

# HPE ProLiant DL360 Gen10 Server User Guide

#### Abstract

This document is for the person who installs, administers, and troubleshoots servers and storage systems. Hewlett Packard Enterprise assumes you are qualified in the servicing of computer equipment and trained in recognizing hazards in products with hazardous energy levels.

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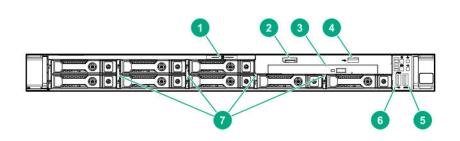
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# **Component identification**

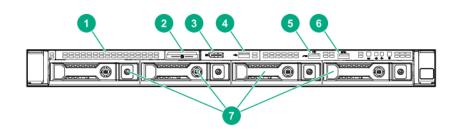
# Front panel components

#### 8 SFF



ltem	Description
1	Serial label pull tab
2	Display port (optional)
3	Optical drive (optional)
4	USB 2.0 port (optional)
5	USB 3.0 port
6	iLO Service Port
	The operating system does not recognize this port as a USB port.
7	SAS/SATA drive bays

#### 4 LFF

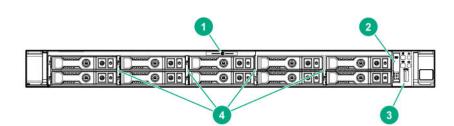


ltem	Description
1	Optical drive blank (optional)
2	Serial label pull tab
3	Display port (optional)
4	USB 2.0 port (optional)

Table Continued

ltem	Description
5	iLO Service Port
	The operating system does not recognize this port as a USB port.
6	USB 3.0 port
7	SAS/SATA drive bays

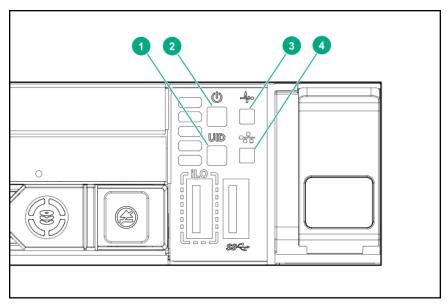
#### 10 SFF NVMe/SAS Combo



ltem	Description
1	Serial label pull tab
2	Systems Insight Display (optional)
3	USB 3.0 port
4	SAS/SATA/NVMe drive bays
	NVMe drives must be used in bays 9 and 10. SAS/SATA drives are not supported in those bays.

# Front panel LEDs and buttons

#### 8SFF/10SFF

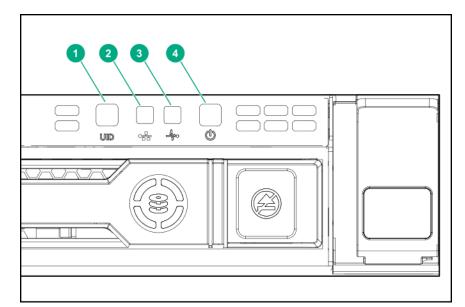


Description	Status
UID button/LED*	Solid blue = Activated
	Flashing blue:
	<ul> <li>1 Hz = Remote management or firmware upgrade in progress</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>4 Hz = iLO manual reboot sequence initiated</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>8 Hz = iLO manual reboot sequence in progress</li> </ul>
	Off = Deactivated
Power On/Standby button and	Solid green = System on
system power LED*	Flashing green = Performing power on sequence
	Solid amber = System in standby
	Off = No power present**
Health LED*	Solid green = Normal
	Flashing green = iLO is rebooting
	Flashing amber = System degraded
	Flashing red = System critical†
NIC status LED*	Solid green = Link to network
	Flashing green = Network active
	Off = No network activity
	UID button/LED* Power On/Standby button and system power LED* Health LED*

\*When all four LEDs described in this table flash simultaneously, a power fault has occurred.

\*\*Facility power is not present, power cord is not attached, no power supplies are installed, power supply failure has occurred, or the power button cable is disconnected.

†If the health LED indicates a degraded or critical state, review the system IML or use iLO to review the system health status.



ltem	Description	Status
1	UID button/LED*	Solid blue = Activated
		Flashing blue:
		<ul> <li>1 Hz = Remote management or firmware upgrade in progress</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>4 Hz = iLO manual reboot sequence initiated</li> </ul>
		• 8 Hz = iLO manual reboot sequence in progress
		Off = Deactivated
2	NIC status LED*	Solid green = Link to network
		Flashing green = Network active
		Off = No network activity
3	Health LED*	Solid green = Normal
		Flashing green = iLO is rebooting
		Flashing amber = System degraded
		Flashing red = System critical**
4	Power On/Standby button and	Solid green = System on
	system power LED*	Flashing green = Performing power on sequence
		Solid amber = System in standby
		Off = No power present†

\*When all four LEDs described in this table flash simultaneously, a power fault has occurred.

\*\*To identify components in a degraded or critical state, see the Systems Insight Display LEDs, check iLO/ BIOS logs, and reference the server troubleshooting guide.

†Facility power is not present, power cord is not attached, no power supplies are installed, power supply failure has occurred, or the power button cable is disconnected.

#### **UID** button functionality

The UID button can be used to display the HPE ProLiant Pre-boot Health Summary when the server will not power on. For more information, see the latest *HPE iLO User Guide* on the **Hewlett Packard Enterprise website**.

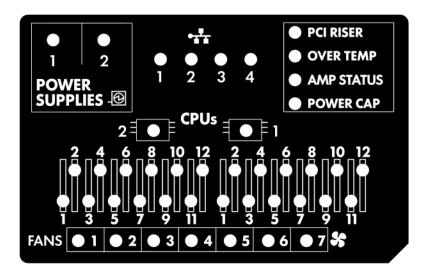
#### **Power fault LEDs**

The following table provides a list of power fault LEDs, and the subsystems that are affected. Not all power faults are used by all servers.

Subsystem	LED behavior
System board	1 flash
Processor	2 flashes
Memory	3 flashes
Riser board PCIe slots	4 flashes
FlexibleLOM	5 flashes
Removable HPE Flexible Smart Array controller/Smart SAS HBA controller	6 flashes
System board PCIe slots 7 flashes	
Power backplane or storage backplane	8 flashes
Power supply	9 flashes

# **Systems Insight Display LEDs**

The Systems Insight Display LEDs represent the system board layout. The display enables diagnosis with the access panel installed.



Description	Status
Processor LEDs	Off = Normal
	Amber = Failed processor
DIMM LEDs	Off = Normal
	Amber = Failed DIMM or configuration issue
Fan LEDs	Off = Normal
	Amber = Failed fan or missing fan
NIC LEDs	Off = No link to network
	Solid green = Network link
	Flashing green = Network link with activity
	If power is off, the front panel LED is not active. For status, see <b>Rear panel LEDs</b> on page 15.
Power supply LEDs	Off = Normal
	Solid amber = Power subsystem degraded, power supply failure, or input power lost.
PCI riser LED	Off = Normal
	Amber = Incorrectly installed PCI riser cage
Over temp LED	Off = Normal
	Amber = High system temperature detected
Amp Status LED	Off = AMP modes disabled
	Solid green = AMP mode enabled
	Solid amber = Failover
	Flashing amber = Invalid configuration
Power cap LED	Off = System is in standby, or no cap is set.
	Solid green = Power cap applied

When the health LED on the front panel illuminates either amber or red, the server is experiencing a health event. For more information on the combination of these LEDs, see **<u>Systems Insight Display combined</u> <u>LED descriptions</u>** on page 12).

# Systems Insight Display combined LED descriptions

The combined illumination of the following LEDs indicates a system condition:

- Systems Insight Display LEDs
- System power LED
- Health LED

Systems Insight Display LED and color	Health LED	System power LED	Status
Processor (amber)	Red	Amber	One or more of the following conditions may exist:
			<ul> <li>Processor in socket X has failed</li> <li>Processor X is not installed in th socket.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Processor X is unsupported.</li> <li>ROM detects a failed processor during POST.</li> </ul>
Processor (amber)	Amber	Green	Processor in socket X is in a pre- failure condition.
DIMM (amber)	Red	Green	One or more DIMMs have failed.
DIMM (amber)	Amber	Green	DIMM in slot X is in a pre-failure condition.
Over temp (amber)	Amber	Green	The Health Driver has detected a cautionary temperature level.
Over temp (amber)	Red	Amber	The server has detected a hardwar critical temperature level.
PCI riser (amber)	Red	Green	The PCI riser cage is not seated properly.
Fan (amber)	Amber	Green	One fan has failed or has been removed.
Fan (amber)	Red	Green	Two or more fans have failed or bear removed.
Power supply (amber)	Red	Amber	One or more of the following conditions may exist:
			<ul> <li>Only one power supply is installe and that power supply is in standby.</li> <li>Power supply fault</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>System board fault</li> </ul>
Power supply (amber)	Amber	Green	One or more of the following conditions may exist:
			<ul> <li>Redundant power supply is installed and only one power supply is functional.</li> <li>AC power cord is not plugged in redundant power supply.</li> <li>Redundant power supply fault</li> <li>Power supply mismatch at POS</li> </ul>
			or power supply mismatch at POS hot-plug addition

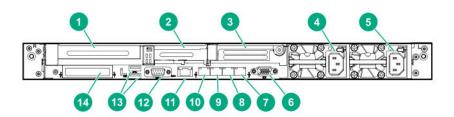
Table Continued

Systems Insight Display LED and color	Health LED	System power LED	Status
Power cap (off)	_	Amber	Standby
Power cap (green)	_	Flashing green	Waiting for power
Power cap (green)	<u> </u>	Green	Power is available.
Power cap (flashing amber)		Amber	Power is not available.

#### () IMPORTANT:

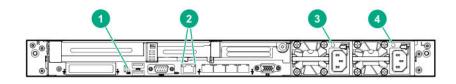
If more than one DIMM slot LED is illuminated, further troubleshooting is required. Test each bank of DIMMs by removing all other DIMMs. Isolate the failed DIMM by replacing each DIMM in a bank with a known working DIMM.

# **Rear panel components**



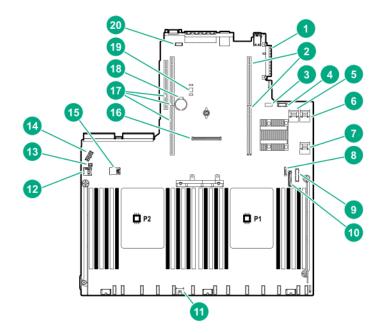
<ol> <li>Slot 1 PCle3</li> <li>Slot 2 PCle3</li> <li>Slot 3 PCle3 (optional - requires second processor</li> <li>Power supply 2 (PS2)</li> <li>Power supply 1 (PS1)</li> <li>Video port</li> <li>NIC port 4</li> <li>NIC port 3</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>3 Slot 3 PCIe3 (optional - requires second processor</li> <li>4 Power supply 2 (PS2)</li> <li>5 Power supply 1 (PS1)</li> <li>6 Video port</li> <li>7 NIC port 4</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4 Power supply 2 (PS2)</li> <li>5 Power supply 1 (PS1)</li> <li>6 Video port</li> <li>7 NIC port 4</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>5 Power supply 1 (PS1)</li> <li>6 Video port</li> <li>7 NIC port 4</li> </ul>
<ul><li>6 Video port</li><li>7 NIC port 4</li></ul>
7 NIC port 4
8 NIC port 3
9 NIC port 2
10 NIC port 1
11 iLO Management Port
12 Serial port (optional)
13 USB 3.0 ports
14 FlexibleLOM (optional)

