

# ThinkSystem SN550 Compute Node Maintenance Manual



Machine Type: 7X16

#### Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read and understand the safety information and the safety instructions, which are available at: http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/safety\_documentation/pdf\_files.html

In addition, be sure that you are familiar with the terms and conditions of the Lenovo warranty for your server, which can be found at:

http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/warrantylookup

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## Safety

Before installing this product, read the Safety Information.

قبل تركيب هذا المنتج، يجب قراءة الملاحظات الآمنية

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações de Segurança.

在安装本产品之前,请仔细阅读 Safety Information (安全信息)。

安裝本產品之前,請先閱讀「安全資訊」。

Prije instalacije ovog produkta obavezno pročitajte Sigurnosne Upute.

Před instalací tohoto produktu si přečtěte příručku bezpečnostních instrukcí.

Læs sikkerhedsforskrifterne, før du installerer dette produkt.

Lees voordat u dit product installeert eerst de veiligheidsvoorschriften.

Ennen kuin asennat tämän tuotteen, lue turvaohjeet kohdasta Safety Information.

Avant d'installer ce produit, lisez les consignes de sécurité.

Vor der Installation dieses Produkts die Sicherheitshinweise lesen.

Πριν εγκαταστήσετε το προϊόν αυτό, διαβάστε τις πληροφορίες ασφάλειας (safety information).

לפני שתתקינו מוצר זה, קראו את הוראות הבטיחות.

A termék telepítése előtt olvassa el a Biztonsági előírásokat!

Prima di installare questo prodotto, leggere le Informazioni sulla Sicurezza.

製品の設置の前に、安全情報をお読みください。

본 제품을 설치하기 전에 안전 정보를 읽으십시오.

Пред да се инсталира овој продукт, прочитајте информацијата за безбедност.



Les sikkerhetsinformasjonen (Safety Information) før du installerer dette produktet.

Przed zainstalowaniem tego produktu, należy zapoznać się z książką "Informacje dotyczące bezpieczeństwa" (Safety Information).

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações sobre Segurança.

Перед установкой продукта прочтите инструкции по технике безопасности.

Pred inštaláciou tohto zariadenia si pečítaje Bezpečnostné predpisy.

Pred namestitvijo tega proizvoda preberite Varnostne informacije.

Antes de instalar este producto, lea la información de seguridad.

Läs säkerhetsinformationen innan du installerar den här produkten.

Bu ürünü kurmadan önce güvenlik bilgilerini okuyun.

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### Safety inspection checklist

Use the information in this section to identify potentially unsafe conditions with your server. As each machine was designed and built, required safety items were installed to protect users and service technicians from injury.

**Important:** Electrical grounding of the server is required for operator safety and correct system function. Proper grounding of the electrical outlet can be verified by a certified electrician.

Use the following checklist to verify that there are no potentially unsafe conditions:

- 1. Make sure that the power is off and the power cord is disconnected.
- 2. Check the power cord.
  - Make sure that the third-wire ground connector is in good condition. Use a meter to measure thirdwire ground continuity for 0.1 ohm or less between the external ground pin and the frame ground.
  - Make sure that the power cord is the correct type.

To view the power cords that are available for the server:

a. Go to:

http://lesc.lenovo.com

- b. In the Customize a Model pane:
  - 1) Click Select Options/Parts for a Model.
  - 2) Enter the machine type and model for your server.
- c. Click the Power tab to see all line cords.
- Make sure that the insulation is not frayed or worn.
- 3. Check for any obvious non-Lenovo alterations. Use good judgment as to the safety of any non-Lenovo alterations.
- 4. Check inside the server for any obvious unsafe conditions, such as metal filings, contamination, water or other liquid, or signs of fire or smoke damage.
- 5. Check for worn, frayed, or pinched cables.

6. Make sure that the power-supply cover fasteners (screws or rivets) have not been removed or tampered with.

## Chapter 1. Introduction

Each ThinkSystem SN550 compute node supports up to two 2.5-inch hot-swap Serial Attached SCSI (SAS), Serial ATA (SATA) or Non-Volatile Memory express (NVMe) hard disk drives.

When you receive your Lenovo ThinkSystem SN550 Type 7X16 compute node, refer to the Setup Guide to set up the compute node, install optional devices, and perform the initial configuration of the compute node. Meanwhile, the *Maintenance Manual* contains information to help you solve problems that might occur in your Lenovo ThinkSystem SN550 Type 7X16 compute node. It describes the diagnostic tools that come with the compute node, error codes and suggested actions, and instructions for replacing failing components.

The compute node comes with a limited warranty. For details about the warranty, see: https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/documents/ht100742

For details about your specific warranty, see: http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/warrantylookup

#### Notes:

- 1. The first generation Chassis Management Module (CMM1; 68Y7030) is not supported by the ThinkSystem SN550 compute node.
- 2. The second generation Chassis Management Module (CMM2; 00FJ669) must be at firmware level 1.6.1 or above to support the ThinkSystem SN550 compute node. This applies to both CMMs that are installed in the chassis.
- 3. The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your model.

#### Identifying your compute node

When you contact Lenovo for help, the machine type, model, and serial number information helps support technicians to identify your compute node and provide faster service.

Record information about the compute node in the following table.

Product name	Machine Type (s)	Model number	Serial number
Lenovo ThinkSystem SN550 Type 7X16	7X16		

Table 1. Record of the system information

The model number and serial number are on the ID label on the front of the compute node and the chassis, as shown in the following illustration.

Note: The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.



Figure 1. ID label on the front of the node

Table 2. ID label on the front of the node

1 ID label

#### **Customer information tabs**

The customer information tabs contain system-related information such as firmware level, administrator accounts and so forth.



Figure 2. Location of customer information tabs

### **Specifications**

The following information is a summary of the features and specifications of the compute node. Depending on the model, some features might not be available, or some specifications might not apply.

#### Table 3. Specifications

Specification	Description
Size	<ul> <li>Height: 55.5 mm (2.2 in)</li> <li>Depth: 492.7 mm (19.4 in)</li> <li>Width: 215.5 mm (8.5 in)</li> </ul>
Weight	Approximately 4.7 kg (10.4 lb) to 7.0 kg (15.5 lb), depending on your configuration.
Processor (depending on the model)	Processor: Up to two multi-core Intel Xeon processors. <b>Note:</b> Use the Setup utility to determine the type and speed of the processors in the compute node.
	For a list of supported processors, see: http://www.lenovo.com/serverproven/
Memory	<ul> <li>24 dual inline memory module (DIMM) connectors</li> <li>Type: Low-profile (LP) double-data rate (DDR4) DRAM</li> <li>Supports 8 GB, 16 GB, 32 GB and 64 GB DIMMs with up to 1.5 TB of total memory on the system board.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Note: Future support is planned for the 128GB 3DS RDIMM. The total memory on the system board may reach up to 3TB.</li> <li>Support for RDIMMs and LRDIMMs (combining is not supported)</li> </ul>
2.5-inch drive/backplane	<ul> <li>Supports up to two small form factor (SFF) drive bays. Drive bay can be either SATA only, SAS/SATA, or NVMe/SATA, depending on the model.</li> <li>Supported 2.5-inch drives: <ul> <li>Serial Attached SCSI (SAS)/Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA) hot-swap hard disk drives/solid-state drives</li> <li>Non-Volatile Memory Express (NVMe) solid-state drives</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
M.2 drive/backplane	ThinkSystem M.2 with Mirroring Enablement Kit contains dual M.2 backplane supports up to two identical M.2 drives.
	<ul> <li>42 mm (2242)</li> <li>60 mm (2260)</li> <li>80 mm (2280)</li> </ul>
RAID adapter	<ul><li>RAID 530-4i adapter</li><li>RAID 930-4i-2GB adapter</li></ul>
Integrated functions	<ul> <li>One baseboard management controller (BMC) with integrated VGA controller (XClarity Controller or XCC)</li> <li>Light path diagnostics</li> <li>Automatic server restart (ASR)</li> <li>Additional RAID levels supported when an optional RAID controller is installed</li> <li>One external USB 3.0 port</li> <li>Serial over LAN (SOL)</li> <li>Wake on LAN (WOL) when an optional I/O adapter with WOL capability is installed.</li> </ul>
Predictive failure analysis (PFA) alerts	<ul><li>Processors</li><li>Memory</li><li>Drives</li></ul>

Table 3. Specifications (continued)

Specification	Description
Security	Fully compliant with NIST 800-131A. The security cryptography mode set by the managing device (CMM or Lenovo XClarity Administrator) determines the security mode in which the compute node operates.
Environment	<ul> <li>The ThinkSystem SN550 compute node complies with ASHRAE Class A2 specifications. Depending on the hardware configuration, some models comply with ASHRAE Class A3 specifications. System performance may be impacted when operating temperature is outside ASHRAE A2 specification or fan failed condition. The Lenovo ThinkSystem SN550 compute node is supported in the following environment: <ul> <li>Air temperature:</li> <li>Operating:</li> <li>ASHRAE Class A2: 10 °C - 35 °C (50 °F - 95 °F); decrease the maximum ambient temperature by 1 °C for every 300 m (984 ft) increase in altitude above 900 m (2,953 ft)</li> <li>ASHRAE Class A3: 5 °C - 40 °C (41 °F - 104 °F); decrease the maximum ambient temperature by 1 °C for every 175 m (574 ft) increase in altitude above 900 m (2,953 ft)</li> <li>Compute node off: 5°C to 45°C (41°F to 113°F)</li> <li>Shipment/Storage: -40 °C to 60 °C (-40 °F to 140 °F)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Maximum altitude: 3,050 m (10,000 ft)</li> <li>Relative Humidity (non-condensing): <ul> <li>Operating:</li> <li>ASHRAE Class A3: 8% - 80%, maximum dew point: 21°C (70°F)</li> <li>ASHRAE Class A3: 8% - 85%, maximum dew point: 24°C (75°F)</li> <li>Shipment/Storage: 8% - 90%</li> </ul> </li> <li>Particulate contamination</li> <li>Attention: Airborne particulates and reactive gases acting alone or in combination with other environmental factors such as humidity or temperature might pose a risk to the server. For information about the limits for particulates and gases, see "Particulate contamination" on page 122.</li> </ul>

**Notes:** Future support is planned for the single M.2 backplane function in the UEFI Setup page. Currently, users are unable to enable this functionality. This functionality is found in the following paths in the UEFI setup page.

- F1 Setup → System Settings → Device and I/O Ports → Enable/Disable Onboard Device(s)
- F1 Setup → System Settings → Device and I/O Ports → Enable/Disable Adapter Option ROM Support
- F1 Setup → System Settings → Device and I/O Ports → Set Option ROM Execution Order

### **Firmware updates**

Several options are available to update the firmware for the server.

You can use the tools listed here to update the most current firmware for your server and the devices that are installed in the server.

**Note:** Lenovo typically releases firmware in bundles called UpdateXpress System Packs (UXSPs). To ensure that all of the firmware updates are compatible, you should update all firmware at the same time. If you are updating firmware for both the Lenovo XClarity Controller and UEFI, update the firmware for Lenovo XClarity Controller first.

#### Important terminology

- **In-band update**. The installation or update is performed using a tool or application within an operating system that is executing on the server's core CPU.
- **Out-of-band update**. The installation or update is performed by the Lenovo XClarity Controller collecting the update and then directing the update to the target subsystem or device. Out-of-band updates have no dependency on an operating system executing on the core CPU. However, most out-of-band operations do require the server to be in the S0 (Working) power state.
- **On-Target update.** The installation or update is initiated from an Operating System executing on the server's operating system.
- **Off-Target update.** The installation or update is initiated from a computing device interacting directly with the server's Lenovo XClarity Controller.
- UpdateXpress System Packs (UXSPs). UXSPs are bundled updates designed and tested to provide the interdependent level of functionality, performance, and compatibility. UXSPs are server machine-type specific and are built (with firmware and device driver updates) to support specific Windows Server, Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) and SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) operating system distributions. Machine-type-specific firmware-only UXSPs are also available.

See the following table to determine the best Lenovo tool to use for installing and setting up the firmware:

Tool	In-band update	Out-of- band update	On- target update	Off- target update	Graphical user interface	Command- line interface	Supports UXSPs
Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$
Limited to core system firmware only.							
Lenovo XClarity Controller		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Supports core system firmware and most advanced I/O option firmware updates							
Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Supports all core system firmware, I/O firmware, and installed operating system driver updates							

Tool	In-band update	Out-of- band update	On- target update	Off- target update	Graphical user interface	Command- line interface	Supports UXSPs
Lenovo XClarity Essentials UpdateXpress	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$
Supports all core system firmware, I/O firmware, and installed operating system driver updates							
Lenovo XClarity Administrator	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Supports core system firmware and I/O firmware updates							

The latest firmware can be found at the following site:

http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/products/servers/thinksystem/sn550/7X16/downloads

#### Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager

From Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager, you can update the Lenovo XClarity Controller firmware, the UEFI firmware, and the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager software.

**Note:** By default, the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager Graphical User Interface is displayed when you press F1. If you have changed that default to be the text-based system setup, you can bring up the Graphical User Interface from the text-based system setup interface.

Additional information about using Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to update firmware is available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/LXPM/platform\_update.html

#### Lenovo XClarity Controller

If you need to install a specific update, you can use the Lenovo XClarity Controller interface for a specific server.

#### Notes:

 To perform an in-band update through Windows or Linux, the operating system driver must be installed and the Ethernet-over-USB (sometimes called LAN over USB) interface must be enabled.

Additional information about configuring Ethernet over USB is available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/NN1ia\_c\_ configuringUSB.html

- If you update firmware through the Lenovo XClarity Controller, make sure that you have downloaded and installed the latest device drivers for the operating system that is running on the server.

Specific details about updating firmware using Lenovo XClarity Controller are available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/NN1ia\_c\_ manageserverfirmware.html

#### Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI

Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI is a collection of command line applications that can be used to manage Lenovo servers. Its update application can be used to update firmware and device drivers for your servers. The update can be performed within the host operating system of the server (in-band) or remotely through the BMC of the server (out-of-band).

Specific details about updating firmware using Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI is available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/toolsctr\_cli\_lenovo/onecli\_c\_update.html

#### Lenovo XClarity Essentials UpdateXpress

Lenovo XClarity Essentials UpdateXpress provides most of OneCLI update functions through a graphical user interface (GUI). It can be used to acquire and deploy UpdateXpress System Pack (UXSP) update packages and individual updates. UpdateXpress System Packs contain firmware and device driver updates for Microsoft Windows and for Linux.

You can obtain Lenovo XClarity Essentials UpdateXpress from the following location:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/solutions/ht503692

#### Lenovo XClarity Administrator

If you are managing multiple servers using the Lenovo XClarity Administrator, you can update firmware for all managed servers through that interface. Firmware management is simplified by assigning firmwarecompliance policies to managed endpoints. When you create and assign a compliance policy to managed endpoints, Lenovo XClarity Administrator monitors changes to the inventory for those endpoints and flags any endpoints that are out of compliance.

Specific details about updating firmware using Lenovo XClarity Administrator are available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.lxca.doc/update\_fw.html

### Configuring the LAN over USB interface manually

To perform a firmware update through the operating system using Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI, the Lenovo XClarity Controller must be configured to use the LAN over USB interface. The firmware update package attempts to perform the setup automatically, if needed. If the automatic setup fails or if you prefer to set up the LAN over USB manually, use one of the following procedures.

Additional information about using the Lenovo XClarity Controller to enable LAN over USB is available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/NN1ia\_c\_ configuringUSB.html

### Installing the LAN over USB Windows device driver

When you install a Windows operating system, there might be an unknown RNDIS device in the Device Manager. Lenovo provides a Windows INF file that identifies this device.

Complete the following steps to install ibm\_rndis\_server\_os.inf:

**Note:** You only have to perform these steps if the compute node is running a Windows operating system and the ibm\_rndis\_server\_os.inf file has not been previously installed. The file only has to be installed once. It is required by Windows operating systems to detect and use the LAN over USB functionality.

- Step 1. Click Administrative Tools → Computer Management → Device Manager and find the RNDIS Device. Click Properties → Driver → Reinstall driver. Point the server to the \Windows\inf directory where it can find the ibm\_rndis\_server\_os.inf file and install the device.
- Step 2. Click Administrative Tools → Device Manager. Right-click Network adapters and select Scan for hardware changes. A small pop-up confirms that the Ethernet device is found and installed. The New Hardware Wizard starts automatically.

- Step 3. When you are prompted Can Windows connect to Windows Update to search for software?, select **No**, **not this time**. Click **Next** to continue.
- Step 4. When you are prompted What do you want the wizard to do?, select **Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)**. Click **Next** to continue.
- Step 5. When you are prompted Please choose your search and installation options, select **Don't search. I** will choose the driver to install. Click **Next** to continue.
- Step 6. When you are prompted Select a hardware type, and then click Next, select **Network adapters**. Click **Next** to continue.
- Step 7. When you are prompted with the statement Completing the Found New Hardware Wizard, click Finish. A new local area connection appears. If the message This connection has limited or no connectivity is displayed, ignore this message.
- Step 8. Return to the Device Manager. Lenovo USB Remote NDIS Network Device appears under Network Adapters.
- Step 9. Use the Lenovo XClarity Controller interface to view or set the IP address for the LAN adapter.

Additional information about using the Lenovo XClarity Controller to configure LAN over USB is available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/NN1ia\_c\_ configuringUSB.html

### **Tech Tips**

Lenovo continually updates the support website with the latest tips and techniques that you can use to solve issues that you might have with your compute node. These Tech Tips (also called retain tips or service bulletins) provide procedures to work around issues related to the operation of your compute node.

To find the Tech Tips available for your compute node:

- 1. Go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com and navigate to the support page for your compute node.
- 2. Click How-tos & Solutions.

Expand **Symptom** to choose a category for the type is problem that you are having.

### **Security advisories**

Lenovo is committed to developing products and services that adhere to the highest security standards in order to protect our customers and their data. When potential vulnerabilities are reported, it is the responsibility of the Lenovo Product Security Incident Response Team (PSIRT) to investigate and provide information to our customers so they may put mitigation plans in place as we work toward providing solutions.

The list of current advisories is available at the following site:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/product\_security/home

### Power on the compute node

Use this information for details about power on the compute node.

After you connect the compute node to power through the Lenovo Flex System chassis, the compute node can be started in any of the following ways.

**Important:** If an Attention label is on the front panel of the compute node above the power button, read it; then, remove the label and discard it before turning on the compute node.

- You can press the power button on the front of the compute node to start the compute node. The power button works only if local power control is enabled for the compute node. Local power control is enabled and disabled through the CMM **power** command and the CMM web interface.
  - For more information about the CMM power command, see the Flex System Chassis Management Module: Command-Line Interface Reference Guide at http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/ com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cli\_command\_power.html.
  - From the CMM web interface, select Compute Nodes from the Chassis Management menu. For more information, see the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: User's Guide" at http:// flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_user\_guide.html. All fields and options are described in the CMM web interface online help.

#### Notes:

- 1. Wait until the power LED on the compute node flashes slowly before you press the power button. While the Lenovo XClarity Controller in the compute node is initializing and synchronizing with the Chassis Management Module, the power LED flashes rapidly, and the power button on the compute node does not respond. The time required for a compute node to initialize varies by system configuration; however, the power LED blink rate slows when the compute node is ready to be turned on.
- 2. While the compute node is starting, the power LED on the front of the compute node is lit and does not flash.
- If a power failure occurs, the Lenovo Flex System chassis and the compute node can be configured through the CMM **power** command and the CMM web interface to start automatically when power is restored.
  - For more information about the CMM power command, see the Flex System Chassis Management Module: Command-Line Interface Reference Guide at http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/ com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cli\_command\_power.html.
  - From the CMM web interface, select Compute Nodes from the Chassis Management menu. For more information, see the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: User's Guide" at http:// flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_user\_guide.html. All fields and options are described in the CMM web interface online help.
- You can turn on the compute node through the CMM **power** command, the CMM web interface and the Lenovo XClarity Administrator application (if installed).
  - For more information about the CMM power command, see the Flex System Chassis Management Module: Command-Line Interface Reference Guide at http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/ com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cli\_command\_power.html.
  - From the CMM web interface, select Compute Nodes from the Chassis Management menu. For more information, see the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: User's Guide" at http:// flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_user\_guide.html. All fields and options are described in the CMM web interface online help.
  - For more information about the Lenovo XClarity Administrator application, see https://support.lenovo. com/us/en/ documents/LNVO-XCLARIT.
- You can turn on the compute node through the Wake on LAN (WOL) feature when an optional I/O adapter with WOL capability is installed. The compute node must be connected to power (the power LED is flashing slowly) and must be communicating with the Chassis Management Module. The operating system must support the Wake on LAN feature, and the Wake on LAN feature must be enabled through the Chassis Management Module interface.

