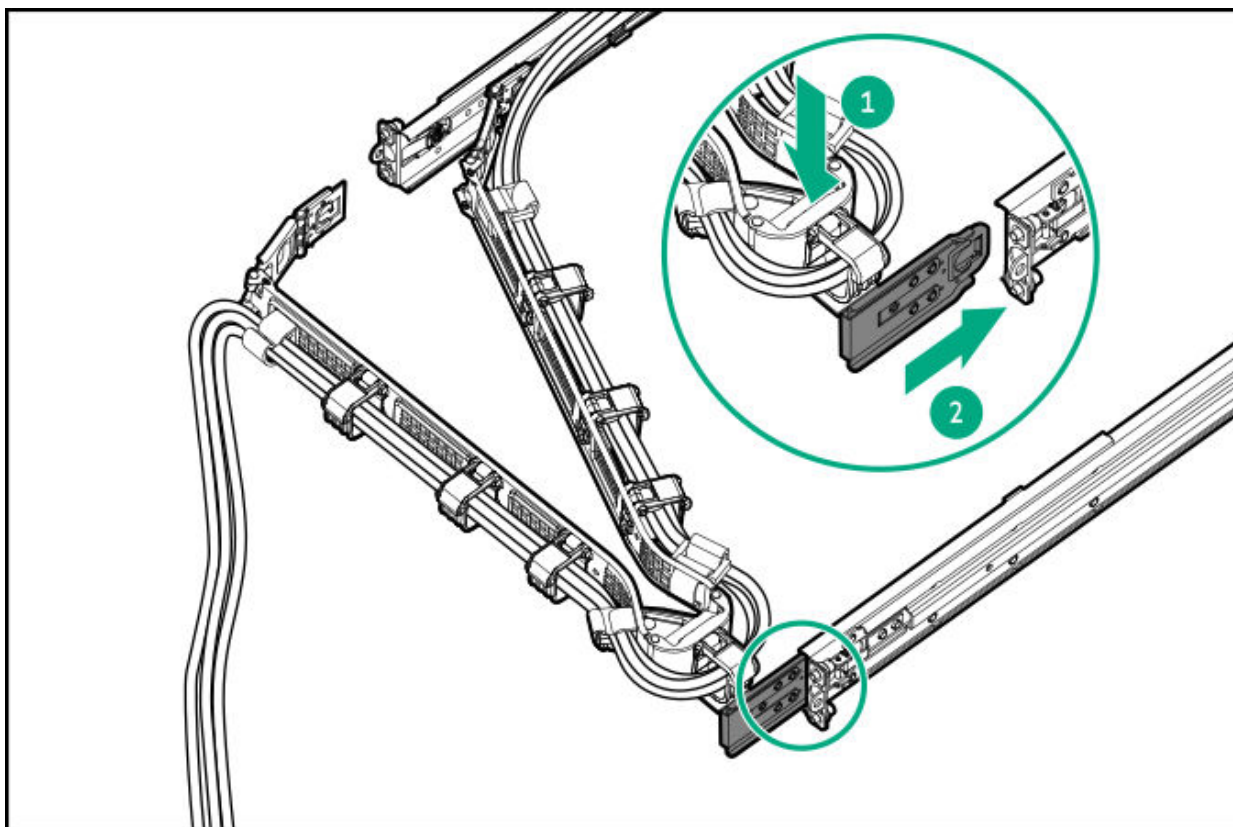
- P26489-B21
- P22020-B21
- P18546-B21

The angle of the brackets requires the outer bracket to be removed before installing the elbow bracket.

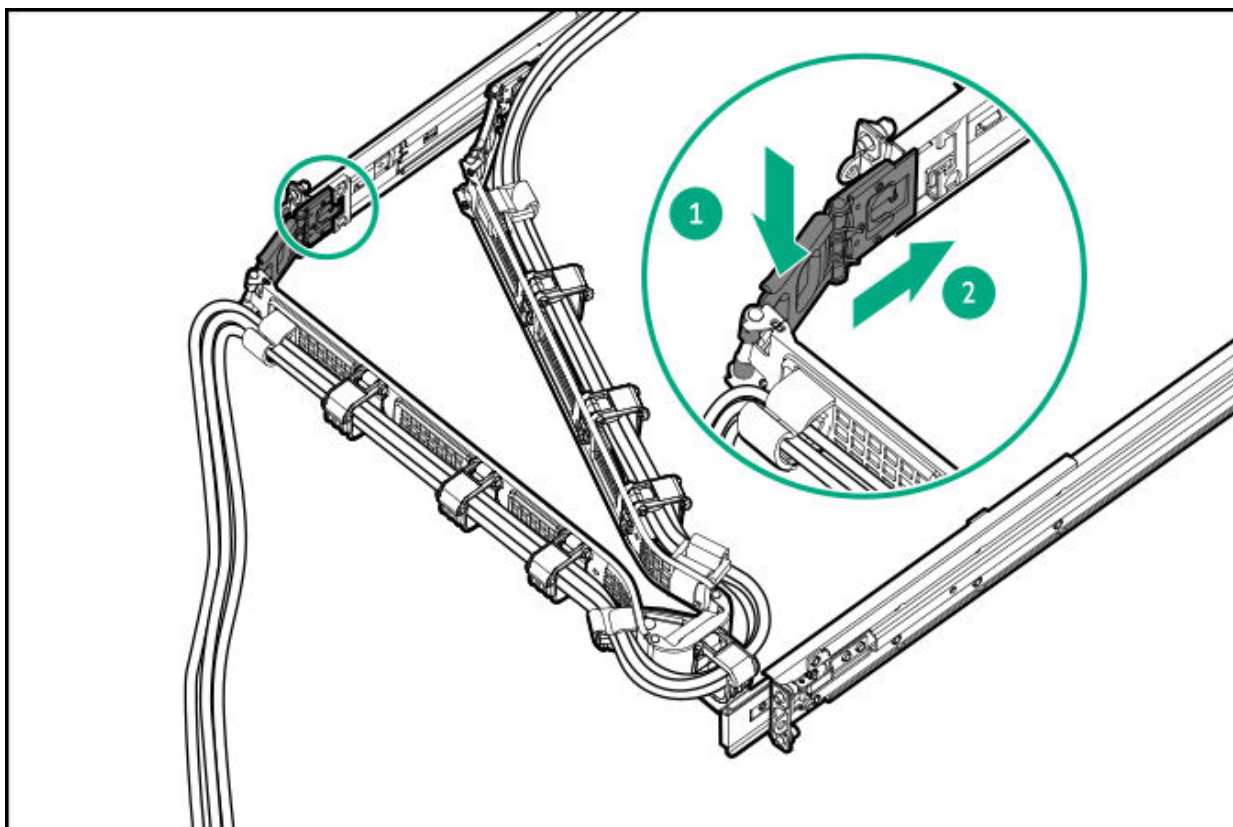
- a. Remove the outer bracket.



b. Align and install the elbow bracket.



c. Install the outer bracket.



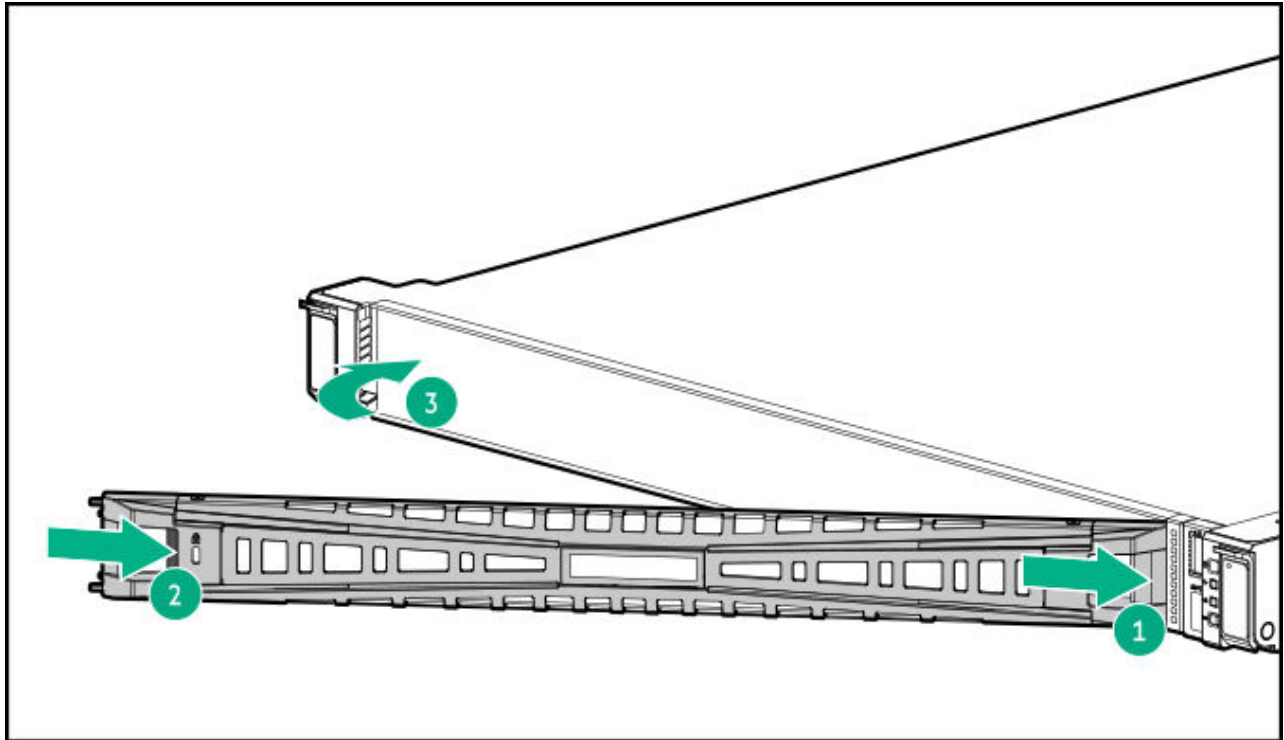
Results

The installation is complete.

Installing the front bezel option

Procedure

1. Attach the front bezel to the right chassis ear.
2. Press and hold the front bezel release latch.
3. Close the front bezel.



4. (Optional) Install the Kensington security lock.

For more information, see the lock documentation.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Power supply options

Depending on the installed options and the regional location where the server was purchased, the server can be configured with one of the supported [power supplies](#).

Subtopics

[**Hot-plug power supply calculations**](#)

[**Power supply warnings and cautions**](#)

[**DC power supply warnings and cautions**](#)

[**DC power supply wire colors**](#)

[**Installing an AC power supply**](#)

[**Installing a DC power supply**](#)

[**Connecting a DC power cable to a DC power source**](#)

Hot-plug power supply calculations

For hot-plug power supply specifications and calculators to determine electrical and heat loading for the server, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Power Advisor website (<https://www.hpe.com/info/poweradvisor/online>).

Power supply warnings and cautions



WARNING

To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment:

- Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.
- Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) electrical outlet that is easily accessible at all times.
- Unplug the power cord from the power supply to disconnect power to the equipment.
- Do not route the power cord where it can be walked on or pinched by items placed against it. Pay particular attention to the plug, electrical outlet, and the point where the cord extends from the server.



WARNING

To reduce the risk of injury from electric shock hazards, do not open power supplies. Refer all maintenance, upgrades, and servicing to qualified personnel.



CAUTION

Mixing different types of power supplies in the same server might:

- Limit or disable some power supply features including support for power redundancy.
- Cause the system to become unstable and might shut down.

To ensure access to all available features, all power supplies in the same server should have the same output and efficiency ratings. Verify that all power supplies have the same part number and label color.

DC power supply warnings and cautions



WARNING

To reduce the risk of electric shock, be sure that the cable grounding kit is properly installed and connected to a suitable protective earth terminal before connecting the power source to the rack.

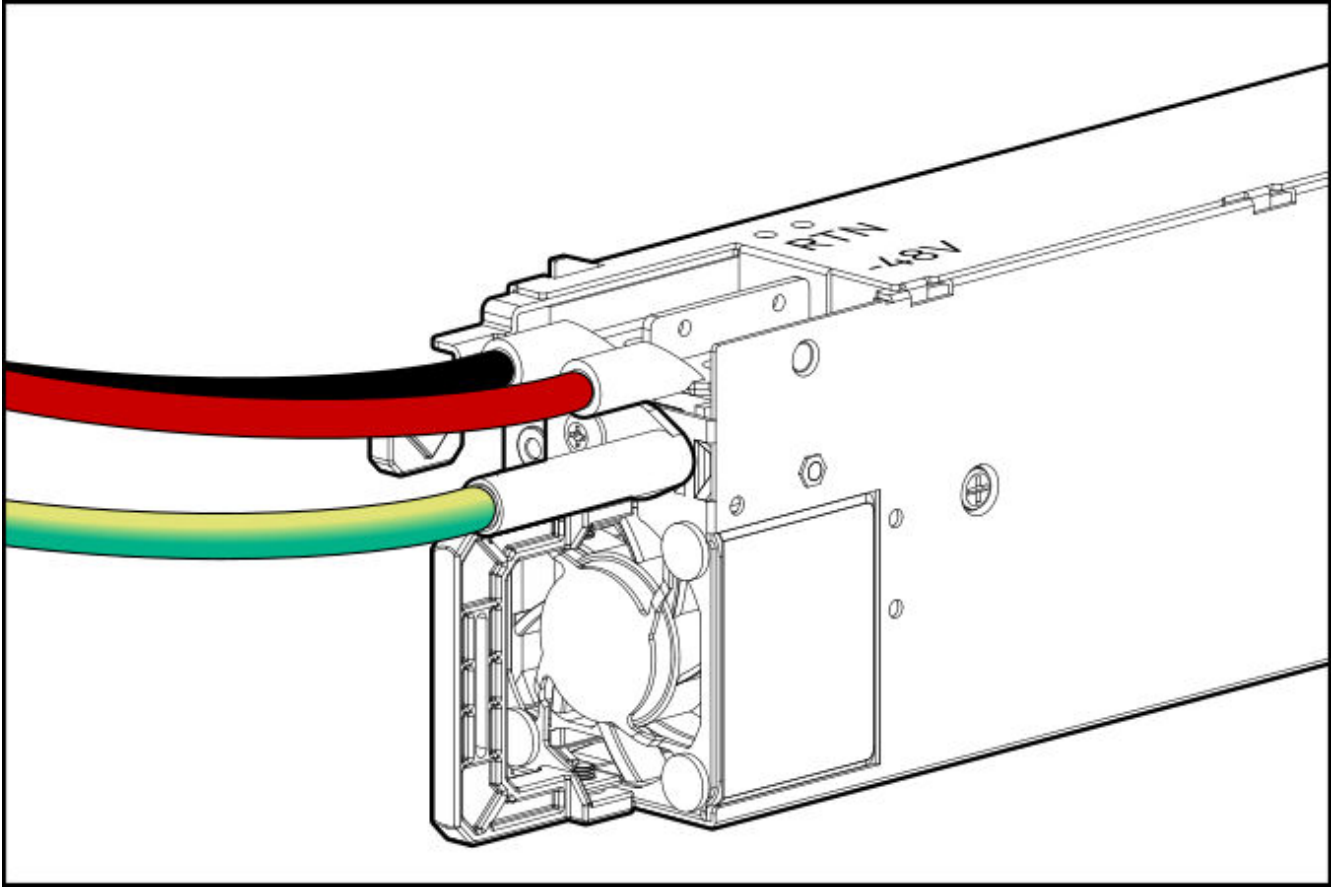


CAUTION

This equipment is designed to permit the connection of the earthed conductor of the DC supply circuit to the earthing conductor at the equipment. If this connection is made, all the following must be met:

- This equipment must be connected directly to the DC supply system earthing electrode conductor or to a bonding jumper from an earthing terminal bar or bus to which the DC supply system earthing electrode conductor is connected.
- This equipment must be located in the same immediate area (such as adjacent cabinets) as any other equipment that has a connection between the earthed conductor of the same DC supply circuit and the earthing conductor, and also the point of earthing of the DC system. The DC system must be earthed elsewhere.
- The DC supply source is to be located within the same premises as the equipment.
- Switching or disconnecting devices must not be in the earthed circuit conductor between the DC source and the point of connection of the earthing electrode conductor.

DC power supply wire colors



Wire color	Description	Wire slot
Red	Line wire	-48V
Black	Return wire	Return
Green + Yellow	Ground wire	Safety ground

Installing an AC power supply

Prerequisites

Before installing a power supply option, review the [Power supply warnings and cautions](#).

About this task



WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the power supply, power supply blank, or dual slot power supply adapter to cool before touching it.



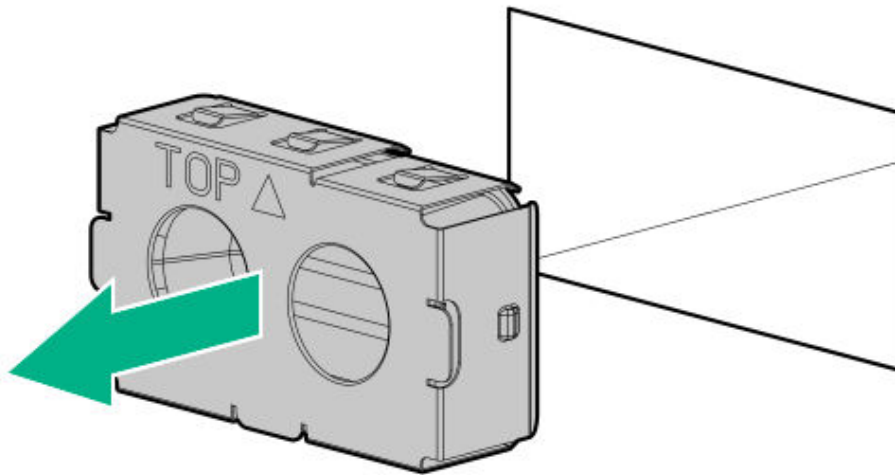
CAUTION

To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all bays are populated with either a component or a blank.

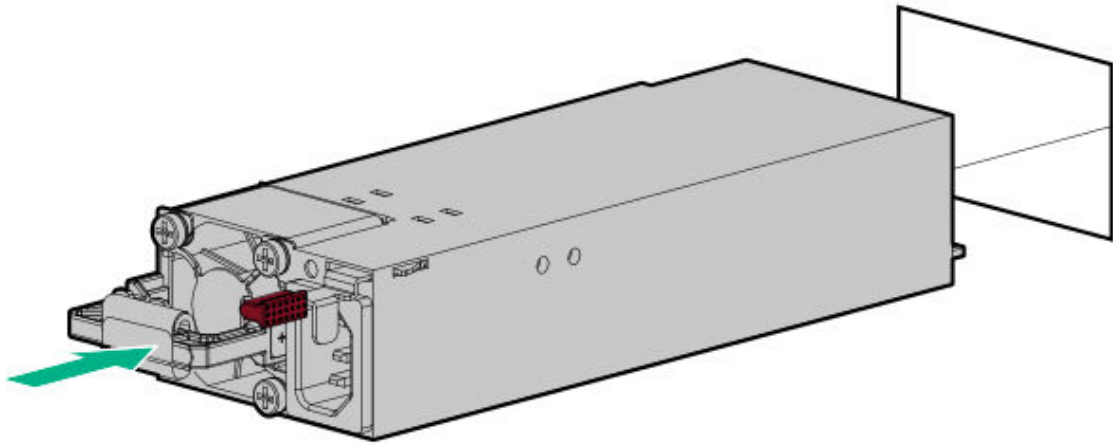
Procedure

1. Remove the power supply blank.

Retain the blank for future use.



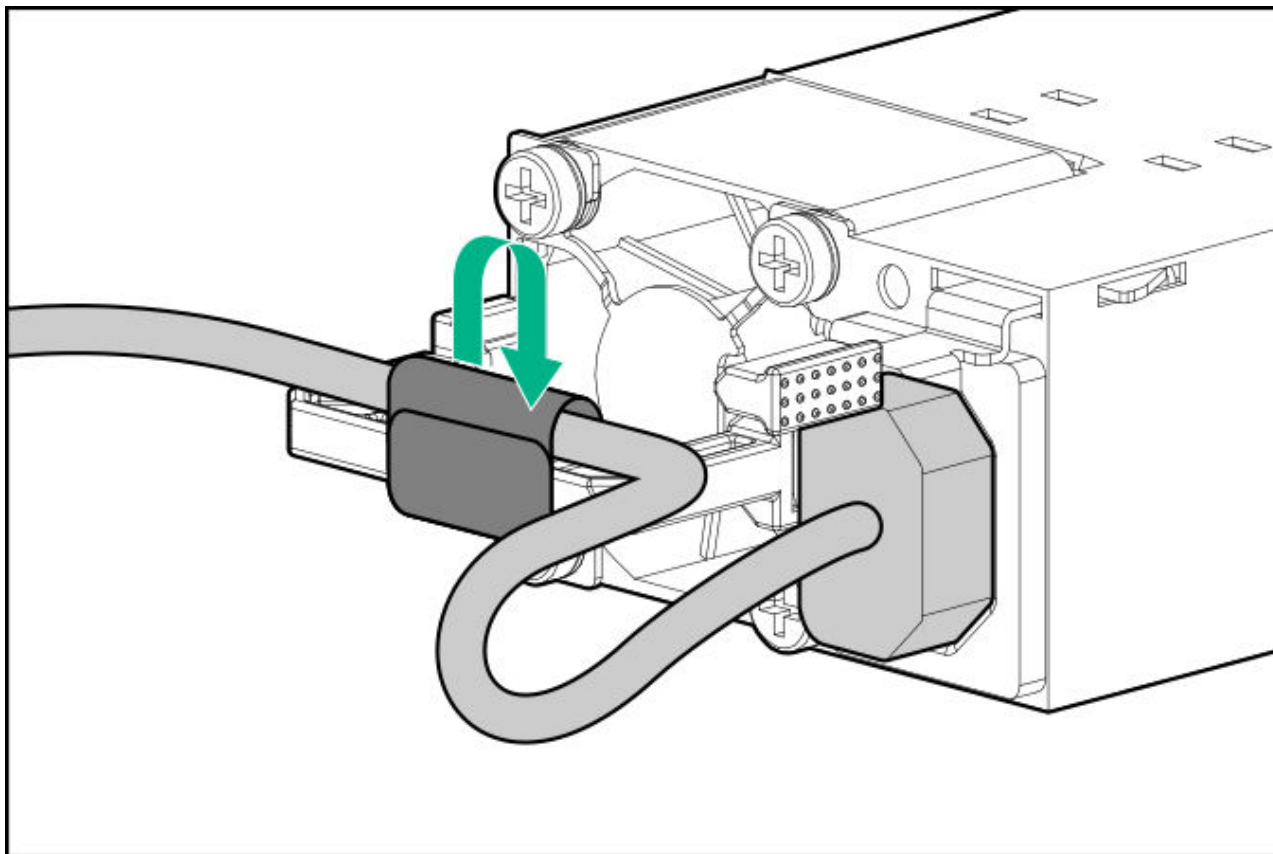
2. Install the power supply.



3. Connect the power cord to the power supply.
4. Secure the power cord.

**CAUTION**

Avoid tight bend radii to prevent damaging the internal wires of a power cord or a server cable. Never bend power cords and server cables tight enough to cause a crease in the sheathing.



5. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
6. Make sure that the power supply LED is green.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing a DC power supply

Prerequisites

- Before installing a power supply, review the following:
 - [Power supply warnings and cautions](#)
 - [DC power supply warnings and cautions](#)

- DC power supply wire colors
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a Phillips No. 2 screwdriver available.
- Before connecting the power cables, review the following:
 - The optional P36877-B21 HPE lug kit can be purchased from an authorized HPE reseller for use with customer-supplied power cables. (The power cable and lug kit listed below can only be used with the 1600 W -48 VDC power supply.)
 - If you are using an input power cord option, the P22173-B21 HPE 1600 W DC PSU power cable kit can be purchased from an authorized HPE reseller.
 - The DC power supply option kits do not ship with a Power Supply DC cable Kit and may not include a Power Supply Cable Lug kit. The optional DC Cable kit or the optional DC Cable Lug Kit may be purchased directly from Hewlett Packard Enterprise or an authorized HPE reseller. For additional information, see the power supply QuickSpecs at <https://www.hpe.com/info/fsps-qs>.

About this task

If you are not using an input power cord option, the power supply cabling must be made in consultation with a licensed electrician and be compliant with local code.



WARNING

To reduce the risk of electric shock, fire, and damage to the equipment, you must install this product in accordance with the following guidelines:

- The HPE 1600 W Flex Slot -48 VDC hot-plug power supply is intended only for installation in servers located in a restricted access location.
- The HPE 1600 W Flex Slot -48 VDC hot-plug power supply is not intended for direct connection to the DC supply branch circuit. Only connect this power supply to a power distribution unit (PDU) that provides an independent overcurrent-protected output for each DC power supply. Each output overcurrent-protected device in the PDU must be suitable for interrupting fault current available from the DC power source and must be rated no more than 45 A.
- The PDU output must have a shut-off switch or a circuit breaker to disconnect power for each power supply. To completely remove power from the power supply, disconnect power at the PDU. The end product may have multiple power supplies. To remove all power from the product, disconnect the power for each power supply.
- In accordance with applicable national requirements for Information Technology Equipment and Telecommunications Equipment, this power supply only connects to DC power sources that are classified as SELV or TNV. Generally, these requirements are based on the International Standard for Information Technology Equipment, IEC 60950-1/IEC 62368-1. In accordance with local and regional electric codes and regulations, the DC source must have one pole (Neutral/Return) reliably connected to earth ground.
- You must connect the power supply ground screw located on the front of the power supply to a suitable ground (earth) terminal. In accordance with local and regional electric codes and regulations, this terminal must be connected to a suitable building ground (earth) terminal. Do not rely on the rack or cabinet chassis to provide adequate ground (earth) continuity.

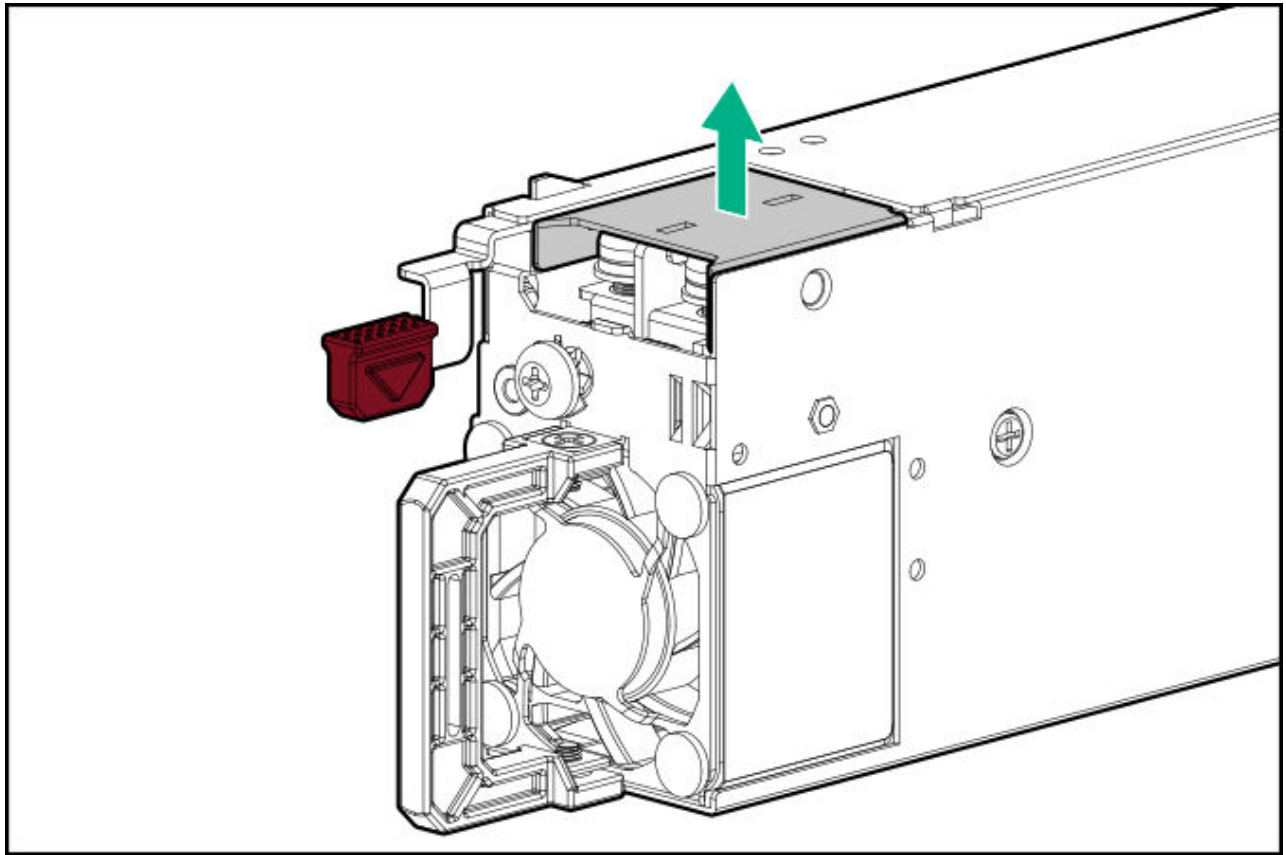


WARNING

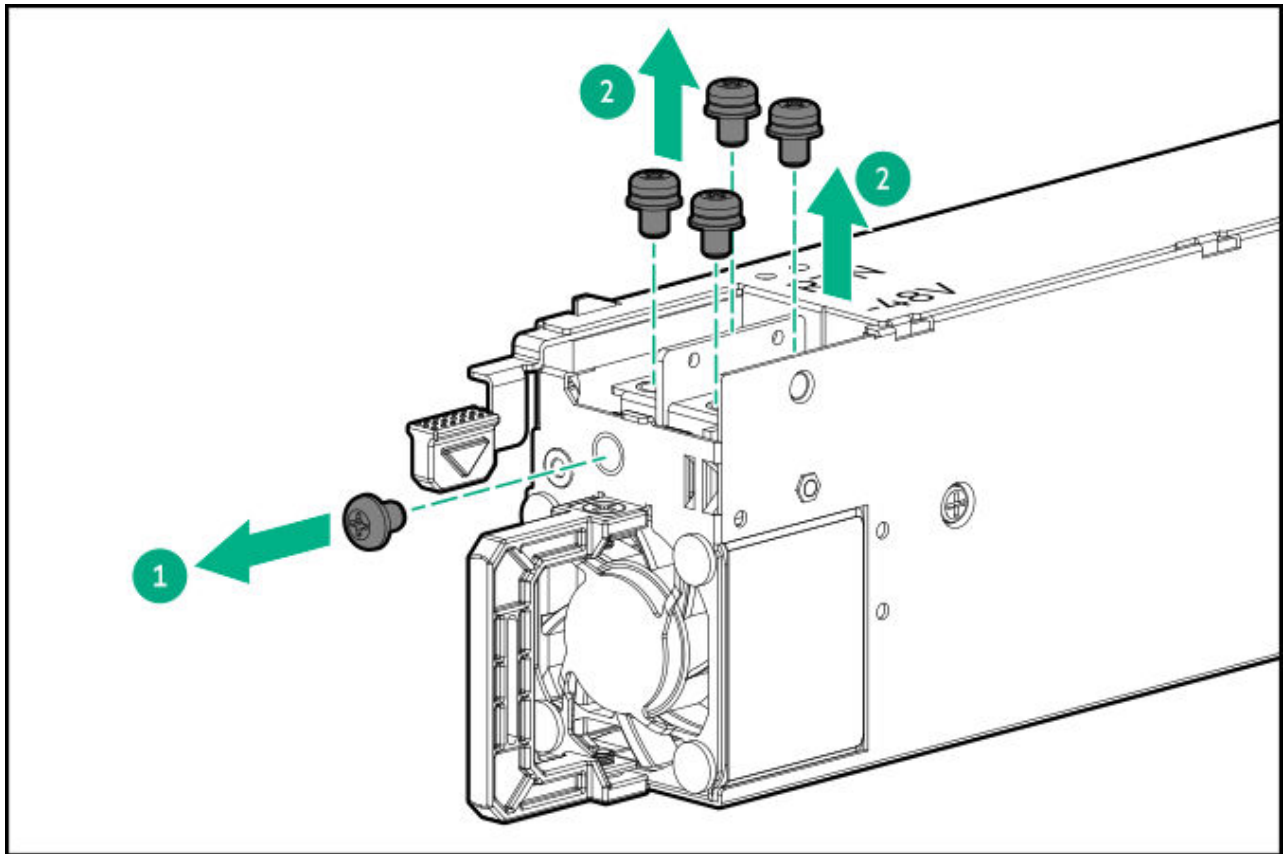
To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the power supply, power supply blank, or dual slot power supply adapter to cool before touching it.

Procedure

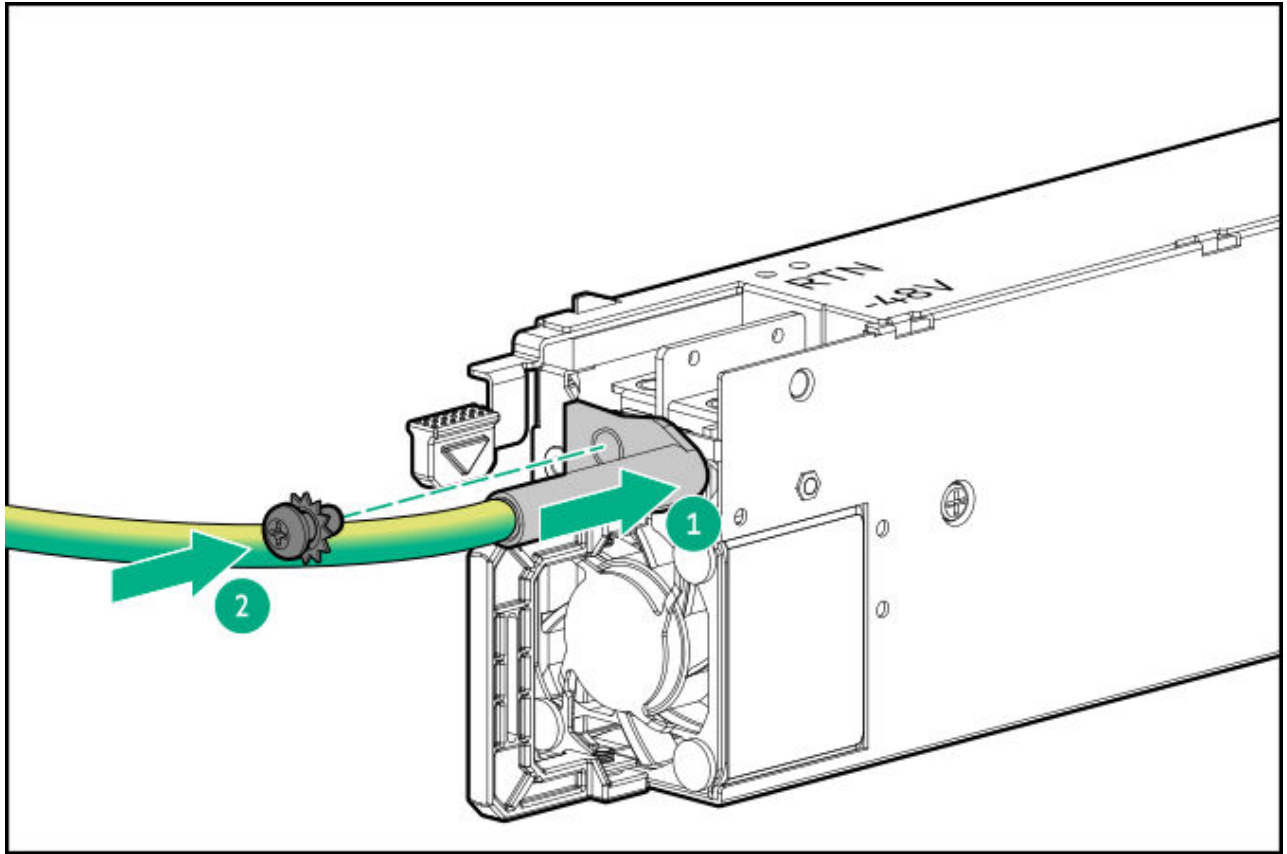
1. Remove the protective cover from the power supply.



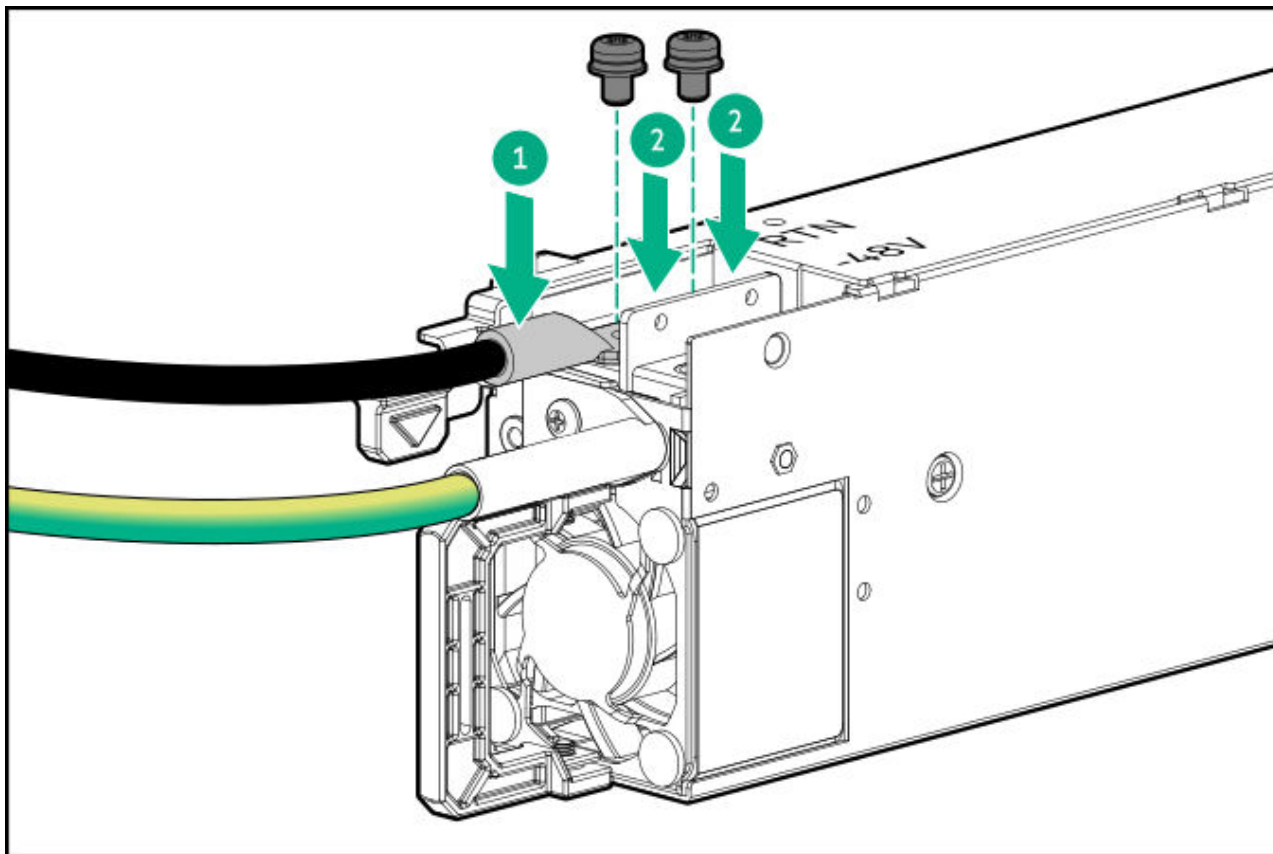
2. Remove the ground wire screw, and then remove the return wire and line wire screws.



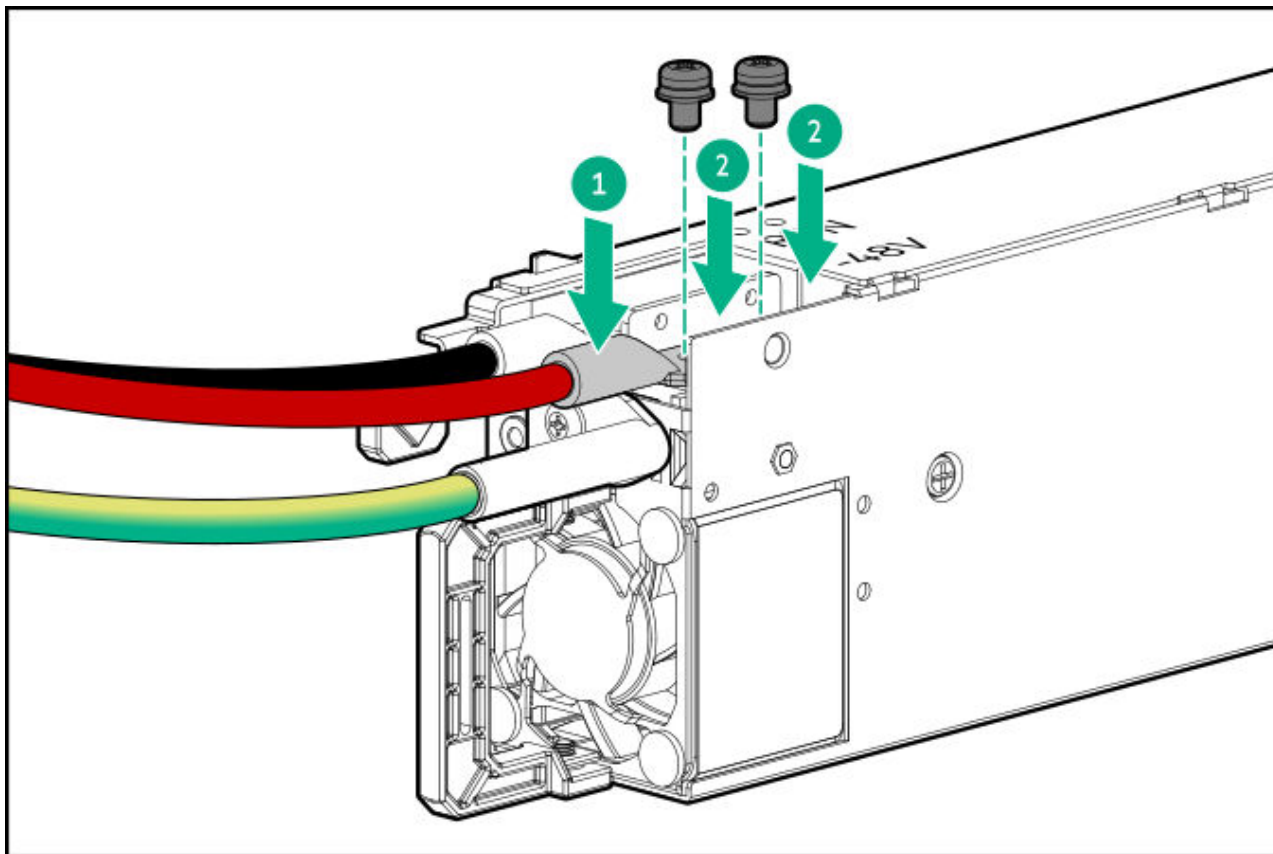
3. Attach the ground wire (green and yellow) to the DC power supply and tighten the screw and washer with 1.47 N-m (13 lbf-in) torque.



4. Install the return wire (black):
 - a. Insert the return wire into the RTN slot on the DC power supply.
 - b. Tighten the screw with 0.98 N-m (8.68 lbf-in) torque.

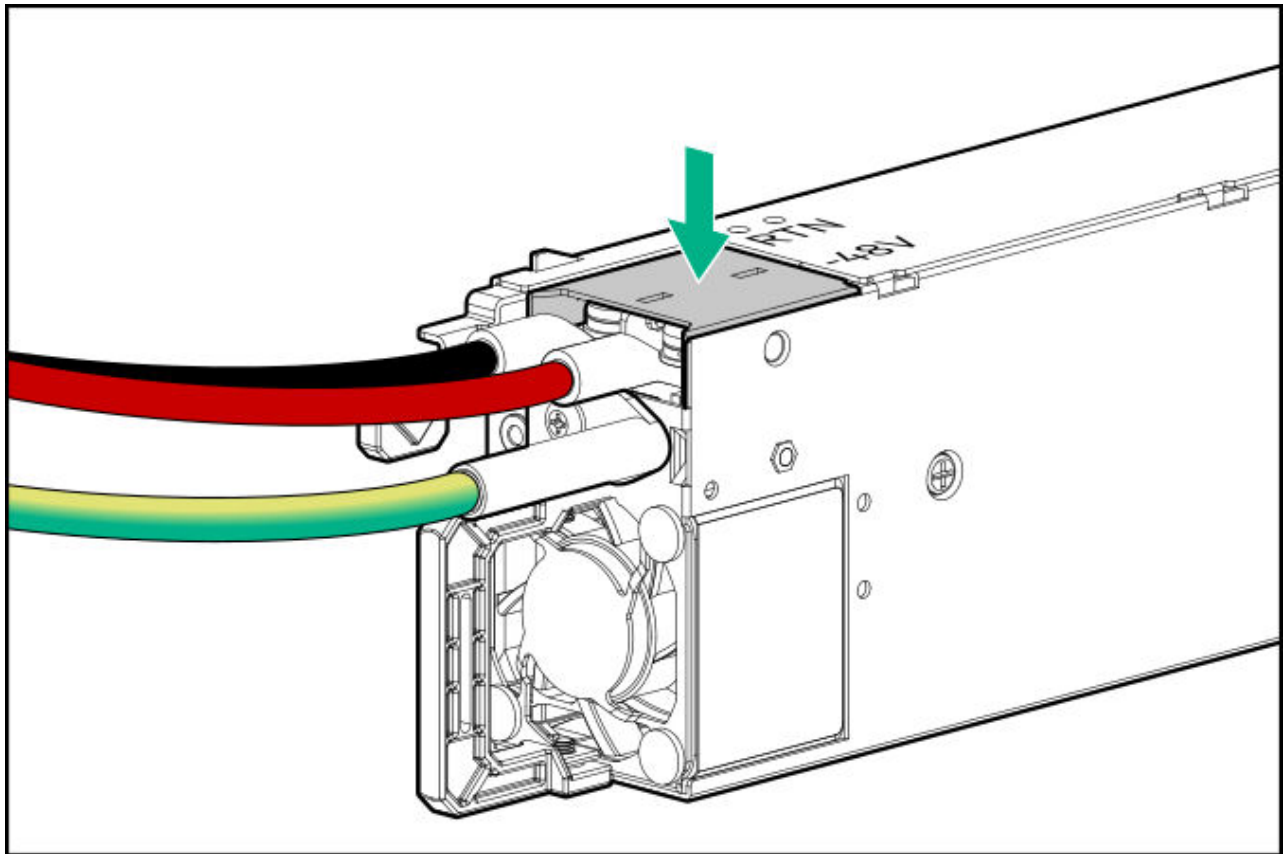


5. Install the line wire (red):
 - a. Insert the line wire into the -48V slot on the DC power supply.
 - b. Tighten the screw to 0.98 N-m (8.68 lbf-in) torque.



6. Install the protective cover on the DC power supply.

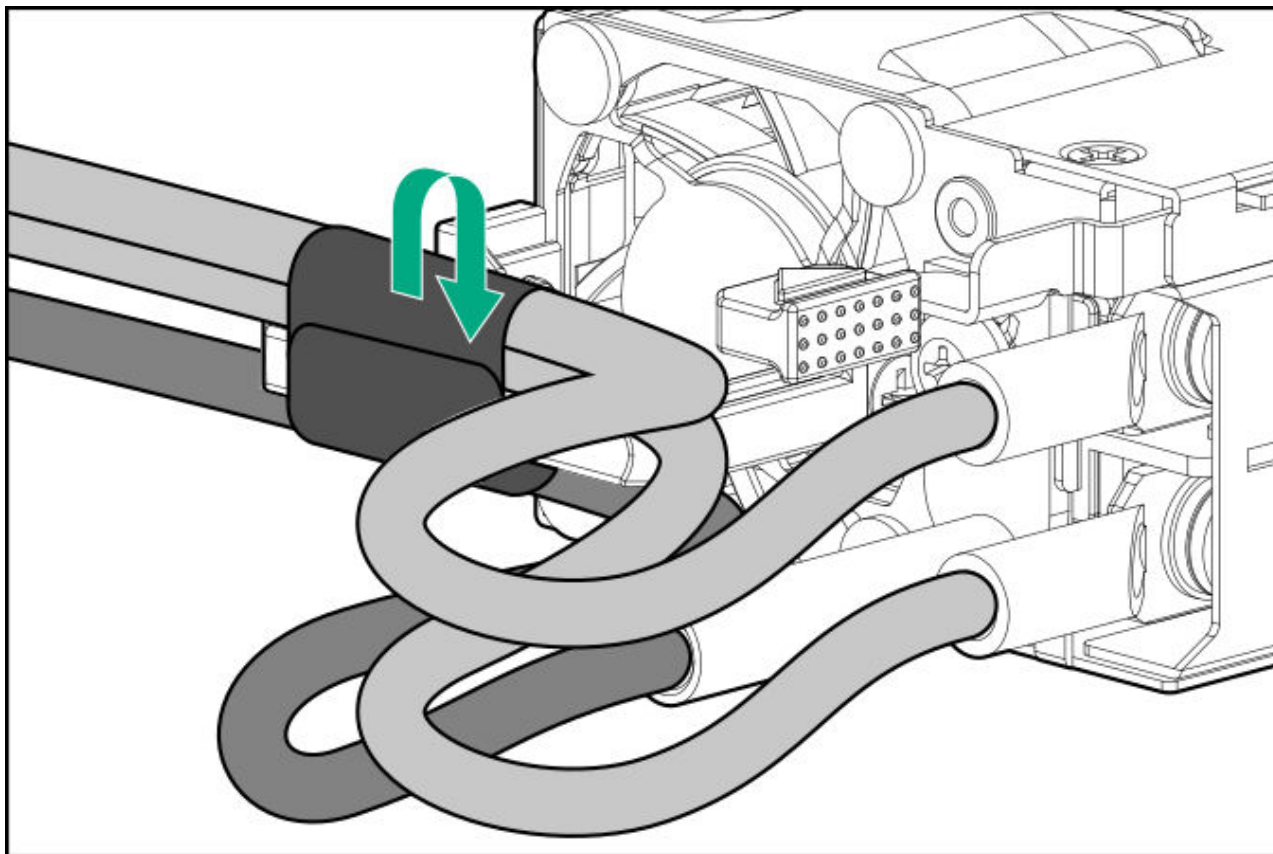
Make sure that the protective cover is locked.



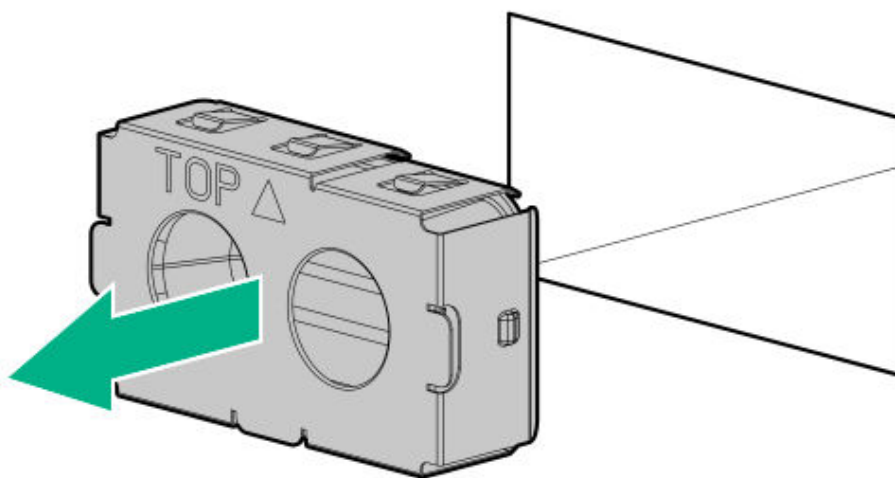
7. Secure the ground, positive return, and negative input wires in the strain relief strap.

**CAUTION**

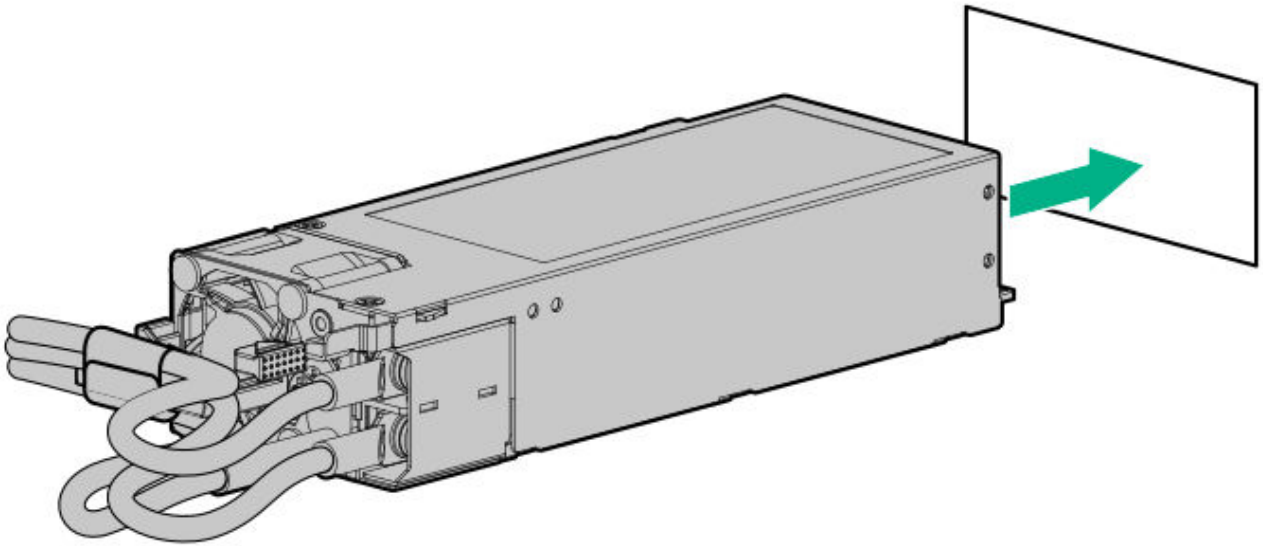
Avoid tight bend radii to prevent damaging the internal wires of a power cord or a server cable. Never bend power cords and server cables tight enough to cause a crease in the sheathing.



8. If you are installing a power supply in the power supply bay 2, remove the power supply blank.
Retain the blank for future use.



9. Immediately slide the power supply into the bay until it clicks into place.



- .0. Make sure the -48 V DC power source is off or the PDU breaker is in the off position, and then connect the power cord to the -48 V DC power source or PDU.
- .1. Turn on the -48 V power source or switch the PDU breaker to the on position to supply -48 V to the power supply.
- .2. Connect a DC power cable to a DC power source.
- .3. Make sure that the power supply LED is green.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Connecting a DC power cable to a DC power source

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:

- Electrical wire cutter
- Hand crimp tool

About this task



WARNING

To reduce the risk of electric shock or energy hazards:

- This equipment must be installed by trained service personnel and in accordance with local and regional electric codes and regulations
- Connect the equipment to a reliably grounded secondary circuit source. A secondary circuit has no direct connection to a primary circuit and derives its power from a transformer, converter, or equivalent isolation device.
- The overcurrent protection for the DC source must not exceed 45 A.



WARNING

When installing a DC power supply, the ground wire must be connected before the positive or negative leads.



WARNING

Remove power from the power supply before performing any installation steps or maintenance on the power supply.



CAUTION

The server equipment connects the earthed conductor of the DC supply circuit to the earthing conductor at the equipment. For more information, see the documentation that ships with the power supply.



CAUTION

If a DC connection exists between the earthed conductor of the DC supply circuit and the earthing conductor at the server equipment, the following conditions must be met:

- This equipment must be connected directly to the DC supply system earthing electrode conductor or to a bonding jumper from an earthing terminal bar or bus to which the DC supply system earthing electrode conductor is connected.
- Locate the equipment in the same immediate area (such as adjacent cabinets) as any other equipment that has a connection between the earthed conductor of the same DC supply circuit and the earthing conductor, and also the point of earthing of the DC system. The DC system must be earthed

Procedure

1. Cut the DC power cord ends no shorter than 150.00 cm (59.06 in).



IMPORTANT

The ring terminals must be UL approved and accommodate 6 AWG wires.



IMPORTANT

The minimum nominal thread diameter of a pillar or stud type terminal must be 3.50 mm (0.138 in). The diameter of a screw type terminal must be 5.00 mm (0.197 in).

2. If the power source requires ring tongues, use a crimping tool to install the ring tongues on the power cord wires and ground wire.
3. Stack each same-colored pair of wires and then attach them to the same power source.

For more information, see the documentation that ships with the power supply.

Transceiver option

Transceivers serve as the connection between the adapter and the network cable for maintaining high-speed performance.

Subtopics

Transceiver warnings and cautions

Installing a transceiver

Transceiver warnings and cautions



WARNING

Fiber-optic transceivers and fiber-optic cables connected to transceivers emit laser light that can damage your eyes. To avoid eye injuries, avoid direct eye exposure to the beam from the fiber-optic transceiver or into the ends of fiber-optic cables when they are powered-up.



CAUTION

The presence of dust in transceiver ports can cause poor cable connectivity. To prevent dust from entering, install a dust plug in an unused transceiver port.



CAUTION

Supported transceivers can be hot-swapped—removed and installed while the server is powered-on. However, to prevent potential damage to the transceiver or the fiber-optic cable, disconnect the cable from the transceiver before hot-swapping it.



CAUTION

Do not remove and install transceivers more often than is necessary. Doing so can shorten the useful life of the transceiver.



IMPORTANT

When you replace a transceiver with another of a different type, the server might retain selected port-specific configuration settings that were configured for the replaced transceiver. Be sure to validate or reconfigure port settings as required.

Installing a transceiver

Prerequisites

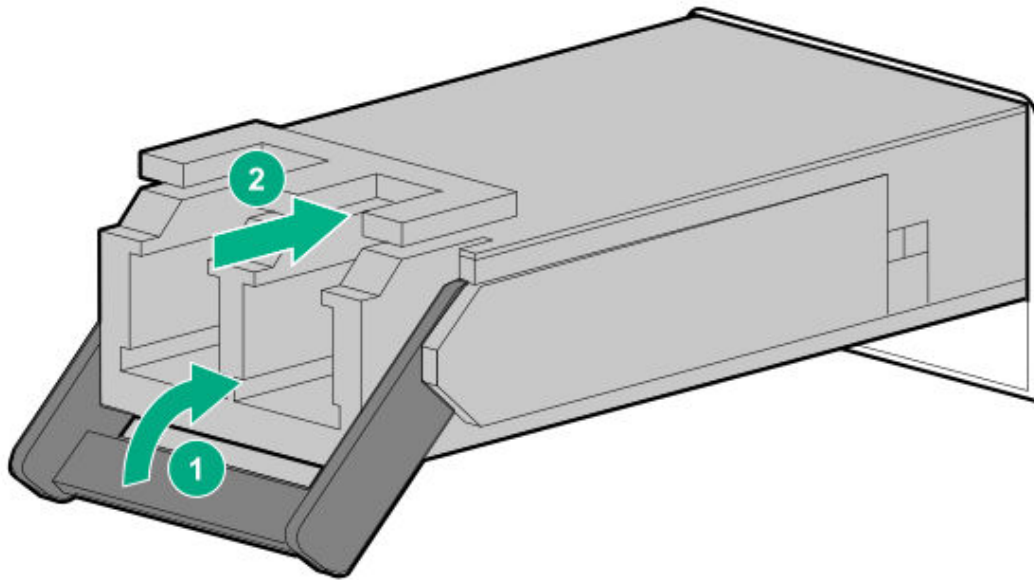
Before installing a transceiver option, review the following:

- [Transceiver warnings and cautions](#)
- Transceiver documentation for specific operational and cabling requirements

Procedure

1. Hold the transceiver by its sides and gently insert it into the network adapter port until it clicks into place.

Transceivers are keyed so that they can only be inserted in the correct orientation. If the transceiver does not fit easily into the port, you might have positioned it incorrectly. Reverse the orientation of the transceiver and insert it again.



2. Remove the dust plug or protective cover from the transceiver.
3. Connect a compatible LAN segment cable to the transceiver.
4. Make sure that the NIC link LED on the port is solid green.

For more information on the port LED behavior, see the documentation that ships with the transceiver.

5. If needed, see the transceiver documentation for the model-specific fastening mechanism applicable to the transceiver.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Drive options

Depending on the drive backplane installed, the server supports the following drive types:

- Hot-plug LFF SAS or SATA drives
- Hot-plug SFF SAS, SATA, or U.3 NVMe drives
- Hot-plug E3.S PCIe5 NVMe SSDs

This server has no embedded software RAID support. Direct attached SATA or NVMe drives operate in AHCI mode.

To support hardware RAID, [install a storage controller option](#).

Subtopics

Drive installation guidelines

Installing a hot-plug LFF/SFF drive

Installing an E3.S drive

Drive installation guidelines

Observe the following general guidelines:

- The system automatically sets all drive numbers.



CAUTION

When a server is purchased without any drive installed, some drive bays might be empty while other drive bays might be populated with drive blanks. To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the server without a drive or a drive blank installed.

- If only one drive is used, install it in the bay with the lowest drive number. For drive numbering, see [Drive bay numbering](#).
- This server does not support mixed drive types.
- When installing NVMe drives, install the same drive type. Mixed NVMe drives are not supported.
- All drives grouped into the same drive array must meet the following criteria:
 - They must be either all hard drives or all solid-state drives.
 - Drives must be the same capacity to provide the greatest storage space efficiency.

Installing a hot-plug LFF/SFF drive

About this task



CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.



CAUTION

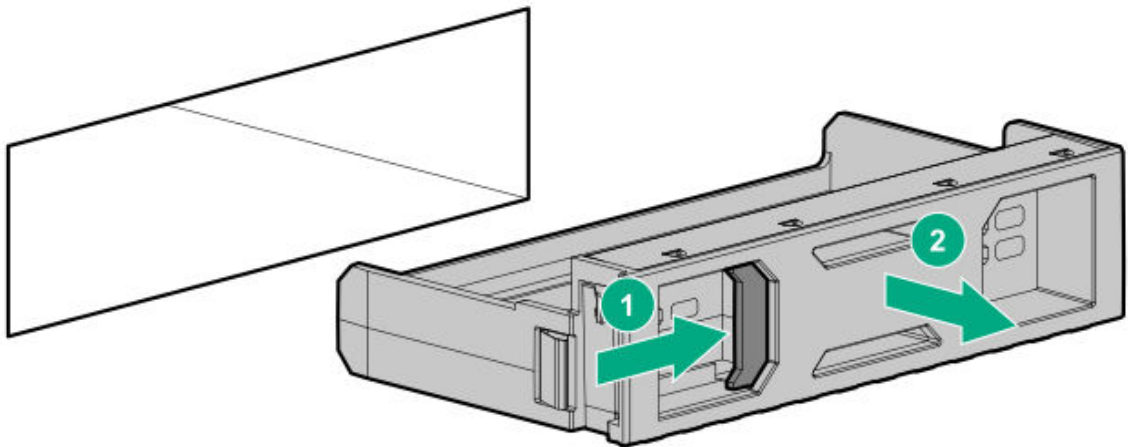
To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all bays are populated with either a component or a blank.

Procedure

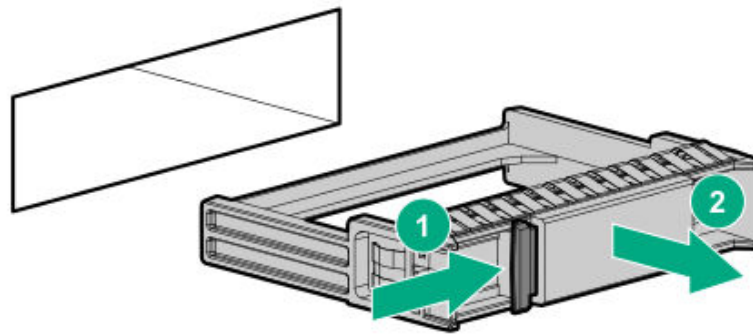
1. Back up all server data.
2. If installed, remove the front bezel.
3. Remove the drive blank.

Retain the blank for future use.

- LFF drive blank

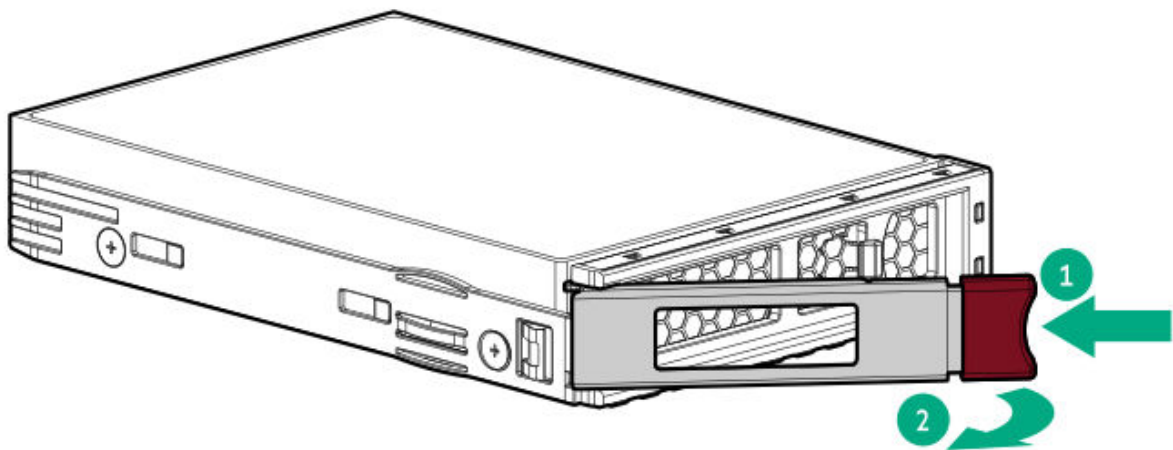


- SFF drive blank

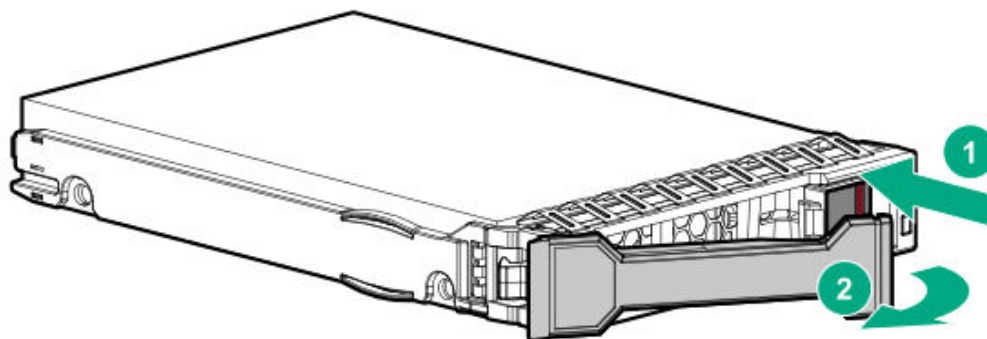


4. Prepare the drive.

- LFF drive

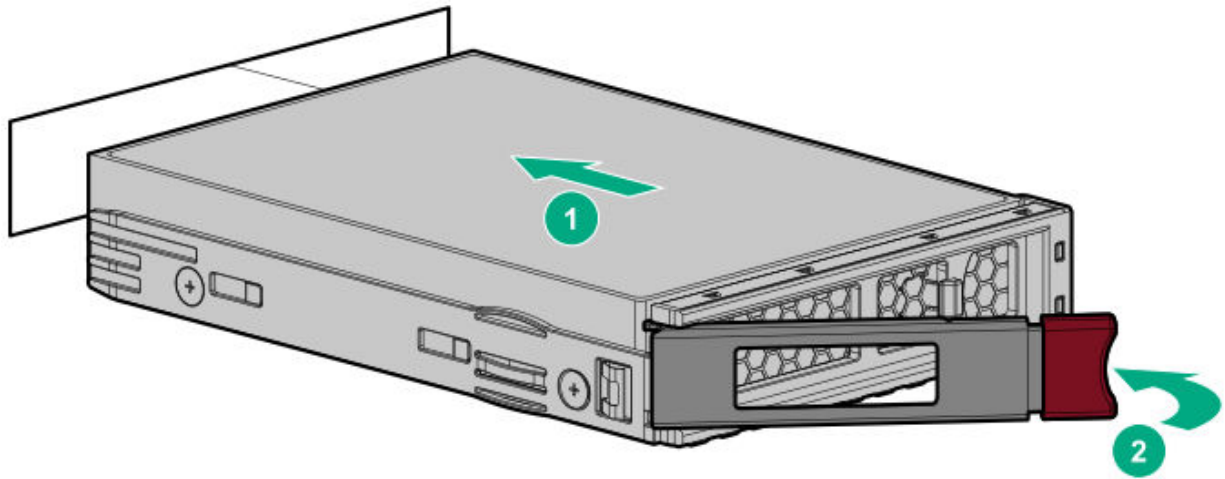


- SFF drive

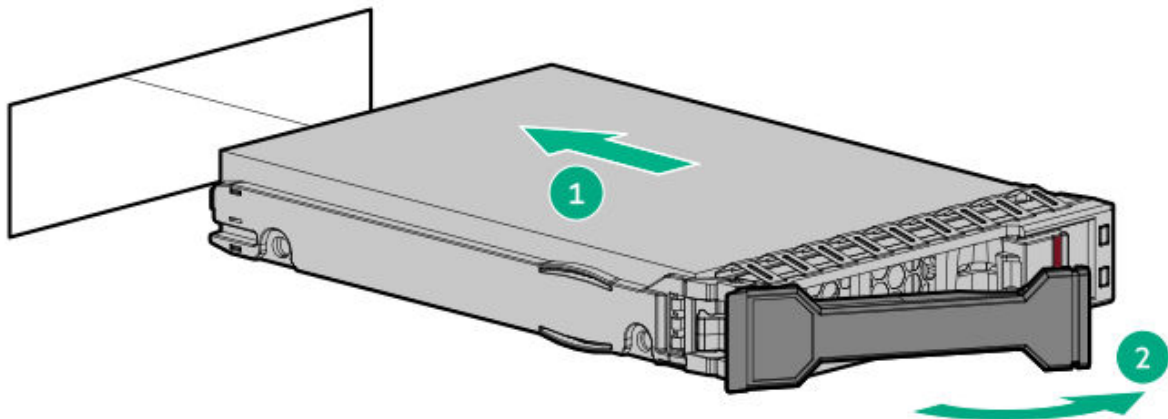


5. Install the drive.

- LFF drive



- SFF drive



6. Determine the status of the drive from the drive LED definition.
7. If removed, install the front bezel.
8. To configure drive arrays, see the relevant storage controller guide.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing an E3.S drive

About this task



CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.



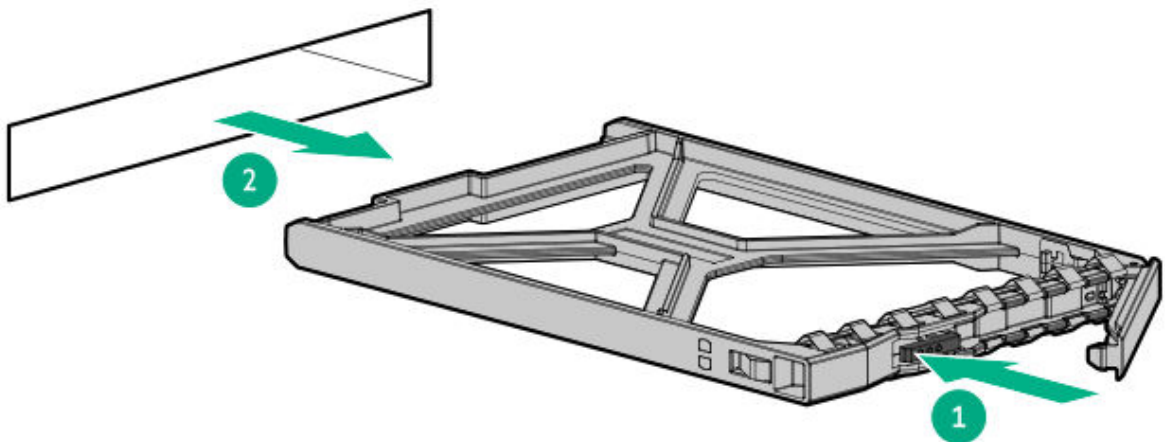
CAUTION

To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all bays are populated with either a component or a blank.

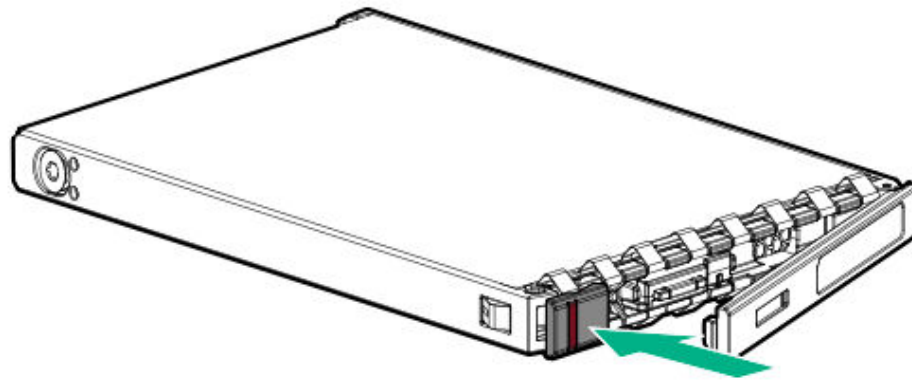
Procedure

1. Back up all server data.
2. If installed, remove the front bezel.
3. Remove the drive blank.

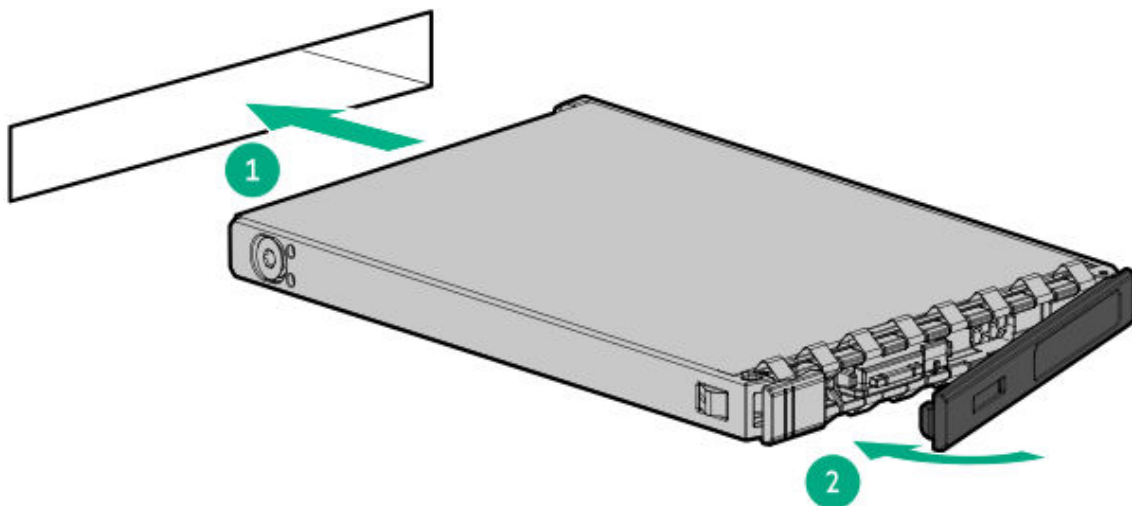
Retain the blank for future use.



4. Prepare the drive.



5. Install the drive.

**NOTE**

To make sure that the drive has installed successfully, make sure that the latch is engaged with the drive cage.

6. Determine the status of the drive from the drive LED definition.
7. Install the front bezel.
8. To configure drive arrays, see the relevant storage controller guide.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Drive cage options

Subtopics

[Installing the 2 SFF side-by-side drive cage option](#)

[Installing the 4 SFF NVMe drive cage option](#)

[Installing the 8 E3.S drive cage option](#)

Installing the 2 SFF side-by-side drive cage option

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a T-10 Torx screwdriver available.

About this task

This server supports several 2 SFF drive cage options with [different backplanes](#):

- 2 SFF 16G x4 U.2 NVMe / SAS UBM4 BC
- 2 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM3 BC
- 2 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM6 BC

For more information on the drive backplane description, see [Drive backplane naming convention](#).



CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe [antistatic precautions](#).



CAUTION

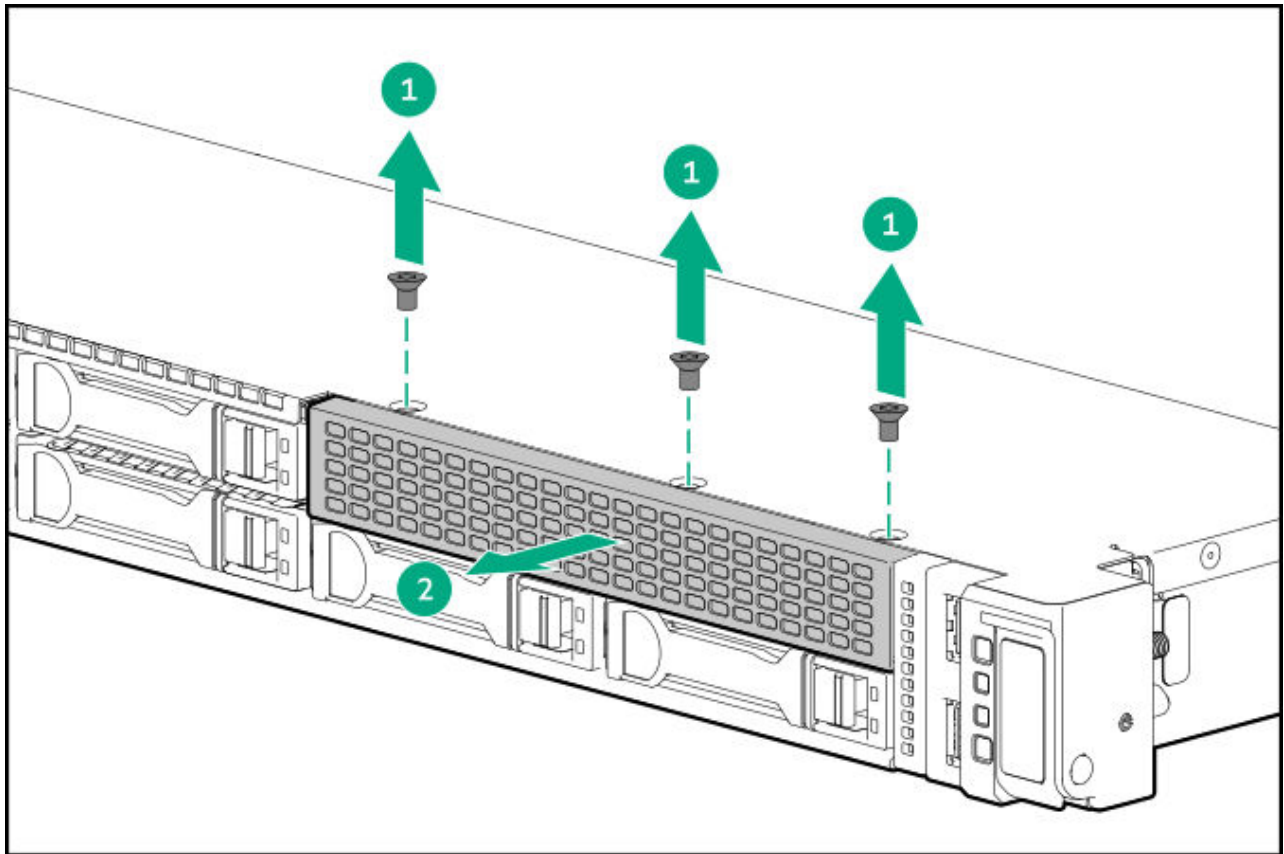
To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all bays are populated with either a component or a blank.