# **Rear panel LEDs**



ltem	Description	Status
1	UID LED	
	Solid blue = Identification is activated.	
		Flashing blue = System is being managed remotely.
		Off = Identification is deactivated.
2R	iLO 5/standard	Solid green = Activity exists.
	NIC activity LED	Flashing green = Activity exists.
		Off = No activity exists.
2L iLO 5/standard		Solid green = Link exists.
NIC link LED	Off = No link exists.	
3 Power supply 2	Solid green = Normal	
	LED	Off = One or more of the following conditions exists:
		AC power unavailable
		<ul> <li>Power supply failed</li> </ul>
	Power supply in standby mode	
		<ul> <li>Power supply exceeded current limit.</li> </ul>
4	Power supply 1	Solid green = Normal
	LED	Off = One or more of the following
		conditions exists:
		AC power unavailable
		Power supply failed
		Power supply in standby mode
		<ul> <li>Power supply exceeded current limit.</li> </ul>

# System board components



ltem	Description		
1	FlexibleLOM connector		
2	Primary (processor 1) PCIe riser connector		
3	System maintenance switch		
4	Front display port/USB 2.0 connector		
5	x4 SATA port 1		
6	x4 SATA port 2		
7	x2 SATA port 3		
8	x1 SATA port 4		
9	Front power/USB 3.0 connector		
10	Optical/SATA port 5		
11	Smart Storage Battery connector		
12	Micro SD card slot		
13	Chassis Intrusion Detection connector		
14	Drive backplane power connector		
15	Dual internal USB 3.0 connector		
16	Type-a SmartArray connector		
17	Secondary (processor 2) PCIe riser connector		
18	System battery		
19	TPM connector (optional)		
20	Serial port connector (optional)		

Position	Default	Function
S1 <sup>1</sup>	Off	Off = iLO security is enabled.
		On = iLO security is disabled.
S2	_	Reserved
S3	Off	Reserved
S4	Off	Reserved
S5 <sup>1</sup>	Off	Off = Power-on password is enabled.
		On = Power-on password is disabled.
S6 <sup>1, 2</sup>	Off	Off = No function
		On = Restore default manufacturing settings
S7	_	Reserved
S8	_	Reserved
S9	_	Reserved
S10	_	Reserved
S11	_	Reserved
S12	<u> </u>	Reserved
12		Reserved

#### System maintenance switch descriptions

<sup>1</sup>You can access the redundant ROM by setting S1, S5, and S6 to On.

<sup>2</sup>When the system maintenance switch position 6 is set to the On position, the system is prepared to restore all configuration settings to their manufacturing defaults.

When the system maintenance switch position 6 is set to the On position and Secure Boot is enabled, some configurations cannot be restored. For more information, see Secure Boot configuration.

#### **NMI** functionality

An NMI crash dump enables administrators to create crash dump files when a system is hung and not responding to traditional debugging methods.

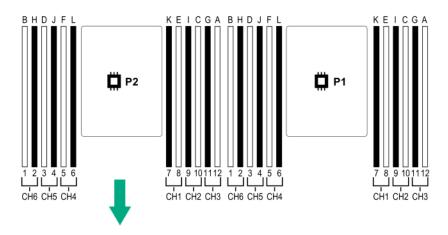
An analysis of the crash dump log is an essential part of diagnosing reliability problems, such as hanging operating systems, device drivers, and applications. Many crashes freeze a system, and the only available action for administrators is to cycle the system power. Resetting the system erases any information that could support problem analysis, but the NMI feature preserves that information by performing a memory dump before a hard reset.

To force the OS to invoke the NMI handler and generate a crash dump log, the administrator can use the iLO Virtual NMI feature.

For more information, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website.

### **DIMM slot locations**

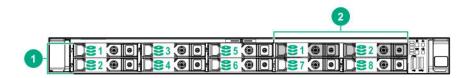
DIMM slots are numbered sequentially (1 through 12) for each processor. The supported AMP modes use the letter assignments for population guidelines.



# **Device numbers**

8SFF device bay numbering

#### 8SFF + 2 SFF device bay numbering



Item	Description
1	Box 1, bays 1-8
2	Box 2, bays 1 and 2



#### 10SFF NVMe/SAS backplane option device bay numbering

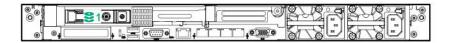
When the 10SFF NVMe/SAS backplane option is installed, NVMe drives must be installed in bays 9 and 10. The other bays support a mix of NVMe and SAS drives.

H 1		
	3 @0 # 5 @0	<b>37003900</b>
	4 90: 0 2 6 90	
	، اصدر المسد • • صدر	

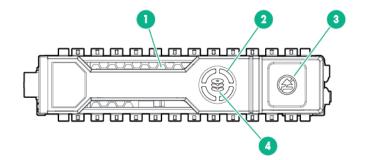
#### Optional rear device bay numbering

The optional rear device bay supports either 1 SFF drive in a SmartDrive carrier, or 2 uFF M.2 drives in an HPE Smart Carrier M.2 (SCM).

When the HPE SFF Flash Adapter is installed, the uFF drives are recognized as 1 and 101.



### Hot-plug drive LED definitions



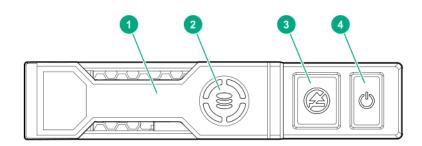
ltem	LED	Status	Definition		
1	Locate	Solid blue	The drive is being identified by a host application.		
		Flashing blue	The drive carrier firmware is being updated or requires an update.		
2	Activity ring	Rotating green	Drive activity.		
		Off	No drive activity.		
3	Do not remove	Solid white	Do not remove the drive. Removing the drive causes one or more of the logical drives to fail.		
		Off	Removing the drive does not cause a logical drive to fail.		
4	4 Drive status Solid green		The drive is a member of one or more logical drives.		
		Flashing green	The drive is rebuilding or performing a RAID migration, strip size migration, capacity expansion, or logical drive extension, or is erasing.		
		Flashing amber/ green	The drive is a member of one or more logical drives and predicts the drive will fail.		
		Flashing amber	The drive is not configured and predicts the drive will fail.		
		Solid amber	The drive has failed.		
		Off	The drive is not configured by a RAID controller.		

# **NVMe SSD components**

The NVMe SSD is a PCIe bus device. A device attached to a PCIe bus cannot be removed without allowing the device and bus to complete and cease the signal/traffic flow.

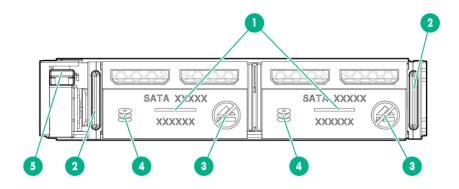
#### ▲ CAUTION:

Do not remove an NVMe SSD from the drive bay while the Do Not Remove button LED is flashing. The Do Not Remove button LED flashes to indicate the device is still in use. Removal of the NVMe SSD before the device has completed and ceased signal/traffic flow can cause loss of data.



ltem	Description
1	Release lever
2	Activity ring
3	Do Not Remove button
4	Power button

# uFF drive components and LEDs



ltem	Description	Status
1	Locate	<ul> <li>Off—Normal</li> <li>Solid blue—The drive is being identified by a host application</li> <li>Flashing blue—The drive firmware is being updated or requires an update</li> </ul>
2	uFF drive ejection latch	Removes the uFF drive when released
3	Do not remove LED	<ul> <li>Off—OK to remove the drive. Removing the drive does not cause a logical drive to fail.</li> <li>Solid white—Do not remove the drive. Removing the drive causes one or more of the logical drives to fail.</li> </ul>

Table Continued

ltem	Description	Status
4	Drive status LED	Off—The drive is not configured by a RAID controller
		<ul> <li>Solid green—The drive is a member of one or more logical drives</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Flashing green (4 Hz)—The drive is operating normally and has activity</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Flashing green (1 Hz)—The drive is rebuilding or performing a RAID migration, stripe size migration, capacity expansion, logical drive extension, or is erasing</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Flashing amber/green (1 Hz)—The drive is a member of one or more logical drives that predicts the drive will fail</li> </ul>
		Solid amber—The drive has failed
		<ul> <li>Flashing amber (1 Hz)—The drive is not configured and predicts the drive will fail</li> </ul>
5	Adapter ejection release latch and handle	Removes the SFF flash adapter when released

# Hot-plug fans



#### CAUTION:

To avoid damage to server components, fan blanks must be installed in fan bays 1 and 2 in a singleprocessor configuration.

#### ▲ CAUTION:

To avoid damage to the equipment, do not operate the server for extended periods of time if the server does not have the optimal number of fans installed. Although the server might boot, Hewlett Packard Enterprise does not recommend operating the server without the required fans installed and operating.

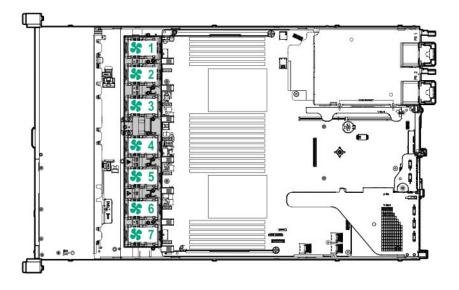
The valid fan configurations are listed in the following tables.

#### **One-processor configuration**

Fan bay 1	Fan bay 2	Fan bay 3	Fan bay 4	Fan bay 5	Fan bay 6	Fan bay 7
Fan blank	Fan blank	Fan	Fan	Fan	Fan	Fan

#### **Two-processor configuration**

Fan bay 1	Fan bay 2	Fan bay 3	Fan bay 4	Fan bay 5	Fan bay 6	Fan bay 7
Fan						



The loss of a single fan rotor (one standard fan) causes loss of redundancy. The loss of two fan rotors (2 standard fans or 1 high-performance fan) causes the server to initiate a shut down.

The high-performance fans are used for 8-SFF +2SFF NVMe and 10 SFF drive configurations when NVMe drives are installed in the server. They are also required for ASHRAE compliant configurations. For more information on ASHRAE compliant configurations, see the <u>Hewlett Packard Enterprise website</u>.

The server supports variable fan speeds. The fans operate at minimum speed until a temperature change requires a fan speed increase to cool the server. The server shuts down during the following temperature-related scenarios:

- At POST and in the OS, iLO performs an orderly shutdown if a cautionary temperature level is detected. If the server hardware detects a critical temperature level before an orderly shutdown occurs, the server performs an immediate shutdown.
- When the Thermal Shutdown feature is disabled in the BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU), iLO does not
  perform an orderly shutdown when a cautionary temperature level is detected. Disabling this feature does
  not disable the server hardware from performing an immediate shutdown when a critical temperature level
  is detected.



#### CAUTION:

A thermal event can damage server components when the Thermal Shutdown feature is disabled in the BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU).

# Operations

# Powering up the server

To power up the server, press the Power On/Standby button.

# Power down the server

Before powering down the server for any upgrade or maintenance procedures, perform a backup of critical server data and programs.



When the server is in standby mode, auxiliary power is still being provided to the system.

To power down the server, use one of the following methods:

· Press and release the Power On/Standby button.

This method initiates a controlled shutdown of applications and the OS before the server enters standby mode.

 Press and hold the Power On/Standby button for more than 4 seconds to force the server to enter standby mode.

This method forces the server to enter standby mode without properly exiting applications and the OS. If an application stops responding, you can use this method to force a shutdown.

· Use a virtual power button selection through iLO.

This method initiates a controlled remote shutdown of applications and the OS before the server enters standby mode.

Before proceeding, verify that the server is in standby mode by observing that the system power LED is amber.

# Extend the server from the rack

#### NOTE:

If the optional cable management arm option is installed, you can extend the server without powering down the server or disconnecting peripheral cables and power cords. These steps are only necessary with the standard cable management solution.

#### Procedure

- 1. Power down the server (Power down the server on page 24).
- 2. Disconnect all peripheral cables and power cords.
- 3. Loosen the front panel thumbscrews.
- 4. Extend the server on the rack rails until the server rail-release latches engage.