### Power off the compute node

Use this information for details about turning off the compute node.

When you turn off the compute node, it is still connected to power through the Lenovo Flex System chassis. The compute node can respond to requests from the XClarity Controller, such as a remote request to turn on the compute node. To remove all power from the compute node, you must remove it from the Lenovo Flex System chassis.

Before you turn off the compute node, shut down the operating system. See the operating-system documentation for information about shutting down the operating system.

The compute node can be turned off in any of the following ways:

- You can press the power button on the compute node. This starts an orderly shutdown of the operating system, if this feature is supported by the operating system.
- If the operating system stops functioning, you can press and hold the power button for more than four seconds to turn off the compute node.

**Attention:** Pressing the power button for 4 seconds forces the operating system to shut down immediately. Data loss is possible.

- You can turn off the compute node through the CMM **power** command, the CMM web interface and the Lenovo XClarity Administrator application (if installed).
  - For more information about the CMM power command, see the Flex System Chassis Management Module: Command-Line Interface Reference Guide at http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/ com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cli\_command\_power.html.
  - From the CMM web interface, select Compute Nodes from the Chassis Management menu. For more information, see the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: User's Guide" at http:// flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_user\_guide.html. All fields and options are described in the CMM web interface online help.
  - For more information about the Lenovo XClarity Administrator application, see https://support.lenovo. com/us/en/ documents/LNVO-XCLARIT.

## Chapter 2. Compute node components

Use the information in this section to learn about each of the components associated with your compute node.

### Power, controls, and indicators

Use this information to view power features, turn on and turn off the compute node, and view the functions of the controls and indicators.

### Compute node controls, connectors, and LEDs

Use this information for details about the controls, connectors, and LEDs.

The following illustration identifies the buttons, connectors, and LEDs on the control panel.



Figure 3. Compute node control panel buttons, connectors, and LEDs

Table 4. Compute node control panel buttons, connectors, and LEDs

■ USB 3.0 connector	Power button/LED (green)
2 KVM connector	Identification LED
B Drive activity LED (green)	■ Fault LED (yellow)
4 Drive status LED (yellow)	8 USB management button

#### USB 3.0 connector

Connect a USB device to this USB 3.0 connector.

**Note:** It is best practice to connect a USB device to the front of only one compute node at a time in each Lenovo Flex System chassis.

#### 2 KVM connector

Connect the console breakout cable to this connector (see "KVM cable" on page 16 for more information).

**Attention:** Use only the console breakout cable that comes with the chassis. Attempting to connect other console breakout cable types might damage the console breakout cable and the compute node.

**Note:** It is best practice to connect the console breakout cable to only one compute node at a time in each Lenovo Flex System chassis.

#### **Drive activity LED (green)**

Green LEDs are on all hot swap drives. When this green LED is lit, it indicates that there is activity on the associated hard disk drive or solid-state drive.

- When this LED is flashing, it indicates that the drive is actively reading or writing data.
- For SAS and SATA drives, this LED is off when the drive is powered but not active.
- For NVMe (PCIe) SSDs, this LED is on solid when the drive is powered but not active.

**Note:** The drive activity LED might be in a different location on the front of the drive, depending on the drive type that is installed.

#### 4 Drive status LED (yellow)

The state of this yellow LED indicates an error condition or the RAID status of the associated hard disk drive or solid-state drive:

- When the yellow LED is lit continuously, it indicates that an error has occurred with the associated drive. The LED turns off only after the error is corrected. You can check the CMM event log to determine the source of the condition.
- When the yellow LED flashes slowly, it indicates that the associated drive is being rebuilt.
- When the yellow LED flashes rapidly, it indicates that the associated drive is being located.

**Note:** The hard disk drive status LED might be in a different location on the front of the hard disk drive, depending on the drive type that is installed.

#### Power button/LED (green)

When the compute node is connected to power through the Lenovo Flex System chassis, press this button to turn on or turn off the compute node.

**Note:** The power button works only if local power control is enabled for the compute node. Local power control is enabled and disabled through the CMM **power** command and the CMM web interface.

- For more information about the CMM **power** command, see the *Flex System Chassis Management Module: Command-Line Interface Reference Guide* at http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cli\_command\_power.html.
- From the CMM web interface, select **Compute Nodes** from the **Chassis Management** menu. For more information, see the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: User's Guide" at http:// flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_user\_guide.html. All fields and options are described in the CMM web interface online help.

After the compute node is removed from the chassis, press and hold this button to activate the systemboard LEDs (light path diagnostics). See "Viewing the light path diagnostics LEDs" on page 97 for more information.

This button is also the power LED. This green LED indicates the power status of the compute node:

- Flashing rapidly (Four times per second): The LED flashes rapidly for one of the following reasons:
  - The compute node has been installed in a powered chassis. When you install the compute node, the LED flashes rapidly while the XClarity Controller in the compute node is initializing and synchronizing with the Chassis Management Module. The time required for a compute node to initialize varies by system configuration.
  - Power permissions have not been assigned to the compute node through the Chassis Management Module.
  - The Lenovo Flex System chassis does not have enough power to turn on the compute node.
  - The XClarity Controller in the compute node is not communicating with the Chassis Management Module.

The power LED blink rate slows when the compute node is ready to be turned on.

• Flashing slowly (One time per second): The compute node is connected to power through the Lenovo Flex System chassis and is ready to be turned on.

• Lit continuously: The compute node is connected to power through the Lenovo Flex System chassis and is turned on.

When the compute node is on, pressing this button causes an orderly shutdown of the compute node so that it can be removed safely from the chassis. This includes shutting down the operating system (if possible) and removing power from the compute node.

**Attention:** If an operating system is running, you might have to press the button for approximately 4 seconds to initiate the shutdown. This forces the operating system to shut down immediately. Data loss is possible.

#### **6** Identification LED (blue)

The system administrator can remotely light this blue LED to aid in visually locating the compute node. When this LED is lit, the identification LED on the Lenovo Flex System chassis is also lit. The identification LED can be lit and turned off through the CMM **led** command, the CMM web interface and the Lenovo XClarity Administrator application (if installed).

- For more information about the CMM **led** command, see the *Flex System Chassis Management Module: Command-Line Interface Reference Guide* at http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/ com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cli\_command\_led.html.
- From the CMM web interface, select **Compute Nodes** from the **Chassis Management** menu. For more information, see the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: User's Guide" at http:// flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_user\_guide.html. All fields and options are described in the CMM web interface online help.
- For more information about the Lenovo XClarity Administrator application, see https://support.lenovo. com/us/en/ documents/LNVO-XCLARIT.

#### Fault LED (yellow)

When this yellow LED is lit, it indicates that a system error has occurred in the compute node. In addition, the fault LED on the chassis system LED panel is lit. You can check the CMM event log and the light path diagnostics LEDs to determine the source of the condition. See "Light path diagnostics LEDs" on page 99 for more information about the LEDs on the compute node.

The fault LED turns off only after the error is corrected.

**Note:** When the fault LED turns off, you should also clear the XClarity Controller event log. Use the Setup utility to clear the XClarity Controller event log.

#### **B** USB management button

Enables the USB port for system management.

Note: When enabling the USB port for system management, do not insert USB 3. 0 devices.

### System-board layout

Use this information to locate the connectors, LEDs, and switches on the system board.

#### System-board connectors

Use this information to locate compute node system-board components and connectors for optional devices.

The following illustration shows the system-board components, including connectors for user-installable optional devices, in the compute node.



Figure 4. System-board connectors

DIMM slots 13–18	I/O expansion 2 connector
Processor socket 2	DIMM slots 7–12
DIMM slots 1–6	ID DIMM slots 19–24
Processor socket 1	Switch blocks
I/O expansion 1 connector	12 CMOS battery - CR2032
6 Fabric connector socket	Light path diagnostics
Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM) connector	14 M.2 backplane connector
IS Storage backplane connector	

### System-board switches

Use this information to locate the system-board switches.

The following illustration shows the location of the switch blocks on the system board.

#### Important:

- 1. Before you change any switch settings or move any jumpers, turn off the compute node; then, disconnect all power cords and external cables. Review the information in http://thinksystem.lenovofiles. com/help/topic/safety\_documentation/pdf\_files.html, "Installation Guidelines" on page 21, "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 23, and "Power on the compute node" on page 8.
- 2. Any system-board switch or jumper block that is not shown in the illustrations in this document are reserved.



#### Figure 5. System board switches

Table 6. System board switches

1 SW5 switch block	4 SW3 switch block
2 SW8 switch block	SW2 switch block
B SW1 switch block	

Note: Any system-board switches or jumpers that are not described in this section are reserved.

Switch and jumper functions are as follows:

- All jumpers on the system board are reserved and should be removed.
- The following table describes the functions of the switches on switch block SW5.

#### Table 7. System-board switch block SW1

Switch number Description		Definition		
SW1-1	ME recovery	ME boots to recovery		
SW1-2	ME firmware security override	For debug only.		
SW1-3	Power permission	Changing this switch to the on position enables Power On		
SW1-4	BMC reset	Changing this switch to the on position forces the compute node to reset the BMC.		

• The following table describes the functions of the switches on switch block SW5.

 Table 8. System-board switch block SW5

Switch number	Description	Definition
SW5-1	Password override	The default position is Off. Changing this switch to the On position overrides the power-on password.
SW5-2	Trusted Platform Module (TPM) physical presence	The default position is Off. Changing this switch to the On position indicates a physical presence to the TPM.

Table 8. System-board switch block SW5 (continued)

Switch number Description		Definition	
SW5-3 Real time clock (RTC) reset		The default position is Off. Changing this switch to the On position resets the RTC. A momentary toggle is all that is required. To avoid excessive CMOS battery drain, do not leave this switch in the On position.	
SW5-4	Serial select	The default position is Off (send the serial input output (SIO) to the front serial port). Changing this switch to the On position sends the BMC to the serial port.	

• The following table describes the functions of the switches on switch block SW8.

Table 9.	System-board switch block SW8
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Switch number Description		Definition	
SW8-1	Boot backup XClarity Controller	When the switch is in the default Off position, the compute node will boot by using the primary XClarity Controller firmware. When the switch is in the On position, the compute node will boot by using a backup of the XClarity Controller firmware.	
SW8-2	Boot backup UEFI	The default position is Off. Changing this switch to the On position forces the compute node to boot from the backup UEFI image.	
SW8-3	iBMC force update	The default position is Off. Changing this switch to the On position bypasses the operational firmware image and performs a BMC firmware update, if the normal firmware update procedure results in an inoperative BMC. <b>Note:</b> Use this switch only if the normal firmware update procedure fails and the operational firmware image is corrupted. Use of this switch disables normal baseboard management controller operation.	
SW8-4	Wake on LAN (WOL) disable	Changing this switch to the On position disables WOL.	

### **KVM** cable

Use this information for details about the KVM cable.

Use the KVM cable to connect external I/O devices to the compute node. The KVM cable connects through the KVM connector (see "Compute node controls, connectors, and LEDs" on page 11). The console breakout cable has connectors for a display device (video), two USB 2.0 connectors for a USB keyboard and mouse, and a serial interface connector.

The following illustration identifies the connectors and components on the KVM cable.



Figure 6. Connectors and components on the KVM cable

Table 10. Connectors and components on the KVM cable

Serial connector	4 Video connector (blue)	
2 Captive screws	<b>I</b> USB 2.0 ports (2)	
B to KVM connector		

### **Parts list**

Use the parts list to identify each of the components that are available for your compute node.

For more information about ordering the parts shown in Figure 7 "Compute node components" on page 18:

- 1. Go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com and navigate to the support page for your compute node.
- 2. Click Service Parts.
- 3. Enter the serial number to view a listing of parts for your compute node.

Note: Depending on the model, your compute node might look slightly different from the illustration.



Figure 7. Compute node components

The parts listed in the following table are identified as one of the following:

- **Tier 1 customer replaceable unit (CRU):** Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If Lenovo installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request with no service agreement, you will be charged for the installation.
- **Tier 2 customer replaceable unit:** You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request Lenovo to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.
- Field replaceable unit (FRU): FRUs must be installed only by trained service technicians.
- **Consumable and Structural parts:** Purchase and replacement of consumable and structural parts (components, such as a cover or bezel) is your responsibility. If Lenovo acquires or installs a structural component at your request, you will be charged for the service.

Table 11. Parts listing

Index	Description	Consumable and Structural part	Tier 1 CRU	Tier 2 CRU	FRU
<ul> <li>For more information about ordering the parts shown in Figure 7 "Compute node components" on page 18:</li> <li>1. Go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com and navigate to the support page for your compute node.</li> <li>2. Click Service Parts.</li> <li>3. Enter the serial number to view a listing of parts for your compute node.</li> </ul>					
1	Compute node cover	$\checkmark$			
2	Processor heat sink filler	$\checkmark$			
3	I/O expansion adapter		$\checkmark$		
4	Trusted Cryptographic Module				$\checkmark$
6	Air baffle	$\checkmark$			
6	Fabric connector		$\checkmark$		
7	Memory module		$\checkmark$		
8	M.2 backplane		$\checkmark$		
9	Drive bay filler	$\checkmark$			
10	2.5-inch drive		$\checkmark$		
11	RAID adapter		$\checkmark$		
12	Storage cage	$\checkmark$			
13	2.5-inch drive backplane		$\checkmark$		
14	Processor 2, heat sink, and clip assembly				$\checkmark$
15	Processor 1, heat sink, and clip assembly				$\checkmark$
16	System board				$\checkmark$

## Chapter 3. Hardware replacement procedures

This section provides installation and removal procedures for all serviceable system components. Each component replacement procedure references any tasks that need to be performed to gain access to the component being replaced.

For more information about ordering parts:

- 1. Go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com and navigate to the support page for your compute node.
- 2. Click Service Parts.
- 3. Enter the serial number to view a listing of parts for your compute node.

**Note:** If you replace a part, such as an adapter, that contains firmware, you might also need to update the firmware for that part. For more information about updating firmware, see "Firmware updates" on page 4.

### **Installation Guidelines**

Before installing components in your server, read the installation guidelines.

Before installing optional devices, read the following notices carefully:

**Attention:** Prevent exposure to static electricity, which might lead to system halt and loss of data, by keeping static-sensitive components in their static-protective packages until installation, and handling these devices with an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system.

- Read the safety information and guidelines to ensure that you work safely.
  - A complete list of safety information for all products is available at:
  - http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/safety\_documentation/pdf\_files.html
  - The following guidelines are available as well: "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 23 and "Working inside the server with the power on" on page 22.
- Make sure the components you are installing are supported by the server. For a list of supported optional components for the server, see http://www.lenovo.com/serverproven/.
- When you install a new server, download and apply the latest firmware. This will help ensure that any known issues are addressed, and that your server is ready to work with optimal performance. Go to ThinkSystem SN550 Drivers and Software to download firmware updates for your server.

**Important:** Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the component is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

- Before you remove a compute node from the Flex System chassis, you must shut down the operating system and turn off the compute node. You do not have to shut down the chassis itself.
- It is good practice to make sure that the server is working correctly before you install an optional component.
- Keep the working area clean, and place removed components on a flat and smooth surface that does not shake or tilt.
- Do not attempt to lift an object that might be too heavy for you. If you have to lift a heavy object, read the following precautions carefully:
  - Make sure that you can stand steadily without slipping.
  - Distribute the weight of the object equally between your feet.

- Use a slow lifting force. Never move suddenly or twist when you lift a heavy object.
- To avoid straining the muscles in your back, lift by standing or by pushing up with your leg muscles.
- Back up all important data before you make changes related to the disk drives.
- Have a small flat-blade screwdriver, a small Phillips screwdriver, and a T8 torx screwdriver available.
- To view the error LEDs on the system board and internal components, leave the power on.
- You do not have to turn off the server to remove or install hot-swap power supplies, hot-swap fans, or hotplug USB devices. However, you must turn off the server before you perform any steps that involve removing or installing adapter cables, and you must disconnect the power source from the server before you perform any steps that involve removing or installing a riser card.
- Blue on a component indicates touch points, where you can grip to remove a component from or install it in the server, open or close a latch, and so on.
- The Red strip on the drives, adjacent to the release latch, indicates that the drive can be hot-swapped if the server and operating system support hot-swap capability. This means that you can remove or install the drive while the server is still running.

**Note:** See the system specific instructions for removing or installing a hot-swap drive for any additional procedures that you might need to perform before you remove or install the drive.

• After finishing working on the server, make sure you reinstall all safety shields, guards, labels, and ground wires.

### System reliability guidelines

The system reliability guidelines to ensure proper system cooling.

To help ensure proper system cooling and system reliability, make sure that the following requirements are met:

- Each of the drive bays has a drive or a filler panel and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) shield installed in it.
- Each of the power-supply bays has a power supply or a filler installed in it.
- If the server has redundant power, each of the power-supply bays has a power supply installed in it.
- There is adequate space around the server to allow the server cooling system to work properly. Leave approximately 50 mm (2.0 in.) of open space around the front and rear of the server. Do not place objects in front of the fans. For proper cooling and airflow, replace the server cover before you turn on the server. Operating the server for extended periods of time (more than 30 minutes) with the server cover removed might damage server components.
- You do not operate the server without the air baffle installed. Operating the server without the air baffle might cause the processor to overheat.
- Processor socket 2 always contains either a socket cover or a processor and heat sink.
- You have installed the fifth and sixth fans when you installed the second processor option.

### Working inside the server with the power on

You might need to keep the power on with the server cover removed to look at system information on the display panel or to replace hot-swap components. Review these guidelines before doing so.

**Attention:** The server might stop and loss of data might occur when internal server components are exposed to static electricity. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding systems when working inside the server with the power on.

• Avoid loose-fitting clothing, particularly around your forearms. Button or roll up long sleeves before working inside the server.

- Prevent your necktie, scarf, badge rope, or long hair from dangling into the server.
- Remove jewelry, such as bracelets, necklaces, rings, cuff links, and wrist watches.
- Remove items from your shirt pocket, such as pens and pencils, in case they fall into the server as you lean over it.
- Avoid dropping any metallic objects, such as paper clips, hairpins, and screws, into the server.

### Handling static-sensitive devices

Review these guidelines before you handle static-sensitive devices to reduce the possibility of damage from electrostatic discharge.

**Attention:** Prevent exposure to static electricity, which might lead to system halt and loss of data, by keeping static-sensitive components in their static-protective packages until installation, and handling these devices with an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system.

- Limit your movement to prevent building up static electricity around you.
- Take additional care when handling devices during cold weather, for heating would reduce indoor humidity and increase static electricity.
- Always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system, particularly when working inside the server with the power on.
- While the device is still in its static-protective package, touch it to an unpainted metal surface on the outside of the server for at least two seconds. This drains static electricity from the package and from your body.
- Remove the device from the package and install it directly into the server without putting it down. If it is necessary to put the device down, put it back into the static-protective package. Never place the device on the server or on any metal surface.
- When handling a device, carefully hold it by the edges or the frame.
- Do not touch solder joints, pins, or exposed circuitry.
- Keep the device from others' reach to prevent possible damages.

### Returning a device or component

If you are instructed to return a device or component, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

### Updating the compute node configuration

Use this information to update the compute node configuration.

When the compute node starts for the first time after you add or remove an internal device, you might receive a message that the configuration has changed. See the *Lenovo ThinkSystem SN550 Type 7X16 Setup Guide* for more information.

Some devices have device drivers that you must install. See the documentation that comes with each device for information about installing device drivers.

The compute node operates as a symmetric multiprocessing (SMP) compute node, regardless of how many processors are installed. For optimum performance, you must upgrade the operating system to support SMP. See your operating-system documentation for additional information.

### Compute node replacement

Use the following procedures to remove and install the compute node from a chassis.

<u>S021</u>



#### CAUTION:

Hazardous energy is present when the blade is connected to the power source. Always replace the blade cover before installing the blade.

### Remove the compute node from the chassis

Use this information to remove the compute node from the Lenovo Flex System chassis.

Before you remove the compute node:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Record the serial number for each node bay.