Procedure

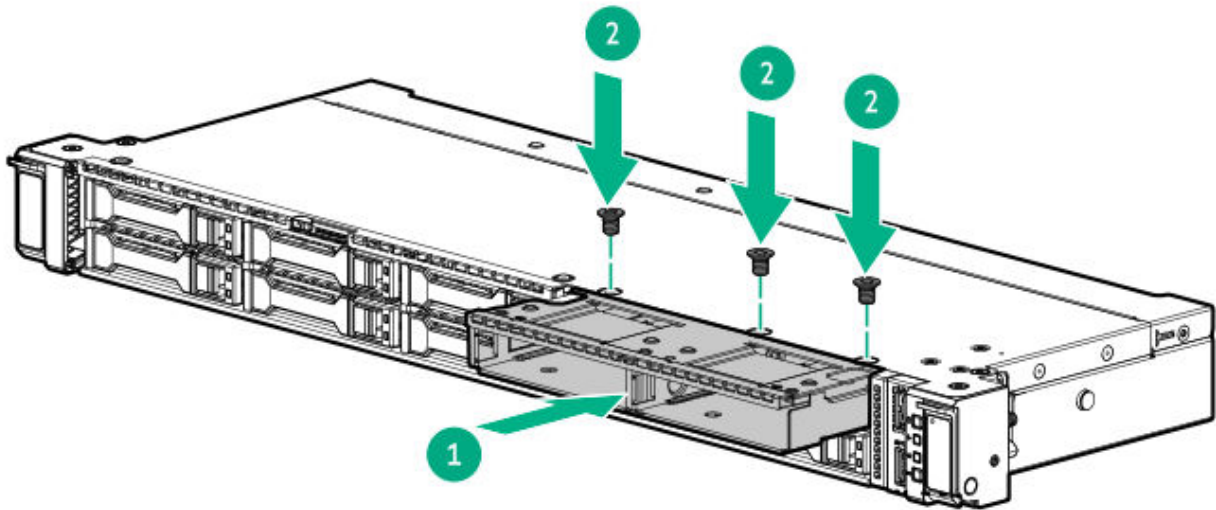
1. [Back up all server data](#).
2. If installed, [remove the front bezel](#).
3. [Power down the server](#).

4. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
5. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
6. Remove the server from the rack.
7. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
8. Remove the access panel.
9. Remove the middle cover.
10. Remove the universal media bay blank.

Retain the screws and blank. These screws will be used to secure the new 2 SFF side-by-side drive cage assembly.



1. Install the 2 SFF side-by-side drive cage assembly.



.2. Connect following cables to 2 SFF side-by-side drive cage backplane:

- Storage controller cables
- Drive power cable

.3. Install the middle cover.

.4. Install the access panel.

.5. Install the server into the rack.

.6. Connect the power cords:

- a. Connect each power cord to the server.
- b. Connect each power cord to the power source.

.7. Power up the server.

.8. Install SAS, SATA, or U.3 NVMe drives.

.9. Install the front bezel.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing the 4 SFF NVMe drive cage option

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a T-10 Torx screwdriver available.

About this task

This server supports several 4 SFF NVMe drive cage options with different backplanes.

- 2 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM3 BC
- 2 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM6 BC

For more information on the drive backplane description, see Drive backplane naming convention.



CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.



CAUTION

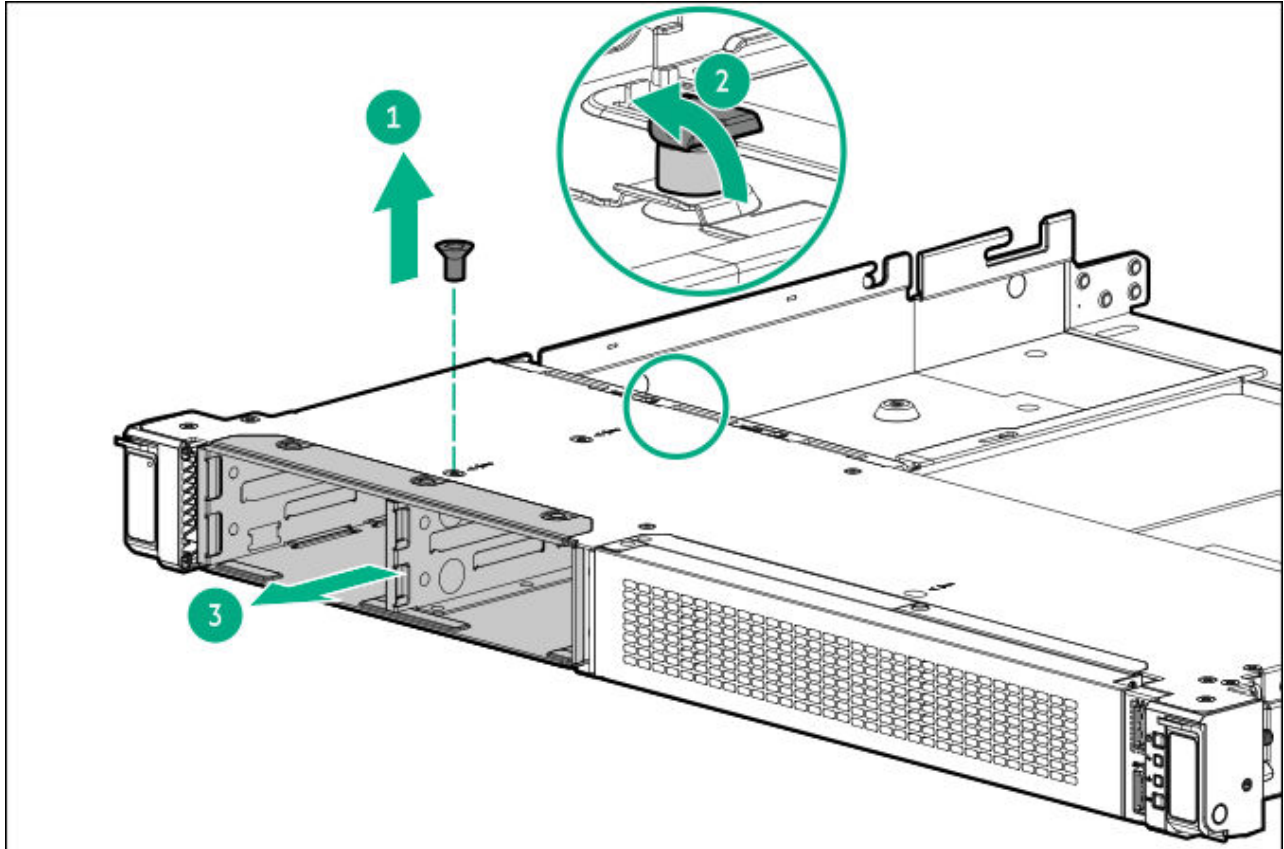
To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all bays are populated with either a component or a blank.

Procedure

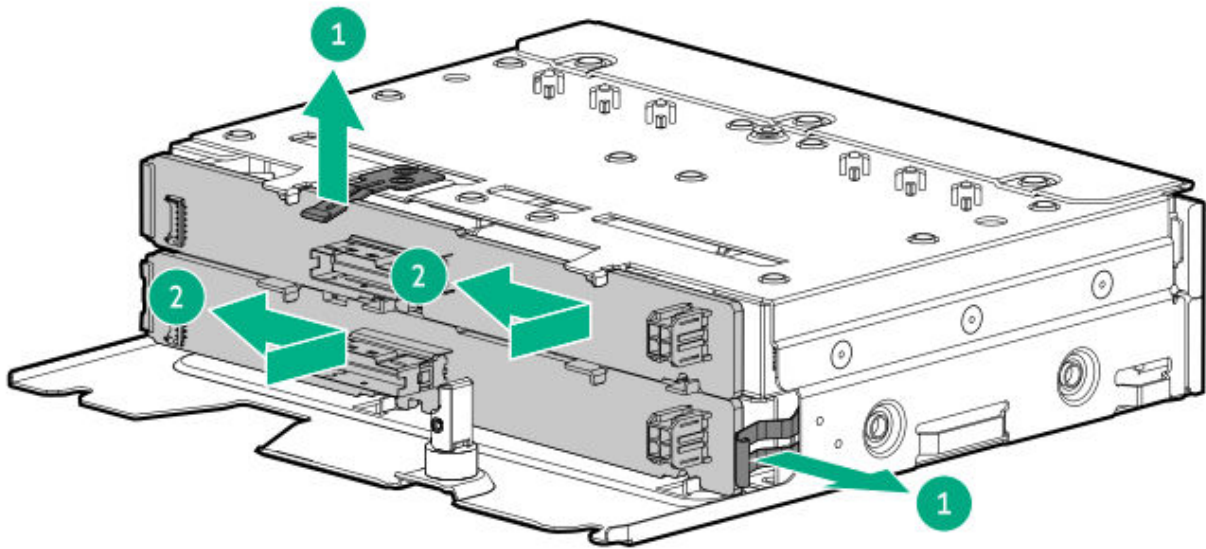
1. Back up all server data.
2. If installed, remove the front bezel.
3. Power down the server.
4. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
5. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
6. Remove the server from the rack.
7. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
8. Remove the access panel.
9. Remove the middle cover.
10. Disconnect the following cables from the system board:

- 8 E3.S drive controller cables
- Drive power cable

- .1. Remove the 8 E3.S drive cage:
 - a. Remove the screw.
 - b. Rotate the locking pin to the open (vertical) position.
 - c. Remove the drive cage.



- .2. If not installed, install the 2 SFF drive backplanes onto the drive cage.

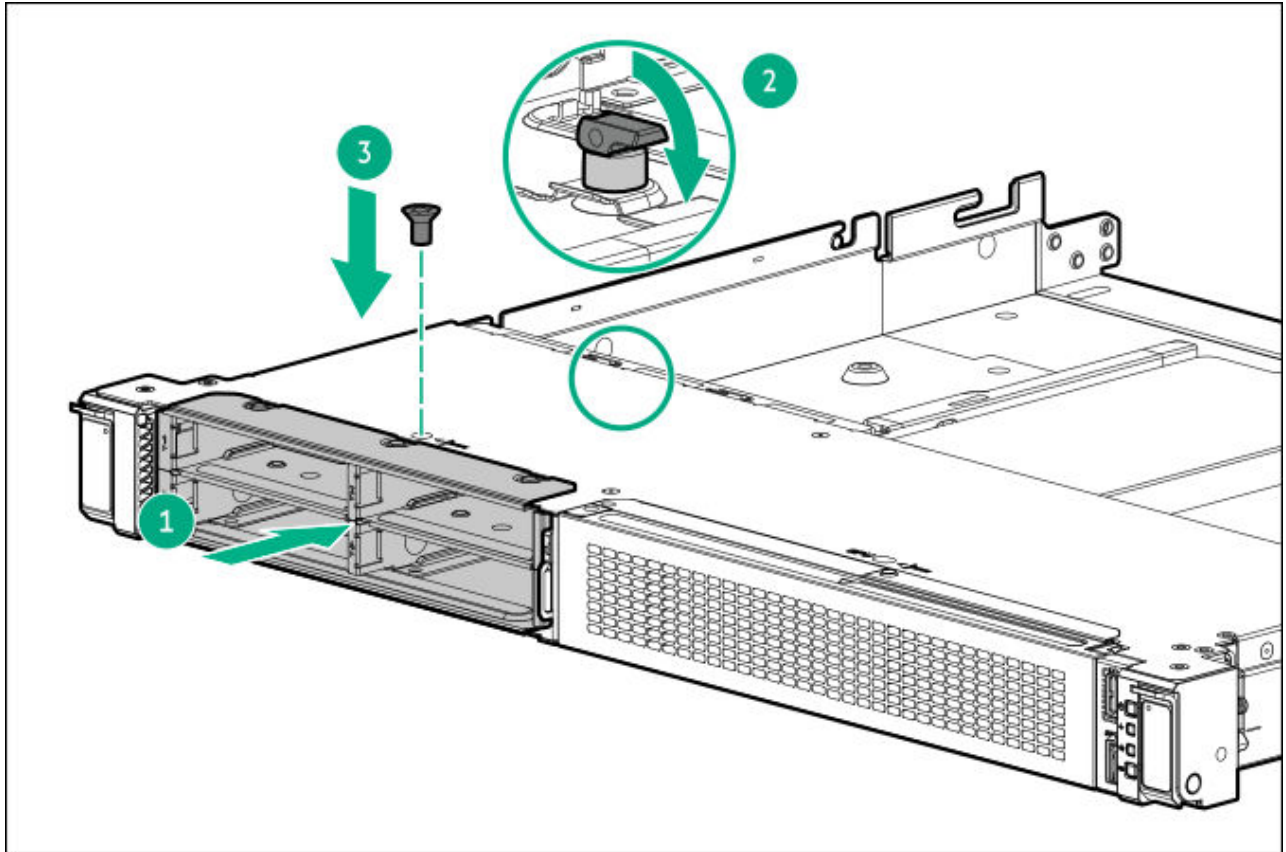


.3. Install the 4 SFF NVMe drive cage:

- a. Slide the drive cage in the chassis.
- b. Pivot the locking pin on the drive cage.

Make sure that the pin is locked on the chassis.

- c. Install the screw.



.4. Connect the following cables to the 4 SFF NVMe drive cage backplane:

- [Storage controller cable](#)
- [Drive power cable](#)

.5. [Install the middle cover.](#)

.6. [Install the access panel.](#)

.7. [Install the server into the rack.](#)

.8. Connect the power cords:

- a. Connect each power cord to the server.
- b. Connect each power cord to the power source.

.9. [Power up the server.](#)

!0. [Install SAS, SATA, or U.3 NVMe drives.](#)

!1. [Install the front bezel.](#)

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing the 8 E3.S drive cage option

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a T-10 Torx screwdriver available.

About this task



CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.



CAUTION

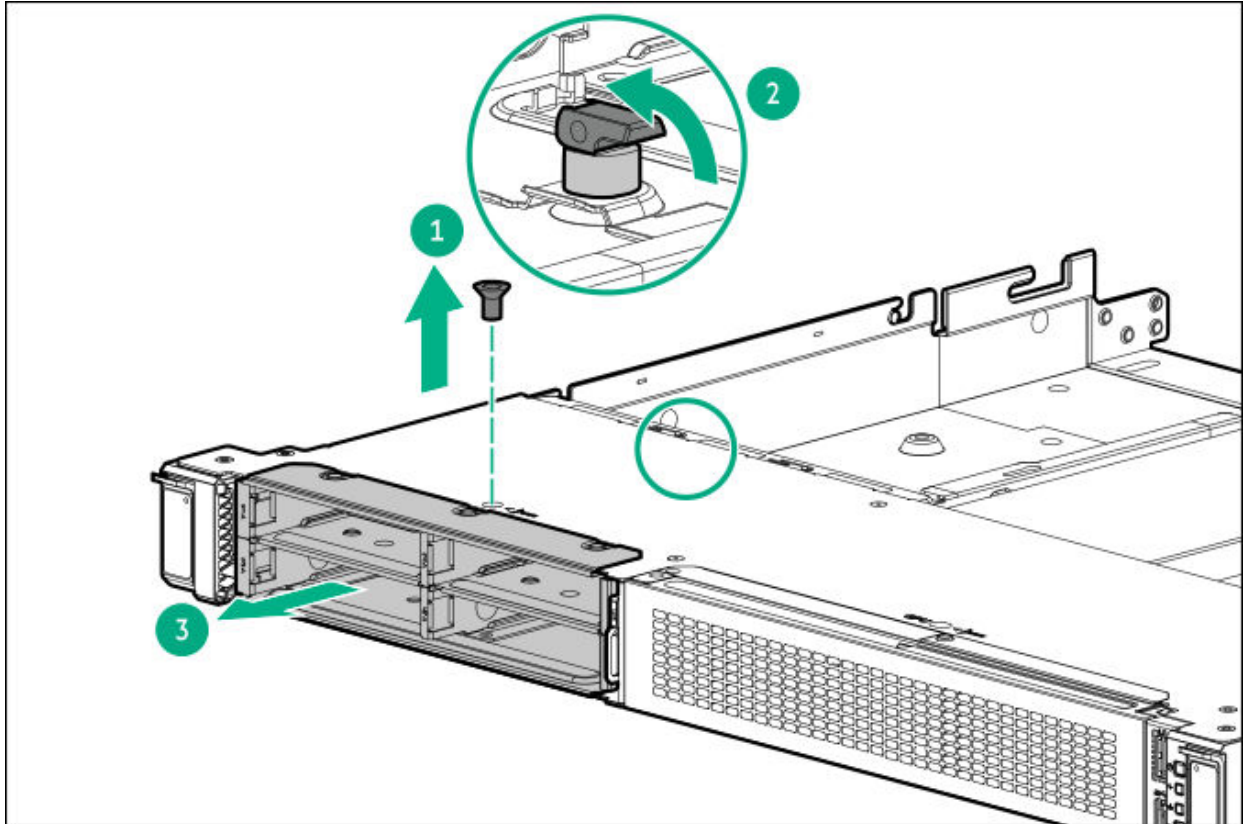
To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all bays are populated with either a component or a blank.

Procedure

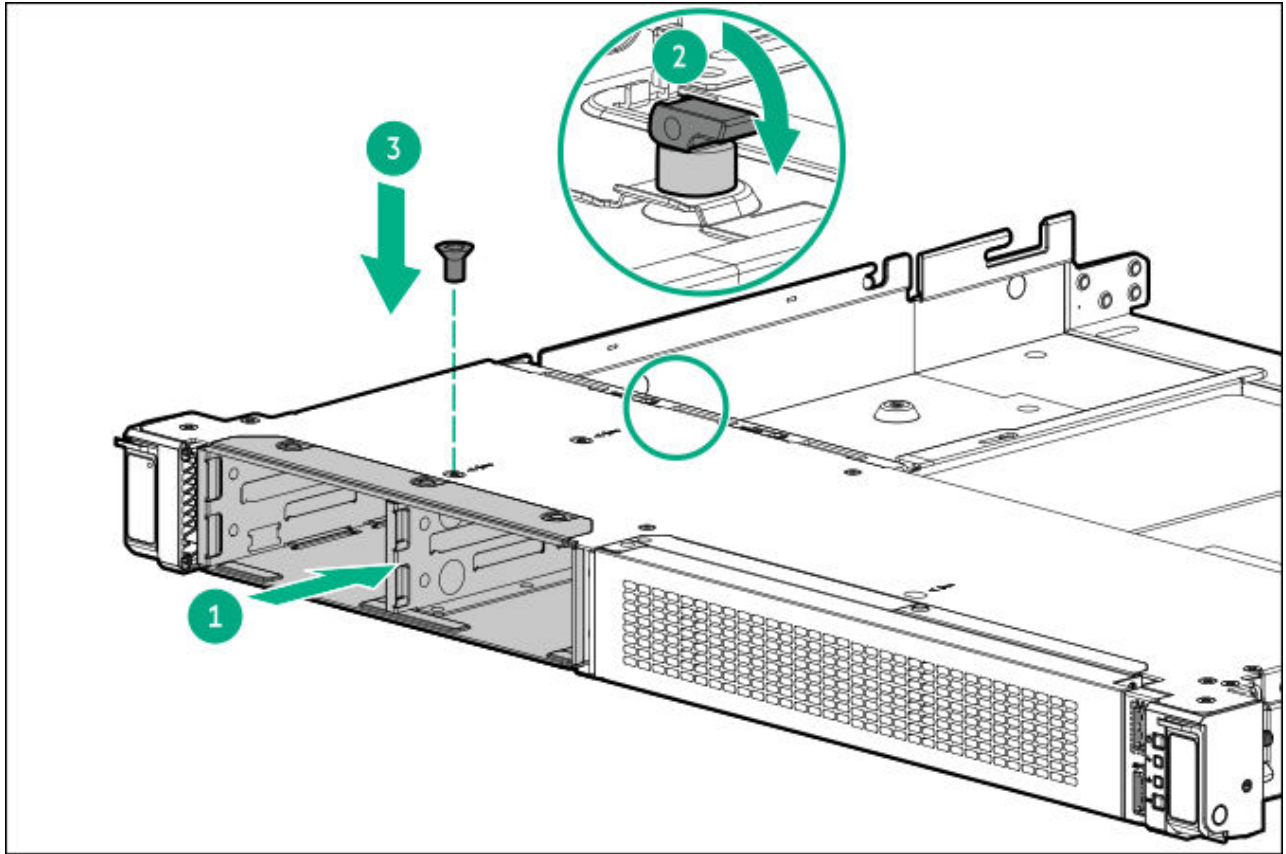
1. Back up all server data.
2. If installed, remove the front bezel.
3. Power down the server.
4. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
5. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
6. Remove the server from the rack.
7. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
8. Remove the access panel.
9. Remove the middle cover.
10. Disconnect following cables from the system board:

- 4 SFF NVMe drive controller cables
- Drive power cable

- .1. Remove the 4 SFF NVMe drive cage:
 - a. Remove the screw.
 - b. Rotate the locking pin to the open (vertical) position.
 - c. Remove the drive cage.



- .2. Install the 8 E3.S drive cage:
 - a. Slide the drive cage in the chassis.
 - b. Pivot the locking pin on the drive cage.
Make sure that the pin is locked on the chassis.
 - c. Install the screw.



.3. Connect following cables to 8 E3.S drive cage backplane:

- [Storage controller cables](#)
- [Drive power cable](#)

.4. [Install the middle cover.](#)

.5. [Install the access panel.](#)

.6. [Install the server into the rack.](#)

.7. Connect the power cords:

- a. Connect each power cord to the server.
- b. Connect each power cord to the power source.

.8. [Power up the server.](#)

.9. [Install the E3.S drive.](#)

.10. [Install the front bezel.](#)

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing an 8 SFF drive backplane option

About this task

This server supports several 8 SFF NVMe drive cage options with [different backplanes](#).

- 8 SFF 16G x4 U.2 NVMe / SAS UBM4 BC
- 8 SFF 24G x1 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM3 BC
- 8 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM3 BC
- 8 SFF 24G x1 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM6 BC
- 8 SFF 24G x4 U.3 NVMe / SAS UBM6 BC

For more information on the drive backplane description, see [Drive backplane naming convention](#).



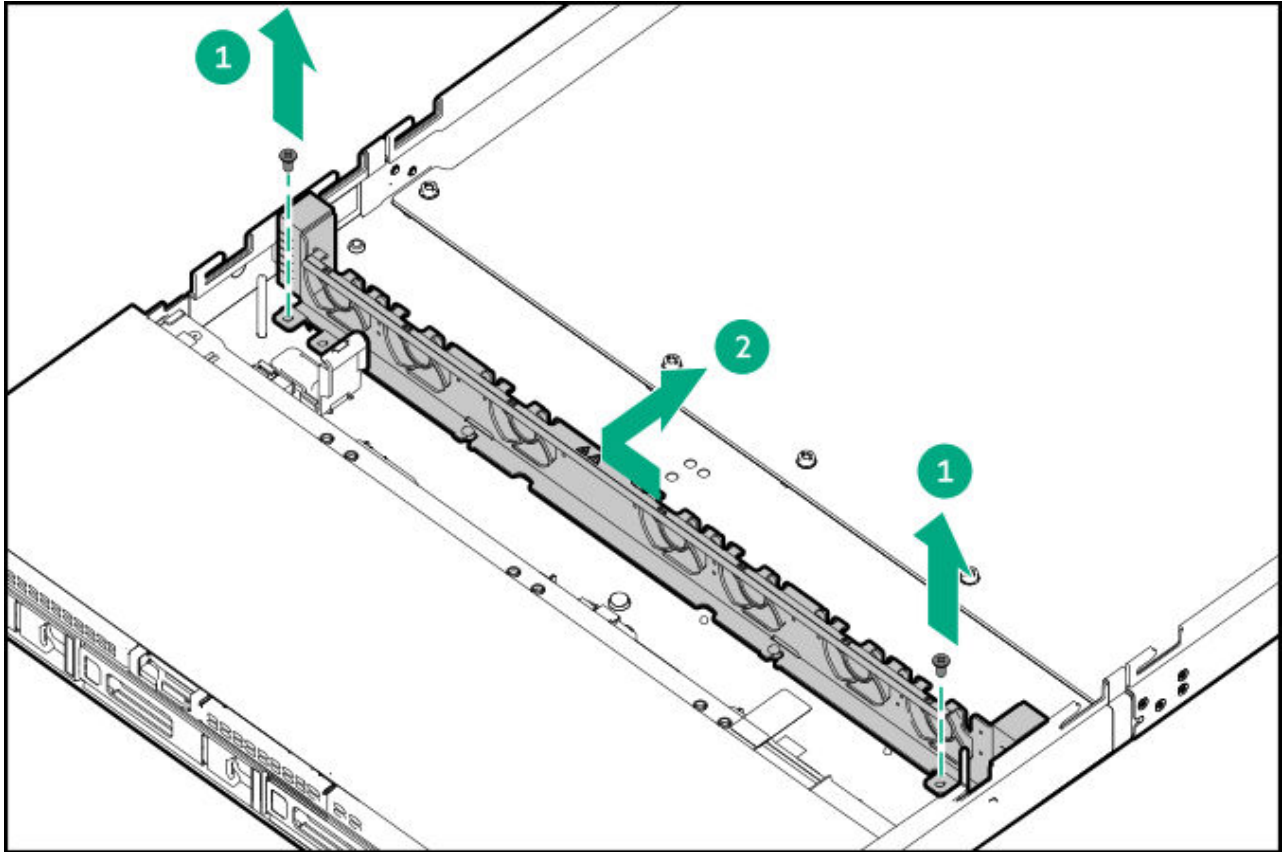
CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe [antistatic precautions](#).

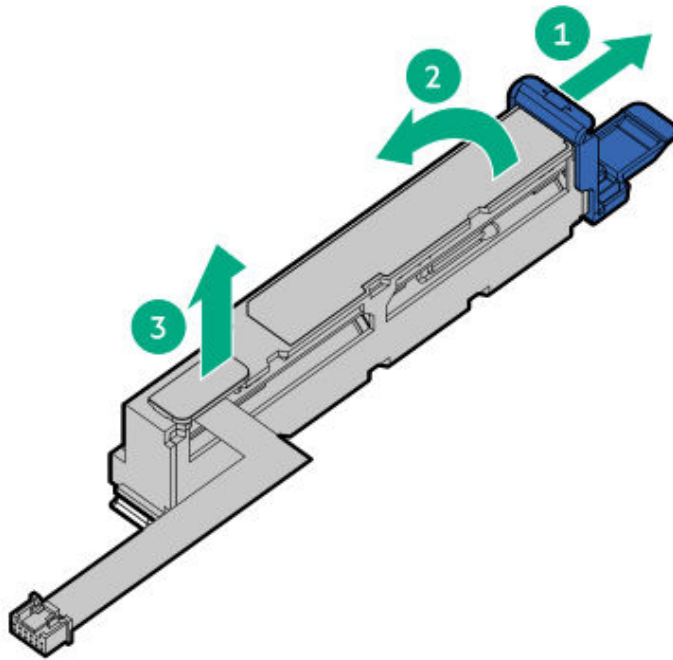
Procedure

1. [Back up all server data](#).
2. If installed, [remove the front bezel](#).
3. [Power down the server](#).
4. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
5. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
6. [Remove the server from the rack](#).
7. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
8. [Remove the access panel](#).

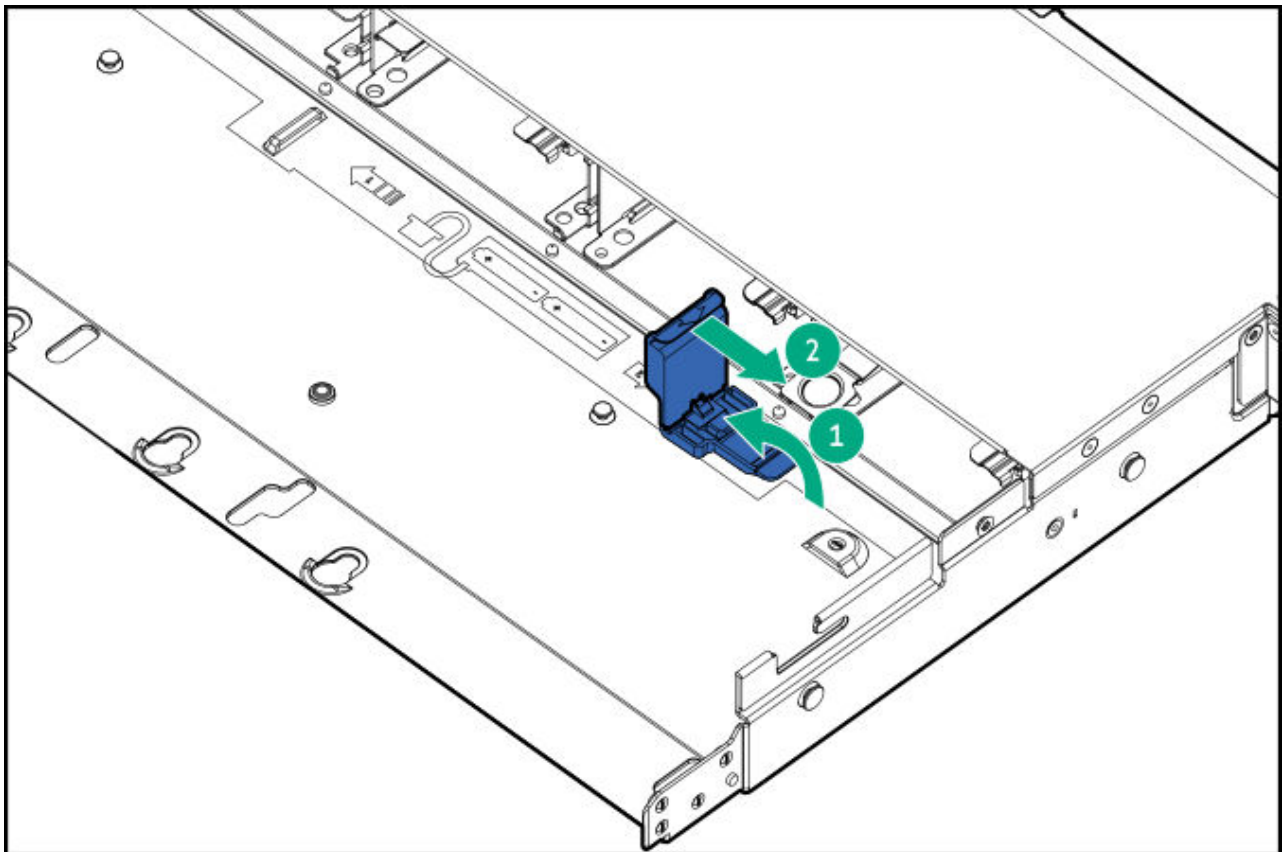
9. Remove the middle cover.
10. Remove the air baffle.
11. Remove all fans.
12. Remove the fan wall.



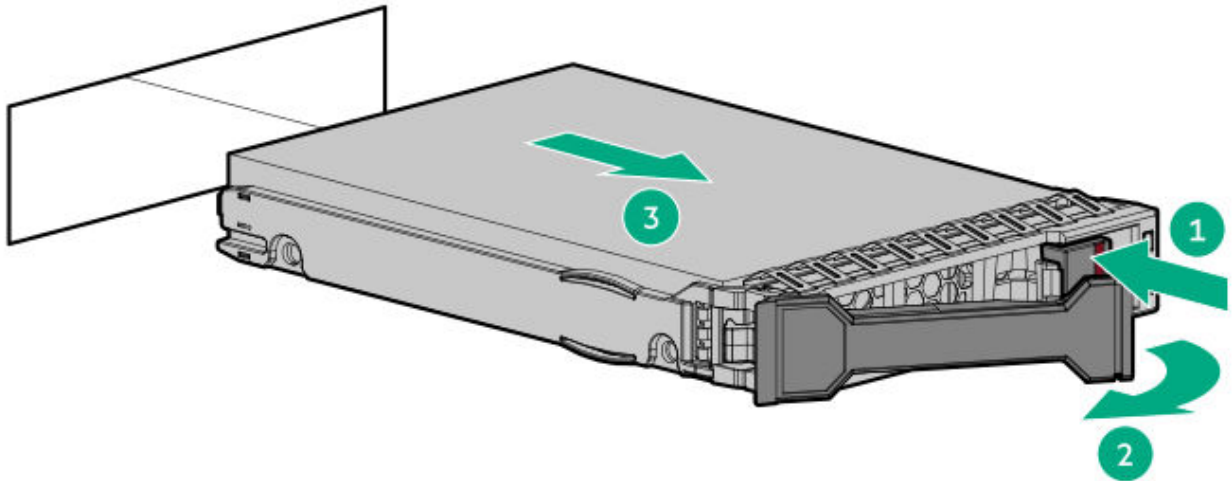
13. If an energy pack is installed on the rear side of the drive cage, remove the energy pack:
 - a. Press and hold the retention latch.
 - b. Lift one end of the energy pack and release it from the latch.
 - c. Detach the energy pack from the chassis.



4. Remove the energy pack retention latch:
- Pull up and hold the latch.
 - Push the latch to detach from the chassis.



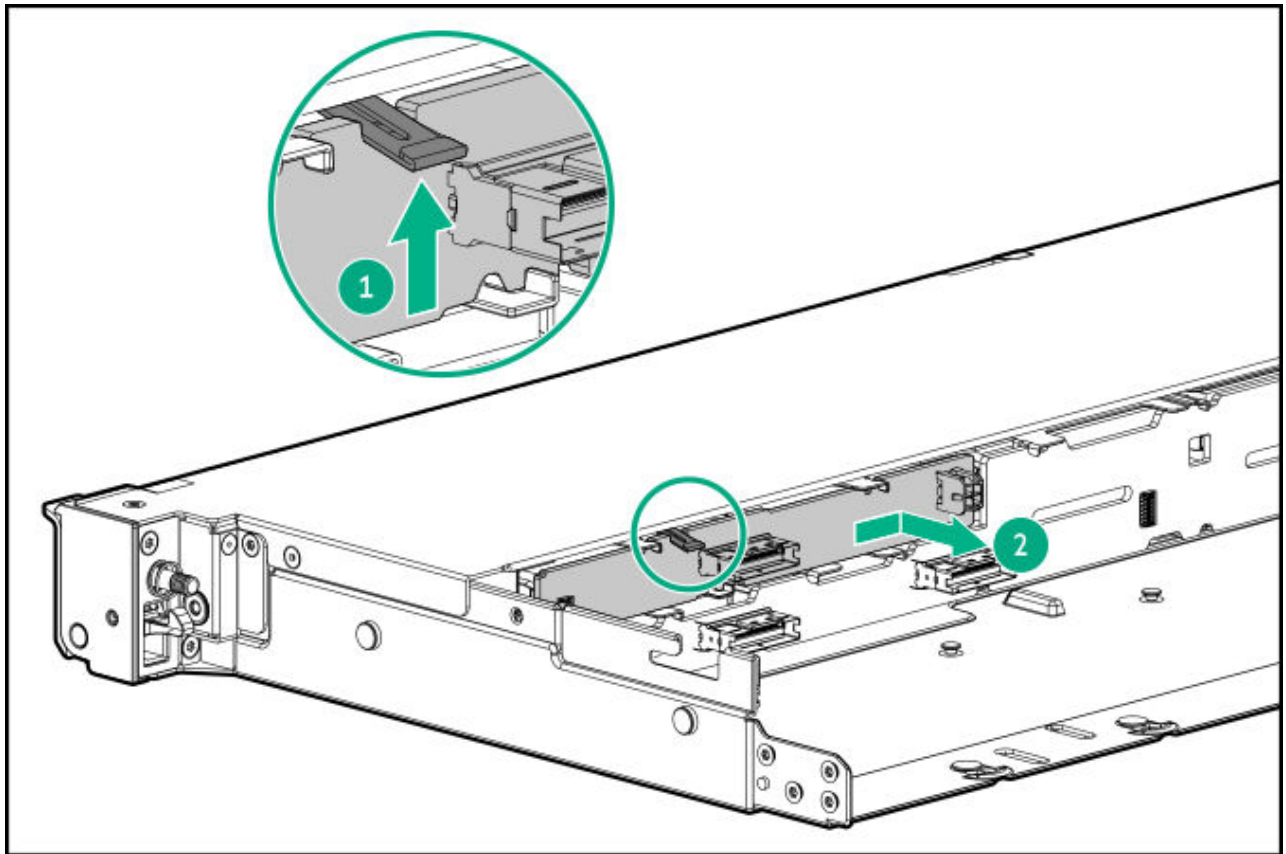
.5. Remove all drives.



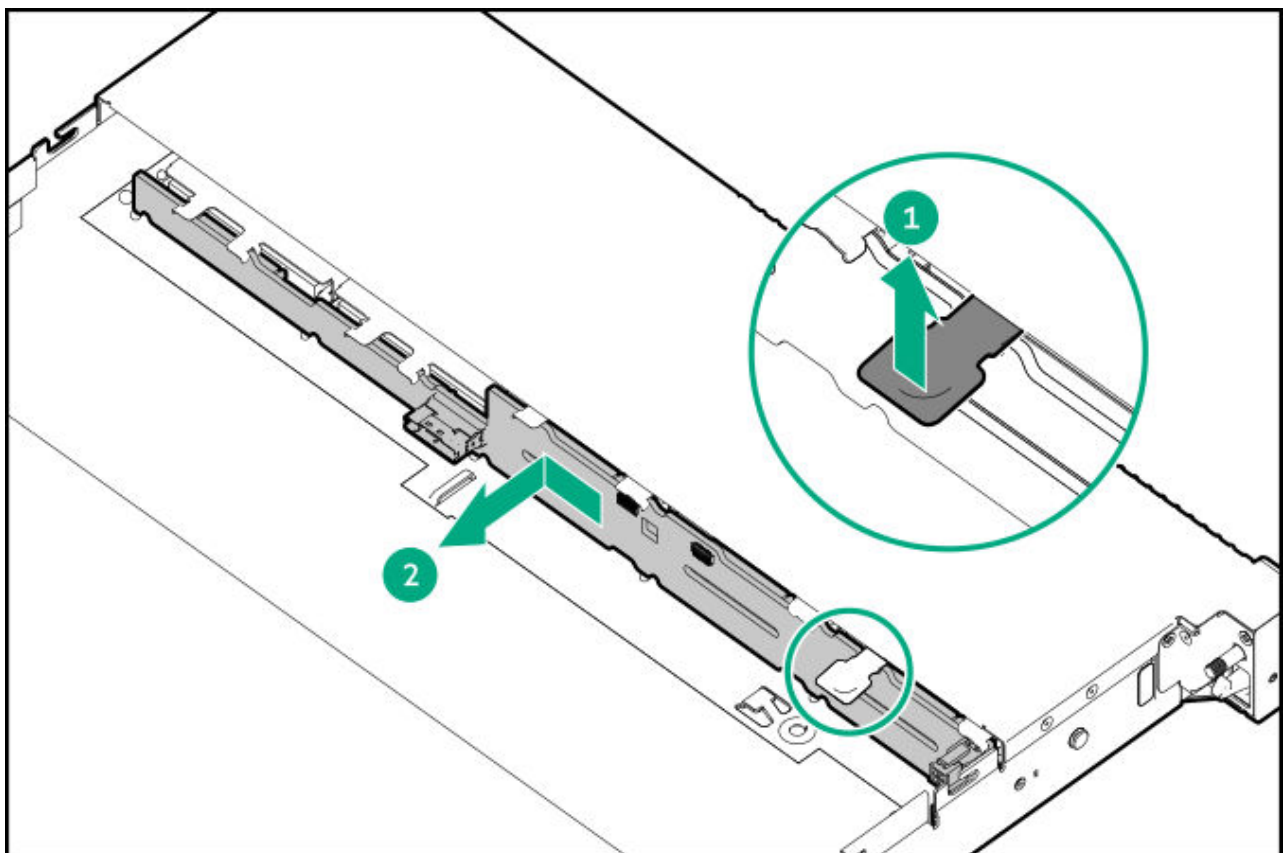
.6. Disconnect all cables from the backplanes.

.7. If installed, remove the 2 SFF drive backplane:

- a. Press and hold the release latch.
- b. Detach the backplane from the drive cage.

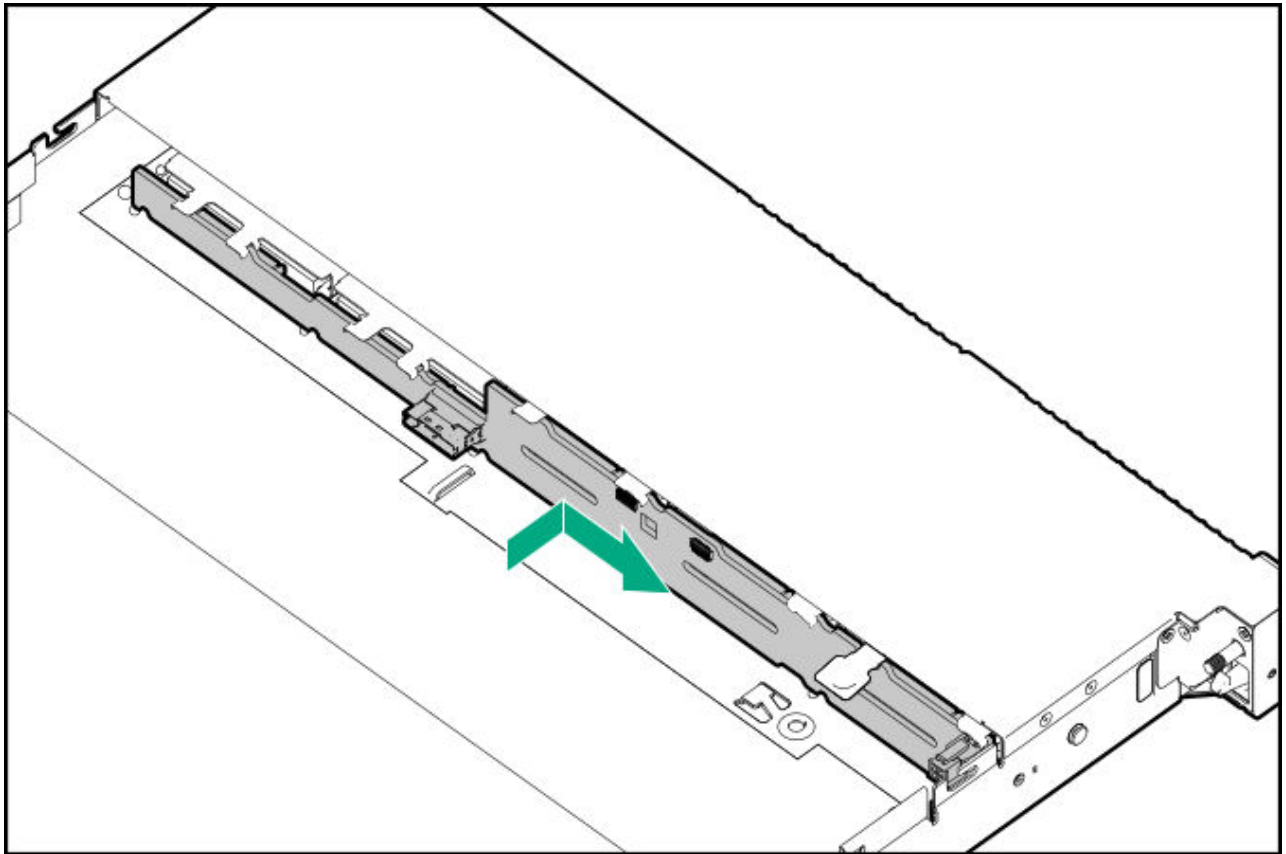


.8. Remove the existing 8 SFF drive backplane.



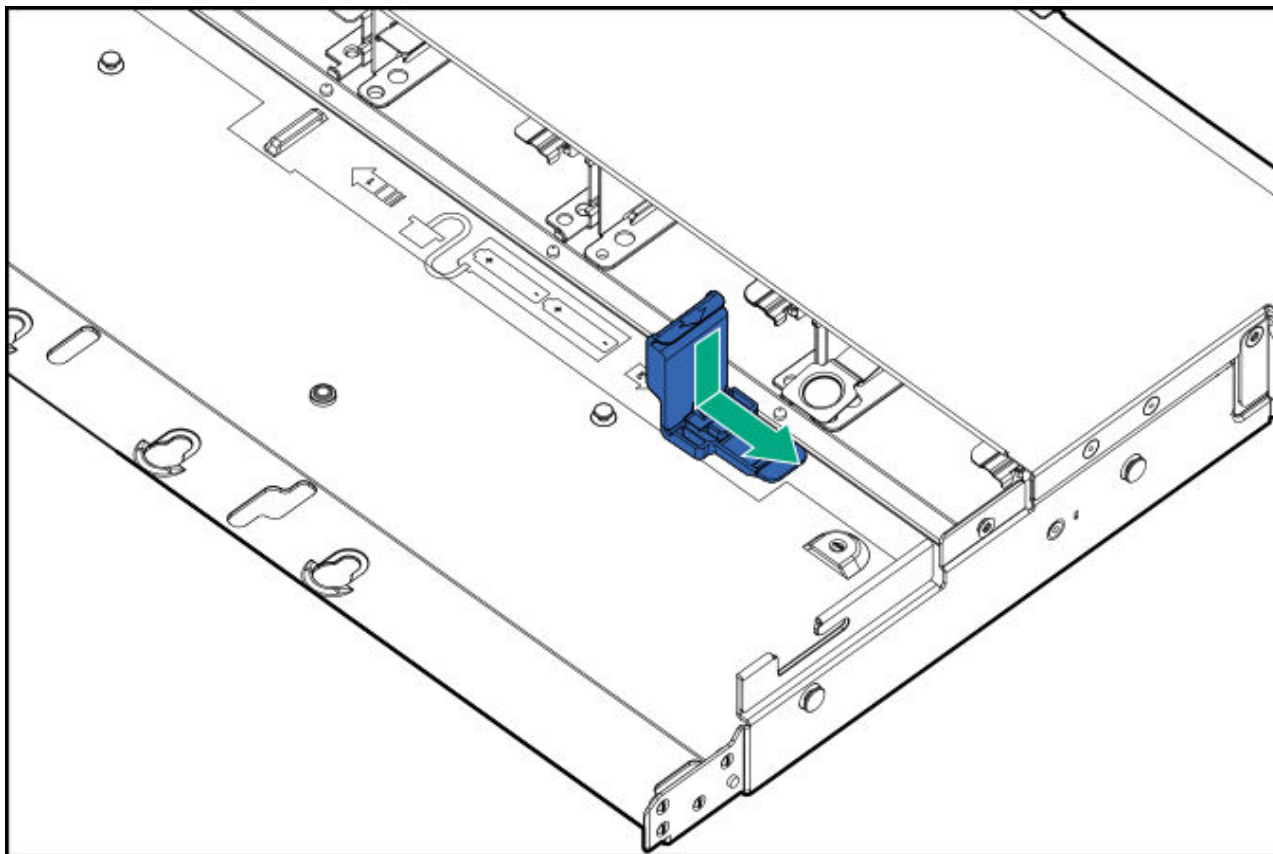
9. Install the 8 SFF drive backplane.

Make sure that the backplane is firmly seated in the drive cage and locked by the release latch.

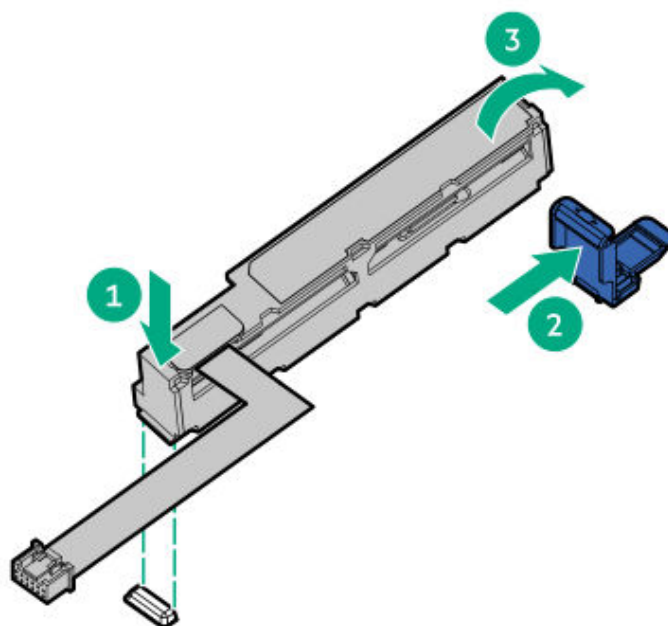


10. Install the energy pack retention latch:

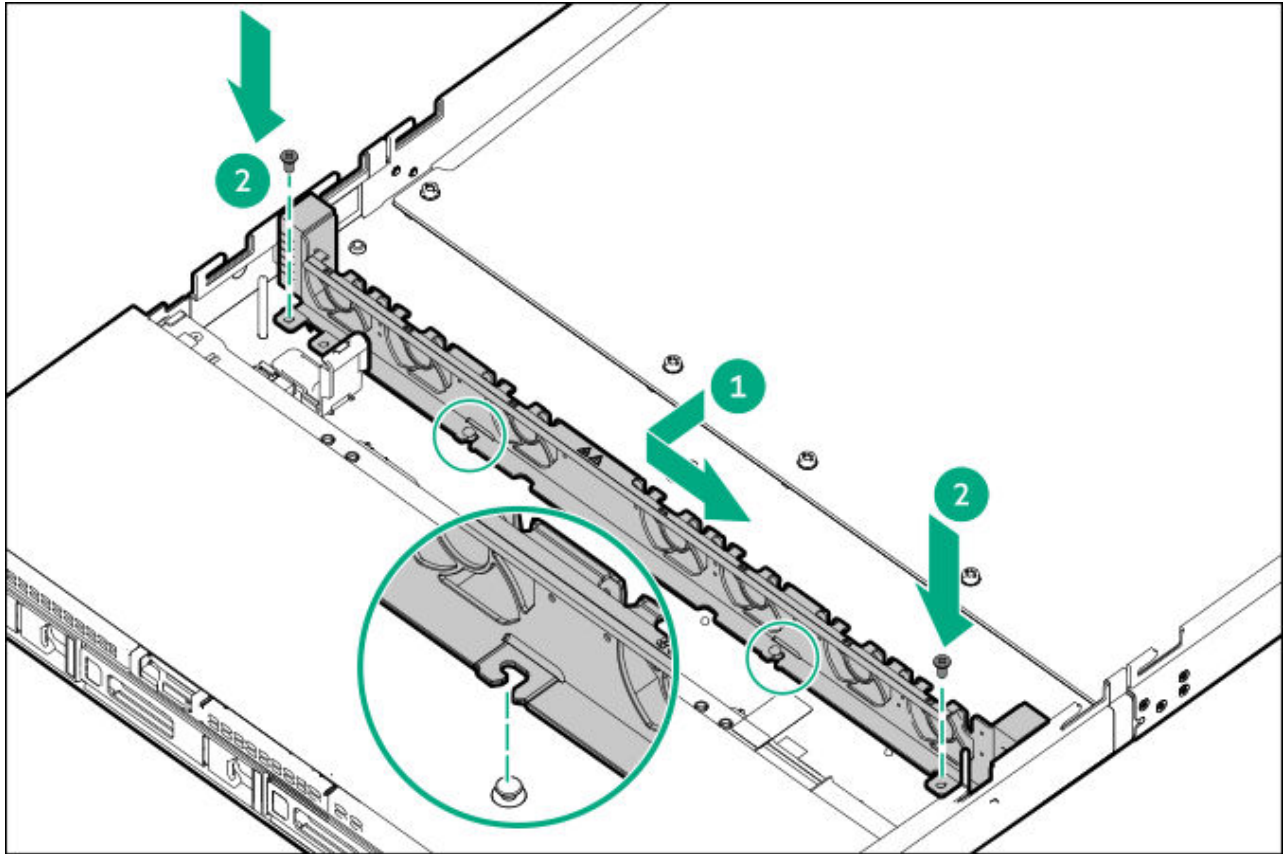
- Attach the energy pack retention latch on the chassis.
- Push the retention latch until it locks on the chassis.



1. Install the energy pack.



2. Install the fan wall.



!3. Connect following cables to the new 8 SFF drive backplane:

- Storage controller cables
- Drive power cable

!4. Install the middle cover.

!5. Install the access panel.

!6. Install the server into the rack.

!7. Connect the power cords:

- a. Connect each power cord to the server.
- b. Connect each power cord to the power source.

!8. Power up the server.

!9. Install the SAS, SATA, or U.3 NVMe drives.

!0. Install the front bezel.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Optical drive option

The server supports a slim-type SATA optical drive.

Subtopics

Installing the optical drive in the LFF drive chassis

Installing the optical drive in the SFF drive chassis

Installing the optical drive in the LFF drive chassis

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:

- T-10 Torx screwdriver
- Phillips No. 1 screwdriver
- Spudger or any small prying tool

About this task



CAUTION

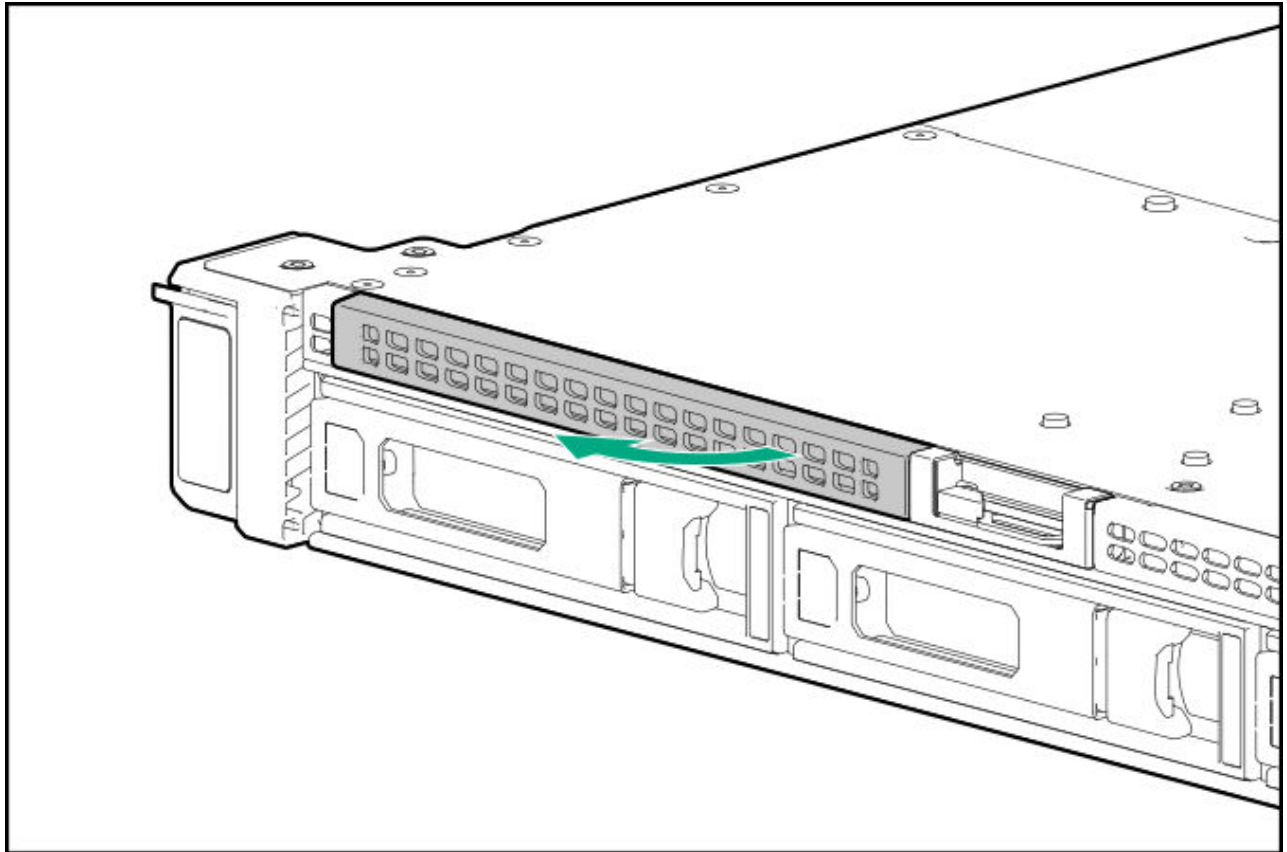
A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

Procedure

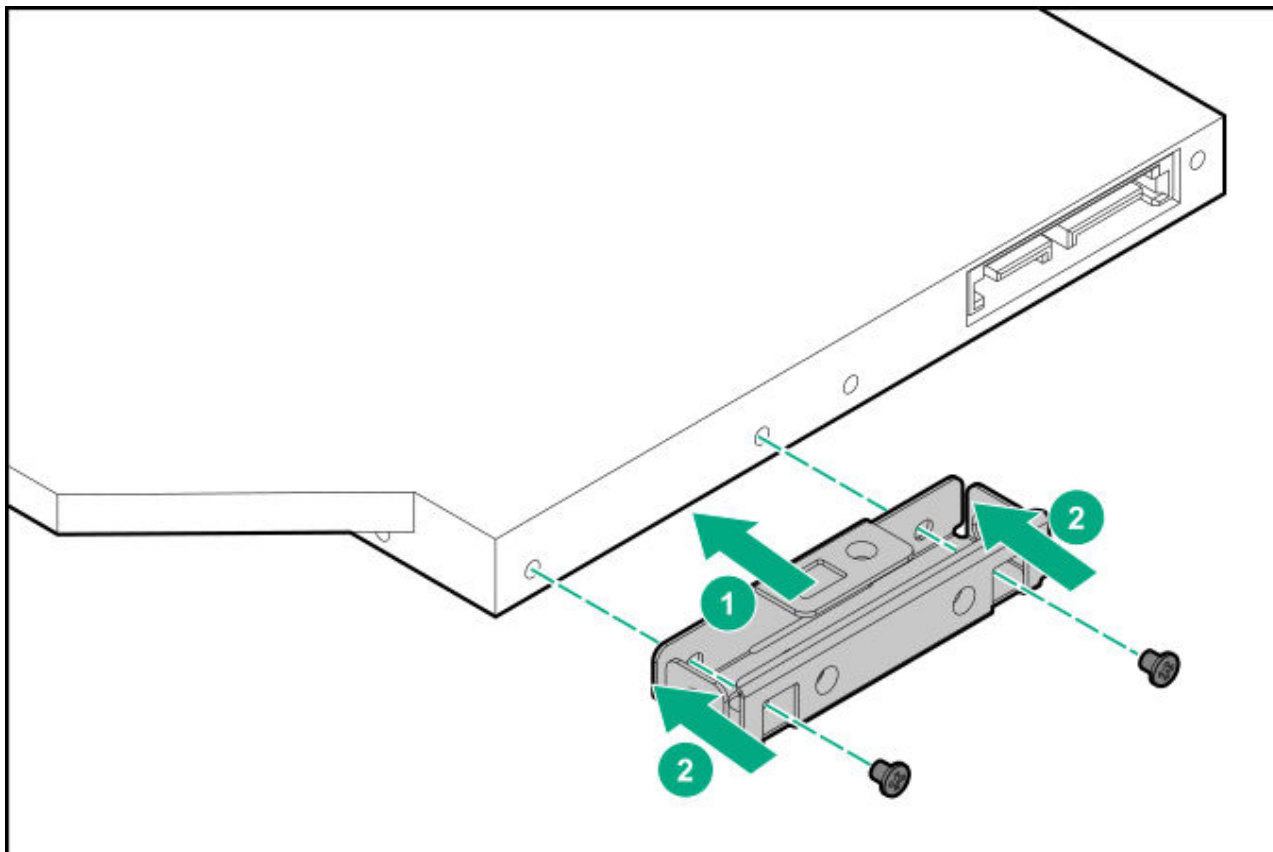
1. If installed, remove the front bezel.
2. Power down the server.
3. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
4. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
5. Remove the server from the rack.

6. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
7. Remove the access panel.
8. Remove the middle cover.
9. Remove the optical drive bay blank.

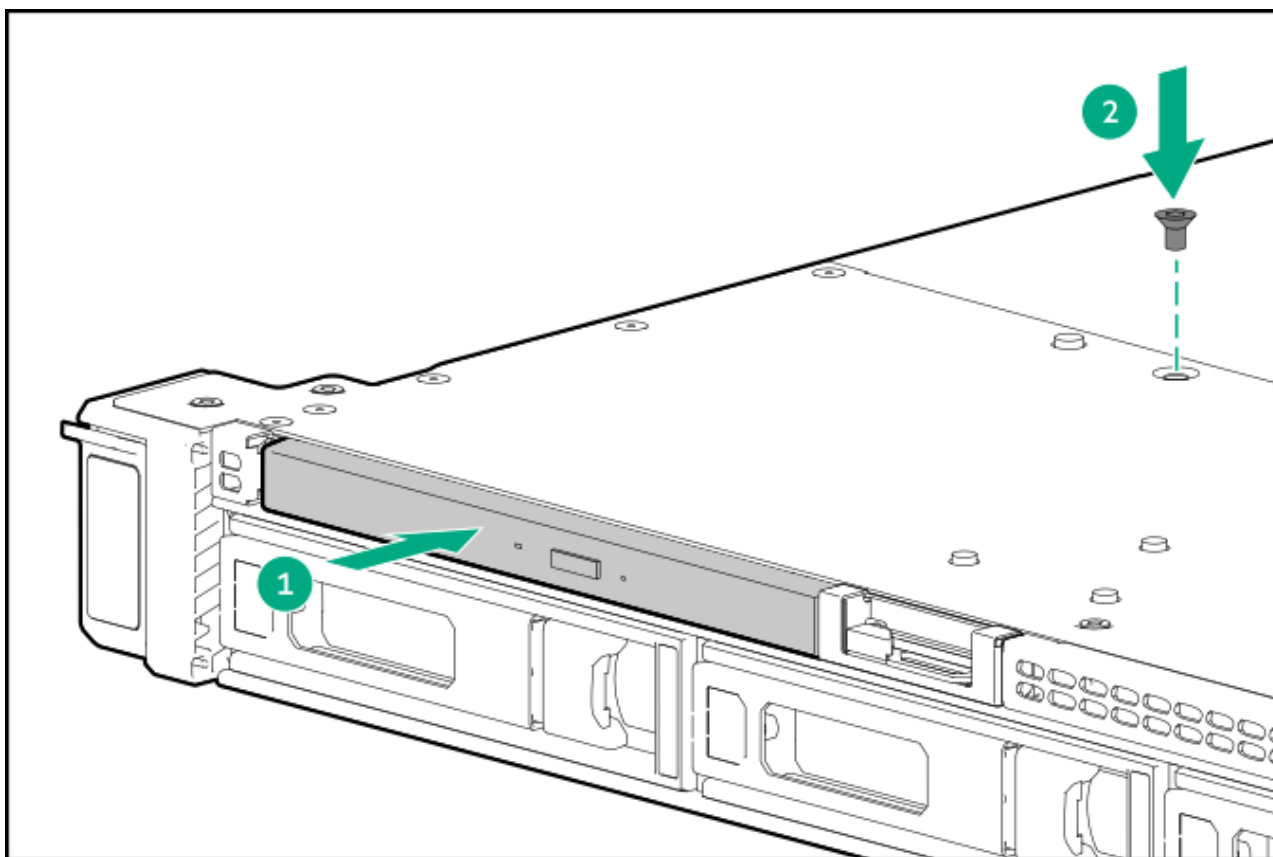
Retain the drive bay blank for future use.



10. Install the optical drive bracket.



1. Install the optical drive.



- .2. Connect the optical drive cable.
- .3. Install the middle cover.
- .4. Install the access panel.
- .5. Install the server into the rack.
- .6. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .7. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- .8. Power up the server.
- .9. Install the front bezel.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing the optical drive in the SFF drive chassis

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:

- Optical drive cage assembly (P56654-B21)
- T-10 Torx screwdriver
- Phillips No. 1 screwdriver
- Spudger or any small prying tool

About this task



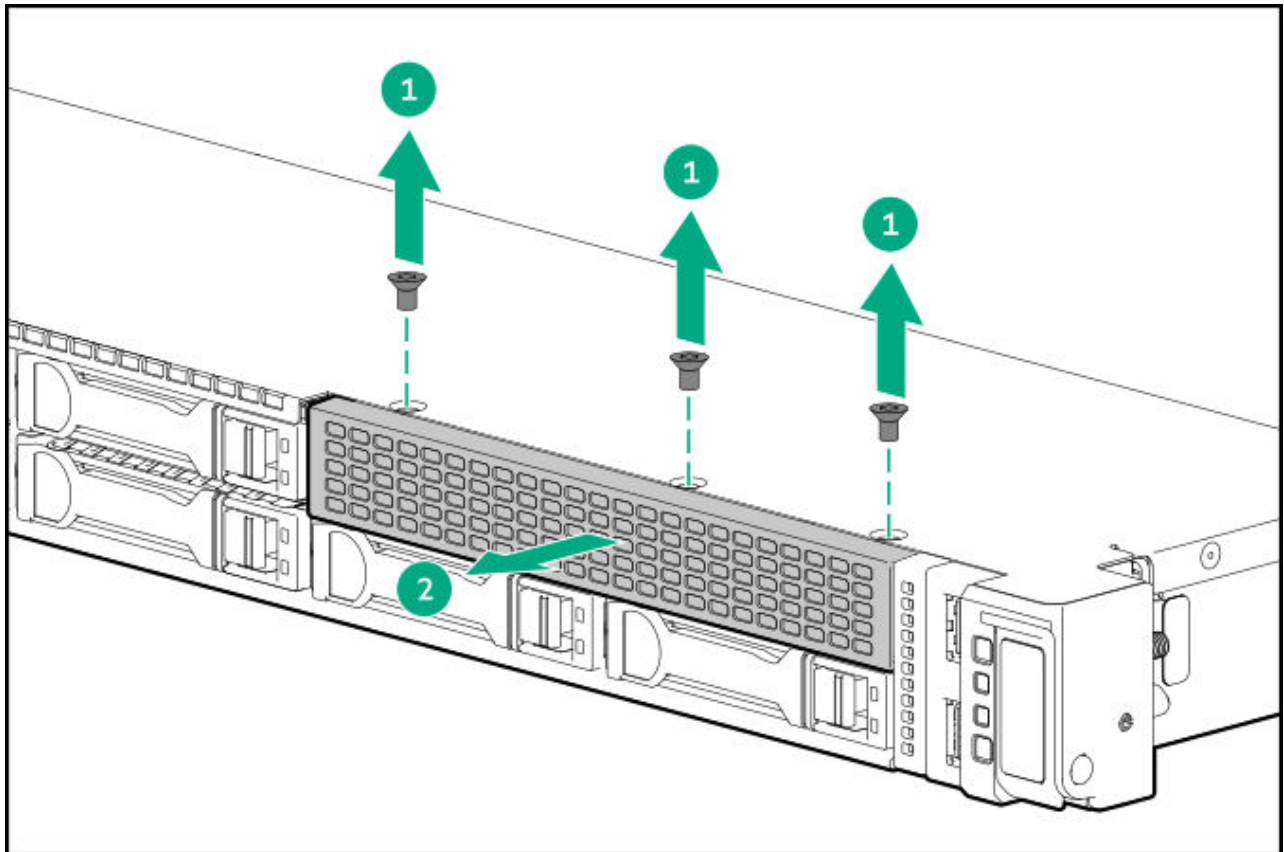
CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

Procedure

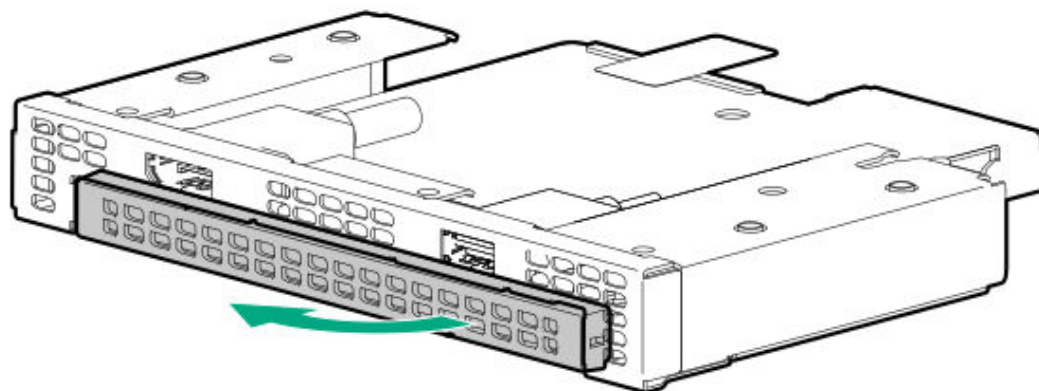
1. If installed, remove the front bezel.
2. Power down the server.
3. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
4. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
5. Remove the server from the rack.
6. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
7. Remove the access panel.
8. Remove the middle cover.
9. Remove the universal media bay blank.

Retain the screws and blank. These screws will be used to secure the new optical drive cage.

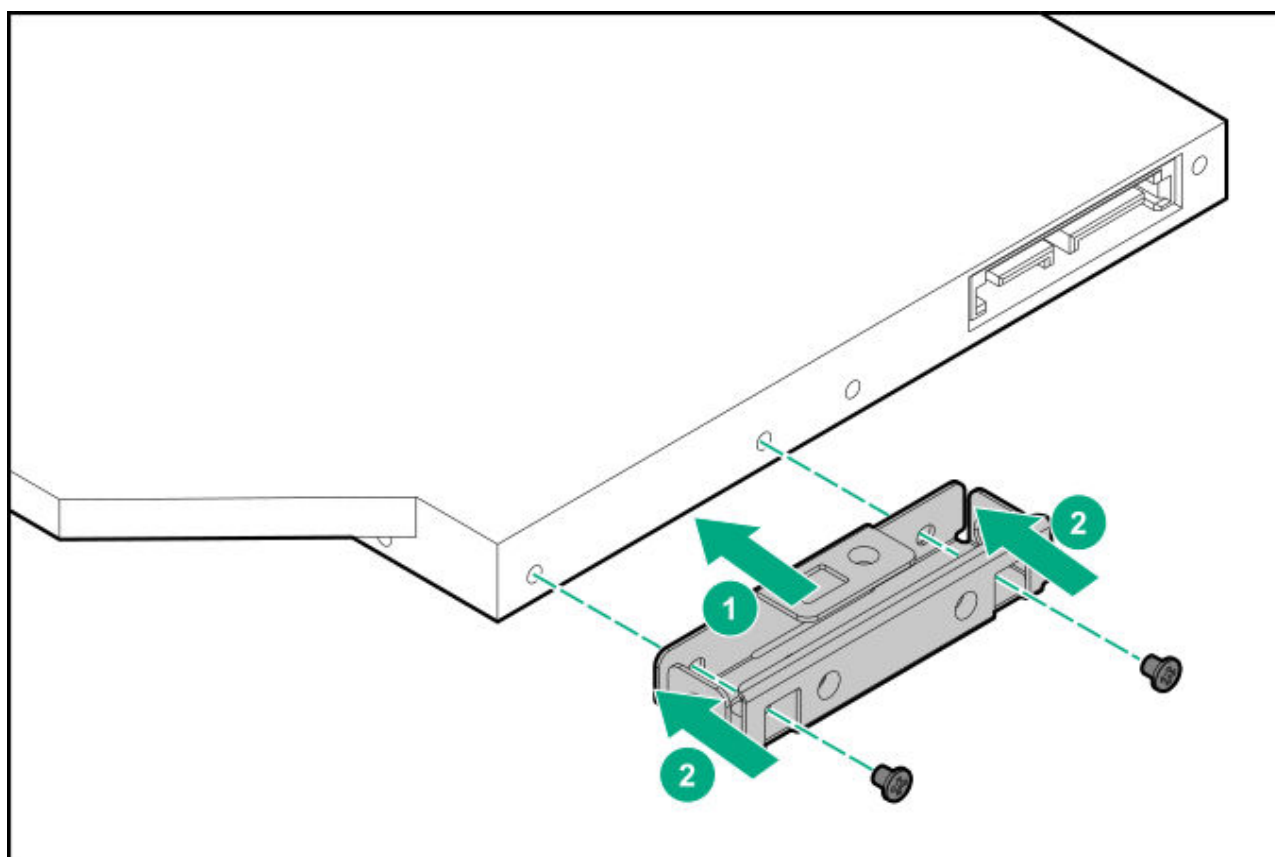


- .0. Remove the optical drive bay blank from the drive cage.

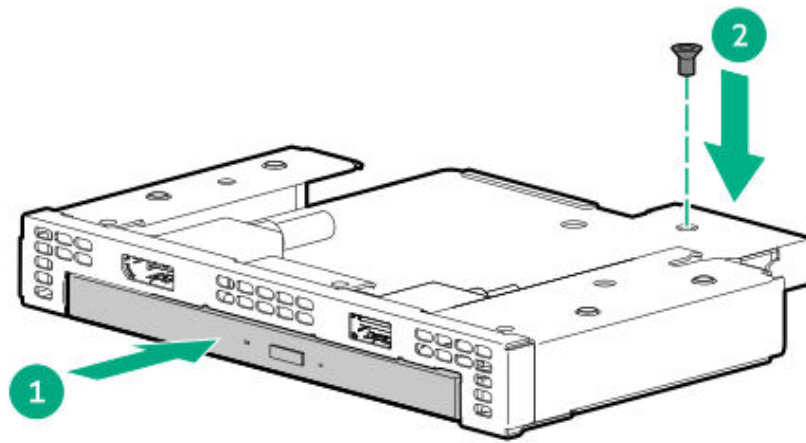
Retain the blank for future use.



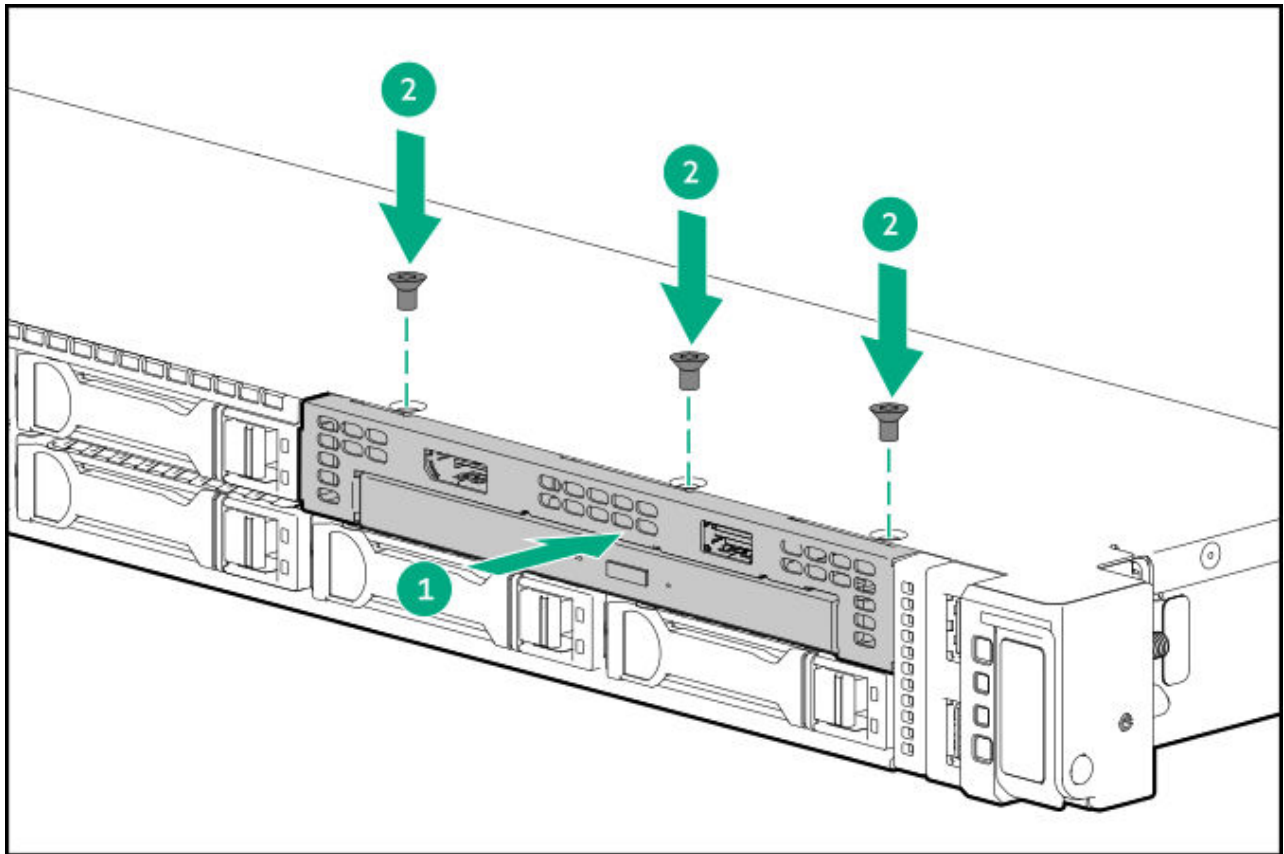
- .1. Install the optical drive bracket.



- .2. Install the optical drive in the optical drive cage.



.3. Install the optical drive cage in the universal media bay.



.4. Connect following cables to the system board:

- Optical drive cable
- Front USB and DisplayPort cable

.5. Install the middle cover.