#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury or equipment damage, be sure that the rack is adequately stabilized before extending a component from the rack.



#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury, be careful when pressing the server rail-release latches and sliding the server into the rack. The sliding rails could pinch your fingers.

- 5. After performing the installation or maintenance procedure, slide the server into the rack:
  - **a.** Slide the server fully into the rack.
  - **b.** Secure the server by tightening the thumbscrews.
- 6. Connect the peripheral cables and power cords.

### Remove the server from the rack

To remove the server from a Hewlett Packard Enterprise, Compaq-branded, Telco, or third-party rack:

#### Procedure

- 1. Power down the server (Power down the server on page 24).
- 2. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
- **3.** Disconnect the cabling and remove the server from the rack. For more information, see the documentation that ships with the rack mounting option.
- 4. Place the server on a sturdy, level surface.

### Remove the access panel



#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.



Do not operate the server for long periods with the access panel open or removed. Operating the server in this manner results in improper airflow and improper cooling that can lead to thermal damage.

To remove the component:

#### Procedure

- 1. Power down the server (Power down the server on page 24).
- 2. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
- **3.** Open or unlock the locking latch, slide the access panel to the rear of the chassis, and remove the access panel.

# Installing the access panel

#### Procedure

1. Place the access panel on top of the server with the latch open.

Allow the panel to extend past the rear of the server approximately 1.25 cm (0.5 in).

2. Push down on the latch.

The access panel slides to a closed position.

**3.** Tighten the security screw on the latch.

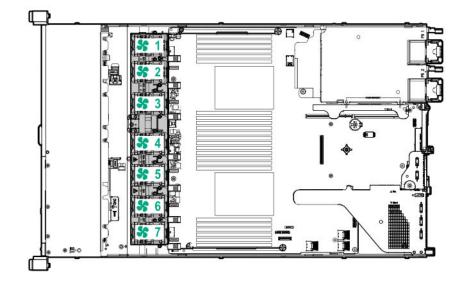
# Remove the hot-plug fan

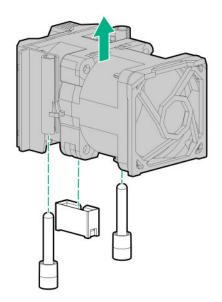
#### Procedure

- 1. Observe the following alert:
  - (!) IMPORTANT:

After removing a high-performance (dual-rotor) fan, install or replace the fan within 60 seconds. Otherwise, the server will shut down gracefully.

- 2. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 3. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 4. Remove the fan.





Do not operate the server for long periods with the access panel open or removed. Operating the server in this manner results in improper airflow and improper cooling that can lead to thermal damage.

#### () IMPORTANT:

For optimum cooling, install fans in all primary fan locations.

To replace the component, reverse the removal procedure.

# **Removing the primary PCI riser cage**

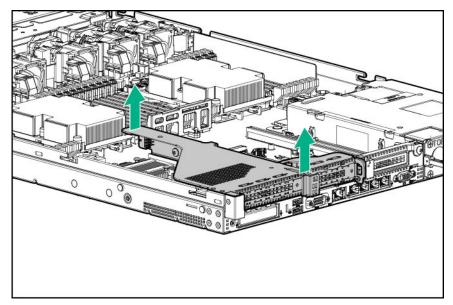


CAUTION:

To prevent damage to the server or expansion boards, power down the server and remove all AC power cords before removing or installing the PCI riser cage.

#### Procedure

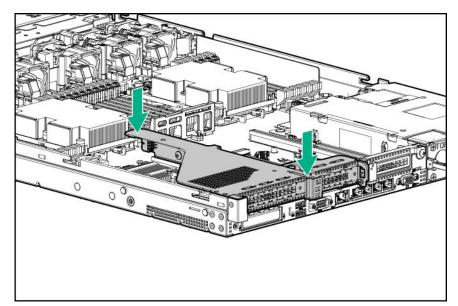
- **1.** Back up all server data.
- 2. Power down the server (Power down the server on page 24).
- 3. Remove all power:
  - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- **4.** Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 6. Remove the PCI riser cage.



# Install the primary PCI riser cage

#### Procedure

**1.** Install the PCI riser cage.



- 2. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- 3. Install the server into the rack (Installing the server into the rack on page 36).
- 4. Connect each power cord to the server.
- 5. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 6. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# Removing the secondary PCI riser cage

#### Procedure

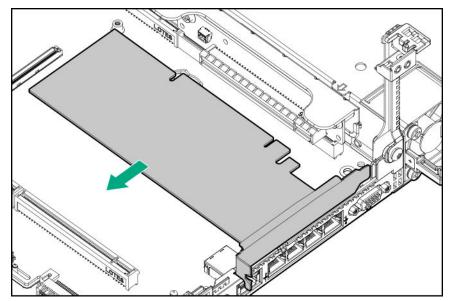
**1.** Observe the following alert:



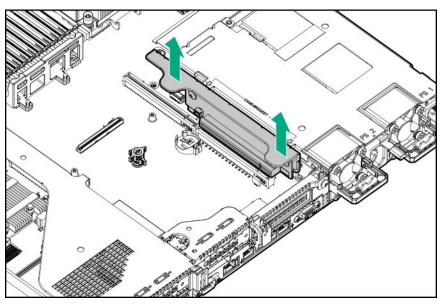
#### CAUTION:

To prevent damage to the server or expansion boards, power down the server and remove all AC power cords before removing or installing the PCI riser cage.

- 2. Back up all server data.
- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- **5.** Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - **b.** Remove the server from the rack (**<u>Remove the server from the rack</u>** on page 25).
- 6. Remove the access panel (<u>Remove the access panel</u> on page 25).
- 7. If needed, remove the primary PCI riser cage (Removing the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- 8. Disconnect any cables connected to the PCI riser cage.
- 9. Remove any expansion boards installed in the PCI riser cage.



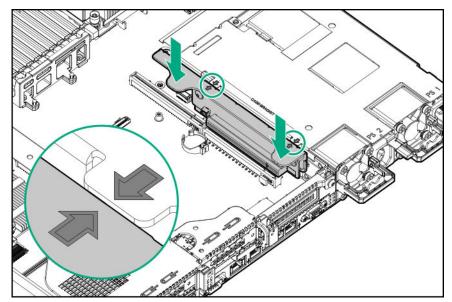
**10.** Remove the PCI riser cage.



# Install the secondary PCI riser cage

#### Procedure

1. Install the PCI riser cage.

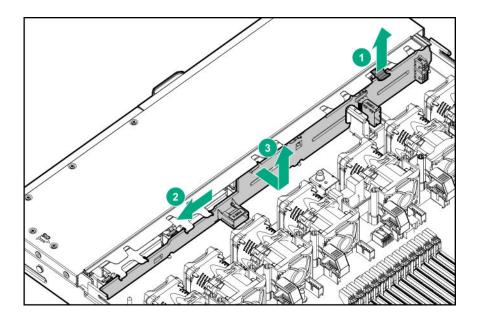


- If needed, install expansion boards (<u>Installing an expansion board in the secondary riser cage</u> on page 78).
- 3. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- 4. Install the server into the rack (Installing the server into the rack on page 36).
- 5. Connect each power cord to the server.
- 6. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 7. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# Removing the 8 SFF drive backplane

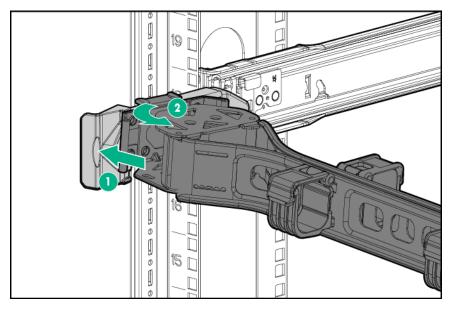
#### Procedure

- 1. Back up all server data.
- 2. Power down the server (Power down the server on page 24).
- 3. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 4. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 6. Remove all drives (Removing a hot-plug SAS or SATA hard drive on page 48).
- 7. Disconnect and remove all cables connected to the drive backplane.
- 8. Remove the 8 SFF SAS/SATA drive backplane.



# Releasing the cable management arm

Release the cable management arm and then swing the arm away from the rack.



# Setup

# **Optional services**

Delivered by experienced, certified engineers, HPE support services help you keep your servers up and running with support packages tailored specifically for HPE ProLiant systems. HPE support services let you integrate both hardware and software support into a single package. A number of service level options are available to meet your business and IT needs.

HPE support services offer upgraded service levels to expand the standard product warranty with easy-tobuy, easy-to-use support packages that will help you make the most of your server investments. Some of the HPE support services for hardware, software or both are:

- Foundation Care Keep systems running.
  - 6-Hour Call-to-Repair
  - 4-Hour 24x7
  - Next Business Day
- Proactive Care Help prevent service incidents and get you to technical experts when there is one.
  - 6-Hour Call-to-Repair
  - 4-Hour 24x7
  - Next Business Day
- Startup and implementation services for both hardware and software
- HPE Education Services Help train your IT staff.

For more information on HPE support services, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website.

### **Optimum environment**

When installing the server in a rack, select a location that meets the environmental standards described in this section.

#### Space and airflow requirements

To allow for servicing and adequate airflow, observe the following space and airflow requirements when deciding where to install a rack:

- · Leave a minimum clearance of 63.5 cm (25 in) in front of the rack.
- Leave a minimum clearance of 76.2 cm (30 in) behind the rack.
- Leave a minimum clearance of 121.9 cm (48 in) from the back of the rack to the back of another rack or row of racks.

Hewlett Packard Enterprise servers draw in cool air through the front door and expel warm air through the rear door. Therefore, the front and rear rack doors must be adequately ventilated to allow ambient room air to enter the cabinet, and the rear door must be adequately ventilated to allow the warm air to escape from the cabinet.



#### CAUTION:

To prevent improper cooling and damage to the equipment, do not block the ventilation openings.

When vertical space in the rack is not filled by a server or rack component, the gaps between the components cause changes in airflow through the rack and across the servers. Cover all gaps with blanking panels to maintain proper airflow.



Always use blanking panels to fill empty vertical spaces in the rack. This arrangement ensures proper airflow. Using a rack without blanking panels results in improper cooling that can lead to thermal damage.

The 9000 and 10000 Series Racks provide proper server cooling from flow-through perforations in the front and rear doors that provide 64 percent open area for ventilation.



#### CAUTION:

When using a Compaq branded 7000 series rack, install the high airflow rack door insert (PN 327281-B21 for 42U rack, PN 157847-B21 for 22U rack) to provide proper front-to-back airflow and cooling.

#### ▲ CAUTION:

If a third-party rack is used, observe the following additional requirements to ensure adequate airflow and to prevent damage to the equipment:

- Front and rear doors—If the 42U rack includes closing front and rear doors, you must allow 5,350 sq cm (830 sq in) of holes evenly distributed from top to bottom to permit adequate airflow (equivalent to the required 64 percent open area for ventilation).
- Side—The clearance between the installed rack component and the side panels of the rack must be a minimum of 7 cm (2.75 in).

#### () IMPORTANT:

The Hewlett Packard Enterprise DL360 Gen10 Server cable management arm is not supported on Compaq branded 7000 series racks.

#### **Temperature requirements**

To ensure continued safe and reliable equipment operation, install or position the system in a well-ventilated, climate-controlled environment.

The maximum recommended ambient operating temperature (TMRA) for most server products is 35°C (95°F). The temperature in the room where the rack is located must not exceed 35°C (95°F).

#### ▲ CAUTION:

To reduce the risk of damage to the equipment when installing third-party options:

- Do not permit optional equipment to impede airflow around the server or to increase the internal rack temperature beyond the maximum allowable limits.
- Do not exceed the manufacturer's TMRA.