To remove the compute node from the chassis, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 8. Compute node removal from chassis

Step 1. Pull the front handle as shown in the illustration. The compute node moves out of the node bay approximately 0.6 cm (0.25 inch).

#### Attention:

- To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the Lenovo Flex System chassis without a compute node or node bay filler installed in each node bay.
- When you remove the compute node, note the node bay number. Reinstalling a compute node into a different node bay from the one it was removed from can have unintended consequences. Some configuration information and update options are established according to the node bay

number. If you reinstall the compute node into a different node bay, you might have to reconfigure the compute node.

- Step 2. Pull the compute node out of the node bay using both hands.
- Step 3. Install either a node bay filler or another compute node in the node bay within 1 minute.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

### Install the compute node in the chassis

Use this information to install the compute node in the chassis.

Before you install the compute node in the chassis, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To install the compute node in a chassis, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 9. Compute node installation in chassis

Step 1. Select the node bay.

#### Notes:

- If you are reinstalling a compute node that you removed, you must install it in the same node bay from which you removed it. Some compute node configuration information and update options are established according to node bay number. Reinstalling a compute node into a different node bay can have unintended consequences. If you reinstall the compute node into a different node bay, you might have to reconfigure the compute node.
- 2. To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the Lenovo Flex System chassis without a compute node, or node bay filler in each node bay.
- Step 2. Make sure that the front handle on the compute node is in the fully open position.
- Step 3. Slide the compute node into the node bay until it stops.
- Step 4. Push the front handle on the front of the compute node to the closed position.

**Note:** After the compute node is installed, the Lenovo XClarity Controller in the compute node initializes and synchronizes with the Chassis Management Module. The time required for a compute node to initialize varies by system configuration. The power LED flashes rapidly; the

power button on the compute node does not respond until the power LED flashes slowly, indicating that the initialization process is complete.

Step 5. Turn on the compute node.

**Important:** If an Attention label is on the front panel of the compute node above the power button, read it; then, remove the label and discard it before turning on the compute node.

- Step 6. Make sure that the power LED on the compute node control panel is lit continuously, indicating that the compute node is receiving power and is turned on.
- Step 7. If you have other compute nodes to install, do so now.

If this is the initial installation of the compute node in the chassis, you must configure the compute node through the Setup utility and install the compute node operating system. See the *Setup Guide* of the Lenovo ThinkSystem SN550 Type 7X16 compute node for details.

If you have changed the configuration of the compute node or if you are installing a different compute node from the one that you removed, you must configure the compute node through the Setup utility, and you might have to install the compute node operating system. See the *Setup Guide* of the Lenovo ThinkSystem SN550 Type 7X16 compute node for details.

- For instructions related to the Flex System Enterprise chassis, see http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/ topic/com.lenovo.acc.8721.doc/installing\_components.html.
- For instructions related to the Flex System Carrier-Grade chassis, see http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/ help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.7385.doc/installing\_components.html.

### 2.5-inch hot-swap drive replacement

Use the following information to remove and install a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive.

### Remove a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive

Use this information to remove a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive.

Before you remove a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive, complete the following steps:

- 1. Back up all important data before you make changes to the drives.
- 2. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 3. If one or more NVMe solid-state drives are to be removed, it is recommended to disable them beforehand via the operating system.

To remove a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 10. 2.5-inch hot-swap drive removal

- Step 1. Press the release latch on the drive to release the drive handle.
- Step 2. Pull the release handle to remove the drive from the bay.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

### Install a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive

Use this information to install a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive.

Before you install a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

The compute node has two 2.5-inch drive bays for installing hot-swap drives. One drive might already be installed in the compute node. If the compute node is equipped with one drive, you can install an additional drive. RAID level-0 (striping) can be configured on a compute node with a single drive installed. A minimum of two disk drives of the same interface type must be installed to implement and manage RAID level-1 (mirroring) arrays. See the *Lenovo ThinkSystem SN550 Type 7X16 Setup Guide* for more information.

To install a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 11. 2.5-inch hot-swap drive installation

- Step 1. Identify the drive bay in which you plan to install the hot-swap drive.
- Step 2. If a drive bay filler is installed, remove it from the compute node by pulling the release lever and sliding the filler away from the compute node.
- Step 3. Touch the static-protective package that contains the hot-swap drive to any *unpainted* metal surface on the Lenovo Flex System chassis or any *unpainted* metal surface on any other grounded rack component; then, remove the drive from the package.
- Step 4. Open the release lever on the hot-swap drive and slide the drive into the bay until the lever catches on the bezel, then rotate the handle to fully seat the drive.
- Step 5. Lock the drive into place by closing the release lever.
- Step 6. Check the drive status LEDs to make sure that the drive is operating correctly.

### 2.5-inch drive backplane replacement

Use the following information to remove and install a 2.5-inch drive backplane.

### Remove the 2.5-inch drive backplane

Use this information to remove the 2.5-inch drive backplane.

Before you remove the 2.5-inch drive backplane, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

Notes:
- Several different types of 2.5-inch drive backplanes can be installed in the compute node. For example, some 2.5-inch drive backplanes come with a lever, while others don't (refer to the illustrations below). All are removed and installed in a similar manner.
- See the documentation that comes with an optional drive backplane for device-specific information and information about removing other components that might be included as part of the option.
- If necessary, remove the RAID adapter to more easily access the drive backplane. (see "Remove a RAID adapter" on page 78).

To remove the 2.5-inch drive backplane, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 12. 2.5-inch drive backplane removal

- Step 1. Remove any drive bay fillers; then, pull the drives out slightly from the bays to disengage them from the backplane.
- Step 2. Lift out the 2.5-inch drive backplane.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

# Install a 2.5-inch drive backplane

Use this information to install a 2.5-inch drive backplane.

Before you install a 2.5-inch drive backplane:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

#### Notes:

• Several different types of 2.5-inch drive backplanes can be installed in the compute node. For example, some 2.5-inch drive backplanes come with a lever, while others don't (refer to the illustrations below). All are removed and installed in a similar manner.

• See the documentation that comes with an optional 2.5-inch drive backplane for device-specific information and information about installing other components that might be included as part of the option or about other components or modules that must be installed to use the option. For example, some optional 2.5-inch drive backplanes might require installation of a second processor.

To install a 2.5-inch drive backplane, complete the following steps:

- Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:
- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 13. 2.5-inch drive backplane installation

Step 1. Align the backplane with the storage cage and the connector on the system board and press the backplane into position until it is fully seated in the connector.

**Note:** All 2.5-inch drive backplanes use the same connector on the system board; however, there are two alignment slots in the storage cage to accommodate different backplane types. Make sure that you align the backplane and system board connectors when inserting the backplane in the storage cage.

After you install the 2.5-inch drive backplane, complete the following steps:

- 1. If the RAID adapter was removed, install it now. (see "Install a RAID adapter" on page 79).
- 2. Install any removed storage drives and drive bay fillers (see "Install a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive" on page 27).

Note: Install any storage drives in the same bay locations as from which they were removed.

- 3. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 4. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 5. Power on the compute node.

### Air baffle replacement

Use the following information to remove and install the air baffle.

#### <u>S012</u>



#### CAUTION: Hot surface nearby.

# Remove the air baffle

Use this information to remove the air baffle.

Before removing the air baffle:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

To remove the air baffle, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 14. Air baffle removal

Step 1. Lift the air baffle up and set it aside.

**Attention:** For proper cooling and airflow, reinstall the air baffle before you turn on the compute node. Operating the compute node with the air baffle removed might damage compute node components.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

# Install the air baffle

Use this information to install the air baffle.

Before you install the air baffle, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To install the air baffle, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 15. Air baffle installation

Step 1. Align the air baffle pins with the pin holes on both sides of the chassis; then, lower the air baffle into the compute node. Press the air baffle down until it is securely seated.

Note: Close the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector before installing the air baffle.

After you install the air baffle, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 2. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 3. Power on the compute node.

### Adapter-retention assembly replacement

Use the following information to remove and install the adapter-retention assembly.

# Remove the adapter-retention assembly

Use this information to remove the adapter-retention assembly.

Before you remove the adapter-retention assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

The adapter-retention assembly consists of 12 separate parts. You can replace only the parts that you choose and save the unused parts for future use.

To remove the adapter-retention assembly, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 16. Adapter-retention assembly removal

- Step 1. Remove the air baffle (see "Remove the air baffle" on page 31).
- Step 2. If necessary, remove the I/O expansion adapters (see "Remove an I/O expansion adapter" on page 57).
- Step 3. Carefully place the compute node on its side, making sure the protruding part of the handle is at the top.

**Attention:** If you place the compute node on its side, with the protruding part of the handle at the bottom, the compute node will not be stable and might fall over.

Step 4. Using a T10 Torx screwdriver, remove the screws that secure each part of the adapter-retention assembly that you are removing.

**Note:** All adapter-attention assembly parts are shown. Replace the parts that are needed and save the unused parts for future use.

- Step 5. Lift each part of the adapter-retention assembly that you are removing from the system board.
- Step 6. Carefully return the node to the bottom-side-down orientation.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

# Install the adapter-retention assembly

Use this information to install the adapter-retention assembly.

Before you install the adapter-retention assembly, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

The adapter-retention assembly consists of 12 separate parts. You can replace only the parts that you choose and save the unused parts for future use.

To install the adapter-retention assembly, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 17. Adapter-retention assembly installation

Step 1. Carefully place the compute node on its side, making sure the protruding part of the handle is at the top.

**Attention:** If you place the compute node on its side, with the protruding part of the handle at the bottom, the compute node will not be stable and might fall over.

Step 2. Align each part of the adapter-retention assembly on the system board.

**Note:** All adapter-attention assembly parts are shown. Replace the parts that are needed and save the unused parts for future use.

- Step 3. Using a T10 Torx screwdriver, install the screws that secure each part of the adapter-retention assembly that you are installing.
- Step 4. Carefully return the compute node to the bottom-side-down orientation.

After you install the adapter-retention assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the I/O expansion adapters, if you removed them (see "Install an I/O expansion adapter" on page 58).
- 2. Install the air baffle (see "Install the air baffle" on page 32).
- 3. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 4. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 5. Power on the compute node.

### **Bezel replacement**

Use the following information to remove and install the bezel.

### **Remove the bezel**

Use this information to remove the bezel.

Before you remove the bezel, read safety information and guidelines to ensure that you work safely.

- Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.

**Note:** Several different types of bezel can be installed in the compute node: all are removed and installed in a similar manner. The bezel shown in the illustrations might differ slightly from the bezel installed in your compute node.

To remove the bezel, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 18. Bezel removal

Step 1. If any storage drives or hard disk drive bay fillers are installed, remove them (see "Remove a 2.5inch hot-swap drive" on page 26).

**Note:** When removing the storage drives, make note of the drive bay from which the drive was removed so that you can install the drive back in to the same drive bay.

- Step 2. Pull the front handle as shown in the illustration.
- Step 3. Press up on the inside top of the bezel; then, rotate the top edge of the bezel away from the compute node.
- Step 4. Lift the bezel from the compute node.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

# Install the bezel

Use this information to install the bezel.

Before you install the bezel, read the safety information and guidelines to ensure that you work safely.

• Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

**Note:** Several different types of bezel can be installed in the compute node: all are removed and installed in a similar manner. The bezel shown in the illustrations might differ slightly from the bezel installed in your compute node.

To install the bezel, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



#### Figure 19. Bezel installation

- Step 1. Position the bezel on the front of the compute node.
- Step 2. Hook the bottom edge of the bezel on the front of the compute node; then, rotate the top of the bezel toward the compute node.
- Step 3. Press the bezel securely against the compute node to snap it in place.

**Note:** Make sure that the bezel is pressed flat against the chassis. Lifting up slightly on the top edge of the bezel as you press it might make it easier to seat the clips.

- Step 4. Install any removed storage drives or hard disk drive bay fillers (see "Install a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive" on page 27 ).
- Step 5. Close the front handle.

### **Chassis bulkhead replacement**

Use the following information to remove and install the chassis bulkhead.

### Remove the bulkhead

Use this information to remove the bulkhead.

Before you remove the bulkhead, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

To remove the bulkhead, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



#### Figure 20. Bulkhead removal

- Step 1. Remove the air baffle (see "Remove the air baffle" on page 31).
- Step 2. Remove the fabric connector (see "Remove a fabric connector" on page 49).
- Step 3. Remove the I/O expansion adapters (see "Remove an I/O expansion adapter" on page 57).
- Step 4. Carefully place the compute node to the up-side-down orientation.
- Step 5. Using a T8 Torx screwdriver, remove the screws that secure the bulkhead from the bottom of the compute node.
- Step 6. Using a T8 Torx screwdriver, remove the screws that secure the bulkhead from the sides of the compute node.
- Step 7. Carefully return the compute node to the bottom-side-down orientation.
- Step 8. Lift the bulkhead from the compute node.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

# Install the bulkhead

Use this information to install the bulkhead.

Before you install the bulkhead:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To install the bulkhead, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



#### Figure 21. Bulkhead installation

- Step 1. Carefully place the compute node to the up-side-down orientation.
- Step 2. Align the bulkhead to the rear end of the compute node.
- Step 3. Using a T8 Torx screwdriver, install the screws that secure the bulkhead to the bottom of the compute node.
- Step 4. Using a T8 Torx screwdriver, install the screws that secure the bulkhead to the sides of the compute node.
- Step 5. Carefully return the node to the bottom-side-down orientation.

After you install the bulkhead, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the I/O expansion adapters (see "Install an I/O expansion adapter" on page 58
- 2. Install the fabric connector (see "Install a fabric connector" on page 50).
- 3. Install the air baffle (see "Install the air baffle" on page 32).
- 4. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 5. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 6. Power on the compute node.

# CMOS battery - CR2032 replacement

Use the following information to remove and install the CMOS battery - CR2032.

# **Remove the CMOS battery - CR2032**

Use this information to remove the CMOS battery - CR2032.

Before you remove the CMOS battery - CR2032, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

The following notes describe information that you must consider when you are replacing the CMOS battery - CR2032 in the compute node:

To avoid possible danger, read and follow the following safety statement.

#### <u>S004</u>



#### CAUTION:

When replacing the lithium battery, use only Lenovo specified part number or or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of. *Do not:* 

- Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- Repair or disassemble

#### Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

To remove the CMOS battery - CR2032, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482
- Step 1. Locate the CMOS battery CR2032 socket on the system board (see "System-board connectors" on page 13).
- Step 2. If a cover is over the CMOS battery CR2032, remove the cover.
- Step 3. Pivot the CMOS battery CR2032 toward the middle of the compute node.



Figure 22. CMOS battery - CR2032 removal

Step 4. Lift the CMOS battery - CR2032 from the socket.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

# Install the CMOS battery - CR2032

Use this information to install the CMOS battery - CR2032.

Before you install the CMOS battery - CR2032, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482
- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

The following notes describe information that you must consider when you are replacing the CMOS battery - CR2032 in the compute node:

- You must replace the CMOS battery CR2032 with a lithium CMOS battery CR2032 of the same type.
- To order replacement batteries, call 1-800-426-7378 within the United States, and 1-800-465-7999 or 1-800-465-6666 within Canada. Outside the U.S. and Canada, call your Lenovo marketing representative or authorized reseller.
- After you replace the CMOS battery CR2032, you must reconfigure the compute node and reset the system date and time.
- To avoid possible danger, read and follow the following safety statement.

**Attention:** Touching the CMOS battery - CR2032 on a metal surface, such as the side of the compute node, when you replace the CMOS battery - CR2032 can cause it to fail.

- Step 1. Follow any special handling and installation instructions that come with the CMOS battery CR2032.
- Step 2. Locate the CMOS battery CR2032 socket on the system board (see "System-board connectors" on page 13).
- Step 3. Orient the CMOS battery CR2032 so that the positive (+) side faces in toward the center of the compute node.



Figure 23. CMOS battery - CR2032 installation

- Step 4. Pivot the CMOS battery CR2032 so that you can insert it into the bottom of the socket.
- Step 5. As you slide the CMOS battery CR2032 into place, press the top of the CMOS battery CR2032 into the socket.
- Step 6. If you removed a cover from the battery, install the cover.

After you install the CMOS battery - CR2032, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 2. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 3. Power on the compute node.

### Compute node cover replacement

Use the following information to remove and install the compute node cover.

#### <u>S012</u>



CAUTION: Hot surface nearby.

<u>S021</u>



#### CAUTION:

Hazardous energy is present when the blade is connected to the power source. Always replace the blade cover before installing the blade.

### Remove the compute node cover

Use this information to remove the cover from the compute node.

Before you remove the compute node cover, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.

- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.

To remove the compute node cover, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482
- Step 1. Press on the release button and the push point at the same time and slide the cover toward the rear of the compute node.
- Step 2. Lift the cover away from the compute node.



Figure 24. Compute node cover removal

Step 3. Lay the cover flat or store it for future use.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

### Install the compute node cover

Use this information to install the compute node cover.

Before you install the compute node cover, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482
  - 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. If you are replacing the cover, make sure that you have the system service label kit on hand for use during the replacement procedure (see "Parts list" on page 17 for more information).

**Attention:** You cannot insert the compute node into the Lenovo Flex System chassis until the cover is installed and closed. Do not attempt to override this protection.

Step 1. Orient the cover so that the posts on the inside of the cover slide into the slots on the compute node.

**Note:** Before you close the cover, make sure that the air baffle and all components are installed and seated correctly and that you have not left loose tools or parts inside the compute node. Retention clips that secure the I/O expansion adapters must be in the closed position to install the cover.



Figure 25. Compute node cover installation

Step 2. Hold the front of the compute node and slide the cover forward to the closed position, until it clicks into place.

After you install the compute node cover, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 2. Power on the compute node.

### **DIMM** replacement

Use the following information to remove and install a DIMM.

For DIMM configuration details, see the *Lenovo ThinkSystem SN550 Type 7X16 Setup Guide* for more information.

### **Remove a DIMM**

Use this information to remove a DIMM.

Before you remove a DIMM, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.

5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

**Attention:** Memory modules are sensitive to static discharge and require special handling. In addition to the standard guidelines for Handling static-sensitive devices:

- Always wear an electrostatic-discharge strap when removing or installing memory modules. Electrostatic-discharge gloves can also be used.
- Never hold two or more memory modules together so that they touch. Do not stack memory modules directly on top of each other during storage.
- Never touch the gold memory module connector contacts or allow these contacts to touch the outside of the memory-module connector housing.
- Handle memory modules with care: never bend, twist, or drop a memory module.

After you install or remove a DIMM, you must change and save the new configuration information by using the Setup utility. When you turn on the compute node, a message indicates that the memory configuration has changed. Start the Setup utility and select **Save Settings** (see the *Lenovo ThinkSystem SN550 Type 7X16 Setup Guide* for more information) to save changes.

To remove a DIMM, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482

Note: Remove or install DIMMs for one processor at a time.

- Step 1. Remove the air baffle (see "Remove the air baffle" on page 31 for instructions).
- Step 2. Locate the DIMM connectors (see "System-board connectors" on page 13). Determine which DIMM you want to remove from the compute node.

**Attention:** To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, handle the clips gently.

**Note:** The retaining clips for adjacent DIMM connectors of processor one and processor two can not be open at the same time. Remove or install the DIMMs for each processor one at a time and close the retaining clips after removing a DIMM.

Step 3. Carefully open the retaining clips on each end of the DIMM connector.



Figure 26. Opening retaining clip

**Attention:** If necessary, due to space constraints, you can use a pointed tool to open the retaining clips. Place the tip of the tool in the recess on the top of the retaining clip; then, carefully rotate the retaining clip away from the DIMM connector. Pencils are not recommended, as they may not be strong enough.

Step 4. Make sure that both retaining clips on the DIMM connector from which you are removing the DIMM are in the fully-open position; then, pull the DIMM out of the connector.



Figure 27. DIMM removal

**Attention:** To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the compute node without an air baffle installed over the DIMM connectors.

#### Notes:

- If you are not immediately replacing the DIMM, install the air baffle (see "Install the air baffle" on page 32).
- Retaining clips on the DIMM connectors must be in the closed position to install the air baffle.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## **Install a DIMM**

Use this information to install a DIMM.

Before you install a DIMM, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

The compute node has a total of 24 dual inline DIMM connectors. The compute node supports low-profile (LP) DDR4 DIMMs with error-correcting code (ECC) in 4 GB, 8 GB, 16 GB, 32 GB, and 64 GB capacity.

The following illustration shows the system-board components, including DIMM connectors.