- .6. [Install the access panel.](#)
- .7. [Install the server into the rack.](#)
- .8. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .9. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- !0. [Power up the server.](#)
- !1. [Install the front bezel.](#)

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing the front USB and DisplayPort option

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a T-10 Torx screwdriver available.

About this task

In the SFF drive chassis, the front USB and DisplayPort option is included in the optical drive cage assembly kit. For more information, see [optical drive cage assembly installation in the SFF drive chassis](#).



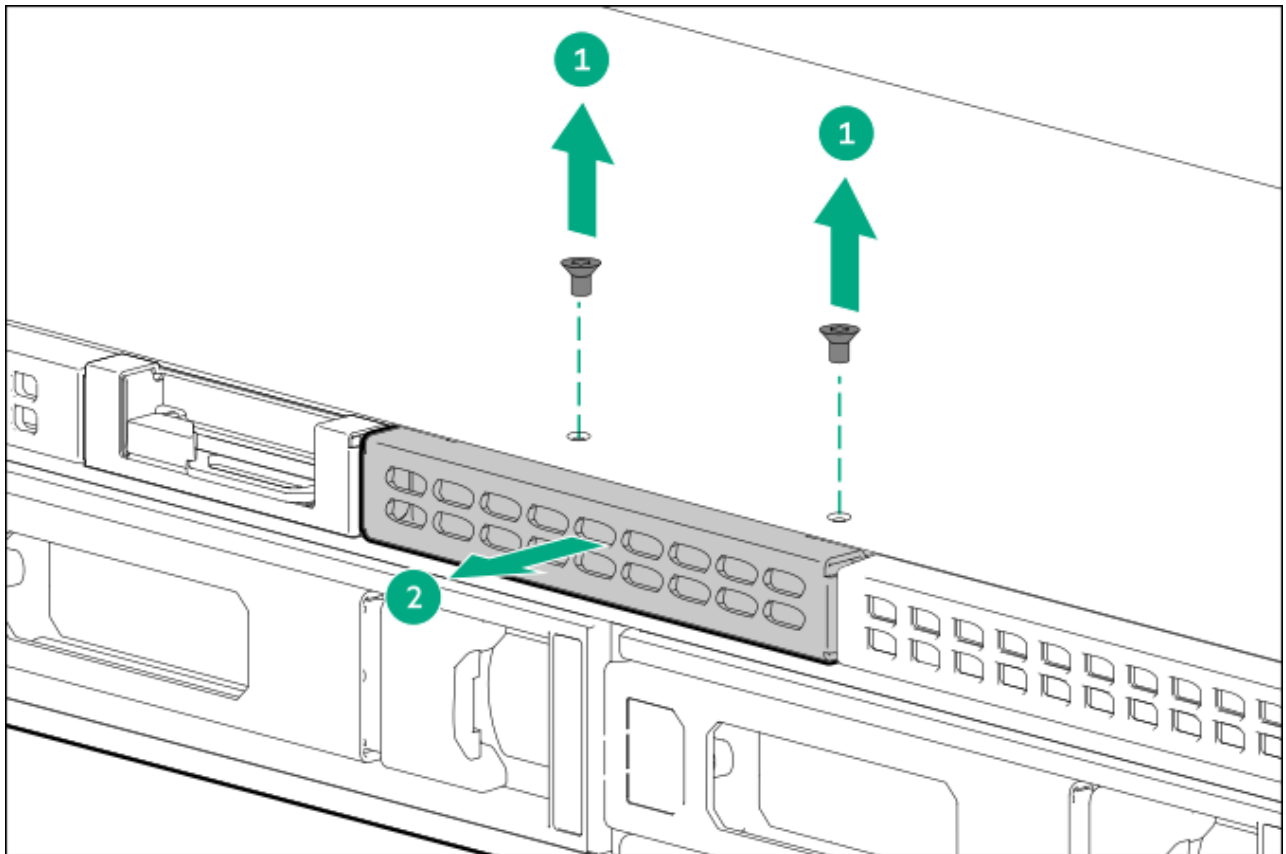
CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe [antistatic precautions](#).

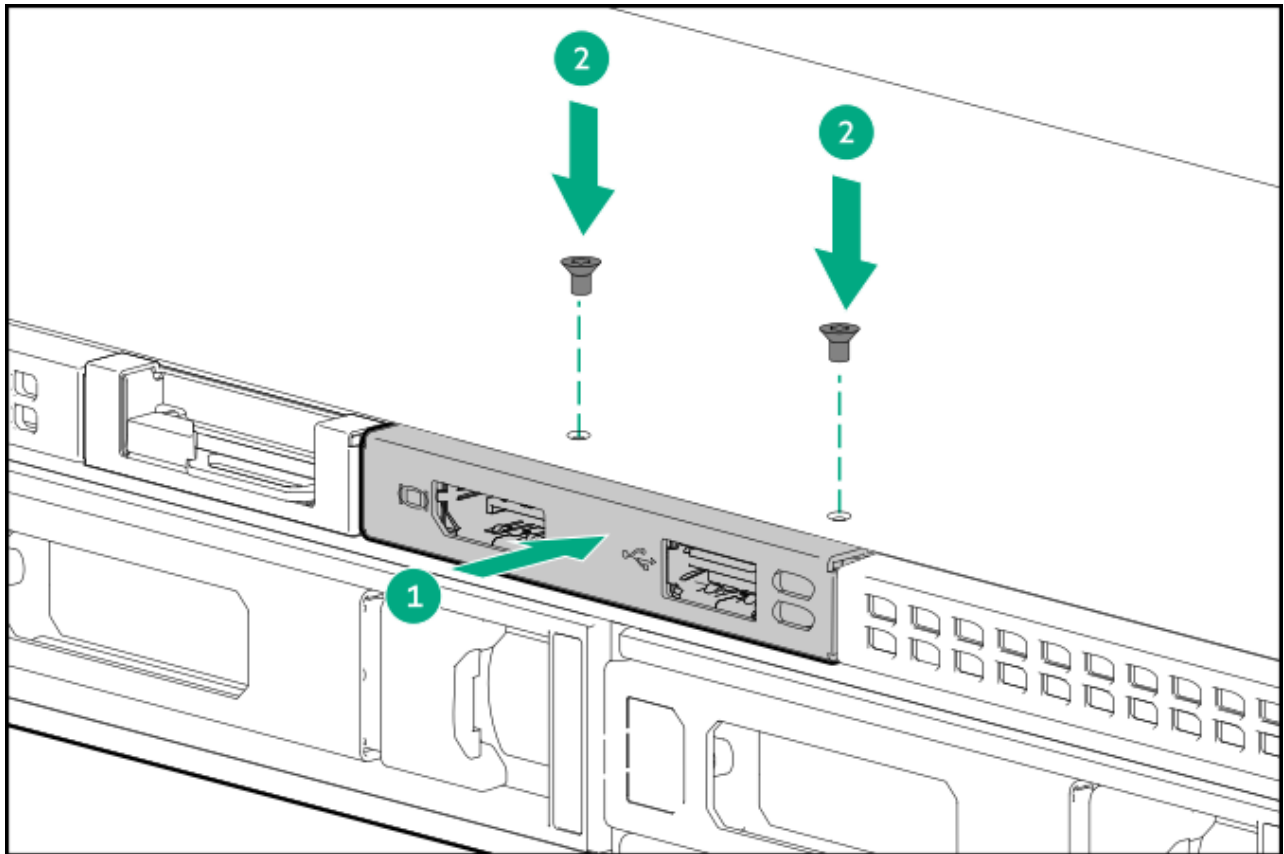
Procedure

1. If installed, [remove the front bezel](#).
2. [Power down the server](#).
3. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.

4. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
5. Remove the server from the rack.
6. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
7. Remove the access panel.
8. Remove the middle cover.
9. Remove the front USB and DisplayPort blank.



10. Install the front USB and DisplayPort assembly.



- .1. Connect the front USB and DisplayPort cable to the system board.
- .2. Install the middle cover.
- .3. Install the access panel.
- .4. Install the server into the rack.
- .5. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .6. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- .7. Power up the server.
- .8. Install the front bezel.

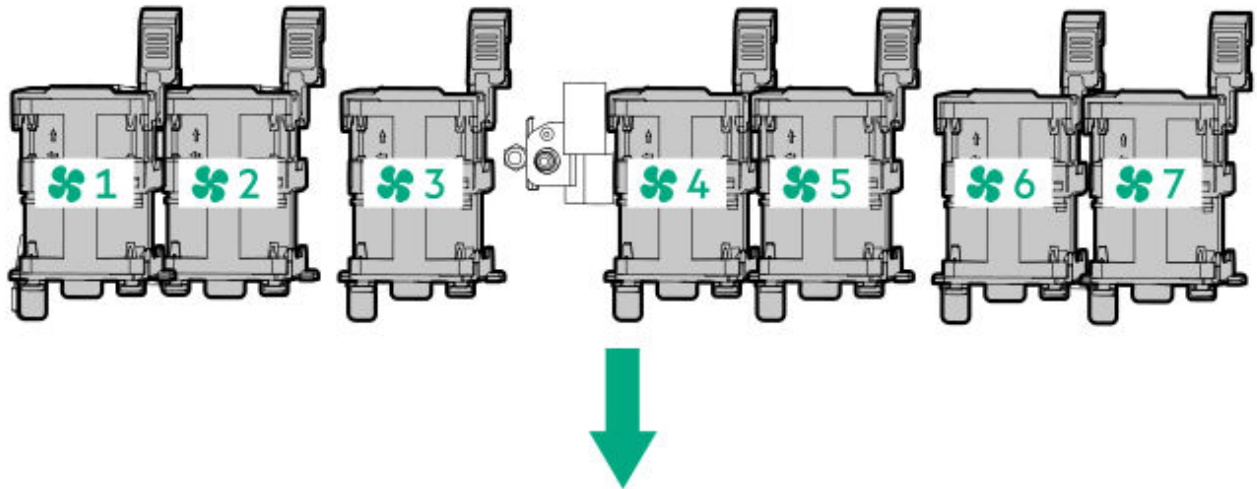
Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Fan options

To provide sufficient airflow to the system, the server is by default populated by seven fans. The fans can either be standard fans (P58461-B21) or high performance fans (P58462-B21). Mixed fan configuration is not supported.

The arrow points to the front of the server.



To maintain proper system cooling, install the correct fan and heatsink types required for specific hardware configurations.

Subtopics

Fan mode behavior

Installing a fan option

Fan mode behavior

The default seven fan configuration provides redundant fan support. In redundant fan mode, if a fan rotor fails or is missing:

- The system switches to nonredundant fan mode. The system continues to operate in this mode.
- The system health LED flashes amber.

If a second fan rotor failure or a missing fan occurs, the operating system gracefully shuts down.

Installing a fan option

Prerequisites

Review the fan and heatsink requirements for specific hardware configurations.

About this task

The installation and removal procedures for the standard and high performance fans are the same.



IMPORTANT

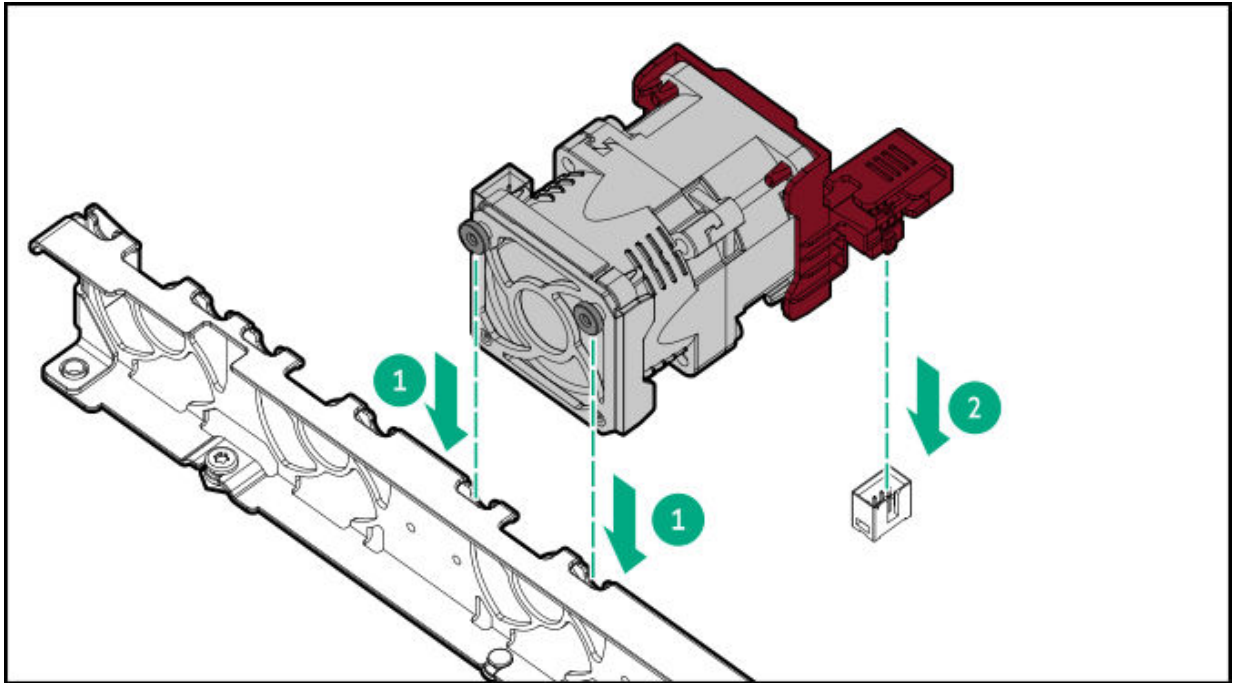
The fan setup can either be all seven of standard or high performance fans. Do not mix fan types in the same server.

Procedure

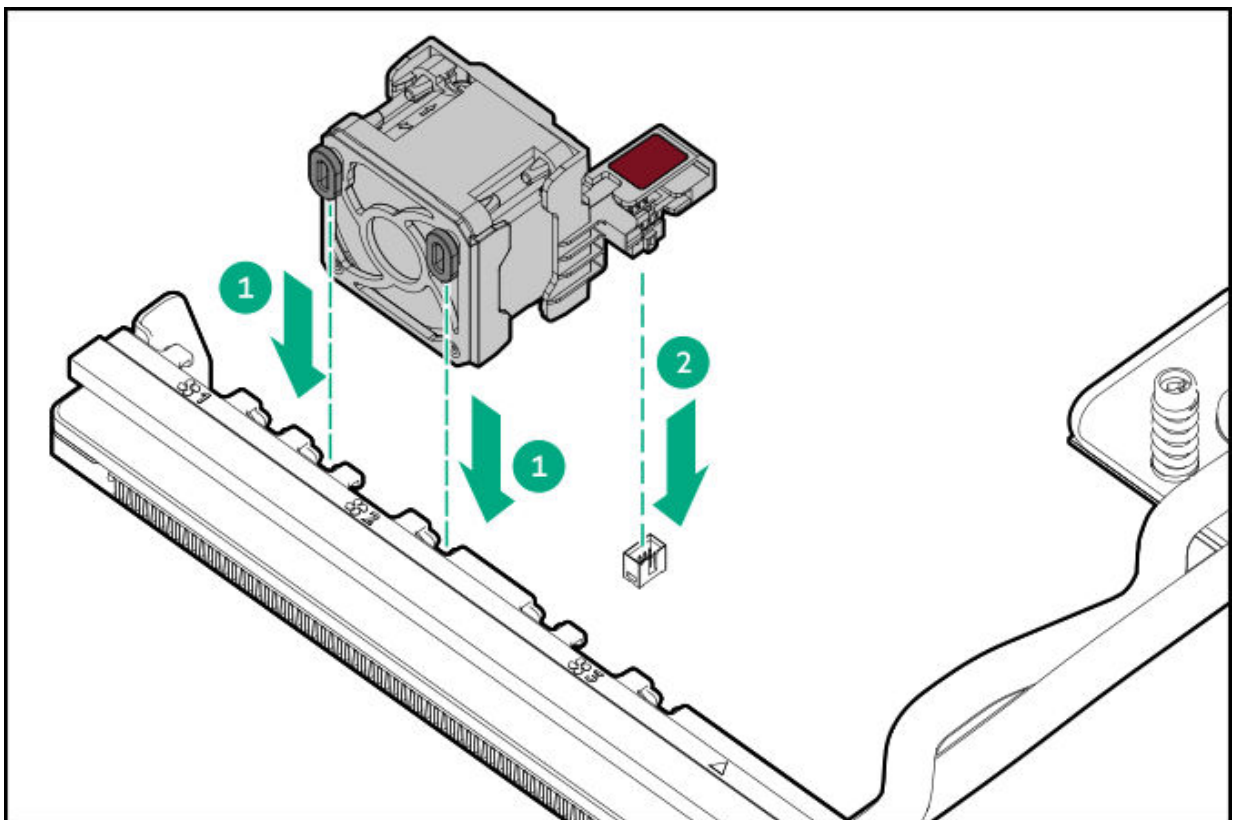
1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the middle cover.
8. Remove the air baffle.
9. Install the fan:

Make sure that the fan is firmly seated on its system board connector.

- Standard / high performance fan



- Liquid cooling fan



0. Perform the post-installation or maintenance steps required by the procedure that necessitates the removal of the fan.

- .1. Install the air baffle.
- .2. Install the middle cover.
- .3. Install the access panel.
- .4. Install the server into the rack.
- .5. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .6. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- .7. Power up the server.

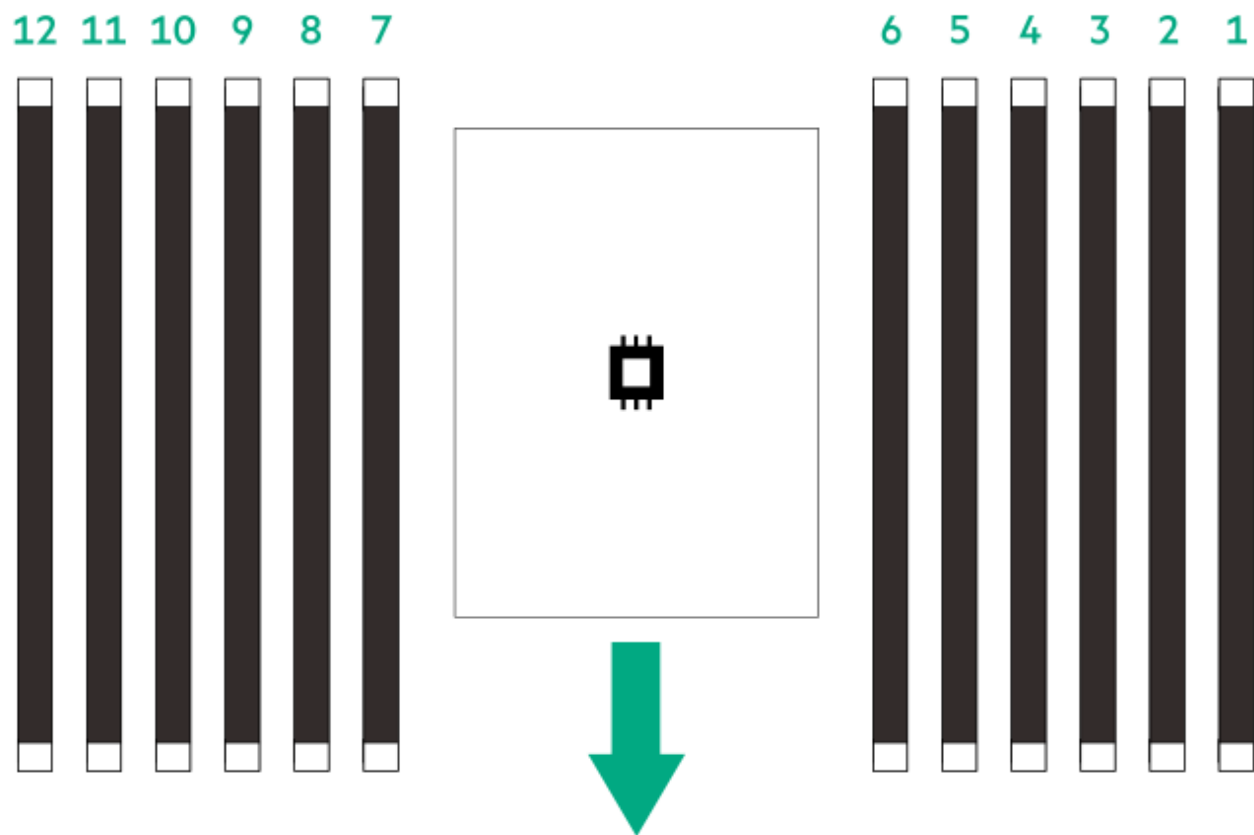
Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Memory option

The server has 12 DIMM slots supporting HPE DDR5 SmartMemory (RDIMM).

The arrow points to the front of the server.



Subtopics

HPE SmartMemory speed and population information

DIMM installation guidelines

Installing a DIMM

HPE SmartMemory speed and population information

For information about memory speed and server-specific DIMM population rules for HPE servers using 4th and 5th Gen AMD EPYC 9004/9005 Series Processors, see the relevant memory technical paper in:

<https://www.hpe.com/docs/server-memory>

DIMM installation guidelines

When handling a DIMM, observe the following:

- Observe antistatic precautions.

- Handle the DIMM only along the edges.
- Do not touch the components on the sides of the DIMM.
- Do not touch the connectors on the bottom of the DIMM.
- Never wrap your fingers around a DIMM.
- Never bend or flex the DIMM.

When installing a DIMM, observe the following:

- To align and seat the DIMM, use two fingers to hold the DIMM along the side edges.
- To seat the DIMM, use two fingers to apply gentle pressure along the top of the DIMM.

For more information, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<https://www.hpe.com/support/DIMM-20070214-CN>).

Installing a DIMM

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, review the:

- [DIMM population information](#)
- [DIMM installation guidelines](#)

About this task



CAUTION

Do not install ×4 and ×8 DRAM widths in the same server. All memory installed in the server must be of the same type. Installing different DIMM types can cause the server to halt during BIOS initialization.



CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe [antistatic precautions](#).

Procedure

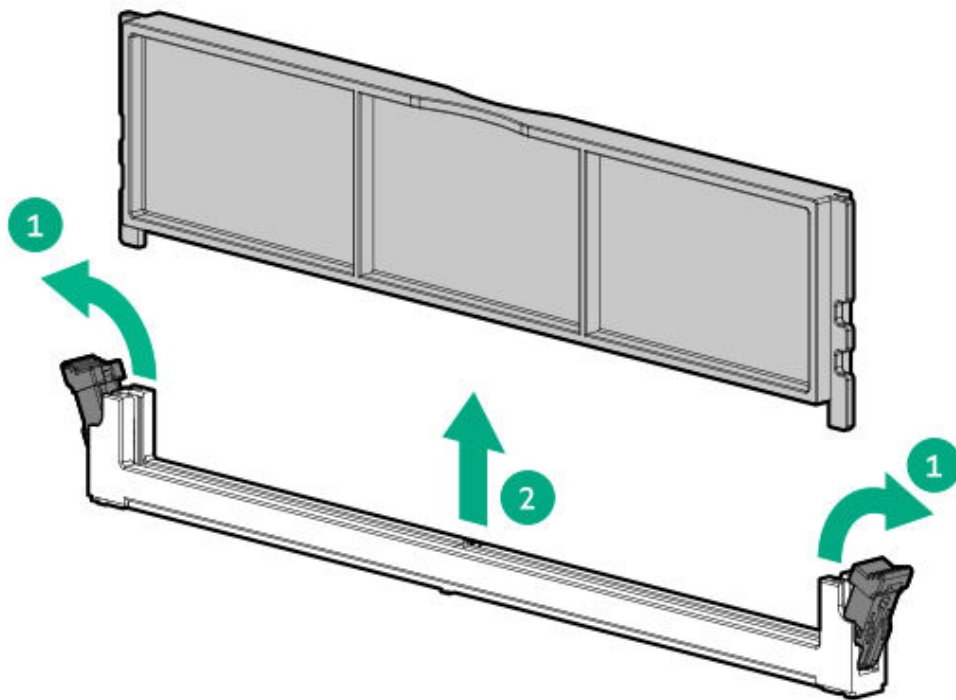
1. [Power down the server](#).
2. Remove all power:

- a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
- b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the DIMM blank:

**CAUTION**

To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all DIMM slots have either a DIMM or a DIMM blank installed.

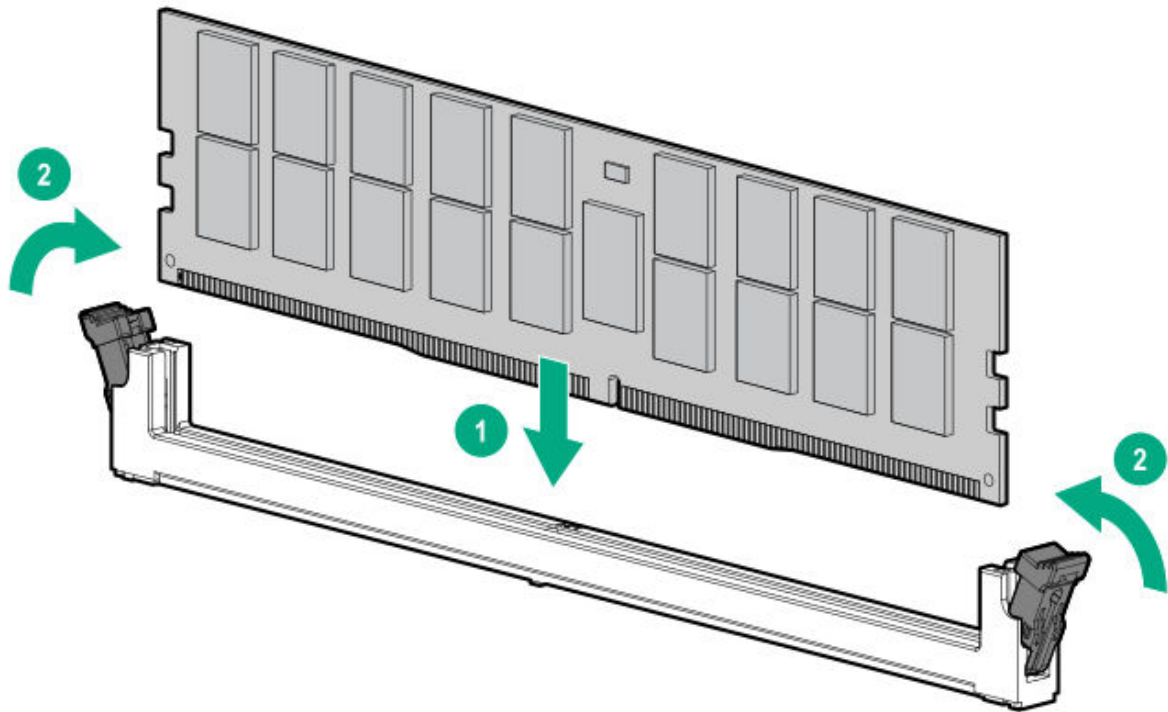
- a. Open the DIMM slot latches.
- b. Lift the blank from the DIMM slot.



8. Install the DIMM:
 - a. Open the DIMM slot latches.

- b. Align the notch on the bottom edge of the DIMM with the keyed surface of the DIMM slot, and then fully press the DIMM into the slot until the latches snap back into place.

The DIMM slots are structured to ensure proper installation. If you try to insert a DIMM but it does not fit easily into the slot, you might have positioned it incorrectly. Reverse the orientation of the DIMM and insert it again.



9. Install the access panel.
10. Install the server into the rack.
11. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
12. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
13. Power up the server.
14. To configure the memory settings:
 - a. From the boot screen, press **F9** to access UEFI System Utilities.
 - b. From the System Utilities screen, select **System Utilities > System Configuration > BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU) > Memory Options**.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Riser cage options

The primary riser cage is default in the server. Two secondary riser cage options are supported:

- [Secondary riser cage](#)
- [NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage](#)

Subtopics

[**Installing the secondary riser cage**](#)

[**Installing the NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage**](#)

Installing the secondary riser cage

About this task



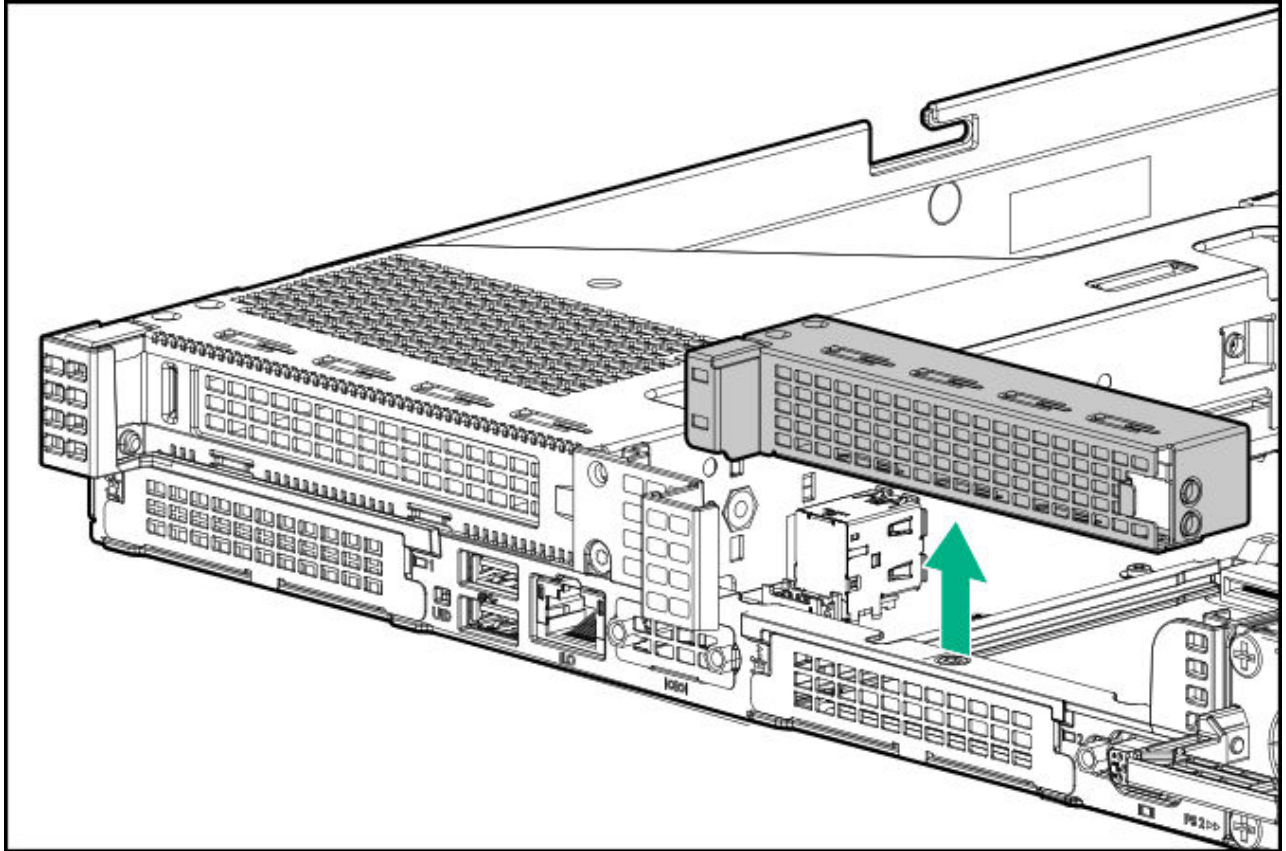
CAUTION

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation, removal, or replacement procedure. Improper grounding can cause [electrostatic discharge](#).

Procedure

1. [Power down the server.](#)
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. [Remove the server from the rack.](#)
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. [Remove the access panel.](#)

7. Remove the secondary riser cage blank.



8. Install one of the following options:

- [Expansion card](#)
- [Type-p storage controller](#)

9. Install the riser cage:

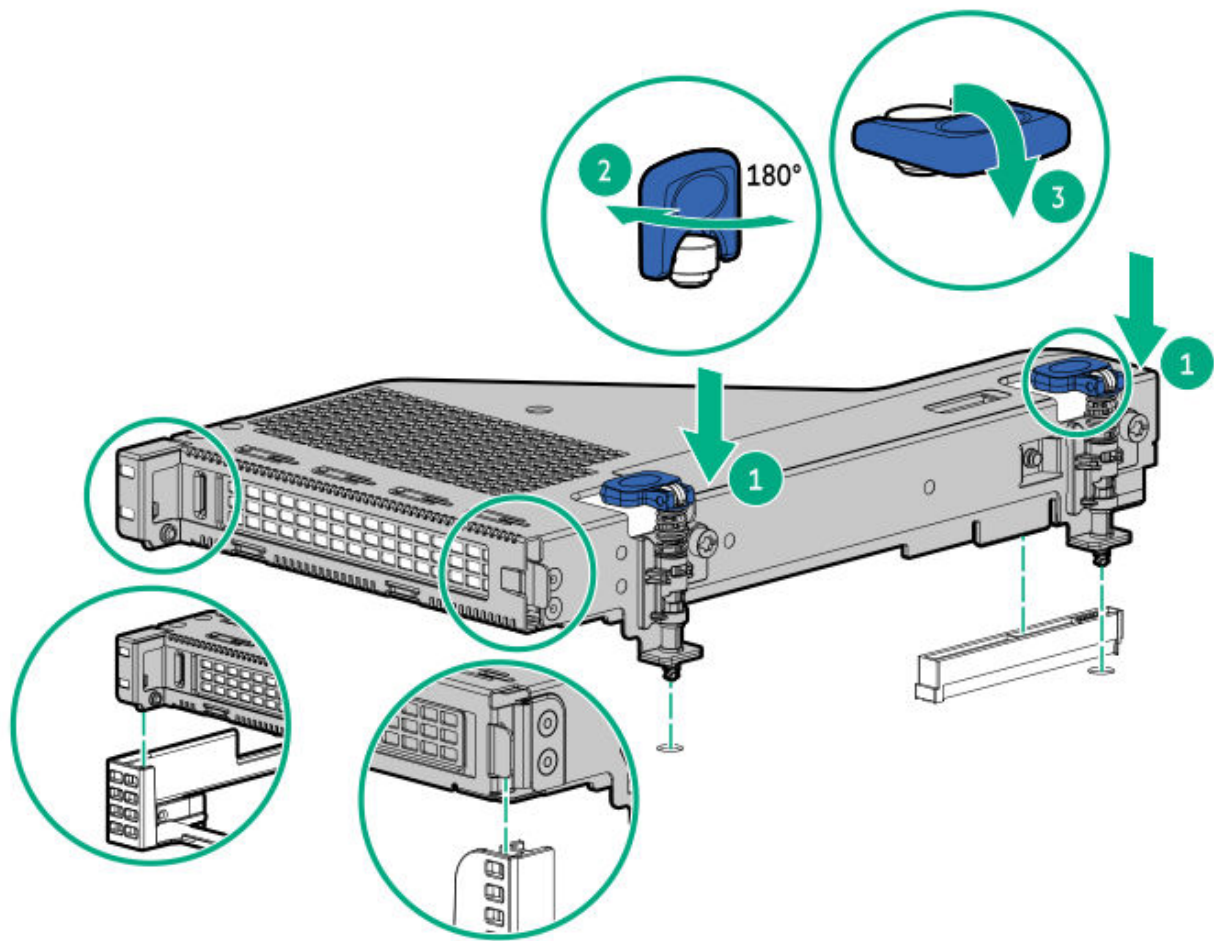
- a. Carefully press the riser down on its system board connector.

Make sure that:

- The riser cage is aligned with the rear chassis.
- The riser board is firmly seated on the system board.

- b. Simultaneously push and rotate the half-turn spring latch to 180°.

- c. Close the spring latch.



- .0. Install the access panel.
- .1. Install the server into the rack.
- .2. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .3. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- .4. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing the NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage

About this task

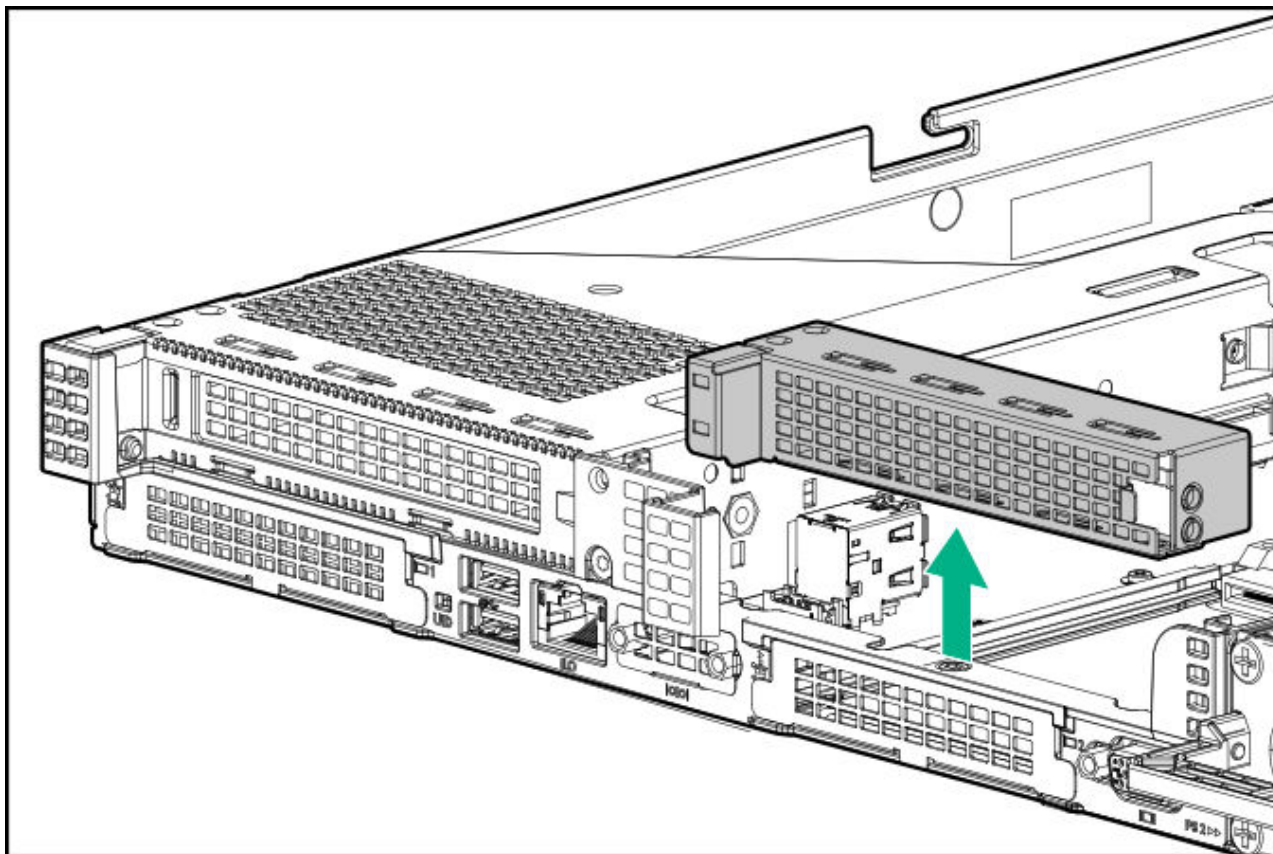


CAUTION

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation, removal, or replacement procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

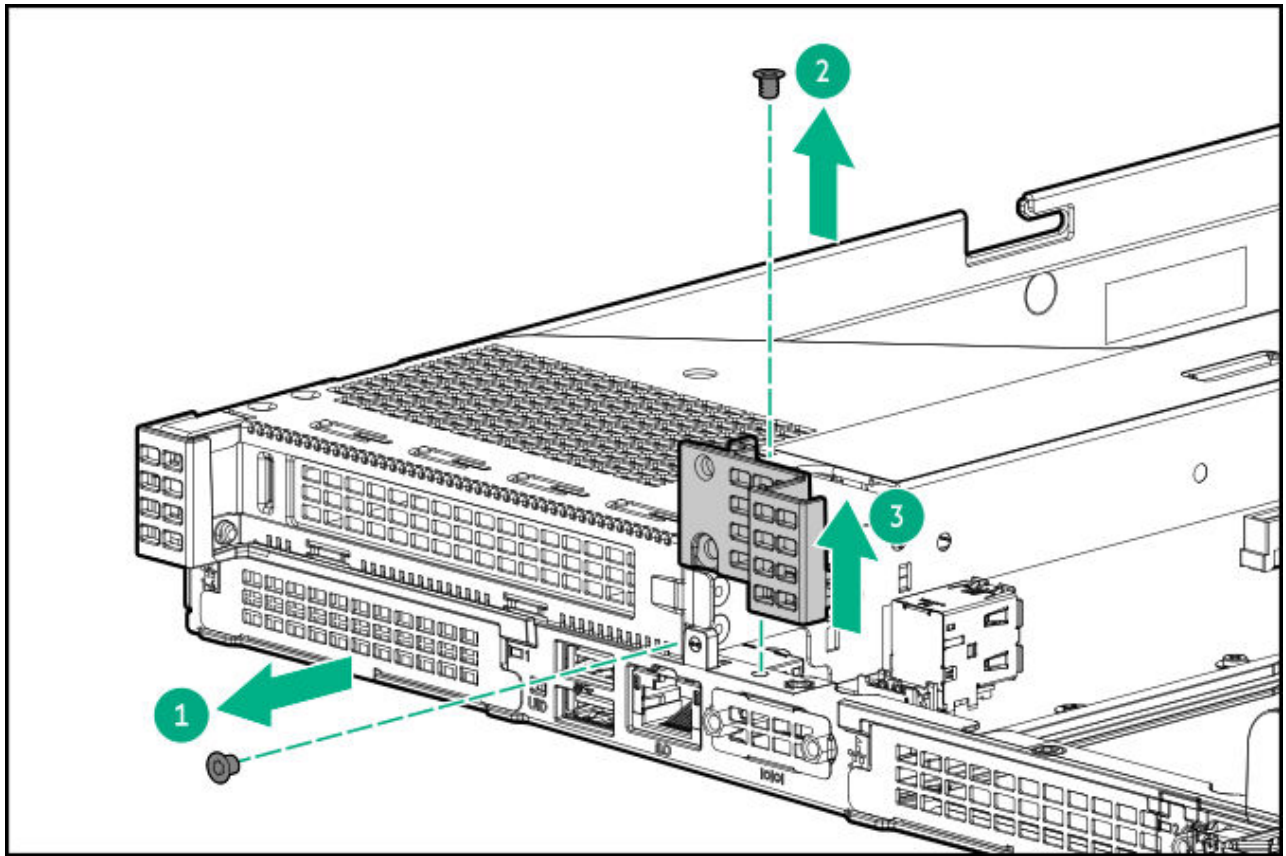
Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the secondary riser cage blank.

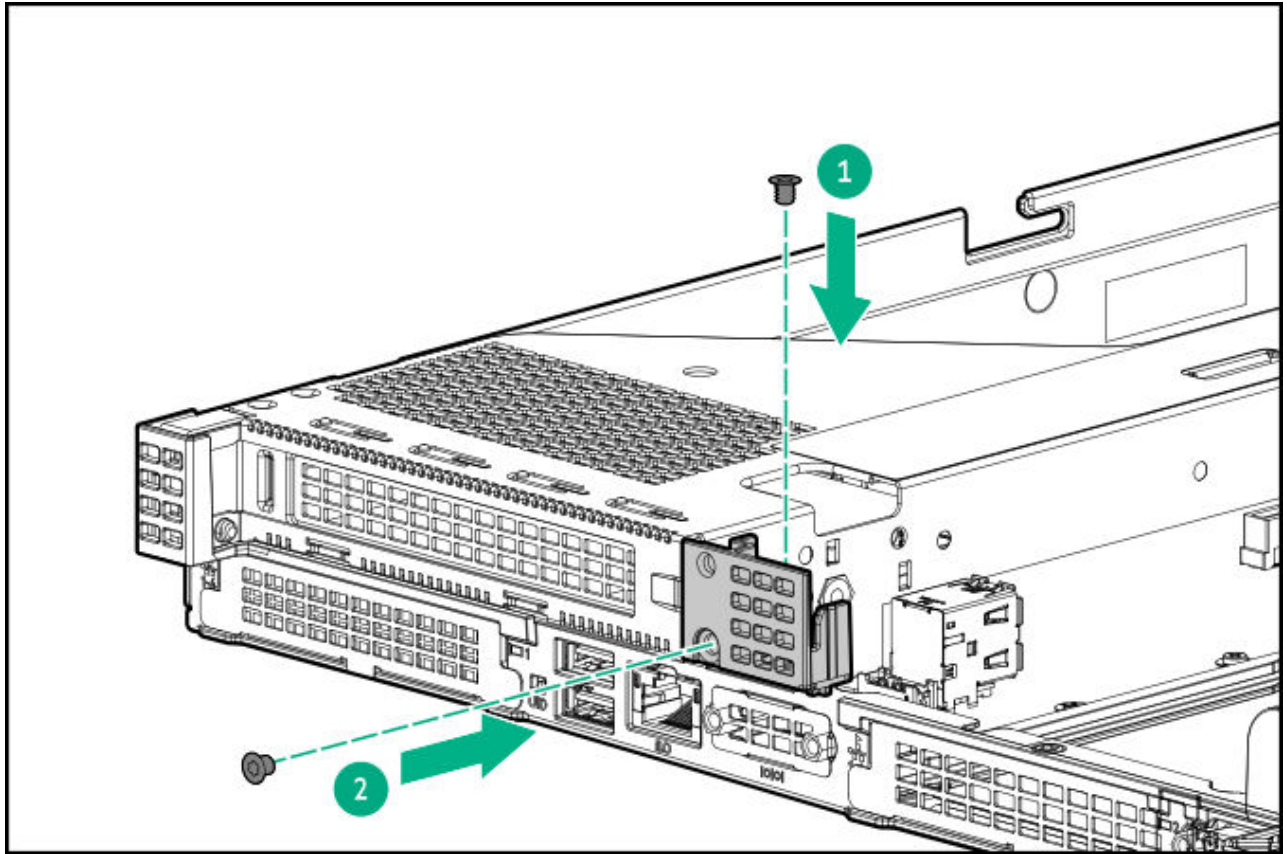


8. Remove the default secondary riser cage bracket.

Retain the screws and bracket. These screws will be used to secure the new NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage bracket.



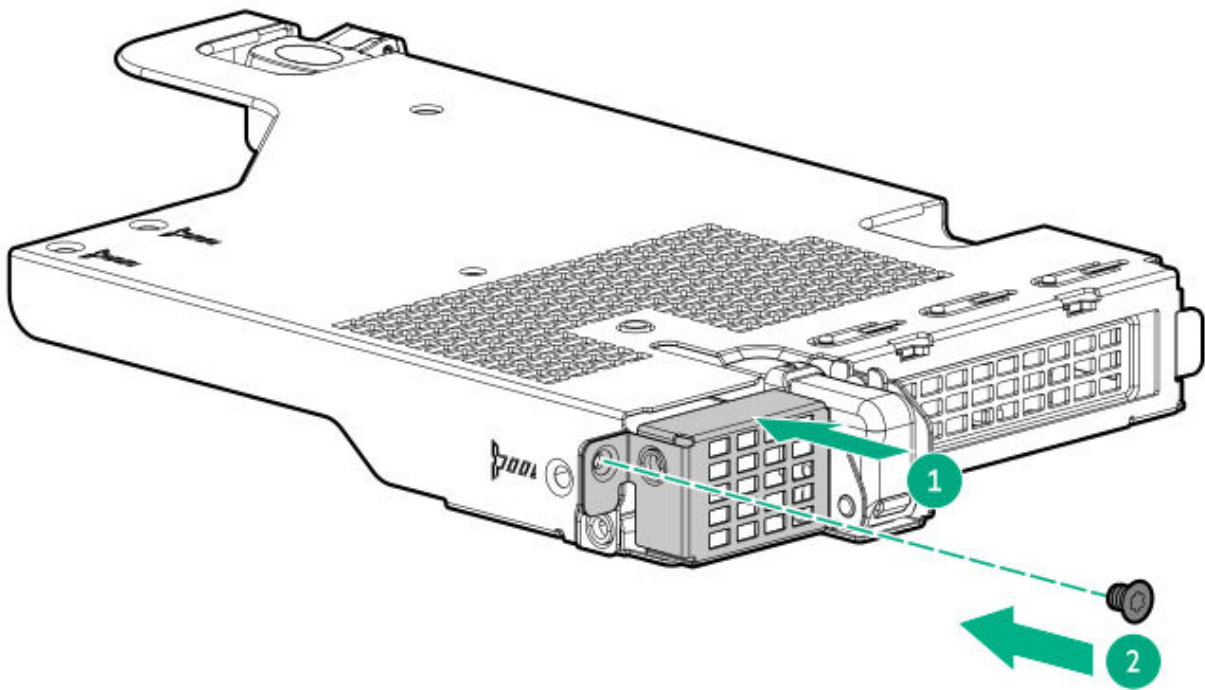
9. Install the NS204i-u and secondary low-profile riser cage support bracket.



.0. Install the following options:

- [Low-profile expansion card](#)
- [HPE NS204i-u Boot Device](#)

.1. If the boot device is not installed in the riser cage, install the boot device blank.



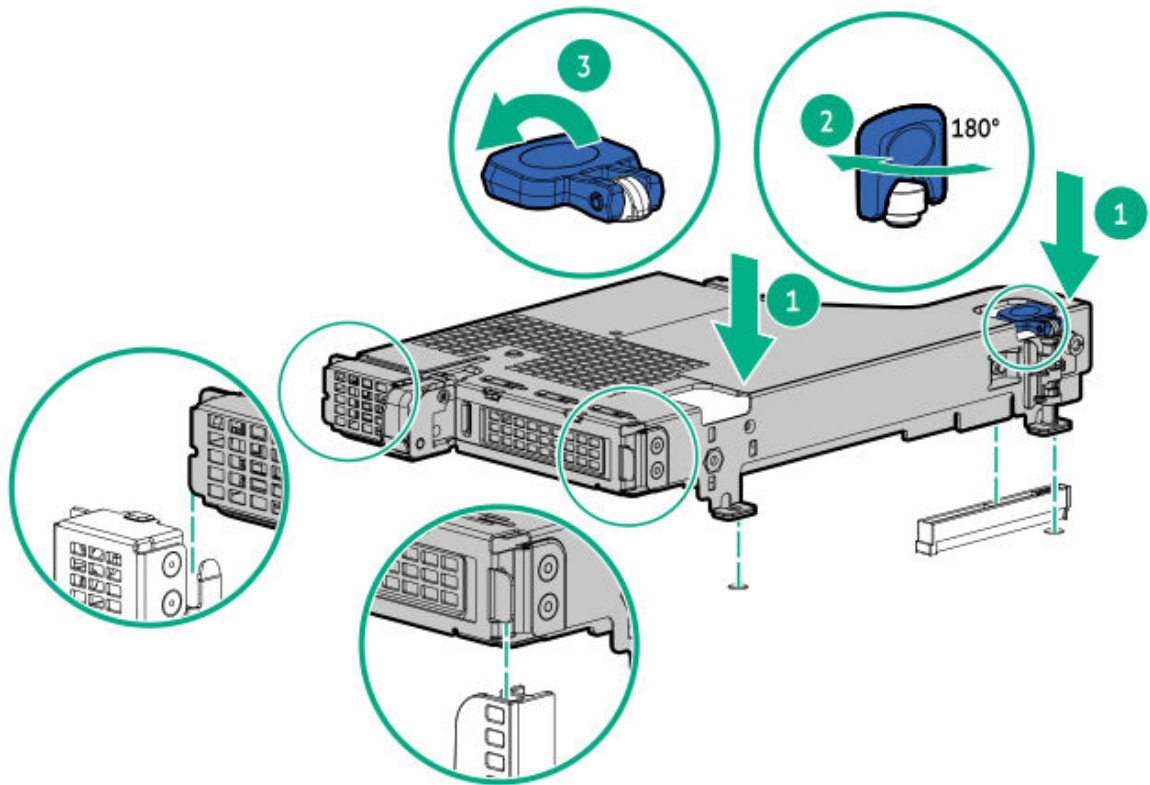
.2. Install the NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage:

- a. Carefully press the riser down on its system board connector.

Make sure that:

- The riser cage is aligned with the rear chassis.
- The riser board is firmly seated on the system board.

- b. Simultaneously push and rotate the half-turn spring latch to 180°.
- c. Close the spring latch.



.3. Connect all necessary internal cabling to the expansion card.

For more information on these cabling requirements, see the documentation that ships with the option.

.4. Install the access panel.

.5. Install the server into the rack.

.6. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.

.7. Connect the power cords:

a. Connect each power cord to the server.

b. Connect each power cord to the power source.

.8. Power up the server.

Results

The installation is complete.

Storage controller options

This server has no embedded software RAID support. Direct attached SATA drives operate in AHCI mode.

To support hardware RAID, install a storage controller option:

- HPE MR type-o and type-p Gen11 controllers
- HPE SR type-p Gen11 controllers
- HPE SR type-p Gen10 Plus controllers

When a tri-mode storage controller option is used together with a U.3 drive backplane, the system will support mixed drive configuration.

Subtopics

Preparing the server for storage controller installation

Installing a type-p storage controller

Installing a type-o storage controller (OROC)

Preparing the server for storage controller installation

Prerequisites

Before beginning this procedure, download the Service Pack for ProLiant (SPP) from the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<https://www.hpe.com/servers/spp/download>).

Procedure

1. If the server was previously configured:
 - a. Back up data on the system.
 - b. Close all applications.
 - c. Ensure that users are logged off and that all tasks are completed on the server.



CAUTION

In systems that use external data storage, be sure that the server is the first unit to be powered down and the last to be powered back up. Taking this precaution ensures that the system does not erroneously mark the drives as failed when the server is powered up.

2. If the server firmware is not the latest revision, update the firmware.

3. If the new controller is the new boot device, install the controller drivers.

Installing a type-p storage controller

Prerequisites

- To enable the flash-backed write cache (FBWC) feature of a storage controller option, install an energy pack.
- For more information on the controller caching feature, see the controller QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<https://www.hpe.com/info/qs>).
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:
 - Compatible controller cable
 - T-10 Torx screwdriver

About this task



CAUTION

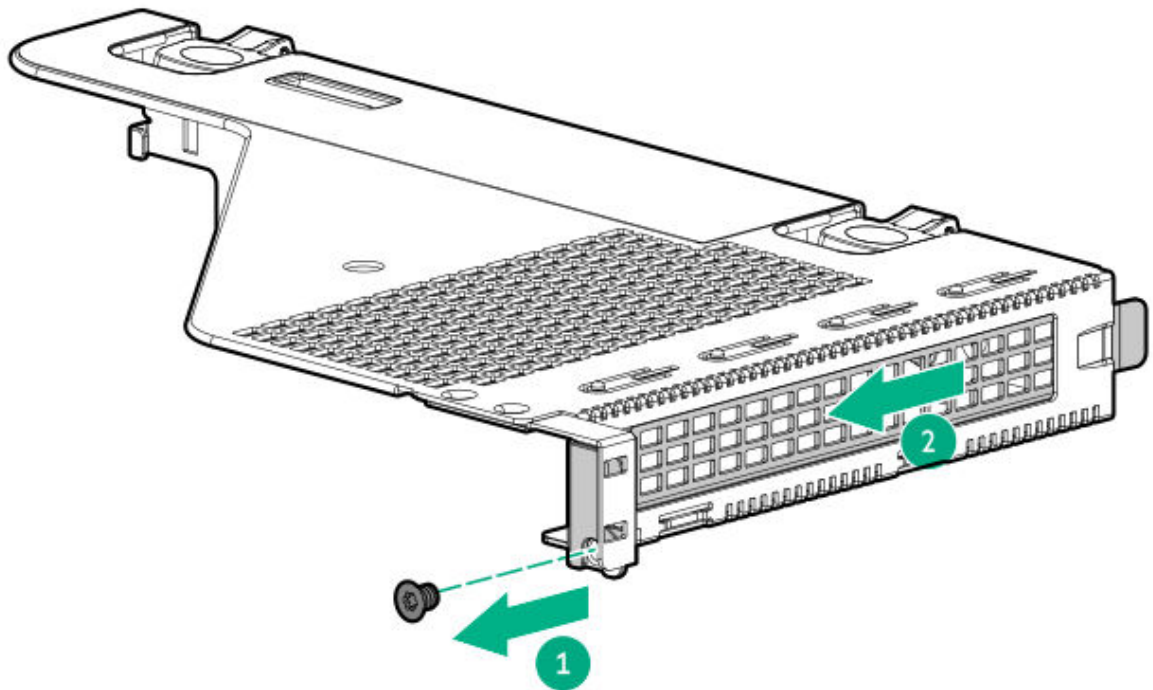
A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the middle cover.
8. Remove the riser cage.

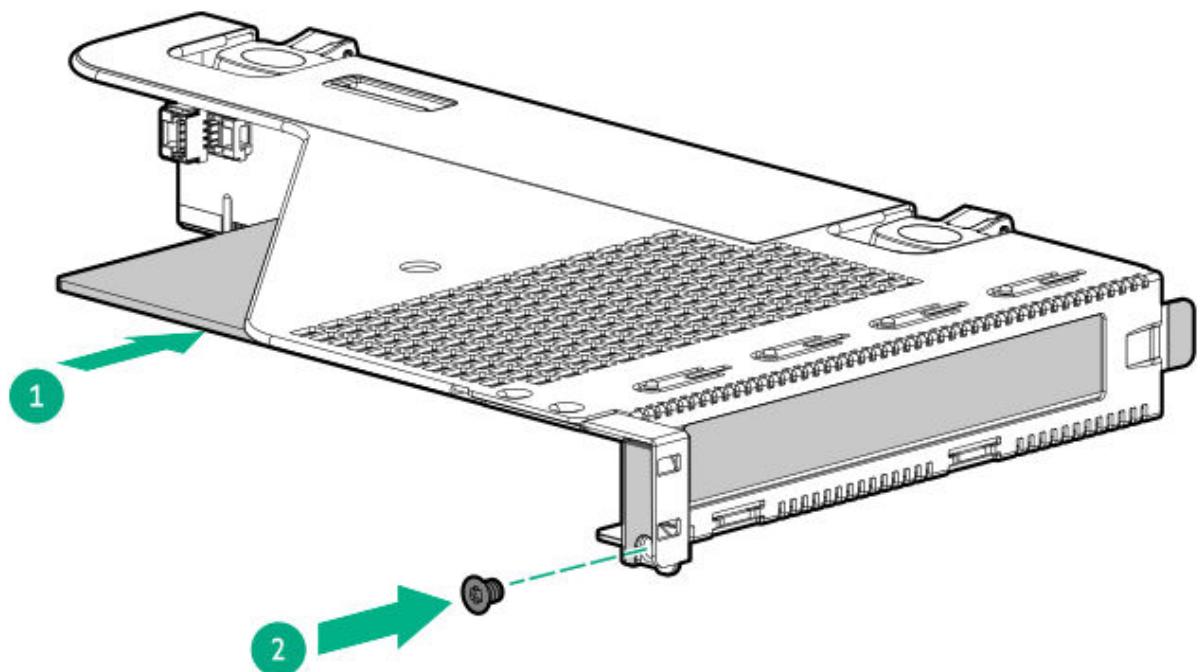
9. Remove the riser slot blank.

Retain the screw and blank. This screw will be used to secure the new type-p storage controller.



10. Install the type-p storage controller.

Make sure that the controller is seated firmly in the slot.



- .1. Install the riser cage.
- .2. Cable the type-p storage controller.
- .3. To enable the FBWC feature of the storage controller, install an energy pack.
- .4. If removed, install the middle cover.
- .5. Install the access panel.
- .6. Install the server into the rack.
- .7. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .8. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- .9. Power up the server.
- !0. Update the server firmware if they are not the latest revision.
- !1. Configure the controller.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing a type-o storage controller (OROC)

Prerequisites

- To enable the flash-backed write cache (FBWC) feature of a storage controller option, install an energy pack.

For more information on the controller caching feature, see the controller QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<https://www.hpe.com/info/qs>).

- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:
 - Compatible controller cable
 - T-10 Torx screwdriver

- Spudger or any small prying tool

About this task

This server supports type-o storage controller installation in the OCP slot 22.



CAUTION

The port blank provides EMI shielding and helps maintain proper thermal status inside the server. Do not operate the server when a port blank is removed without the corresponding I/O port option installed.

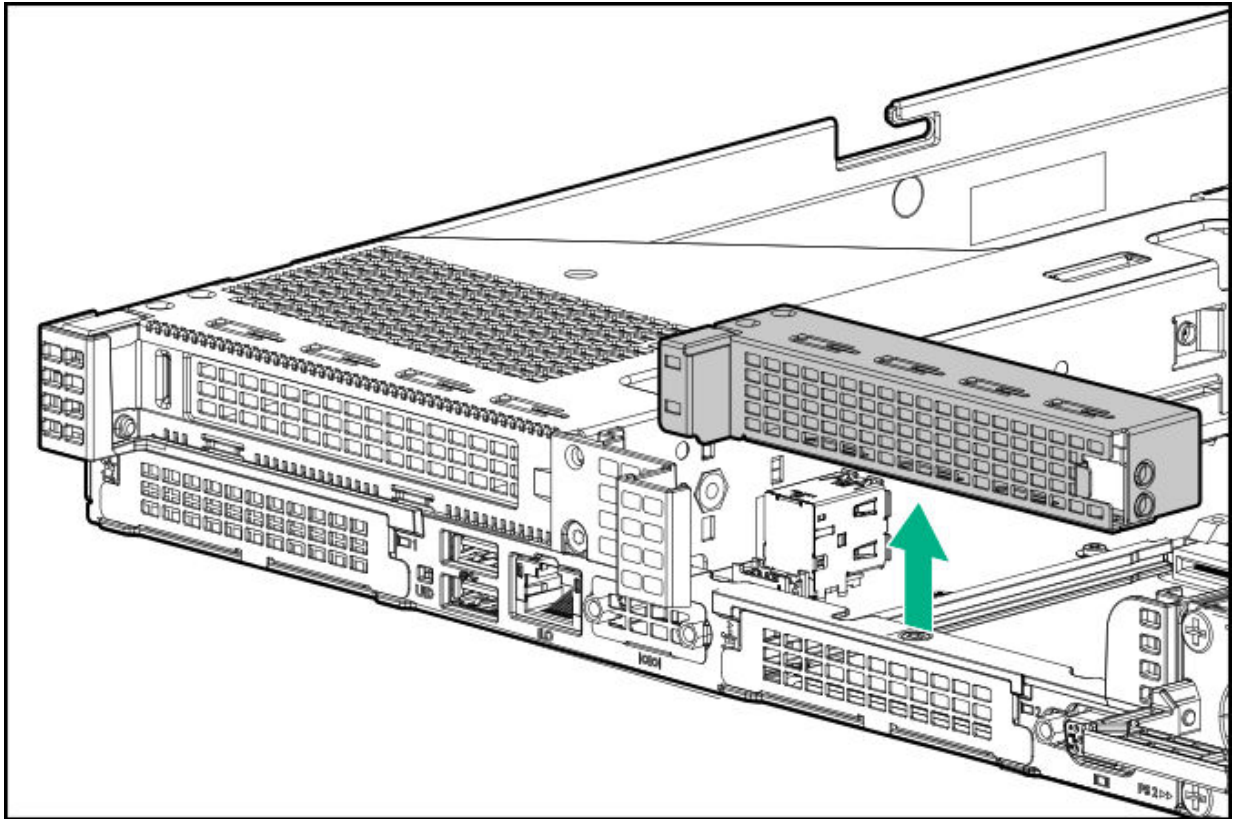


CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

Procedure

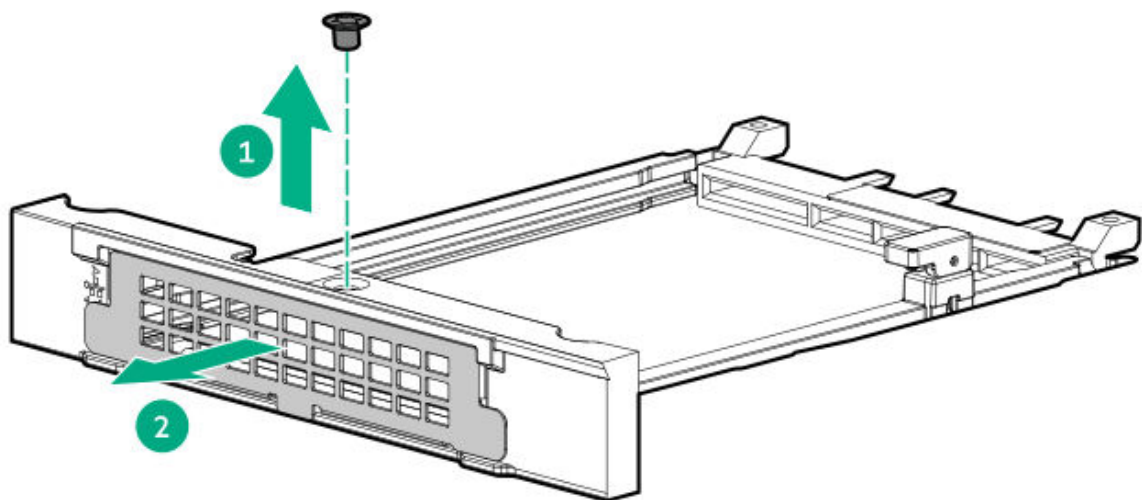
1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the middle cover.
8. Do one of the following:
 - Remove the secondary riser cage.
 - Remove the secondary riser cage blank.



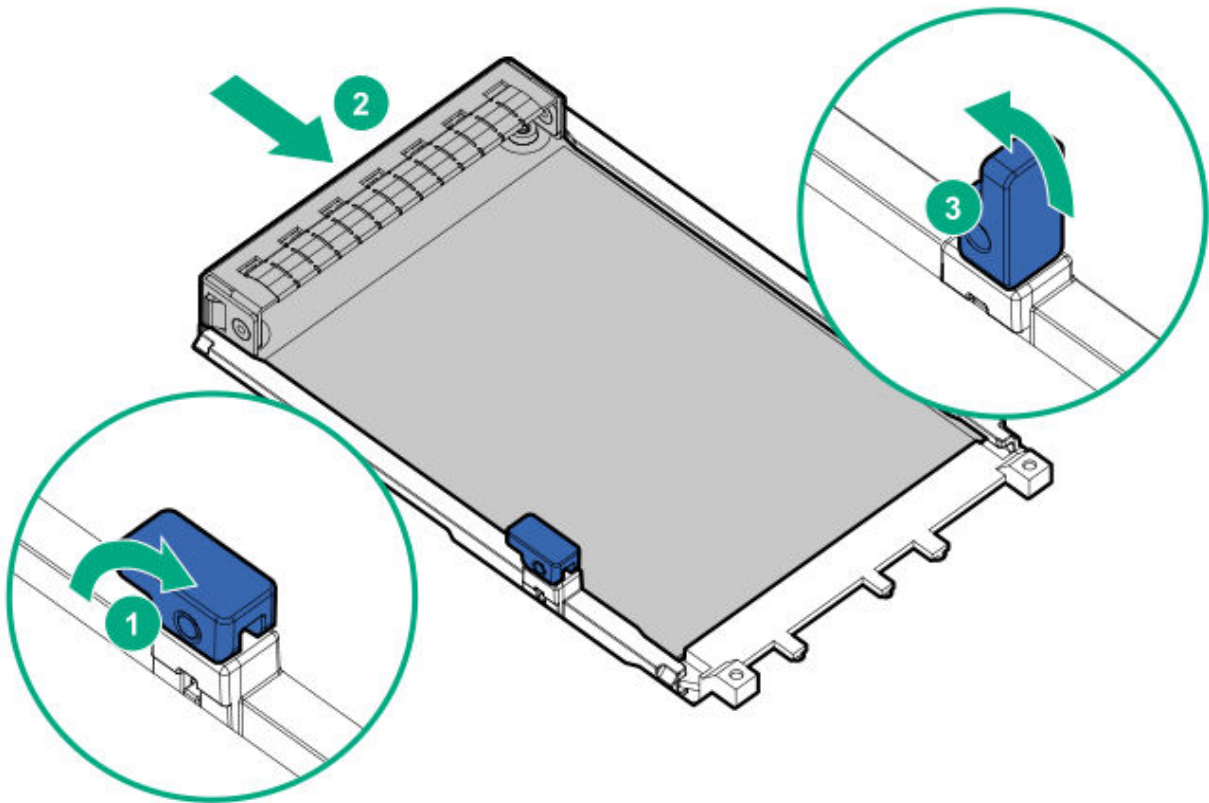
9. Remove the OCP slot blank:

- a. Remove the blank screw.
- b. Remove the blank.

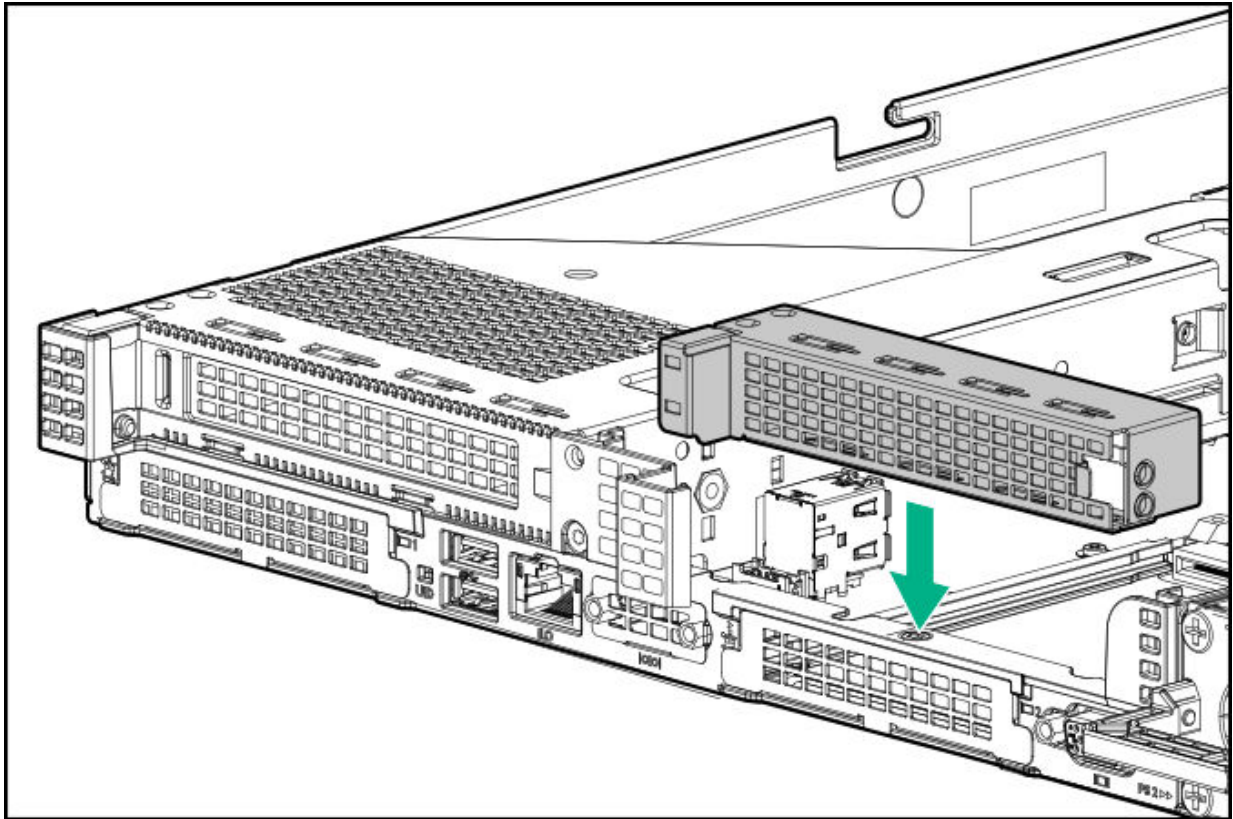
Retain the screw and blank for future use.



- .0. Install the type-o storage controller:
- Rotate the locking pin to the open (vertical) position.
 - Slide the controller into the bay until it clicks into place.
Make sure that the controller is seated firmly in the slot.
 - Rotate the locking pin to the close (horizontal) position.



- .1. Do one of the following:
- Install the secondary riser cage blank.



- Install the secondary riser cage.

- .2. To enable the FBWC feature of the storage controller, install an energy pack.
- .3. Install the middle cover.
- .4. Install the access panel.
- .5. Install the server into the rack.
- .6. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .7. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- .8. Power up the server.
- .9. Update the server firmware if they are not the latest revision.
- .10. Configure the controller.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Energy pack options

If there is an unplanned server power outage, the flash-backed write cache (FBWC) feature of HPE storage controllers requires a centralized backup power source to back up the write cache data in a flash device. This server supports the following power options—collectively known as energy pack:

- [HPE Smart Storage Battery](#)
- [HPE Smart Storage Hybrid Capacitor](#)

One energy pack supports multiple devices. After it is installed, the status of the energy pack appears in HPE iLO. For more information, see the iLO user guide:

<https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeilodocs-quicklinks>

Subtopics

[HPE Smart Storage Battery](#)

[HPE Smart Storage Hybrid Capacitor](#)

[Installing an energy pack in configurations without the M.2 SSD pass-through card](#)

[Installing an energy pack in configurations with the M.2 SSD pass-through card](#)

[Installing an energy pack in GPU-optimized drive configurations](#)

HPE Smart Storage Battery

A single 96 W battery can support up to 24 devices.

After the battery is installed, it might take up to two hours to charge. Controller features requiring backup power are not re-enabled until the battery is capable of supporting the backup power.

This server supports the 96 W HPE Smart Storage Battery with the 145 mm cable.

For more information, see HPE Smart Storage Batteries and Hybrid Capacitors QuickSpecs:

https://www.hpe.com/psnow/doc/a00028553enw.pdf?jumpid=in_pdp-psnow-qs

HPE Smart Storage Hybrid Capacitor

The capacitor pack can support up to three devices.

This server supports the 12 W or 16 W HPE Smart Storage Hybrid Capacitor with the 145 mm cable.

Before installing the HPE Smart Storage Hybrid Capacitor, verify that the system BIOS meets the minimum firmware requirements to support the capacitor pack.



IMPORTANT

If the system BIOS or controller firmware is older than the minimum recommended firmware versions, the capacitor pack will only support one device.

The capacitor pack is fully charged after the system boots.

For more information, see HPE Smart Storage Batteries and Hybrid Capacitors QuickSpecs:

https://www.hpe.com/psnow/doc/a00028553enw.pdf?jumpid=in_pdp-psnow-qs

Installing an energy pack in configurations without the M.2 SSD pass-through card

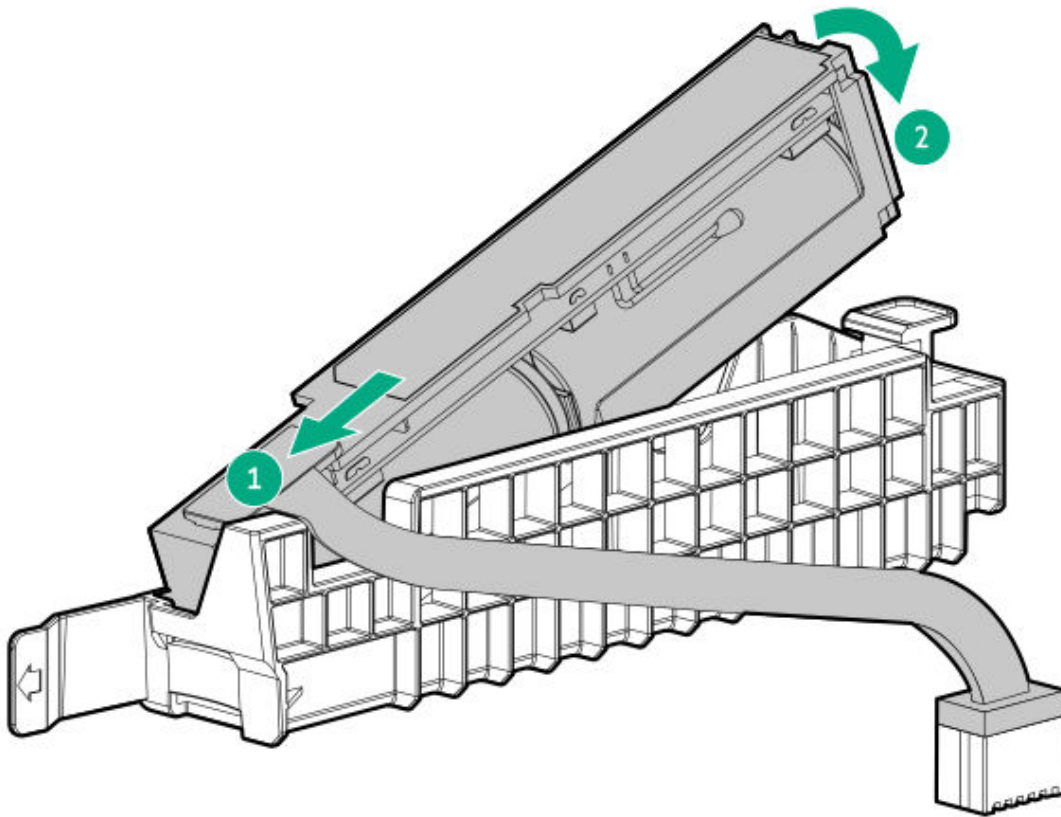
Prerequisites

Make sure that you have the storage controller backup power cable that ships with the storage controller.

Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Install the energy pack in the holder located on the left side of the chassis.
 - a. Insert the energy pack at an angle.
 - b. Push the energy pack down from the other end.

Make sure that the energy pack is locked in the holder.
 - c. Connect the energy pack cable.



8. Connect the storage backup power cable.
9. Install the access panel.
10. Install the server into the rack.
11. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
12. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
13. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing an energy pack in configurations with the M.2 SSD pass-through card

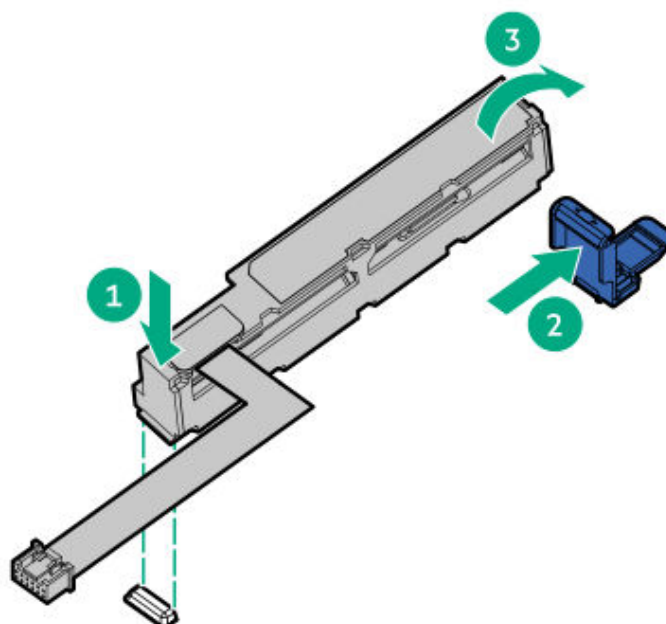
Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:

- Storage controller backup power cable (ships with the storage controller)
- Energy pack extension power cable (P56659-B21)

Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the middle cover.
8. Secure the energy pack in the retention latch located on the rear side of the drive cage.