#### **Power requirements**

Installation of this equipment must comply with local and regional electrical regulations governing the installation of information technology equipment by licensed electricians. This equipment is designed to operate in installations covered by NFPA 70, 1999 Edition (National Electric Code) and NFPA-75, 1992 (code for Protection of Electronic Computer/Data Processing Equipment). For electrical power ratings on options, refer to the product rating label or the user documentation supplied with that option.



#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not overload the AC supply branch circuit that provides power to the rack. Consult the electrical authority having jurisdiction over wiring and installation requirements of your facility.



Protect the server from power fluctuations and temporary interruptions with a regulating uninterruptible power supply. This device protects the hardware from damage caused by power surges and voltage spikes and keeps the system in operation during a power failure.

#### **Electrical grounding requirements**

The server must be grounded properly for proper operation and safety. In the United States, you must install the equipment in accordance with NFPA 70, 1999 Edition (National Electric Code), Article 250, as well as any local and regional building codes. In Canada, you must install the equipment in accordance with Canadian Standards Association, CSA C22.1, Canadian Electrical Code. In all other countries, you must install the equipment in accordance with any regional or national electrical wiring codes, such as the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Code 364, parts 1 through 7. Furthermore, you must be sure that all power distribution devices used in the installation, such as branch wiring and receptacles, are listed or certified grounding-type devices.

Because of the high ground-leakage currents associated with multiple servers connected to the same power source, recommends the use of a PDU that is either permanently wired to the building's branch circuit or includes a nondetachable cord that is wired to an industrial-style plug. NEMA locking-style plugs or those complying with IEC 60309 are considered suitable for this purpose. Using common power outlet strips for the server is not recommended.

#### Connecting a DC power cable to a DC power source

#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of electric shock or energy hazards:

- This equipment must be installed by trained service personnel, as defined by the NEC and IEC 60950-1, Second Edition, the standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- Connect the equipment to a reliably grounded Secondary circuit source. A Secondary circuit has no direct connection to a Primary circuit and derives its power from a transformer, converter, or equivalent isolation device.
- The branch circuit overcurrent protection must be rated 27 A.

#### WARNING:

When installing a DC power supply, the ground wire must be connected before the positive or negative leads.



#### WARNING:

Remove power from the power supply before performing any installation steps or maintenance on the power supply.



#### CAUTION:

The server equipment connects the earthed conductor of the DC supply circuit to the earthing conductor at the equipment. For more information, see the documentation that ships with the power supply.



If the DC connection exists between the earthed conductor of the DC supply circuit and the earthing conductor at the server equipment, the following conditions must be met:

- This equipment must be connected directly to the DC supply system earthing electrode conductor or to a bonding jumper from an earthing terminal bar or bus to which the DC supply system earthing electrode conductor is connected.
- This equipment should be located in the same immediate area (such as adjacent cabinets) as any other equipment that has a connection between the earthed conductor of the same DC supply circuit and the earthing conductor, and also the point of earthing of the DC system. The DC system should be earthed elsewhere.
- The DC supply source is to be located within the same premises as the equipment.
- Switching or disconnecting devices should not be in the earthed circuit conductor between the DC source and the point of connection of the earthing electrode conductor.

To connect a DC power cable to a DC power source:

- 1. Cut the DC power cord ends no shorter than 150 cm (59.06 in).
- 2. If the power source requires ring tongues, use a crimping tool to install the ring tongues on the power cord wires.



#### **IMPORTANT:**

The ring terminals must be UL approved and accommodate 12 gauge wires.

#### **IMPORTANT:** $(\mathbf{I})$

The minimum nominal thread diameter of a pillar or stud type terminal must be 3.5 mm (0.138 in); the diameter of a screw type terminal must be 4.0 mm (0.157 in).

3. Stack each same-colored pair of wires and then attach them to the same power source. The power cord consists of three wires (black, red, and green).

For more information, see the documentation that ships with the power supply.

### **Rack warnings**



#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the equipment, be sure that:

- The leveling jacks are extended to the floor.
- · The full weight of the rack rests on the leveling jacks.
- The stabilizing feet are attached to the rack if it is a single-rack installation.
- The racks are coupled together in multiple-rack installations.
- Only one component is extended at a time. A rack may become unstable if more than one component is extended for any reason.



#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury or equipment damage when unloading a rack:

- At least two people are needed to safely unload the rack from the pallet. An empty 42U rack can weigh as much as 115 kg (253 lb), can stand more than 2.1 m (7 ft) tall, and might become unstable when being moved on its casters.
- Never stand in front of the rack when it is rolling down the ramp from the pallet. Always handle the rack from both sides.

# Identifying the contents of the server shipping carton

Unpack the server shipping carton and locate the materials and documentation necessary for installing the server. All the rack mounting hardware necessary for installing the server into the rack is included with the rack or the server.

The contents of the server shipping carton include:

- Server
- Power cord
- · Hardware documentation and software products
- Rack-mounting hardware and documentation

In addition to the supplied items, you might need:

- · Operating system or application software
- Hardware options
- Screwdriver

# Installing hardware options

Install any hardware options before initializing the server. For options installation information, refer to the option documentation. For server-specific information, refer to "**Hardware options installation**."

# Installing the server into the rack

To install the server into a rack with square, round, or threaded holes, refer to the instructions that ship with the rack hardware kit.



#### WARNING:

This server is heavy. To reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the equipment:

- Observe local occupational health and safety requirements and guidelines for manual material handling.
- Get help to lift and stabilize the product during installation or removal, especially when the product is
  not fastened to the rails. Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends that a minimum of two people are
  required for all rack server installations. A third person may be required to help align the server if the
  server is installed higher than chest level.
- Use caution when installing the server in or removing the server from the rack; it is unstable when not fastened to the rails.



#### CAUTION:

Always plan the rack installation so that the heaviest item is on the bottom of the rack. Install the heaviest item first, and continue to populate the rack from the bottom to the top.

#### Procedure

- 1. Install the server and cable management arm into the rack. For more information, see the installation instructions that ship with the selected rail system.
- 2. Connect peripheral devices to the server. For more information, see Rear panel components on page 14.
- 3. Connect the power cord to the rear of the server.
- 4. Use the hook-and-loop strap to secure the power cord.
- 5. Connect the power cord to the power source.

## **Operating system**

This ProLiant server does not ship with provisioning media. Everything required to manage and install the system software and firmware is preloaded on the server.

To operate properly, the server must have a supported operating system. Attempting to run an unsupported operating system can cause serious and unpredictable results. For the latest information on operating system support, see the **Hewlett Packard Enterprise website**.

Failure to observe UEFI requirements for ProLiant Gen10 servers can result in errors installing the operating system, failure to recognize boot media, and other boot failures. For more information on these requirements, see the *HPE UEFI Requirements* on the **Hewlett Packard Enterprise website**.

To install an operating system on the server, use one of the following methods:

- Intelligent Provisioning—For single-server deployment, updating, and provisioning capabilities. For more information, see **Installing the operating system with Intelligent Provisioning** on page 37.
- Insight Control server provisioning—For multiserver remote OS deployment, use Insight Control server
  provisioning for an automated solution. For more information, see the Insight Control documentation on
  the <u>Hewlett Packard Enterprise website</u>.

For additional system software and firmware updates, download the Service Pack for ProLiant from the **Hewlett Packard Enterprise website**. Software and firmware must be updated before using the server for the first time, unless any installed software or components require an older version.

For more information, see Keeping the system current on page 125.

For more information on using these installation methods, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website.

### Installing the operating system with Intelligent Provisioning

#### Procedure

- 1. Connect the Ethernet cable between the network connector on the server and a network jack.
- 2. Press the Power On/Standby button.
- 3. During server POST, press F10.
- 4. Complete the initial Preferences and Registration portion of Intelligent Provisioning.
- 5. At the 1 Start screen, click Configure and Install.
- **6.** To finish the installation, follow the onscreen prompts. An Internet connection is required to update the firmware and systems software.

## Selecting boot options in UEFI Boot Mode

On servers operating in UEFI Boot Mode, the boot controller and boot order are set automatically.

#### Procedure

- 1. Press the Power On/Standby button.
- **2.** During the initial boot:
  - To modify the server configuration ROM default settings, press the F9 key in the ProLiant POST screen to enter the UEFI System Utilities screen. By default, the System Utilities menus are in the English language.
  - If you do not need to modify the server configuration and are ready to install the system software, press the F10 key to access Intelligent Provisioning.

For more information on automatic configuration, see the UEFI documentation on the <u>Hewlett Packard</u> <u>Enterprise website</u>.

## **Selecting boot options**

This server supports both Legacy BIOS Boot Mode and UEFI Boot Mode. On servers operating in UEFI Boot Mode, the boot controller and boot order are set automatically.

#### Procedure

- 1. Press the Power On/Standby button.
- 2. Do one of the following:
  - **a.** To enter the UEFI System Utilities screen and modify the server configuration ROM default settings, press the **F9** key on the ProLiant POST screen. Choose one of the following boot modes:
    - Legacy BIOS
    - UEFI (default)
  - b. If you do not need to modify the server configuration and are ready to install the system software, press the F10 key to access Intelligent Provisioning.

For more information on automatic configuration, see the UEFI documentation on the <u>Hewlett Packard</u> <u>Enterprise website</u>.

## **Registering the server**

To experience quicker service and more efficient support, register the product at the **<u>Product Registration</u> <u>website</u>**.

# Hardware options installation

## Hewlett Packard Enterprise product QuickSpecs

For more information about product features, specifications, options, configurations, and compatibility, see the product QuickSpecs on the **website**.

## Installing the NVMe drives

NVMe drives are supported in 8 SFF and 10 SFF server configurations when the 10 SFF SAS/SATA/NVMe Combo backplane option or the 2 SFF NVMe backplane option is installed. When either backplane is installed, NVMe drives are required in bays 9 and 10. For more information, see **Device numbers** on page 18.

#### Prerequisites

NVMe drives are supported in the 8SFF and 10 SFF server configurations.

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

The components included with the hardware option kit

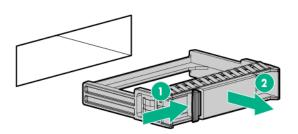
#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alert:

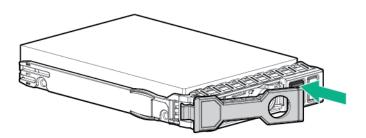


To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all bays are populated with either a component or a blank.

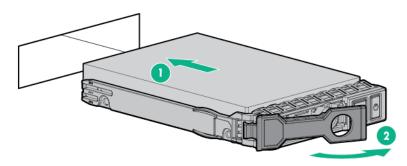
2. Remove the drive blank, if installed.



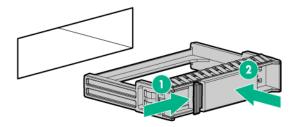
**3.** Press the Do Not Remove button to open the release handle.



4. Install the drives.



5. Install an SFF drive blank in any unused drive bays.



## Introduction

If more than one option is being installed, read the installation instructions for all the hardware options and identify similar steps to streamline the installation process.



#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.



#### CAUTION:

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

## Installing a redundant hot-plug power supply

#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

The components included with the hardware option kit

#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alerts:



#### CAUTION:

All power supplies installed in the server must have the same output power capacity. Verify that all power supplies have the same part number and label color. The system becomes unstable and may shut down when it detects mismatched power supplies.

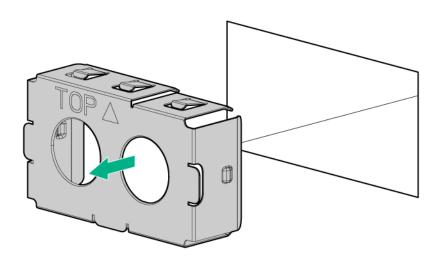
#### **CAUTION**:

To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all bays are populated with either a component or a blank.