Figure 28. DIMM and processor location

Table 12.	DIMM and processor location
-----------	-----------------------------

DIMM connectors 13–18	Processor socket 1
2 Processor socket 2	DIMM connectors 7–12
DIMM connectors 1–6	DIMM connectors 19–24

To install a DIMM, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482

**Attention:** Memory modules are sensitive to static discharge and require special handling. In addition to the standard guidelines for Handling static-sensitive devices:

- Always wear an electrostatic-discharge strap when removing or installing memory modules. Electrostatic-discharge gloves can also be used.
- Never hold two or more memory modules together so that they touch. Do not stack memory modules directly on top of each other during storage.
- Never touch the gold memory module connector contacts or allow these contacts to touch the outside of the memory-module connector housing.

• Handle memory modules with care: never bend, twist, or drop a memory module.

Note: Remove or install DIMMs for one processor at a time.

- Step 1. Locate the DIMM connectors. Determine which DIMM connector you want to install the DIMM.
- Step 2. Touch the static-protective package that contains the DIMM to any *unpainted* metal surface on the Lenovo Flex System chassis or any *unpainted* metal surface on any other grounded rack component in the rack in which you are installing the DIMM for at least 2 seconds; then, remove the DIMM from its package.
- Step 3. Make sure that both retaining clips on the DIMM connector are in the open position.

#### Attention:

- DIMMs are static-sensitive devices. The package must be grounded before it is opened.
- To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connector, handle the clips gently.



Figure 29. Opening retaining clip

#### Notes:

- If necessary, due to space constraints, you can use a pointed tool to open the retaining clips. Place the tip of the tool in the recess on the top of the retaining clip; then, carefully rotate the retaining clip away from the DIMM connector.
- The retaining clips for adjacent DIMM connectors of processor one and processor two can not be open at the same time. Remove or install the DIMMs for each processor one at a time.
- Step 4. Turn the DIMM so that the DIMM keys align correctly with the DIMM connector on the system board.
- Step 5. Press the DIMM into the DIMM connector. The retaining clips lock the DIMM into the connector.



Figure 30. DIMM installation

Step 6. Make sure that the small tabs on the retaining clips engage the notches on the DIMM. If there is a gap between the DIMM and the retaining clips, the DIMM has not been correctly installed. Press the DIMM firmly into the connector, and then press the retaining clips toward the DIMM until the tabs are fully seated.

**Note:** Retaining clips on the DIMM connectors must be in the closed position to install the air baffle.

After you install the DIMM, complete the following steps:

1. Install the air baffle (see "Install the air baffle" on page 32).

**Attention:** To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the compute node without an air baffle installed over the DIMM connectors.

- 2. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 3. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 4. Power on the compute node.

### Fabric connector replacement

Use the following information to remove and install a fabric connector.

### **Remove a fabric connector**

Use this information to remove a fabric connector.

Before you remove the fabric connector, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).
- 6. Obtain a long shank #1 Phillips screwdriver.

When you remove the fabric connector, the UEFI firmware holds the Ethernet controller in reset and displays a warning message, if an I/O expansion adapter is not installed in the I/O expansion connector 1 to provide connectivity to the chassis.

To remove a fabric connector, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 31. Fabric connector removal

- Step 1. Locate the fabric connector on the system board (see "System-board connectors" on page 13).
- Step 2. Using a long shank #1 Phillips screwdriver, loosen the four captive screws that secure the fabric connector.
- Step 3. Lift the fabric connector from the system board and store it in a safe place.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

If you have removed the fabric connector to install an I/O expansion adapter in I/O expansion connector 1, keep the fabric connector in a safe place for future use.

### Install a fabric connector

Use this information to install a fabric connector.

Before you install a fabric connector, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Obtain a long shank #1 Phillips screwdriver.

To install a fabric connector, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO

• Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 32. Fabric connector installation

- Step 1. Locate the connector on the system board (see "System-board connectors" on page 13).
- Step 2. Carefully insert the fabric connector into the connector.
- Step 3. Using a long shank #1 Phillips screwdriver, tighten the four captive screws to secure the fabric connector.

**Attention:** Make sure that the fabric connector is secure, but do not overtighten the screws to avoid damaging the connector.

After you install the fabric connector, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 2. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 3. Power on the compute node.

### Flash power module replacement

Use the following information to remove and install the flash power module.

# Remove the flash power module

Use this information to remove the flash power module.

Before you remove the flash power module, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.

5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

Note: This section only applies to RAID adapters that come with a flash power module.

To remove the flash power module, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 33. Flash power module removal

- Step 1. Remove the RAID adapter (see "Remove a RAID adapter" on page 78).
- Step 2. Carefully turn the RAID adapter over in your hand to access the underside. Press down on the rear of the flash power module; then, slide the flash power module out of its holder on the RAID adapter.
- Step 3. Disconnect the flash power module cable from the RAID adapter.

**Attention:** To prevent any damage to the flash power module cable or connector, it is important to first slide out the flash power module. This provides more space for your fingers to better grip the flash power module cable and remove it from the connector.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

### Install the flash power module

Use this information to install the flash power module.

Before you install the flash power module, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

Note: This section only applies to RAID adapters that come with a flash power module.

To install the flash power module, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 34. Flash power module installation

- Step 1. Orient the flash power module with the cable side facing the retaining clip on the RAID adapter; then, feed the cable up through the flash power module holder.
- Step 2. Slide the flash power module into the holder.
- Step 3. Connect the flash power module cable to its connector on the RAID adapter. The connector is keyed. Press the cable into the connector until the connector retaining clip snaps in place.
- Step 4. Route the flash power module cable through the notch in the holder; then, press the flash power module forward to seat it in the holder.

**Attention:** It is important to route the flash power module cable through the notch in holder to prevent the cable from catching on the DIMM connector latches when the RAID adapter is installed in a ThinkSystem node.

After you install the flash power module, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the RAID adapter in the compute node. (see "Install a RAID adapter" on page 79)
- 2. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 3. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 4. Power on the compute node.

### Front handle replacement

Use the following information to remove and install the front handle.

### Remove the front handle

Use this information to remove the front handle.

Before you remove the front handle, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.

- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface with the cover side down, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.

To remove the front handle, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482
- Step 1. Locate the screw that attaches the handle to the compute node.
- Step 2. Using a T15 Torx screwdriver, remove the screw from the front handle.

Figure 35. Front handle removal

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

### Install the front handle

Use this information to install the front handle.

Before you install the front handle:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To install the front handle, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482
- Step 1. Orient the front handle so that the release latch is toward the middle of the compute node.
- Step 2. Align the hole in the handle with the hole on the compute node where the handle is installed.
- Step 3. Using a T15 Torx screwdriver, install a new screw to secure the handle.



Figure 36. Front handle installation

After you install the front handle, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 2. Power on the compute node.

### **ID** label plate replacement

Use the following information to remove and install the ID label plate.

### Remove the ID label plate

Use this information to remove the identification (ID) label plate from the front panel.

Before you remove the ID label plate, read

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To remove the ID label plate, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 37. ID label plate removal

- Step 1. Using your finger nail or a flat-blade screwdriver, push the outer edge of the ID label plate away from the compute node front panel.
- Step 2. Rotate the ID label plate away from the front panel; then, remove the ID label plate.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

# Install the ID label plate

Use this information to install the identification (ID) label plate on the front panel.

Before you install the ID label plate, read

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To install the ID label plate, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 38. ID label plate installation

- Step 1. Place the clips on the ID label plate into the slots on the compute node front panel.
- Step 2. Rotate the outer edge of the ID label plate toward the compute node front panel; then, press the ID label plate securely against the front panel.

### I/O expansion adapter replacement

Use the following information to remove and install an I/O expansion adapter.

### Remove an I/O expansion adapter

Use this information to remove an I/O expansion adapter.

Before you remove the I/O expansion adapter, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

To remove an I/O expansion adapter, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 39. I/O expansion adapter removal

- Step 1. Locate the I/O expansion adapter connectors (see "System-board connectors" on page 13).
- Step 2. Rotate the retention clips outward.
- Step 3. Lift the I/O expansion adapter from the connector and remove the I/O expansion adapter from the compute node. You might find it helpful to rock the adapter back and forth, from front to rear, to disengage the adapter.

**Important:** Rocking the adapter from side to side might damage the I/O expansion adapter connector.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

# Install an I/O expansion adapter

Use this information to install an I/O expansion adapter.

Before you install an I/O expansion adapter, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

This component can be installed as an optional device or as a CRU. The installation procedure is the same for the optional device and the CRU.

The optional Flex System PCIe Expansion Node supports additional PCIe adapters and I/O expansion adapters to provide a cost-effective way for you to increase and customize the capabilities of the compute node. For additional information, see "PCIe Expansion Node" at http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.pme.doc/product\_page.html.

**Attention:** When installing an I/O adapter in one of the I/O expansion connectors, make sure the numbers in the Hexagon and Pentagon on the I/O expansion connector (see the service labeling on top of the compute node cover for details) corresponds to the particular shape and numbering of the I/O module bay on the Flex chassis (see the service labeling at the top on the rear of the chassis for details). If the correlation is incorrect, communication with the chassis may fail.



Figure 40. Service labeling on the rear of the chassis



Figure 41. Hexagon and Pentagon number location on the I/O expansion connector

To install an I/O expansion adapter, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 42. I/O expansion adapter installation

- Step 1. Locate the I/O expansion connectors.
- Step 2. Remove the expansion cover from the connector, if one is present.
- Step 3. Touch the static-protective package that contains the expansion adapter to any *unpainted* metal surface on the Lenovo Flex System chassis or any *unpainted* metal surface on any other grounded rack component; then, remove the expansion adapter from the package.
- Step 4. Rotate the retention clips outward.
- Step 5. Orient the connector on the expansion adapter with the I/O expansion connector and alignment pins on the system board; then, press the adapter into the I/O expansion connector.
- Step 6. Firmly press on the indicated locations to seat the expansion adapter in the connector and over the alignment pins.
- Step 7. Close the retention clips to secure the adapter.

After you install the I/O expansion adapter, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 2. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 3. Power on the compute node.
- 4. See the documentation that comes with the expansion adapter for device-driver and configuration information to complete the installation.

### M.2 backplane replacement

Use the following information to remove and install the M.2 backplane.

# Remove the M.2 backplane

Use this information to remove the M.2 backplane.

Before you remove the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.

5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

To remove the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 43. M.2 backplane removal

Step 1. Remove the M.2 backplane from the system board by pulling up on both ends of the backplane at the same time.

Note: Pull the M.2 backplane straight up when removing it from the system board.

To remove an M.2 drive from the M.2 backplane, see "Remove an M.2 drive" on page 62 .

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

### Install the M.2 backplane

Use this information to install the M.2 backplane.

Before you install the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To install the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 44. M.2 backplane installation

Step 1. Align the openings located at the bottom of the blue plastic supports at each end of the M.2 backplane with the guide pin on the system board and T-head pins on the hard drive cage; then, insert the backplane in the system board connector. Press down on the M.2 backplane to fully seat it.

After you install the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 2. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 3. Power on the compute node.
- 4. See the documentation that comes with the M.2 backplane for device-driver and configuration information to complete the installation.

### M.2 drive replacement

Use the following information to remove and install an M.2 drive.

# Remove an M.2 drive

Use this information to remove an M.2 drive from the M.2 backplane.

Before you remove an M.2 drive from the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- If necessary, remove the M.2 backplane from your system (see "Remove the M.2 backplane" on page 60
  ).

To remove an M.2 drive, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 45. M.2 drive removal

Step 1. Press both sides of the retainer and slide it backward to loosen the M.2 drive from the M.2 backplane.

**Note:** If your M.2 backplane has two M.2 drives, they will both release outward when you slide the retainer backward.

Step 2. Remove the M.2 drive by rotating it away from the M.2 backplane and pulling away from the connector at an angle (approximately 30 degrees).

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

### Adjust the position of the retainer on the M.2 backplane

Use this information to adjust the position of the retainer on the M.2 backplane.

Before you adjust the position of the retainer on the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To adjust the position of the retainer on the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482
- Step 1. Locate the correct keyhole that the retainer should be installed into to accommodate the particular size of the M.2 drive you wish to install.
- Step 2. Press both sides of the retainer and move it forward until it is in the large opening of the keyhole; then, remove it from the backplane.
- Step 3. Insert the retainer into the correct keyhole and slide it backwards until the nubs are in the holes.



Figure 46. M.2 retainer adjustment

### Install an M.2 drive

Use this information to install an M.2 drive in the M.2 backplane.

Before you install an M.2 drive in the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Touch the static-protective package that contains the M.2 drive to any *unpainted* metal surface on the chassis or any *unpainted* metal surface on any other grounded rack component; then, remove the M.2 drive from the package.
- 3. Make sure the retainer on the M.2 backplane is in the correct keyhole to accommodate the particular size of the M.2 drive you wish to install (see "Adjust the position of the retainer on the M.2 backplane" on page 63).

To install an M.2 drive in the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482
- Step 1. Locate the connector on each side of the M.2 backplane.

#### Notes:

- Some M.2 backplanes support two identical M.2 drives. When two drives are installed, align and support both drives when sliding the retainer forward to secure the drives.
- Install the M.2 drive in slot 0 first.



Figure 47. M.2 drive slot

Table 13. M.2 drive slot

Slot 0    Image: Slot 1
-------------------------
Step 2. Insert the M.2 drive at an angle (approximately 30 degrees) into the connector and rotate it until the notch catches on the lip of the retainer; then, slide the retainer forward (toward the connector) to secure the M.2 drive in the M.2 backplane.



Figure 48. M.2 drive installation

**Attention:** When sliding the retainer forward, make sure the two nubs on the retainer enter the small holes on the M.2 backplane. Once they enter the holes, you will hear a soft "click" sound.



Figure 49. M.2 drive installation

After you install an M.2 drive in the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the M.2 backplane (see "Install the M.2 backplane" on page 61).
- 2. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 3. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 4. Power on the compute node.

### **Processor and heat sink replacement**

Use the following procedures to replace an assembled processor and heat sink, known as a processor-heatsink module (PHM), a processor, or a heat sink.

**Attention:** Before you begin replacing a processor, make sure that you have an alcohol cleaning pad (part number 00MP352) and *blue* thermal grease (part number 01KP765). Do *not* use gray thermal grease (part number 41Y9292) when replacing a ThinkSystem SN550 processor.

<u>S012</u>



### CAUTION: Hot surface nearby.

**Important:** The processor in your compute node can throttle in response to thermal conditions, temporarily lowering its speed to reduce heat output. In instances where a few processor cores are throttled for an extremely short time period (100 ms or less), the only indication might be an entry in the operating system event log with no corresponding entry in the system XCC event log. If this situation occurs, the event can be ignored and processor replacement is not required.

## Remove a processor and heat sink

This task has instructions for removing an assembled processor and heat sink, known as a processor-heatsink module (PHM), a processor, and a heat sink. All of these tasks require a Torx T30 driver.

### Attention:

- Each processor socket must always contain a cover or a PHM. When removing or installing a PHM, protect empty processor sockets with a cover.
- Do not touch the processor socket or processor contacts. Processor-socket contacts are very fragile and easily damaged. Contaminants on the processor contacts, such as oil from your skin, can cause connection failures.
- Remove and install only one PHM at a time. If the system board supports multiple processors, install the PHMs starting with the first processor socket.
- Do not allow the thermal grease on the processor or heat sink to come in contact with anything. Contact with any surface can compromise the thermal grease, rendering it ineffective. Thermal grease can damage components, such as electrical connectors in the processor socket. Do not remove the grease cover from a heat sink until you are instructed to do so.

Before you remove a PHM:

**Note:** The heat sink, processor, and processor retainer for your system might be different than those shown in the illustrations.

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).

- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).
- 6. Remove the air baffle (see "Remove the air baffle" on page 31).
- 7. Locate the processor that is to be removed.



Figure 50. DIMM and processor location

Table 14.	DIMM and	processor	location
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DIMM connectors 13–18	4 Processor socket 1
Processor socket 2	DIMM connectors 7–12
■ DIMM connectors 1–6	DIMM connectors 19–24

Complete the following steps to remove a PHM.

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482

Step 1. Remove the PHM from the system board



Figure 51. Removing a PHM

**Attention:** To prevent damage to components, make sure that you follow the indicated loosening sequence.

- a. Fully loosen the Torx T30 captive fasteners on the processor-heat-sink module *in the removal* sequence shown on the heat-sink label.
- b. Lift the processor-heat-sink module from the processor socket.

### After you remove a PHM:

- If you are removing the PHM as part of a system board replacement, set the PHM aside.
- If you are replacing the processor or heat sink, separate the processor and its retainer from the heat sink.



Figure 52. Separating a heat sink from a processor

- 1. Press the retaining clip at the corner of the processor retainer closest to the pry point; then, gently pry this corner of the retainer away from the heat sink with a flat-bladed screwdriver, using a twisting motion to break the processor-to-heat-sink seal.
- 2. Release the remaining retaining clips and lift the processor and retainer from the heat sink.
- 3. After separating the processor and retainer from the heat sink, hold the processor and retainer with the thermal-grease side down and the processor-contact side up to prevent the processor from falling out of the retainer.

**Note:** The processor retainer will be removed and discarded in a later step and replaced with a new one.

- If you are replacing the processor, you will be reusing the heat sink. Wipe the thermal grease from the bottom of the heat sink using an alcohol cleaning pad.
- If you are replacing the heat sink, you will be reusing the processor. Wipe the thermal grease from the top of the processor using an alcohol cleaning pad.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Install a processor and heat sink

This task has instructions for installing an assembled processor and heat sink, known as a processor-heatsink module (PHM), a processor, and a heat sink. All of these tasks require a Torx T30 driver.

### Attention:

- Each processor socket must always contain a cover or a PHM. When removing or installing a PHM, protect empty processor sockets with a cover.
- Do not touch the processor socket or processor contacts. Processor-socket contacts are very fragile and easily damaged. Contaminants on the processor contacts, such as oil from your skin, can cause connection failures.
- Remove and install only one PHM at a time. If the system board supports multiple processors, install the PHMs starting with the first processor socket.
- Do not allow the thermal grease on the processor or heat sink to come in contact with anything. Contact with any surface can compromise the thermal grease, rendering it ineffective. Thermal grease can damage components, such as electrical connectors in the processor socket. Do not remove the grease cover from a heat sink until you are instructed to do so.

### Notes:

- PHMs are keyed for the socket where they can be installed and for their orientation in the socket.
- See http://www.lenovo.com/serverproven/ for a list of processors supported for your compute node. All processors on the system board must have the same speed, number of cores, and frequency.
- Before you install a new PHM or replacement processor, update your system firmware to the latest level. See "Update the firmware" in the *ThinkSystem SN550 Setup Guide*.
- Installing an additional PHM can change the memory requirements for your system. See "Install a DIMM" in the *ThinkSystem SN550 Setup Guide* for a list of processor-to-memory relationships.
- Optional devices available for you system might have specific processor requirements. See the documentation that comes with the optional device for information.

### Before you install a PHM:

**Note:** The heat sink, processor, and processor retainer for your system might be different than those shown in the illustrations.

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).
- 6. Remove the existing PHM, if one is installed. See "Remove a processor and heat sink" on page 66.

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482

**Note:** Replacement processors come with both rectangular and square processor retainers. A rectangular retainer comes attached to the processor. The square retainer can be discarded.

- 7. If you are replacing a heat sink, replace the processor retainer. Processor retainers should not be reused.
  - a. Remove the old processor retainer.



Figure 53. Removing a processor retainer

**Note:** When the processor is out of its retainer, hold the processor by the long edges to prevent touching the contacts or the thermal grease, if it is applied.

With the processor-contact side up, flex the ends of the retainer down and away from the processor to release the retaining clips; then, remove the processor from the retainer. Discard the old retainer.

b. Install a new processor retainer.



Figure 54. Installing a processor retainer

- 1) Position the processor on the new retainer so that the triangular marks align; then, insert the unmarked end of the processor into the retainer.
- 2) Holding the inserted end of the processor in place, flex the opposite end of the retainer down and away from the processor until you can press the processor under the clip on the retainer.

To prevent the processor from falling out of the retainer after it is inserted, keep the processorcontact side up and hold the processor-retainer assembly by the sides of the retainer.

- 3) If there is any old thermal grease on the processor, gently clean the top of the processor using an alcohol cleaning pad.
- 8. If you are replacing a processor:
  - a. Remove the processor identification label from the heat sink and replace it with the new label that comes with the replacement processor.
  - b. Apply new thermal grease (1/2-syringe, 0.65 g) to the top of the new processor.