9. Connect the energy pack extension power cable to the system board and energy pack cable.
10. Connect the storage backup power cable.
11. Install the access panel.
12. Install the server into the rack.
13. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
14. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
15. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing an energy pack in GPU-optimized drive configurations

Prerequisites

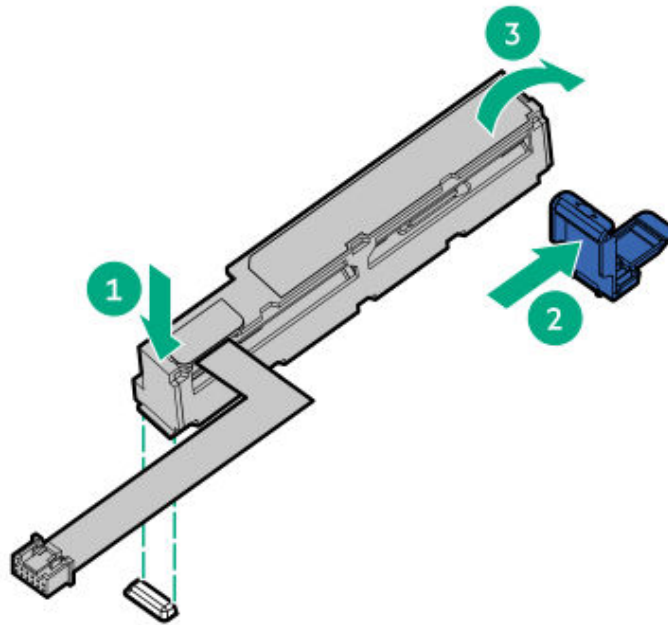
Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:

- Storage controller backup power cable (ships with the storage controller)
- Energy pack extension power cable (P56659-B21)

Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.

6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the middle cover.
8. Secure the energy pack in the retention latch located on the rear side of the drive cage.



9. Connect the energy pack extension power cable to the system board and energy pack cable.
10. Connect the storage backup power cable.
11. Install the access panel.
12. Install the server into the rack.
13. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
14. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
15. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Expansion card options

The server supports the installation of full-height half-length, full-height full-length, and half-height half-length (low-profile) PCIe expansion / add-in (AIC) cards such as:

- HPE type-p storage controller
- Ethernet adapter
- HDR InfiniBand adapter
- Fibre channel host bus adapter (FC HBA)
- GPU (workload, computational, or graphics GPU)

For more information on the expansion options validated for this server, see the server QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website:

<https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>

Subtopics

Installing the full-length expansion card retainer

Installing an expansion card in the primary riser cage

Installing an expansion card in the NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage

Installing the full-length expansion card retainer

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a T-15 Torx screwdriver available.

About this task

This card retainer is required when installing a full-length expansion card in the primary riser cage.



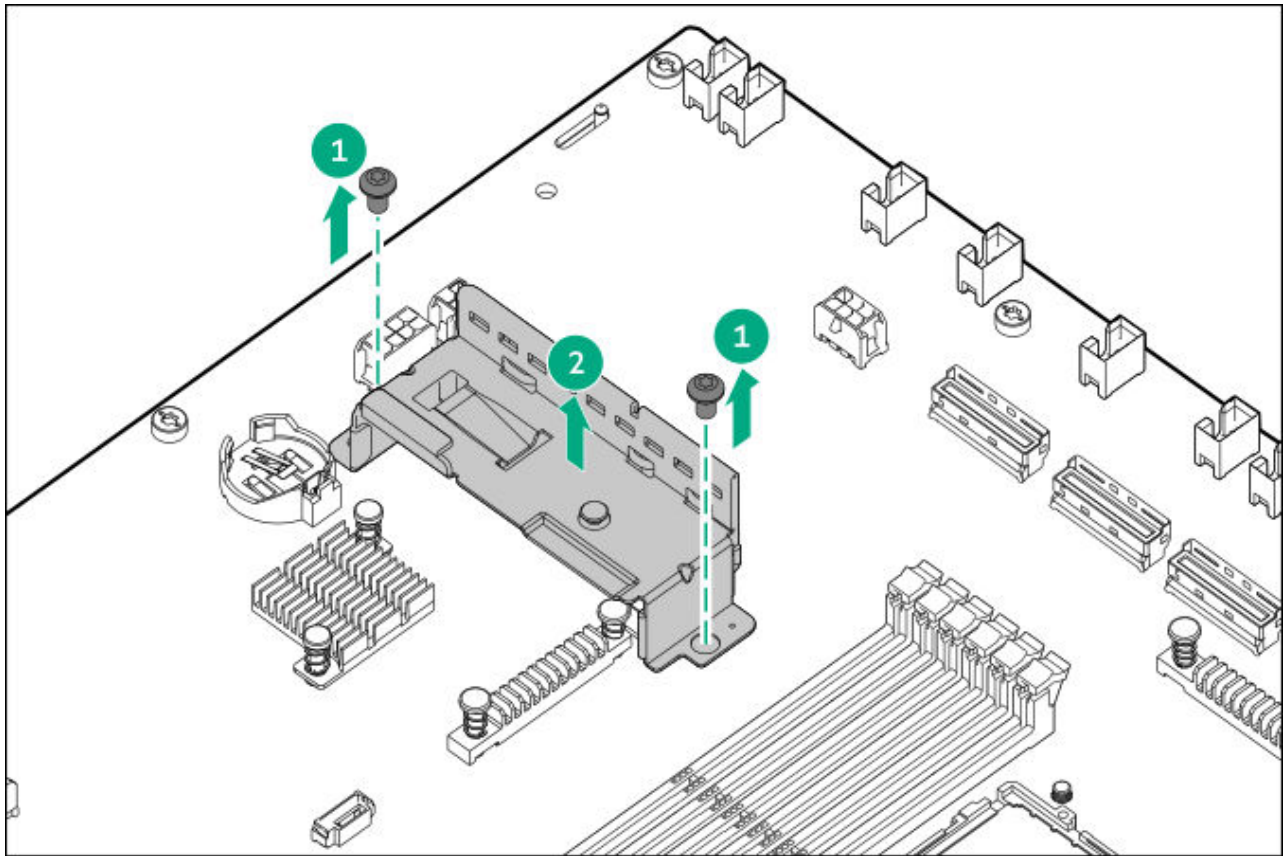
CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

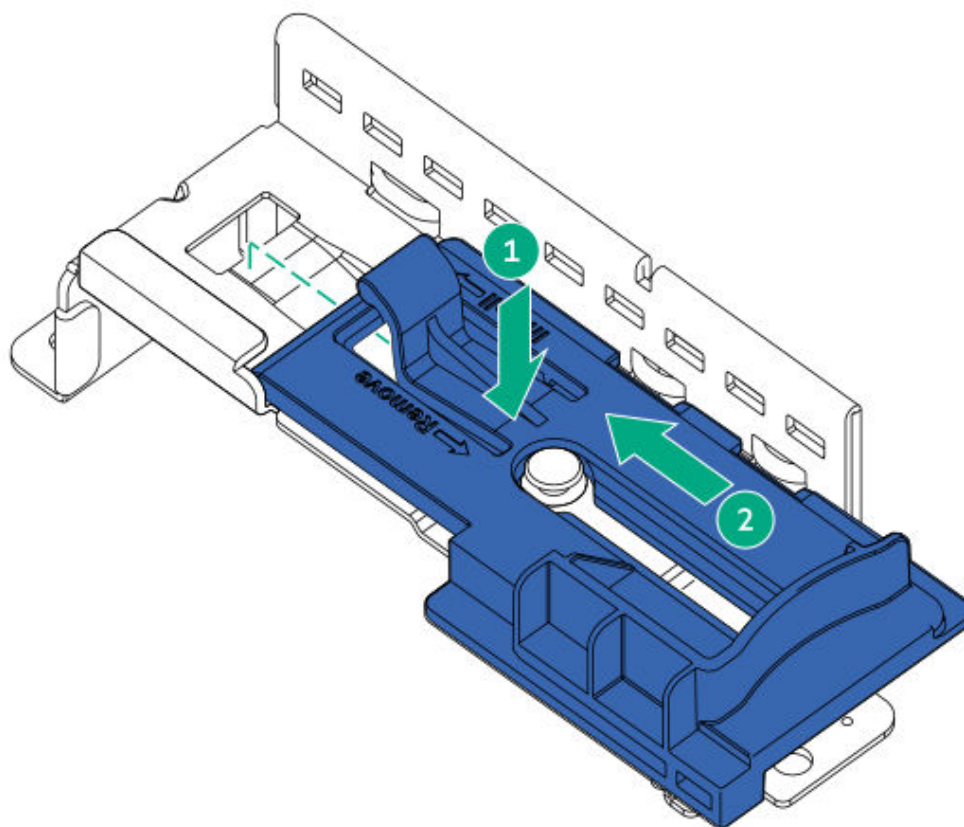
Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:

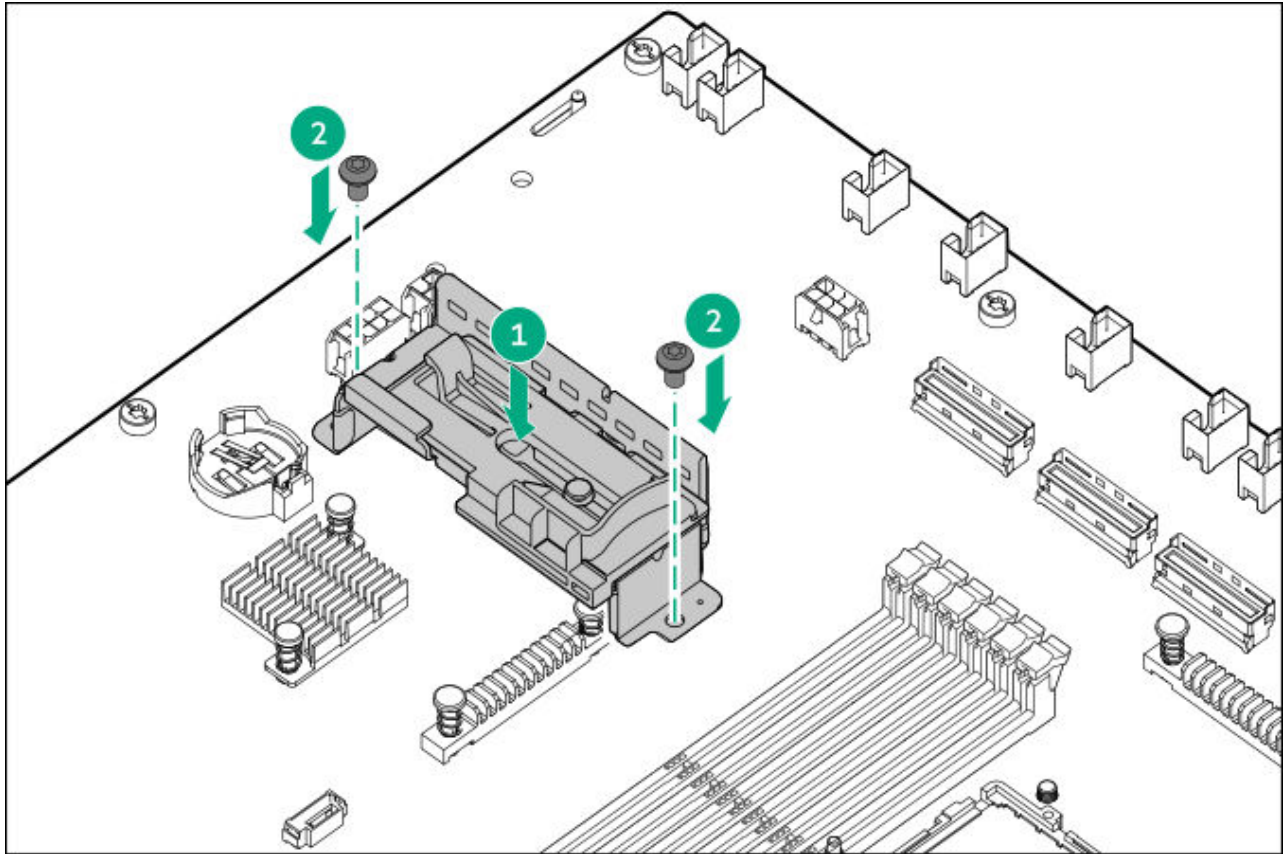
- a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
- b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the retainer bracket from the system board.



8. Install the card retainer on the bracket.



9. Install the card retainer with bracket on the system board.



- .0. Install the access panel.
- .1. Install the server into the rack.
- .2. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .3. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- .4. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing an expansion card in the primary riser cage

Prerequisites

- [Determine the fan requirement](#) for the expansion option that you are installing.
- [When installing a full-length expansion card, the card retainer option is required.](#)
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:
 - T-10 Torx screwdriver
 - Phillips No. 1 screwdriver

About this task



CAUTION

To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all PCIe slots have either a riser slot blank or an expansion card installed.



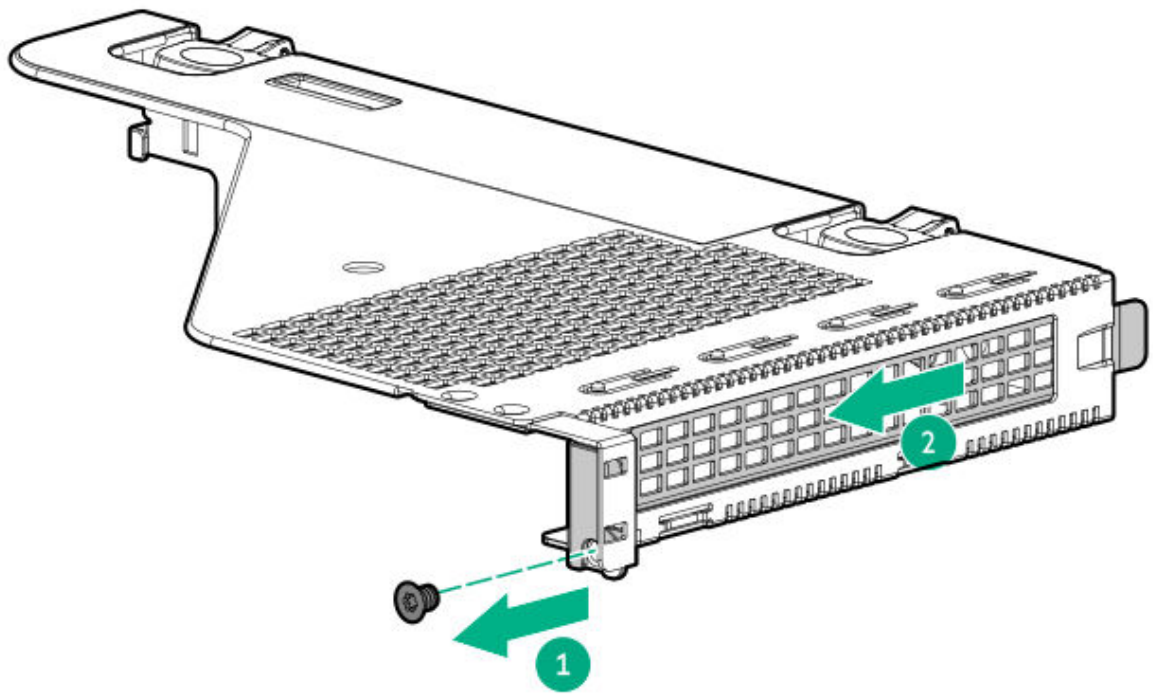
CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe [antistatic precautions](#).

Procedure

1. [Power down the server.](#)
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. [Remove the server from the rack.](#)
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. [Remove the access panel.](#)
7. [Remove the riser cage.](#)
8. Remove the riser slot blank.

Retain the screw and blank. The screw will be used to secure the new expansion card.

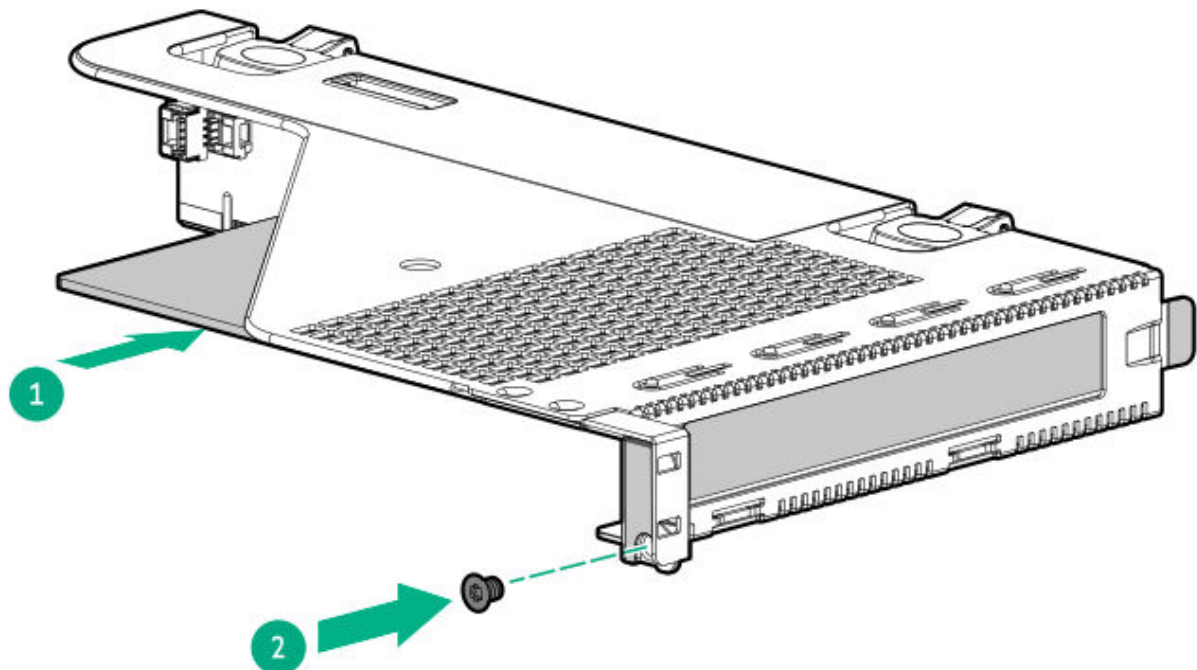


9. Make sure that any switches or jumpers on the expansion card are set properly.

For more information, see the documentation that ships with the expansion card option.

10. Install the expansion card:

Make sure that the expansion card is seated firmly in the slot.



1. Connect all necessary internal cabling to the expansion card.

For more information on these cabling requirements, see the documentation that ships with the option.

2. Install the riser cage.
3. Install the access panel.
4. Install the server into the rack.
5. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
6. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
7. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing an expansion card in the NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a T-10 Torx screwdriver available.

About this task



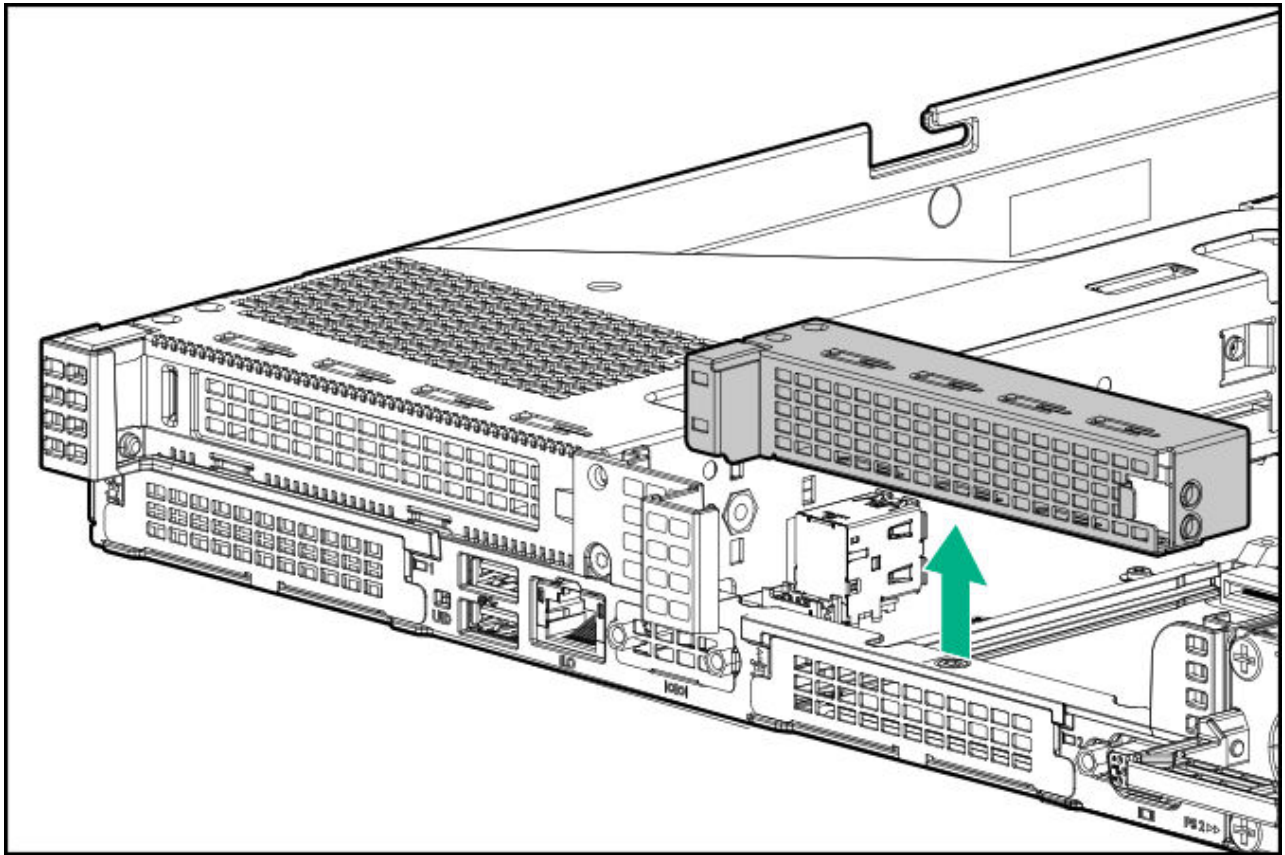
CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

Procedure

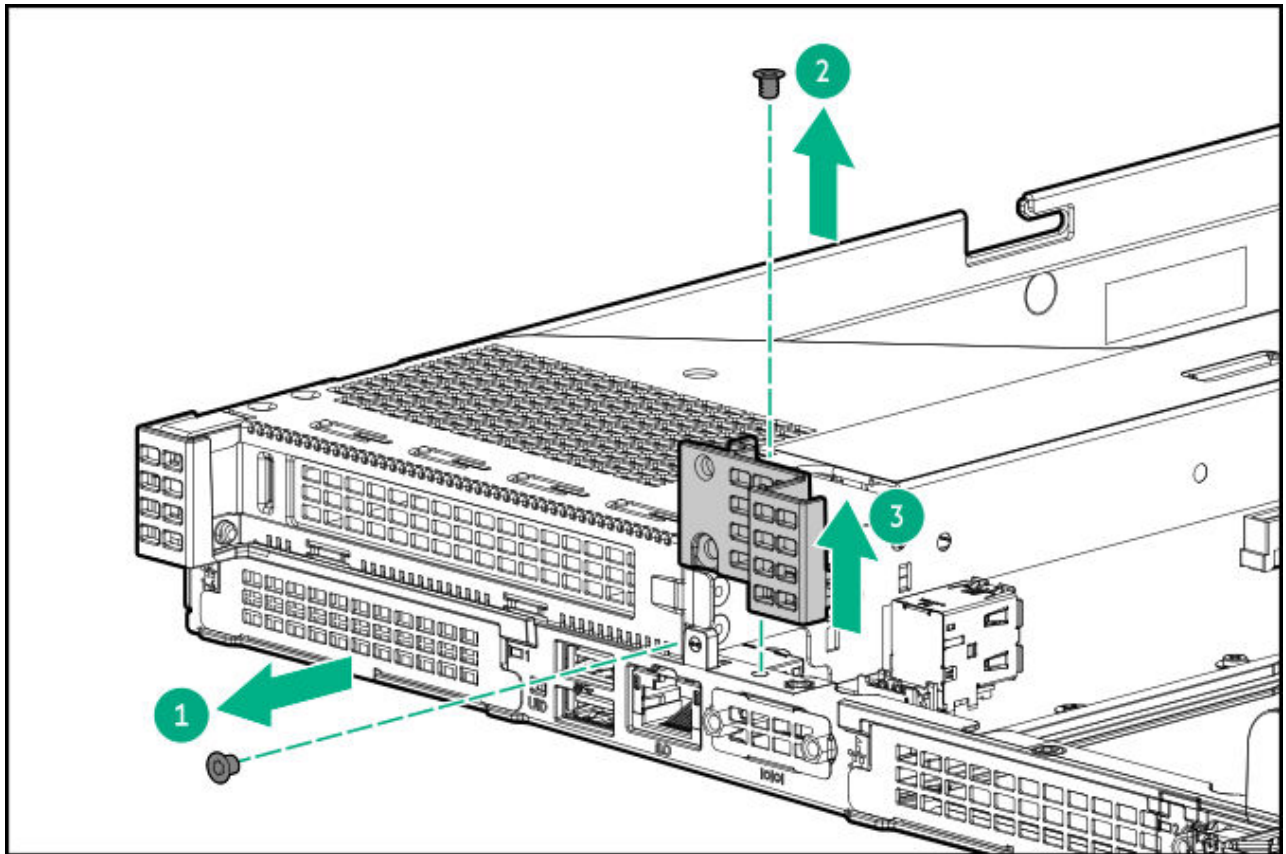
1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:

- a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
- b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Remove the secondary riser cage blank.

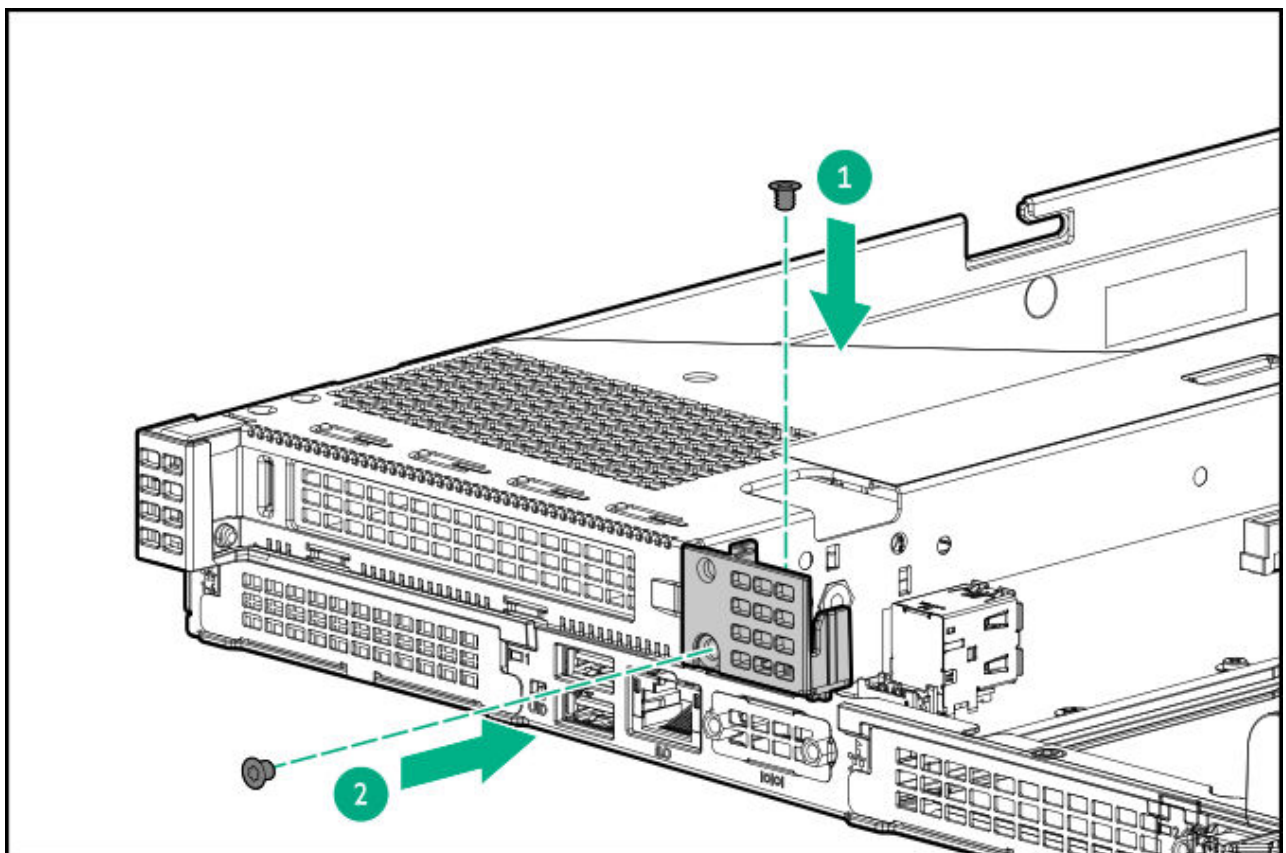


8. Remove the default secondary riser cage bracket.

Retain the screws and bracket. These screws will be used to secure the new NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage bracket.

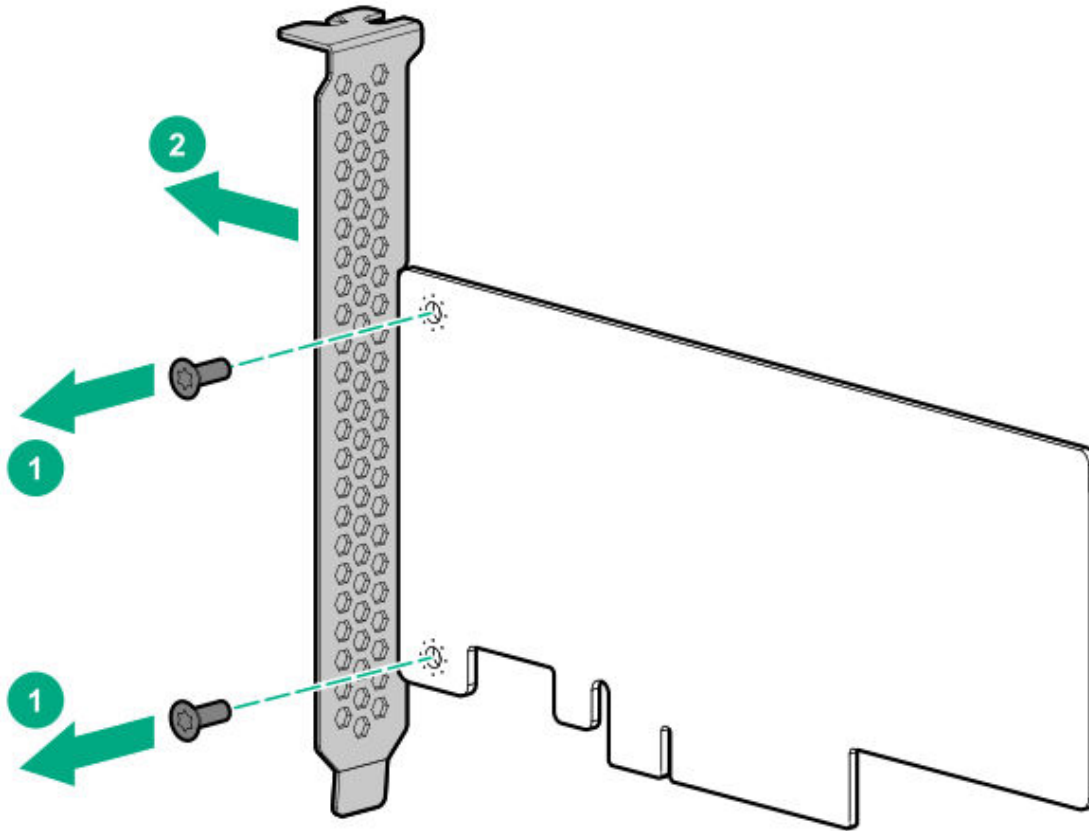


9. Install the NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage bracket.

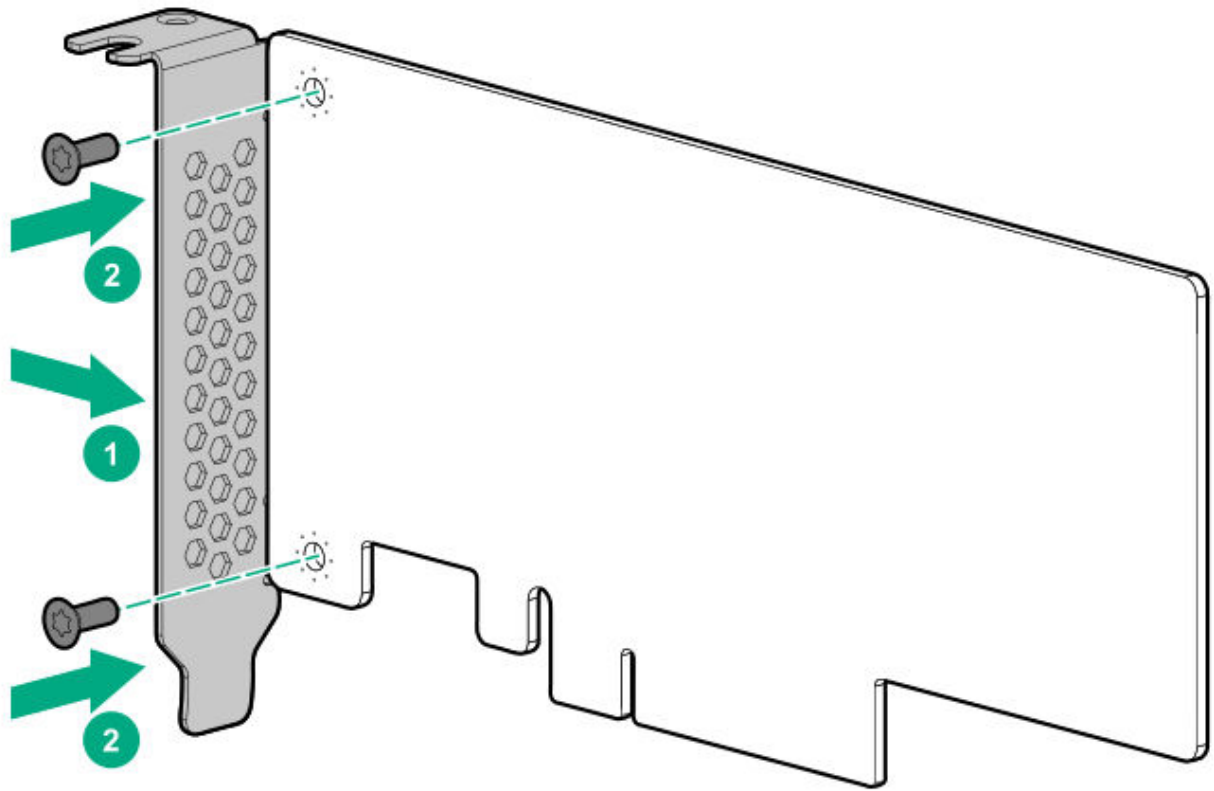


- .0. If installed, remove the full-height bracket from the expansion card.

Retain the screws and bracket. The screws will be used to secure the low-profile bracket on the expansion card.

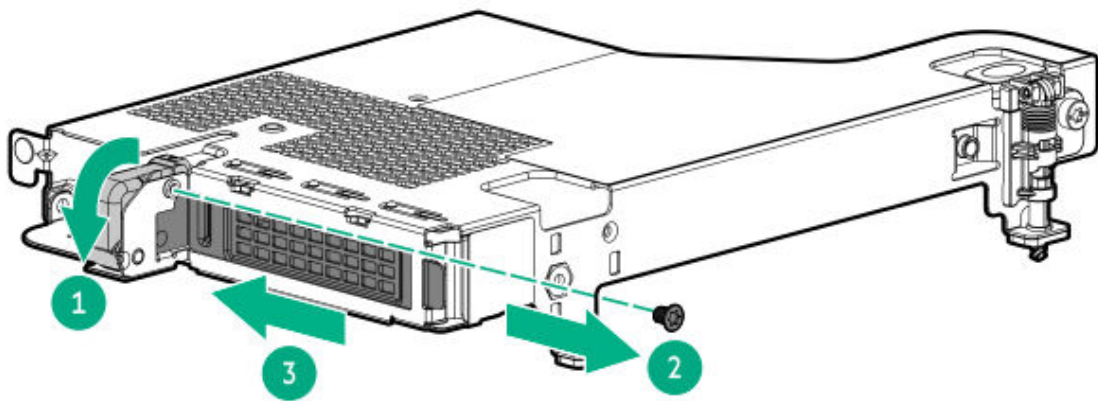


- .1. Install the low-profile bracket on the expansion card.



.2. Remove the riser slot blank.

Retain the screw and blank. The screw will be used to secure the new expansion card.

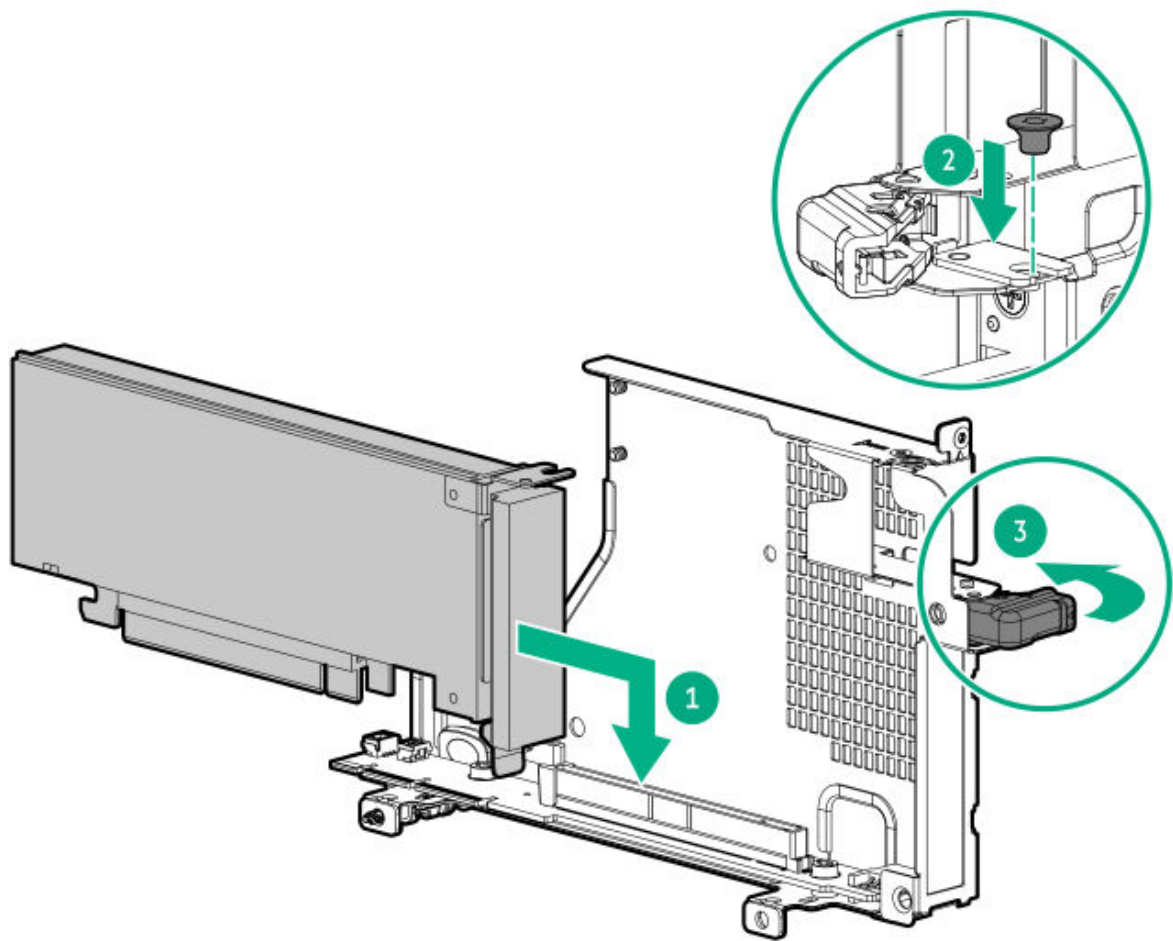


.3. Install the expansion card:

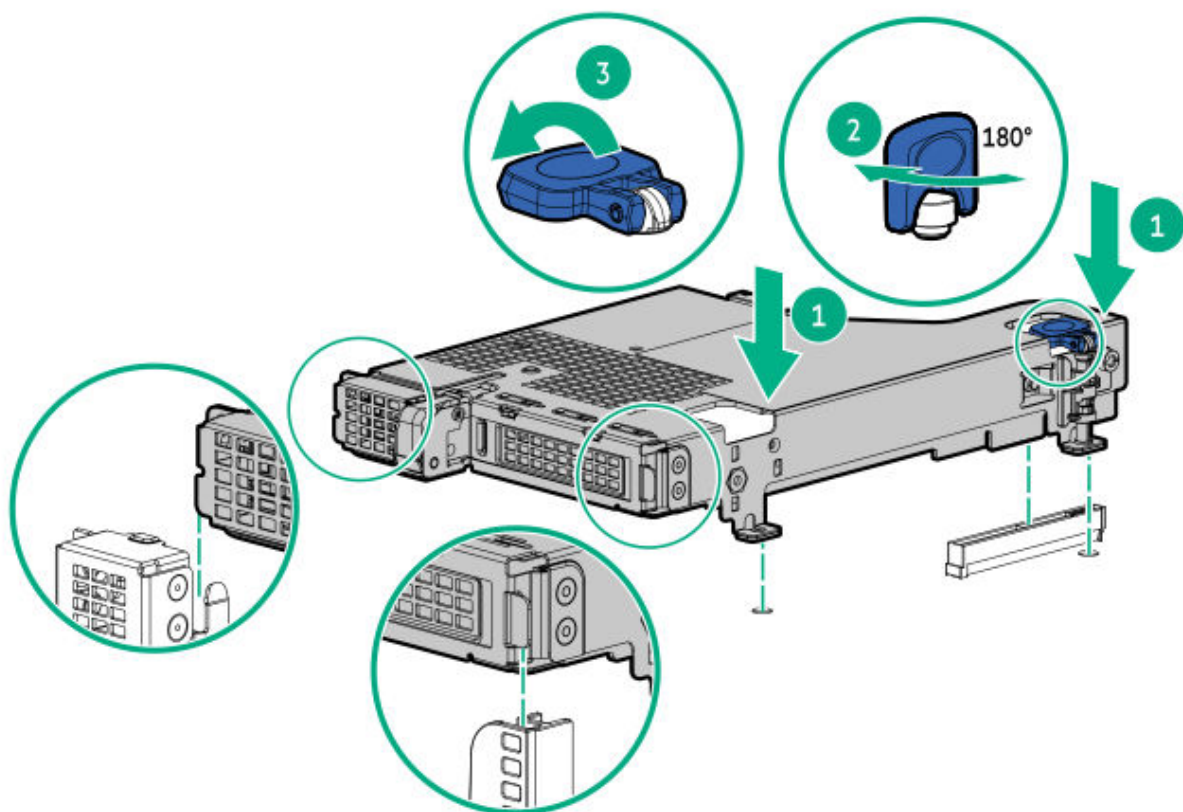
a. Install the expansion card.

Make sure that the expansion card is seated firmly in the slot.

b. Close the retention latch.



- .4. Connect all necessary internal cabling to the expansion card. For more information on these cabling requirements, see the documentation that ships with the option.
- .5. Install the NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage.



- .6. Install the access panel.
- .7. Install the server into the rack.
- .8. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .9. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- !0. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

GPU options

This server supports various GPU options to meet your computational and graphics workload requirements. For a list of supported GPU models, see the server QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>).

- PCIe workload GPUs—These options are PCIe card-based, direct-attach solutions that use solid-state storage technology directly on the PCI bus to boost I/O performance and reduce latency to scale in line with your processing requirements.
- Computational and graphics GPUs—These options deliver accelerated compute performance for a range of deep learning, high-performance computing (HPC), and graphics-intensive applications.

Subtopics

GPU installation guidelines

Installing a GPU in the GPU riser cage

Installing a GPU in the primary riser cage

GPU installation guidelines

- To support high-power GPUs (> TDP 75 W), the PCIe 8-pin GPU auxiliary power cable option (P56661-B21) is required.
- This server does not support the installation of different GPU models in the same system.
- To maintain proper system cooling, all seven high performance fans are required for GPU installation.
- The limited operating inlet ambient temperatures required for GPUs vary based on the model and the server drive configuration. For more information, see the server QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>).



IMPORTANT

Workloads for high performance GPUs with passive cooling can cause the fans to operate at high speeds to maintain optimum system cooling. Hewlett Packard Enterprise does not recommend installing GPUs with passive cooling in or near a site where there is a reasonable expectation for a quiet environment.

Installing a GPU in the GPU riser cage

Prerequisites

- Review the [GPU installation guidelines](#).
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:
 - T-15 Torx screwdriver
 - T-10 Torx screwdriver

About this task



CAUTION

To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all PCIe slots have either a riser slot blank or an expansion card installed.



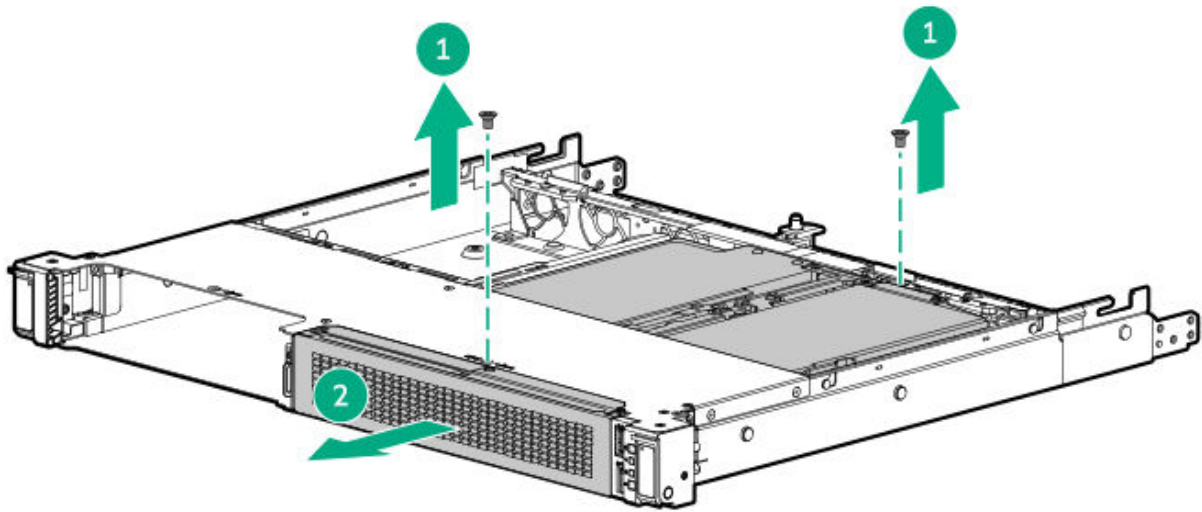
CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe [antistatic precautions](#).

Procedure

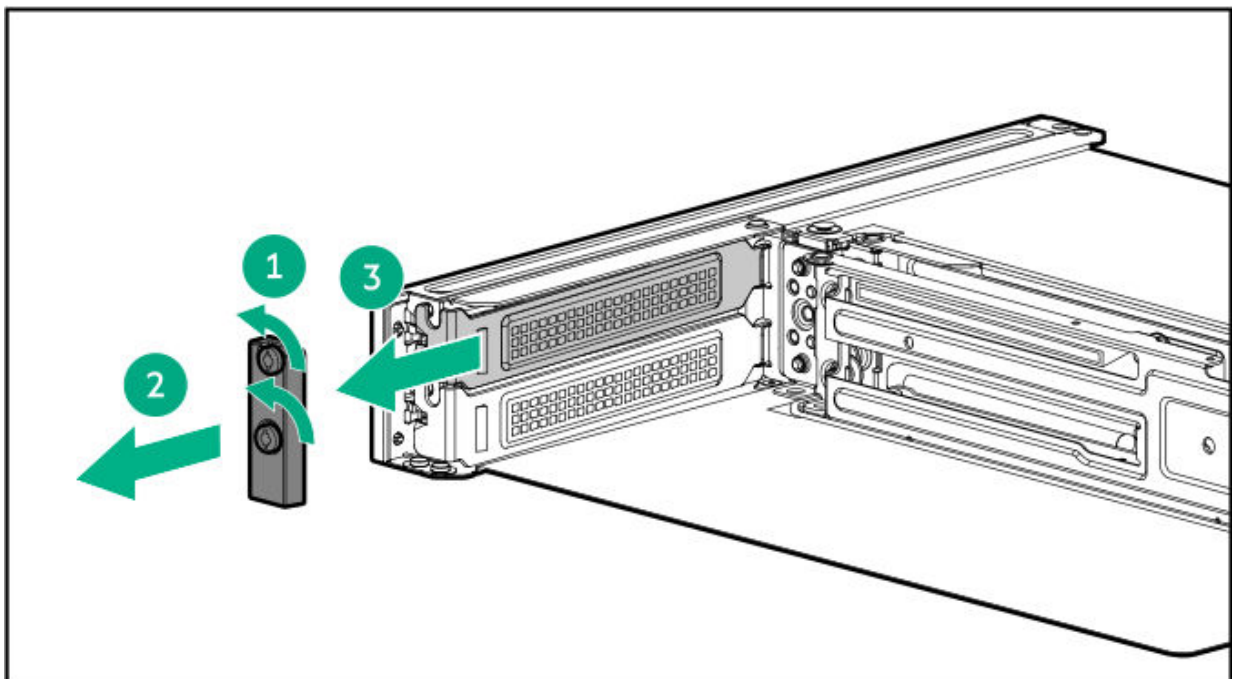
1. [Power down the server](#).
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. [Remove the server from the rack](#).
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. [Remove the access panel](#).
7. [Remove the middle cover](#).
8. [Disconnect all GPU riser cables from the system board](#).
9. Remove the GPU riser cage:
 - a. Make sure that all GPU riser cage cables are released from the fan wall and the cable foam.

- b. Remove the screws.
- c. Remove the GPU riser cage from the chassis.

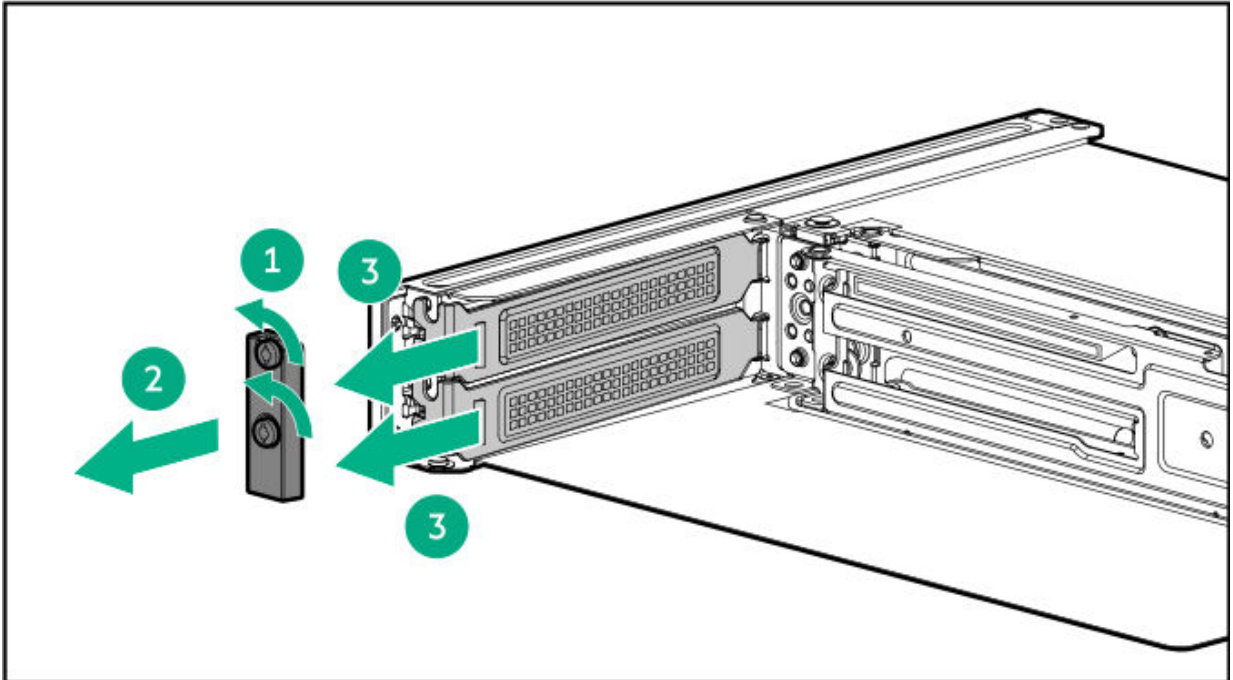


.0. Remove the GPU riser slot blank:

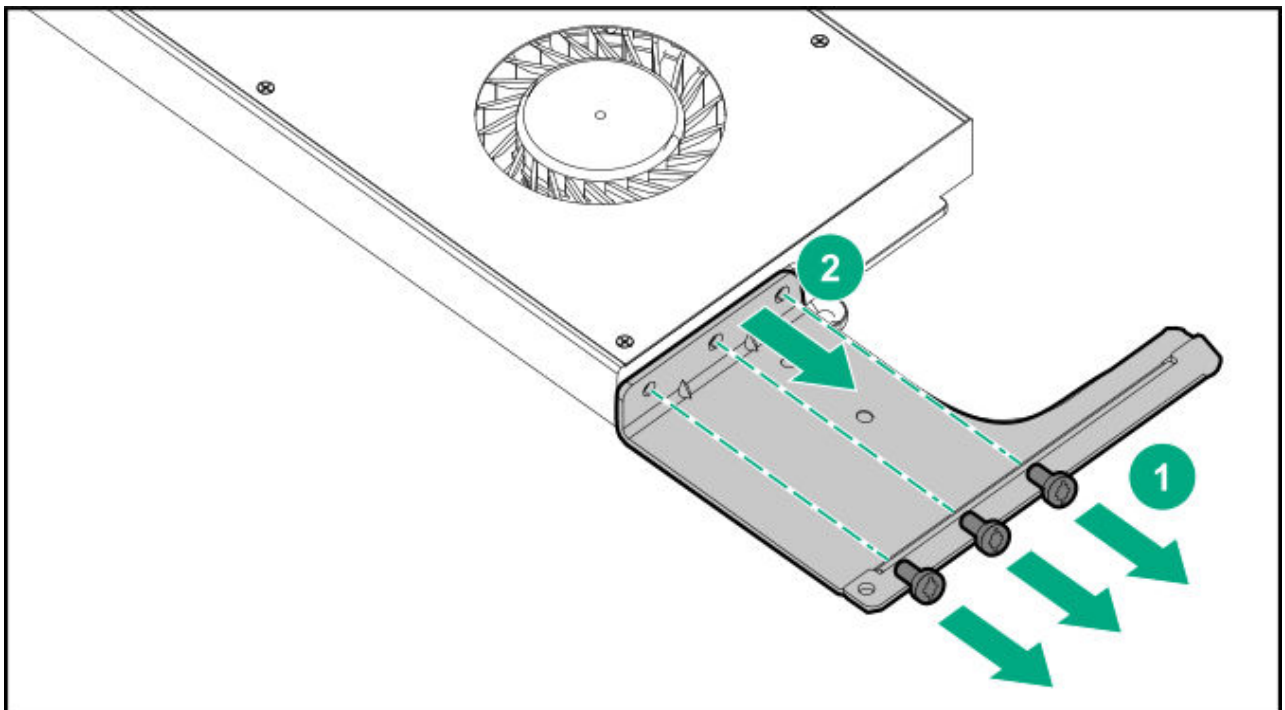
- a. Loosen the GPU bracket retainer screws.
- b. Remove the GPU bracket retainer.
- c. Remove the correct number of riser slot blanks to accommodate the width of the GPU.
 - Single-width GPU



- Double-width GPU



- .1. If installed, remove the support bracket from the GPU.

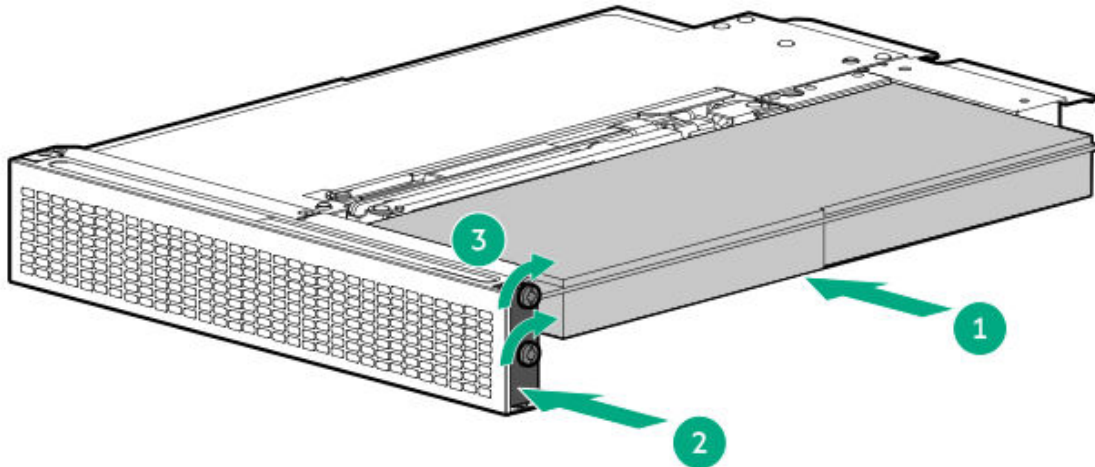


- .2. Install the GPU:
 - a. Install the GPU in the GPU riser.

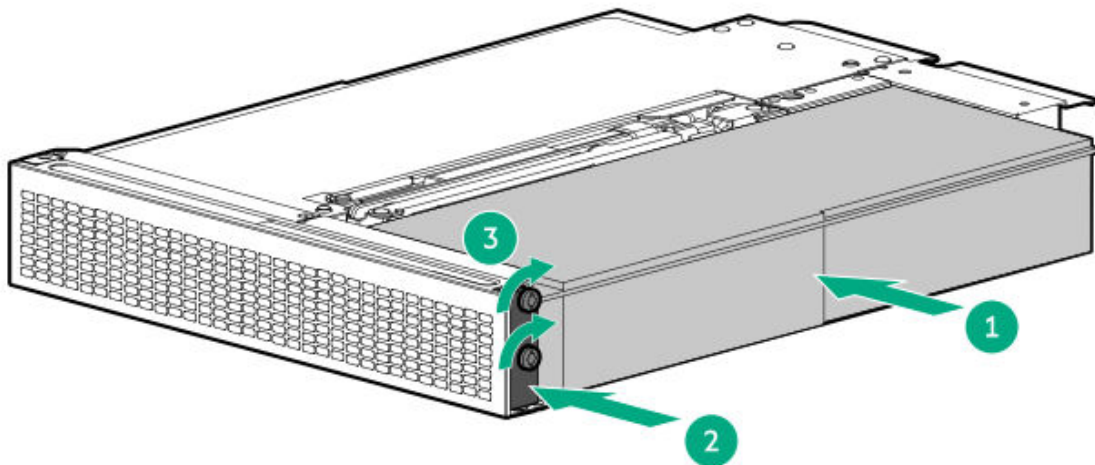
Make sure that the GPU is firmly seated in the riser slot.

b. Attach the GPU bracket retainer.

- Single-width GPU

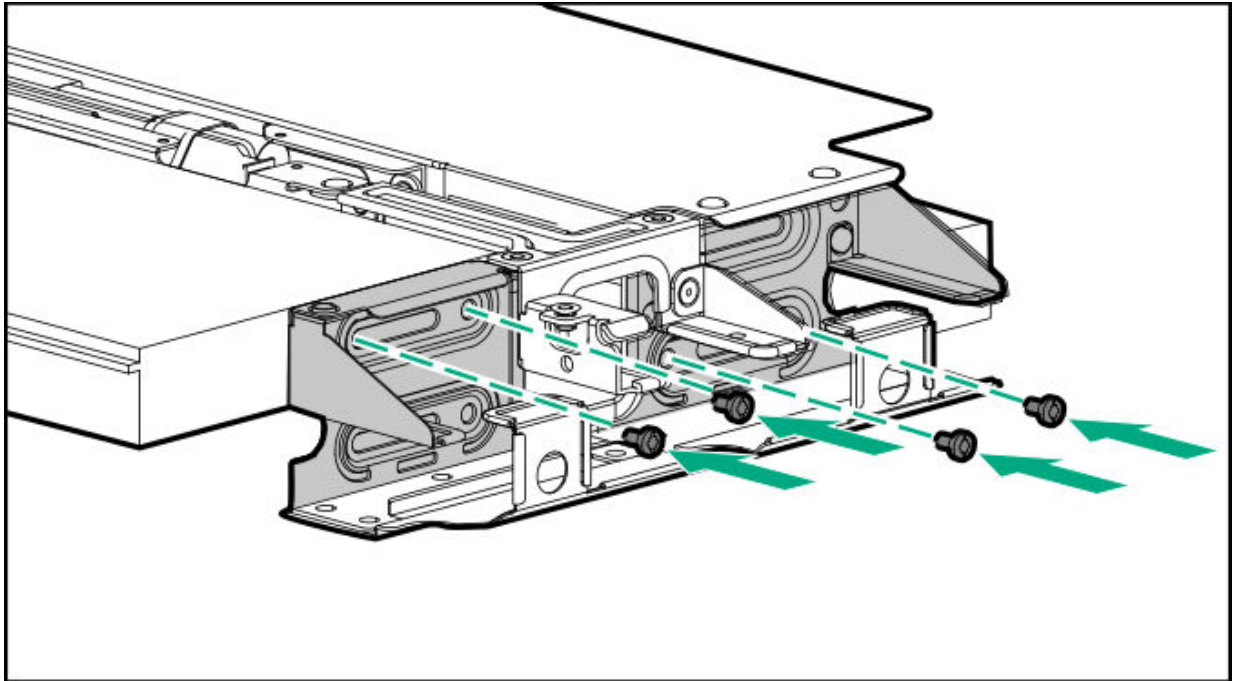


- Double-width GPU

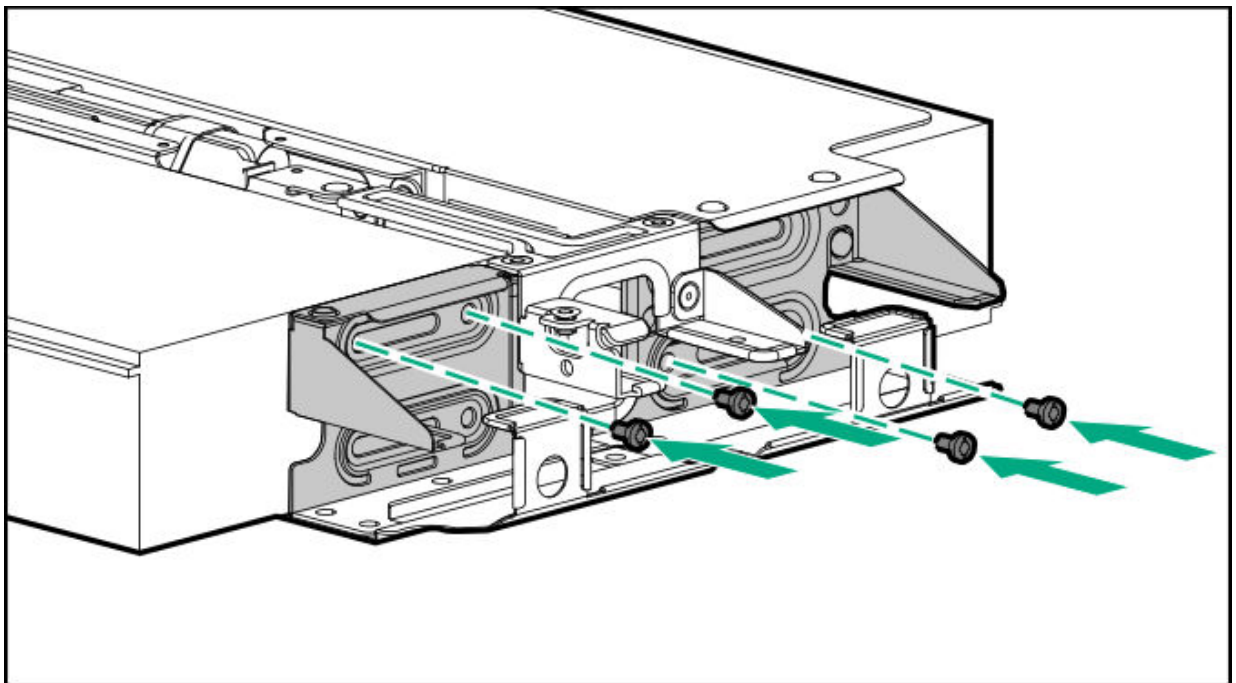


3. Take four T-15 screws from the GPU riser cage option kit, and use these screws to secure the GPU to the GPU riser cage.

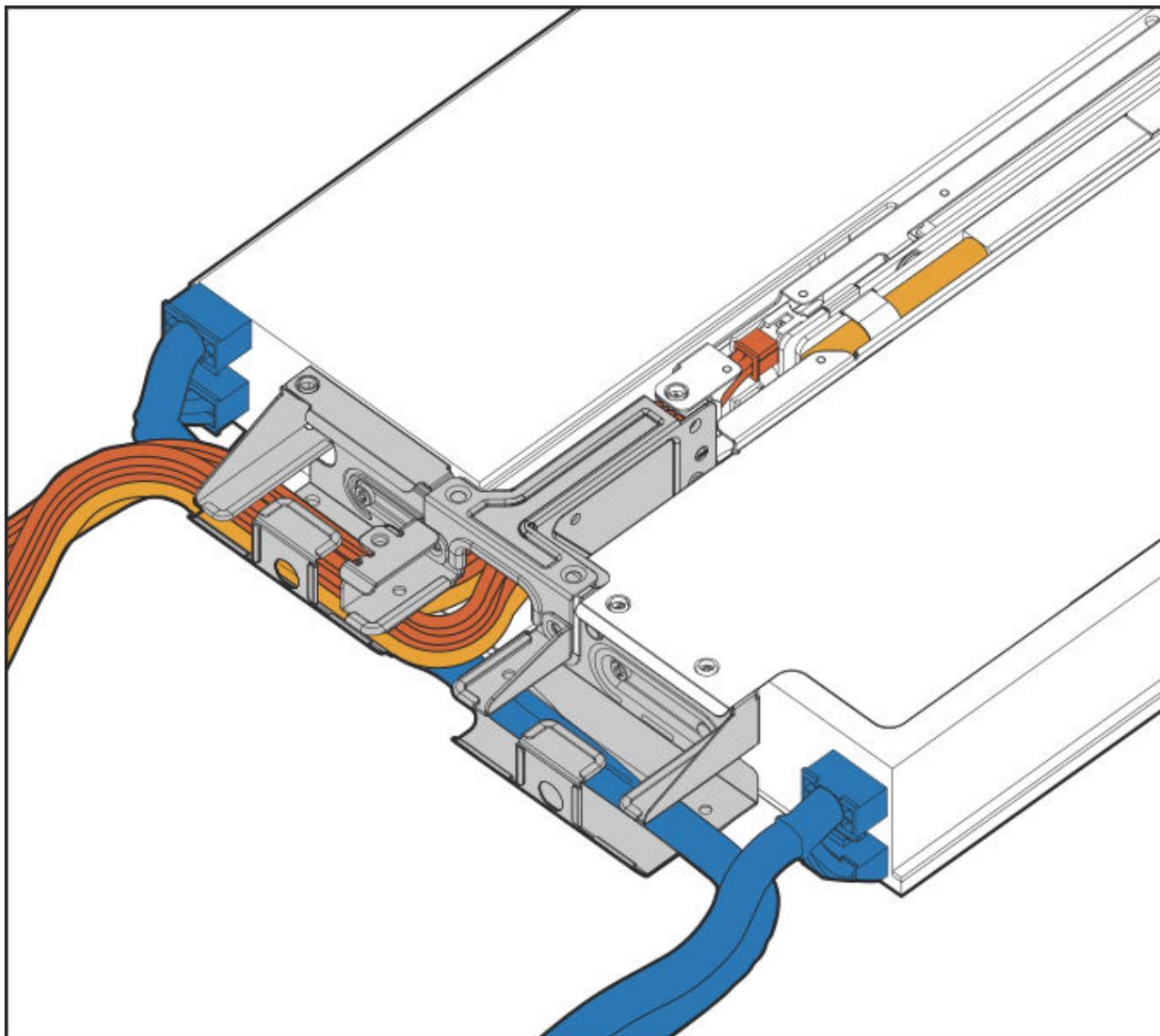
- Single-width GPU



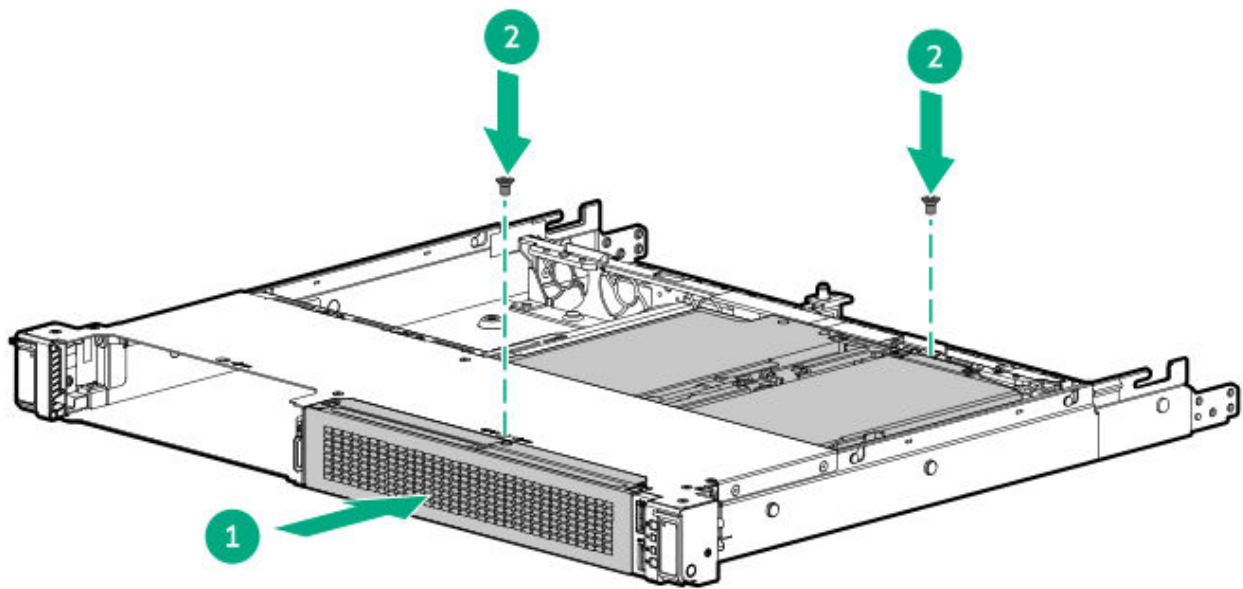
- Double-width GPU



- .4. When installing a double-width GPU, connect the auxiliary power cable to the GPU.
- .5. Route the GPU auxiliary power cables and the GPU riser cables in the cable divider.



.6. Install the GPU riser cage in the chassis.



7. Connect the following cables to the system board:

- GPU auxiliary power cable
- GPU riser cables

8. Install the middle cover.

9. Install the access panel.

10. Install the server into the rack.

11. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.

12. Connect the power cords:

- a. Connect each power cord to the server.
- b. Connect each power cord to the power source.

13. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Installing a GPU in the primary riser cage

Prerequisites

- When installing a full-length GPU, the card retainer option is required.
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:
 - T-10 Torx screwdriver
 - T-15 Torx screwdriver

About this task



CAUTION

To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all PCIe slots have either a riser slot blank or an expansion card installed.

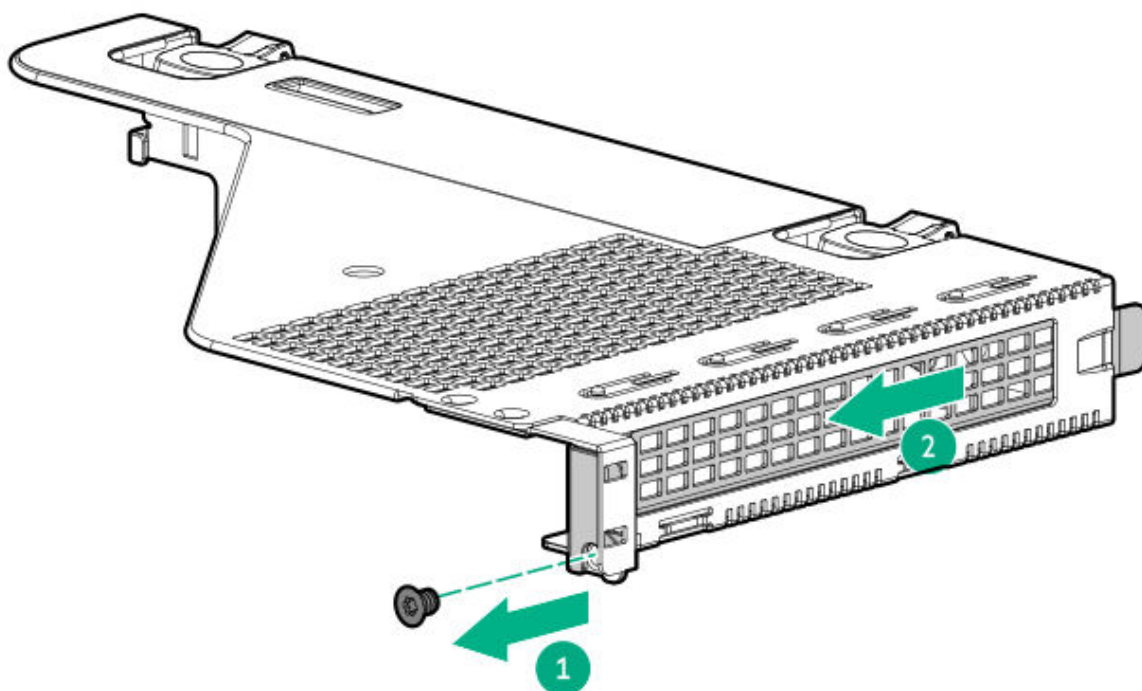


CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

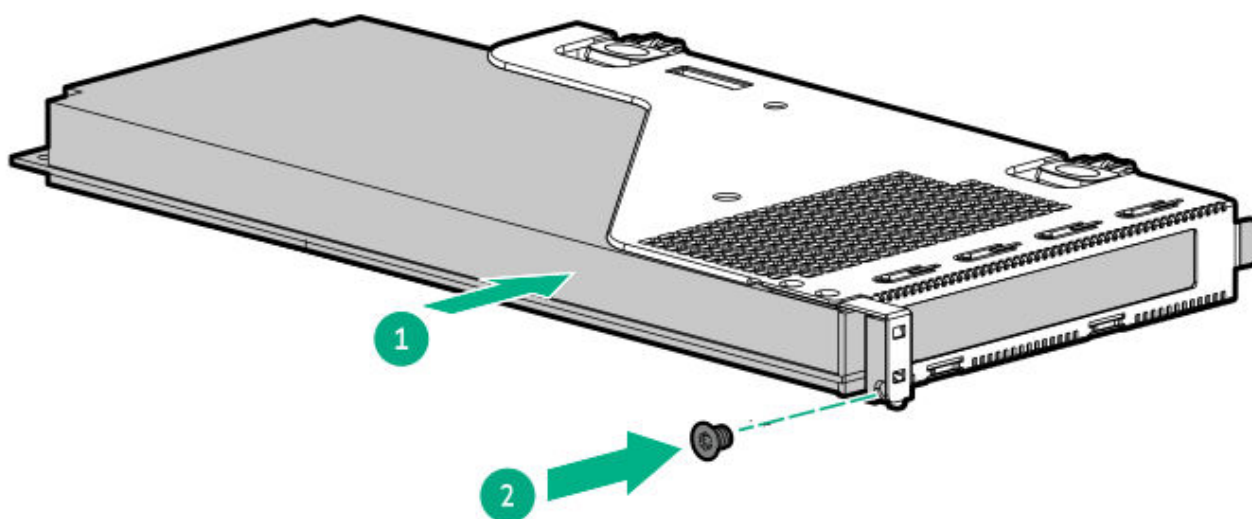
Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Install the GPU holder.
8. Remove the riser slot blank.