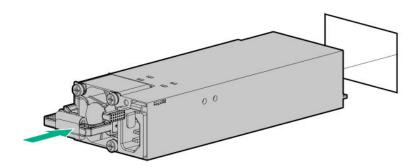
- 2. Access the product rear panel (Releasing the cable management arm on page 31).
- **3.** Remove the blank.

#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the power supply or power supply blank to cool before touching it.



4. Insert the power supply into the power supply bay until it clicks into place.



- 5. Connect the power cord to the power supply.
- 6. Route the power cord. Use best practices when routing power cords and other cables. A cable management arm is available to help with routing. To obtain a cable management arm, contact a Hewlett Packard Enterprise authorized reseller.
- 7. Connect the power cord to the AC power source.
- 8. Be sure that the power supply LED is green (Rear panel LEDs on page 15).

## **Memory options**

#### (!) IMPORTANT:

This server does not support mixing LRDIMMs and RDIMMs. Attempting to mix any combination of these DIMMs can cause the server to halt during BIOS initialization. All memory installed in the server must be of the same type.

### **DIMM** population information

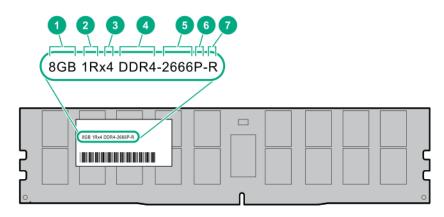
For specific DIMM population information, see the DIMM population guidelines on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/docs/memory-population-rules</u>).

### **HPE Smart Memory speed information**

For more information about memory speed information, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>https://</u> <u>www.hpe.com/docs/memory-speed-table</u>).

### **DIMM label identification**

To determine DIMM characteristics, see the label attached to the DIMM. The information in this section helps you to use the label to locate specific information about the DIMM.



Description	Definition	
Capacity	8 GB	
	16 GB	
	32 GB	
	64 GB	
	128 GB	
Rank	1R = Single rank	
	2R = Dual rank	
	4R = Quad rank	
	8R = Octal rank	
	Capacity	Capacity8 GB16 GB32 GB64 GB128 GBRank1R = Single rank2R = Dual rank4R = Quad rank

Table Continued

ltem	Description	Definition
3	Data width on DRAM	x4 = 4-bit
		x8 = 8-bit
		x16 = 16-bit
4	Memory generation	PC4 = DDR4
5	Maximum memory speed	2133 MT/s
		2400 MT/s
		2666 MT/s
6	CAS latency	P = CAS 15-15-15
		T = CAS 17-17-17
		U = CAS 20-18-18
		V = CAS 19-19-19 (for RDIMM, LRDIMM)
		V = CAS 22-19-19 (for 3DS TSVLRDIMM)
7	DIMM type	R = RDIMM (registered)
		L = LRDIMM (load reduced)
		E = Unbuffered ECC (UDIMM)

For more information about product features, specifications, options, configurations, and compatibility, see the product QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/qs</u>).

### Installing a DIMM

The server supports up to 24 DIMMs.

#### Prerequisites

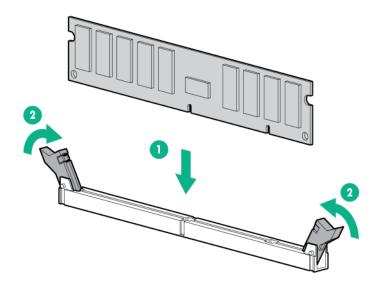
Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

The components included with the hardware option kit

For more information on specific options, see the server QuickSpecs on the <u>Hewlett Packard Enterprise</u> <u>website</u>.

#### Procedure

- 1. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 2. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 3. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 4. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 5. Open the DIMM slot latches.
- 6. Install the DIMM.



- 7. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- 8. Install the server in the rack.
- 9. Connect each power cord to the server.
- **10.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 11. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

Use the BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU) in the UEFI System Utilities to configure the memory mode.

For more information about LEDs and troubleshooting failed DIMMs, see **Systems Insight Display combined LED descriptions** on page 12.

## Installing a high-performance fan

This kit is available to meet some extended ambient operating temperatures above 35 degrees Celsius. For more information about the qualifications for extended ambient configurations, see the <u>Hewlett Packard</u> <u>Enterprise website</u>.

The high-performance fans are used for 8-SFF and 10 SFF drive configurations. They are also required for the 10 SFF SAS/SATA/NVMe Combo backplane option and for ASHRAE compliant configurations. For more information on ASHRAE compliant configurations, see the <u>Hewlett Packard Enterprise website</u>.

#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

The components included with the hardware option kit

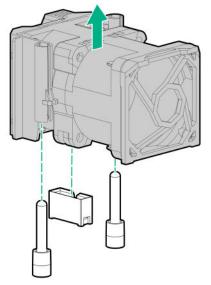
#### Procedure

- 1. Observe the following alert:
  - (!) IMPORTANT:

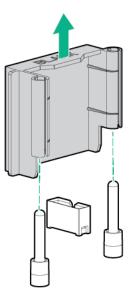
After removing a high-performance (dual-rotor) fan, install or replace the fan within 60 seconds. Otherwise, the server will shut down gracefully.

- 2. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 3. Remove all power:
  - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- **4.** Do one of the following:

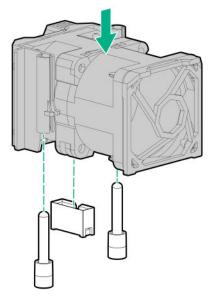
- a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
- **b.** Remove the server from the rack (**Remove the server from the rack** on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (<u>Remove the access panel</u> on page 25).
- 6. Remove all standard fans from the fan bays.



7. Remove fan blanks from the fan bays, if installed.



Install high-performance fans in each of the seven fan bays.
 If needed, ensure each fan is securely installed by pressing the tab. Do not press on other areas of the fan.



- 9. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- 10. Slide the server into the rack.
- **11.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **12.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 13. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

## **Drive options**

Depending on the configuration, this server supports SAS, SATA, and NVMe drives. For more information on drive support, see **Device numbers** on page 18.

When adding hard drives to the server, observe the following general guidelines:

- The system automatically sets all device numbers.
- If only one hard drive is used, install it in the bay with the lowest device number.
- Drives should be the same capacity to provide the greatest storage space efficiency when drives are grouped together into the same drive array.

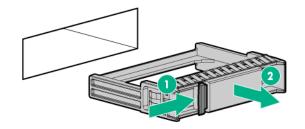
### Hot-plug drive guidelines

When adding drives to the server, observe the following general guidelines:

- The system automatically sets all device numbers.
- If only one drive is used, install it in the bay with the lowest device number.
- Drives should be the same capacity to provide the greatest storage space efficiency when drives are grouped together into the same drive array.

### Removing the hard drive blank

Remove the component as indicated.



## Installing a hot-plug SAS or SATA drive

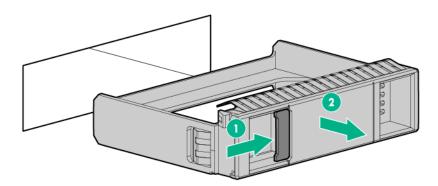
#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure that you have the following:

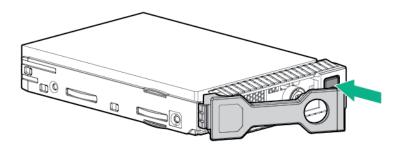
The components included with the hardware option kit

#### Procedure

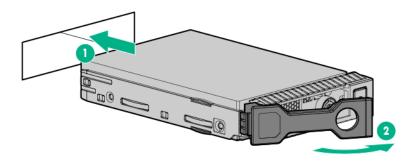
1. Remove the drive blank.



2. Prepare the drive.



3. Install the drive.



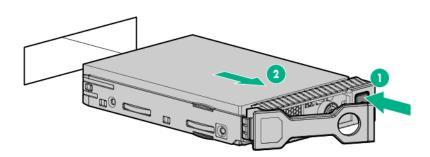
Determine the status of the drive from the drive LED definitions (<u>Hot-plug drive LED definitions</u> on page 19).

## Removing a hot-plug SAS or SATA hard drive

#### ▲ CAUTION:

For proper cooling, do not operate the server without the access panel, baffles, expansion slot covers, or blanks installed. If the server supports hot-plug components, minimize the amount of time the access panel is open.

- 1. Determine the status of the drive from the hot-plug drive LED definitions.
- **2.** Back up all server data on the drive.
- 3. Remove the drive.



### Installing the NVMe drives

NVMe drives are supported in 8 SFF and 10 SFF server configurations when the 10 SFF SAS/SATA/NVMe Combo backplane option or the 2 SFF NVMe backplane option is installed. When either backplane is installed, NVMe drives are required in bays 9 and 10. For more information, see **Device numbers** on page 18.

#### Prerequisites

NVMe drives are supported in the 8SFF and 10 SFF server configurations.

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

The components included with the hardware option kit

#### Procedure

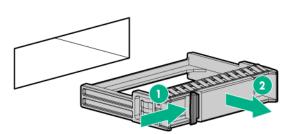
1. Observe the following alert:



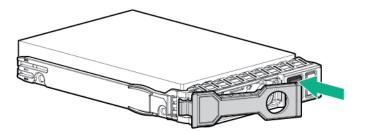
#### CAUTION:

To prevent improper cooling and thermal damage, do not operate the server unless all bays are populated with either a component or a blank.

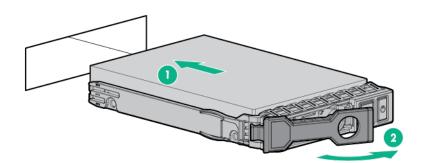
2. Remove the drive blank, if installed.



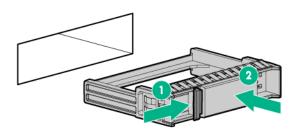
3. Press the Do Not Remove button to open the release handle.



4. Install the drives.



5. Install an SFF drive blank in any unused drive bays.

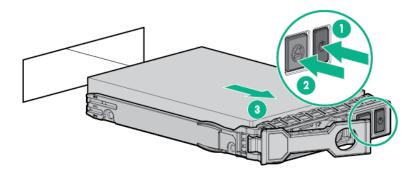


## Removing and replacing an NVMe drive

An NVMe SSD is a PCIe BUS device. Devices attached to a PCIe bus cannot be removed without allowing the device and the bus to complete and cease signal/traffic flow.

#### Procedure

- **1.** Back up all server data.
- 2. Observe the LED status of the drive and determine if it can be removed.
- **3.** Remove the drive:
  - **a.** Push the Power button.
    - The Do Not Remove button illuminates and flashes.
  - **b.** Wait until the flashing stops and the Do Not Remove button is no longer illuminated.
  - **c.** Push the Do Not Remove button and then remove the drive.



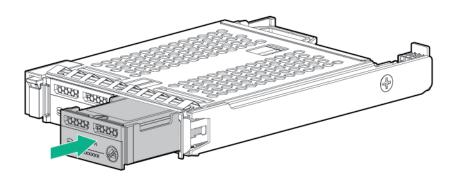
### Installing a uFF drive and SCM drive carrier

#### (!) IMPORTANT:

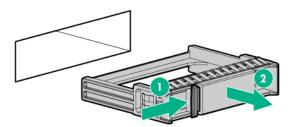
Not all drive bays support the drive carrier. To find supported bays, see the server QuickSpecs.

#### Procedure

1. If needed, install the uFF drive into the drive carrier.

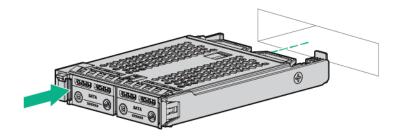


2. Remove the drive blank.



**3.** Install the drives.

Push firmly near the ejection handle until the latching spring engages with the drive bay.