**Attention:** Use only blue thermal grease (part number 01KP765) when replacing the processor. Do *not* use gray thermal grease (part number 41Y9292).



Figure 55. Thermal grease application

- 1) Carefully place the processor and retainer on a flat surface with the processor-contact side down.
- 2) Apply half a syringe of thermal grease, approximately 0.65 g, to the center of the processor top.
- 9. If you are replacing a heat sink, remove the processor identification label from the old heat sink and place it on the new heat sink in the same location. The label is on the side of the heat sink closet to the triangular alignment mark.

If you are unable to remove the label and place it on the new heat sink, or if the label is damaged during transfer, write the processor serial number from the processor identification label on the new heat sink in the same location as the label would be placed using a permanent marker.

10. Assemble the processor and heat sink, if these components are separate.

### Notes:

- If you are replacing a processor, install the heat sink onto the processor and retainer while the processor and retainer are in the shipping tray.
- If you are replacing a heat sink, remove the heat sink from its shipping tray and place the processor and retainer in the opposite half of the heat sink shipping tray with the processor-contact side down. To prevent the processor from falling out of the retainer, hold the processor-retainer assembly by its sides with the processor-contact side up until you turn it over to fit in the shipping tray.



Figure 56. Assembling a PHM in the shipping tray

- a. Align the triangular marks on the processor retainer and the heat sink or align the triangular mark on the processor retainer with the notched corner of the heat sink.
- b. Insert the processor-retainer clips into the holes on the heat sink.
- c. Press the retainer into place until the clips at all four corners engage.



Figure 57. DIMM and processor location

Table 15. DIMM and processor location

DIMM connectors 13–18	4 Processor socket 1
Processor socket 2	DIMM connectors 7–12
■ DIMM connectors 1–6	o DIMM connectors 19–24

Complete the following steps to install a PHM.

- Step 1. Remove the processor socket cover, if one is installed on the processor socket, by placing your fingers in the half-circles at each end of the cover and lifting it from the system board.
- Step 2. Install the processor-heat-sink module on the system board.



Figure 58. Installing a PHM

a. Align the triangular marks and guide pins on the processor socket with the PHM; then, insert the PHM into the processor socket.

**Attention:** To prevent damage to components, make sure that you follow the indicated tightening sequence.

b. Fully tighten the Torx T30 captive fasteners *in the installation sequence shown* on the heat-sink label. Tighten the screws until they stop; then, visually inspect to make sure that there is no gap between the screw shoulder beneath the heat sink and the processor socket. (For reference, the torque required for the nuts to fully tighten is 1.4 - 1.6 newton-meters, 12 - 14 inch-pounds).

After you install a PHM:

- 1. Install the air baffle (see "Install the air baffle" on page 32).
- 2. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 3. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).

4. Power on the compute node.

## **RFID tag replacement**

Use the following information to remove and install the RFID tag.

## Remove the RFID tag

Use this information to remove the RFID tag from the front panel.

Before you remove the RFID tag, read

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To remove the RFID tag, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 59. RFID tag removal

Step 1. If the RFID tag is still attached to its hinge, open the RFID tag.

**Important:** Use care when removing the RFID tag to avoid damaging the ID label plate.

Step 2. Use pliers to carefully grip the RFID hinge and gently pull and twist the base of the RFID tag from the ID label plate on the front panel of the compute node. Hold the ID label plate in place on the compute node front panel while removing the RFID tag.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

# Install the RFID tag

Use this information to install the RFID tag on the front panel.

Before you install the RFID tag, read

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To install the RFID tag, complete the following steps:

- Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:
- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 60. RFID tag installation

- Step 1. Make sure that the surface you are installing the tag on is thoroughly clean and dry.
- Step 2. Open the RFID tag; then, remove the backing from the base of the RFID tag to expose the adhesive.
- Step 3. Position the RFID tag over the ID label on the front panel of the compute node.
- Step 4. Press the RFID tag securely against the bezel and hold firmly in place for 30 seconds.

#### Notes:

- Allow 30 minutes before closing or opening the RFID tag.
- Allow 24 hours to achieve near maximum adhesion.

## **RAID** adapter replacement

Use the following information to remove and install a RAID adapter.

## **Remove a RAID adapter**

Use this information to remove a RAID adapter.

Before you remove the RAID adapter, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

The RAID adapter uses a specific drive backplane.

- If you need to remove the RAID adapter to access components on the system board (for example DIMM sockets 13-24), there is no need to remove the backplane.
- If you are removing only the RAID adapter to replace it, there is no need to remove the backplane.

To remove the RAID adapter, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482
- Step 1. Locate the RAID adapter installed in the compute node.
- Step 2. Remove the RAID adapter.



Figure 61. RAID adapter removal

- a. Rotate the lever on the hard disk drive backplane to disengage the RAID adapter from the backplane connector.
- b. Lift the RAID adapter and remove it from the compute node.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Install a RAID adapter

Use this information to install a RAID adapter.

Before you install a RAID adapter, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To install a RAID adapter, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482
- Step 1. If a drive backplane is installed in the compute note that is not compatible with the RAID adapter, remove it (see "Remove the 2.5-inch drive backplane" on page 28).

**Note:** All drive backplanes use the same connector on the system board; however, there are two alignment slots in the drive cage to accommodate different backplane types. Make sure that you align the backplane and system board connectors when inserting the backplane in the drive cage.

Step 2. If you are installing both the RAID adapter and drive backplane, first install the backplane in the system-board assembly (see "Install a 2.5-inch drive backplane" on page 29). The drive backplane goes in the rear alignment slots on the drive cage.



Figure 62. Drive backplane installation

Step 3. Touch the static-protective package that contains the RAID adapter to an *unpainted* metal surface on any grounded rack component; then, remove the controller from the package.

**Note:** For the Lenovo ThinkSystem RAID 930-4i-2GB 2 Drive Adapter Kit, make sure that the flash power module is installed before installing the controller in the compute node (see "Install the flash power module" on page 52).

- Step 4. Locate the RAID adapter connector on the drive backplane.
- Step 5. Orient the connector on the RAID adapter with the connector on the drive backplane.



Figure 63. RAID adapter installation

Step 6. Firmly press on the foam to seat the RAID adapter into the connector.



Figure 64. RAID adapter installation

After you install the RAID adapter, complete the following steps:

1. Install any removed storage drives and drive bay fillers (see "Install a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive" on page 27).

Note: Install storage drives in the same bay locations as from which they were removed.

- 2. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 3. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 4. Power on the compute node.
- 5. Configure the RAID array.

## Storage cage replacement

Use the following information to remove and install the storage cage.

## Remove the storage cage

Use this information to remove the storage cage.

Before you remove the storage cage, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

To remove the storage cage, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 65. Storage cage removal

- Step 1. Remove the bezel (see "Remove the bezel" on page 35).
- Step 2. Remove any storage drives, optional drive components, and drive bay fillers and set them aside on a static-protective surface (see "Remove a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive" on page 26).
- Step 3. Remove the 2.5" drive backplane (see "Remove the 2.5-inch drive backplane" on page 28).
- Step 4. Using a T10 Torx screwdriver, remove the four screws from the cage and rotate the cage from under the compute node front panel; then, remove the cage from the compute node at an angle.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

# Install the storage cage

Use this information to install the storage cage.

Before you install the storage cage, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To install the storage cage, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482



Figure 66. Storage cage installation

- Step 1. Position the cage in the compute node front panel at an angle and rotate the cage into position on the system board.
- Step 2. Align the cage with the screw holes on the system board.
- Step 3. Using a T10 Torx screwdriver, insert the four screws and secure the cage in the compute node.

After you install the storage cage, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the 2.5" drive backplane (see "Install a 2.5-inch drive backplane" on page 29).
- 2. Install the bezel (see "Install the bezel" on page 36).
- 3. Install any removed storage drives, optional drive components, and drive bay fillers (see "Install a 2.5inch hot-swap drive" on page 27 ).
- 4. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 5. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 6. Power on the compute node.

### System-board assembly replacement

Use the following information to remove and install the system-board assembly.

## Remove and replace the system-board assembly

#### Notes:

• This procedure should be performed only by trained service technicians.

• If possible, back up all compute node settings, including the settings for any options installed in the compute node.

Before you replace the system-board assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the replacement system-board assembly (system board FRU) and the defective systemboard assembly (defective node) side-by-side on a flat, static-protective surface.

**Important:** When you replace the system-board assembly, you must update the compute node with the latest firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware. Make sure that you have the latest firmware or a copy of the preexisting firmware before you proceed (see "Firmware updates" on page 4 for more information).

See "System-board layout" on page 13 for more information about the locations of the connectors, switches, and LEDs on the system board.

To remove and replace the system-board assembly, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-B4\_LYuT9X1MRWBU6UzX9gO
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id\_50481482

**Important:** To avoid damage when replacing a defective system-board assembly, transfer internal components between the defective system-board assembly and the replacement system-board assembly one at a time. Unless otherwise noted, install each internal component in the replacement system-board assembly immediately after removing it from the defective system-board assembly.

Step 1. Remove any storage drives, optional drive components, and hard disk drive bay fillers from the defective system-board assembly and set them aside on a static-protective surface (see "Remove a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive" on page 26).

#### Notes:

- When removing the storage drives, make note of the drive bay from which the drive was removed so that you can install the drive back in to the same drive bay
- Step 2. Remove the storage drive bezel from the defective system-board assembly and immediately install it on the replacement system-board assembly (see "Remove the bezel" on page 35 and "Install the bezel" on page 36 ).
- Step 3. Remove the covers from both compute nodes (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42). Keep the cover that comes with the replacement system-board assembly for reference and re-install it on the defective system-board assembly prior to returning the defective system-board assembly.
- Step 4. If a RAID adapter is installed in the defective system-board assembly, remove it and set it aside on a static-protective surface (see "Remove a RAID adapter" on page 78).
- Step 5. Remove the hard disk drive backplane from the defective system-board assembly and immediately install it in the replacement system-board assembly (see "Remove the 2.5-inch drive backplane" on page 28 and "Remove the 2.5-inch drive backplane" on page 28).
- Step 6. Install any removed disk drives, optional drive components, and disk drive bay fillers into the replacement system-board assembly (see "Install a 2.5-inch hot-swap drive" on page 27).
- Step 7. Remove the air baffle from the defective system-board assembly and set it aside (see "Remove the air baffle" on page 31).

Step 8. If a TCM module is installed, gently remove it from the defective system-board assembly and immediately install it on the replacement system-board assembly. (see "Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM) replacement" on page 92).

### Attention:

- TPM/TCM policy settings may need to be made when the TCM module is re-installed on the replacement system-board assembly. For details, see "Set the TPM/TCM policy" on page 90.
- Step 9. Transfer processor and heat sink assembly 1 (rear processor) from the defective system-board assembly to the replacement system-board assembly (see "Remove a processor and heat sink" on page 66 and "Install a processor and heat sink" on page 70).

### Attention:

- Remove and install only one processor at a time.
- When removing or installing a processor, protect the other processor socket with a processor heat sink filler.
- When transferring a processor to a replacement system-board assembly, install the processor heat sink filler in the defective system-board assembly immediately after installing the processor in the replacement system-board assembly.
- Step 10. Repeat Step 9 for the processor and heat sink assembly 2 (front processor), if one is installed.
- Step 11. Remove the DIMMs one at a time from the defective system-board assembly (see "Remove a DIMM" on page 44 and immediately install them in the replacement system-board assembly (see "Install a DIMM" on page 47).

### Attention:

- Remove and install only one DIMM at a time.
- Step 12. Remove all of the installed components in the following list from the defective system-board assembly; then, immediately install them on the replacement system-board assembly:
  - I/O expansion adapters and other optional components. See procedures such as:
    - "Remove an I/O expansion adapter" on page 57 and "Install an I/O expansion adapter" on page 58
- Step 13. If a RAID adapter was removed from the defective system-board assembly, install it in the replacement system-board assembly (see "Install a RAID adapter" on page 79 ).
- Step 14. Install the air baffle in the replacement system-board assembly (see "Install the air baffle" on page 32). The air baffle is required to maintain system cooling.

**Note:** Retaining clips on the DIMM connectors must be in the closed position to install the air baffle.

- Step 15. Install the cover that you removed from the original (defective) system-board assembly onto the replacement system-board assembly (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- Step 16. Make sure that both processor sockets on defective system-board assembly have heat sink fillers installed; then, install the cover that came with the replacement system-board assembly onto the defective system-board assembly (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).

**Note:** Retention clips that secure the I/O expansion adapters must be in the closed position to install the cover.

- Step 17. If a blank ID label plate is on the replacement system-board assembly, remove it and discard (see "Remove the ID label plate" on page 55).
- Step 18. Remove the ID label plate that has machine type and serial number information from the front panel of the defective system-board assembly and immediately install it on the replacement system-

board assembly (see "Remove the ID label plate" on page 55 and "Install the ID label plate" on page 56).

Note: If your compute node has an RFID tag, it is already attached to the ID label plate.

Step 19. The replacement system-board assembly comes with a Repair Identification (RID) tag. Using a fine tip indelible ink pen, transfer the machine type and serial number from the defective system-board assembly to the label on the Repair Identification tag; then, place the tag in the recessed area 1 on the bottom of replacement system-board assembly.

REPAIR IDENT	<b>IFICATION</b>	I (RID) TAG		
INSTRUCTIONS	_MT SN	RID Tag 1		
	_MT SN	RID Tag 2 (optional)		
1. Verify that the serial numb serial number reported to	er of the failing service.	system matches the		
<ol><li>Copy the machine type an system to a blank RID tag</li></ol>	id serial numbe	er from the failing		
Note: - Use a fine tip indelible ink pen to complete the RID tag. - If a RID tag is present on the failing system, do not attempt to remove and reuse the existing RID tag. Use new RID tag for the replacement system board.				
<ol><li>Locate the recessed area on bottom of replacement system board. Attach RID tag in section [1].</li></ol>				
4. Remove Label Plate from f the opening on the new sy	ront of failing s stem board.	ystem and install into		
Note:				
See system documentation for detailed replacement procedures.				



After you transfer components to the replacement system-board assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the compute node in the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 2. If an Attention label is on the replacement system-board assembly front panel above the power button, read it; then, remove the label and discard it before turning on the compute node.
- 3. Use the CMM Web Interface to restore the IP address of the compute node XClarity controller. See Starting the web interface in the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: User's Guide" at http://

flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_ug\_startwebinterface.html for more information.

**Note:** If you configured static IP addresses, you will not be able to access the node remotely or from a management device until the IP address of the XClarity controller is restored.

- 4. Update the Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) and DMI/SMBIOS data with new vital product data (VPD). Use the Lenovo XClarity Essentials to update the UUID and DMI/SMBIOS data (see "Update the Universal Unique Identifier (UUID)" on page 86 and "Update the DMI/SMBIOS data" on page 88).
- 5. Enable Trusted Platform Module (TPM) (see "Enable TPM/TCM" on page 89).
- 6. Optionally, enable Secure Boot (see "Enable UEFI Secure Boot" on page 91).
- 7. Update the compute node configuration.
  - Download and install the latest device drivers: http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com
  - Update the system firmware. See "Firmware updates" on page 4.
  - Update the UEFI configuration.
  - Reconfigure the disk arrays if you have installed or removed a hot-swap drive or a RAID adapter. See the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager User Guide, which is available for download at: http:// datacentersupport.lenovo.com

If you are instructed to return the defective system-board assembly, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

**Important:** Make sure that both heat-sink fillers are installed on the defective system-board assembly that you are returning, prior to shipment. Use the heat-sink fillers that were removed from the replacement system-board assembly when you installed the processors. Do *not* install the processor socket dust covers in the defective system-board assembly that you are returning.

# Update the Universal Unique Identifier (UUID)

The Universal Unique Identifier (UUID) must be updated when the system board is replaced. Use the Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI to update the UUID in the UEFI-based server. Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI is an online tool that supports several operating systems; make sure that you download the version for your operating system.

Notes: You can use Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to update the UUID for the server:

- 1. Start the server and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager system setup interface.
- 2. From the System Summary page, click Update VPD.
- 3. Update the UUID.

To download Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI, go to the following site:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/solutions/HT116433

Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI sets the UUID in the Lenovo XClarity Controller. Select one of the following methods to access the Lenovo XClarity Controller and set the UUID:

- Online from the target system, such as LAN or keyboard console style (KCS) access
- Remote access to the target system (LAN based)
- Step 1. Copy and unpack the OneCLI package, which also includes other required files, to the server. Make sure that you unpack the OneCLI and the required files to the same directory.

Step 2. After you have OneCLI in place, use the following command syntax to set the UUID:

onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid\_value> [access\_method]

Where:

<uuid\_value>

Up to 16-byte hexadecimal value assigned by you.

#### [access\_method]

The access method that you selected to use from the following methods:

• Online authenticated LAN access, type the command:

Example that does not use the user ID and password default values: onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SYsInfoUUID <uuid\_value> --user <user\_id> --password <password>

Example that uses the user ID and password default values: onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid\_value>

• Online KCS access (unauthenticated and user restricted):

You do not need to specify a value for *access\_method* when you use this access method. Example:

onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid\_value>

**Note:** The KCS access method uses the IPMI/KCS interface, which requires that the IPMI driver be installed.

• Remote LAN access, type the command:

**Note:** When using the remote LAN access method to access Lenovo XClarity Controller using the LAN from a client, the *host* and the *bmc\_external\_ip* address are required parameters.

[--bmc bmc\_user\_id:bmc\_password@bmc\_externaln \_ip]

Where:

bmc\_external\_ip

The external BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller) LAN IP address. There is no default value. This parameter is required.

bmc\_user\_id

The BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller) account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

bmc\_password

The BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller) account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSW0RD (with a zero 0 not an O).

Example that does not use the user ID and password default values: onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SYsInfoUUID <uuid\_value> [--bmc bmc\_user\_id:bmc\_password@bmc\_internal\_ip]

Example that does use the user ID and password default values: onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid\_value>

- Step 3. Restart the Lenovo XClarity Controller.
- Step 4. Restart the server.

# Update the DMI/SMBIOS data

The Desktop Management Interface (DMI) must be updated when the system board is replaced. Use the Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI to update the DMI in the UEFI-based server. Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI is an online tool that supports several operating systems; make sure that you download the version for your operating system.

Notes: You can use Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to update the asset tag for the server:

- 1. Start the server and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager system setup interface.
- 2. From the System Summary page, click Update VPD.
- 3. Update the asset tag information.

To download Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI, go to the following site:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/solutions/HT116433

Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI sets the DMI in the Lenovo XClarity Controller. Select one of the following methods to access the Lenovo XClarity Controller and set the DMI:

- Online from the target system, such as LAN or keyboard console style (KCS) access
- Remote access to the target system (LAN based)
- Step 1. After you haveLenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI in place, type the following commands to set the DMI:

onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t\_model> [access\_method] onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> [access\_method] onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset\_tag> [access\_method]

Where:

#### <m/t\_model>

The server machine type and model number. Type mtm xxxxyyy, where xxxx is the machine type and yyy is the server model number.

```
<s/n>
```

The serial number on the server. Type sn zzzzzz, where zzzzzz is the serial number.

<asset\_method>

#### [access\_method]

The access method that you select to use from the following methods:

 Online authenticated LAN access, type the command: [--bmc bmc\_user\_id:bmc\_ password@bmc\_internal\_ip]

Where:

bmc\_internal\_ip

The BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller) internal LAN/USB IP address. The default value is 169.254.95.118.

bmc\_user\_id

The BMC account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

bmc\_password

The BMC account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSW0RD (with a zero 0 not an O).

**Note:** If you do not specify any of these parameters, OneCLI will use the default values. When the default values are used and OneCLI is unable to access the Lenovo XClarity Controller using the online authenticated LAN access method, OneCLI will automatically use the unauthenticated KCS access method.

Examples that do use the user ID and password default values: onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t\_model> onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset\_tag>

• Online KCS access (unauthenticated and user restricted): You do not need to specify a value for *access\_method* when you use this access method.

**Note:** The KCS access method uses the IPMI/KCS interface, which requires that the IPMI driver be installed.

The following commands are examples of not using the user ID and password default values:

onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t\_model>
onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n>
onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset\_tag>

• Remote LAN access, type the command:

**Note:** When using the remote LAN access method to access Lenovo XClarity Controller using the LAN from a client, the *host* and the *bmc\_external\_ip* address are required parameters.