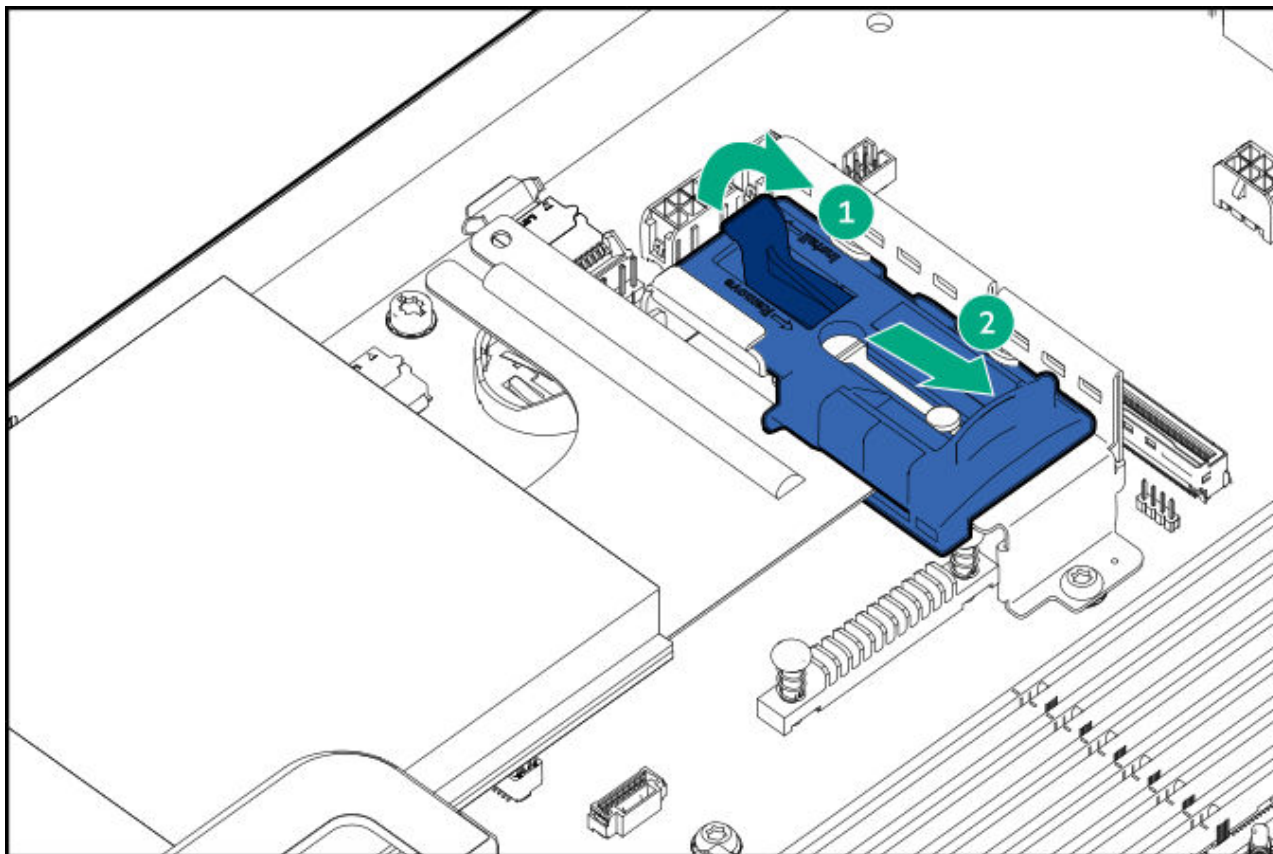


9. Install the GPU in the riser slot.

Make sure that the GPU is seated firmly in the slot.



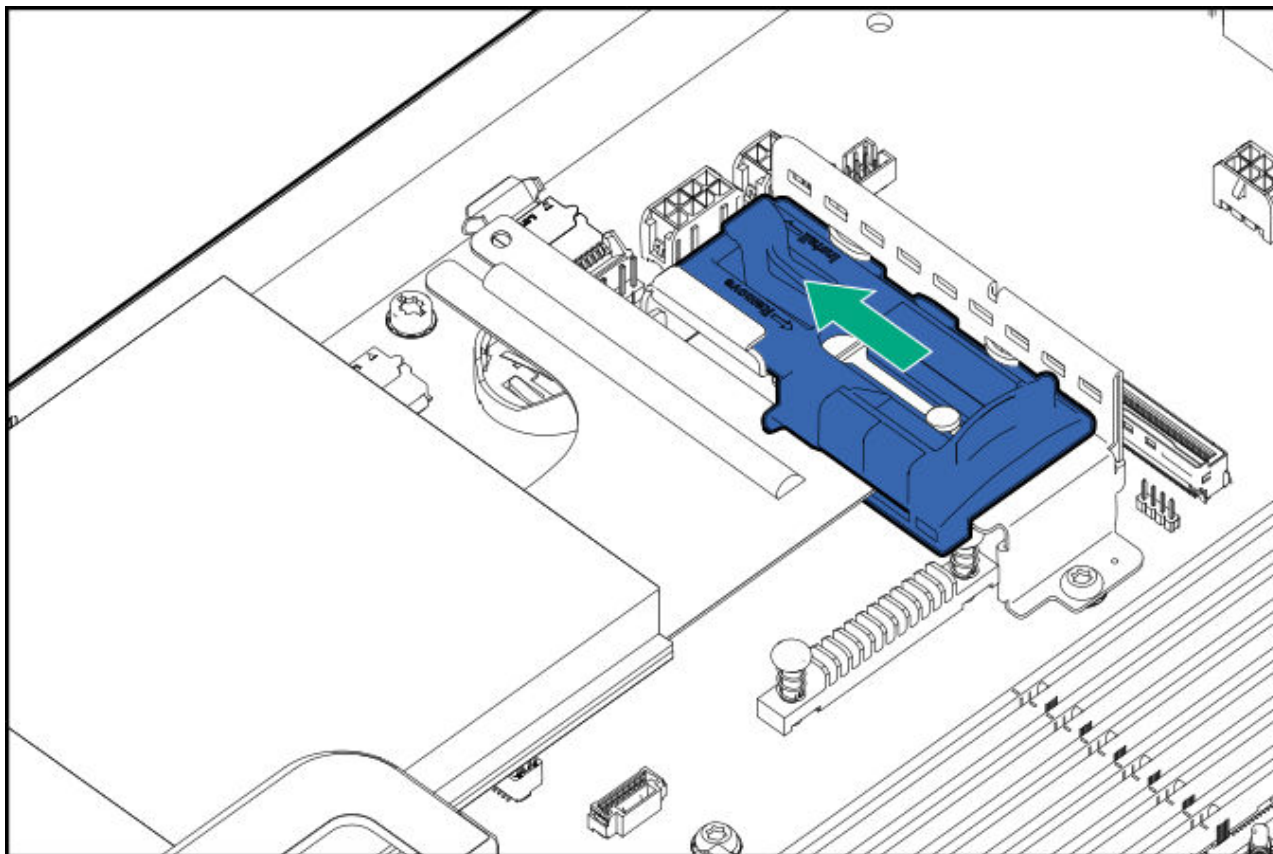
10. When installing a full-length GPU, slide the card retainer to the open position.



.1. Install the riser cage.

.2. When installing a full-length GPU, slide the card retainer to the lock position.

Make sure that the support bracket is secured in the expansion card retainer.



- .3. Install the access panel.
- .4. Install the server into the rack.
- .5. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .6. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- .7. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

HPE NS204i-u Boot Device option

The NS204i-u boot device can be installed in the NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage.

Note the following information about the HPE NS204i-u Boot Device option:

- The HPE NS204i-u NVMe Hot Plug Boot Optimized Storage Device is a PCIe5 custom form factor module that includes two hot-pluggable 2280 M.2 NVMe SSDs.
 - The HPE NS204i-u Boot Device (P48183-B21) is for servers that use 4th Gen AMD EPYC Processors.
 - The HPE NS204i-u Boot Device (P78279-B21) is for servers that use 5th Gen AMD EPYC Processors.
- This boot device enables the deployed OS to be mirrored through a dedicated hardware RAID 1.
- The boot device auto-creates a RAID 1 volume during boot. This means the boot device does not require further RAID configuration.
- This boot device is compatible with the following native OS:
 - Windows
 - Linux
 - VMware
- This boot device uses native inbox OS NVMe drivers.

Subtopics

Installing the HPE NS204i-u Boot Device

Installing the HPE NS204i-u Boot Device

Prerequisites

- Verify that your OS or virtualization software is supported:
<https://www.hpe.com/support/Servers-Certification-Matrices>
- Verify that you are running the latest iLO firmware and server BIOS version.
- Identify the HPE NS204i-u Boot Device components.
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:
 - T-10 Torx screwdriver
 - Phillips No. 1 screwdriver—This tool is required only if the M.2 SSDs are not preinstalled on the boot device carriers.

About this task



CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.



IMPORTANT

For successful RAID 1 configuration, verify that the boot device SSDs have the same model number and firmware version:

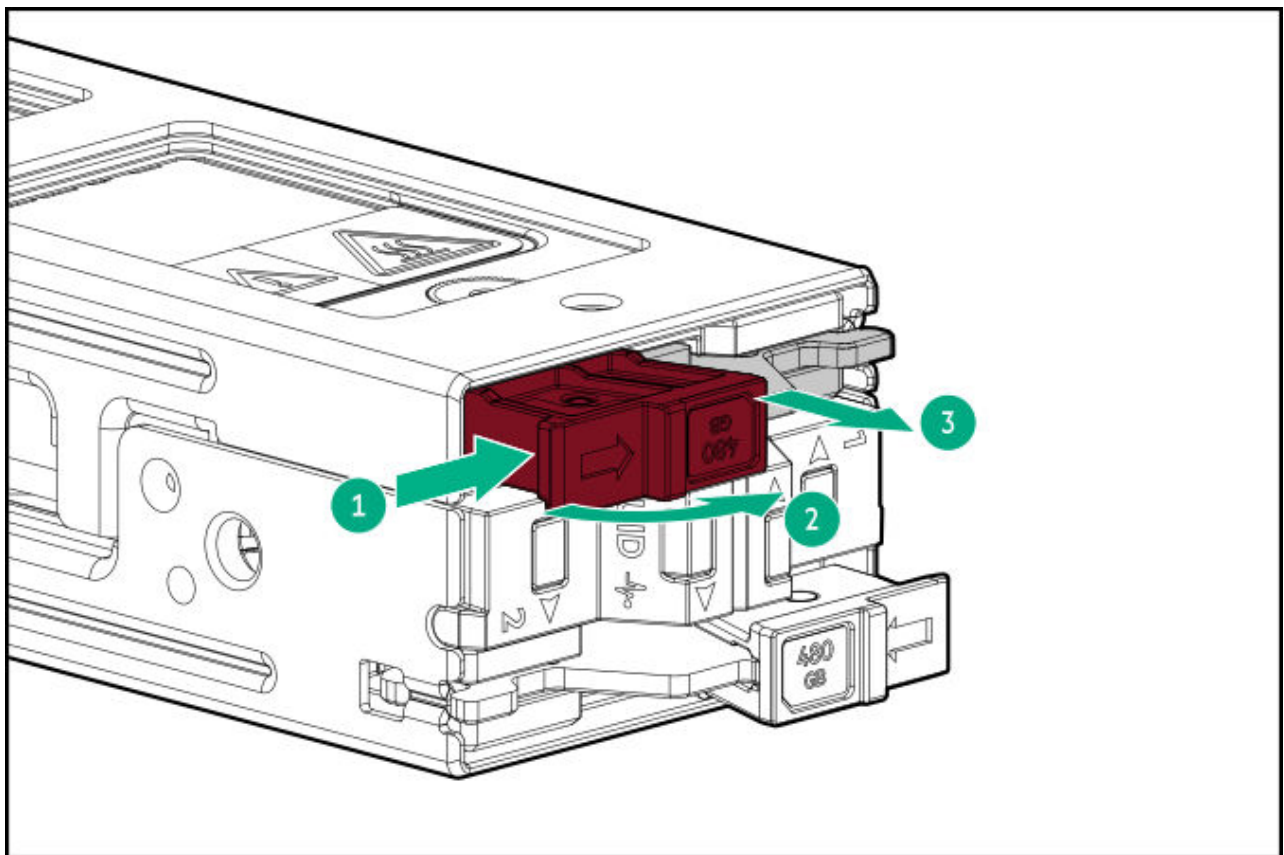
- In the iLO web interface, see the **Storage** page.
- In UEFI System Utilities, see **System Configuration > HPE NS204i Boot Controller > Physical Device Information**.

Configurations with SSDs from different manufacturers are not supported.

Procedure

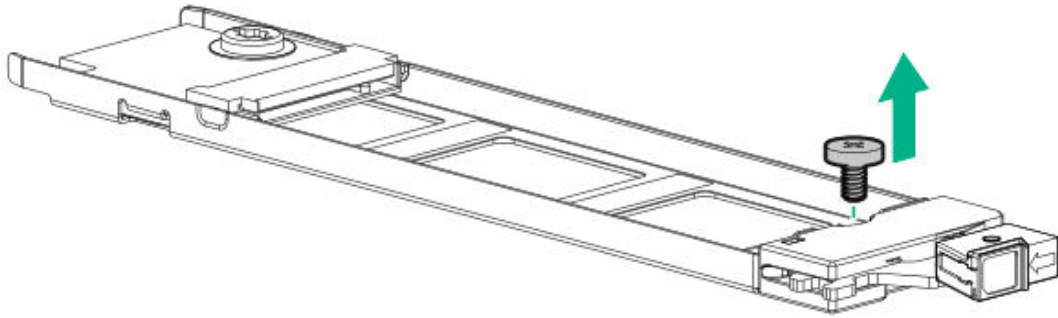
Installing drives onto the boot device

1. Push the button to pull out the carrier.

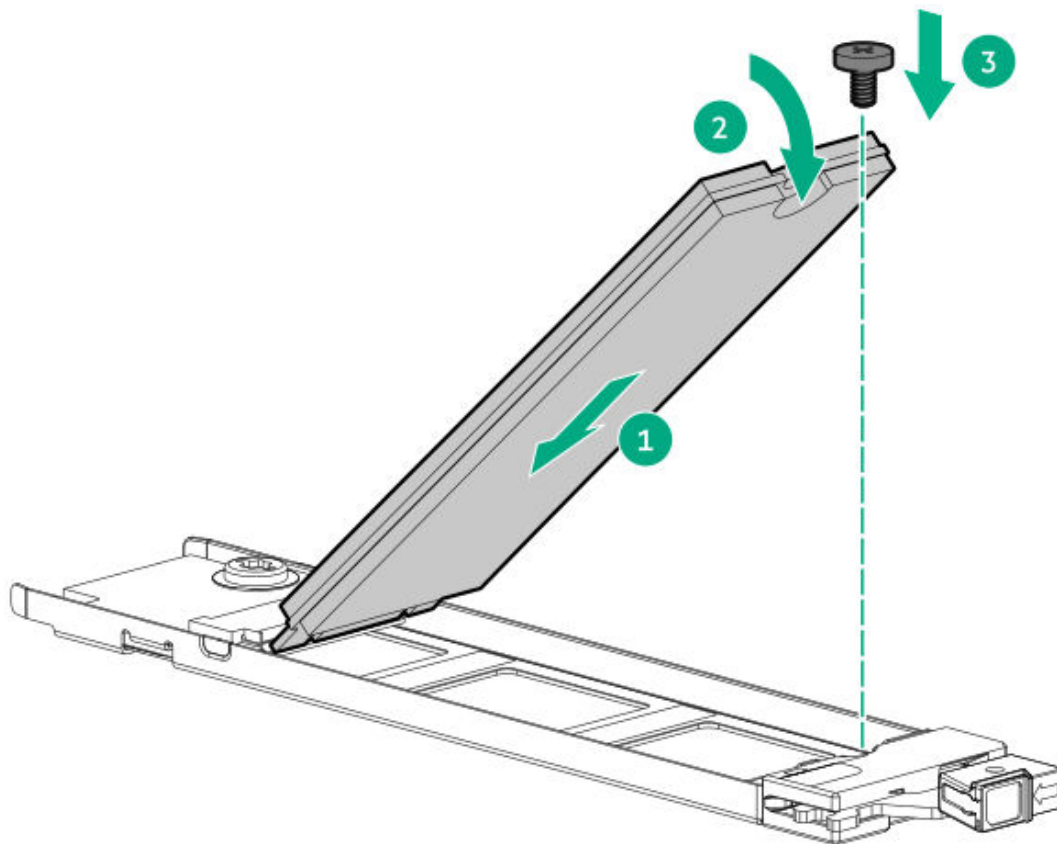


2. Install the SSD on the boot device carrier:

- a. Remove the SSD mounting screw.



- b. Insert the SSD into the M.2 slot at a 45° angle.
- c. Carefully press the SSD down to the horizontal position.
- d. Install the SSD mounting screw.



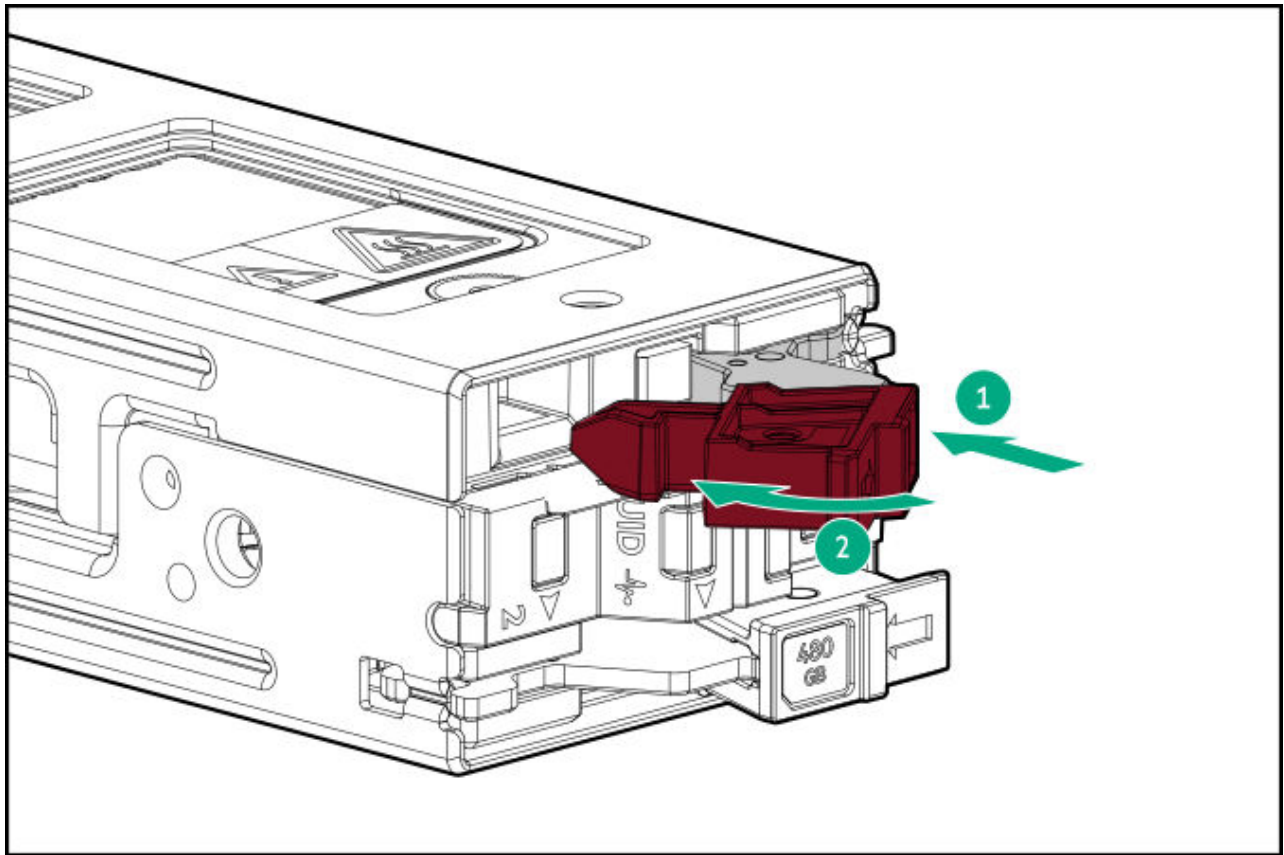
3. To install a second M.2 SSD on the carrier, repeat steps 1 and 2.

4. Install the boot device carriers:

- a. If closed, pivot the carrier latch to open.

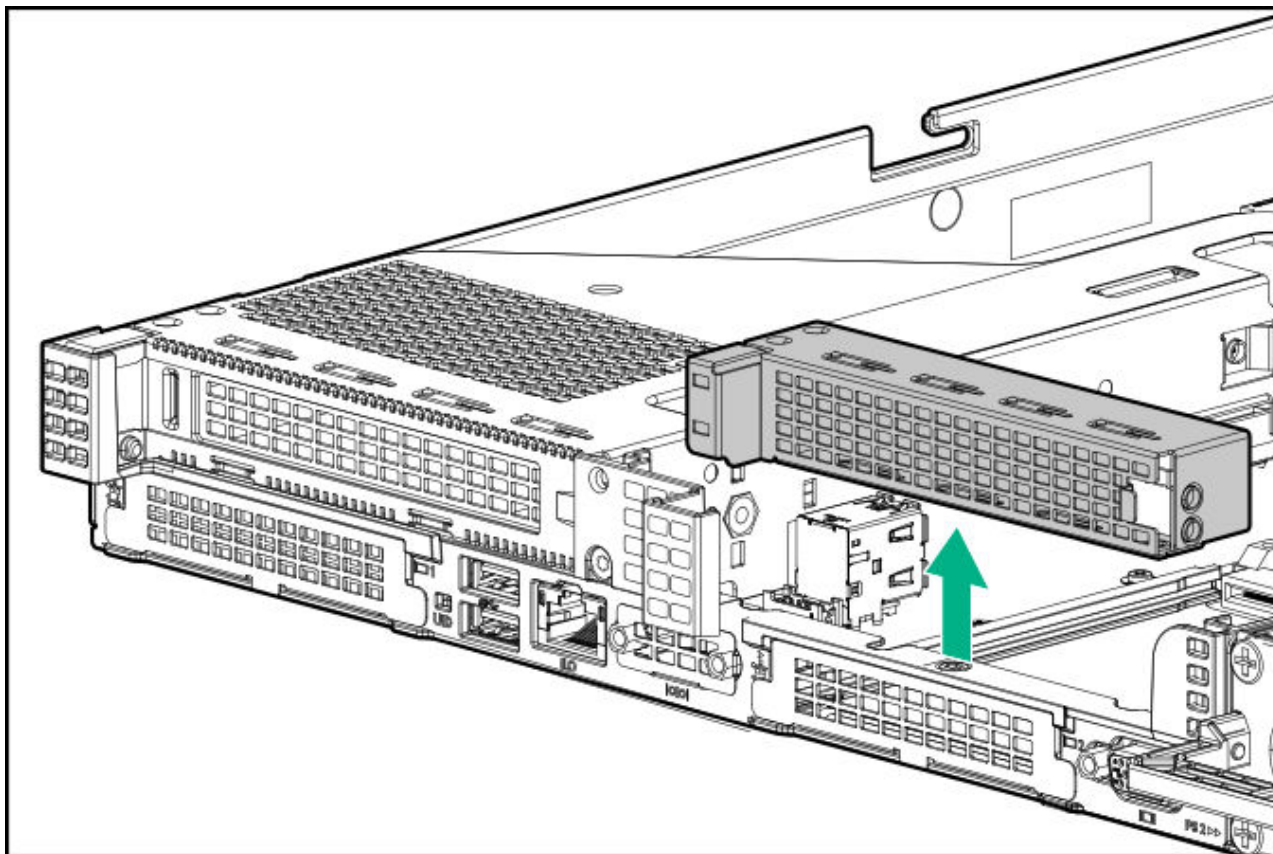
- b. Slide the carrier into the boot device cage.
- c. Pivot the latch to close.

Make sure that the carrier latch is locked on the boot device cage.



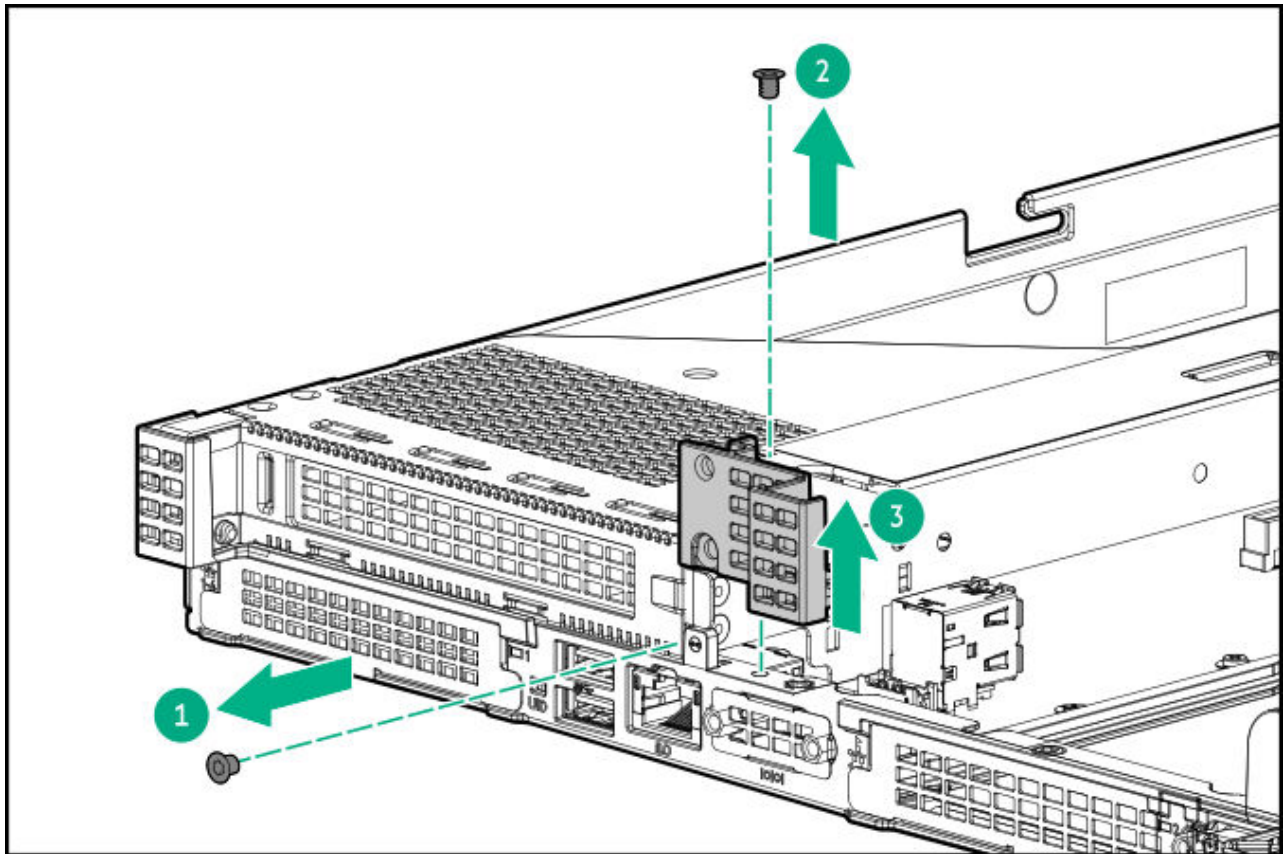
Installing the boot device

5. Power down the server.
6. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
7. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
8. Remove the server from the rack.
9. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
10. Remove the access panel.
11. Remove the secondary riser cage blank.

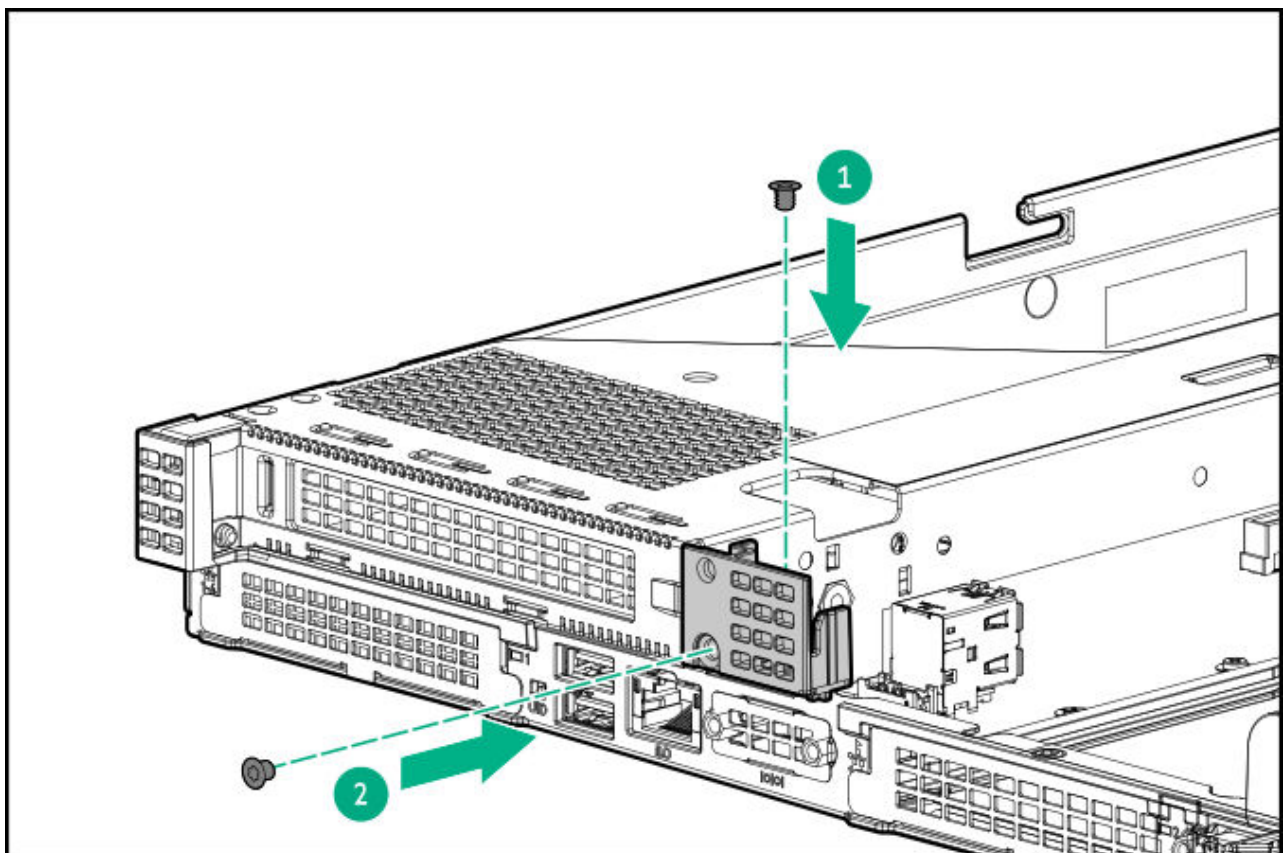


- .2. Remove the default secondary riser cage bracket.

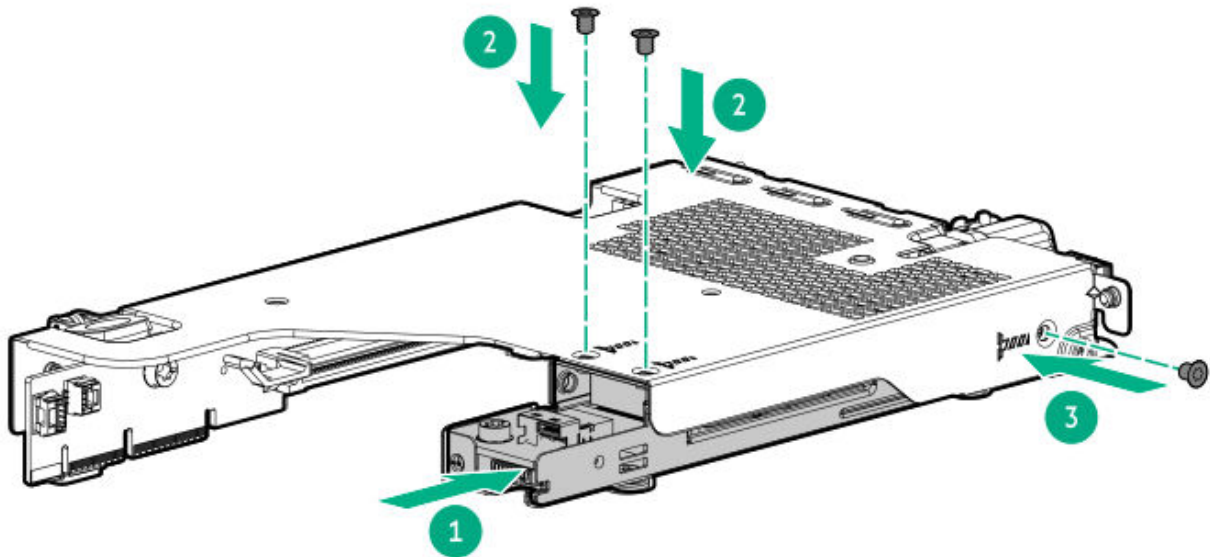
Retain the screws and bracket. These screws will be used to secure the new NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage bracket.



3. Install the NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage bracket.



- .4. Install the boot device in the riser cage:
 - a. Position the latch end of the boot device on the NS204i-u opening on the rear side of the riser cage.
 - b. Install the boot device screws.



- .5. Connect the signal and power cables to the boot device.
- .6. Install the NS204i-u + secondary low-profile riser cage.
- .7. Connect the boot device signal and power cables to the system board.
- .8. Install the access panel.
- .9. Install the server into the rack.
- !0. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- !1. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- !2. Power up the server.
- !3. Verify that the Online/Activity LEDs on the boot device are solid green.
- !4. Deploy a supported operating system to the boot device.

- !5. After the OS installation completes, the system automatically copies the operating system to the second, mirrored drive on the boot device.

Proceed with normal system setup and operation.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

For information on using the UEFI System Utilities to manage the boot device, see the HPE NS204i-u Boot Device User Guide:

<https://www.hpe.com/support/NS204-UG>

M.2 SSD pass-through card option

Install the dual-slot M.2 SSD pass-through card to support SATA or NVMe SSDs in 2280 or 22110 form factors.

- Mixed SSD type installation is not supported.
- Software RAID for NVMe SSDs is not supported.

Subtopics

Installing the M.2 SSD pass-through card

Installing the M.2 SSD pass-through card

Prerequisites

- [Identify the M.2 SSD pass-through card components](#)
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:
 - Phillips No. 1 screwdriver
 - 1/4" slotted screwdriver

About this task



CAUTION

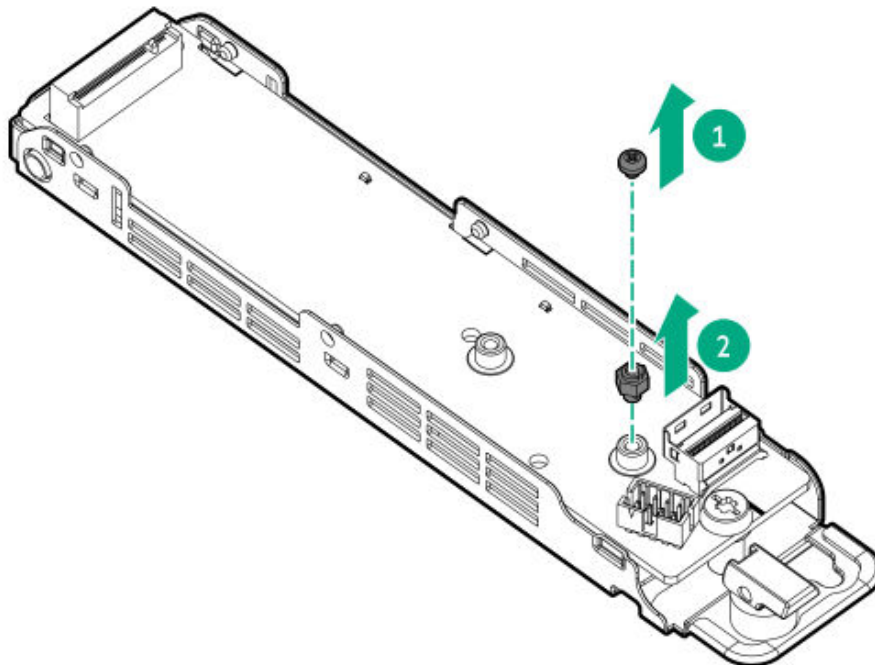
A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

Procedure

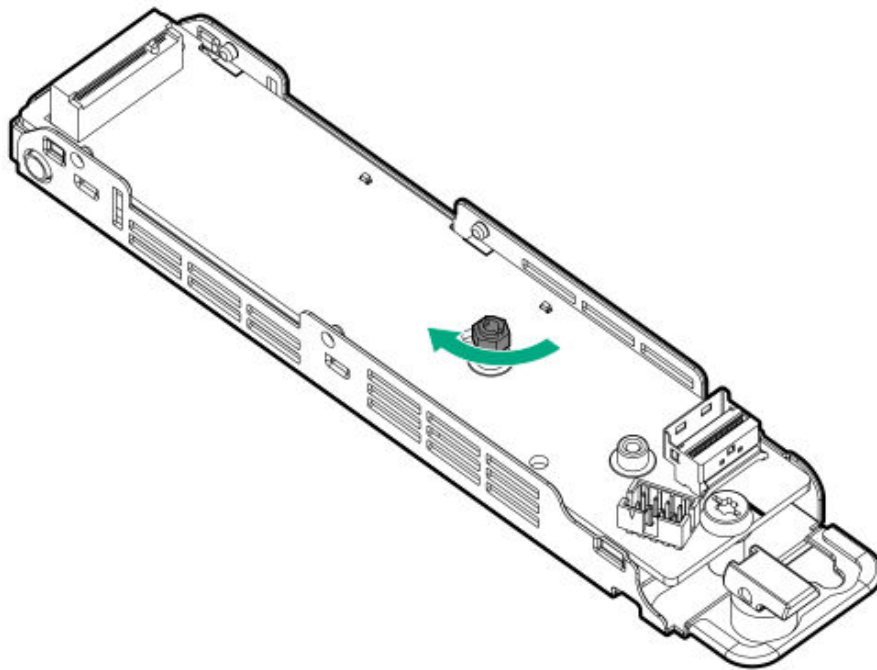
Installing the M.2 SSD on the pass-through card

1. If you are installing M.2 2280 SSD on the pass-through card slot 1:
 - a. Remove the SSD mounting screw and the hex screw from the 22110 standoff.

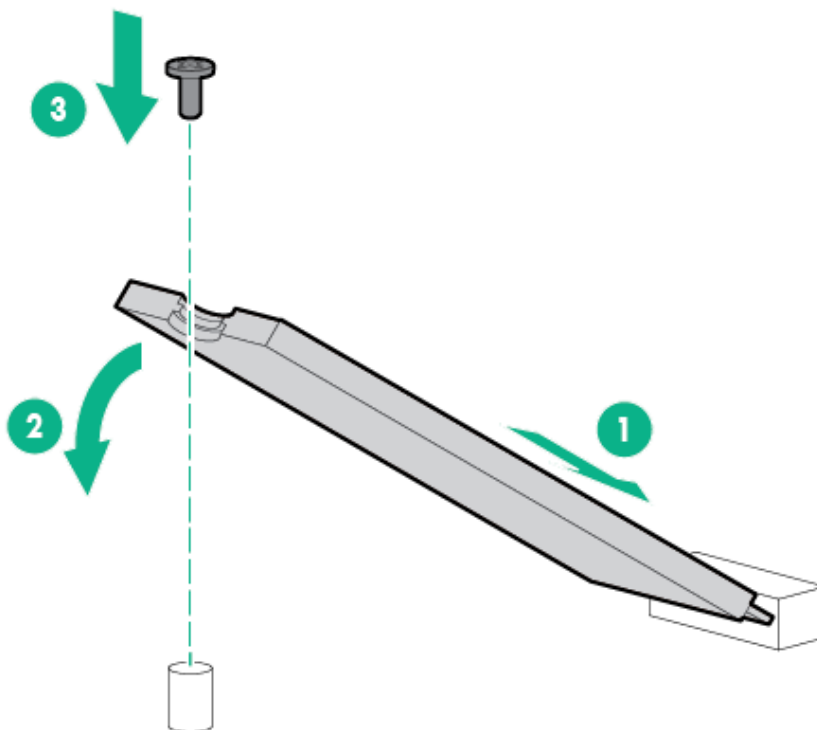
Retain the screws. These screws will be used to secure the M.2 2280 SSD.



- b. Install the hex screw on the 2280 standoff.



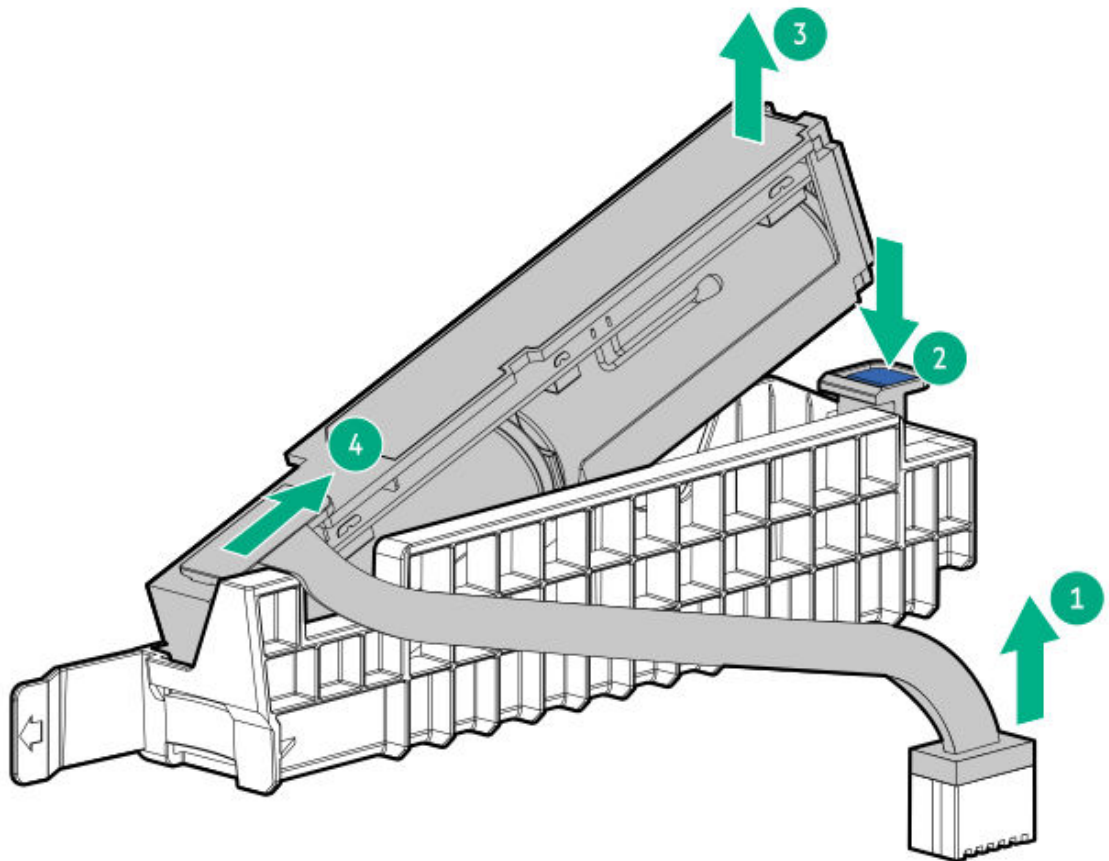
2. Insert the SSD into the M.2 slot at a 45° angle.
3. Carefully press the SSD down to the horizontal position.
4. Install the SSD mounting screw.



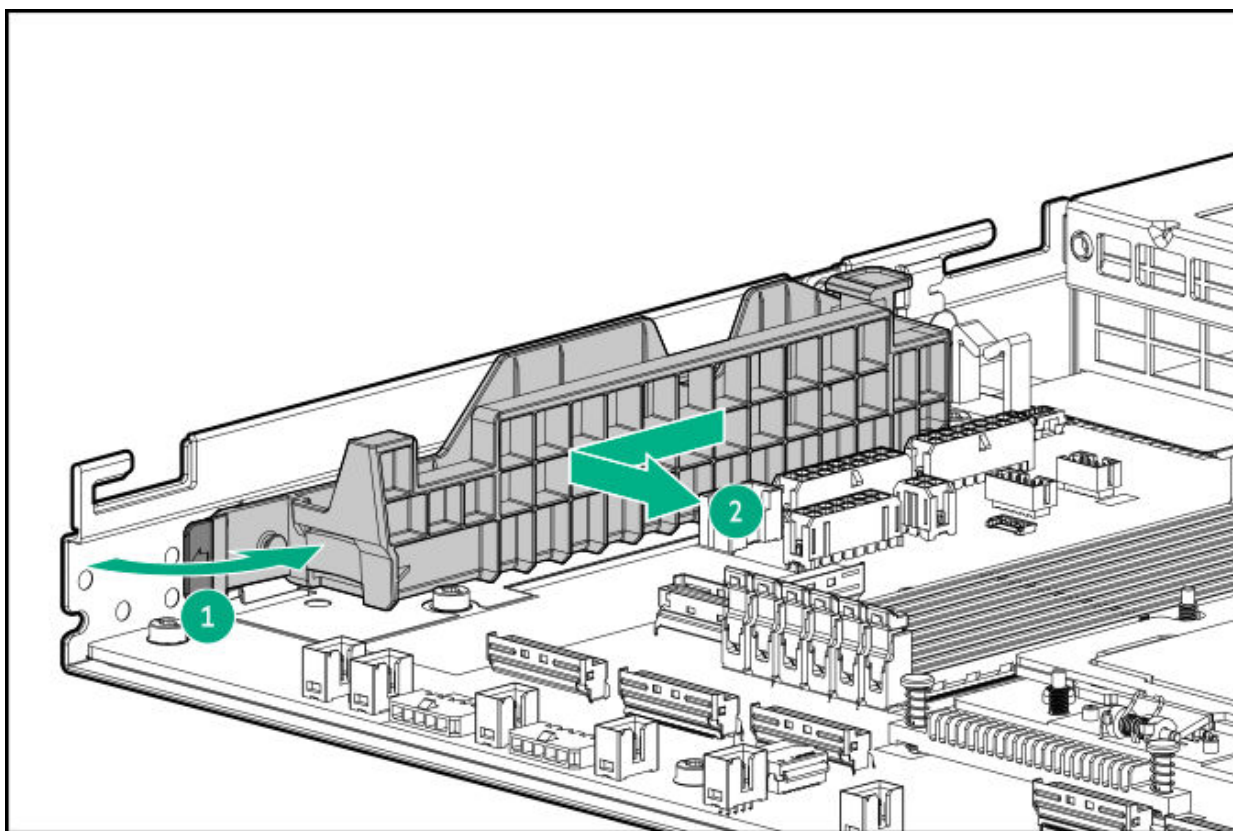
5. If you are installing a second M.2 SSD, repeat steps 2–4 on the slot 2.

Installing the M.2 pass-through card

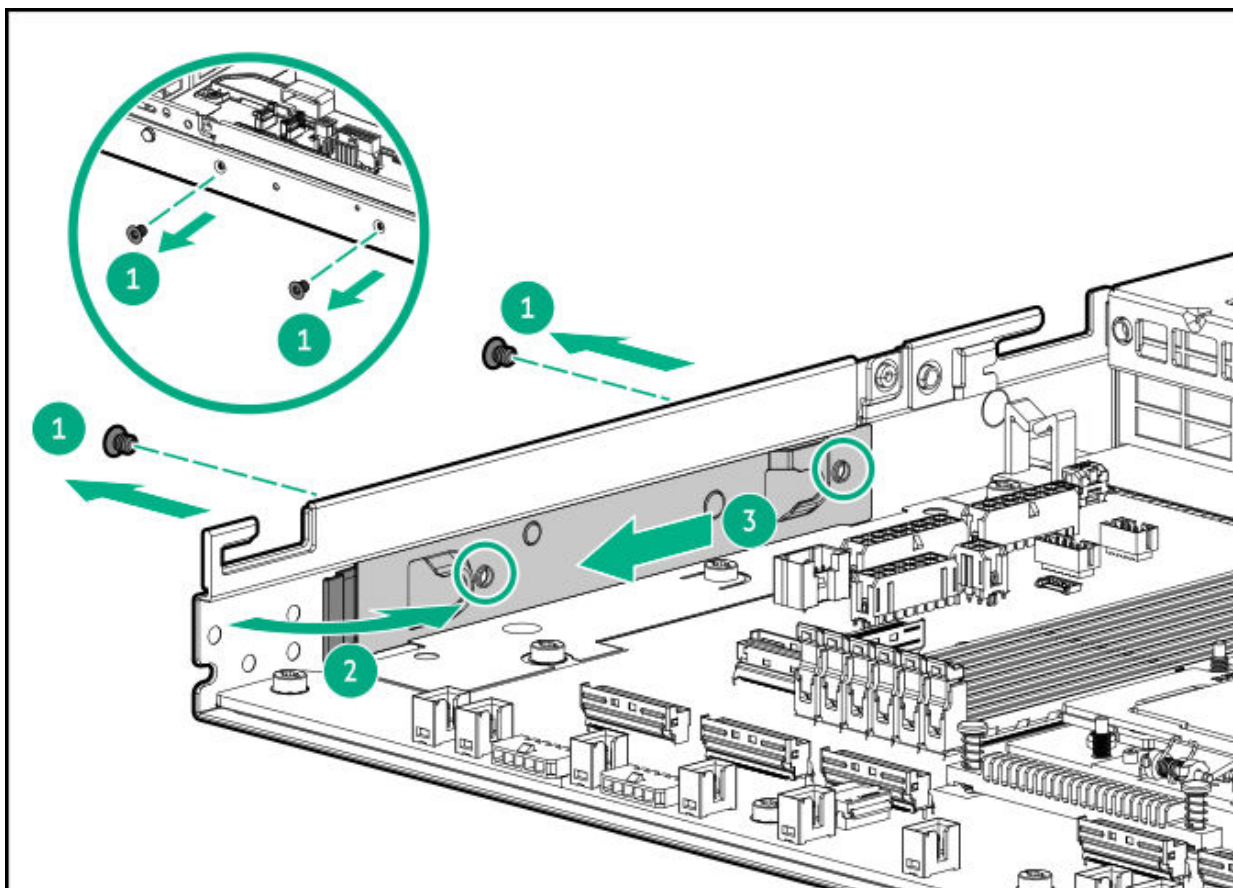
6. Power down the server.
7. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
8. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
9. Remove the server from the rack.
10. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
11. Remove the access panel.
12. If an energy pack is installed on the left chassis wall, do the following:
 - a. Remove the middle cover.
 - b. Remove the energy pack from the holder.



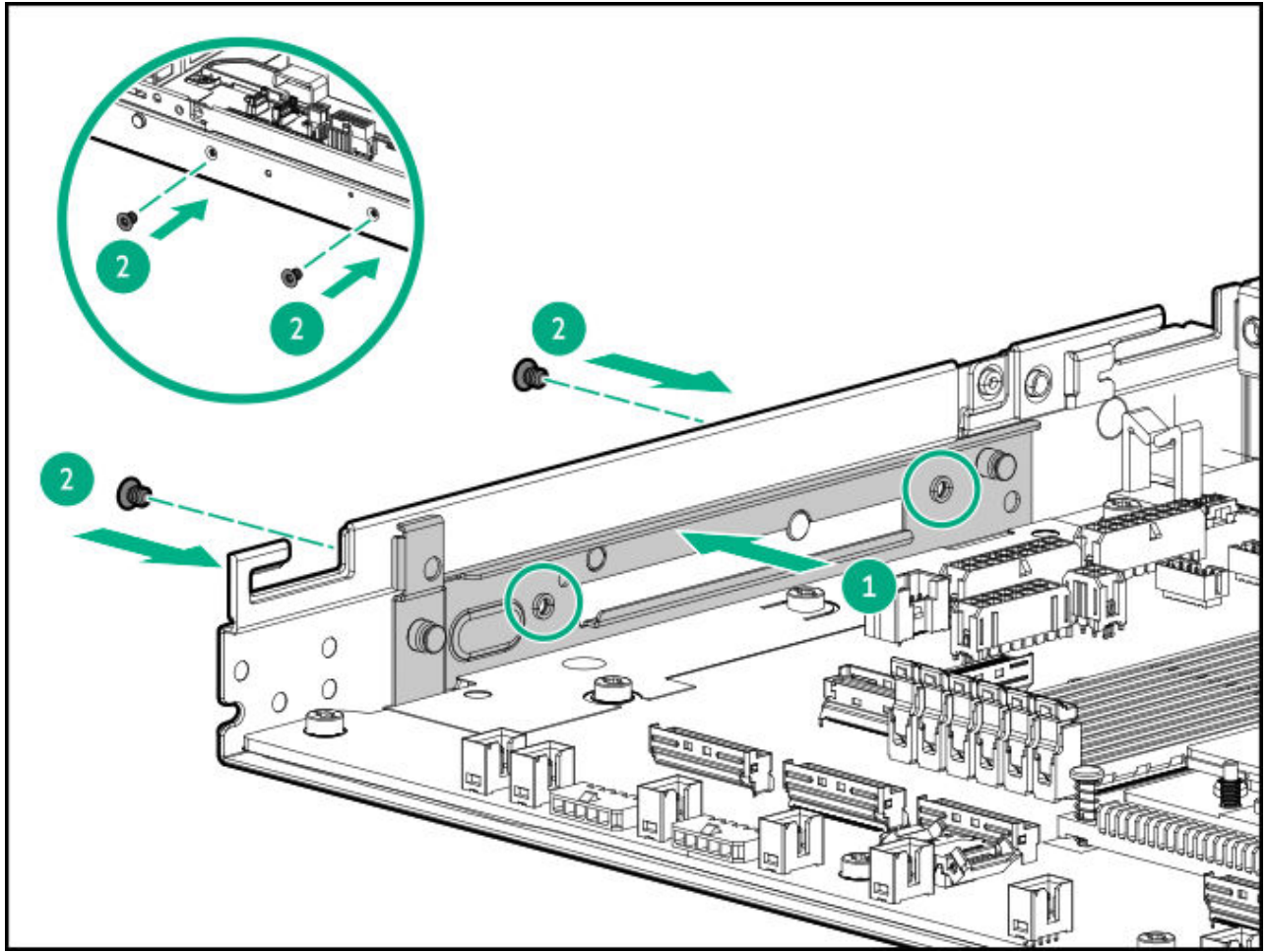
- c. Remove the energy pack holder.



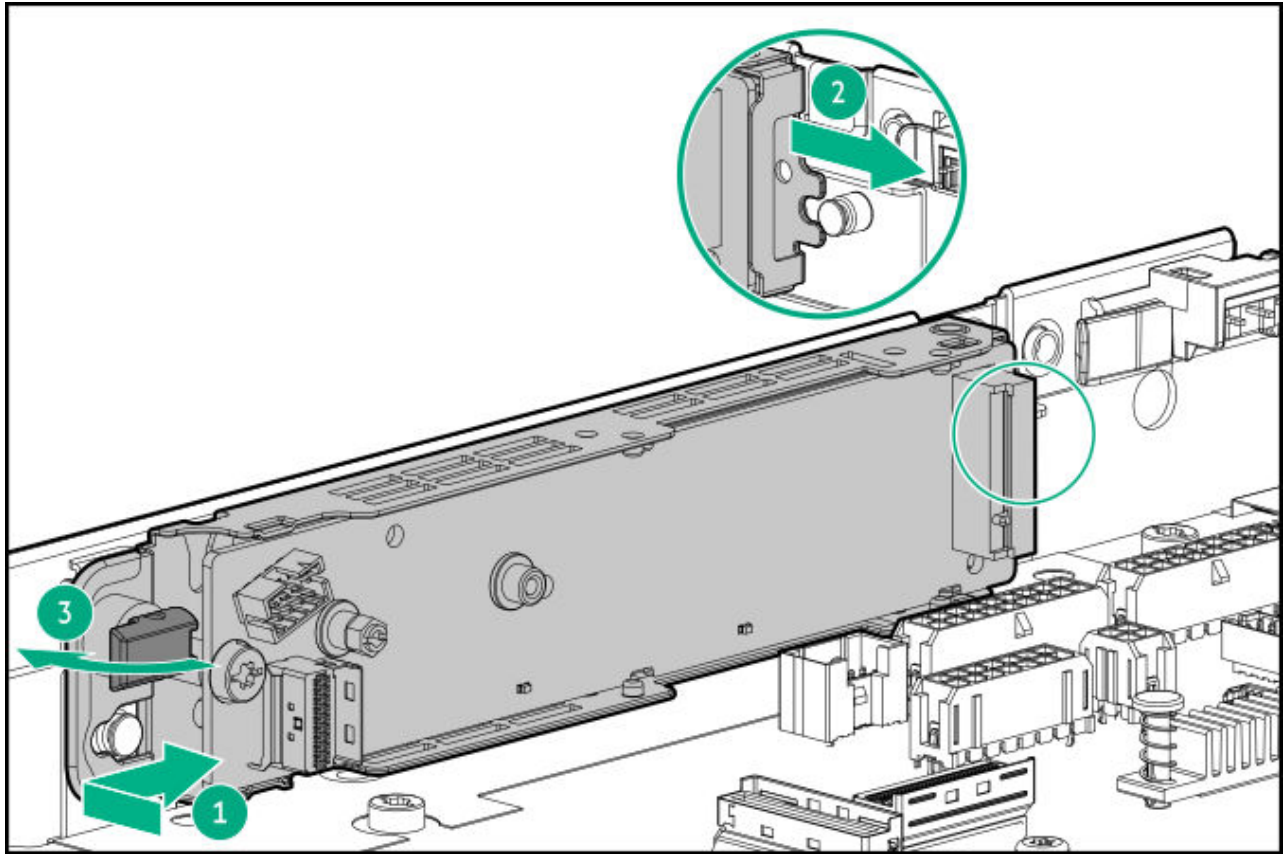
- d. Remove the holder bracket. Retain the screws. These screws will be used to secure the M.2 pass-through card assembly bracket.



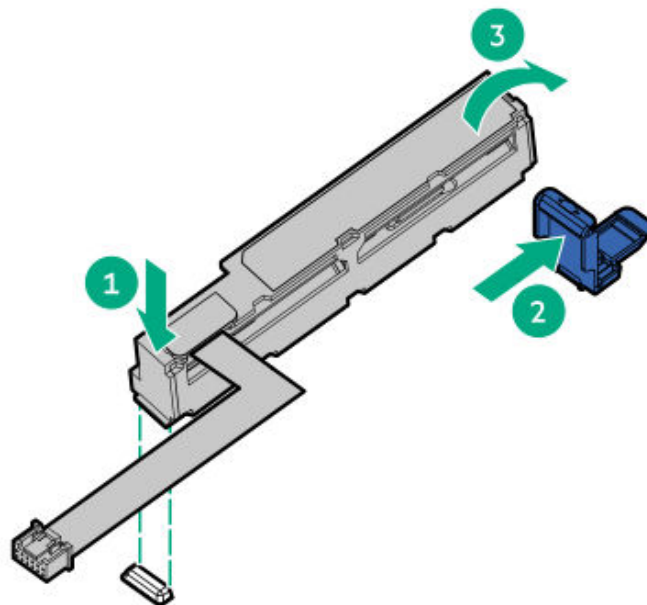
.3. Install the M.2 pass-through card bracket.



4. Install the M.2 pass-through card.



- .5. Connect the M.2 SSD pass-through signal and power cables.
- .6. If an energy pack was removed from the left chassis wall, do the following:
 - a. Secure the energy pack in the retention latch located on the rear side of the drive cage.



- b. Connect the energy pack extension power cable to the system board and energy pack cable.
 - c. Install the middle cover.
- .7. Install the access panel.
- .8. Install the server into the rack.
- .9. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- !0. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- !1. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

OCP NIC 3.0 option

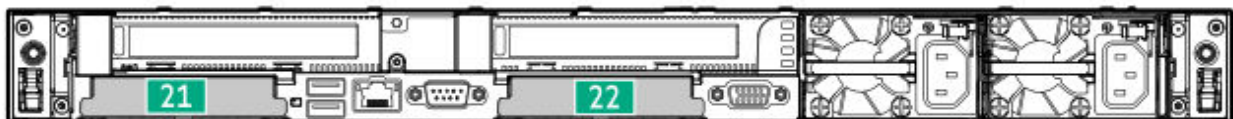
The server supports SFF dual-port and quad-port OCP NIC 3.0 options with various interfaces and advanced interconnect features for high-bandwidth applications.

Subtopics

OCP slot population rules

Installing the OCP NIC 3.0 adapter

OCP slot population rules



- Server with standard or high performance heatsink installed

Slot number	Supported options
Slot 21 OCP PCIe5 x8 ¹ _—	OCP NIC
Slot 22 OCP PCIe5 x8	◦ Type-o storage controller ◦ Dual-port OCP NIC with ≤ 10/25 GbE speeds

¹_— When installing the first OCP NIC 3.0 adapter, install it in Slot 21.

- Server with liquid cooling heatsink installed

Slot number	Supported options
Slot 21 OCP PCIe5 x8 ¹ _—	Dual-port or quad-port less than 100 GbE OCP NIC adapter
Slot 22 OCP PCIe5 x8	◦ Type-o storage controller ◦ Dual-port OCP NIC with ≤ 10/25 GbE speeds

¹_— When installing the first OCP NIC 3.0 adapter, install it in Slot 21.

To see a list of validated OCP options, see the server QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website:

<https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>

Installing the OCP NIC 3.0 adapter

Prerequisites

- Review the [OCP slot population rules](#).
- If you are installing an OCP NIC 3.0 x16 adapter in Slot 21, the [OCP bandwidth upgrade cable](#) is required.
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:
 - T-10 Torx screwdriver
 - Spudger or any small prying tool

About this task



CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

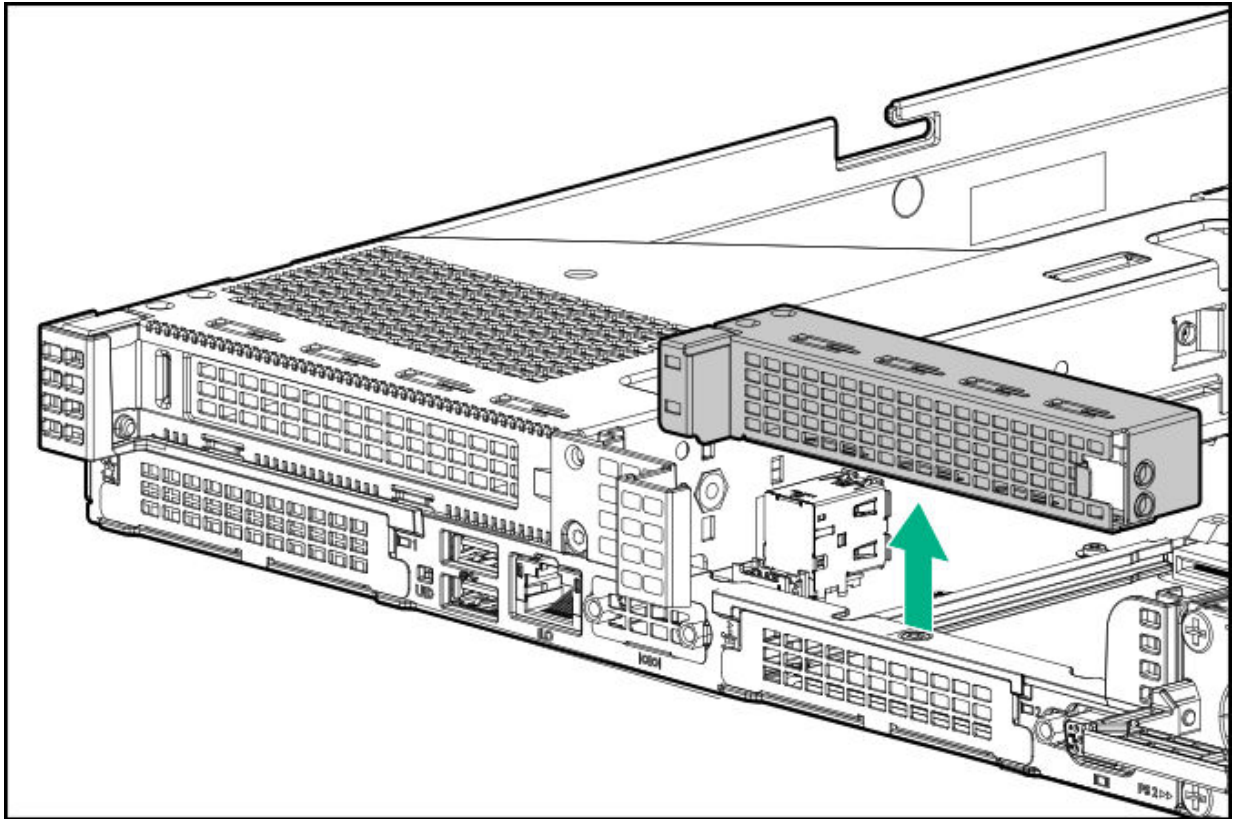


CAUTION

The port blank provides EMI shielding and helps maintain proper thermal status inside the server. Do not operate the server when a port blank is removed without the corresponding I/O port option installed.

Procedure

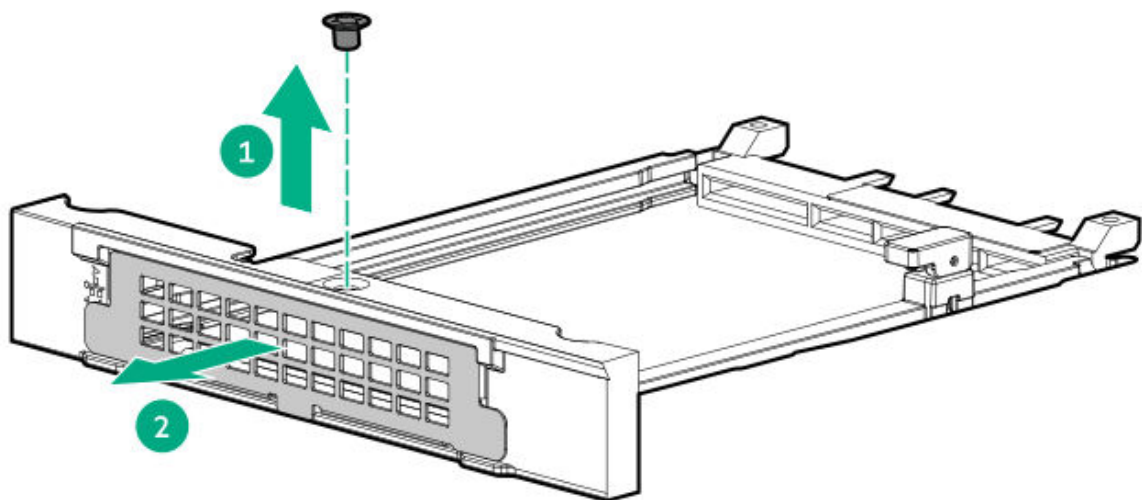
1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. To install an OCP NIC in Slot 21, remove the primary riser cage.
8. To install an OCP NIC in Slot 22, do one of the following:
 - Remove the secondary riser cage.
 - Remove the secondary riser cage blank.



9. Remove the OCP slot blank:

- a. Remove the blank screw.
- b. Remove the blank.

Retain the screw and blank for future use.

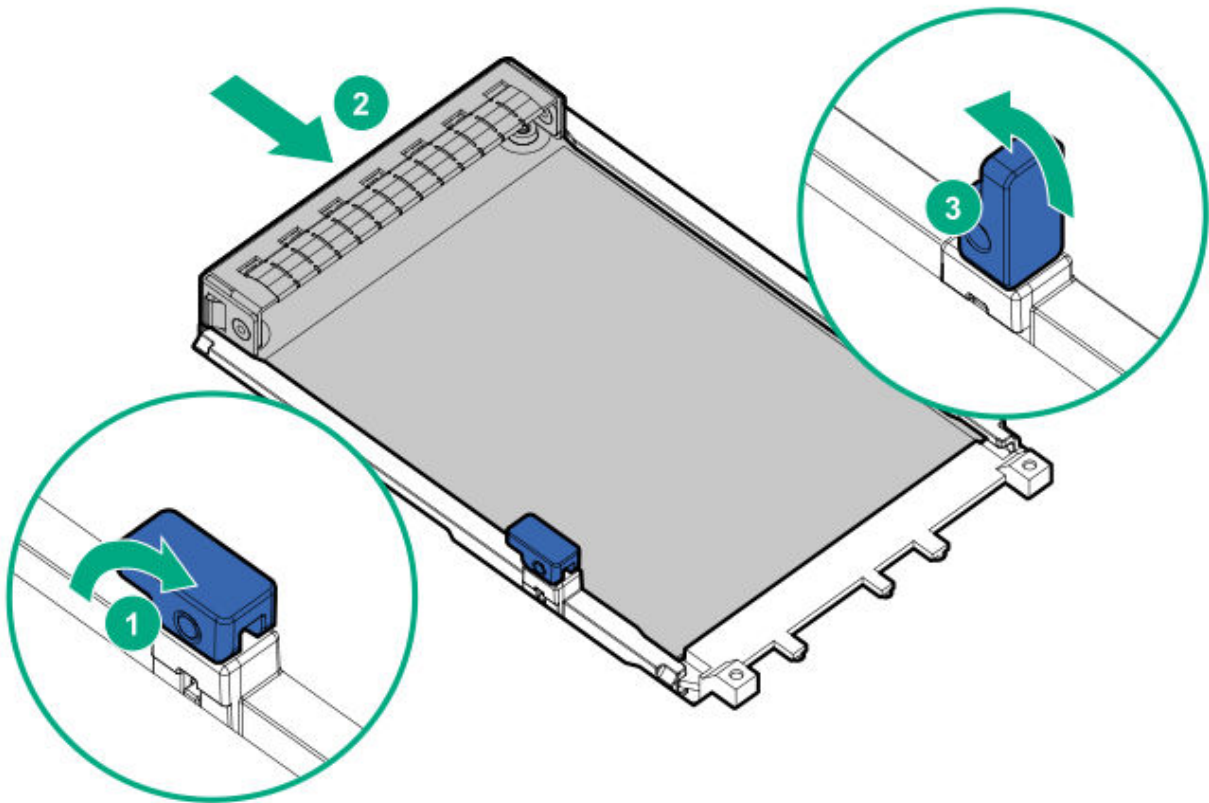


.0. Install the OCP NIC:

- a. Rotate the locking pin to the open (vertical) position.
- b. Slide the OCP NIC into the bay until it clicks into place.

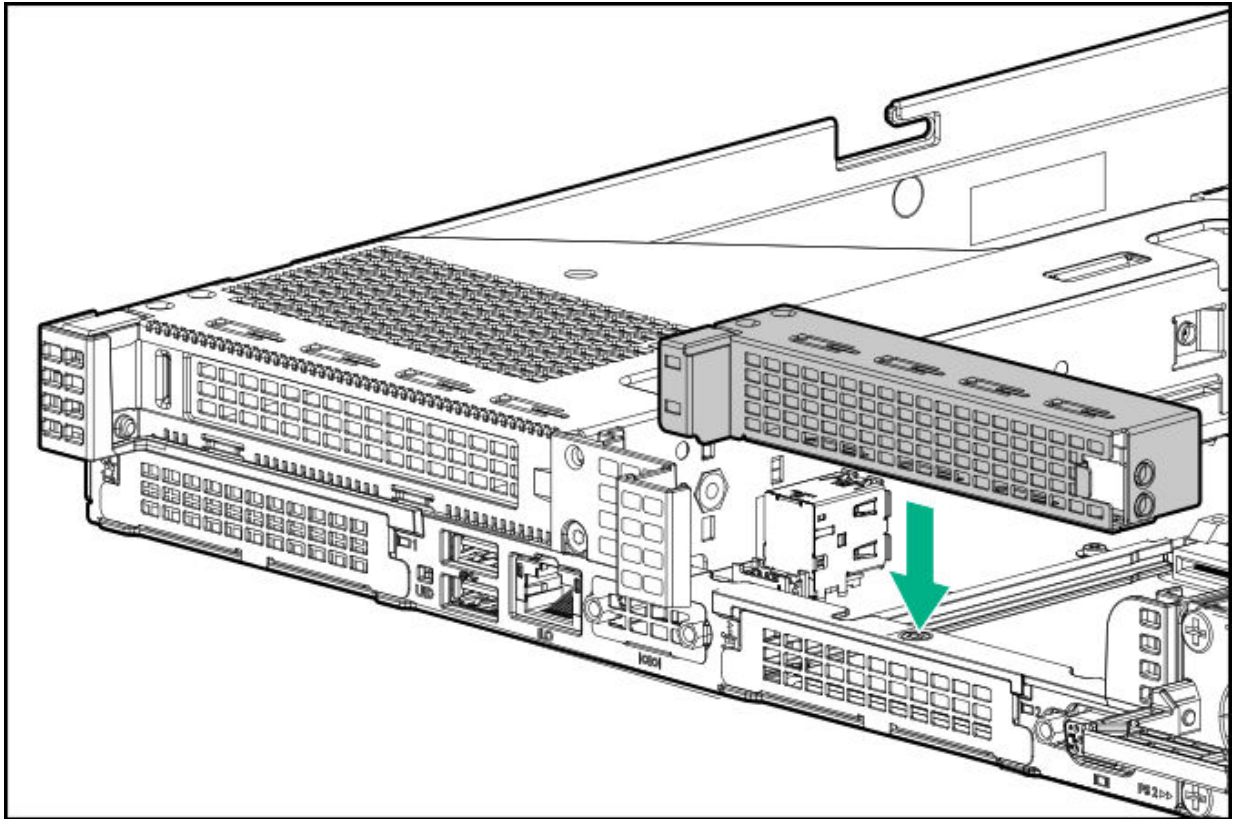
Ensure that the OCP NIC is seated firmly in the slot.

- c. Rotate the locking pin to the close (horizontal) position.



.1. If removed, do one of the following:

- Install the primary riser cage.
- Install the secondary riser cage.
- Install the secondary riser cage blank.



- .2. Install the access panel.
- .3. Install the server into the rack.
- .4. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .5. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- .6. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

High performance heatsink option

When a processor with a 260 W to 300 W TDP is installed, the high performance heatsink and high performance fans are both required.

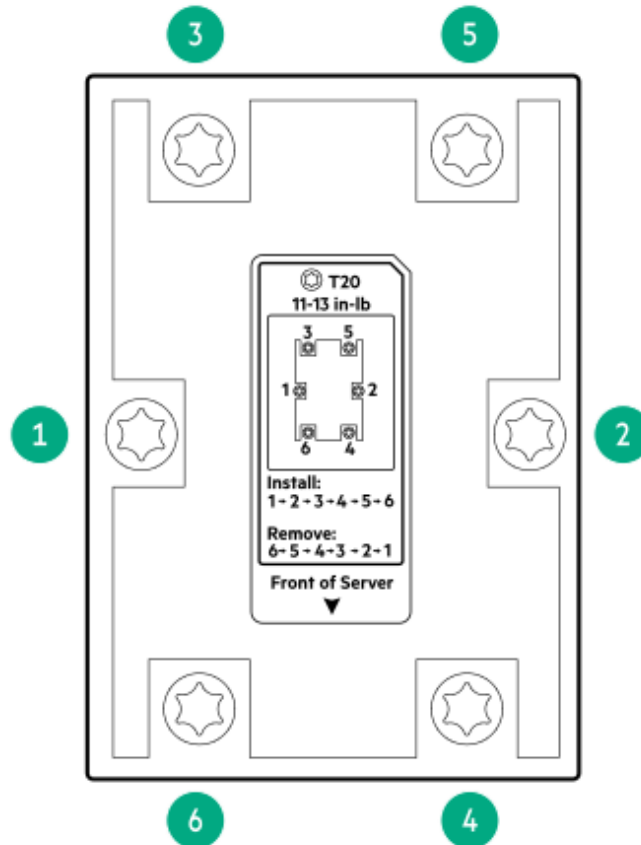
Subtopics

Heatsink label

Installing the high performance heatsink

Heatsink label

Before installing or removing a heatsink, review the information on the heatsink label:



- Identify the correct sequence for:
 - Loosening the heatsink screws:
6-5-4-3-2-1
 - Tightening the heatsink screws:
1-2-3-4-5-6
- Verify that the **Front of Server** arrow points to the front panel.

Installing the high performance heatsink

Prerequisites

- [Review the heatsink label.](#)
- If a processor with a TDP between 260 W and 300 W is installed, the high performance heatsink and high performance fans are required.
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:
 - T-20 Torx screwdriver
 - Alcohol wipe

About this task



WARNING

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.



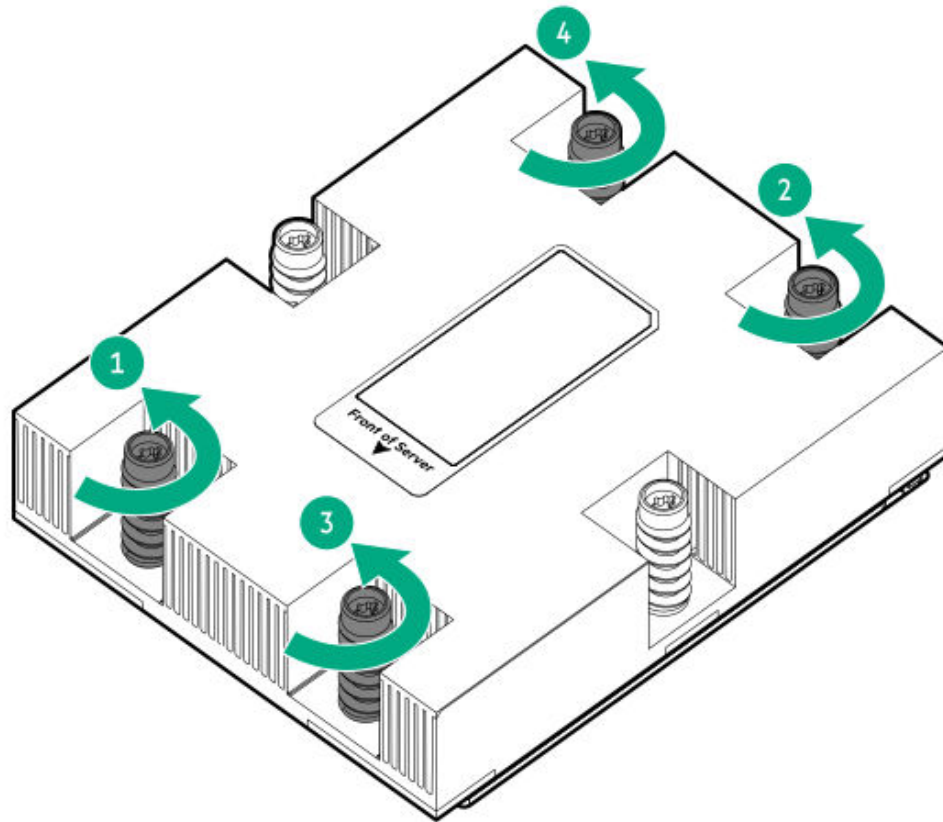
CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe [antistatic precautions](#).