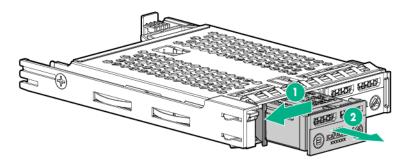


Power on the server.
 To configure the drive, use <u>HPE Smart Storage Administrator</u>.

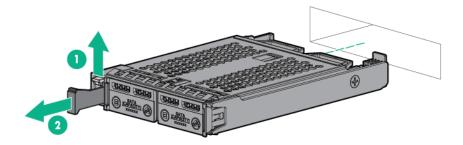
## Removing and replacing a uFF drive

#### Procedure

- 1. Back up all server data.
- 2. Observe the LED status of the drive and determine if it can be removed.
- **3.** Remove the drive.



To remove the drive carrier:



To replace the component, reverse the removal procedure.

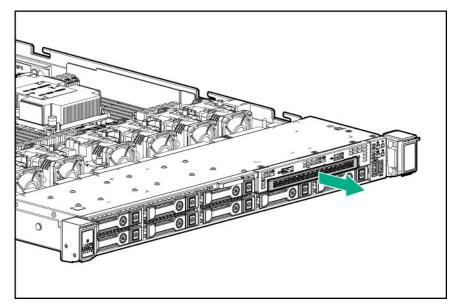
## Installing an 8 SFF optical drive

#### Prerequisites

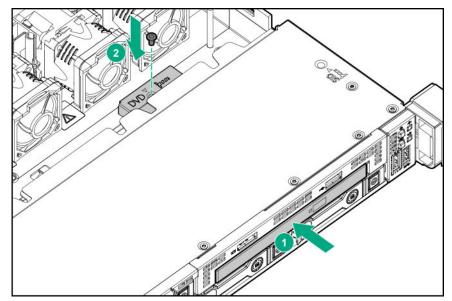
Before installing an optical drive, be sure the 8 SFF display port/USB/optical blank option is installed. For more information, see **Installing an 8 SFF display port/USB/optical blank option** on page 60.

#### Procedure

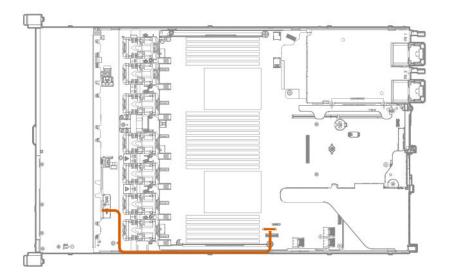
**1.** Remove the optical drive blank.



2. Install the optical drive.



**3.** Connect the optical drive cable.



## Universal media bay options

## Installing a 2 SFF SAS/SATA drive cage

#### Prerequisites

Universal media bay options are compatible only with the 8 SFF chassis.

Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends installing the P816i-a controller to support 10 SAS/SATA drives. For more information, see **Installing an HPE Smart Array P816i-a Controller option** on page 87.

Additional controller options are available. For more information, see the HPE DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/CablingMatrixGen10</u>).

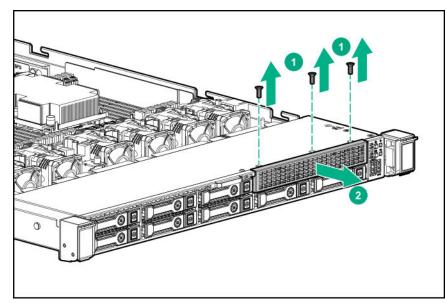
In addition, be sure that you have the following:

- · The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-10 Torx screwdriver
- Additional cables, as needed. For more information, see **<u>SFF cables</u>** on page 114.
- 2 SFF SAS or SATA drives or blanks

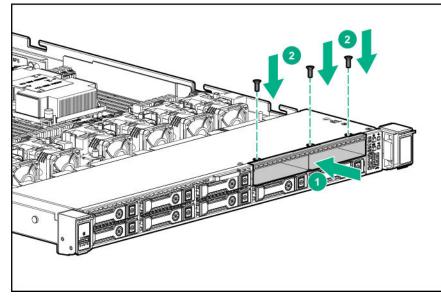
For more information, contact a Hewlett Packard Enterprise authorized reseller.

#### Procedure

- 1. Back up all server data.
- 2. Power down the server (Power down the server on page 24).
- **3.** Remove all power:
  - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 4. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 6. Remove the universal media bay blank.



7. Install the 2 SFF SAS/SATA drive cage.



8. Observe the following:

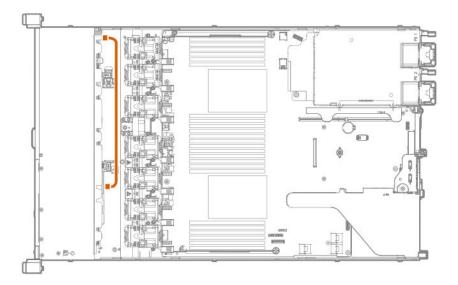
#### NOTE:

The following information describes the standard cable routing for this component. For more information on optional cable routing, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/</u><u>CablingMatrixGen10</u>).

**9.** Route and connect the data cable.



**10.** Route and connect the power cable.



- 11. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **12.** Install the server in the rack.
- **13.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- 14. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 15. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).
- 16. Install drives.

### Installing a 2 SFF NVMe drive cage option

#### Prerequisites

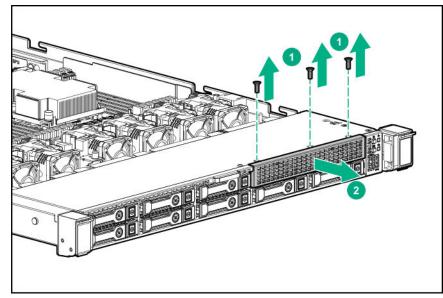
Before installing this option, be sure that you have the following:

- · The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-10 Torx screwdriver
- Additional cables, as needed. For more information, see **<u>SFF cables</u>** on page 114.
- NVMe drives

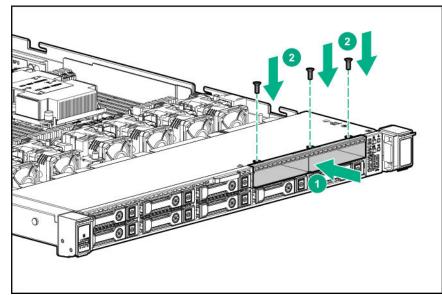
For more information, contact a Hewlett Packard Enterprise authorized reseller.

#### Procedure

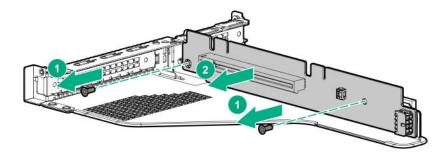
- **1.** Back up all server data.
- 2. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 3. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- **4.** Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - **b.** Remove the server from the rack (**Remove the server from the rack** on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (**<u>Remove the access panel</u>** on page 25).
- 6. Remove the universal media bay blank.



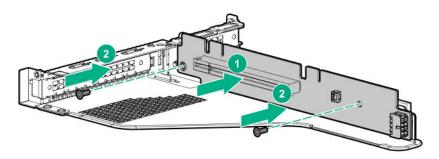
7. Install the 2 SFF NVMe drive cage.



- 8. Remove the primary PCI riser cage (Removing the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- 9. Remove the existing riser board.



**10.** Install the riser provided in the kit in the primary PCI riser cage.



**11.** Observe the following:

#### NOTE:

The following information describes the standard cable routing for this component. For more information on optional cable routing, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/</u> CablingMatrixGen10).

**12.** Route and connect the data cable.



- **13.** Install the primary PCI riser cage.
- 14. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **15.** Install the server in the rack.
- **16.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **17.** Connect each power cord to the power source.

- 18. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).
- 19. Install drives.

## Installing a 2 SFF HPE Smart Carrier M.2 (SCM) drive cage

#### Prerequisites

Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends **installing the P816i-a controller** to support more than eight SAS/ SATA drives. Additional controller options are available. For more information, see the HPE DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/</u> <u>CablingMatrixGen10</u>).

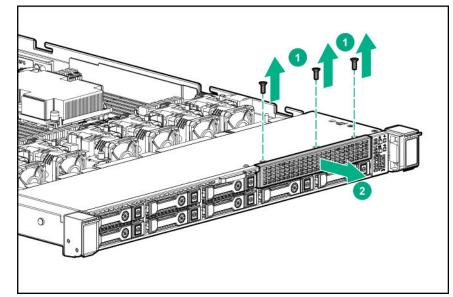
Before installing this option, be sure you that have the following:

- · The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-10 Torx screwdriver
- Additional cables, as needed. For more information, see **<u>SFF cables</u>** on page 114.
- 2 SFF SAS/SATA drives, 4 uFF M.2 drives, or blanks

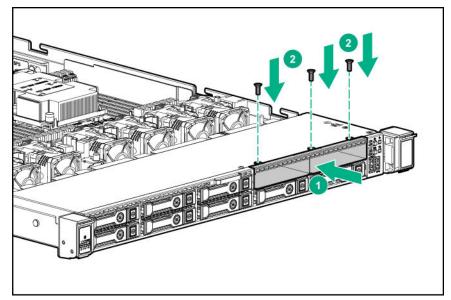
For more information, contact a Hewlett Packard Enterprise authorized reseller.

#### Procedure

- 1. Back up all server data.
- 2. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- **3.** Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- **4.** Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - **b.** Remove the server from the rack (**Remove the server from the rack** on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 6. Remove the universal media bay blank.



7. Install the drive cage.



8. Observe the following:

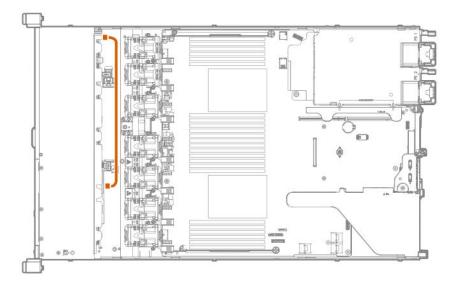
#### NOTE:

The following information describes the standard cable routing for this component. For more information on optional cable routing, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/</u> CablingMatrixGen10).

**9.** Route and connect the data cable.



**10.** Route and connect the power cable.



- 11. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **12.** Install the server in the rack.
- **13.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **14.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 15. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).
- 16. Install drives.

### Installing an 8 SFF display port/USB/optical blank option

#### Prerequisites

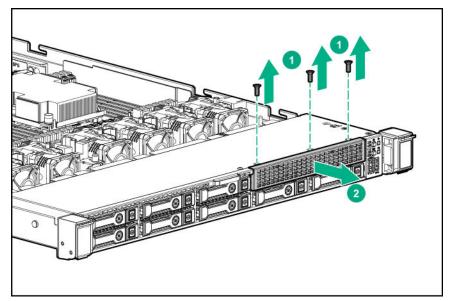
Before installing this option, be sure that you have the following:

- The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-10 Torx screwdriver
- · An optical drive, if installing

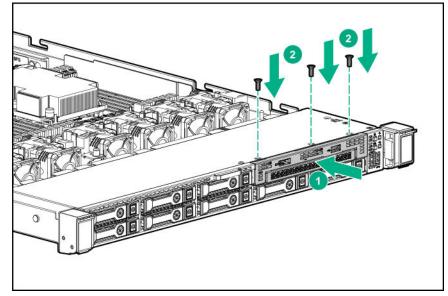
For more information, contact a Hewlett Packard Enterprise authorized reseller.

#### Procedure

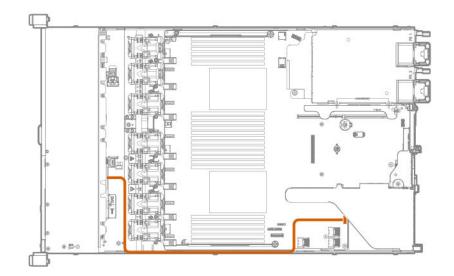
- 1. Back up all server data.
- 2. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 3. Remove all power:
  - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- **4.** Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 6. Remove the universal media bay blank.