[--bmc bmc\_user\_id:bmc\_password@bmc\_external\_ip]

Where:

```
bmc_external_ip
```

The external BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller) LAN IP address. There is no default value. This parameter is required.

```
bmc_user_id
```

The BMC account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

bmc\_password

The BMC account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSW0RD (with a zero 0 not an O).

Examples that do use the user ID and password default values: onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t\_model> --host <bmc\_ip> onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> --host <bmc\_ip> onecli config set SYSTEM\_PROD\_DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset\_tag> --host <bmc\_ip>

Step 2. Restart the server.

## Enable TPM/TCM

The server supports Trusted Platform Module (TPM), Version 1.2 or Version 2.0

**Note:** For customers in the People's Republic of China, TPM is not supported. However, customers in the People's Republic of China can install a Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM) adapter (sometimes called a daughter card).

When a system board is replaced, you must make sure that the TPM/TCM policy is set correctly.

### CAUTION:

Take special care when setting the TPM/TCM policy. If it is not set correctly, the system board can become unusable.

### Set the TPM/TCM policy

By default, a replacement system board is shipped with the TPM/TCM policy set to **undefined**. You must modify this setting to match the setting that was in place for the system board that is being replaced.

You can set the TPM/TCM policy from Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager.

Complete the following steps to set the TPM/TCM policy.

- Step 1. Start the server and when prompted, press F1 to display Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager.
- Step 2. If the power-on Administrator password is required, enter the password.
- Step 3. From the System Summary page, click **Update VPD**.
- Step 4. Set the policy to one of the following settings.
  - **TCM enabled China only**. Customers in the People's Republic of China should choose this setting if a TCM adapter is installed
  - **TPM enabled ROW**. Customers outside of the People's Republic of China should choose this setting.
  - **Permanently disabled**. Customers in the People's Republic of China should use this setting if no TCM adapter is installed

Although the setting **undefined** is available as a policy setting, it should not be used.

### **Assert Physical Presence**

Before you can assert Physical Presence, the Physical Presence Policy must be enabled. By default, the Physical Presence Policy is enabled with a timeout of 30 minutes.

If the Physical Presence Policy is enabled, you can assert Physical Presence through the Lenovo XClarity Controller or through hardware jumpers on the system board.

Notes: If the Physical Presence Policy has been disabled:

- 1. Set the hardware Physical Presence jumper on the system board to assert Physical Presence.
- 2. Enable the Physical Presence Policy using either F1 (UEFI Settings) or Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI.

#### Assert Physical Presence through the Lenovo XClarity Controller

Complete the following steps to assert Physical Presence through the Lenovo XClarity Controller:

1. Log in to the Lenovo XClarity Controller interface.

For information about logging in to the Lenovo XClarity Controller, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/dw1lm\_c\_ chapter2\_openingandusing.html

2. Click BMC Configuration → Security and verify that Physical Presence is set to assert.

#### Assert Physical Presence through the hardware

You can also assert hardware Physical Presence through the use of a jumper on the system board. For more information about asserting hardware Physical Presence through the use of a jumper, see:

"System-board switches" on page 14

### Set the TPM version

To set the TPM version, Physical Presence must be asserted.

For information about accessing the Lenovo XClarity Controller interface, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/dw1lm\_c\_chapter2\_ openingandusing.html

To set the TPM version:

- 1. Download and install Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI.
  - a. Go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com and navigate to the support page for your server.
  - b. Click Drivers & Software.
  - c. Navigate to the version of Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI for your operating system and download the package.
- 2. Run the following command to set the TPM version:

**Note:** You can change the TPM version from 1.2 to 2.0 and back again. However, you can toggle between versions a maximum of 128 times.

To set the TPM version to version 2.0:

OneCli.exe config set TrustedComputingGroup.DeviceOperation "Update to TPM2.0 compliant" --bmc userid:password@ip\_address

#### To set the TPM version to version 1.2:

OneCli.exe config set TrustedComputingGroup.DeviceOperation "Update to TPM1.2 compliant" --bmc userid:password@ip\_address

where:

- <userid>:<password> are the credentials used to access the BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller interface) of your server. The default user ID is USERID, and the default password is PASSWORD (zero, not an uppercase o)
- <*ip\_address*> is the IP address of the BMC.

For more information about the Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI set command, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/toolsctr\_cli\_lenovo/onecli\_r\_set\_command.html

3. Alternatively, you can use the following Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) commands:

#### To set the TPM version to version 2.0:

asu64 set TPMVersion.TPMVersion "Update to TPM2.0 compliant" --host <*ip\_address>* --user <*userid>* --password <*password>* --override

#### To set the TPM version to version 1.2:

asu64 set TPMVersion.TPMVersion "Update to TPM1.2 compliant" --host <*ip\_address*>

--user <userid> --password <password> --override

where:

- <userid> and <password> are the credentials used to the BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller interface) of your server. The default user ID is USERID, and the default password is PASSW0RD (zero, not an uppercase o)
- *<ip\_address>* is the IP address of the BMC.

## **Enable UEFI Secure Boot**

Optionally, you can enable UEFI Secure Boot.

Physical Presence must be asserted if you are going to enable UEFI Secure Boot. See "Assert Physical Presence" on page 90.

For information about accessing the Lenovo XClarity Controller interface, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/dw1lm\_c\_chapter2\_ openingandusing.html

There are two methods available to enable UEFI Secure Boot:

• From Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager

To enable UEFI Secure Boot from Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager:

- 1. Start the server and when prompted, press F1 to display Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager.
- 2. If the power-on Administrator password is required, enter the password.
- 3. From the UEFI Setup page, click **System Settings** → **Security** → **Secure Boot**.
- 4. Enable Secure Boot and save the settings.
- From Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI

To enable UEFI Secure Boot from Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI:

1. Download and install Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI.

To download Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI, go to the following site:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/solutions/HT116433

2. Run the following command to enable Secure Boot:

OneCli.exe config set SecureBootConfiguration.SecureBootSetting Enabled --override --bmc <userid>:<password>@<ip\_address>

where:

- <userid>:<password> are the credentials used to access the BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller interface) of your server. The default user ID is USERID, and the default password is PASSW0RD (zero, not an uppercase o)
- <*ip\_address*> is the IP address of the BMC.

For more information about the Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI set command, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/toolsctr\_cli\_lenovo/onecli\_r\_set\_command.html

## **Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM) replacement**

Use the following information to remove and install the Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM).

## Remove the Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM)

Use this information to remove the Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM).

Before you remove the TCM, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.
- 2. Power off the corresponding compute node that you are going to perform the task on.
- 3. Remove the compute node from the chassis (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24).
- 4. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface, orienting the compute node with the bezel pointing toward you.
- 5. Remove the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42).

### Attention:

• When the TCM is removed, all TCM functions will be disabled.

To remove the TCM, complete the following steps:



Figure 68. Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM) removal

- Step 1. Locate the TCM connector on the system board (see "System-board connectors" on page 13).
- Step 2. If an I/O expansion adapter is installed in the I/O expansion 1 connector (see "System-board connectors" on page 13 for the location of the connector), you will need to remove it first (see "Remove an I/O expansion adapter" on page 57 ), as it will block your access to the TCM connector.
- Step 3. Carefully hold the TCM by its edges; then, gently press on the latch, and lift it from the system board.

If you are instructed to return the component or optional device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

## Install the Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM)

Use this information to install the Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM).

Before you remove the TCM, complete the following steps:

1. Read "Safety" on page iii and "Installation Guidelines" on page 21 to ensure that you work safely.

To install the TCM, complete the following steps:



Figure 69. Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM) installation

- Step 1. Locate the TCM connector on the system board (see "System-board connectors" on page 13).
- Step 2. If an I/O expansion adapter is installed in the I/O expansion 1 connector (see "System-board connectors" on page 13 for the location of the connector), you will need to remove it first (see "Remove an I/O expansion adapter" on page 57), as it will block your access to the TCM connector.
- Step 3. Touch the static-protective package that contains the TCM to any *unpainted* metal surface on the Lenovo Flex System chassis or any *unpainted* metal surface on any other grounded rack component; then, remove the TCM from the package.
- Step 4. Carefully hold the TCM by its edges and insert it into the TCM connector on the system board.

After you install the TCM, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the compute node cover (see "Install the compute node cover" on page 43).
- 2. Install the compute node into the chassis (see "Install the compute node in the chassis" on page 25).
- 3. Power on the compute node.

# Chapter 4. Problem determination

Use the information in this section to isolate and resolve issues that you might encounter while using your server.

Lenovo servers can be configured to automatically notify Lenovo Support if certain events are generated. You can configure automatic notification, also known as Call Home, from management applications, such as the Lenovo XClarity Administrator. If you configure automatic problem notification, Lenovo Support is automatically alerted whenever a server encounters a potentially significant event.

To isolate a problem, you should typically begin with the event log of the application that is managing the server:

- If you are managing the server from the Lenovo XClarity Administrator, begin with the Lenovo XClarity Administrator event log.
- If you are managing the server from the Chassis Management Module, begin with the Chassis Management Module event log.
- If you are using some other management application, begin with the Lenovo XClarity Controller event log.

## **Event logs**

An *alert* is a message or other indication that signals an event or an impending event. Alerts are generated by the Lenovo XClarity Controller or by UEFI in the servers. These alerts are stored in the Lenovo XClarity Controller Event Log. If the server is managed by the Chassis Management Module or by the Lenovo XClarity Administrator, alerts are automatically forwarded to those management applications.

**Note:** For a listing of events, including user actions that might need to be performed to recover from an event, see the *Messages and Codes Reference*, which is available at:http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/ help/topic/7X16/pdf\_files.html

### Lenovo XClarity Administrator event log

If you are using Lenovo XClarity Administrator to manage server, network, and storage hardware, you can view the events from all managed devices through the XClarity Administrator.

Logs

Event Log Audit Log	I					
The Event log provides a history of hardware and management conditions that have been detected.						
	× 🔊	s	how: 🔕 🧕			
		A	II Event Sources	-	Filter	
All Actions 👻			All Dates	-		
Severity Se	erviceability	Date and Time	System	Event	System Type	Source Da
🗆 🛕 Warning 📫	Support	Jan 30, 2017, 7:49:07 AM	Chassis114:	Node Node 08 device	Chassis	Jan 30, 20 🔨
🗌 🛕 Warning 📫	Support	Jan 30, 2017, 7:49:07 AM	Chassis114:	Node Node 02 device	Chassis	Jan 30, 20
🗌 <u> (</u> Warning 🖉	User	Jan 30, 2017, 7:49:07 AM	Chassis114:	I/O module IO Module	Chassis	Jan 30, 20
🗆 \Lambda Warning 🖉	User	Jan 30, 2017, 7:49:07 AM	Chassis114:	Node Node 08 incom	Chassis	Jan 30, 20

Figure 70. Lenovo XClarity Administrator event log

For more information about working with events from XClarity Administrator, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.lxca.doc/events\_vieweventlog.html

#### **Chassis Management Module event log**

The CMM event log contains all events received by the CMM from all components in the chassis, including switch modules, compute nodes, fans, and power supplies.

Chassis M	anagement Module	USERID Settings   Log Out   Help	
System Sta Search	itus Multi-Chassis Monitor Even	its 👻 Service and	Support 🗸 Chassis Management 👻 Mgt Module Management 👻
Chassis a	System Information	-	
Chassis Act	ive Events		
Severity	Date	Event ID	Message
	Today 02:55 AM	0000002	The system-management processor for node node03

Figure 71. CMM event log

For more information about accessing the CMM event log, see:

http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_ui\_events.html

#### Lenovo XClarity Controller event log

The Lenovo XClarity Controller monitors the physical state of the server and its components using sensors that measure internal physical variables such as temperature, power-supply voltages, fan speeds, and

component status. The Lenovo XClarity Controller provides various interfaces to systems management software and to system administrators and users to enable remote management and control of a server.

The Lenovo XClarity Controller monitors all components of the server and posts events in the Lenovo XClarity Controller event log.

8	1 😒 💌 🔛	100	Pitara 🔕	â	Tene: Al Dates	<ul> <li>Search divents.</li> </ul>
	Severity .	Source	Cute		Event O	thessage
22	0 of 51 items fillered		0 fems selected	4	Deputitier Applied Mers: Events (Error	Warning Information Audit()
	Informational	System	311 1 2013 00:02 42 771 AM		0+40000000000000000	Ramide Login Successful Login (5: USERD Non webgais at IP address 3: 11129-57.
	antornatorial	System	31 1 2013 08:01:00:287 AM		0+400000160000000	ENET/ORE401 DHCF-HTTN-MAD-50448348305. DR4-on-8on.com. (PBH4.185.195.76. Structor.205.205.105.00;gH8.185.155.1. DR51gH2.148.50
	Informational	System.	3111201309035895748		0+4000001900000000	U-IN Ethernet/ENLeg2) interface is now active.
•	International	System	31 1 2010 00 00 55 004 AM		0=4000001700000000	ENETICSEND IN-CRUTHERAMENTING ScaleStellist. INGUISE 254.05.118.NetMax-255.255.0.0. CVIgH0.5.3.0.
	International	dystem.	31 1 2013 08:00:03.400 AM		0+4000003700000000	ENETION 497 Pv6-LinkLocal Histoare+MIQ-Acaedb4e03cl. P@+M00:Seae 805544.83cd Pv6+54.
	Informational	System	3111201308035158248		0+4000001900000000	UNL Ethernet(Billing 1) interface is now active.
۵	Informational	System	31 1 2013 00:00 47.068 KM		0+4000000100000000	Wanopement Controller Stat 30x24/L9 Network Initialization Complete
8	🔝 montational	System .	31 1 2013 00:00 02 874 KM		048008012821018	Device Low Decurity Jmp has been added.
	Informational	Power	31 1 2013 08 03 02 554 48		0-000000913010	Host Power has been furned off
	Intornational	System	311 1 2013 08:55 11 252 48		0+4000001500000000	Nanogement Controller Stat 35A0AL3 recet was initiated by user USERIC.
	Informational	0ystem	31 1 2013 08 47 58 118 46		0+4000002300000000	Flash of Stat (SK34C3 from (1853) 185, 195, 199) succeeded for user USERD
	Informational	0ysters	31 1 2013 08:43 15:695 AM		0+4000000w00000000	Remote Login Successful Login ID USERID from wetgass at IP address \$ 195,155,118
-	and the second second					Remote Look Successful Look D USERD form

Figure 72. Lenovo XClarity Controller event log

For more information about accessing the Lenovo XClarity Controller event log, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/event\_log.html

### Light path diagnostics

Use this information as an overview of light path diagnostics.

Light path diagnostics is a system of LEDs above the control panel and on various internal components of the compute node. When an error occurs, LEDs can be lit throughout the compute node to help identify the source of the error.

## Viewing the light path diagnostics LEDs

Use this information to locate and identify the light path diagnostics LEDs.

Before you work inside the compute node to view the light path diagnostics LEDs, read the safety information, which is available at "Safety" on page iii and the "Installation Guidelines" on page 21.

If an error occurs, view the light path diagnostics LEDs in the following order:

1. Look at the control panel on the front of the compute node.



Figure 73. Compute node control panel buttons, connectors, and LEDs

Table 16. Compute node control panel buttons, connectors, and LEDs

USB connector	Power button/LED (green)
Console breakout cable connector	Identification LED
Drive activity LED (green)	Fault LED (yellow)
Drive status LED (yellow)	B USB management button

- If the fault LED is lit, it indicates that an error has occurred; view the light path diagnostics panel and LEDs to isolate the failing component.
- If the I/O expansion unit fault LED is lit, it indicates that an error has occurred in an I/O expansion unit that is installed in the compute node; check the XClarity Controller or CMM event log and the light path diagnostics LEDs to isolate the failing component.
- 2. To view the light path diagnostics LEDs, select one of the following procedures:
  - You can view the LEDs through the CMM **led** command, the CMM web interface and the Lenovo XClarity Administrator application (if installed).
    - For more information about the CMM led command, see the Flex System Chassis Management Module: Command-Line Interface Reference Guide at http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/ topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cli\_command\_led.html.
    - From the CMM web interface, select Compute Nodes from the Chassis Management menu. For more information, see the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: User's Guide" at http:// flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_user\_guide.html. All fields and options are described in the CMM web interface online help.
    - For more information about the Lenovo XClarity Administrator application, see https://support. lenovo.com/us/en/ documents/LNVO-XCLARIT.
  - If you are in the same location as the compute node, you can complete the following steps:
    - a. Remove the compute node from the Lenovo Flex System chassis, (see "Remove the compute node from the chassis" on page 24 for instructions).
    - b. Carefully lay the compute node on a flat, static-protective surface.
    - c. Open the compute node cover (see "Remove the compute node cover" on page 42 for instructions).
    - d. Remove the air baffle.
    - e. Press and hold the power button. When you press the power button, LEDs on the light path diagnostics panel and the system board will be lit if there are any hardware-related issues.

**Note:** The power source for light path diagnostics is designed only to last a short time. If you press the power button and the light path diagnostics LED lights, light path diagnostics is charged to light the LEDs.

The following illustration shows the LEDs on the light path diagnostics panel.

Figure 74. LEDs on the light path diagnostics panel



## Light path diagnostics LEDs

Use this information to diagnose possible errors that are indicated by the light path diagnostics LEDs.

The following table describes the LEDs on the light path diagnostics panel and the light path diagnostics LEDs on the system board.

See "Viewing the light path diagnostics LEDs" on page 97 for information about lighting the LEDs.

Note: Additional information about error conditions is in the CMM event log.

Light path diagnostics LED	Description
Light path diagnostics	The power source for the light path diagnostics LEDs is charged.
System board	The system board has failed.
NMI	The system board has failed.
CPU Mismatch	The processors are mismatched.
Temperature	The system temperature has exceeded a threshold level.
Memory	A memory error has occurred.
Storage BP 1	A hard disk drive backplane error has occurred.
M.2	A M.2 backplane error has occurred.

Table 17. Light path diagnostics LEDs	Table 17.	Light path diagnostics LEDs
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## System-board LEDs

Use this information to locate the system-board LEDs.

The following illustration shows the locations of the LEDs on the system board.



Figure 75. System-board LEDs

Table 18.	System-board L	EDs
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DIMM error 13–18 LEDs	DIMM error 19–24 LEDs
2 DIMM error 1–6 LEDs	Battery error LEDs
DIMM error 7–12 LEDs	Light path diagnostics LEDs

See "Light path diagnostics LEDs" on page 99 for information about how to interpret the system-board LEDs.

## General problem determination procedures

Use the information in this section to resolve problems if the event log does not contain specific errors or the compute node is inoperative.

If you are not sure about the cause of a problem and the power supplies are working correctly, complete the following steps to attempt to resolve the problem:

- 1. Power off the compute node.
- 2. Make sure that the compute node is cabled correctly.
- 3. Remove or disconnect the following devices, one at a time, until you find the failure. Power on and configure the compute node each time you remove or disconnect a device.
  - Any external devices,
  - Surge-suppressor device (on the compute node).
  - Printer, mouse, and non-Lenovo devices,
- Each adapter.
- Drives.
- Memory modules until you reach the minimum configuration that is supported for the compute node.

**Note:** The minimum configuration required for the compute node to start is one processor and one 8 GB DIMM.

4. Power on the compute node.

If the problem is solved when you remove an adapter from the compute node, but the problem recurs when you install the same adapter again, suspect the adapter. If the problem recurs when you replace the adapter with a different one, try a different PCIe slot.

If the problem appears to be a networking problem and the compute node passes all system tests, suspect a network cabling problem that is external to the compute node.

## **Troubleshooting by symptom**

Use this information to find solutions to problems that have identifiable symptoms.

To use the symptom-based troubleshooting information in this section, complete the following steps:

- 1. Check the event log of the application that is managing the server and follow the suggested actions to resolve any event codes.
  - If you are managing the server from the Lenovo XClarity Administrator, begin with the Lenovo XClarity Administrator event log.
  - If you are managing the server from the Chassis Management Module, begin with the Chassis Management Module event log.
  - If you are using some other management application, begin with the Lenovo XClarity Controller event log.

For more information about event logs, see "Event logs" on page 95)

- 2. Review this section to find the symptoms that you are experiencing and follow the suggested actions to resolve the issue.
- 3. If the problem persists, contact support (see "Contacting Support" on page 119).

## Hard disk drive problems

Use this information to resolve issues related the to hard disk drives.