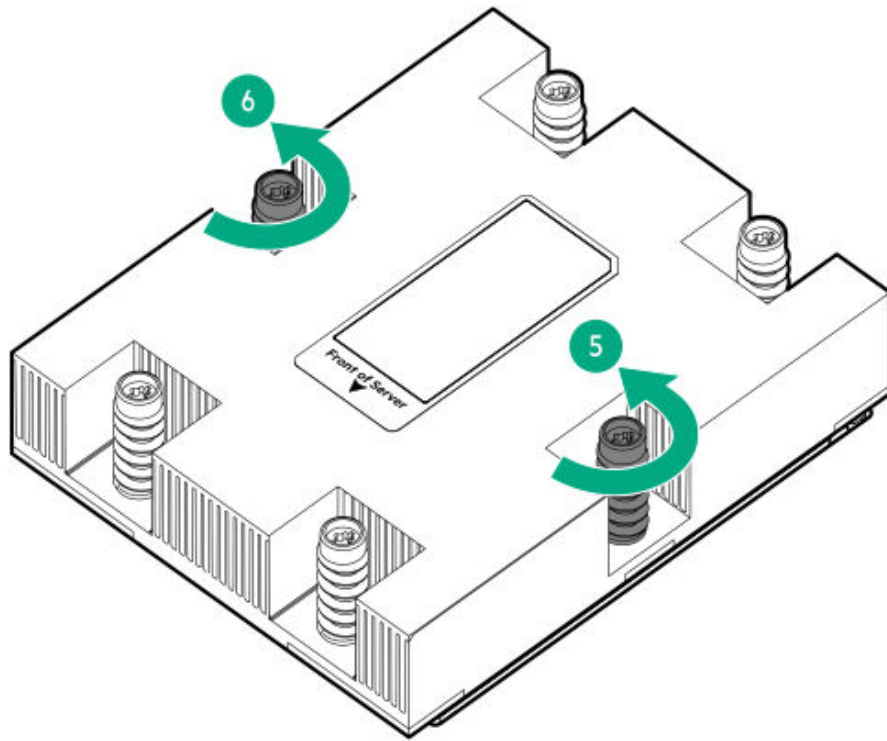
Procedure

1. [Power down the server.](#)
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. [Remove the server from the rack.](#)
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. [Remove the access panel.](#)
7. [Remove the air baffle.](#)

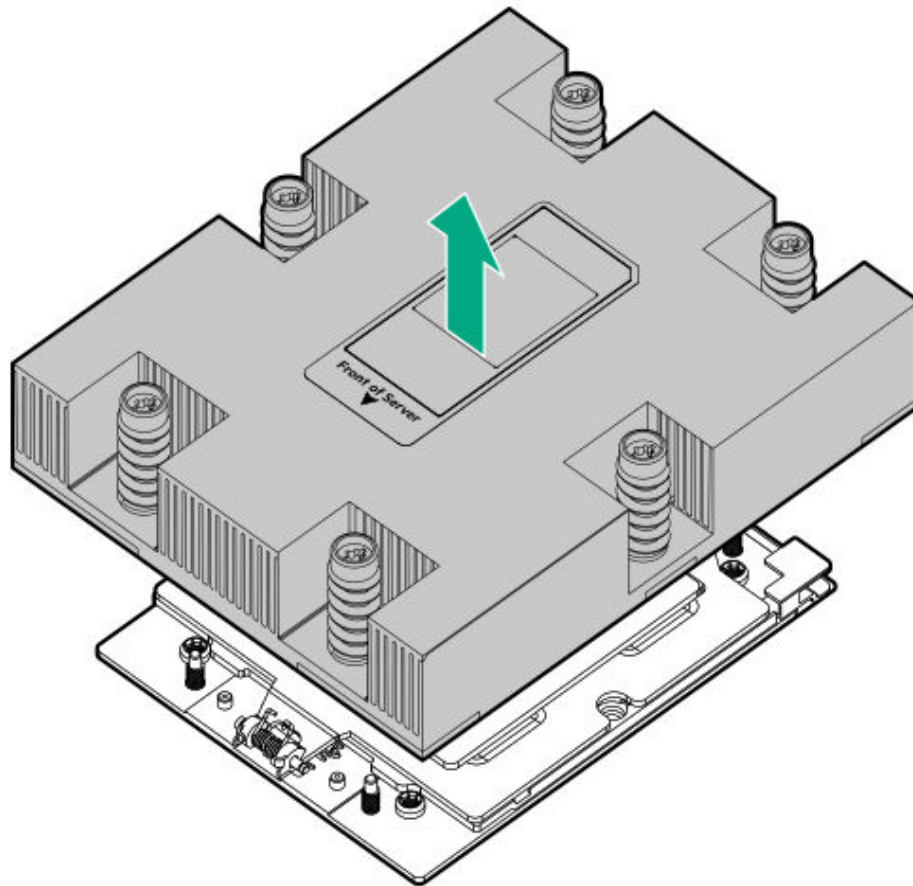
8. Allow all internal system components to cool before continuing.
9. Remove the standard heatsink:
 - a. Review the heatsink screw numbering on the heatsink label.
 - b. Loosen the heatsink screw numbers 6, 5, 4, and 3 in a diagonal manner (callouts 1 to 4).



- c. Loosen the heatsink screw numbers 2 and 1 (callouts 5 and 6).



.0. Lift the standard heatsink away from the processor socket.



- .1. Place the heatsink on a flat work surface with its contact side facing up.
- .2. Use an alcohol wipe to remove the existing thermal grease from the heatsink and processor.
Allow the alcohol to evaporate before continuing.

.3. Install the high performance heatsink:



CAUTION

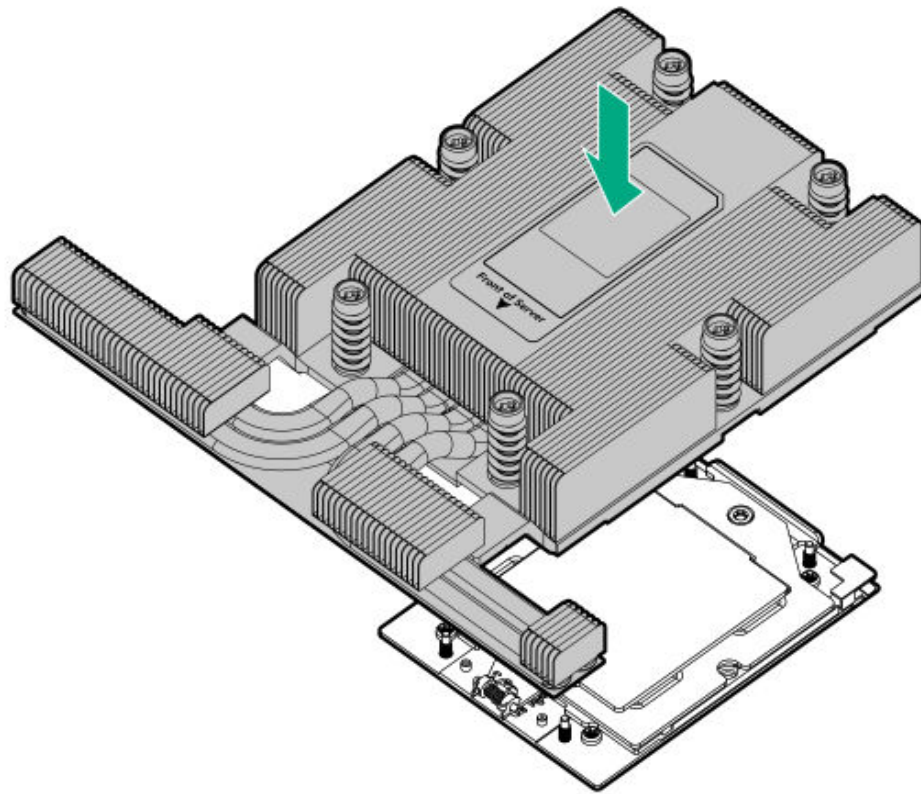
To prevent mechanical damage or depositing oil on your hands or other contaminants to the heatsink contact surface, hold the heatsink only by the edge of its base plate. Do not touch the heatsink fins.



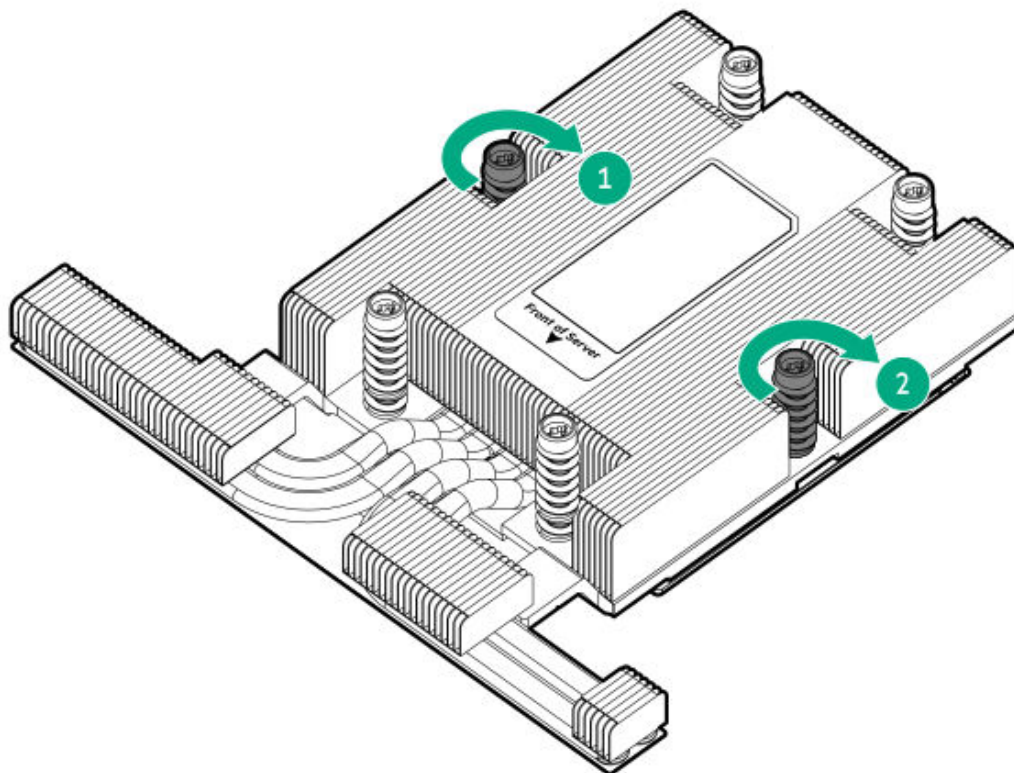
CAUTION

To prevent thermal failure or component damage, do not move the heatsink once the bottom of its base plate touches the top of the processor. Excessive heatsink movement can cause the thermal grease to smear and become uneven. Voids in the compound can adversely impact the transfer of heat away from the processor.

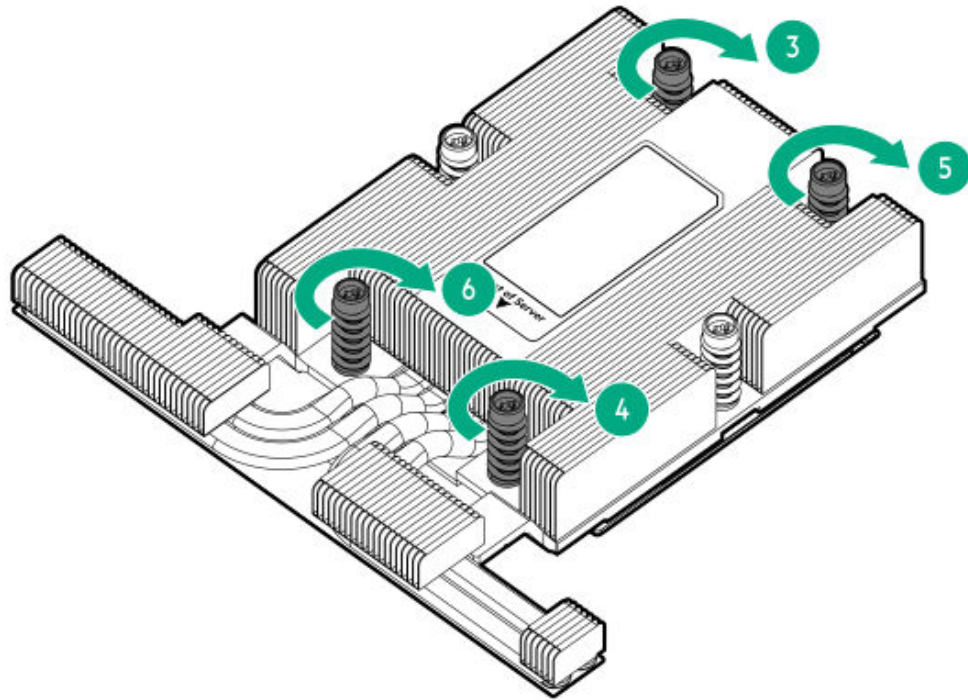
- a. When using a torque screwdriver to tighten the heatsink screws, set a torque between 1.24 N-m (11 lbf-in) to 1.47 N-m (13 lbf-in).
- b. Note the **Front of server** text on the heatsink label to correctly orient the heatsink over the processor socket.
- c. Position the heatsink on top of the processor, ensuring that it is properly seated before securing the screws.



d. Tighten the heatsink screw numbers 1 and 2 (callouts 1 and 2).



- e. Tighten the heatsink screw numbers 3, 4, 5, and 6 in a diagonal manner (callouts 3 to 6).



4. Install the high performance fans.
5. Install the air baffle.
6. Install the access panel.
7. Install the server into the rack.
8. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
9. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
10. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Chassis intrusion detection switch option

The chassis intrusion detection switch enables iLO to record an event in the Integrated Management Log (IML) whenever the access panel is physically opened or removed. An alert is also sent to the BIOS whenever a chassis intrusion is detected. The chassis intrusion detection occurs as long as the server is plugged in, regardless of whether the server is powered on or off.

Subtopics

Installing the chassis intrusion detection switch

Installing the chassis intrusion detection switch

About this task

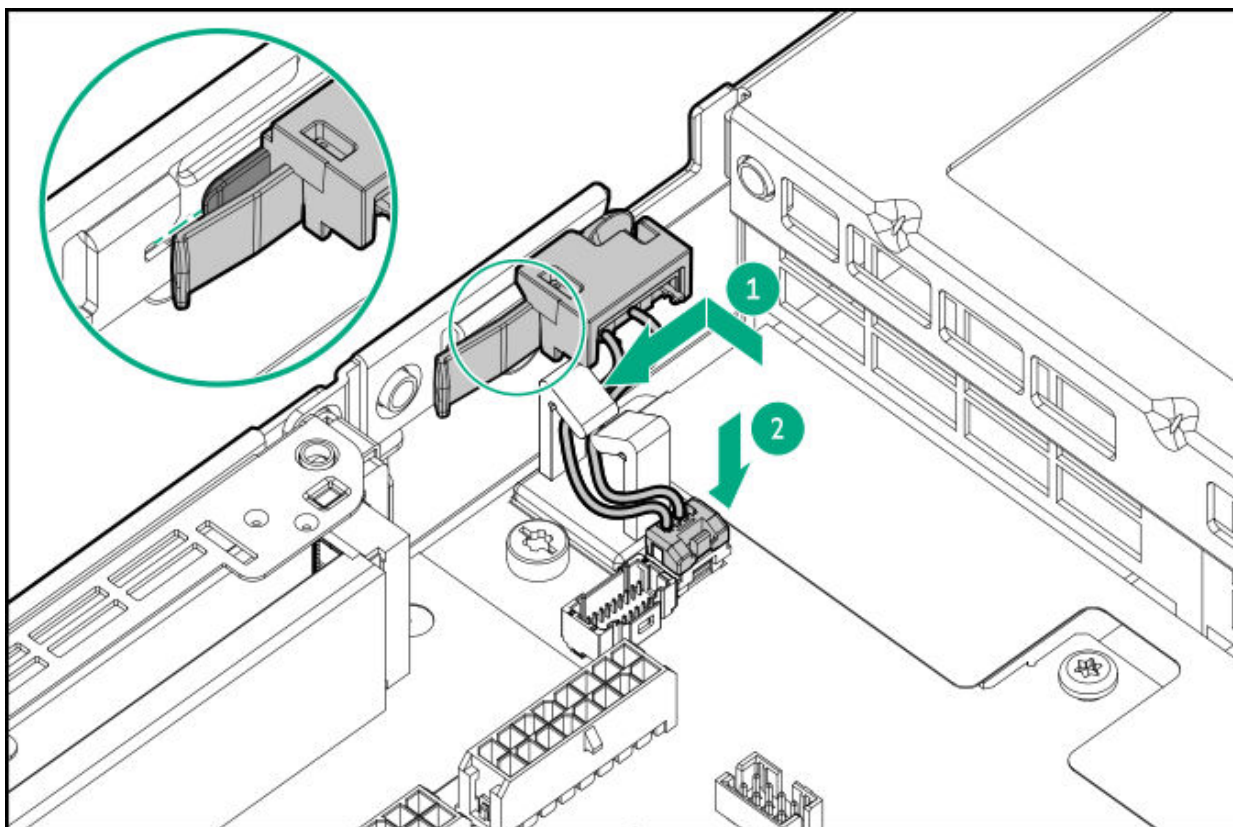


CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Install the chassis intrusion detection switch:
 - a. Insert the switch tab into the chassis slot until the switch clicks into place.
 - b. Connect the switch cable and secure it in the cable clamp.



8. Install the access panel.
9. Install the server into the rack.
10. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
11. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
12. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

The **System Intrusion Detection** setting in the UEFI System Utilities is automatically enabled after installing the chassis intrusion detection switch. To view a log of intrusion events, use the iLO web interface to access the IML or the iLO event log. For more information, see the iLO user guide on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<https://www.hpe.com/support/ilo-docs>).

Serial port option

Install the serial port option to enable communication to physical serial devices. You can also use the serial connection to remotely access the system BIOS and view POST error messages.

Subtopics

Installing the serial port

Installing the serial port

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have the following items available:

- Hex screwdriver
- Spudger or any small prying tool

About this task



CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.



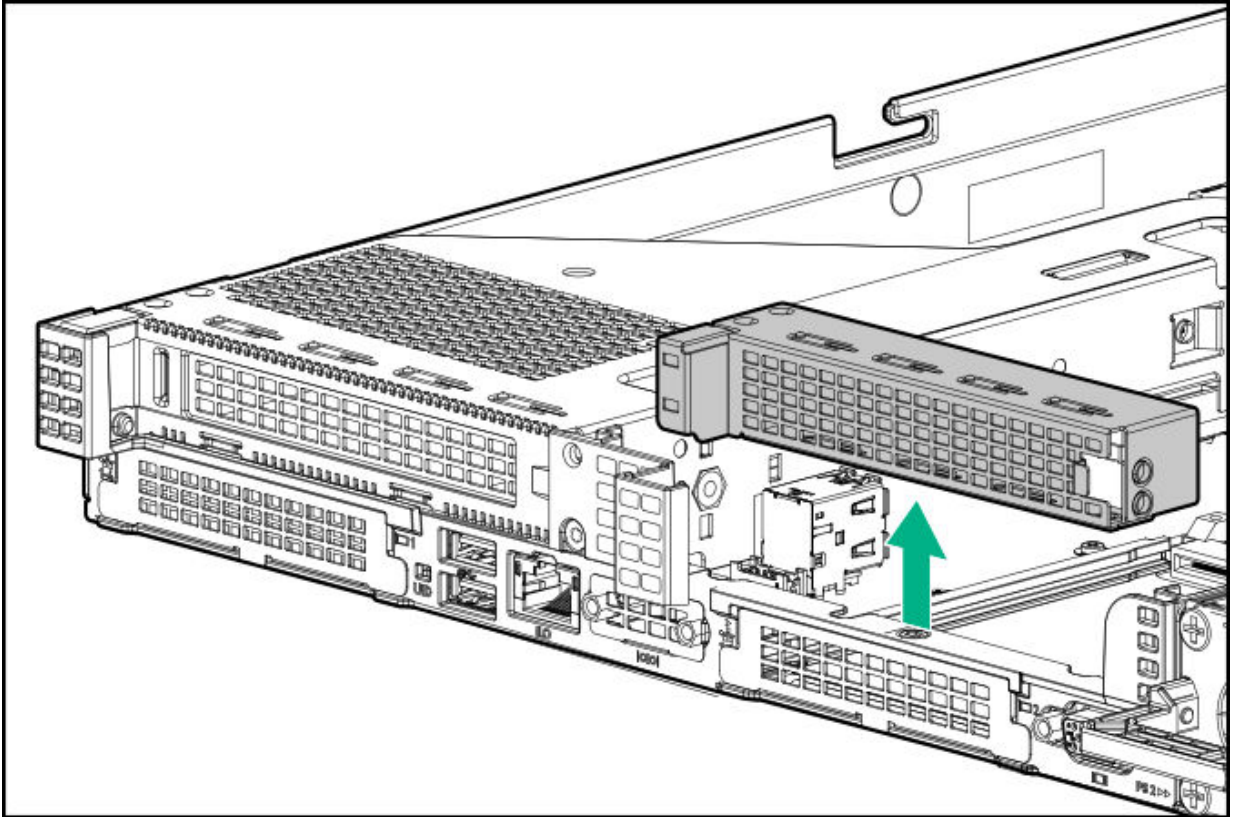
CAUTION

The port blank provides EMI shielding and helps maintain proper thermal status inside the server. Do not operate the server when a port blank is removed without the corresponding I/O port option installed.

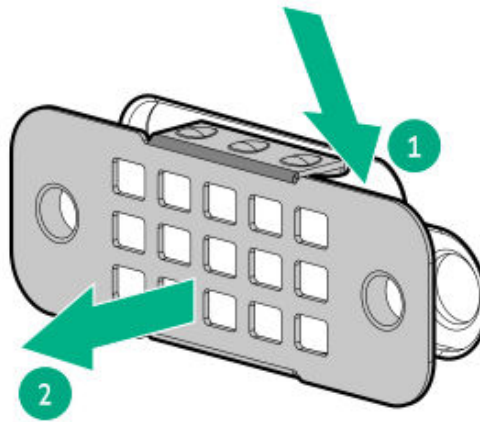
Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.

5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Do one of the following:
 - Remove the secondary riser cage.
 - Remove the secondary riser cage blank.

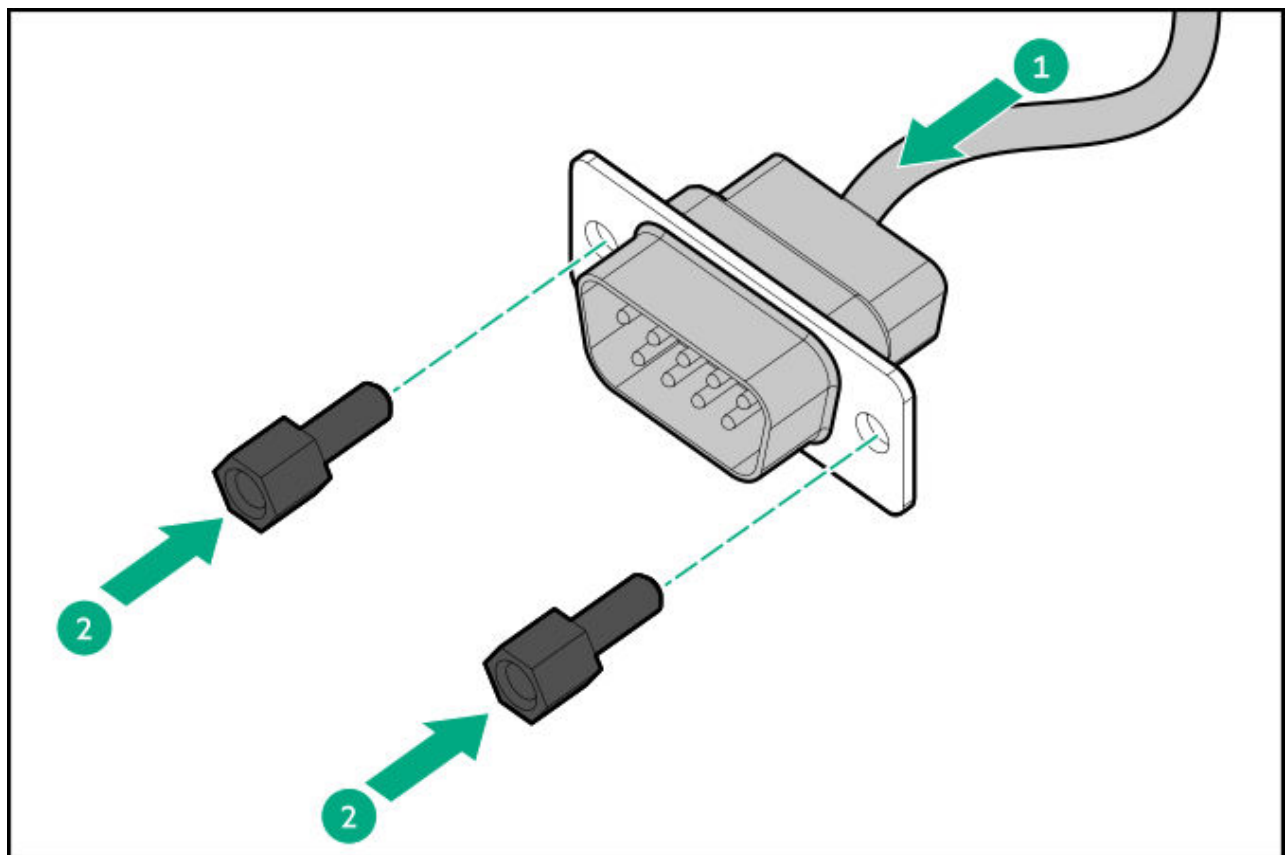


8. Remove the serial port blank:
 - a. Detach the right side of the blank.
 - b. Repeat step a on the left side to remove the blank.



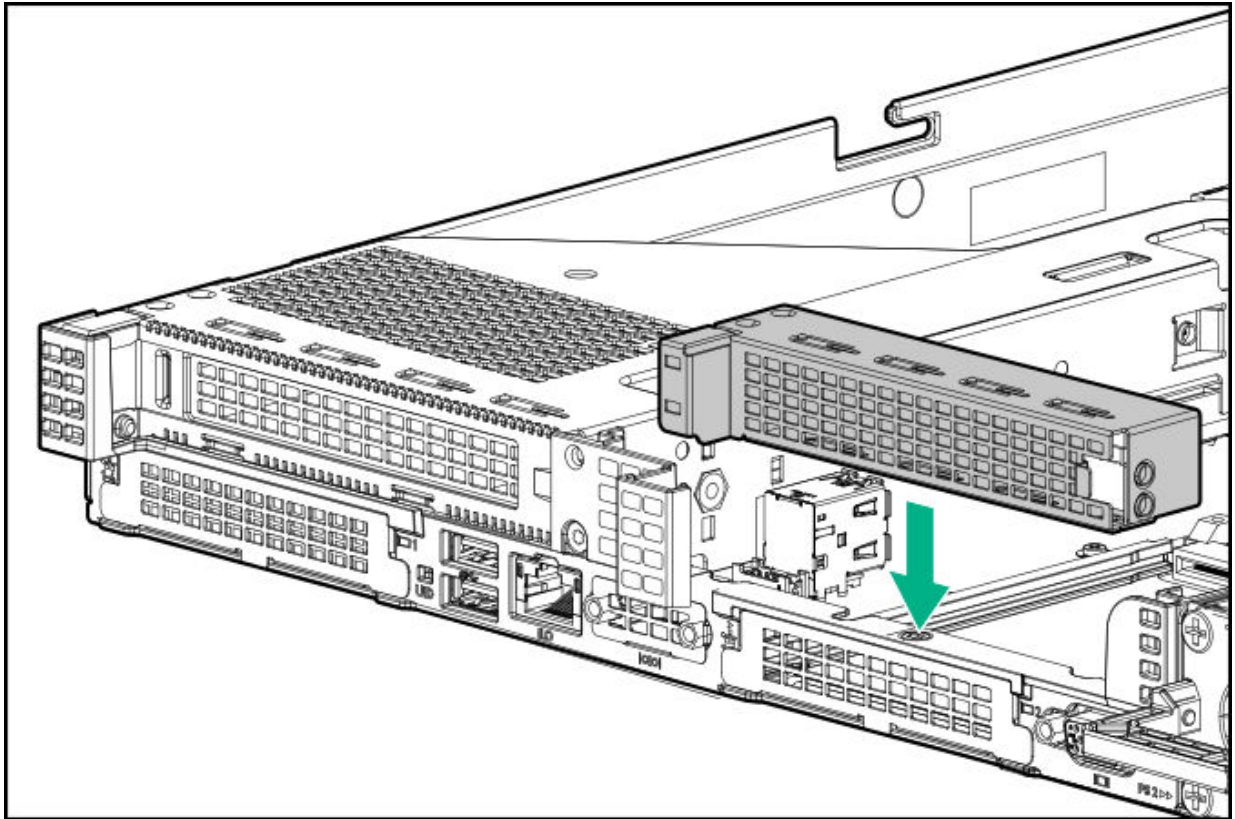
9. Install the serial port cable:

- a. Insert the serial port into the rear panel opening.
- b. Install the hex screws.



10. Do one of the following:

- Install the secondary riser cage.
- Install the secondary riser cage blank.



- .1. Install the access panel.
- .2. Install the server into the rack.
- .3. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
- .4. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- .5. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Internal USB device option

The server has an internal USB 3.2 Gen 1 port to install a USB device that can be used as a flash boot media or for data backup/redundancy.

Subtopics

Installing the internal USB device

Installing the internal USB device

About this task

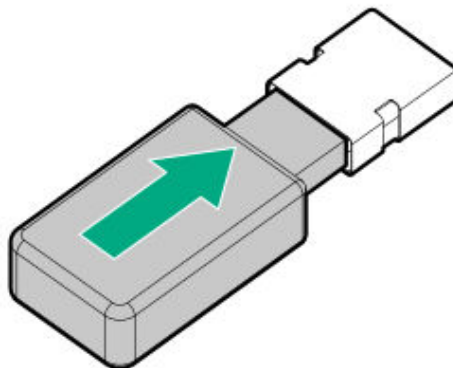


CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

Procedure

1. Power down the server.
2. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
3. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
4. Remove the server from the rack.
5. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
6. Remove the access panel.
7. Plug in the USB device into the USB port.



8. Install the access panel.

9. Install the server into the rack.
10. Connect all peripheral cables to the server.
11. Connect the power cords:
 - a. Connect each power cord to the server.
 - b. Connect each power cord to the power source.
12. Power up the server.

Results

The installation procedure is complete.

Cabling

This chapter includes cabling guidelines and diagrams for internal component cabling.

Subtopics

Cabling guidelines

Cabling diagrams

Internal cabling management

Storage cabling

Optical drive cabling

HPE NS204i-u Boot Device cabling

M.2 SSD pass-through card cabling

GPU cabling

Pump signal cabling for the CLLC module

OCP bandwidth upgrade cabling

Serial port cabling

Chassis intrusion detection switch cabling

Front I/O cabling

Front USB and DisplayPort cabling

Cabling guidelines

Observe the following:



NOTE

The colors in the cabling diagrams are for illustration purposes only.



CAUTION

To avoid damaging connectors, avoid repeated installation and removal of cables. Excessive handling can shorten the lifespan of the cable.

- For cable option kits, see the product QuickSpecs.
- For cable spare part numbers, see the Illustrated parts catalog in the maintenance and service guide.
- Some diagrams show alphabetical callouts such as A, B, C, etc. These callouts correspond to labels near the connectors on the cable.
- Some cables have more than one connector, such as a Y-cable, but not all connectors are used.
- Observe all guidelines when working with server cables.

Before connecting cables

- Note the port labels on the PCA components. Not all these components are used by all servers:
 - System board ports
 - Drive and power supply backplane ports
 - Expansion board ports (controllers, retimers, adapters, expanders, risers, and similar boards)
- Note the label near each cable connector. This label indicates the destination port for the cable connector.
- Some data cables are prebent. Do not unbend or manipulate the cables.
- To prevent mechanical damage or depositing oil that is present on your hands, and other contamination, do not touch the ends of the connectors.

When connecting cables

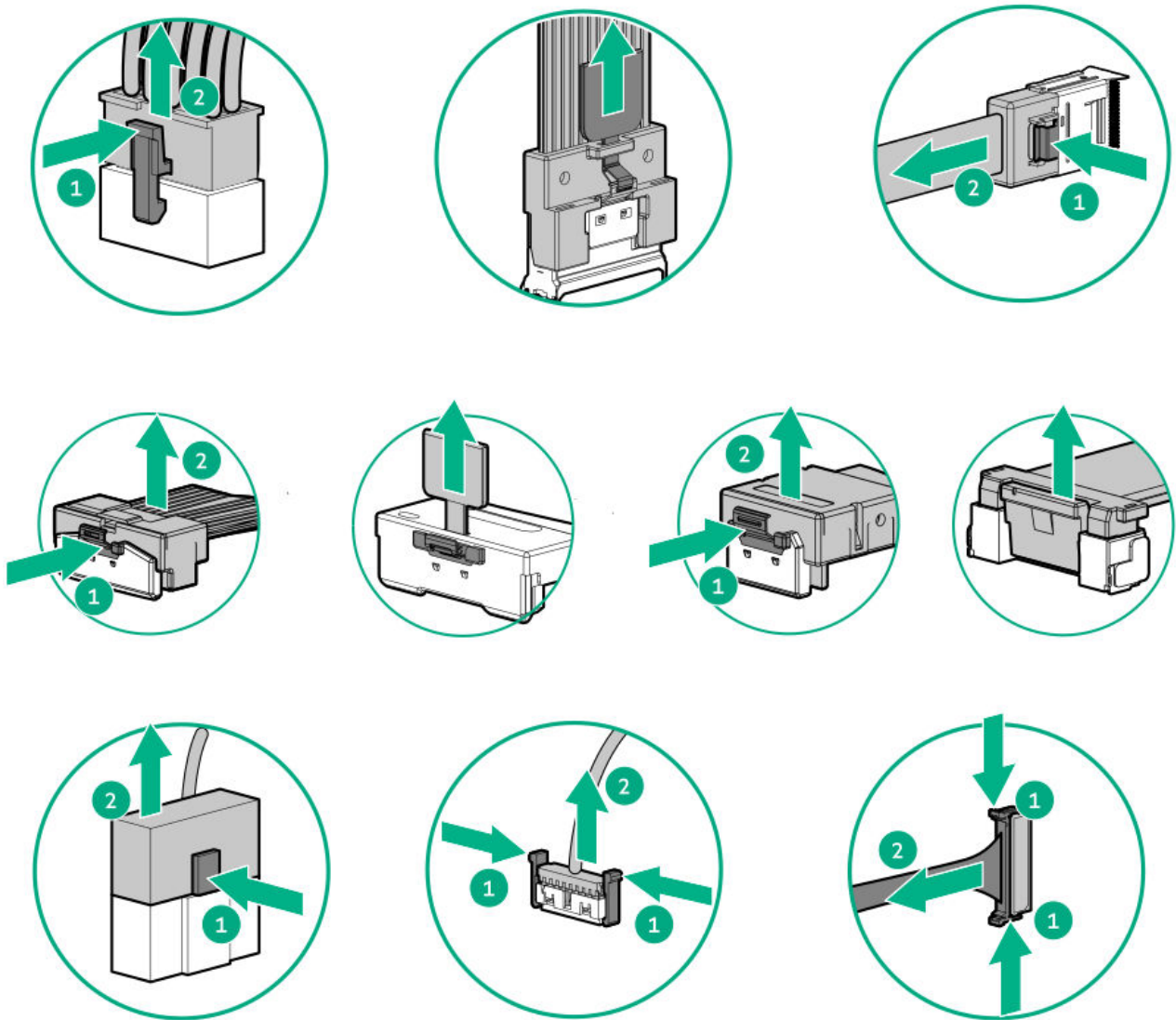
- Before connecting a cable to a port, lay the cable in place to verify the length of the cable.
- Use the internal cable management features to properly route and secure the cables.
- When routing cables, be sure that the cables are not in a position where they can be pinched or crimped.

- Avoid tight bend radii to prevent damaging the internal wires of a power cord or a server cable. Never bend power cords and server cables tight enough to cause a crease in the sheathing.
- Make sure that the excess length of cables is properly secured to avoid excess bends, interference issues, and airflow restriction.
- Before installing a new component or closing up the server, make sure that all cables are in their appropriate routing position. This cable check prevents component damage and potential signal interference.

When disconnecting cables

- Grip the body of the cable connector. Do not pull on the cable itself because this action can damage the internal wires of the cable or the pins on the port.

- If a cable does not disconnect easily, check for any release latch that must be pressed to disconnect the cable.



- Remove cables that are no longer being used. Retaining them inside the server can restrict airflow. If you intend to use the removed cables later, label and store them for future use.

Cabling diagrams

Observe the following:

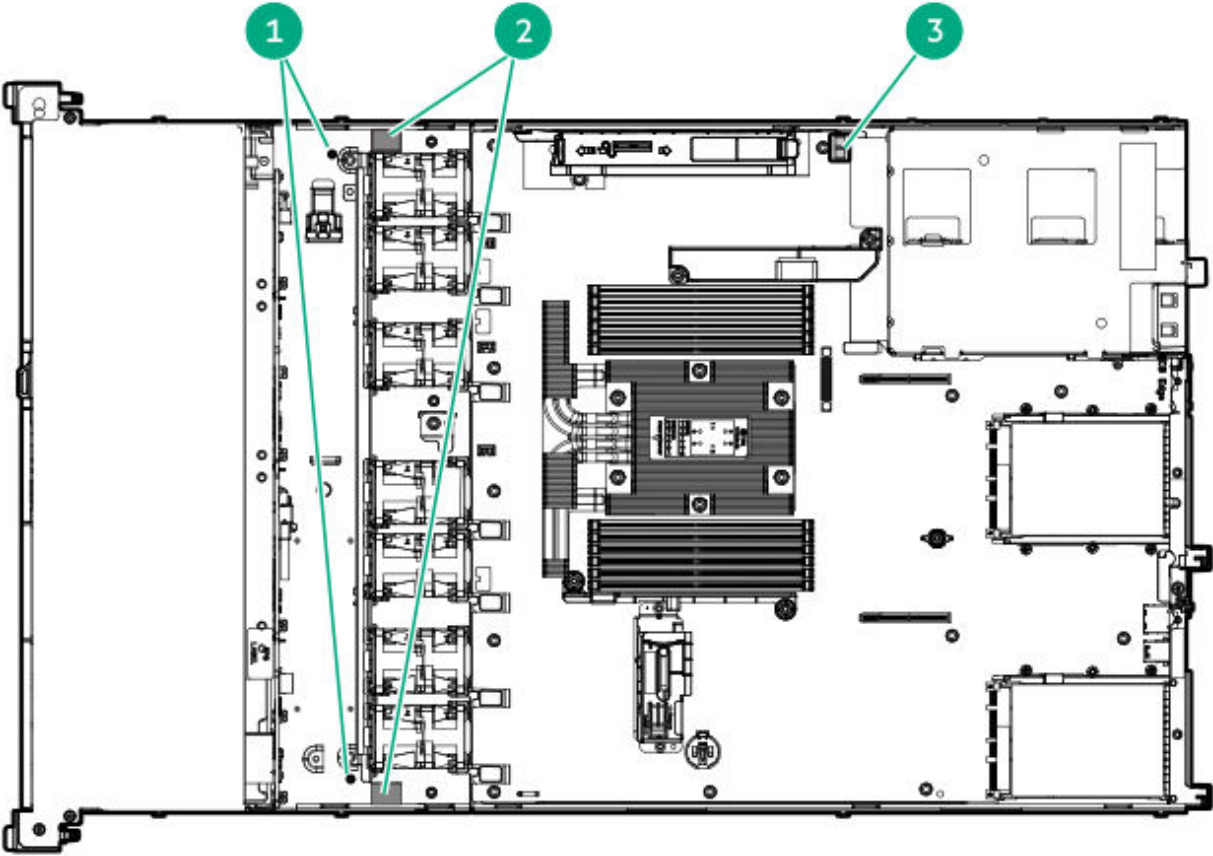
- Before cabling components, see the [Cabling guidelines](#).
- Use the cable part number or search feature to find your diagram.

Component cabling	Cable part number
Storage controller cable—NVMe drive	—
2 SFF drive direct attach cable	P54592-001
2 SFF drive controller cable: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser	P57042-001
4 SFF drive direct attach cable	P63033-001
4 SFF x2 NVMe drive controller cable: Tri-mode type-o storage controller in Slot 22	P57334-002
4 SFF x4 NVMe drive controller cable: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser	P57057-002
8 SFF drive direct attach cable	P54589-001
	P54586-001
	P54588-001
	P54587-001
8 SFF drive controller cable: Type-o storage controller in the Slot 22	P57074-001
	P57075-001
8 SFF drive controller cable: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the primary riser	P57070-001
	P57057-001
	P57076-001
	P57041-001
8 SFF drive controller cabling: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser	P57060-001
	P57061-001
	P57062-001
	P57042-001
8 SFF drive controller cabling: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser	P57064-001
	P57065-001
8 + 2 SFF drive direct attach cable	P54589-001
	P54586-001
	P54588-001
	P54587-001
	P54592-001

Component cabling	Cable part number
8 + 2 SFF drive controller cable: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser	P57064-001 P57065-001 P57042-001
8 E3.S drive direct attach cable	P57052-001
8 E3.S x4 NVMe drive controller cable: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser	P57057-002
20 E3.S x4 NVMe drive direct attach cable	P59645-001 P59646-001
20 E3.S x2 NVMe drive direct attach cable	P57082-001 P57083-001
4 SFF NVMe drive direct attach cable	P63033-001
8 E3.S x4 NVMe drive direct attach cable	P57052-001
Storage controller cable—SAS / SATA drive	—
4 LFF drive onboard SATA cable	P57037-001
4 LFF drive controller cable: Type-o controller in the Slot 22	P57038-001
2 SFF drive onboard SATA cable	P57045-001
2 SFF drive controller cable: Type-o storage controller in the Slot 22	P57040-001
2 SFF drive controller cable: Type-p storage controller in the secondary riser	P57042-001
8 SFF drive onboard SATA cable	P56679-001
8 SFF drive controller cable: Type-o storage controller in the Slot 22	P57080-001
8 + 2 SFF drive onboard SATA cable	P56679-001 P57045-001
8 + 2 SFF drive controller cable: Type-o storage controller in the Slot 22	P57080-001 P57040-001
Drive power cables	—
4 LFF drive power cable	P56680-001
2 SFF drive power cable	P54591-001
8 SFF drive power cable	P54590-001
20 E3.S drive power cable	P56682-001
4 SFF NVMe drive power Y-cable	P63034-001
8 E3.S drive power cable	P56684-001

Component cabling	Cable part number
Energy pack power extension cable	P56688-001
Storage backup power	—
GPU riser cables	—
GPU Slot 4 riser cable	P51471-001
GPU Slot 5 riser cable	P44002-001
GPU riser power Y-cable	P56683-001
GPU auxiliary power cables	—
Slot 4 double-width GPU auxiliary power cable	P56694-001
Slot 5 double-width GPU auxiliary power cable	P56695-001
Miscellaneous cable options	—
4 LFF drive configuration front I/O cable	P43727-001
8 + 2 SFF / 20 E3.S drive configuration front I/O cable	P43727-001
GPU-optimized configuration front I/O cable	P47750-001
LFF drive configuration front USB and DisplayPort cable	P45619-001
SFF drive configuration front USB and DisplayPort cable	P45620-001
LFF drive configuration optical drive cable	P58696-001
SFF drive configuration optical drive cable	P56685-001
M.2 SSD pass-through card cable	P56689-001
	P56690-001
	P56691-001
HPE NS204i-u Boot Device cable	P54087-001
	P54088-001
Chassis intrusion detection switch cable	P47751-001
Serial port cable	P47752-001
Pump signal cable	P58463-B21
OCP bandwidth upgrade cable for OCP Slot 21	P56686-001

Internal cabling management



Item	Description
1	Cable routing posts ¹ _—
2	Cable routing foams
3	Chassis intrusion detection switch cable clip

¹_— These posts are in the LFF or E3.S drive configurations.

Storage cabling

Subtopics

- [Storage controller cabling](#)
- [Drive power cabling](#)
- [Energy pack cabling](#)

Storage controller cabling

Subtopics

4 LFF SAS/SATA drive controller cabling

2 SFF NVMe drive controller cabling

2 SFF SAS/SATA drive controller cabling

8 SFF NVMe drive controller cabling

8 SFF SAS/SATA drive controller cabling

8 + 2 SFF NVMe drive controller cabling

8 + 2 SFF SAS/SATA drive controller cabling

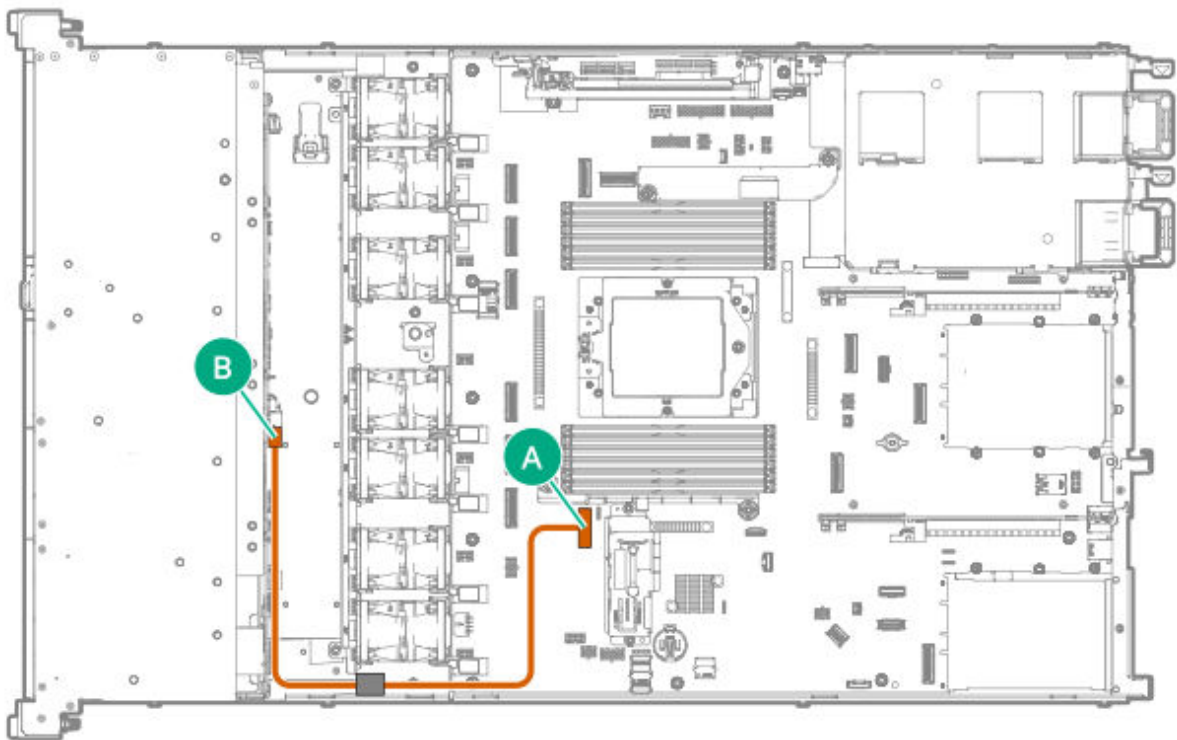
4 SFF NVMe drive controller cabling

8 E3.S drive controller cabling

20 E3.S drive controller cabling

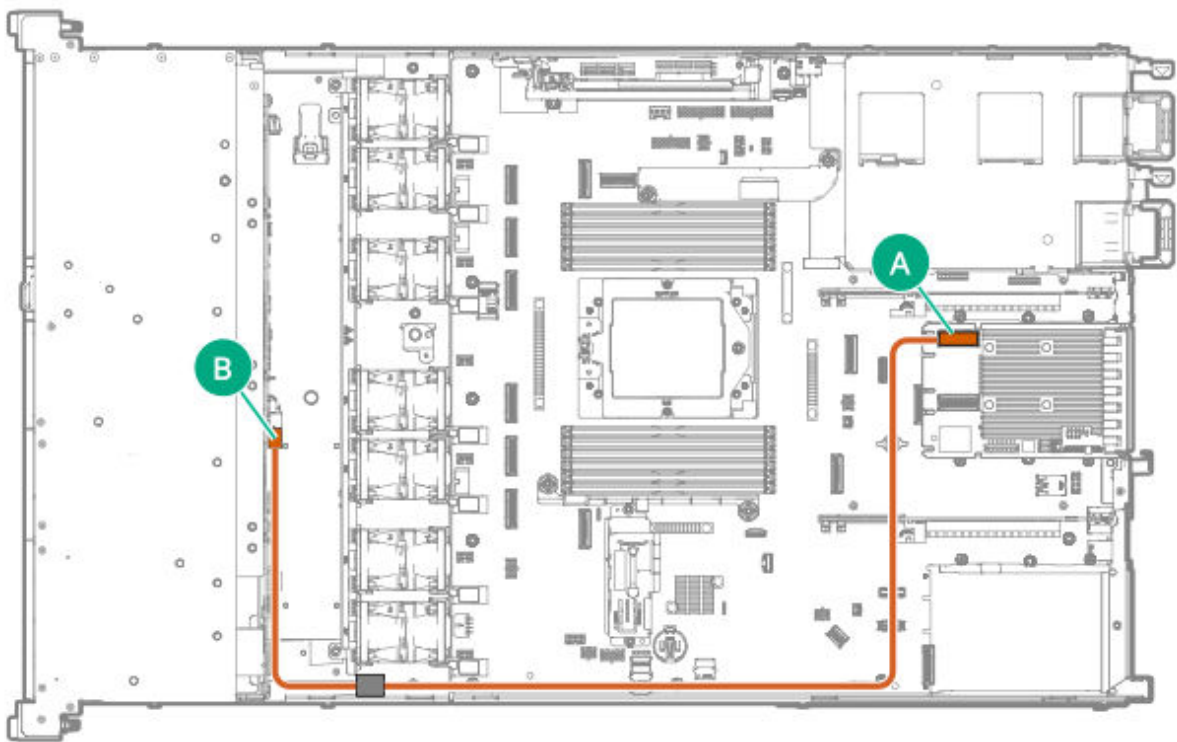
4 LFF SAS/SATA drive controller cabling

4 LFF drive: Onboard SATA cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57037-001	Orange	Port 1	NVMe port 1A

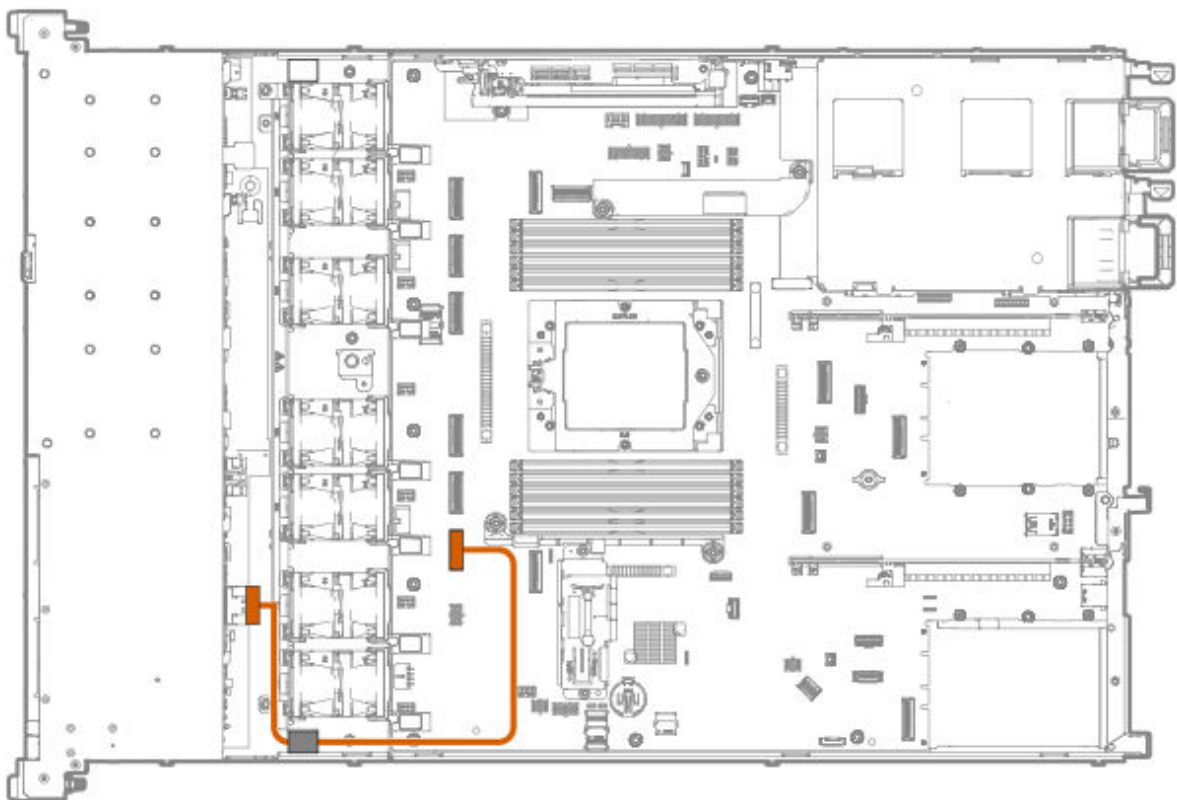
4 LFF drive controller cabling: Type-o controller in Slot 22



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57038-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 1

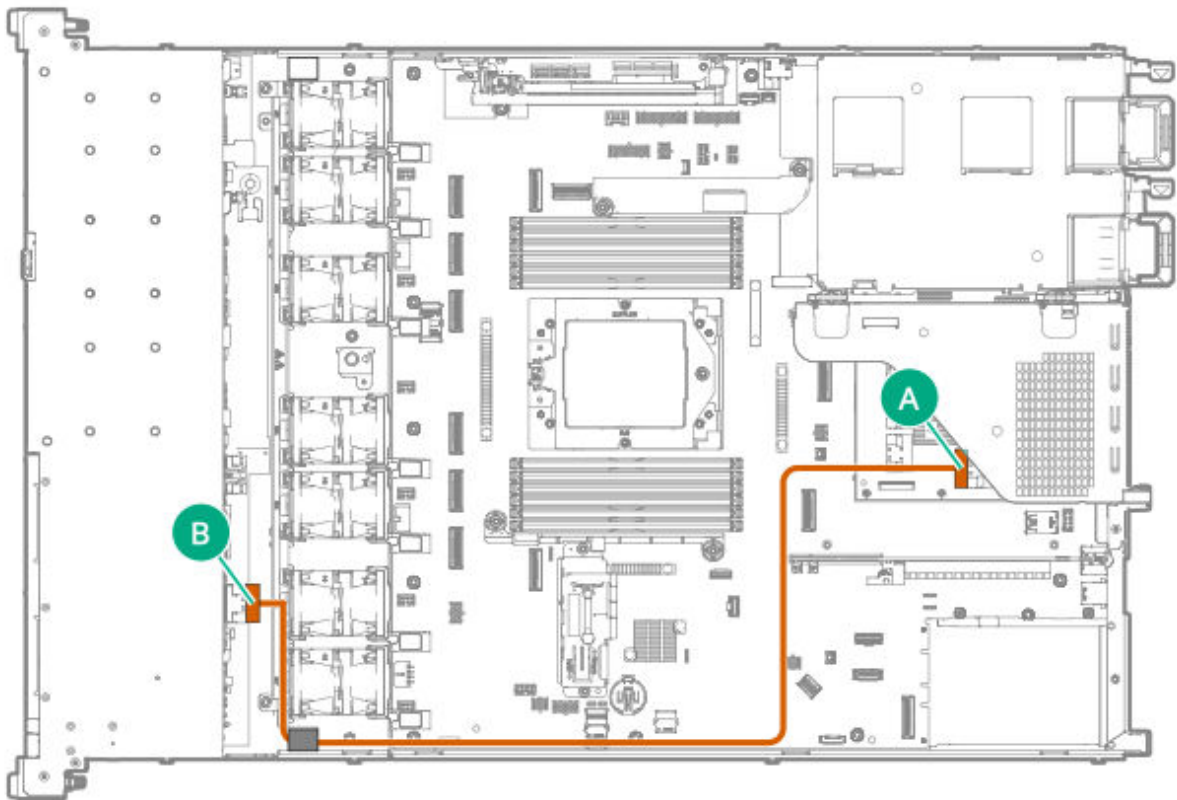
2 SFF NVMe drive controller cabling

2 SFF drive: Direct attached cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P54592-001	Orange	Port 1	NVMe/SATA port 2A

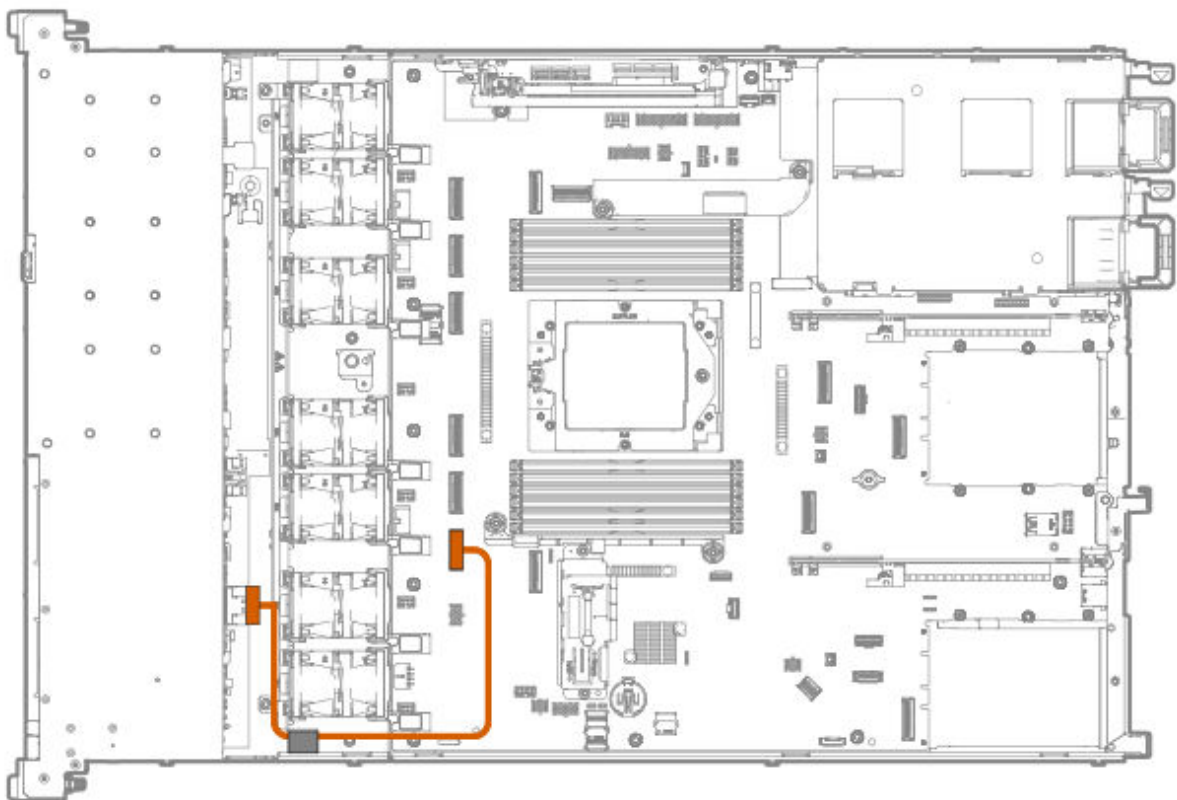
2 SFF drive controller cabling: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57042-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 1

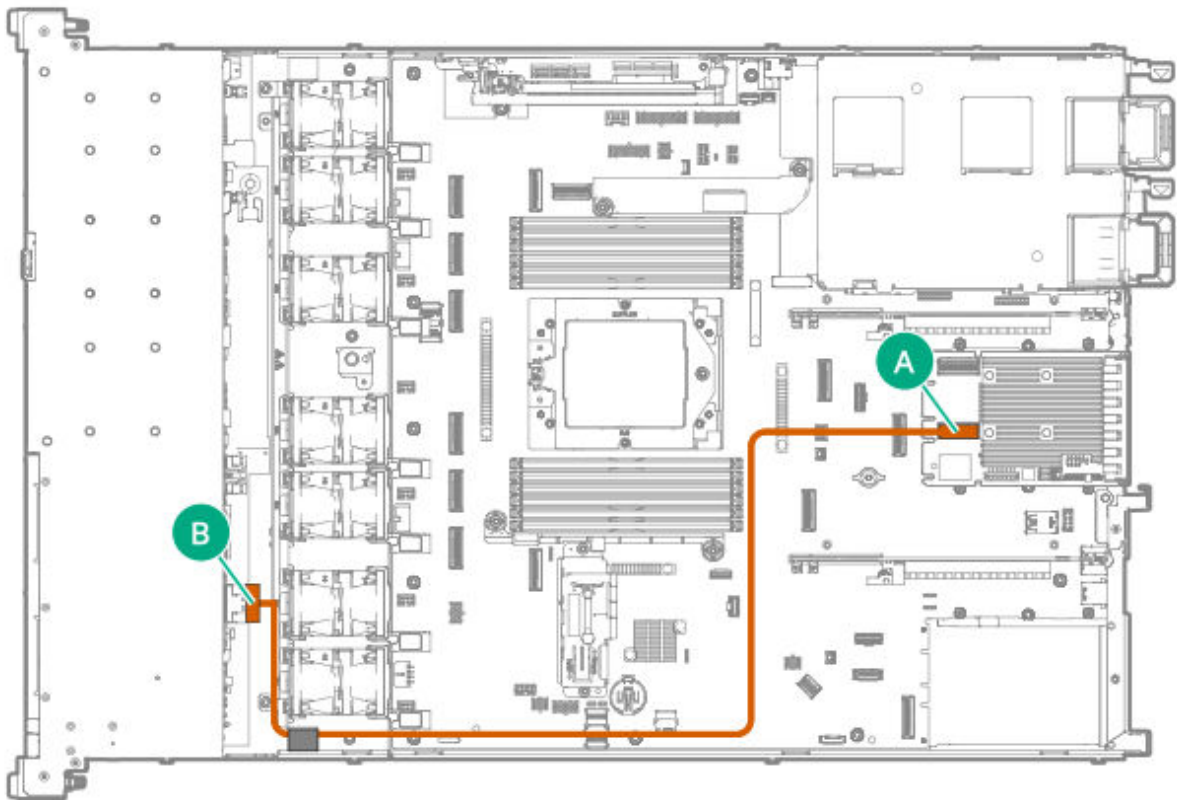
2 SFF SAS/SATA drive controller cabling

2 SFF drive: Onboard SATA cabling



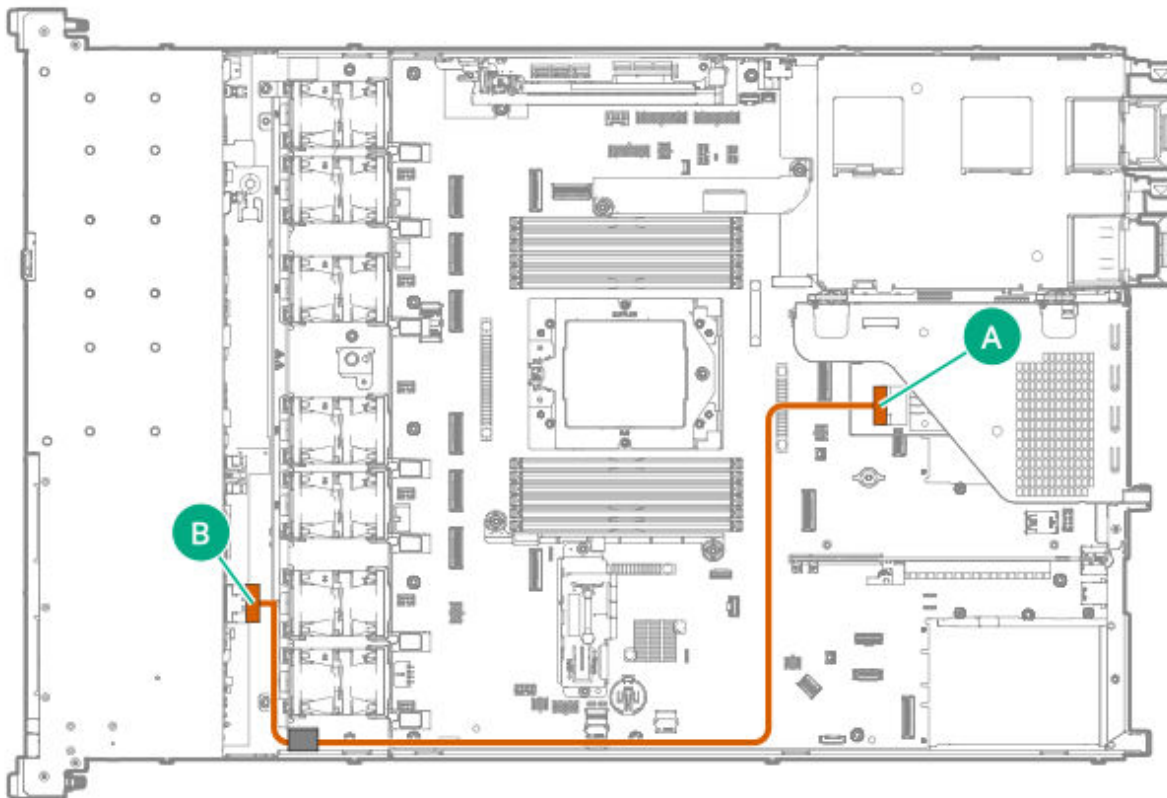
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57045-001	Orange	Port 1	NVMe/SATA port 2A

2 SFF drive controller cabling: Type-o storage controller in Slot 22



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57040-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 1

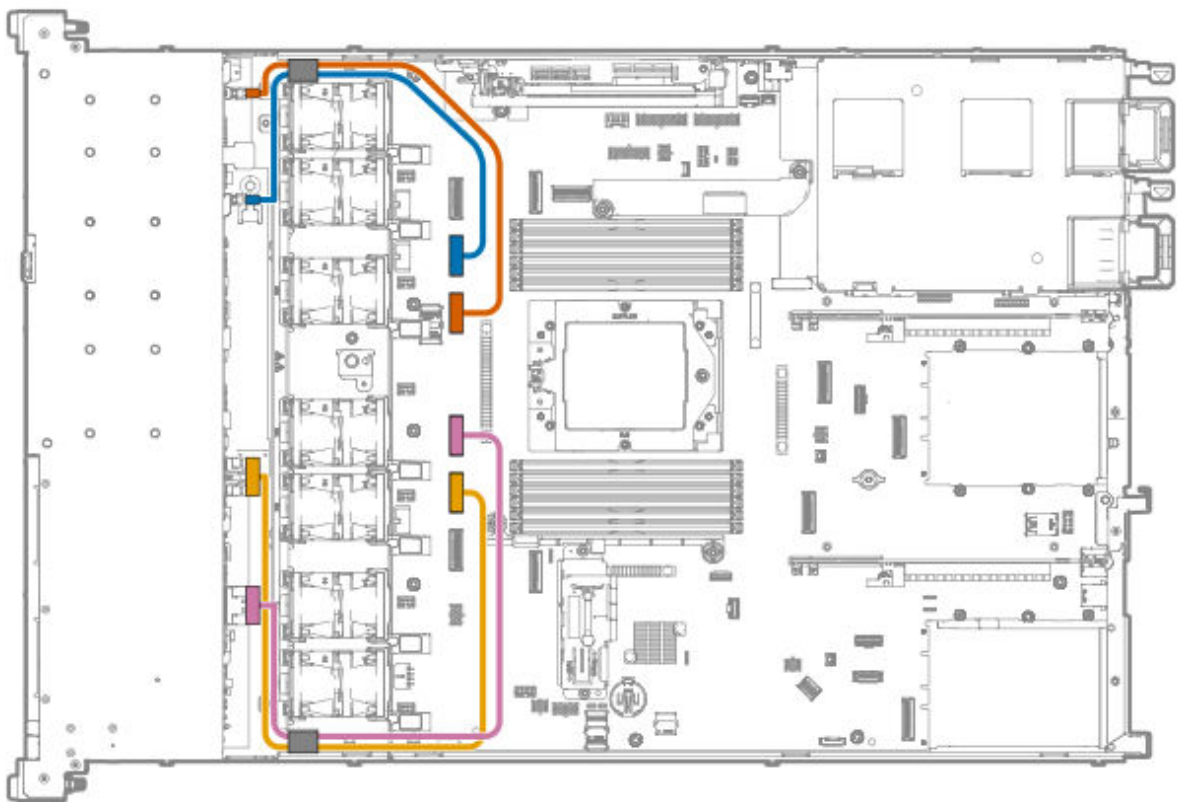
2 SFF drive controller cabling: Type-p storage controller in the secondary riser



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57042-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 1

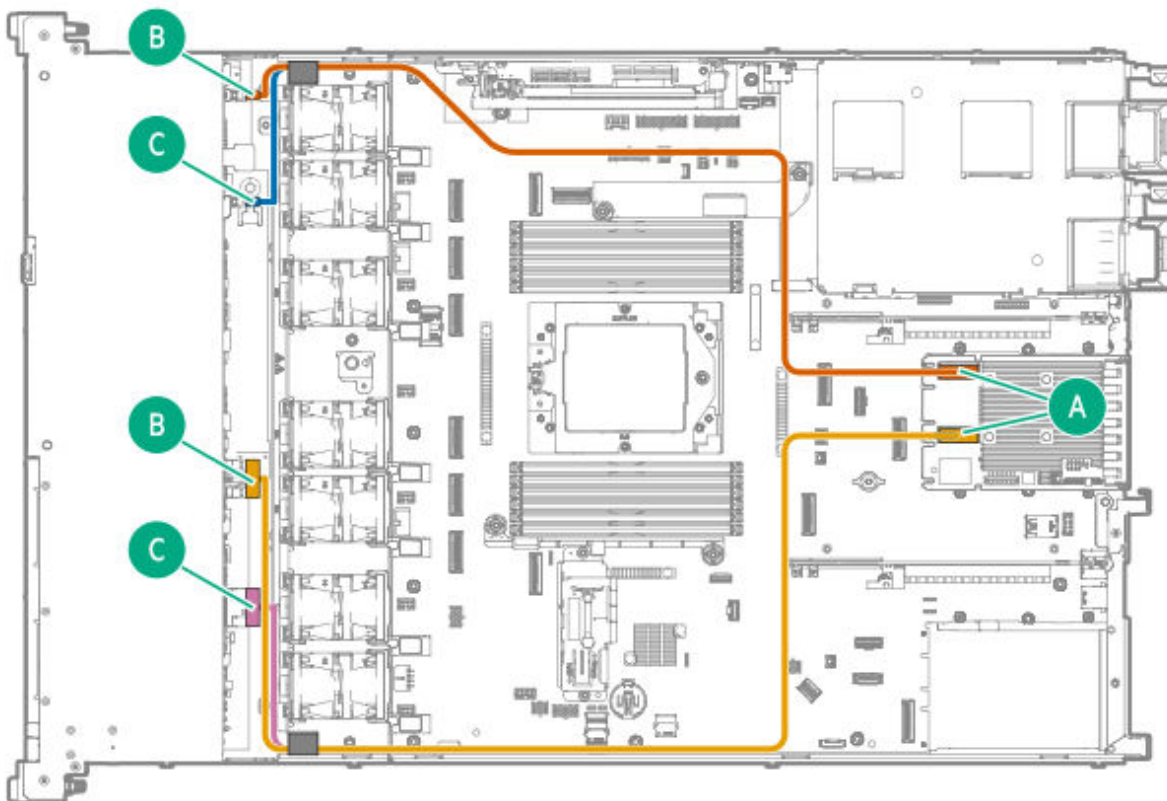
8 SFF NVMe drive controller cabling

8 SFF drive: Direct attached cabling



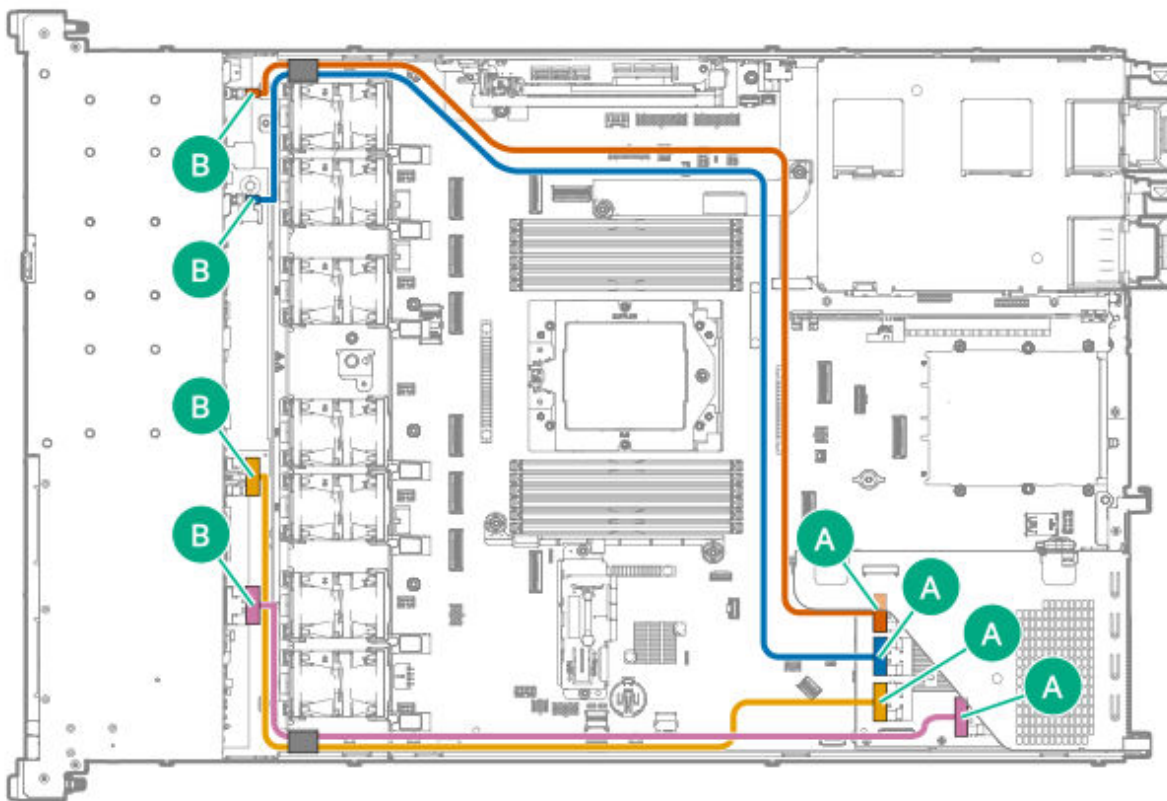
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P54589-001	Orange	Port 1	NVMe port 5A
P54586-001	Blue	Port 2	NVMe port 6A
P54588-001	Gold	Port 3	NVMe port 3A
P54587-001	Pink	Port 4	NVMe port 4A

8 SFF drive controller cabling: Type-o storage controller in Slot 22



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57074-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 2
	Blue	Port 2	
P57075-001	Gold	Port 3	Port 1
	Pink	Port 4	

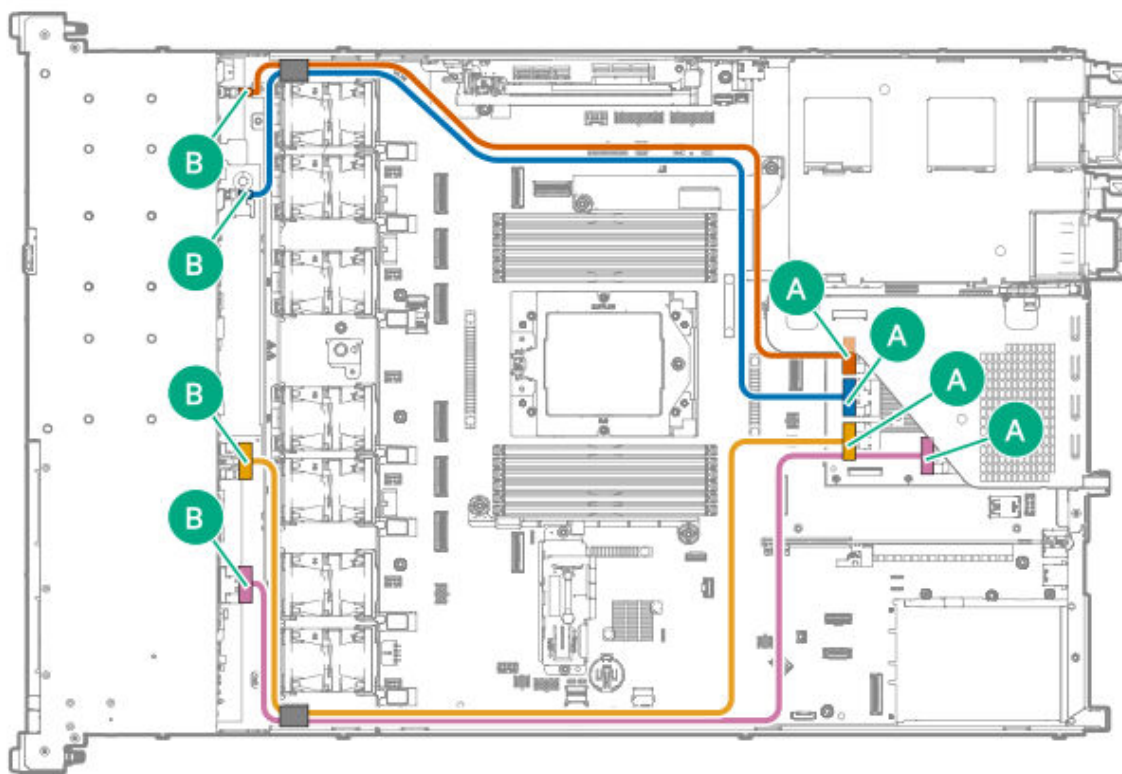
8 SFF drive controller cabling: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the primary riser



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57070-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 4
P57057-001	Blue	Port 2	Port 3
P57076-001	Gold	Port 3	Port 2
P57041-001	Pink	Port 4	Port 1