7. Install the 8 SFF display port/USB/optical blank option.



8. Route and connect the data cable.



- 9. If needed, install an optical drive (Installing an 8 SFF optical drive on page 52).
- 10. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **11.** Install the server in the rack.
- **12.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **13.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 14. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

## Installing the 4 LFF optical drive option

#### Prerequisites

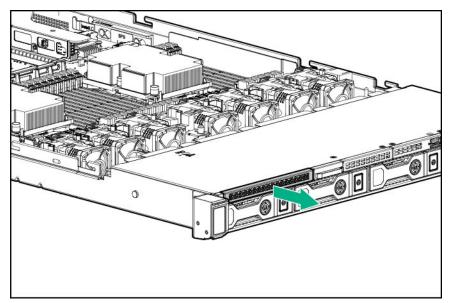
Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

- The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-10 Torx screwdriver
- LFF optical cable option kit
- A optical drive

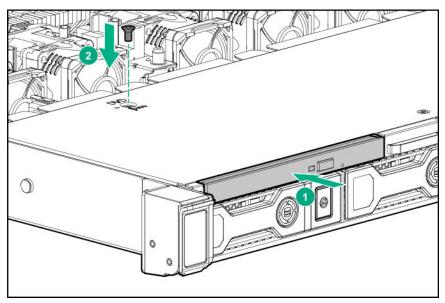
For more information, contact a Hewlett Packard Enterprise authorized reseller.

#### Procedure

- 1. Back up all server data.
- 2. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 3. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 4. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 6. Remove the LFF optical drive bay blank.



7. Install the optical drive.

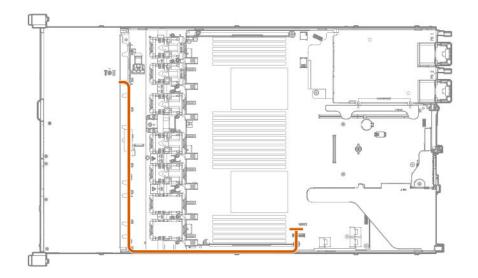


8. Observe the following:

#### NOTE:

The following information describes the standard cable routing for this component. For more information on optional cable routing, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/</u><u>CablingMatrixGen10</u>).

**9.** Connect the optical drive cable to the optical drive backplane and to the SATA optical/storage drive connector.



- 10. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **11.** Install the server in the rack.
- **12.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **13.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 14. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

## Installing the rear drive riser cage option

The rear drive riser cage option supports low-profile PCI riser options in slot 2.

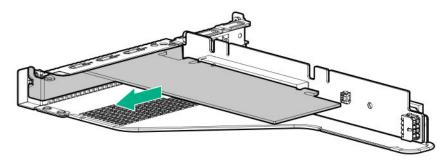
#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

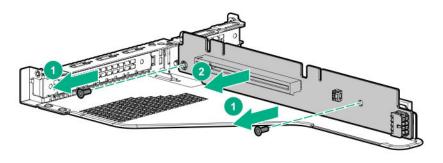
- The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-10 and T-15 Torx screwdriver
- 1 SFF drive, 2 uFF M.2 drives, or blanks

#### Procedure

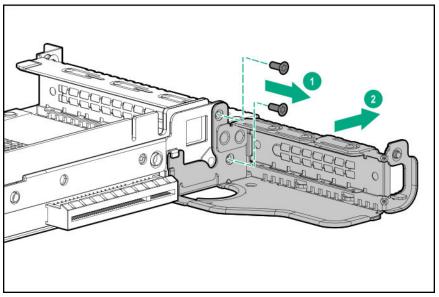
- 1. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 2. Remove all power:
  - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 3. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - **b.** Remove the server from the rack (**Remove the server from the rack** on page 25).
- 4. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 5. Remove the primary PCI riser cage (Removing the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- 6. If installed, remove any expansion boards installed in the riser board.



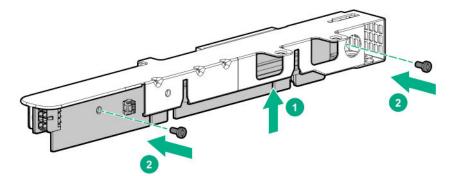
7. Remove the riser board. Set aside for later use.



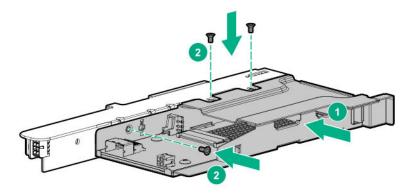
8. If installed, remove the slot 2 bracket from the primary riser cage.



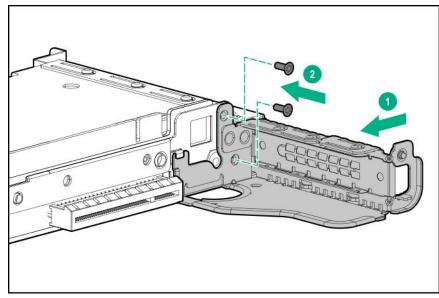
9. If needed, install the riser board removed in step 7 on the rear drive riser cage bracket.



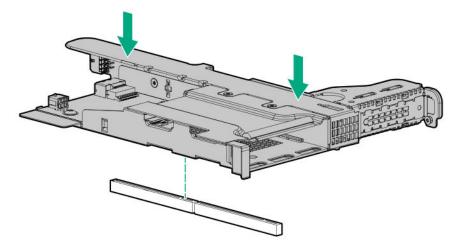
**10.** Install the drive cage on the riser cage.



**11.** If needed, install the riser cage bracket on the rear drive riser cage.

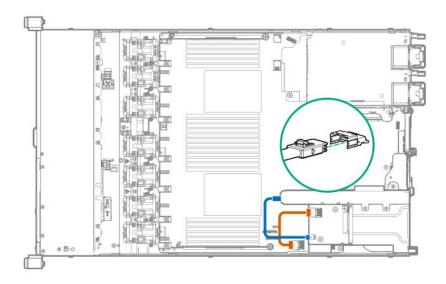


- **12.** If needed, install an expansion board (<u>Installing an expansion board in the primary riser cage</u> on page 71).
- **13.** Install the rear drive riser cage in the primary riser cage position.



14. Route and connect the data and power cables.

Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends using embedded SATA solutions when connecting the cable. Other options exist. For more information, see the HPE DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/CablingMatrixGen10</u>).



- 15. Install drives or blanks (Drive options on page 46).
- 16. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **17.** Install the server in the rack.
- 18. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).
- **19.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- 20. Connect each power cord to the power source.

## **Primary PCI riser cage options**

The primary PCI riser cage supports the following:

- Slot 1: Full-height, 3/4-length expansion boards (up to 9.5")
- Slot 2:
  - Half-length, half-height expansion boards
  - 3/4-length expansion boards when either a low-profile type -a controller or no controller is installed.

## Installing an optional primary PCI riser board

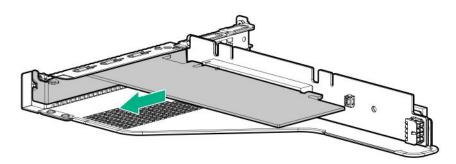
#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

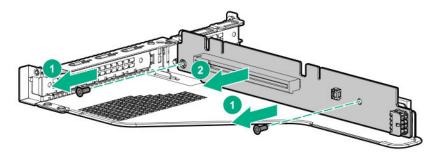
- The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-15 Torx screwdriver

#### Procedure

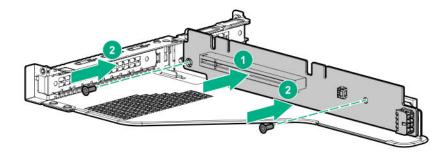
- 1. Back up all server data.
- 2. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 3. Remove all power:
  - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- **4.** Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (**<u>Remove the access panel</u>** on page 25).
- 6. Remove the primary PCI riser cage (<u>Removing the primary PCI riser cage</u> on page 27).
- 7. If needed, remove any expansion boards installed in the riser cage.



8. Remove the existing riser board from the PCI riser cage.



**9.** Install the optional riser board in the riser cage.



- 10. Install the following, as needed:
  - Expansion boards (Installing an expansion board in the primary riser cage on page 71)
  - GPU (Installing the primary GPU riser and cable option on page 72)
  - Controllers (<u>Controller options</u> on page 82)
- 11. Install the riser cage (Install the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- 12. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **13.** Install the server in the rack.
- **14.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **15.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 16. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

### Installing the SATA M.2 2280 riser option

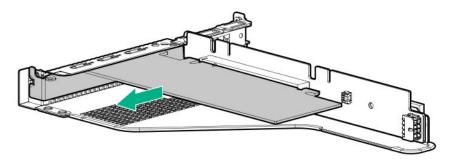
#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure that you have the following:

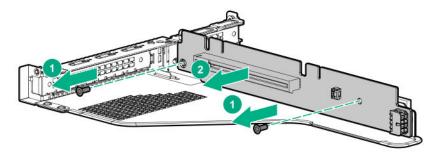
- · The components included with the hardware option kit
- Up to two 2280 form factor M.2 drives
- T-15 Torx screwdriver

#### Procedure

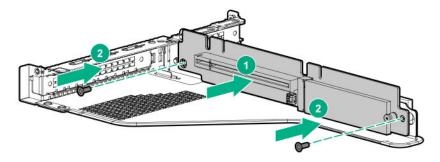
- 1. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 2. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 3. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 4. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 5. Remove the primary PCI riser cage (<u>Removing the primary PCI riser cage</u> on page 27).
- 6. If needed, remove any expansion boards installed in the riser cage.



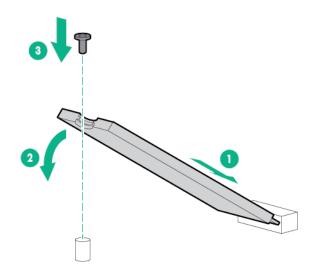
7. Remove the existing riser board from the riser cage.



8. Install the M.2 riser board.



- 9. Remove the screw securing the standoff on the riser.
- 10. Install the M.2 drives.



**11.** Install the following, as needed:

- Expansion boards (Installing an expansion board in the primary riser cage on page 71)
- Controllers (**Controller options** on page 82)
- 12. Install the primary PCI riser cage (Install the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- 13. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **14.** Install the server in the rack.

### Installing an expansion board in the primary riser cage

#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

The components included with the hardware option kit

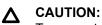
#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alerts:



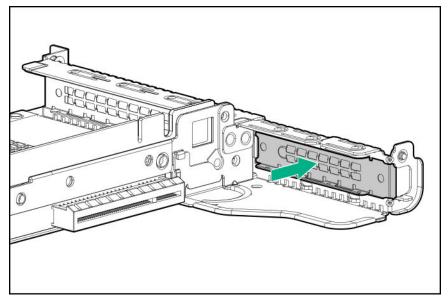
#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

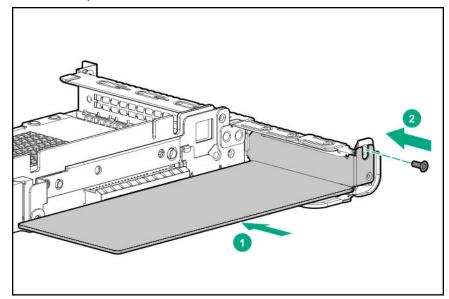


To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

- 2. Back up all server data.
- Power down the server (Power down the server on page 24). 3.
- 4. Remove all power:
  - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 5. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25). 6.
- Remove the primary PCI riser cage (Removing the primary PCI riser cage on page 27). 7.
- Remove the expansion slot blank. 8.