• "Compute node cannot recognize a hard disk drive" on page 101

### Compute node cannot recognize a hard disk drive

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. Verify that the drive is supported for the compute node. See http://www.lenovo.com/serverproven/ for a list of supported hard drives.
- 2. Make sure that the drive is seated in the drive bay properly and that there is no physical damage to the drive connectors.
- 3. Run the diagnostics tests for the hard disk drives. When you start a compute node and press F1, the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface is displayed by default. You can perform hard drive diagnostics from this interface. From the Diagnostic page, click **Run Diagnostic → HDD test**.

#### Based on those tests:

a. If the drive fails the diagnostic test, replace the drive.

- b. If the drive passes the diagnostic tests but is still not recognized, complete the following steps:
  - 1) Replace the drive.
  - 2) Replace the hard drive backplane (see "Remove the 2.5-inch drive backplane" on page 28 )).
  - 3) Replace the system-board assembly (see "Remove and replace the system-board assembly" on page 82).

### Intermittent problems

Use this information to solve intermittent problems.

- "Intermittent external device problems" on page 102
- "Intermittent KVM problems" on page 102
- "Intermittent unexpected reboots" on page 102

### Intermittent external device problems

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. Make sure that the correct device drivers are installed. See the manufacturer's website for documentation.
- 2. For a USB device:
  - a. Restart the compute node and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager system setup interface. Then, click **System Settings** → **Devices and I/O Ports** → **USB Configuration**.
  - b. Connect the device to another port. If using a USB hub, remove the hub and connect the device directly to the compute node. Make sure that the device is configured correctly for the port.

### Intermittent KVM problems

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

### Video problems:

- 1. Make sure that all cables and the console breakout cable are properly connected and secure.
- 2. Make sure that the monitor is working properly by testing it on another compute node.
- 3. Test the console breakout cable on a working compute node to ensure that it is operating properly. Replace the console breakout cable if it is defective.

### **Keyboard problems:**

Make sure that all cables and the console breakout cable are properly connected and secure.

### Mouse problems:

Make sure that all cables and the console breakout cable are properly connected and secure.

### Intermittent unexpected reboots

**Note:** Some correctable errors require that the compute node reboot so that it can disable a device, such as a memory DIMM or a processor to allow the machine to boot up properly.

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

1. See the management controller event log to check for an event code that indicates a reboot. See "Event logs" on page 95 for information about viewing the event log.

# **Memory problems**

Use this information to resolve issues related to memory.

• "Displayed system memory less than installed physical memory" on page 103

### Displayed system memory less than installed physical memory

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. Make sure that:
  - a. You have installed the correct type of memory (see "Specifications" on page 2).
  - b. Memory mirroring or memory sparing mode does not account for the discrepancy.

To determine the status of a DIMM, restart the compute node and press F1 to display theLenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface. Then, click **System settings**  $\rightarrow$  **Memory**.

2. If new memory has recently been installed, make sure that no configuration events are reported in the event log. If there are any events, resolve them.

**Note:** DIMMs are verified as authentic Lenovo or IBM modules by the UEFI software. If any nonauthentic DIMMs are detected, an informational message appears in the system event log and memory performance might be limited. Non-authentic DIMMs are not covered by your Lenovo warranty.

- 3. If the compute node was recently installed, moved, or serviced, make sure that the DIMMs are correctly seated in the connectors (see "Install a DIMM" on page 47).
- 4. Make sure that all DIMMs are enabled. The compute node might have automatically disabled a DIMM when it detected a problem, or a DIMM might have been manually disabled.

To determine the status of a DIMM, restart the compute node and press F1 to display theLenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface. Then, click **System settings**  $\rightarrow$  **Memory**.

- Run memory diagnostics. When you start a compute node and press F1, the Lenovo XClarity
  Provisioning Manager interface is displayed by default. You can perform memory diagnostics from this
  interface. From the Diagnostic page, click Run Diagnostic → Memory test.
- Remove DIMMs until the compute node is showing the correct amount of memory. Install one DIMM at a time until you can determine which DIMM is not working properly. Remove that DIMM and replace it with a good DIMM.

**Note:** After you install or remove a DIMM, you must change and save the new configuration information by using the Setup utility. When you turn on the compute node, a message indicates that the memory configuration has changed. Press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface. Then, save the configuration.

7. If the problem remains, contact Lenovo Support.

## **Network problems**

Use this information to resolve issues related to networking, such as issues with ping, communications, or login.

### Access problems

Use this information to resolve issues related to logging in to the CMM or an I/O module.

- "Cannot log in to CMM" on page 103
- "Cannot log in to I/O module" on page 104

### Cannot log in to CMM

- 1. Make sure that you are using the correct password and that the capitals lock is off.
- 2. Restore the CMM default settings by pressing the reset button on the CMM.

### Cannot log in to I/O module

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Make sure that you are using the correct password and that the capitals lock is off.
- 2. Contact Lenovo Support for further assistance if you have forgotten the password.

### **Communication problems**

Use this information to resolve issues related to the communication between devices.

- "A compute node cannot communicate with the CMM on the data network" on page 104
- "A compute node cannot communicate with an I/O module" on page 104
- "One or more compute nodes cannot communicate with the SAN" on page 104

### A compute node cannot communicate with the CMM on the data network

**Note:** Communications errors from compute nodes can take up to 20 minutes to appear in the CMM event log.

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Make sure that all ports in the connection path are enabled and that you can ping the CMM. If you are unable to ping the CMM, see "A compute node in the chassis cannot ping the CMM on management network" on page 107.
- 2. Make sure that the protocols that you are using are enabled. By default, only secure protocols are enabled, for example, SSH and HTTPS.
- 3. Make sure that you can log into the CMM. If you are unable to log in to the CMM, see "Cannot log in to CMM" on page 103.
- 4. Reset the CMM to the default settings by pressing the reset button on the CMM.
  - Press and hold the button for 10 seconds to reset the CMM configuration settings. All user modified configuration settings are reset to the factory default values.

### A compute node cannot communicate with an I/O module

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Make sure that all ports in the connection path are enabled and that you can ping the I/O module. If you are unable to ping the I/O module, see "A compute node cannot ping an I/O module" on page 109.
- 2. Make sure that the protocols that you are using are enabled. By default, only secure protocols are enabled, for example, SSH and HTTPS.
- 3. Make sure that you can log into the I/O module. If you are unable to log in to the I/O module, see "Cannot log in to I/O module" on page 104.
- 4. Use a serial cable to connect to the I/O module to further isolate the problem. You can also link to the I/O module through an external Ethernet port.

### One or more compute nodes cannot communicate with the SAN

- 1. Make sure that:
  - The I/O module is powered on and the appropriate ports are enabled on the I/O module.

- The CMM has reported that the I/O module has completed POST and that no errors have been reported in the logs.
- The SAN device is powered on and is functional.
- All cables between the I/O module and the SAN device are properly connected and secure, and that the activity LEDs are lit on the appropriate ports.
- 2. See the documentation for the I/O module for additional information about troubleshooting SAN connectivity or network connectivity issues.

### **Connectivity problems**

Use this information to resolve issues related to the connectivity between the compute node and the Ethernet network.

- "A compute node cannot connect to the data network (Ethernet) during initial setup" on page 105
- "Intermittently, a compute node cannot connect to the data network (Ethernet)" on page 105
- "Multiple compute nodes cannot connect to the data network (Ethernet) during initial setup" on page 106
- "Intermittently, multiple compute nodes cannot connect to the data network (Ethernet)" on page 106

### A compute node cannot connect to the data network (Ethernet) during initial setup

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. If you have just updated the firmware for one or more devices in the chassis (I/O module, CMM, etc), install the previous level of firmware.
- 2. Make sure that:
  - The I/O module is powered on and the appropriate ports are enabled on the I/O module.
  - All cables between the I/O module and the network device (switch or router) are properly connected and secure, and that the activity LEDs are lit on the appropriate ports.
- 3. From the compute node operating system, verify the network settings, such as IP address, subnet mask (if using IPv4), DHCP settings, and vLAN settings, to ensure that the settings match the settings of the network device. See the documentation for the operating system for information about checking network settings.
- 4. From the compute node operating system, make sure that the network device is active. See the documentation for the operating system for information about viewing network devices.
- 5. Check the Lenovo support Web site for any firmware updates that might apply to this issue. You can view the release notes for a firmware update to determine the issues addressed by the update.
- 6. Check the Lenovo support Web site for any service bulletins that are related to network connectivity.
- 7. (Trained service technician only) Perform the following steps:
  - a. Force the Link/duplex speed.
  - b. Check the connectors on the I/O module to ensure that there are no bent pins.
  - c. Check the connectors on the chassis midplane to ensure there are no bent pins.
  - d. Remove the I/O module and install a working I/O module in the same I/O module bay.
  - e. If the problem is resolved, replace the I/O module that you removed.

### Intermittently, a compute node cannot connect to the data network (Ethernet)

- 1. Make sure that the network cables are correctly connected in the switch module ports and the switch module is correctly seated.
- 2. Update the NIC device driver, or the storage device controller device driver.

3. See the documentation for the I/O module for resolving connectivity issues.

### Multiple compute nodes cannot connect to the data network (Ethernet) during initial setup

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Make sure that:
  - The I/O module is powered on and the appropriate ports are enabled on the I/O module.
  - All cables between the I/O module and the network device (switch or router) are properly connected and secure, and that the activity LEDs are lit on the appropriate ports.
- 2. From the compute node operating system, verify the network settings, such as IP address, subnet mask (if using IPv4), DHCP settings, and vLAN settings, to ensure that the settings match the settings of the network device. See the documentation for the operating system for information about checking network settings.
- 3. From the compute node operating system, make sure that the network device is active. See the documentation for the operating system for information about viewing network devices.
- 4. Make sure that the proper device drivers are installed for the compute node Ethernet device.
- 5. Check the Lenovo support Web site for any firmware updates that might apply to this issue. You can view the release notes for a firmware update to determine the issues addressed by the update.
- 6. Remove the compute node from the chassis and check the connectors at the back of the node for bent pins. If the pins are bent, contact Lenovo Support. See Removing a compute node from a chassis.
- 7. Install the compute node in another compute node bay to see if the problem persists. See Installing a compute node in a chassis. If the problem persists, make sure that this compute node is connected to a port that has been enabled and that the vLAN settings enable that port to connect to the network.
- 8. Check the Lenovo support Web site for any service bulletins that are related to network connectivity.
- 9. (Trained service technician only) Perform the following steps:
  - a. Force the Link/duplex speed.
  - b. Check the connectors on the I/O module to ensure that there are no bent pins.
  - c. Check the connectors on the chassis midplane to ensure there are no bent pins.
  - d. Remove the I/O module and install a working I/O module in the same I/O module bay.
  - e. If the problem is resolved, replace the I/O module that you removed.

### Intermittently, multiple compute nodes cannot connect to the data network (Ethernet)

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Using the diagnostic tools that are provided by the device manufacturer, test the I/O module that the devices are connected to.
- 2. Attempt to connect one compute node to the network first, and connect other compute nodes, one by one, to try to isolate the problem.
- 3. Update the I/O module firmware, if necessary.

**Note:** Restarting the compute node and running POST diagnostics on the I/O module might also help isolate the problem; however, this might have other ramifications to the network.

### **Ping problems**

Use this information to resolve issues related to the ability to ping the CMM or an I/O module.

- "A compute node in the chassis cannot ping the CMM on management network" on page 107
- "Multiple compute nodes in the chassis cannot ping the CMM on management network" on page 107

- "CMM cannot ping a CMM in a different chassis" on page 108
- "A compute node cannot ping an I/O module" on page 109
- "Multiple compute nodes cannot ping an I/O module" on page 109

### A compute node in the chassis cannot ping the CMM on management network

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Make sure that the CMM is powered on and the applicable ports are enabled on the CMM.
- 2. Make sure that the compute node BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller) has acquired an IP address from the CMM by using the Setup utility on the node.

**Note:** If the CMM recently lost connection to the DCHP server, you must reset the BMC by using the CMM interface so that a new IP address can be acquired.

- 3. In the CMM user interface, click Chassis Management → Component IP Configuration and make sure that the IP address that is listed is the same as the IP address that is displayed in the Setup utility. If it is not the same IP address, configure the BMC network settings correctly or reset the BMC to automatically acquire a new IP address.
- 4. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any firmware updates that might apply to this problem. You can view the release notes for a firmware update to determine the issues that the update addresses.
- 5. Remove the compute node from the chassis and check the connectors on the back of the node for bent pins. If the pins are bent, contact Lenovo Support.
- 6. Install the compute node in another node bay to determine whether the problem remains. If the problem remains, make sure that the compute node is connected to a port that has been enabled and that the vLAN settings allow that port to connect to the network.
- 7. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any tech tips (service bulletins) that are related to network connectivity.
- 8. (Trained service technician only) Complete the following steps:
  - a. Force the link/duplex speed.
  - b. Check the connectors on the I/O module to make sure that no pins are bent.
  - c. Check the connectors on the chassis midplane to make sure that no pins are bent.
  - d. Remove the CMM and install a working CMM in the same bay.
  - e. If the problem is solved, replace the CMM that you removed.

### Multiple compute nodes in the chassis cannot ping the CMM on management network

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Make sure that the CMM is powered on and the applicable ports are enabled on the CMM. If the CMM is hung, reset the CMM.
- 2. Reset the CMM.
- 3. Check for firmware updates for the CMM.
- 4. Reset the CMM to factory defaults and attempt to discover the nodes again. Allow enough time for each BMC to acquire a network address.
- 5. Replace the CMM.
- 6. Make sure that the compute node BMC has acquired an IP address from the CMM by using the Setup utility on the node.

**Note:** If the CMM recently lost connection to the DCHP server, you must reset the BMC by using the CMM interface so that a new IP address can be acquired.

- 7. In the CMM user interface, click Chassis Management → Component IP Configuration and make sure that the IP address that is listed is the same as the IP address that is displayed in the Setup utility. If it is not the same IP address, configure the BMC network settings correctly or reset the BMC to automatically acquire a new IP address.
- 8. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any firmware updates that might apply to this problem. You can view the release notes for a firmware update to determine the issues that the update addresses.
- 9. Remove the compute node from the chassis and check the connectors on the back of the node for bent pins. If the pins are bent, contact Lenovo Support.
- 10. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any tech tips (service bulletins) that are related to network connectivity.
- 11. (Trained service technician only) Complete the following steps:
  - a. Force the link/duplex speed.
  - b. Check the connectors on the CMM to make sure that no pins are bent.
  - c. Check the connectors on the chassis midplane to make sure that no pins are bent.
  - d. Remove the CMM and install a working CMM in the same bay.
  - e. If the problem is solved, replace the CMM that you removed.

### CMM cannot ping a CMM in a different chassis

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Make sure that the CMMs are powered on and the applicable ports are enabled.
  - a. If the CMM is powered on and hung, reset the CMM.
  - b. Make sure that the compute node BMC, the management node, and the CMMs are all on the same subnet.
- 2. Verify that the cables between the CMMs and the top-of-rack switch are correctly connected and that the activity LEDs are lit on the applicable ports.
- 3. Make sure that the management node has a correct IP address and is on the same subnet as the CMMs.
- 4. Make sure that the compute node BMC has acquired an IP address from the CMM by using the Setup utility on the node.

**Note:** If the CMM recently lost connection to the DCHP server, you must to reset the BMC by using the CMM interface so that a new IP address can be acquired.

- 5. In the CMM user interface, click Chassis Management → Component IP Configuration and make sure that the IP address that is listed is the same as the IP address that is displayed in the Setup utility. If it is not the same IP address, configure the BMC network settings correctly or reset the BMC to automatically acquire a new IP address.
- 6. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any firmware updates that might apply to this problem. You can view the release notes for a firmware update to determine the issues that the update addresses.
- 7. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any tech tips (service bulletins) that are related to network connectivity.
- 8. Remove the compute node from the chassis and check the connectors on the back of the node and on the midplane for bent pins. If the pins are bent, contact Lenovo Support.
- 9. (Trained service technician only) Complete the following steps:
  - a. Force the link/duplex speed.
  - b. Check the connectors on the nodes and on the midplane to make sure that no pins are bent.
  - c. Replace the I/O expansion card in the management node.
  - d. Replace the management node.

### A compute node cannot ping an I/O module

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. If you have recently updated the firmware for one or more devices in the chassis (I/O module) and have verified the network settings, install the previous level of firmware.
- 2. Make sure that the I/O module is powered on and the applicable ports are enabled on the I/O module.
- 3. Make sure that all network cables are correctly connected and that the activity LEDs are lit. If the cables are correctly connected and the LEDs are not lit, replace the cable.
- 4. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any firmware updates that might apply to this problem. You can view the release notes for a firmware update to determine the issues that are addressed by the update.
- 5. Remove the node from the chassis and check the connectors at the back of the node for bent pins. If the pins are bent, go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com to submit a service request.
- 6. Install the compute node in another node bay, if one is available. If the problem remains, make sure that the compute node is connected to a port that has been enabled and that the vLAN settings allow that port to connect to the network.
- 7. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any tech tips that are related to I/O-module connectivity.
- 8. If the problem remains, replace the I/O module, and go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com to submit a service request.
- 9. (Trained service technician only) Complete the following steps:
  - a. Force the link/duplex speed.
  - b. Check the connectors on the I/O module to make sure that no pins are bent.
  - c. Check the connectors on the chassis midplane to make sure that no pins are bent.
  - d. Remove the I/O module and install a working I/O module in the same I/O bay.
  - e. If the problem is solved, replace the I/O module that you removed.

#### Multiple compute nodes cannot ping an I/O module

- 1. If you have recently updated the firmware for one or more devices in the chassis (I/O module or CMM), install the previous level of firmware.
- 2. Make sure that the I/O module is powered on and the applicable ports are enabled on the I/O module.
- 3. Make sure that all network cables are correctly connected and that the activity LEDs are lit.
- 4. From the compute node operating system, verify that the network device is active. Check also the network settings, such as IP address, subnet mask (if you are using IPv4), DNS, DHCP settings, and vLAN settings to make sure that the settings match the settings of the network device. See the documentation that comes with the operating system for information about viewing network devices and checking the network settings.
- 5. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any firmware updates that might apply to this problem. You can view the release notes for a firmware update to determine the issues that are addressed by the update.
- Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any tech tips (service bulletins) that are related to network connectivity.
- 7. (Trained service technician only) Complete the following steps:
  - a. Force the link/duplex speed.
  - b. Check the connectors on the I/O module to make sure that no pins are bent.
  - c. Check the connectors on the chassis midplane to make sure that no pins are bent.

- d. Remove the I/O module and install a working I/O module in the same I/O bay.
- e. If the problem is solved, replace the I/O module that you removed.

# **Observable problems**

Use this information to solve observable problems.

- "The compute node immediately displays the POST Event Viewer when it is turned on" on page 110
- "Compute node is unresponsive (POST is complete and operating system is running)" on page 110
- "Voltage planar fault is displayed in the event log" on page 111
- "Unusual smell" on page 111
- "Compute node seems to be running hot" on page 111
- "Cracked parts or cracked chassis" on page 111

### The compute node immediately displays the POST Event Viewer when it is turned on

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. Correct any errors that are indicated by the light path diagnostics LEDs.
- 2. Make sure that the compute node supports all the processors and that the processors match in speed and cache size.

You can view processor details from system setup.

To determine if the processor is supported for the compute node, see http://www.lenovo.com/ serverproven/.

- 3. (Trained technician only) Make sure that processor 1 is seated correctly
- 4. (Trained technician only) Remove processor 2 and restart the compute node.
- 5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the compute node each time:
  - a. (Trained technician only) Processor
  - b. (Trained technician only) System board

### Compute node is unresponsive (POST is complete and operating system is running)

- If you are in the same location as the compute node, complete the following steps:
  - 1. If you are using a KVM connection, make sure that the connection is operating correctly. Otherwise, make sure that the keyboard and mouse are operating correctly.
  - 2. If possible, log in to the compute node and verify that all applications are running (no applications are hung).
  - 3. Restart the compute node.
  - 4. If the problem remains, make sure that any new software has been installed and configured correctly.
  - 5. Contact your place of purchase of the software or your software provider.
- If you are accessing the compute node from a remote location, complete the following steps:
  - 1. Make sure that all applications are running (no applications are hung).
  - 2. Attempt to log out of the system and log back in.
  - 3. Validate the network access by pinging or running a trace route to the compute node from a command line.