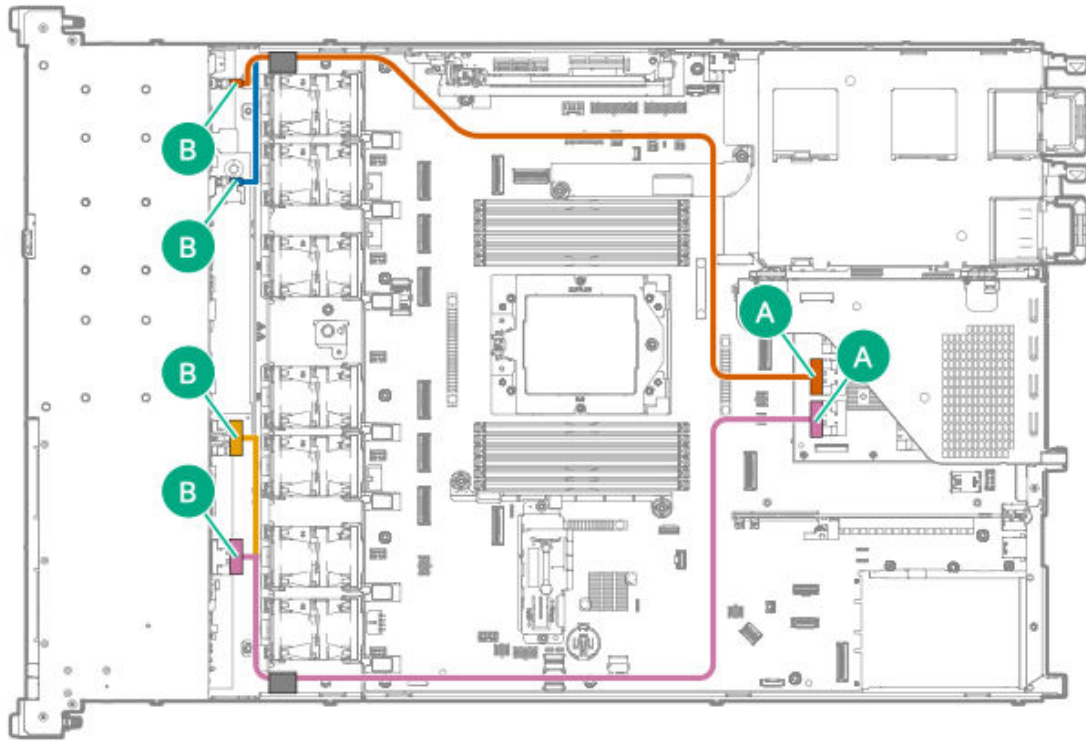
8 SFF drive controller cabling: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser

- Straight cables



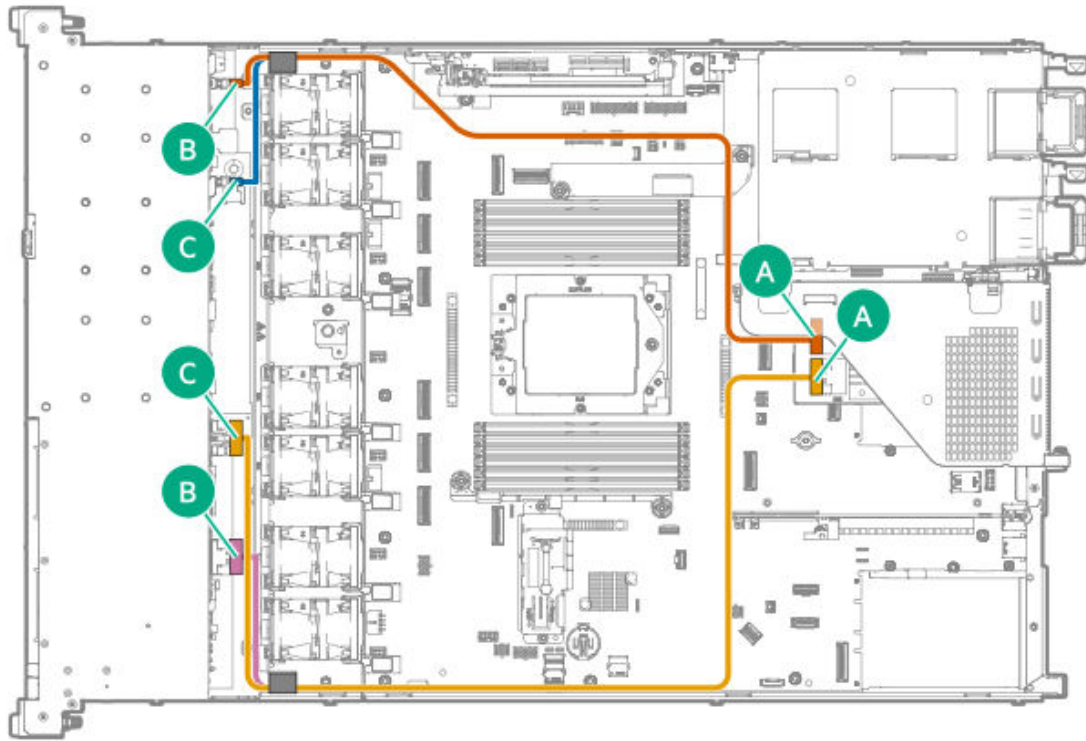
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57060-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 4
P57061-001	Blue	Port 2	Port 3
P57062-001	Gold	Port 3	Port 2
P57042-001	Pink	Port 4	Port 1

- Y-cables
 - HPE SR932i-p Gen11 storage controller



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57064-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 3
	Blue	Port 2	
P57065-001	Gold	Port 3	Port 2
	Pink	Port 4	

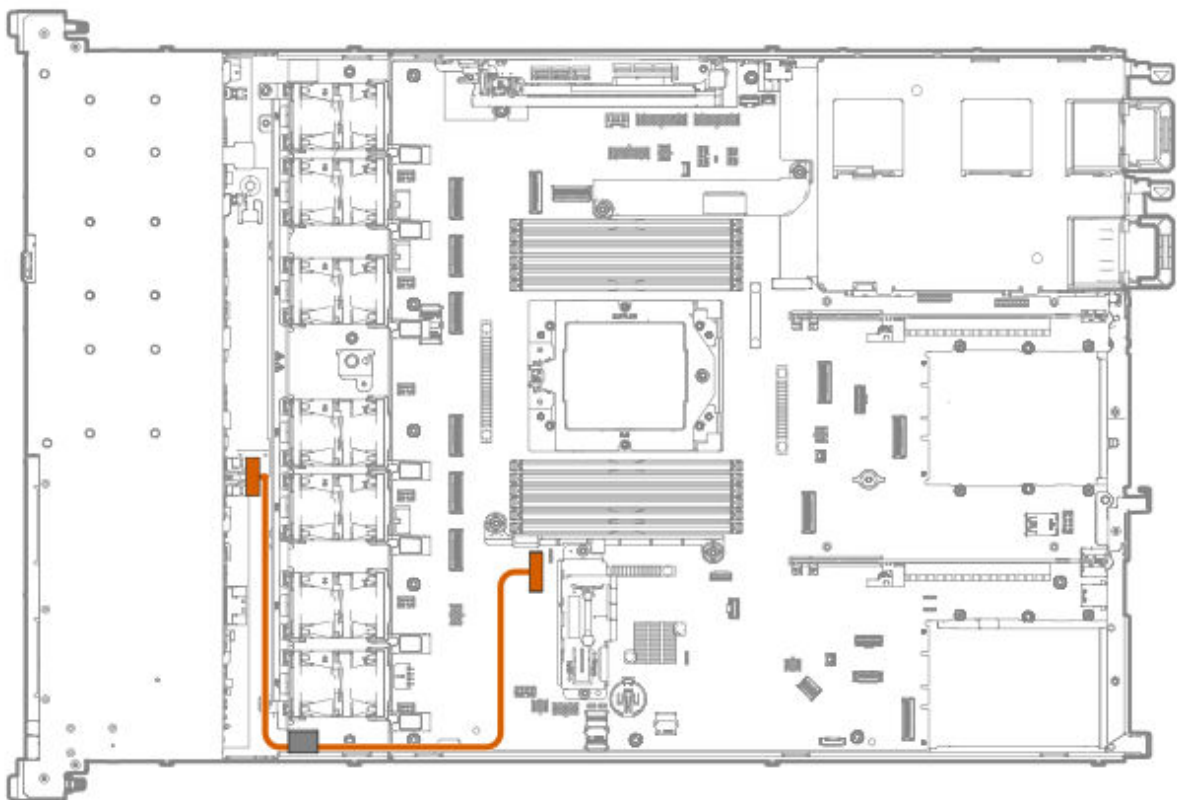
- HPE MR416i-p Gen11 storage controller



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57064-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 2
	Blue	Port 2	
P57065-001	Gold	Port 3	Port 1
	Pink	Port 4	

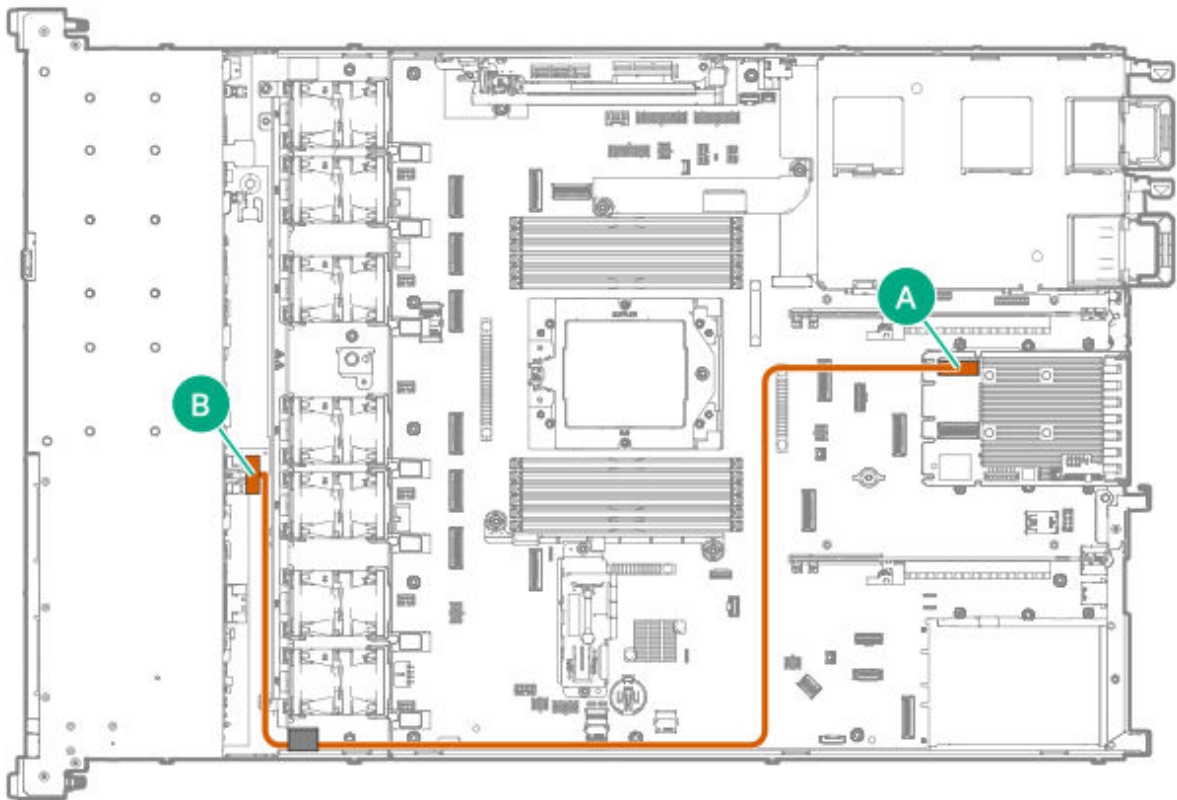
8 SFF SAS/SATA drive controller cabling

8 SFF drive: Onboard SATA cabling



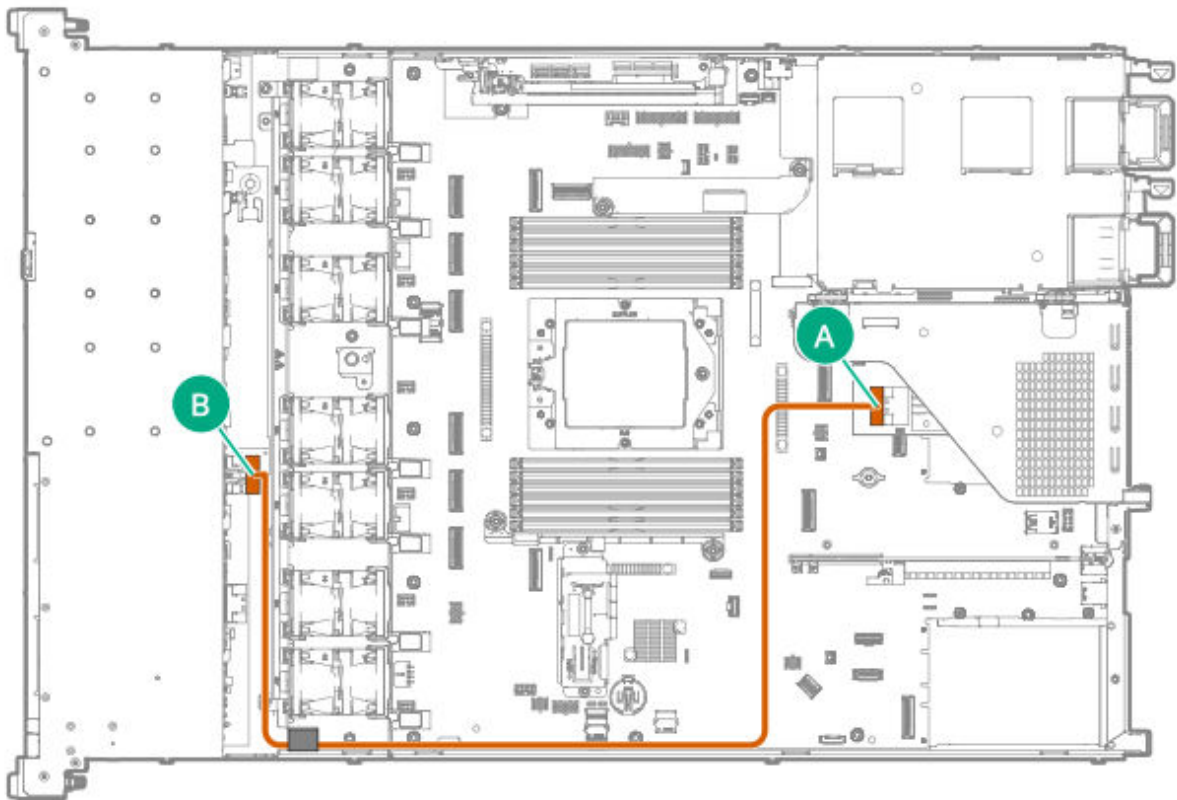
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56679-001	Orange	Port 1	NVMe / SATA port 1A

8 SFF drive controller cabling: Type-o storage controller in Slot 22



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57080-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 2

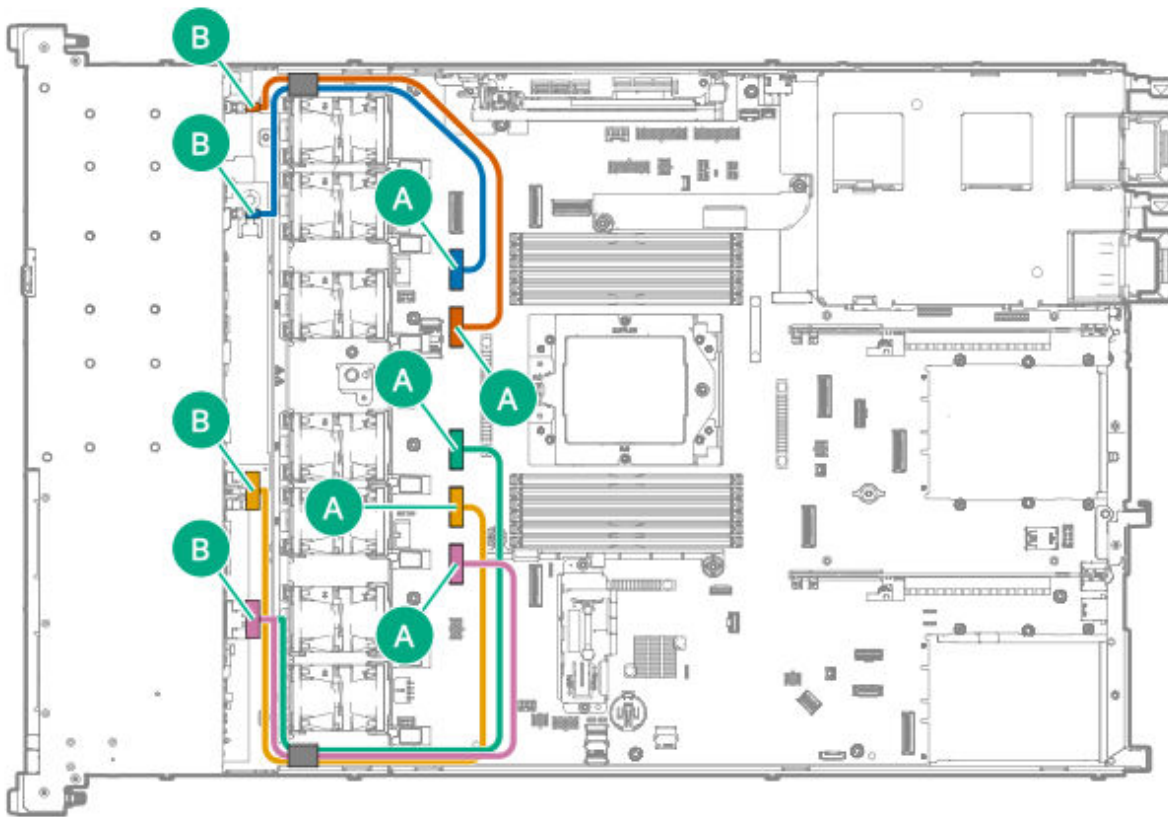
8 SFF drive controller cabling: Type-p storage controller in the secondary riser



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57077-001	Orange	Port 1	Port 1

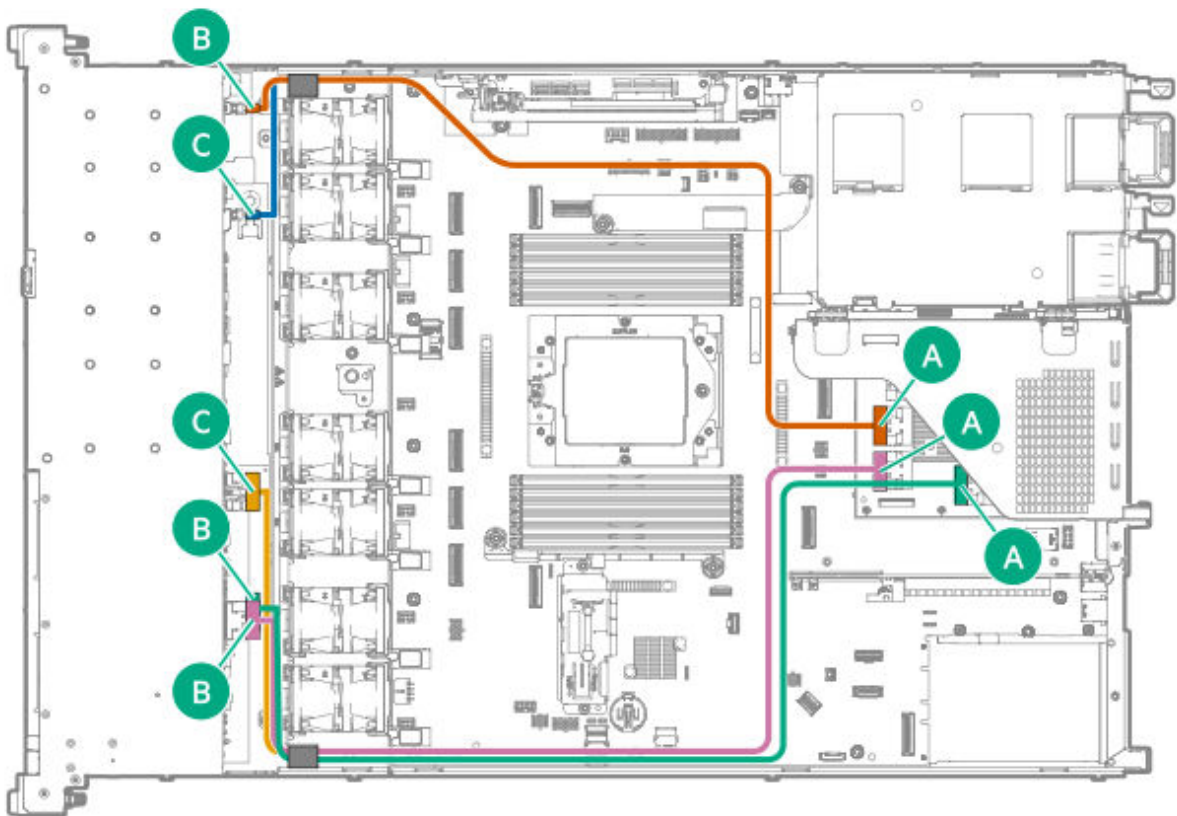
8 + 2 SFF NVMe drive controller cabling

8 + 2 SFF drive: Direct attached cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P54589-001	Orange	Box 1 Port 1	NVMe port 5A
P54586-001	Blue	Box 1 Port 2	NVMe port 6A
P54588-001	Gold	Box 1 Port 3	NVMe port 3A
P54587-001	Green	Box 1 Port 4	NVMe port 4A
P54592-001	Pink	Box 2 Port 1	NVMe/SATA port 2A

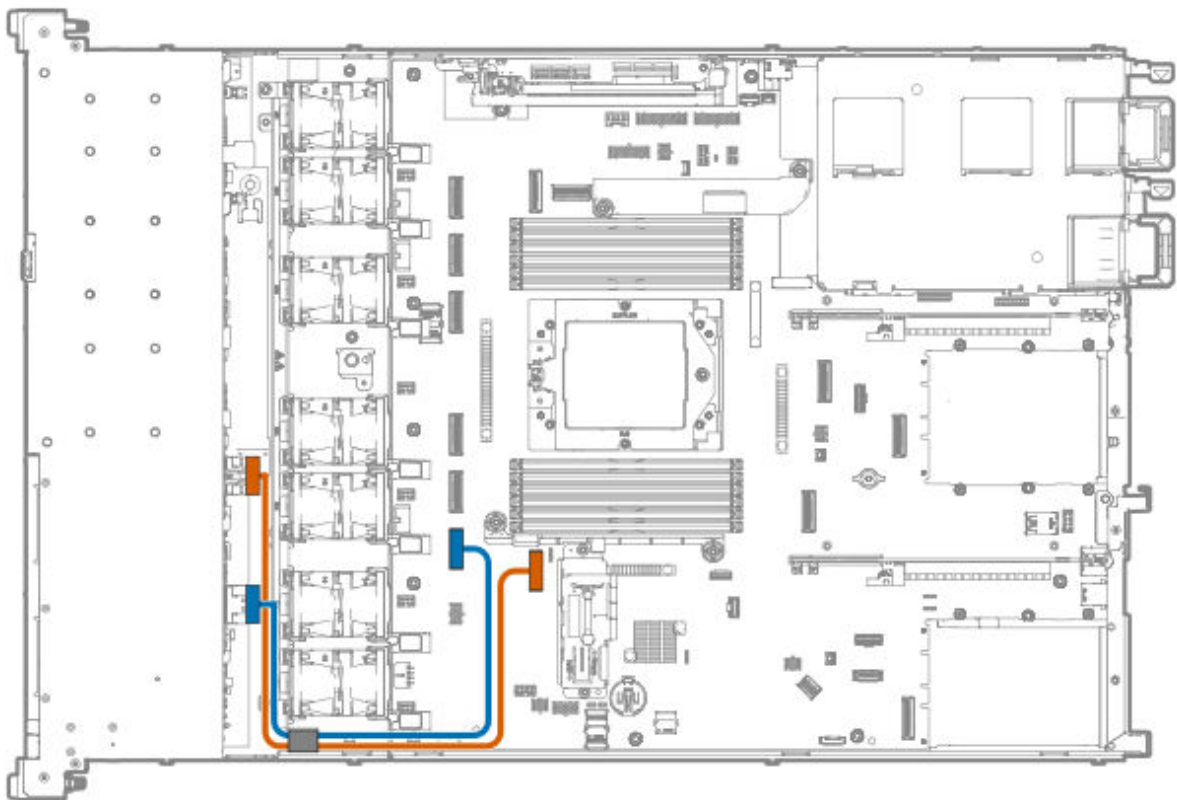
8 + 2 SFF drive controller cabling: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57064-001	Orange	Box 1 Port 1	Port 3
	Blue	Box 1 Port 2	
P57065-001	Gold	Box 1 Port 3	Port 2
	Pink	Box 1 Port 4	
P57042-001	Green	Box 2 Port 1	Port 1

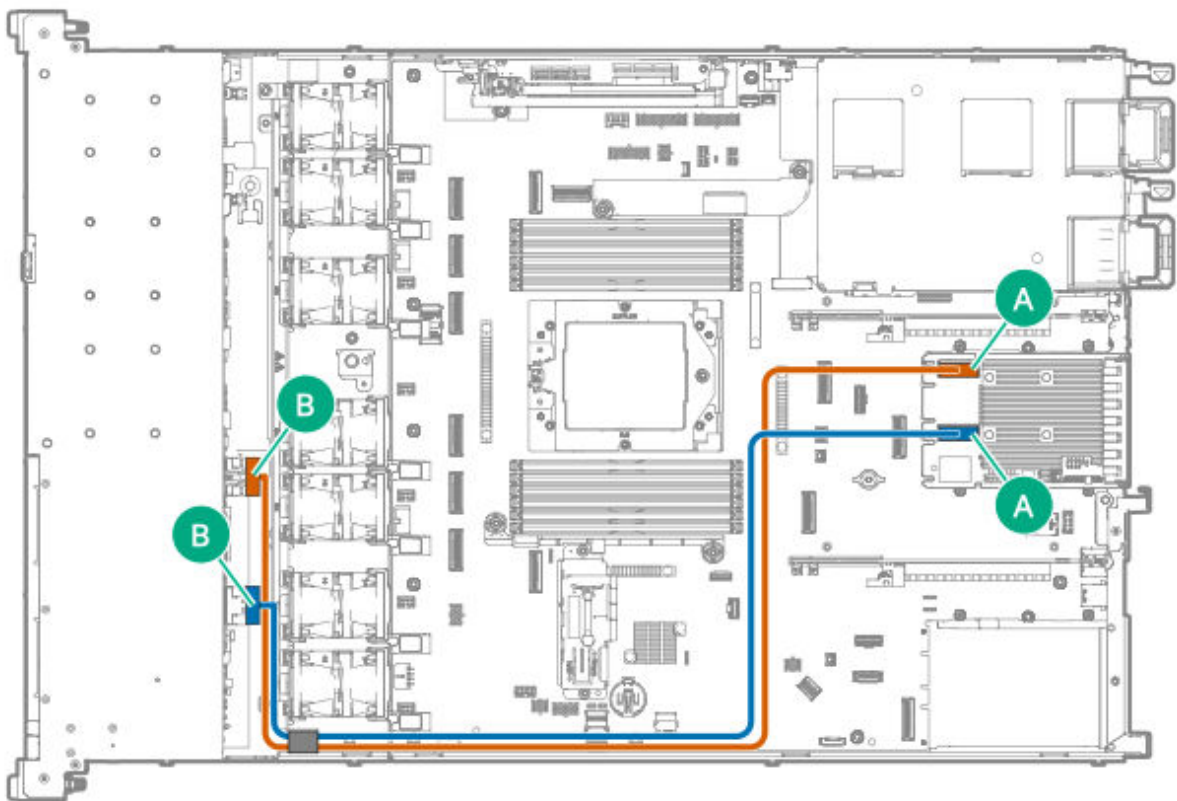
8 + 2 SFF SAS/SATA drive controller cabling

8 + 2 SFF drive: Onboard SATA cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56679-001	Orange	Box 1 Port 1	NVMe port 1A
P57045-001	Blue	Box 2 Port 1	NVMe/SATA port 2A

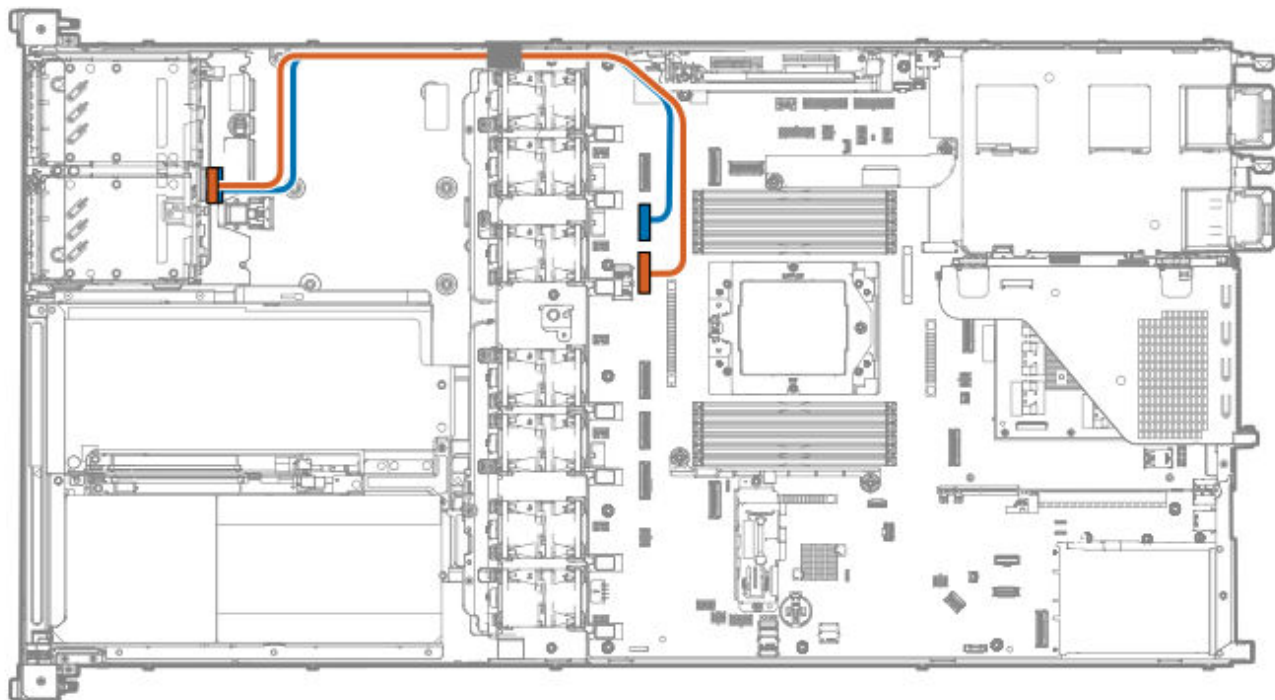
8 + 2 SFF drive controller cabling: Type-o storage controller in Slot 22



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57080-001	Orange	Box 1 Port 1	Port 2
P57040-001	Blue	Box 2 Port 1	Port 1

4 SFF NVMe drive controller cabling

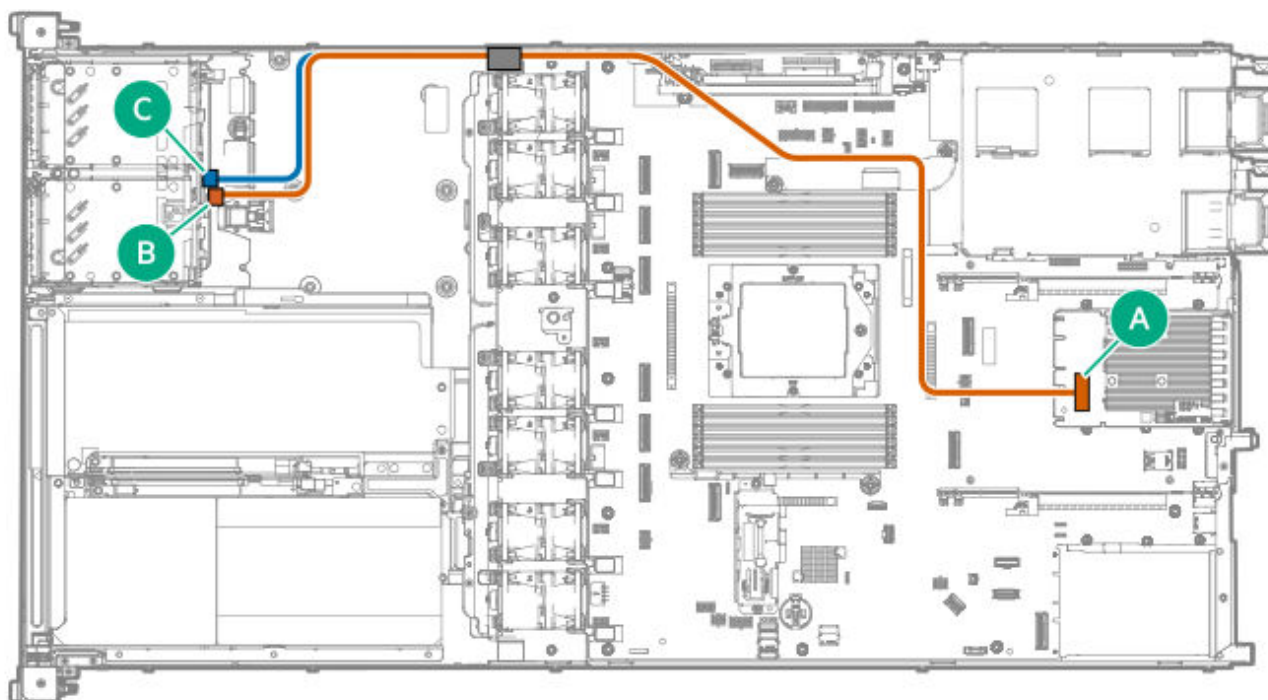
4 SFF drive: Direct attached cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P63033-001	Orange	Box 1, Port 1	NVMe port 5A
	Blue	Box 2, Port 1	NVMe port 6A

4 SFF x2 NVMe cabling: Tri-mode type-o storage controller in Slot 22

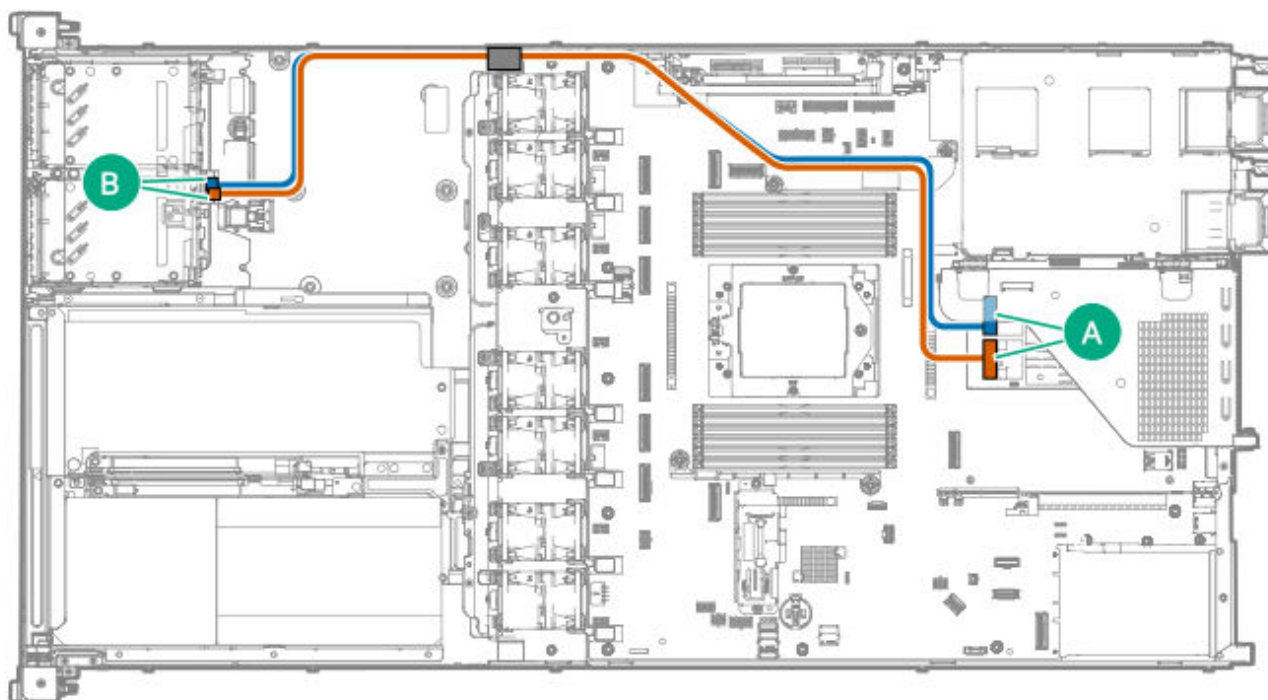
MR408i-o controller



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57334-002	Orange	Box 1	Type-o storage controller
	Blue	Box 2	

4 SFF x4 NVMe cabling: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser

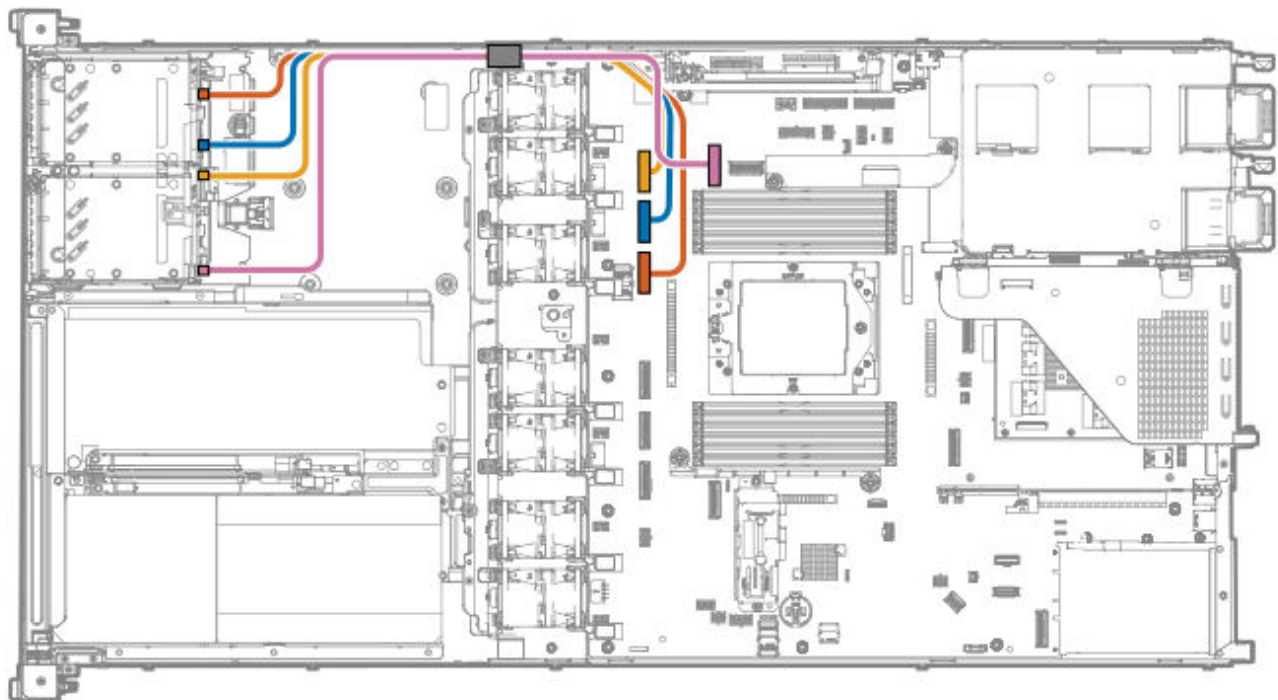
MR416i-p controller



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57057-002	Orange	Box 1	Type-o storage controller port 1
	Blue	Box 2	Type-o storage controller port 2

8 E3.S drive controller cabling

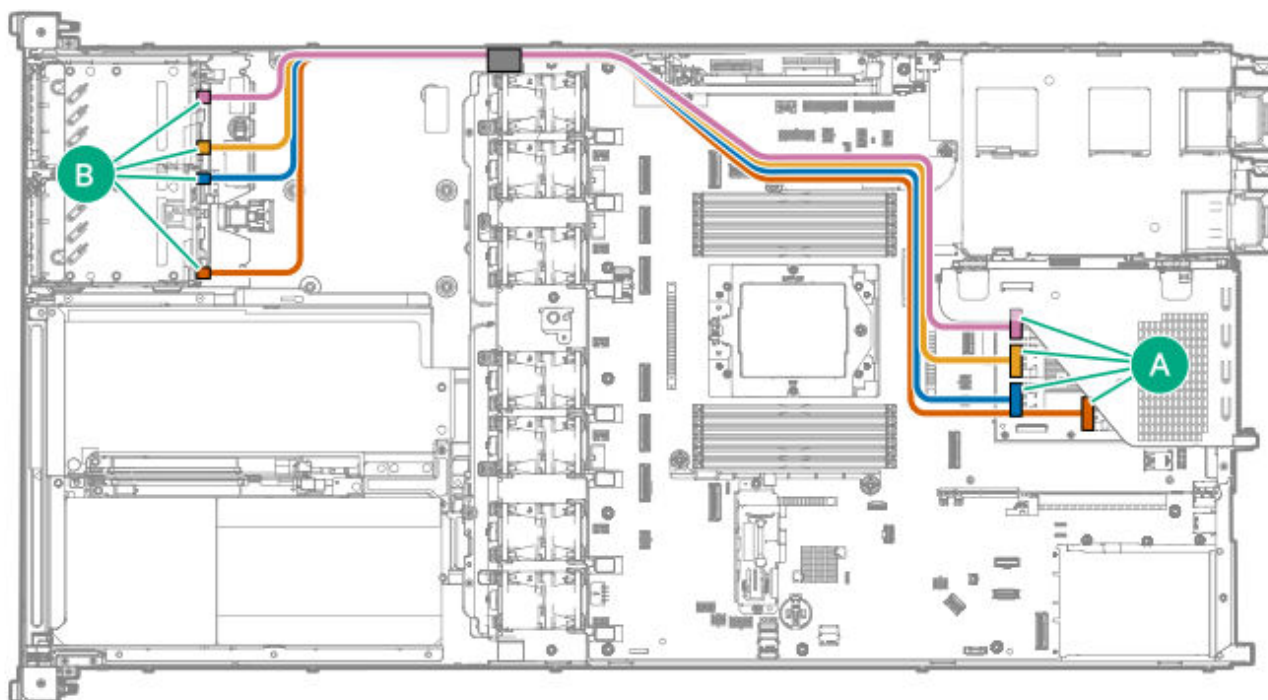
8 E3.S drive: Direct attached cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57052-001	Orange	Port 1	NVMe port 5A
	Blue	Port 2	NVMe port 6A
	Gold	Port 3	NVMe port 7A
	Pink	Port 4	NVMe port 8A

8 E3.S cabling: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser

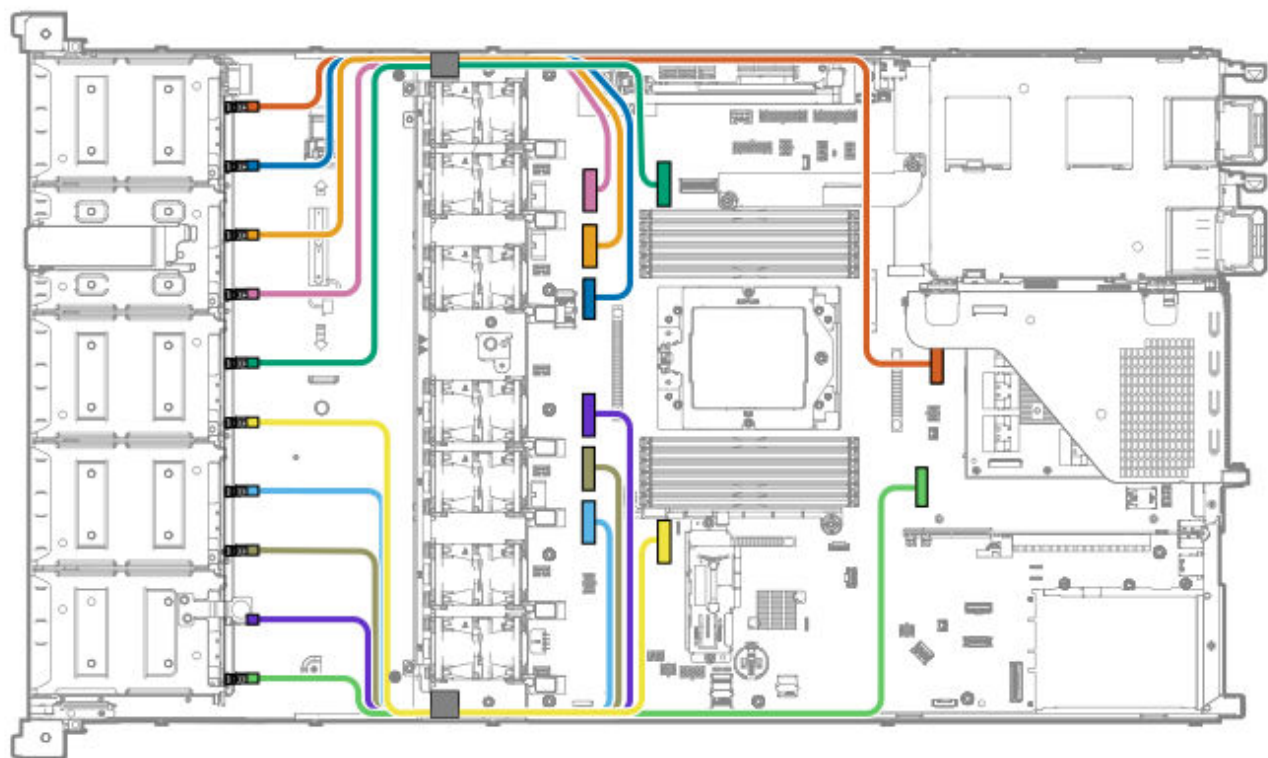
SR932i-p controller



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57057-002	Pink	Port 1	Type-p storage controller port 4
	Gold	Port 2	Type-p storage controller port 3
	Blue	Port 3	Type-p storage controller port 2
	Orange	Port 4	Type-p storage controller port 1

20 E3.S drive controller cabling

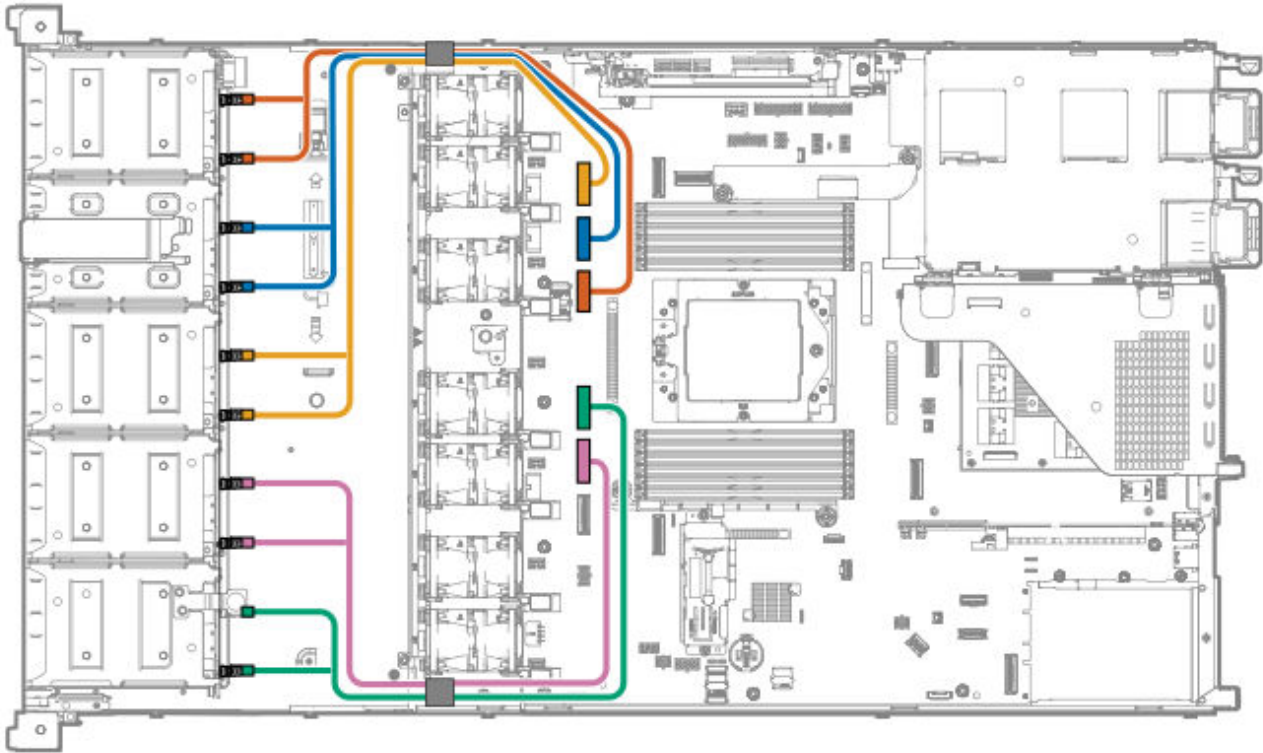
20 E3.S x4 NVMe drive: Direct attached cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P59645-001	Orange	Port 1	NVMe / SATA port † 1B
	Blue	Port 2	NVMe port 5A
	Gold	Port 3	NVMe port 6A
	Pink	Port 4	NVMe port 7A
	Green	Port 5	NVMe port 8A
P59646-001	Yellow	Port 6	NVMe / SATA port † 1A
	Light blue	Port 7	NVMe / SATA port † 2A
	Olive	Port 8	NVMe port 3A
	Purple	Port 9	NVMe port 4A

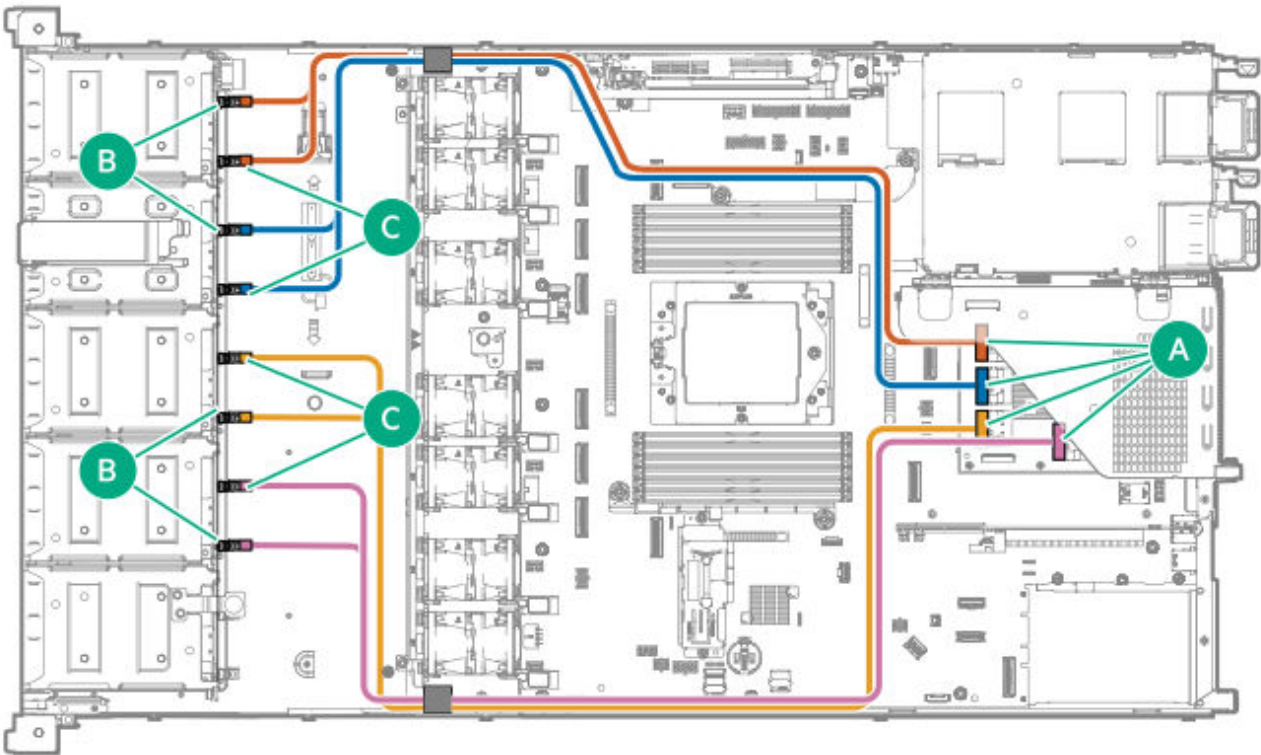
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
	Light Green	Port 10	NVMe port 9A

20 E3.S x2 NVMe drive: Direct attached cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P57082-001	Orange	Ports 1 and 2	NVMe port 5A
	Blue	Ports 3 and 4	NVMe port 6A
	Gold	Ports 5 and 6	NVMe port 7A
P57083-001	Pink	Ports 7 and 8	NVMe port 3A
	Green	Ports 9 and 10	NVMe port 4A

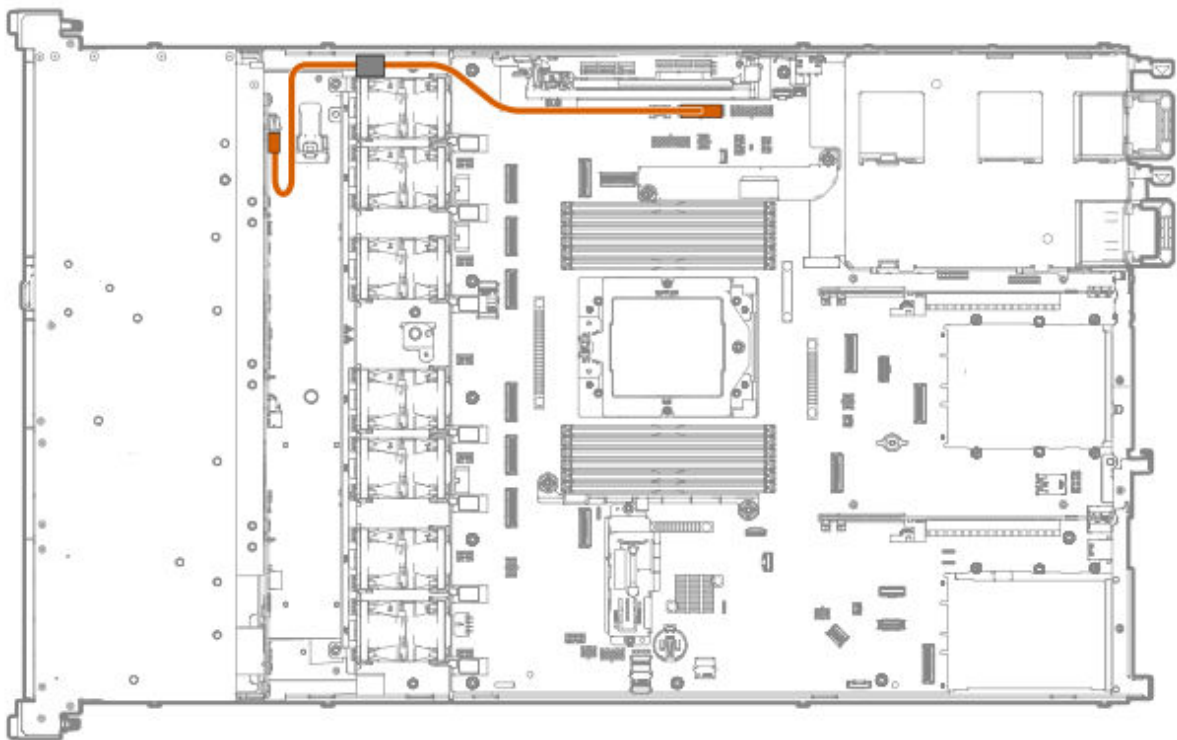
16 E3.S x2 NVMe cabling: Tri-mode type-p storage controller in the secondary riser



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P58692-001	Orange	Ports 1 and 2	Type-p storage controller port 4
	Blue	Ports 3 and 4	Type-p storage controller port 3
	Gold	Ports 5 and 6	Type-p storage controller port 2
	Pink	Ports 7 and 8	Type-p storage controller port 1

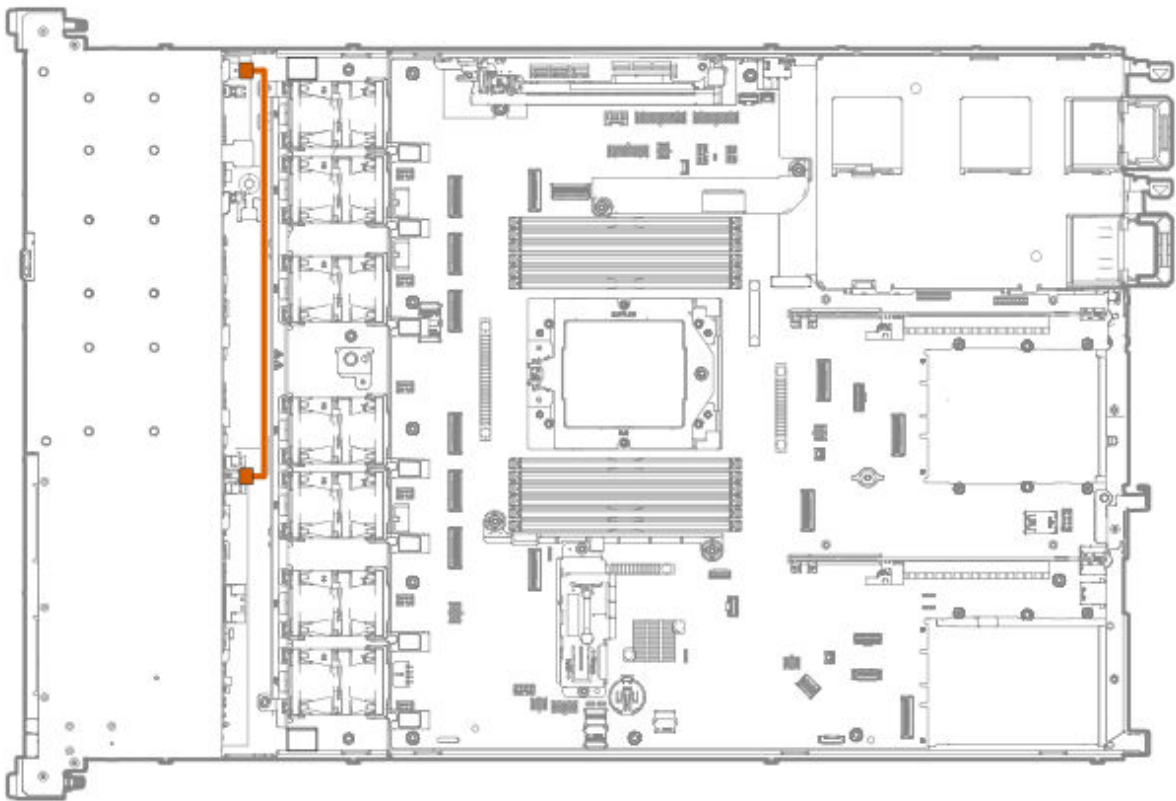
Drive power cabling

4 LFF drive power cable



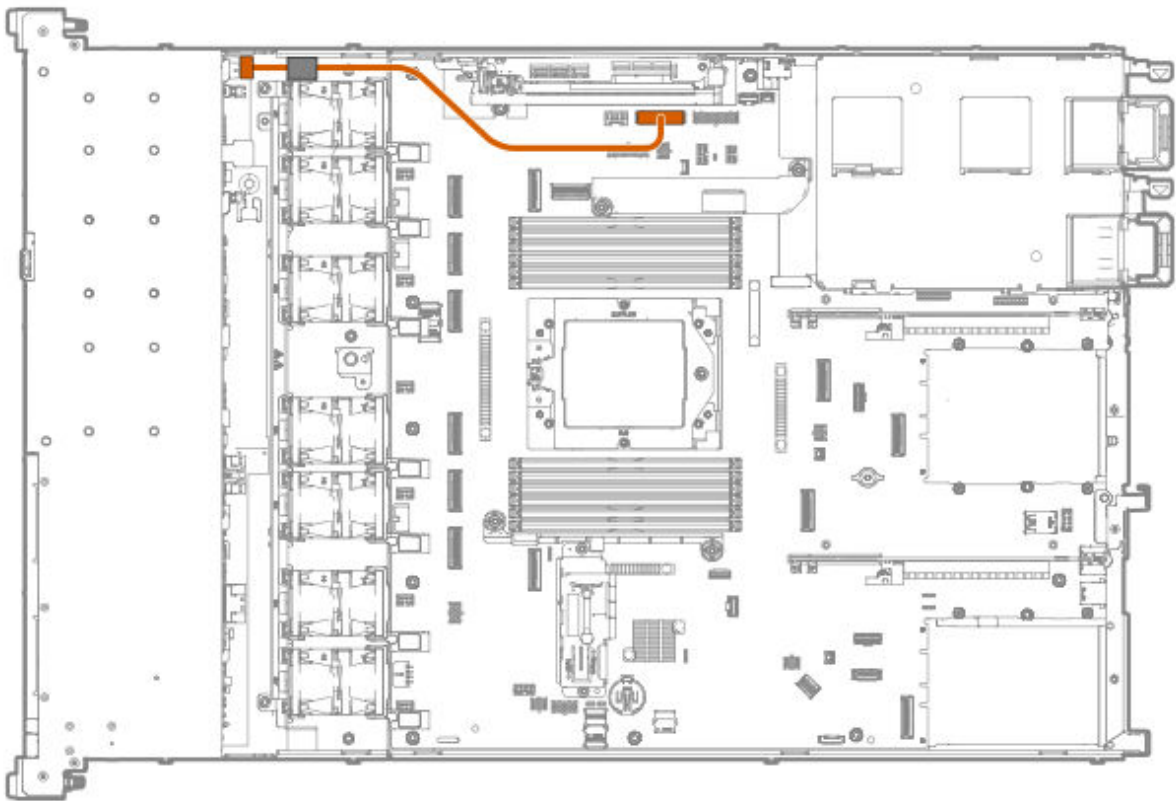
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56680-001	Orange	Box 1	Drive backplane / Graphics card power connector A (J9017)

2 SFF drive power cable



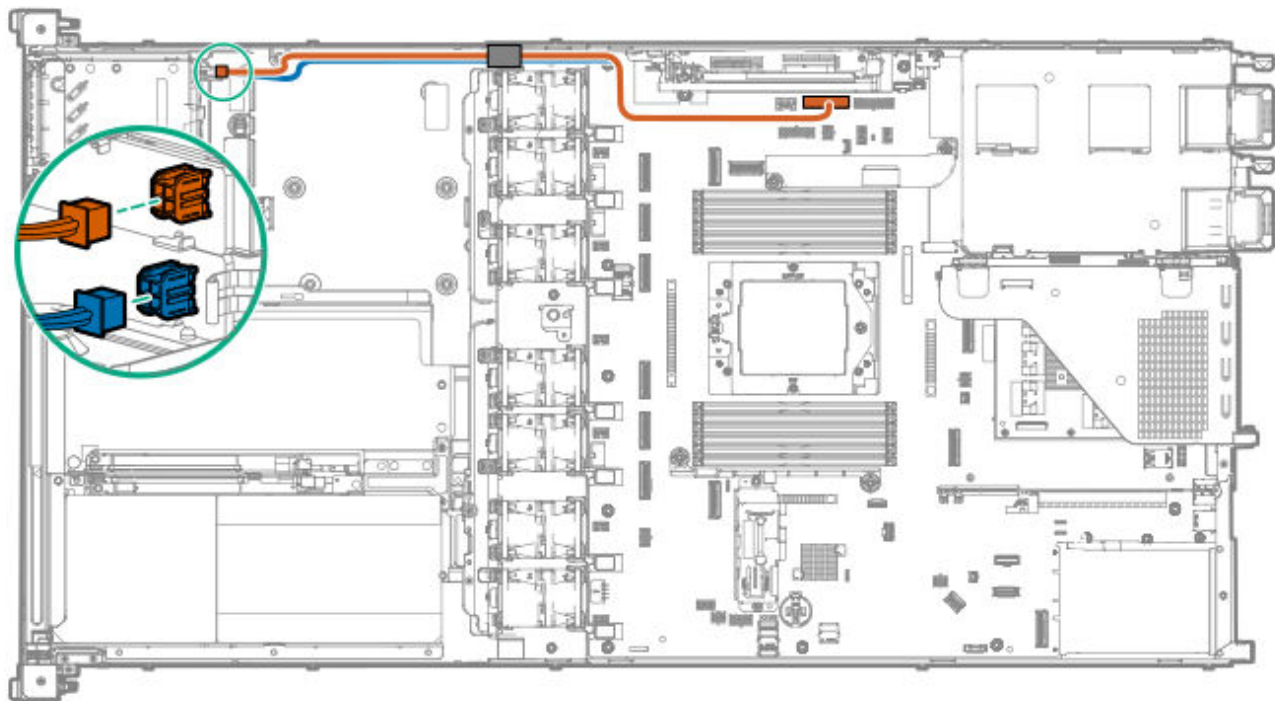
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P54591-001	Orange	Box 2	Box 1

8 SFF drive power cable



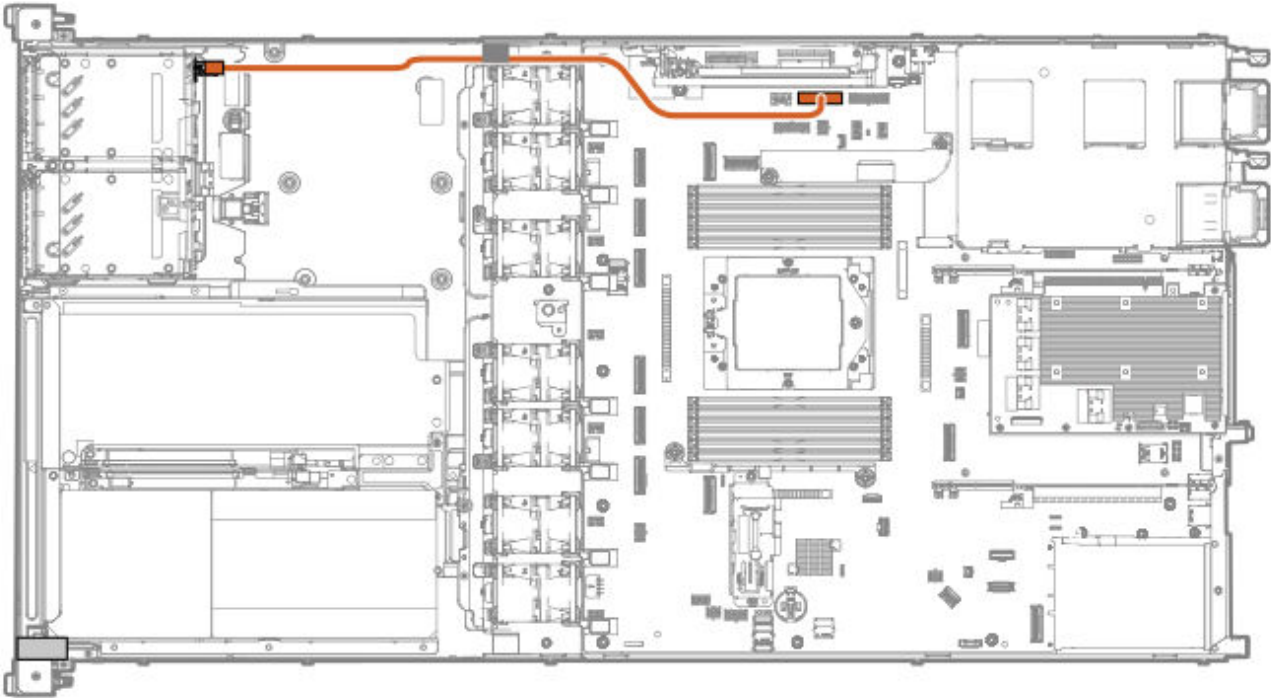
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P54590-001	Orange	Box 1	Drive backplane / Graphics card power connector A (J9017)

4 SFF NVMe drive power Y-cable



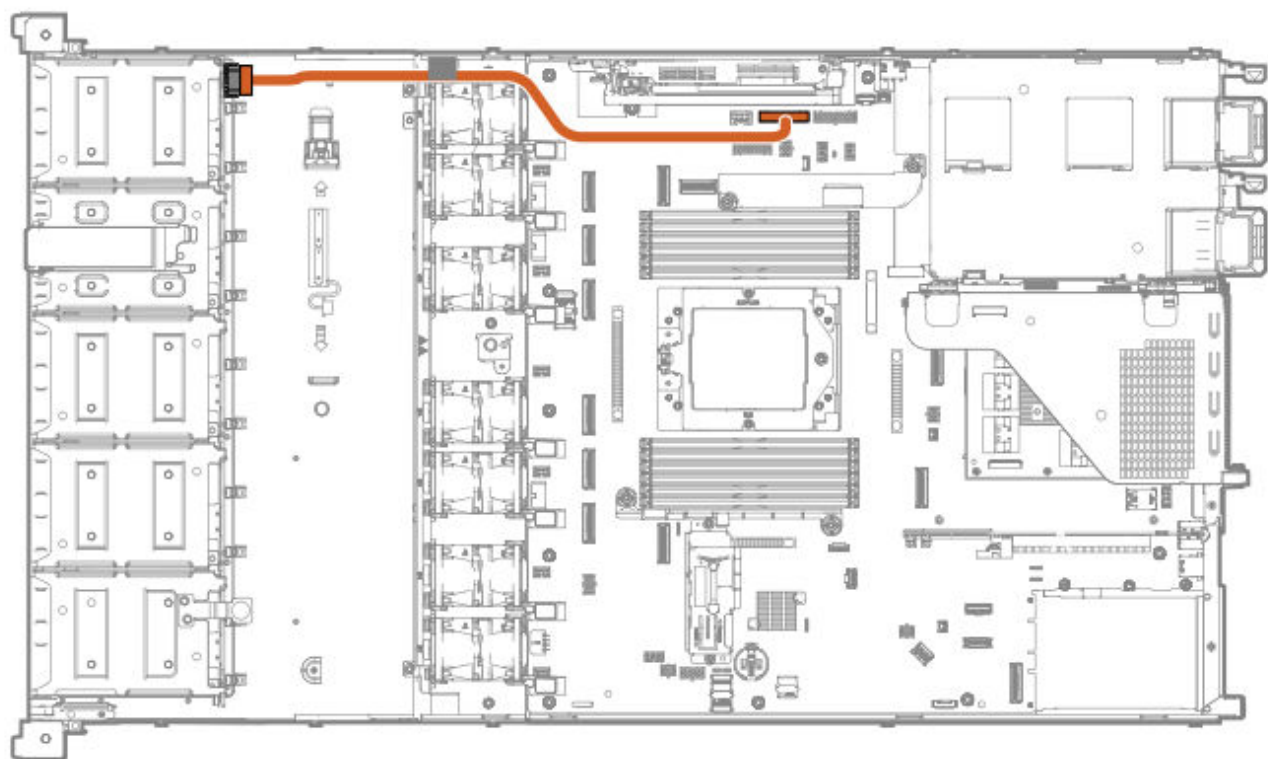
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P63034-001	Orange	Box 1	Drive backplane / Graphics card power connector A (J9017)
	Blue	Box 2	

8 E3.S drive power cable



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56684-001	Orange	Box 1	Drive backplane / Graphics card power connector A (J9017)

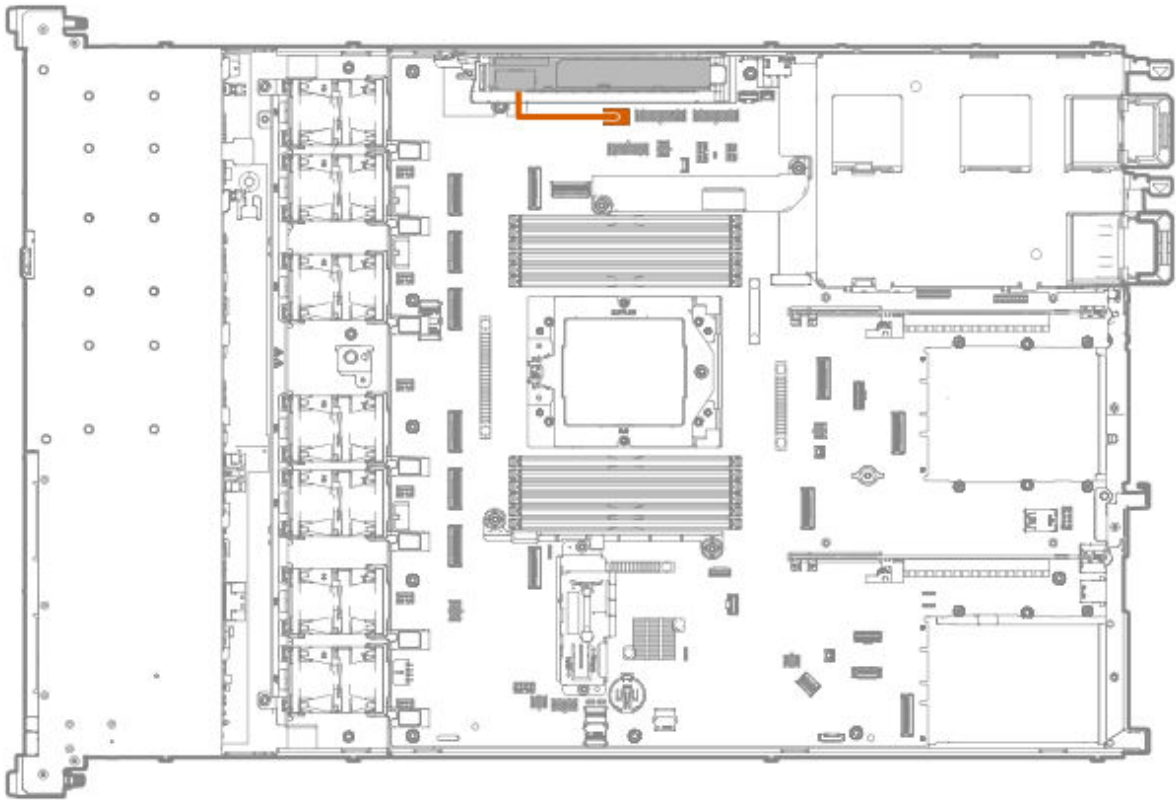
20 E3.S drive power cable



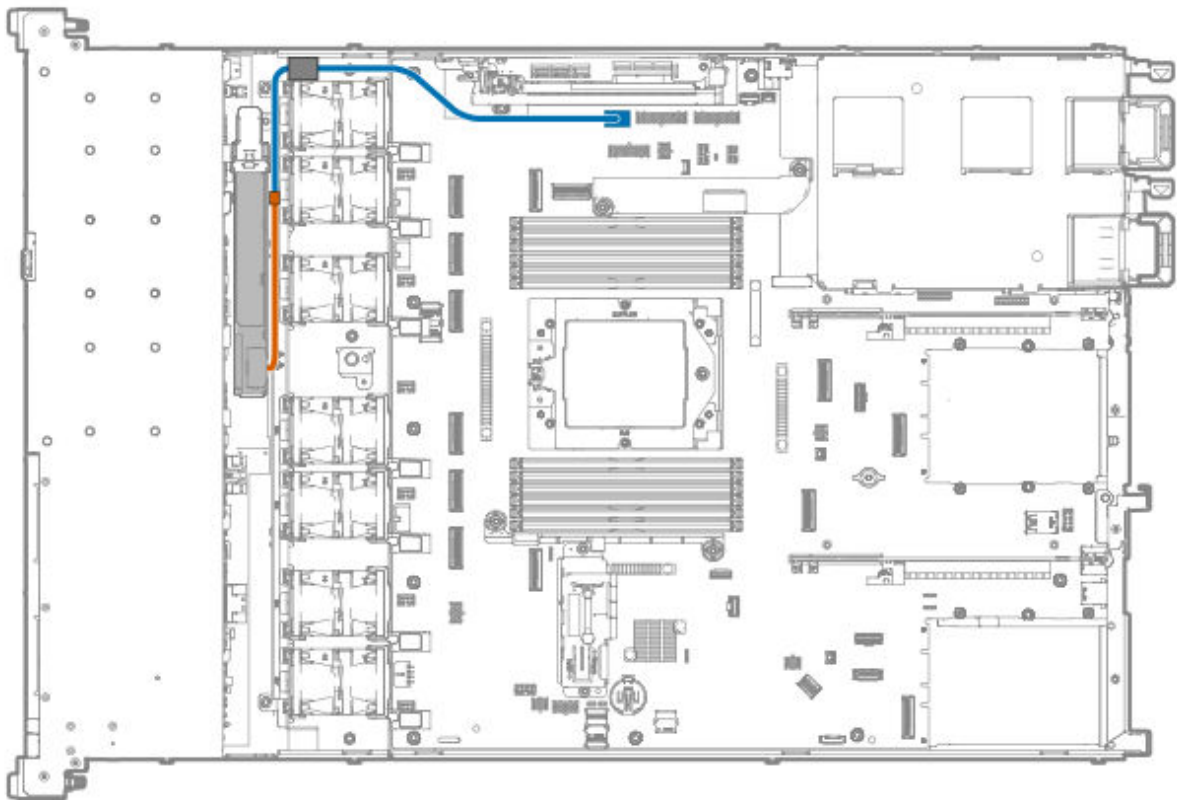
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56682-001	Orange	Box 1	Drive backplane / Graphics card power connector A (J9017)

Energy pack cabling

Energy pack cabling without the M.2 SSD pass-through card

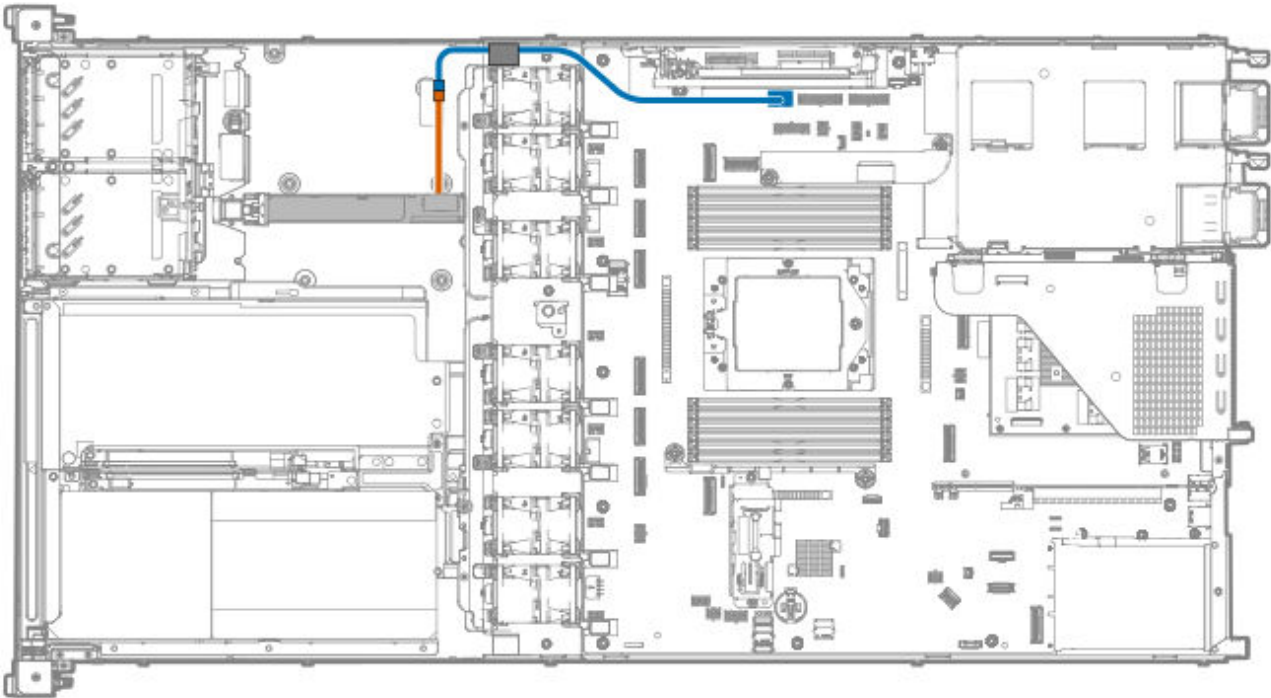


Energy pack cabling with the M.2 SSD pass-through card



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56688-001	Blue	Energy pack	Energy pack connector

Energy pack cabling in the GPU-optimized drive configurations



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56688-001	Blue	Energy pack	Energy pack connector

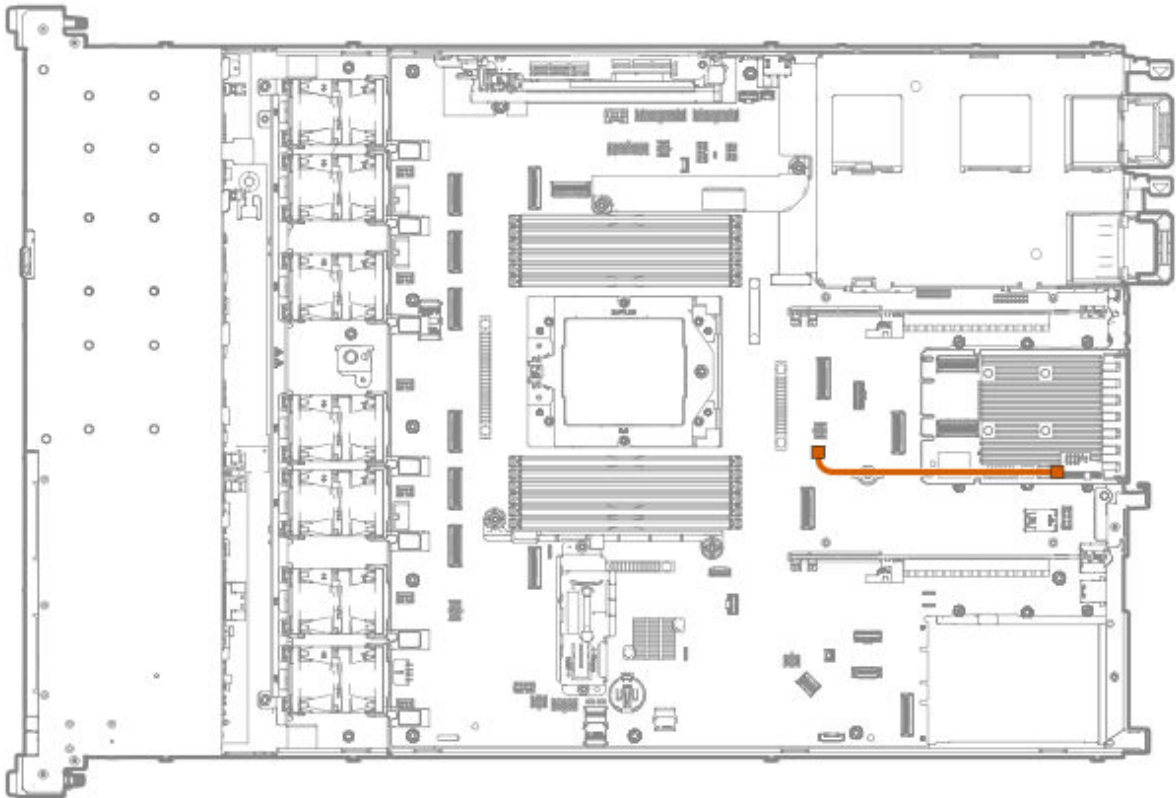
Storage controller backup power cabling

The exact route of the storage controller backup power cabling will depend on:

- The riser slot where the controller is installed
- The location of the storage controller backup power connector on the controller

Use the following diagrams for reference only.

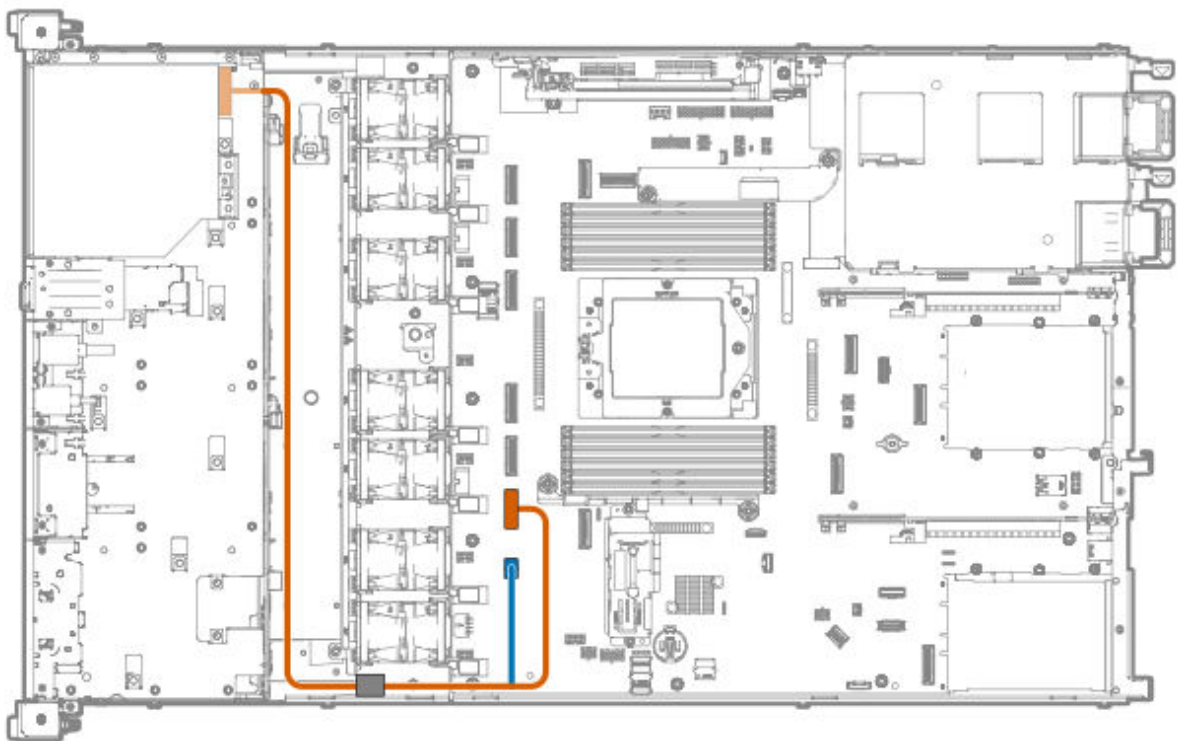
Storage controller backup power cabling from type-o storage controller in Slot 22



Cable color	From	To
Orange	Type-o controller in Slot 22	Slot 22 OROC storage backup power connector

Optical drive cabling

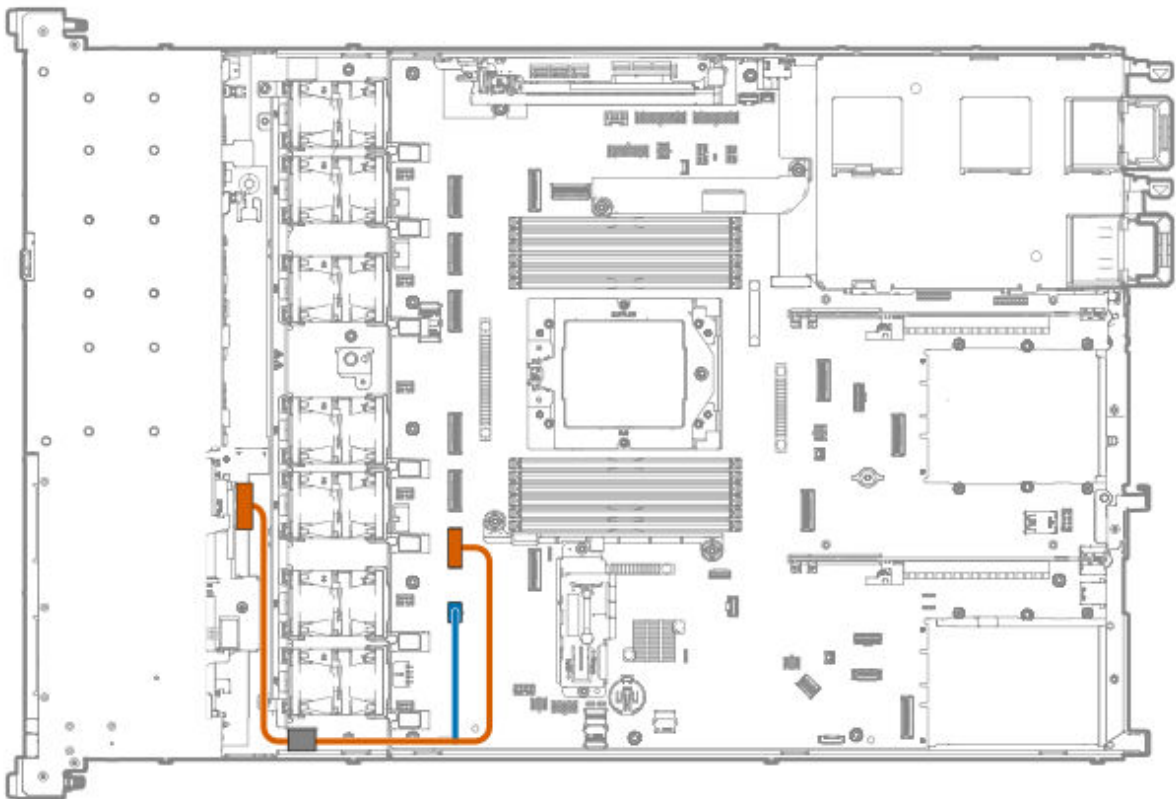
LFF drive configuration



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P58696-001 ¹ _	Orange	Optical drive	NVMe/SATA port 2 A
	Blue		Optical drive power connector

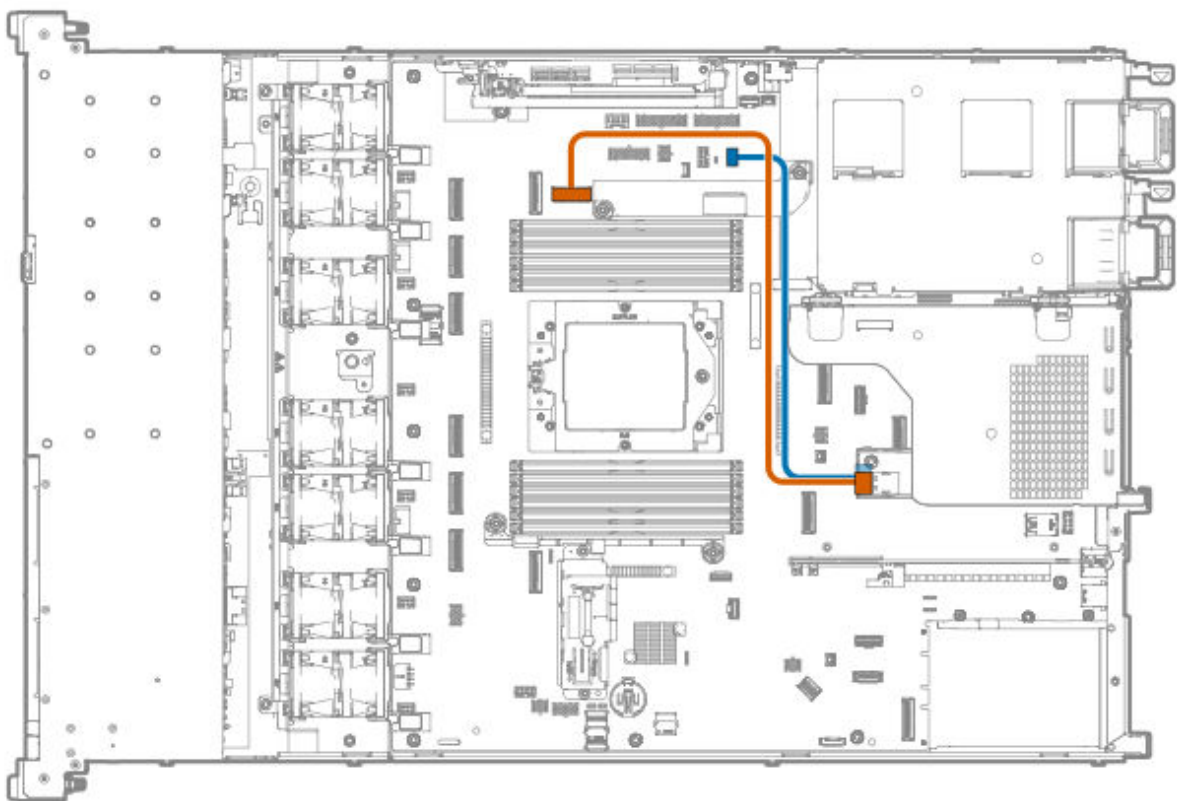
¹ _ Option kit: P56655-B21

SFF drive configuration



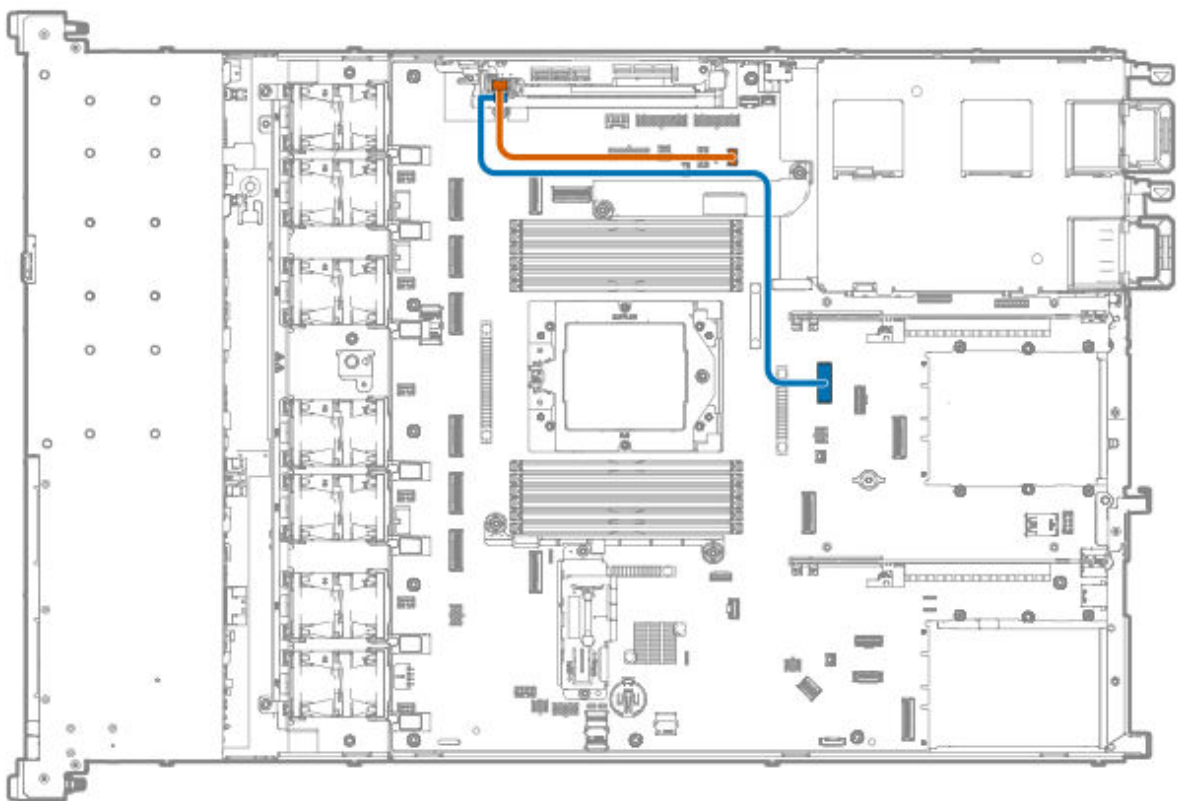
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56685-001	Orange	Optical drive	NVMe/SATA port 2 A
	Blue		Optical drive power connector

HPE NS204i-u Boot Device cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P54087-001	Orange	HPE NS204i-u Boot Device	NS204i-u signal connector
P54088-001	Blue		M.2 SSD power connector

M.2 SSD pass-through card cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56689-001 ¹ _—	Orange	M.2 SSD pass-throu gh card	M.2 SSD power con nector
P56690-001 ¹ _—	Blue		NVMe / SATA port 1B
P56691-001 ¹ _—			

¹_— The P56690-001 cable is for SATA SSDs while the P56691-001 cable is for NVMe SSDs.

GPU cabling

Subtopics

GPU riser cabling

GPU auxiliary power cabling

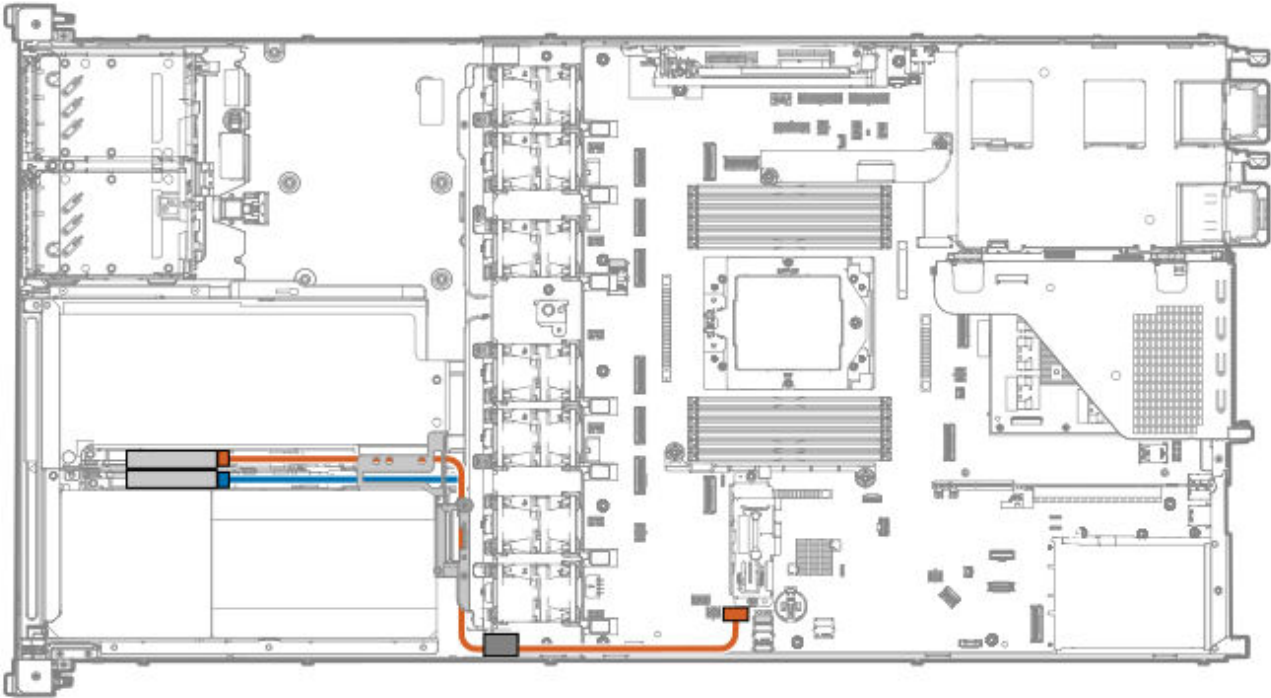
GPU riser cabling

GPU riser signal cables



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P51471-001	Orange	Slot 4 GPU riser	NVMe port 3A (PRIM)
	Blue		NVMe port 4A (SEC)
P44002-001	Gold	Slot 5 GPU riser	NVMe/SATA port 1A (PRIM)
	Pink		NVMe/SATA port 2A (SEC)

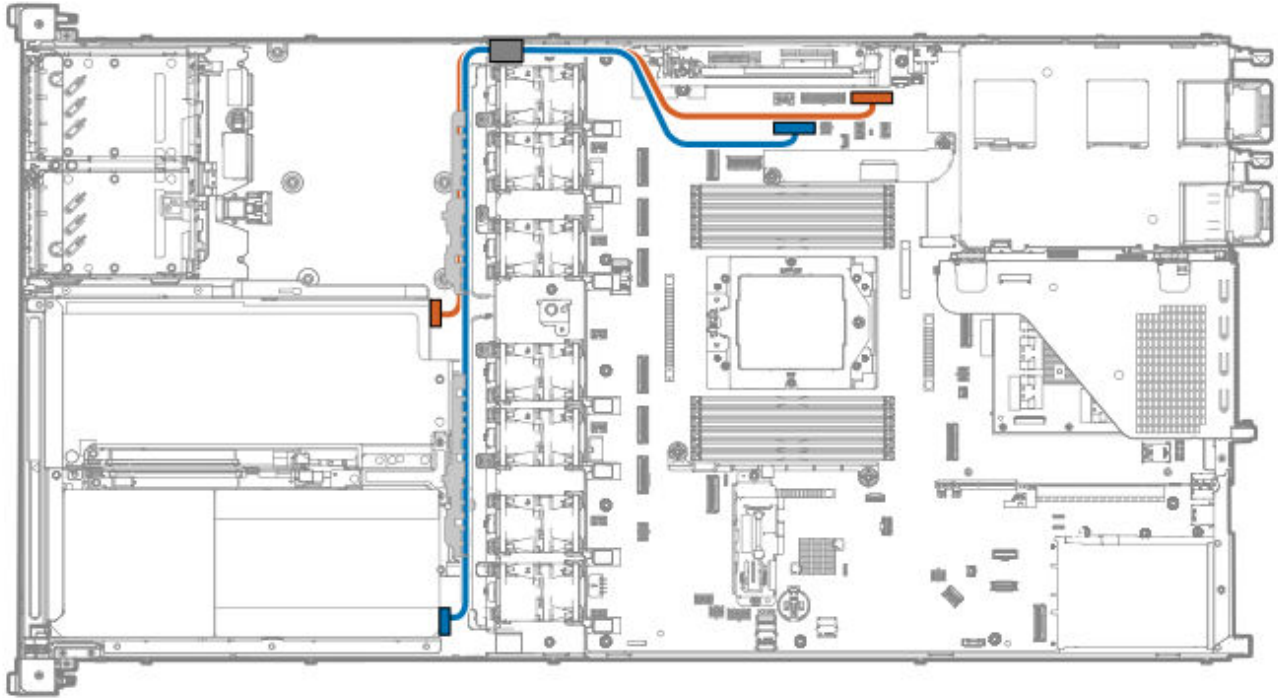
GPU riser power Y-cable



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56683-001	Orange	Slot 4 GPU riser (GPU 4 Riser)	GPU riser power connector (GPU RISER PWR 1)
	Blue	Slot 5 GPU riser (GPU 5 Riser)	

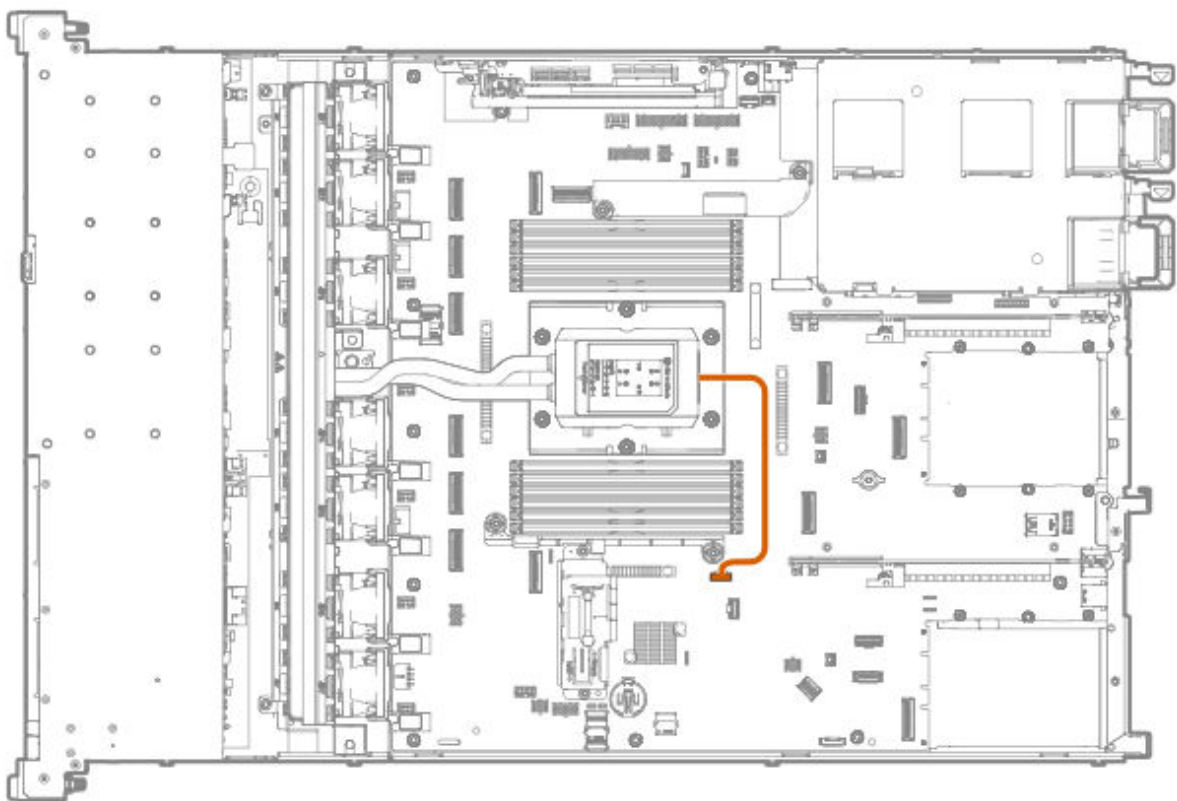
GPU auxiliary power cabling

- Double-width GPUs:



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56694-001	Orange	Slot 4 double-width high-power GPU (P1 and P2)	Drive backplane / Graphics card power connector B (J9018) (Cage B PWR)
P56695-001	Blue	Slot 5 double-width high-power GPU (P1 and P2)	Drive backplane / Graphics card power connector C (J9019) (Cage C PWR)

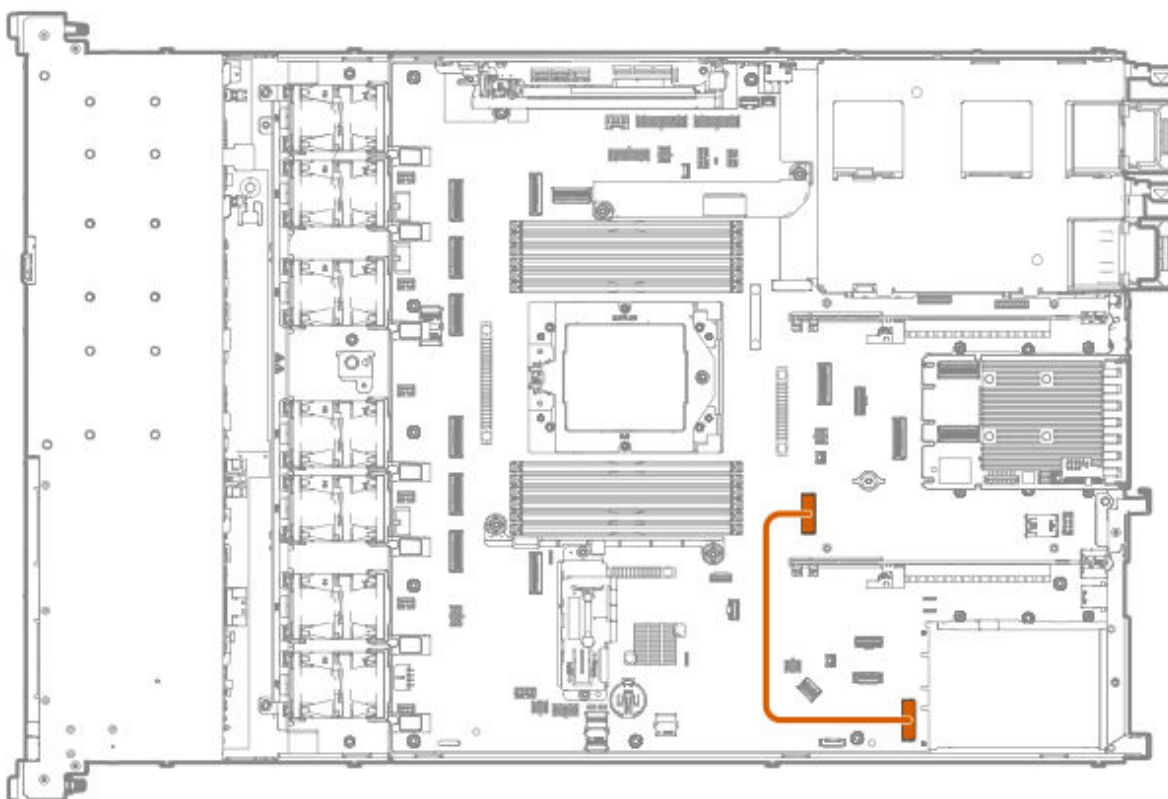
Pump signal cabling for the CLLC module



Option part number	Cable color	From	To
P58463-B21	Orange	Pump-cold plate	Pump signal connector

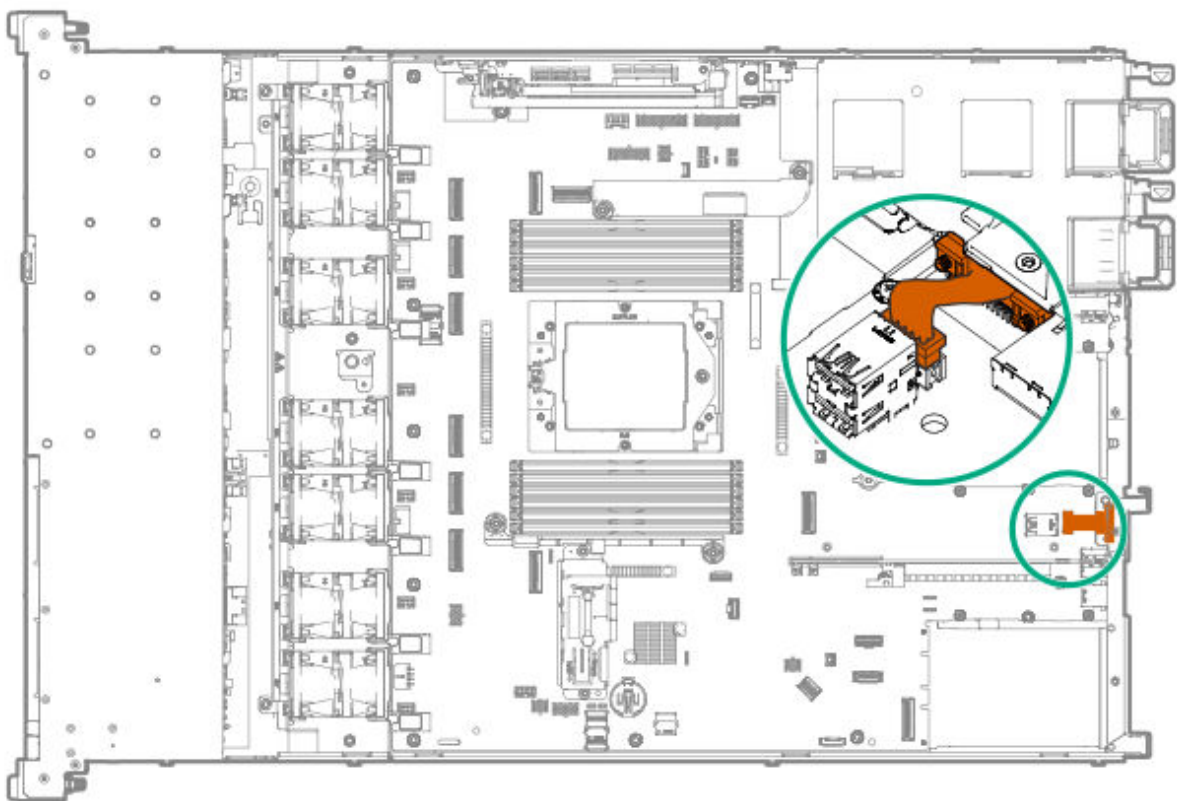
OCP bandwidth upgrade cabling

In the Slot 21 OCP, the OCP bandwidth upgrade cable is required to support a x16 OCP expansion option.



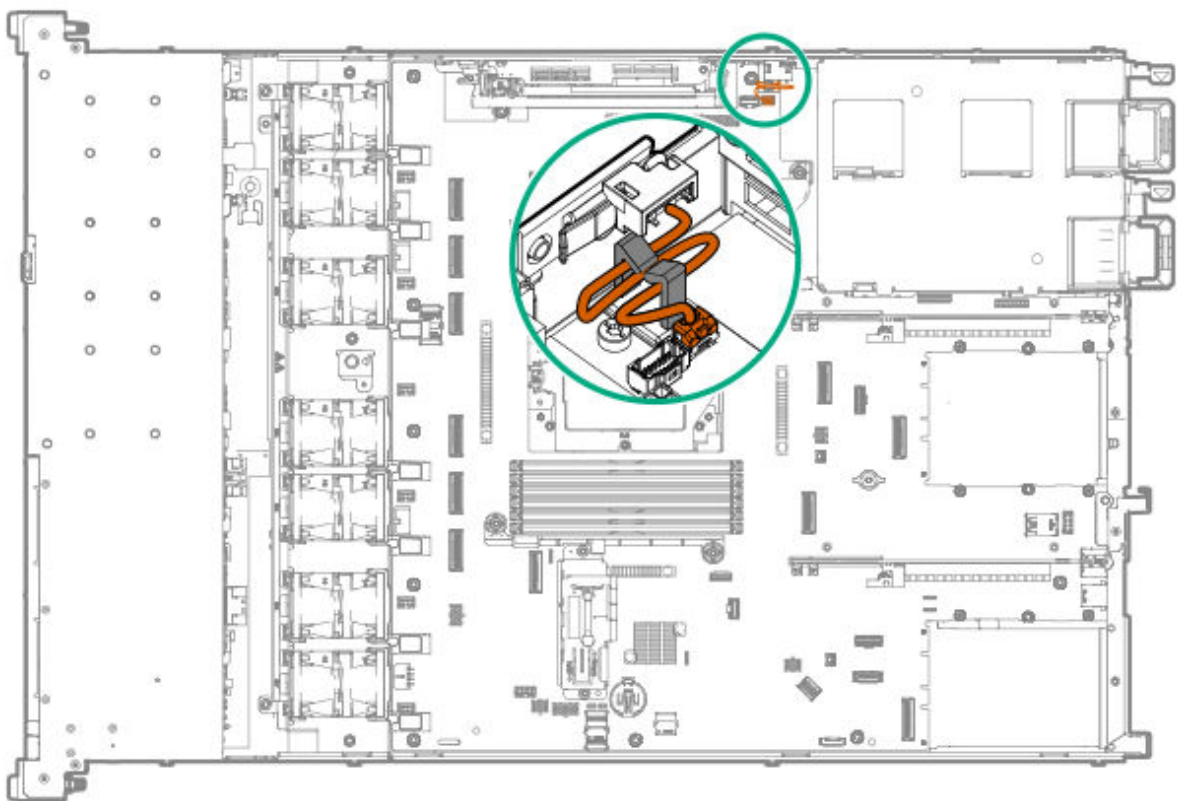
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P56686-001	Orange	NVMe port 9A	Slot 21 OCP x16 up grade connector

Serial port cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P47752-001	Orange	Serial port	Serial port connector

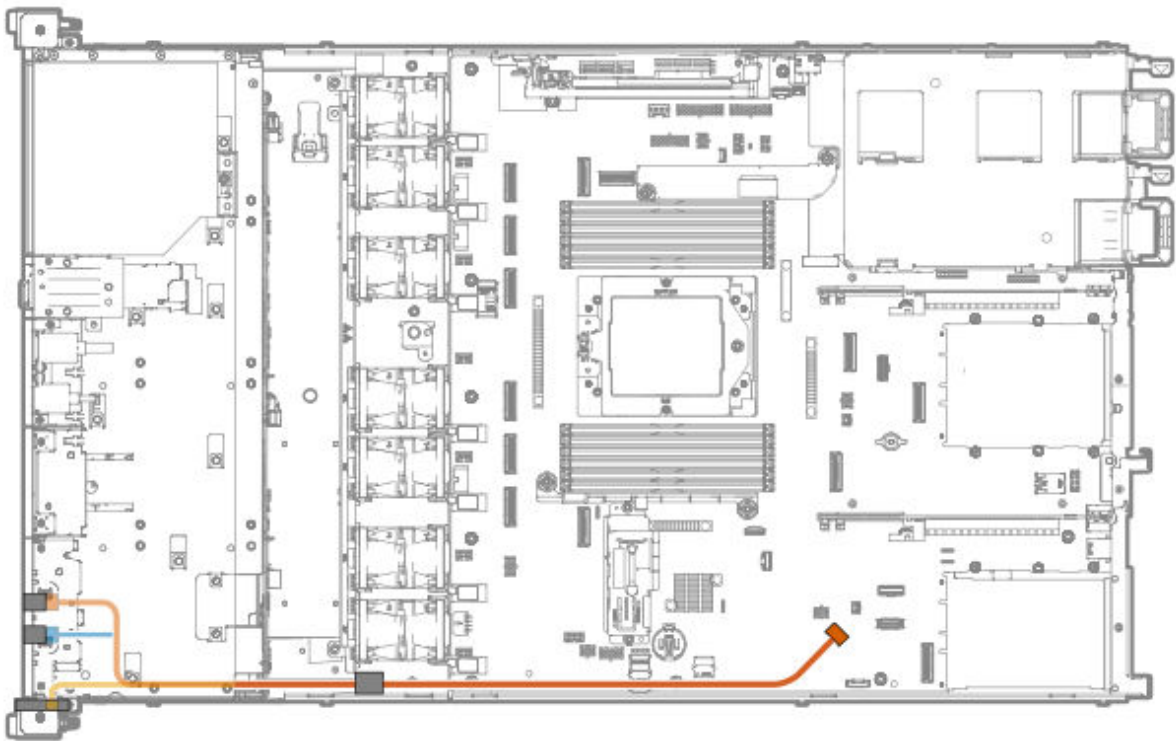
Chassis intrusion detection switch cabling



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P47751-001	Orange	Chassis intrusion de tection switch	Chassis intrusion de tection switch conn ector

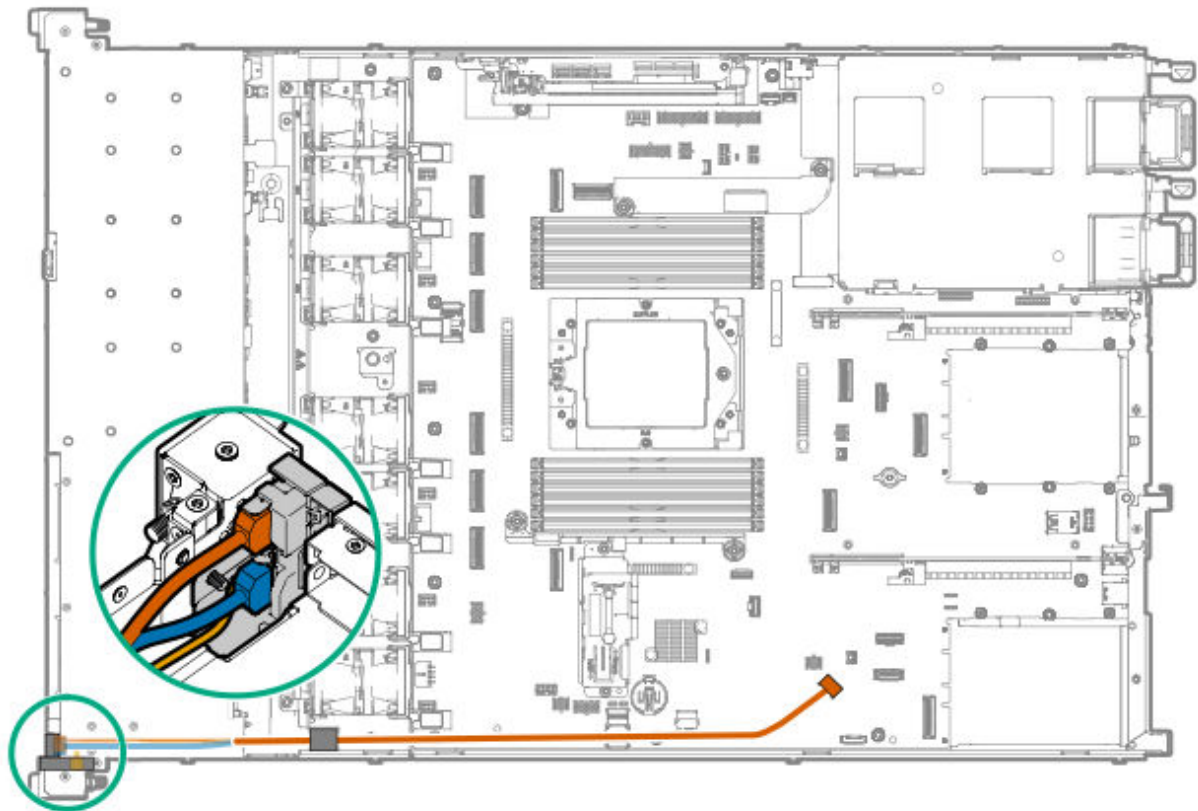
Front I/O cabling

4 LFF drive configuration



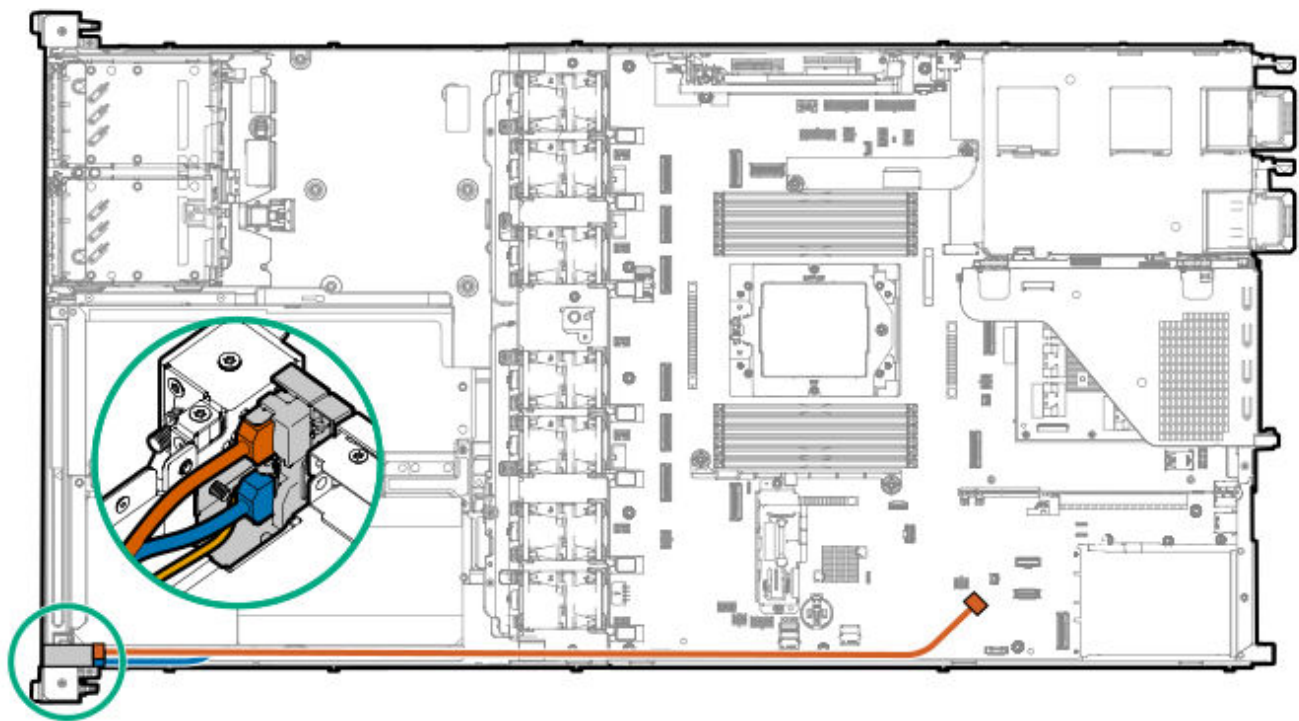
Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P43727-001	Orange	USB 3.2 Gen 1 port	Front I/O connector
	Blue	iLO service port	
	Gold	Front I/O	

8 + 2 SFF / 20 E3.S drive configuration



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P43727-001	Orange	iLO service port	Front I/O connector
	Blue	USB 3.2 Gen 1 port	
	Gold	Front I/O	

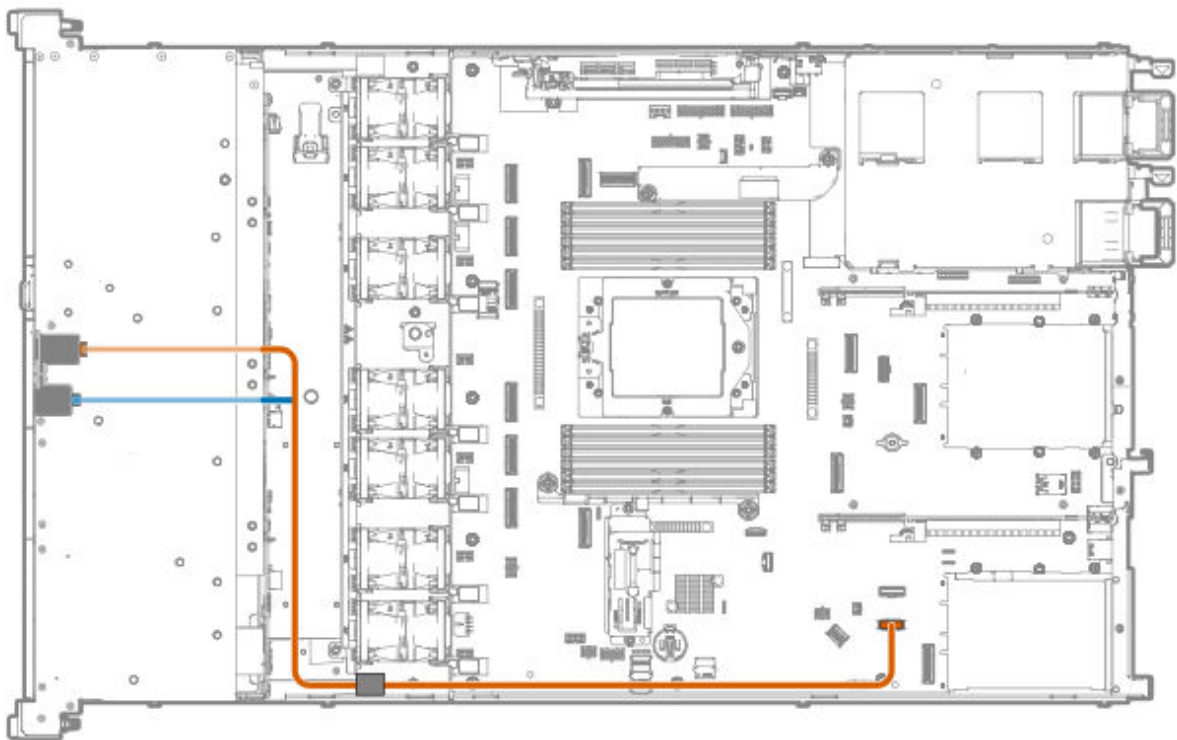
GPU-optimized configuration



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P47750-001	Orange	iLO service port	Front I/O connector
	Blue	USB 3.2 Gen 1 port	
	Gold	Front I/O	

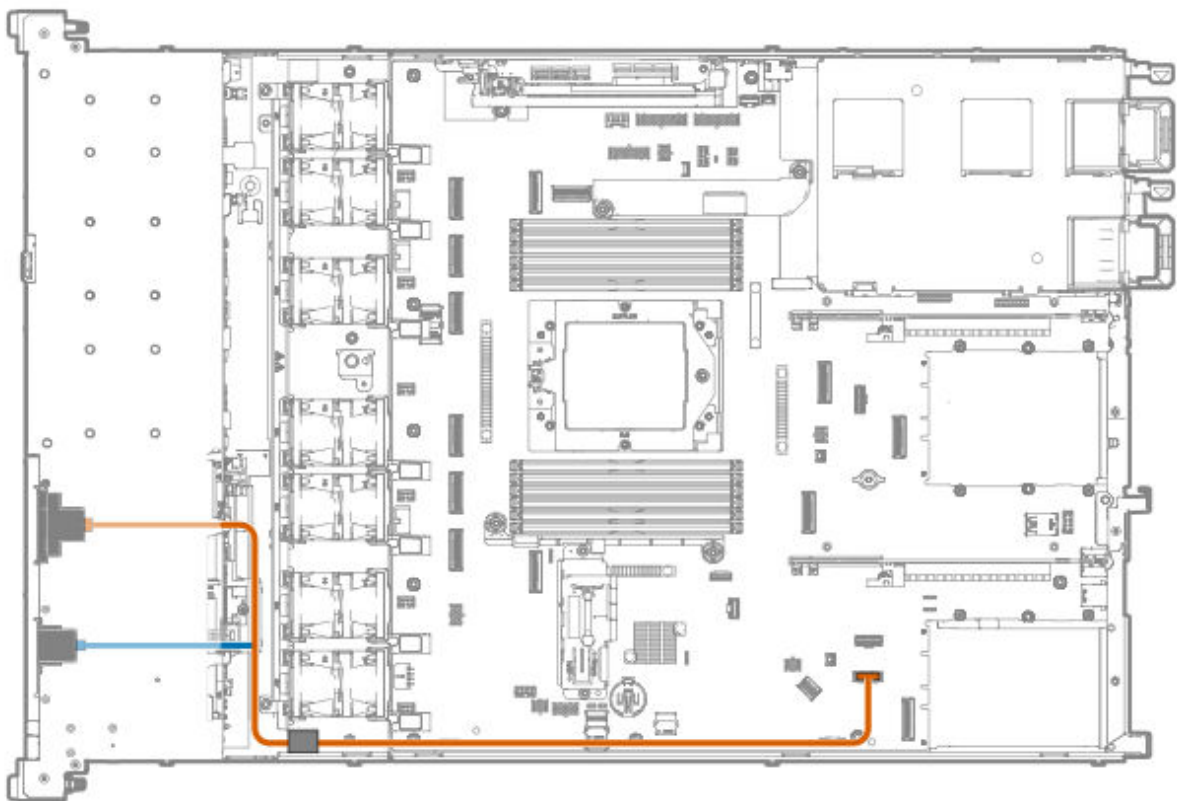
Front USB and DisplayPort cabling

LFF drive configuration



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P45619-001	Orange	DisplayPort	Front USB and DisplayPort connector
	Blue	USB 2.0 port	

SFF drive configuration



Cable part number	Cable color	From	To
P45620-001	Orange	DisplayPort	Front USB and DisplayPort connector
	Blue	USB 2.0 port	

Configuration resources

Use the following resources to find documentation for configuring and managing your server.

- Some utilities might not apply to your server. For information about server compatibility with the products listed in this chapter, see the product QuickSpecs (<https://www.hpe.com/info/quickspecs>).
- Products ordered from HPE Factory Express might have already been configured with some or all the configurations in this chapter. To determine if any additional setup is required, see your HPE Factory Express order.

- For one-stop access to version-specific software and firmware documentation, including the latest product release notes, see this quick links page:

<https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeproductdocs-quicklinks>

Subtopics

[Updating firmware or system ROM](#)

[Configuring the server](#)

[Configuring storage controllers](#)

[Deploying an OS](#)

[Configuring security](#)

[Server management](#)

[Managing Linux-based high performance compute clusters](#)

Updating firmware or system ROM

To	Use
Download service packs	• Service Pack for ProLiant (SPP) https://www.hpe.com/servers/spp/download • Get an overview of SPP and its ecosystem https://www.hpe.com/support/SPP-overview-views-en
Deploy service packs to a single server	Smart Update Manager (SUM) https://www.hpe.com/support/hpesmartupdatemanager-quicklinks
Deploy service packs to multiple servers	HPE OneView https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeoneview-quicklinks
Updating iLO or system firmware in a single server or multiple servers	HPE iLO https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeilodocs-quicklinks

To	Use
• Enable policy-based management of server or server group firmware for distributed server infrastructure • Monitor server compliance with a configured firmware baseline • Receive automatic iLO firmware updates • Receive baseline update alerts	HPE Compute Ops Management <u>https://www.hpe.com/support/hpe-gl-com-quicklinks</u>

Configuring the server

To configure	Use
Single server (GUI)	• Intelligent Provisioning <u>https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeintelligentprovisioning-quicklinks</u> • iLO remote console or web interface <u>https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeilodocs-quicklinks</u> • UEFI System Utilities <u>https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeuefisystemutilities-quicklinks</u> • HPE Compute Ops Management <u>https://www.hpe.com/support/hpe-gl-com-quicklinks</u>
Single server (scripting)	• RESTful Interface Tool <u>https://www.hpe.com/support/restfulinterface/docs</u>

To configure	Use
	- Python iLO Redfish Library (python-ilorest-library) https://github.com/HewlettPackard/python-ilorest-library - Scripting Tools for Windows Powershell https://www.hpe.com/info/powershell/docs - iLO RESTful API https://servermanagementportal.ext.hpe.com/ - HPE Compute Ops Management API https://developer.greenlake.hpe.com/
Multiple servers (either UI or scripting)	- HPE OneView ¹ https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeoneview-quicklinks - HPE Compute Ops Management https://www.hpe.com/support/hpe-gl-com-quicklinks Server settings: Define server-specific parameters such as firmware baselines, and then apply them to server groups. Server groups: Organize servers into custom-defined sets with associated server settings, and then apply group-specific policies to create a consistent configuration across the servers in the group.

¹ For servers running HPE OneView, do not use another tool, such as iLO, to delete or change certain settings. For more information about using HPE OneView and iLO to manage the same server, see the iLO user guide at <https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeilodocs-quicklinks>.

Configuring storage controllers

Controller type	Documentation
HPE SR Gen11 controllers	- HPE SR Gen11 Controller User Guide https://hpe.com/support/SR-Gen11-UG - SR Gen11 controller RAID creation: https://www.hpe.com/support/SR-RAID-creation Configuration guides: - HPE Smart Storage Administrator GUI User Guide https://www.hpe.com/support/SSA-UG - HPE Smart Storage Administrator CLI User Guide https://www.hpe.com/support/SSACLI-UG
HPE MR controller user guides	- HPE MR Gen11 Controller User Guide https://hpe.com/support/MR-Gen11-UG - MR Gen11 controller configuration: https://www.hpe.com/support/MR-Gen11-configuration - MR Gen11 controller RAID creation: https://www.hpe.com/support/MR-Gen11-RAID-creation
HPE MR controller configuration guides	- HPE MR Storage Administrator User Guide https://www.hpe.com/support/MRSA - HPE StorCLI User Guide https://www.hpe.com/support/StorCLI - HPE StorCLI2 User Guide

Controller type	Documentation
	https://www.hpe.com/support/StorCLI2
Storage controller documents library	https://www.hpe.com/support/hpestoragecontrollerdocs-quicklinks

Deploying an OS

For a list of supported operating systems, see the HPE Servers Support & Certification Matrices:

<https://www.hpe.com/support/Servers-Certification-Matrices>

To	See
Deploy an OS using HPE Compute Ops Management	HPE Compute Ops Management User Guide https://www.hpe.com/support/hpe-gl-com-quicklinks
Deploy an OS using Intelligent Provisioning	Intelligent Provisioning user guide https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeintelligentprovisioning-quicklinks
Deploy an OS using iLO virtual media	iLO user guide https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeilodocs-quicklinks
Configure the server to boot from a PXE server	UEFI System Utilities User Guide for HPE ProLiant Gen11 Servers and HPE Synergy https://www.hpe.com/support/UEFIGen11-UG-en
Configure the server to boot from a SAN	HPE Boot from SAN Configuration Guide https://www.hpe.com/info/boot-from-san-config-guide

Configuring security

To	See
Implement server security best practices.	- HPE Compute Security Reference Guide https://www.hpe.com/info/server-security-reference-en - HPE iLO 6 Security Technology Brief https://www.hpe.com/support/ilo6-security-en
Configure and use the Server Configuration Lock feature on HPE Trusted Supply Chain servers and other servers that have the Server Configuration Lock feature enabled.	Server Configuration Lock User Guide for HPE ProLiant servers and HPE Synergy https://www.hpe.com/info/server-config-lock-UG-en

Server management

To monitor	See
Single server	HPE iLO https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeilodocs-quicklinks
Multiple servers	HPE OneView https://www.hpe.com/support/hpeoneview-quicklinks
Single or multiple servers	HPE Compute Ops Management https://www.hpe.com/support/hpe-gl-com-quicklinks

Managing Linux-based high performance compute clusters

To	Use
Provision, manage, and monitor clusters.	HPE Performance Cluster Manager https://www.hpe.com/support/hpcm_manuals
Optimize your applications.	HPE Performance Analysis Tools https://www.hpe.com/info/perftools
Optimize software library for low latency and high bandwidth, both on-node and off-node, for point-to-point and collective communications.	HPE Cray Programming Environment User Guide https://www.hpe.com/info/cray-pe-user-guides

Troubleshooting

Subtopics

[NMI functionality](#)

[Troubleshooting resources](#)

NMI functionality

An NMI crash dump enables administrators to create crash dump files when a system is not responding to traditional debugging methods.

An analysis of the crash dump log is an essential part of diagnosing reliability problems, such as hanging operating systems, device drivers, and applications. Many crashes freeze a system, and the only available action for administrators is to cycle the system power. Resetting the system erases any information that could support problem analysis, but the NMI feature preserves that information by performing a memory dump before a hard reset.

To force the OS to initiate the NMI handler and generate a crash dump log, the administrator can use the iLO Generate NMI feature.

Troubleshooting resources

Troubleshooting resources are available for HPE Gen11 server products in the following documents:

- Troubleshooting Guide for HPE ProLiant Gen11 servers provides procedures for resolving common problems and comprehensive courses of action for fault isolation and identification, issue resolution, and software maintenance.

<https://www.hpe.com/info/gen11-troubleshooting>

- Integrated Management Log Messages for HPE ProLiant Gen10, Gen10 Plus, and Gen11 servers and HPE Synergy provides IML messages and associated troubleshooting information to resolve critical and cautionary IML events.

<https://www.hpe.com/info/Troubleshooting-IML-en>

System battery replacement

If the server no longer automatically displays the correct date and time, then replace the battery that provides power to the real-time clock. Under normal use, battery life is 5–10 years.

Subtopics

[System battery information](#)

[Removing and replacing the system battery](#)

System battery information

The server contains an internal lithium manganese dioxide, a vanadium pentoxide, or an alkaline battery that provides power to the real-time clock.



WARNING

If this battery is not properly handled, a risk of fire or burning exists. To reduce the risk of personal injury:

- Do not attempt to recharge the battery.
- Do not expose the battery to temperatures higher than 60°C (140°F).
- Do not expose the battery to low air pressure as it might lead to explosion or leakage of flammable liquid or gas.
- Do not disassemble, crush, puncture, short external contacts, or dispose of the battery in fire or water.

Removing and replacing the system battery

Prerequisites

Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a spudger or any small prying tool available.

About this task



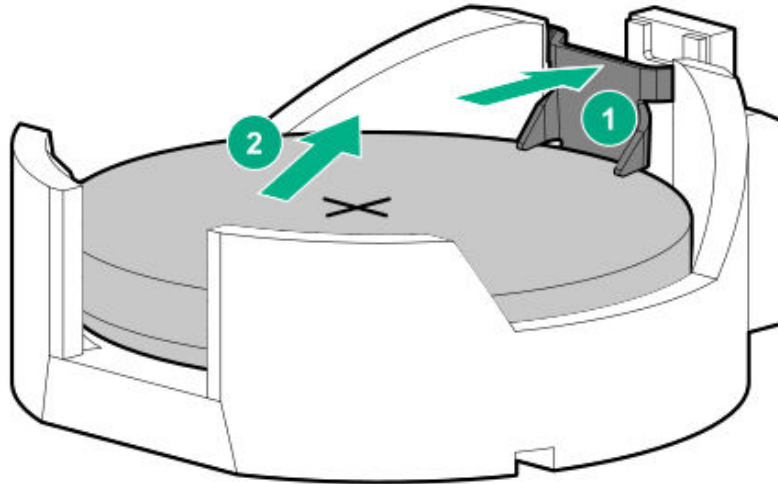
CAUTION

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor might damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. To prevent damage, observe antistatic precautions.

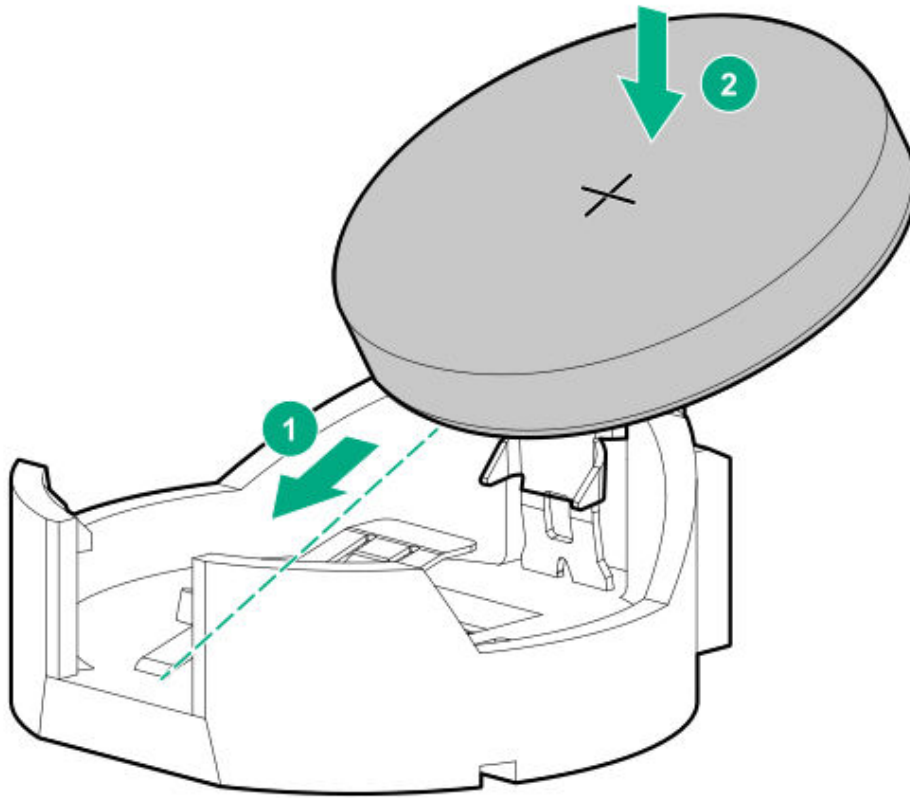
Procedure

1. Remove all power:
 - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
 - b. Disconnect each power cord from the server.
2. Disconnect all peripheral cables from the server.
3. Remove the server from the rack.

4. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
5. Remove the access panel.
6. Remove the system battery:
 - a. Use a small flat-bladed, nonconductive tool to press the battery latch.
 - b. Remove the system battery from the socket.



7. Install the system battery:
 - a. With the side of the battery showing the "+" sign facing up, insert the battery into the socket.
 - b. Press the system battery down until it clicks into place.



8. Properly dispose of the old battery.

For more information about proper battery disposal, contact an authorized reseller or an authorized service provider.

Safety, warranty, and regulatory information

Subtopics

[Regulatory information](#)

[Warranty information](#)

Regulatory information

To view the regulatory information for your product, view the Safety and Compliance Information for Server, Storage, Power, Networking, and Rack Products, available at the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center:

Additional regulatory information

Hewlett Packard Enterprise is committed to providing our customers with information about the chemical substances in our products as needed to comply with legal requirements such as REACH (Regulation EC No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and the Council). A chemical information report for this product can be found at:

<https://www.hpe.com/info/reach>

For Hewlett Packard Enterprise product environmental and safety information and compliance data, including RoHS and REACH, see:

<https://www.hpe.com/info/ecodata>

For Hewlett Packard Enterprise environmental information, including company programs, product recycling, and energy efficiency, see:

<https://www.hpe.com/info/environment>

Subtopics

[Notices for Eurasian Economic Union](#)

[Turkey RoHS material content declaration](#)

[Ukraine RoHS material content declaration](#)

Notices for Eurasian Economic Union



Manufacturer and Local Representative Information

Manufacturer information:

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, 1701 E Mossy Oaks Road, Spring, TX 77389 U.S.

Local representative information Russian:

- **Russia**

ООО "Хьюлетт Паккард Энтерпрайз", Российская Федерация, 125171, г. Москва, Ленинградское шоссе, 16А, стр.3, Телефон: +7 499 403 4248 Факс: +7 499 403 4677

- **Kazakhstan**

ТОО «Хьюлетт-Паккард (К)», Республика Казахстан, 050040, г. Алматы, Бостандыкский район, проспект Аль-Фараби, 77/7, Телефон/факс: + 7 727 355 35 50

Local representative information Kazakh:

- **Russia**

ЖШС "Хьюлетт Паккард Энтерпрайз", Ресей Федерациясы, 125171, Мәскеу, Ленинград тас жолы, 16А блок 3, Телефон: +7 499 403 4248 Факс: +7 499 403 4677

- **Kazakhstan**

ЖШС «Хьюлетт-Паккард (К)», Қазақстан Республикасы, 050040, Алматы к., Бостандық ауданы, Әл-Фараби даңғылы, 77/7, Телефон/факс: +7 727 355 35 50

Manufacturing date:

The manufacturing date is defined by the serial number.

CCSYWWZZZZ (product serial number format)

WW = Week of manufacture (calendar week)
Y = Year of manufacture (decade, year)

If you need help identifying the manufacturing date, contact tre@hpe.com.

Turkey RoHS material content declaration

Türkiye Cumhuriyeti: AEEE Yönetmeliğine Uygundur

Ukraine RoHS material content declaration

Обладнання відповідає вимогам Технічного регламенту щодо обмеження використання деяких небезпечних речовин в електричному та електронному обладнанні, затвердженого постановою Кабінету Міністрів України від 3 грудня 2008 № 1057

Warranty information

To view the warranty information for your product, see the [warranty check tool](#).

Specifications

Subtopics

[Environmental specifications](#)

[Mechanical specifications](#)

[Power supply specifications](#)

Environmental specifications

Specifications	Value
Temperature range	—
Operating	10°C to 35°C (50°F to 95°F)
Nonoperating	Air-cooled systems: -30°C to 60°C (-22°F to 140°F) Liquid-cooled systems (DLC, CLLC): -10°C to 60°C (14°F to 140°F) CAUTION: To prevent freezing the coolant and damaging the liquid cooling module, do not keep the liquid-cooled systems below -10°C (14°F).
Relative humidity (noncondensing)	—
Operating	8% to 90% 28°C (82.4°F) maximum wet bulb temperature, noncondensing
Nonoperating	5% to 95% 38.7°C (101.7°F) maximum wet bulb temperature, noncondensing
Altitude	—
Operating	3050 m (10,000 ft) This value may be limited by the type and number of options installed. Maximum allowable altitude change rate is 457 m/min (1,500 ft/min).

Specifications	Value
Nonoperating	9144 m (30,000 ft) Maximum allowable altitude change rate is 457 m/min (1,500 ft/min).

Standard operating support

10° to 35°C (50° to 95°F) at sea level with an altitude derating of 1.0°C per every 305 m (1.8°F per every 1,000 ft) above sea level to a maximum of 3,050 m (10,000 ft), no direct sustained sunlight. Maximum rate of change is 20°C/hr (36°F/hr). The upper limit and rate of change may be limited by the type and number of options installed.

System performance during standard operating support might be reduced if operating above 30°C (86°F).

Extended ambient operating support

For approved hardware configurations, the supported system inlet range is extended to be:

- 5° to 10°C (41° to 50°F) and 35° to 40°C (95° to 104°F) at sea level with an altitude derating of 1.0°C per every 175 m (1.8°F per every 574 ft) above 900 m (2,953 ft) to a maximum of 3050 m (10,000 ft).
- 40°C to 45°C (104°F to 113°F) at sea level with an altitude derating of 1.0°C per every 125 m (1.8°F per every 410 ft) above 900 m (2953 ft) to a maximum of 3,050 m (10,000 ft).

The approved hardware configurations for this system are listed in the Extended Ambient Temperature Guidelines for Gen11 HPE ProLiant servers:

<https://www.hpe.com/support/ASHRAEGen11>

Mechanical specifications

Non-GPU-optimized configuration

Specification	Value
Dimensions	—
Height	4.28 cm (1.69 in)
Depth	64.94 cm (25.57 in)
Width	43.46 cm (17.12 in)
Weight, approximate values	—
Minimum	13.76 kg (30.33 lb)
Maximum	14.57 kg (32.12 lb)

GPU-optimized configuration

Specification	Value
Dimensions	—
Height	4.28 cm (1.69 in)
Depth	81.85 cm (32.22 in)
Width	43.46 cm (17.12 in)
Weight, approximate values	—
Minimum	15.62 kg (34.44 lb)
Maximum	21.0 kg (46.3 lb)

Power supply specifications

Depending on the installed options and the regional location where the server was purchased, the server can be configured with one of the following power supplies. For detailed power supply specifications, see the QuickSpecs on the [Hewlett Packard Enterprise website](#).

Subtopics

[**HPE 500 W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Low Halogen Power Supply**](#)

[**HPE 800 W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Low Halogen Power Supply**](#)

[**HPE 1000 W Flex Slot Titanium Hot-plug Power Supply**](#)

[**HPE 1600 W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Low Halogen Power Supply**](#)

[**HPE 1600 W Flex Slot -48 VDC Hot-plug Power Supply**](#)

[**HPE 1800-2200 W Flex Slot Titanium Power Supply**](#)

HPE 500 W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Low Halogen Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	—
Rated input voltage	100 VAC to 240 VAC 240 VDC for China

Specification	Value
Rated input frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz Not applicable to 240 VDC
Rated input current	5.8 A at 100 VAC 2.8 A at 200 VAC 2.4 A at 240 VDC for China
Maximum rated input power	580 W at 100 VAC 560 W at 200 VAC 558 W at 240 VDC for China
BTUs per hour	1999 at 100 VAC 1912 at 200 VAC 1904 at 240 VDC for China
Power supply output	—
Rated steady-state power	500 W at 100 VAC to 127 VAC input 500 W at 100 VAC to 240 VAC input 500 W at 240 VDC input for China
Maximum peak power	500 W at 100 VAC to 127 VAC input 500 W at 100 VAC to 240 VAC input 500 W at 240 VDC input for China

HPE 800 W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Low Halogen Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	—
Rated input voltage	100 VAC to 127 VAC 200 VAC to 240 VAC 240 VDC for China only
Rated input frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz

Specification	Value
	Not applicable to 240 VDC
Rated input current	9.4 A at 100 VAC 4.5 A at 200 VAC 3.8 A at 240 VDC for China only
Maximum rated input power	940 W at 100 VAC 900 W at 200 VAC 897 W at 240 VDC for China only
BTUs per hour	3067 at 100 VAC 2958 at 200 VAC 2949 at 240 VAC for China only
Power supply output	—
Rated steady-state power	800 W at 100 VAC to 127 VAC input 800 W at 100 VAC to 240 VAC input 800 W at 240 VDC input for China only
Maximum peak power	800 W at 100 VAC to 127 VAC input 800 W at 100 VAC to 240 VAC input 800 W at 240 VDC input for China only

HPE 1000 W Flex Slot Titanium Hot-plug Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	—
Rated input voltage	100 VAC to 127 VAC 200 VAC to 240 VAC 240 VDC for China
Rated input frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz
Rated input current	11.3 A at 100 VAC

Specification	Value
	6.1 A at 200 VAC
Maximum rated input power	1130 W at 100 VAC 1090 W at 200 VAC
BTUs per hour	3764 at 100 VAC 3629 at 200 VAC
Power supply output	—
Rated steady-state power	1000 W at 100 VAC to 127 VAC 1000 W at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input
Maximum peak power	1000 W at 100 VAC to 127 VAC 1000 W at 200 VAC to 240 VAC

HPE 1600 W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Low Halogen Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	—
Rated input voltage	200 VAC to 240 VAC 240 VDC for China only
Rated input frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz
Rated input current	8.7 A at 200 VAC 7.5 A at 230 VAC 7.2 A at 240 VDC
Maximum rated input power	1734 W at 200 VAC 1720 W at 240 VAC
BTUs per hour	5918 at 200 VAC 5891 at 230 VAC
Power supply output	—

Specification	Value
Rated steady-state power	1600 W at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input 1600 W at 240 VDC input
Maximum peak power	1600 W for 1 ms (turbo mode) at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input

HPE 1600 W Flex Slot -48 VDC Hot-plug Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	—
Rated input voltage	-40 VDC to -72 VDC
Rated input frequency	DC
Nominal input current	45 A DC at -40 VDC input 36.6 A DC at -48 VDC input 24.4 A DC at -72 VDC input
Maximum Rated Input Wattage Rating	1798 W at -40 VDC input 1758 W at -48 VDC input 1755 W at -72 VDC input
BTUs per hour	6026 at -40 VDC input 6000 at -48 VDC input 5989 at -72 VDC input
Power supply output	—
Rated steady-state power	1600 W at -40 VDC to -72 VDC
Maximum peak power	1600 W at -40 VDC to -72 VDC

HPE 1800-2200 W Flex Slot Titanium Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	—
Rated input voltage	200 VAC to 240 VAC 240 VDC for China only
Rated input frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz
Rated input current	10 A at 200 VAC 10 A at 240 VAC 10 A at 240 VDC for China only
Maximum rated input power	1946 W at 200 VAC 2375 W at 240 VAC 2375 W at 240 VDC for China only
BTUs per hour	6497 at 200 VAC 7962 at 240 VAC
Power supply output	—
Rated steady-state power	1800 W at 200 VAC 2200 W at 240 VAC
Maximum peak power	2200 W for 1 ms (turbo mode) at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input

Websites

General websites

Single Point of Connectivity Knowledge (SPOCK) Storage compatibility matrix

<https://www.hpe.com/storage/spock>

Product white papers and analyst reports

<https://www.hpe.com/us/en/resource-library>

For additional websites, see [Support and other resources](#).

Product websites

HPE ProLiant DL325 Gen11 user documents

<https://www.hpe.com/info/dl325gen11-docs>

Support and other resources

Subtopics

[Accessing Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support](#)

[HPE product registration](#)

[Accessing updates](#)

[Customer self repair](#)

[Remote support](#)

[Documentation feedback](#)

Accessing Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support

- For live assistance, go to the Contact Hewlett Packard Enterprise Worldwide website:

<https://www.hpe.com/info/assistance>

- To access documentation and support services, go to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center website:

<https://www.hpe.com/support/hpesc>

Information to collect

- Technical support registration number (if applicable)
- Product name, model or version, and serial number
- Operating system name and version
- Firmware version
- Error messages
- Product-specific reports and logs

- Add-on products or components
- Third-party products or components

HPE product registration

To gain the full benefits of the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center and your purchased support services, add your contracts and products to your account on the HPESC.

- When you add your contracts and products, you receive enhanced personalization, workspace alerts, insights through the dashboards, and easier management of your environment.
- You will also receive recommendations and tailored product knowledge to self-solve any issues, as well as streamlined case creation for faster time to resolution when you must create a case.

To learn how to add your contracts and products, see <https://www.hpe.com/info/add-products-contracts>.

Accessing updates

- Some software products provide a mechanism for accessing software updates through the product interface. Review your product documentation to identify the recommended software update method.
- To download product updates:

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center

<https://www.hpe.com/support/hpesc>

My HPE Software Center

<https://www.hpe.com/software/hpesoftwarecenter>

- To subscribe to eNewsletters and alerts:

<https://www.hpe.com/support/e-updates>

- To view and update your entitlements, and to link your contracts and warranties with your profile, go to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center **More Information on Access to Support Materials** page:



IMPORTANT

Access to some updates might require product entitlement when accessed through the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center. You must have an HPE Account set up with relevant entitlements.

Customer self repair

Hewlett Packard Enterprise customer self repair (CSR) programs allow you to repair your product. If a CSR part needs to be replaced, it will be shipped directly to you so that you can install it at your convenience. Some parts do not qualify for CSR.

For more information about CSR, contact your local service provider.

Remote support

Remote support is available with supported devices as part of your warranty or contractual support agreement. It provides intelligent event diagnosis, and automatic, secure submission of hardware event notifications to Hewlett Packard Enterprise, which initiates a fast and accurate resolution based on the service level of your product. Hewlett Packard Enterprise strongly recommends that you register your device for remote support.

If your product includes additional remote support details, use search to locate that information.

HPE Get Connected

<https://www.hpe.com/services/getconnected>

HPE Tech Care Service

<https://www.hpe.com/services/techcare>

HPE Complete Care Service

<https://www.hpe.com/services/completecure>

Documentation feedback

Hewlett Packard Enterprise is committed to providing documentation that meets your needs. To help us improve the documentation, click the **Feedback** button on the page of an opened document on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center portal (<https://www.hpe.com/support/hpesc>). Use this feature to send any errors, suggestions, or comments. This process captures all document information.