- a. If you are unable to get a response during a ping test, attempt to ping another compute node in the enclosure to determine whether it is a connection problem or compute node problem.
- b. Run a trace route to determine where the connection breaks down. Attempt to resolve a connection issue with either the VPN or the point at which the connection breaks down.
- 4. Restart the compute node remotely through the management interface.
- 5. If the problem remains, verify that any new software has been installed and configured correctly.
- 6. Contact your place of purchase of the software or your software provider.

### Voltage planar fault is displayed in the event log

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. Revert the system to the minimum configuration. See "Specifications" on page 2 for the minimally required number of processors and DIMMs.
- 2. Restart the system.
  - If the system restarts, add each of the items that you removed one at a time, restarting the system each time, until the error occurs. Replace the item for which the error occurs.
  - If the system does not restart, suspect the system board.

### **Unusual smell**

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. An unusual smell might be coming from newly installed equipment.
- 2. If the problem remains, contact Lenovo Support.

### Compute node seems to be running hot

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

Multiple compute nodes or chassis:

- 1. Make sure that the room temperature is within the specified range (see "Specifications" on page 2).
- 2. Check the management processor event log for rising temperature events. If there are no events, the compute node is running within normal operating temperatures. Note that you can expect some variation in temperature.

### Cracked parts or cracked chassis

Contact Lenovo Support.

## **Optional-device problems**

Use this information to solve problems related to optional devices.

- "External USB device not recognized." on page 111
- "PCIe adapter is not recognized or is not functioning." on page 112
- "Insufficient PCIe resources are detected." on page 112
- "A Lenovo optional device that was just installed does not work." on page 112
- "A Lenovo optional device that worked previously does not work now." on page 112

### External USB device not recognized.

- 1. Make sure that the proper drivers are installed on the compute node. See the product documentation for the USB device for information about device drivers.
- 2. Use the Setup utility to make sure that the device is configured correctly. When you start a compute node and press F1, the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface is displayed by default.
- 3. If the USB device is plugged into a hub or the console breakout cable, unplug the device and plug it directly into the USB port on the front of the compute node.

### PCIe adapter is not recognized or is not functioning.

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. Check the event log and resolve any issues related to the device.
- 2. Validate that the device is supported for the compute node (see http://www.lenovo.com/serverproven/).
- 3. Make sure that the adapter is installed in a correct slot.
- 4. Make sure that the proper device drivers are installed for the device.
- 5. Resolve any resource conflicts if running legacy mode (UEFI).
- 6. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any service bulletins
- 7. Ensure any adapter external connections are correct and that the connectors are not physically damaged.

### Insufficient PCIe resources are detected.

If you see an error message stating "Insufficient PCI Resources Detected," complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. Remove one of the PCIe adapters.
- 2. Restart the system and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager system setup interface.
- 3. Click UEFI Setup → System Settings → Devices and I/O Ports → MM Config Base; then, modify the setting to the lower memory capacity. For example, modify 3 GB to 2 GB or modify 2 GB to 1 GB.
- 4. Save the settings and restart the system.
- 5. The action for this step will differ based on whether or not the reboot is successful.
  - If the reboot is successful, shutdown the solution and reinstall the PCIe card you removed.
  - If the reboot failed, repeat step 2 to step 5.

### A Lenovo optional device that was just installed does not work.

- 1. Make sure that:
  - The device is supported for the compute node (see http://www.lenovo.com/serverproven/).
  - You followed the installation instructions that came with the device and the device is installed correctly.
  - You have not loosened any other installed devices or cables.
  - You updated the configuration information in the Setup utility. Whenever memory or any other device is changed, you must update the configuration.
- 2. Reseat the device that you just installed.
- 3. Replace the device that you just installed.

#### A Lenovo optional device that worked previously does not work now.

- 1. Make sure that all of the cable connections for the device are secure.
- 2. If the device comes with test instructions, use those instructions to test the device.
- 3. If the failing device is a SCSI device, make sure that:

- The cables for all external SCSI devices are connected correctly.
- The last device in each SCSI chain, or the end of the SCSI cable, is terminated correctly.
- Any external SCSI device is turned on. You must turn on an external SCSI device before you turn on the compute node.
- 4. Reseat the failing device.
- 5. Replace the failing device.

## **Performance problems**

Use this information to solve performance problems.

- "Network performance" on page 113
- "Operating system performance" on page 113

### Network performance

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Isolate which network is operating slowly (such as storage, data, and management). You might find it helpful to use ping tools or operating-system tools such as task manager or resource manager.
- 2. Check for traffic congestion on the network.
- 3. Update the NIC device driver, or the storage device controller device driver.
- 4. Use the traffic-diagnostic tools that are provided by the IO-module manufacturer.

### **Operating system performance**

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. If you have recently made changes to the compute node (for example updated device drivers or installed software applications) remove the changes.
- 2. Check for any networking issues.
- 3. Check the operating system logs for performance related errors.
- 4. Check for events related to high temperatures and power issues as the compute node might be throttled to help with cooling. If it is throttled, reduce the workload on the compute node to help improve performance.
- 5. Check for events related to disabled DIMMs. If you do not have enough memory for the application workload, your operating system will have poor performance.
- 6. Ensure that the workload is not too high for the configuration.

# Power on and power off problems

Use this information to resolve issues when powering on or powering off the compute node.

- "Single compute node does not power on" on page 113
- "Multiple compute nodes do not power on" on page 114
- "Compute node does not power off" on page 114

### Single compute node does not power on

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

 If you recently installed, moved, or serviced the compute node, reseat the compute node in the bay. If the compute node was not recently installed, moved, or serviced, perform a virtual reseat through the CMM service command. For more information about the CMM service command, see the "Flex System" Chassis Management Module: Command-Line Interface Reference Guide" at http://flexsystem. lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cli\_command\_service.html .

- 2. Check the event log on the CMM for any events that are related to the compute node and solve them.
- 3. Make sure that the CMM can recognize the compute node. Log in to the CMM user interface and verify that the compute node appears in the chassis view. If the CMM cannot recognize the compute node, remove it, and inspect the compute node and the back of the node bay to make sure that there is no physical damage to the connectors.
- 4. Make sure that the power policy that is implemented on the CMM is sufficient to enable the compute node node to power on. You can view the power policy using theCMM **pmpolicy** command or the CMM web interface.
  - For more information about the CMM **pmpolicy** command, see the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: Command-Line Interface Reference Guide" at http://flexsystem.lenovofiles. com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cli\_command\_pmpolicy.html.
  - From the CMM web interface, select **Power Modules and Management** from the Chassis Management menu. For more information, see the the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: User's Guide" at http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_user\_guide.html. All fields and options are described in the CMM web interface online help.
- 5. Replace the system-board assembly (see "Remove and replace the system-board assembly" on page 82).

**Note:** Until you are able to replace the system-board assembly, you can attempt to power on the compute node from the CMM.

### Multiple compute nodes do not power on

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- If you recently installed, moved, or serviced the computer nodes, reseat the compute nodes in the bays. If the compute nodes were not recently installed, moved, or serviced, perform a virtual reseat through the CMM service command. For more information about the CMM service command, see the "Flex System Chassis Management Module: Command-Line Interface Reference Guide" at http://flexsystem. lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cli\_command\_service.html.
- 2. Check the CMM event log for any events that are related to the compute nodes, and solve them.

### Compute node does not power off

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. Attempt to power off the compute node through the CMM interface.
- 2. Attempt to restart the system-management processor for the compute node through the CMM interface. Click the compute node in the chassis view and then click **Restart System Mgmt Processor**. After the system-management processor has been restarted, attempt to power off the node from the CMM.
- 3. Attempt to power off the compute node by using the power button on the front of the compute node.
- 4. Attempt to reset the compute node from the CMM command-line interface (CLI) by using the **reset** command.
- 5. Reseat the CMM. Then, perform steps 1-4 again.

## Software problems

Use this information to solve software problems.

- 1. To determine whether the problem is caused by the software, make sure that:
  - The compute node has the minimum memory that is needed to use the software. For memory requirements, see the information that comes with the software.

**Note:** If you have just installed an adapter or memory, the compute node might have a memoryaddress conflict.

- The software is designed to operate on the compute node.
- Other software works on the compute node.
- The software works on another compute node.
- 2. If you receive any error messages while you use the software, see the information that comes with the software for a description of the messages and suggested solutions to the problem.
- 3. Contact your place of purchase of the software.

# Appendix A. Getting help and technical assistance

If you need help, service, or technical assistance or just want more information about Lenovo products, you will find a wide variety of sources available from Lenovo to assist you.

On the World Wide Web, up-to-date information about Lenovo systems, optional devices, services, and support are available at:

http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com

**Note:** This section includes references to IBM web sites and information about obtaining service. IBM is Lenovo's preferred service provider for ThinkSystem.

## Before you call

Before you call, there are several steps that you can take to try and solve the problem yourself. If you decide that you do need to call for assistance, gather the information that will be needed by the service technician to more quickly resolve your problem.

### Attempt to resolve the problem yourself

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures that Lenovo provides in the online help or in the Lenovo product documentation. The Lenovo product documentation also describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform. The documentation for most systems, operating systems, and programs contains troubleshooting procedures and explanations of error messages and error codes. If you suspect a software problem, see the documentation for the operating system or program.

You can find the product documentation for your ThinkSystem products at the following location:

### http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/help/index.jsp

You can take these steps to try to solve the problem yourself:

- Check all cables to make sure that they are connected.
- Check the power switches to make sure that the system and any optional devices are turned on.
- Check for updated software, firmware, and operating-system device drivers for your Lenovo product. The Lenovo Warranty terms and conditions state that you, the owner of the Lenovo product, are responsible for maintaining and updating all software and firmware for the product (unless it is covered by an additional maintenance contract). Your service technician will request that you upgrade your software and firmware if the problem has a documented solution within a software upgrade.
- If you have installed new hardware or software in your environment, check http://www.lenovo.com/ serverproven/ to make sure that the hardware and software is supported by your product.
- Go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com and check for information to help you solve the problem.
  - Check the Lenovo forums at https://forums.lenovo.com/t5/Datacenter-Systems/ct-p/sv\_eg to see if someone else has encountered a similar problem.

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures that Lenovo provides in the online help or in the Lenovo product documentation. The Lenovo product documentation also describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform. The documentation for most systems, operating systems, and programs contains troubleshooting procedures and explanations of error

messages and error codes. If you suspect a software problem, see the documentation for the operating system or program.

### Gathering information needed to call Support

If you believe that you require warranty service for your Lenovo product, the service technicians will be able to assist you more efficiently if you prepare before you call. You can also see http://datacentersupport. lenovo.com/warrantylookup for more information about your product warranty.

Gather the following information to provide to the service technician. This data will help the service technician quickly provide a solution to your problem and ensure that you receive the level of service for which you might have contracted.

- Hardware and Software Maintenance agreement contract numbers, if applicable
- Machine type number (Lenovo 4-digit machine identifier)
- Model number
- Serial number
- Current system UEFI and firmware levels
- Other pertinent information such as error messages and logs

As an alternative to calling Lenovo Support, you can go to https://www-947.ibm.com/support/ servicerequest/Home.action to submit an Electronic Service Request. Submitting an Electronic Service Request will start the process of determining a solution to your problem by making the pertinent information available to the service technicians. The Lenovo service technicians can start working on your solution as soon as you have completed and submitted an Electronic Service Request.

## **Collecting service data**

To clearly identify the root cause of a server issue or at the request of Lenovo Support, you might need collect service data that can be used for further analysis. Service data includes information such as event logs and hardware inventory.

Service data can be collected through the following tools:

### Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager

Use the Collect Service Data function of Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to collect system service data. You can collect existing system log data or run a new diagnostic to collect new data.

### • Lenovo XClarity Controller

You can use the Lenovo XClarity Controller web interface or the CLI to collect service data for the server. The file can be saved and sent to Lenovo Support.

- For more information about using the web interface to collect service data, see http://sysmgt. lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/NN1ia\_c\_servicesandsupport. html.
- For more information about using the CLI to collect service data, see http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/ help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/nn1ia\_r\_ffdccommand.html.

### • Chassis Management Module (CMM)

Use the Download Service Data function of the CMM to collect service data for compute nodes.

For more information about downloading service data from the CMM, see http://flexsystem.lenovofiles. com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.cmm.doc/cmm\_ui\_service\_and\_support.html.

### Lenovo XClarity Administrator

Lenovo XClarity Administrator can be set up to collect and send diagnostic files automatically to Lenovo Support when certain serviceable events occur in Lenovo XClarity Administrator and the managed endpoints. You can choose to send diagnostic files to Lenovo Support using Call Home or to another service provider using SFTP. You can also manually collect diagnostic files, open a problem record, and send diagnostic files to the Lenovo Support Center.

You can find more information about setting up automatic problem notification within the Lenovo XClarity Administrator at http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.lxca.doc/admin\_setupcallhome. html.

### Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI

Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI has inventory application to collect service data. It can run both inband and out-of-band. When running in-band within the host operating system on the server, OneCLI can collect information about the operating system, such as the operating system event log, in addition to the hardware service data.

To obtain service data, you can run the **getinfor** command. For more information about running the **getinfor**, see http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/toolsctr\_cli\_lenovo/onecli\_r\_getinfor\_command. html.

## **Contacting Support**

You can contact Support to obtain help for your issue.

You can receive hardware service through a Lenovo Authorized Service Provider. To locate a service provider authorized by Lenovo to provide warranty service, go to https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/serviceprovider and use filter searching for different countries. For Lenovo support telephone numbers, see https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/supportphonelist. In the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-426-7378.

In the U.S. and Canada, hardware service and support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. In the U. K., these services are available Monday through Friday, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

### China product support

To contact product support in China, go to: http://support.lenovo.com.cn/lenovo/wsi/es/ThinkSystem.html

You can also call 400-106-8888 for product support. The call support is available Monday through Friday, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

### Taiwan product support

To contact product support for Taiwan, call 0800–016–888. The call support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

# Appendix B. Notices

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Lenovo (United States), Inc. 1009 Think Place Morrisville, NC 27560 U.S.A. Attention: Lenovo VP of Intellectual Property

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Any performance data contained herein was determined in a controlled environment. Therefore, the result obtained in other operating environments may vary significantly. Some measurements may have been made on development-level systems and there is no guarantee that these measurements will be the same on generally available systems. Furthermore, some measurements may have been estimated through extrapolation. Actual results may vary. Users of this document should verify the applicable data for their specific environment.

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### Important notes

Processor speed indicates the internal clock speed of the processor; other factors also affect application performance.

CD or DVD drive speed is the variable read rate. Actual speeds vary and are often less than the possible maximum.

When referring to processor storage, real and virtual storage, or channel volume, KB stands for 1 024 bytes, MB stands for 1 048 576 bytes, and GB stands for 1 073 741 824 bytes.

When referring to hard disk drive capacity or communications volume, MB stands for 1 000 000 bytes, and GB stands for 1 000 000 000 bytes. Total user-accessible capacity can vary depending on operating environments.

Maximum internal hard disk drive capacities assume the replacement of any standard hard disk drives and population of all hard-disk-drive bays with the largest currently supported drives that are available from Lenovo.

Maximum memory might require replacement of the standard memory with an optional memory module.

Each solid-state memory cell has an intrinsic, finite number of write cycles that the cell can incur. Therefore, a solid-state device has a maximum number of write cycles that it can be subjected to, expressed as total bytes written (TBW). A device that has exceeded this limit might fail to respond to system-generated commands or might be incapable of being written to. Lenovo is not responsible for replacement of a device that has exceeded number of program/erase cycles, as documented in the Official Published Specifications for the device.

Lenovo makes no representations or warranties with respect to non-Lenovo products. Support (if any) for the non-Lenovo products is provided by the third party, not Lenovo.

Some software might differ from its retail version (if available) and might not include user manuals or all program functionality.

## Particulate contamination

**Attention:** Airborne particulates (including metal flakes or particles) and reactive gases acting alone or in combination with other environmental factors such as humidity or temperature might pose a risk to the device that is described in this document.

Risks that are posed by the presence of excessive particulate levels or concentrations of harmful gases include damage that might cause the device to malfunction or cease functioning altogether. This specification sets forth limits for particulates and gases that are intended to avoid such damage. The limits must not be viewed or used as definitive limits, because numerous other factors, such as temperature or moisture content of the air, can influence the impact of particulates or environmental corrosives and gaseous contaminant transfer. In the absence of specific limits that are set forth in this document, you must implement practices that maintain particulate and gas levels that are consistent with the protection of human health and safety. If Lenovo determines that the levels of particulates or gases in your environment have caused damage to the device, Lenovo may condition provision of repair or replacement of devices or parts on implementation of appropriate remedial measures to mitigate such environmental contamination. Implementation of such remedial measures is a customer responsibility.

Contaminant	Limits
Particulate	<ul> <li>The room air must be continuously filtered with 40% atmospheric dust spot efficiency (MERV 9) according to ASHRAE Standard 52.2<sup>1</sup>.</li> </ul>
	• Air that enters a data center must be filtered to 99.97% efficiency or greater, using high- efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters that meet MIL-STD-282.
	• The deliquescent relative humidity of the particulate contamination must be more than 60% <sup>2</sup> .
	The room must be free of conductive contamination such as zinc whiskers.
Gaseous	<ul> <li>Copper: Class G1 as per ANSI/ISA 71.04-1985<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Silver: Corrosion rate of less than 300 Å in 30 days</li> </ul>
<sup>1</sup> ASHRAE 52.2 <i>Particle Size</i> . A <sup>2</sup> The deliquesc enough water t	2-2008 - Method of Testing General Ventilation Air-Cleaning Devices for Removal Efficiency by tlanta: American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc. cent relative humidity of particulate contamination is the relative humidity at which the dust absorbs o become wet and promote ionic conduction.

Table 19.	Limits	for pa	articulates	and	gases
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<sup>3</sup> ANSI/ISA-71.04-1985. *Environmental conditions for process measurement and control systems: Airborne contaminants*. Instrument Society of America, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, U.S.A.

### **Telecommunication regulatory statement**

This product may not be certified in your country for connection by any means whatsoever to interfaces of public telecommunications networks. Further certification may be required by law prior to making any such connection. Contact a Lenovo representative or reseller for any questions.

### **Electronic emission notices**

When you attach a monitor to the equipment, you must use the designated monitor cable and any interference suppression devices that are supplied with the monitor.

Additional electronic emissions notices are available at:

http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/help/index.jsp

# Taiwan BSMI RoHS declaration

	限用物質及其化學符號							
	Restricted substances and its chemical symbols							
單元 Unit	鉛L <b>ead</b> (Pb)	汞 <b>Mercury</b> (Hg)	鎘Cadmium (Cd)	六價鉻 Hexavalent chromium (Cr <sup>6</sup> )	多溴聯苯 Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)		
機架	0	0	0	0	0	0		
外部蓋板	0	0	0	0	0	0		
機械組合件	_	0	0	0	0	0		
空氣傳動設備	_	0	0	0	0	0		
冷卻組合件	_	0	0	0	0	0		
內存模塊	_	0	0	0	0	0		
處理器模塊	_	0	0	0	0	0		
鍵盤		0	0	0	0	0		
調製解調器	_	0	0	0	0	0		
監視器	_	0	0	0	0	0		
滑鼠	_	0	0	0	0	0		
電纜組合件	_	0	0	0	0	0		
電源		0	0	0	0	0		
儲備設備	_	0	0	0	0	0		
電池匣組合件	_	0	0	0	0	0		
有mech的電路卡		0	0	0	0	0		
無mech的電路卡	-	0	0	0	0	0		
雷射器	-	0	0	0	0	0		
<ul> <li>備考1. "超出0.1 wt %"及 "超出0.01 wt %" 係指限用物質之百分比含量超出百分比含量基準值。</li> <li>Note1: "exceeding 0.1 wt%" and "exceeding 0.01 wt%" indicate that the percentage content of the restricted substance exceeds the reference percentage value of presence condition.</li> <li>備考2. "〇" 係指該項限用物質之百分比含量未超出百分比含量基準值。</li> <li>Note2: "〇" indicates that the percentage content of the restricted substance does not exceed the percentage of reference value of presence.</li> </ul>								
備考3. ~  ̄ 係								

# Taiwan import and export contact information

Contacts are available for Taiwan import and export information.

委製商/進口商名稱: 台灣聯想環球科技股份有限公司 進口商地址: 台北市南港區三重路 66 號 8 樓 進口商電話: 0800-000-702

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