9. Install the expansion board.



- 10. Connect any required internal or external cables to the expansion board.
- 11. Install the primary PCI riser cage (Install the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- 12. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- 13. Install the server in the rack.
- 14. Connect each power cord to the server.
- **15.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 16. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

### Installing the primary GPU riser and cable option

#### Prerequisites

This option requires the standard primary PCI riser cage.

Before installing this option, be sure that the power supplies support the installation of this option. For more information, see the **<u>Hewlett Packard Enterprise Configurator website</u>**.

In addition, be sure you have the following items:

- The components included with the hardware option kit
- HPE DL360 Gen10 CPU1 Cable Kit (If installing a high-powered GPU kit)

#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alerts:

#### WARNING:

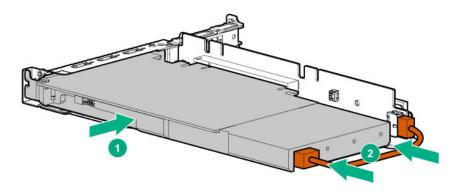
To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

#### ▲ CAUTION:

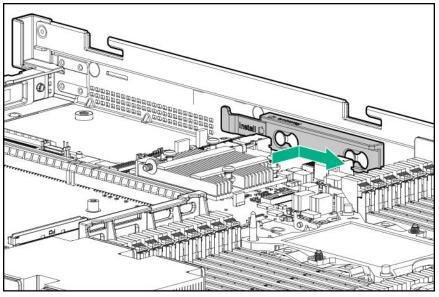
To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

- 2. Back up all server data.
- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:

- **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
- **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 5. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - **b.** Remove the server from the rack (**Remove the server from the rack** on page 25).
- 6. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 7. Remove the primary PCI riser cage (Removing the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- 8. Install the GPU in the x16 slot in the primary PCI riser cage position.
- **9.** If installing a GPU requiring greater than 75 W, connect the power cable to the primary riser power connector.



**10.** Install the GPU support bracket.



- 11. Install the riser cage (Install the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- 12. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **13.** Install the server in the rack.
- **14.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **15.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 16. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# **Secondary PCI riser options**

# Installing a secondary full-height PCI riser cage option

When installed, this riser cage supports full-height, 3/4-length expansion boards up to 9.5". PCIe3 slot 2 is no longer available.

#### Prerequisites

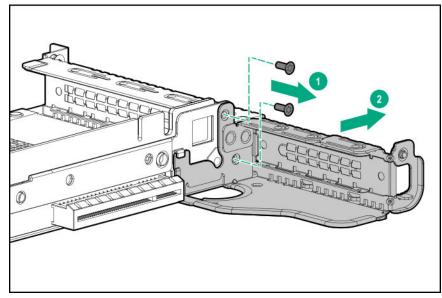
This option requires a dual processor configuration.

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

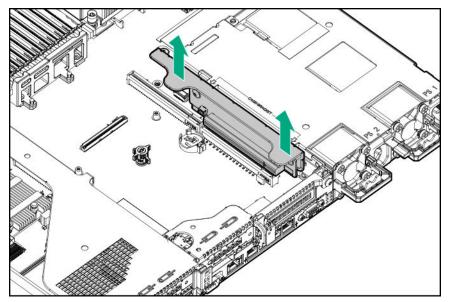
- The components included with the hardware option kit
- Any expansion boards or controllers you plan to install

#### Procedure

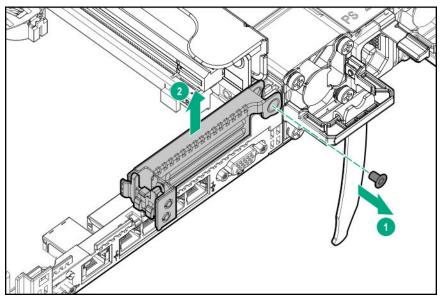
- 1. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 2. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- **3.** Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - **b.** Remove the server from the rack (**Remove the server from the rack** on page 25).
- 4. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 5. Remove the primary PCI riser cage (Removing the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- **6.** Remove the slot 2 bracket from the primary riser cage.



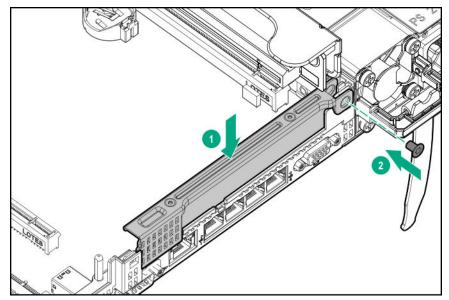
7. If installed, remove the low-profile riser cage.



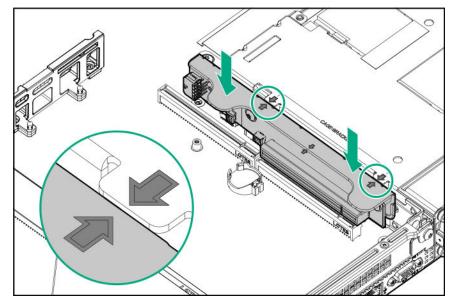
8. Lift and remove the secondary riser cage latch.



**9.** Install the full height PCIe x16 riser cage latch.



**10.** Install the riser cage.



- **11.** Install one of the following, as needed:
  - Expansion boards (Installing an expansion board in the secondary riser cage on page 78)
  - GPU (Installing a secondary GPU riser and cable option on page 80)
  - Controllers (<u>Controller options</u> on page 82)
- 12. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **13.** Install the server in the rack.
- **14.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **15.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 16. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

### Installing a secondary low-profile PCIe slot riser cage option

When installed, this riser cage provides an additional low profile slot and supports half-length/half-height expansion boards.

#### Prerequisites

This option requires a dual processor configuration.

Before installing this option, be sure that you have the following:

The components included with the hardware option kit

#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alerts:



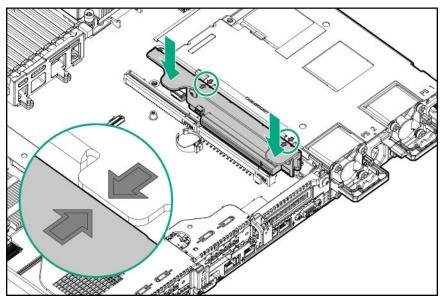
#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

#### ▲ CAUTION:

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

- 2. Back up all server data.
- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 5. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 6. Remove the access panel (<u>Remove the access panel</u> on page 25).
- 7. Install the secondary low-profile PCIe slot riser cage.



- 8. Install one of the following, as needed:
  - Expansion boards (Installing an expansion board in the secondary riser cage on page 78)
  - Controllers (<u>Controller options</u> on page 82)
- 9. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- 10. Install the server into the rack (Installing the server into the rack on page 36).
- **11.** Connect each power cord to the server.

- 12. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 13. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

### Installing an expansion board in the secondary riser cage

#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure that you have the following:

The components included with the hardware option kit

#### Procedure

**1.** Observe the following alerts:



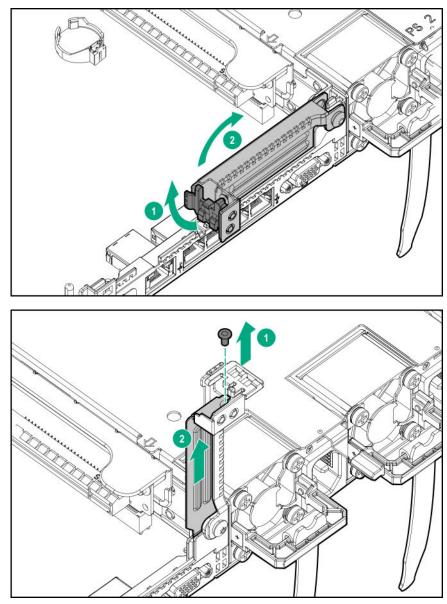
#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

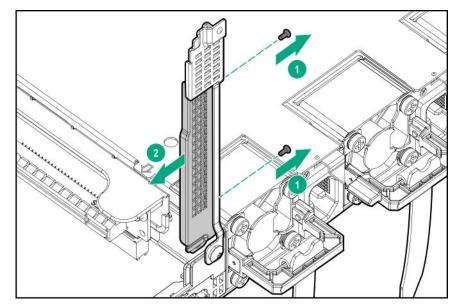


To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

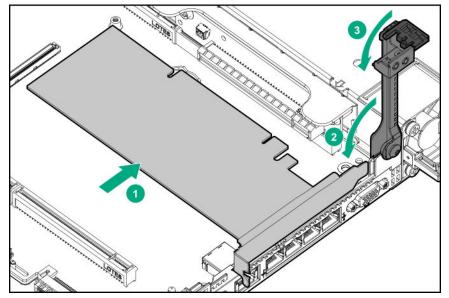
- 2. Back up all server data.
- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:
  - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- **5.** Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 6. Remove the access panel (<u>Remove the access panel</u> on page 25).
- 7. Install a secondary riser cage:
  - Low-profile (Installing a secondary low-profile PCIe slot riser cage option on page 76)
  - Full-height (Installing a secondary full-height PCI riser cage option on page 74)
- 8. Remove the expansion slot blank:
  - Half-length



• Full-length



9. Install the expansion board.



- **10.** Connect any required internal or external cables to the expansion board.
- 11. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **12.** Install the server in the rack.
- **13.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **14.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 15. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

### Installing a secondary GPU riser and cable option

#### Prerequisites

When installing a 3/4-length GPU, a low profile type -a controller must be installed.

Before installing this option, do the following:

- Be sure that the power supplies support the installation of this option. For more information, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Configurator website.
- Be sure you have the following items:

- The components included with the GPU enablement option kit
- T-10 Torx screwdriver

#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alerts:

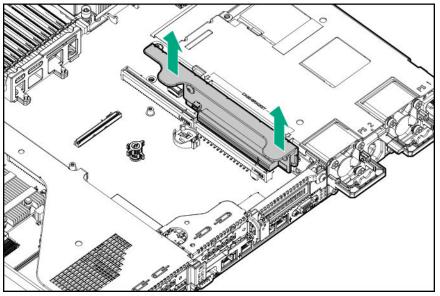


To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

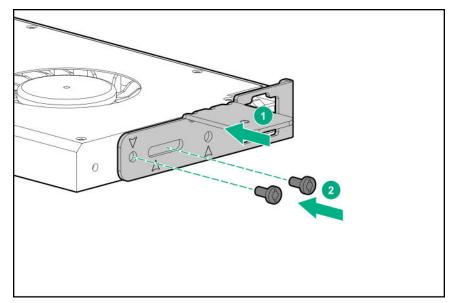


To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

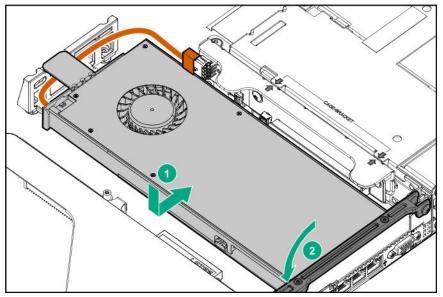
- 2. Back up all server data.
- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 5. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 6. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 7. If installed, remove the low profile riser cage.



- **8.** Install the GPU-enabled riser cage (Installing a secondary full-height PCI riser cage option on page 74).
- **9.** Remove the existing rear guide bracket from the GPU, if installed.
- **10.** If installing a 3/4-length GPU, install the bracket supplied in the kit.



- **11.** Install the GPU in the riser cage, and then connect the cable to the GPU.
- **12.** If installing a GPU requiring greater than 75 W, connect the power cable to the primary riser power connector.



- 13. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **14.** Install the server in the rack.
- **15.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **16.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 17. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# **Controller options**

# Installing an HPE Smart Array P408i-a Controller option

#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure that you have the following:

- The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-15 Torx screwdriver

#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alerts:

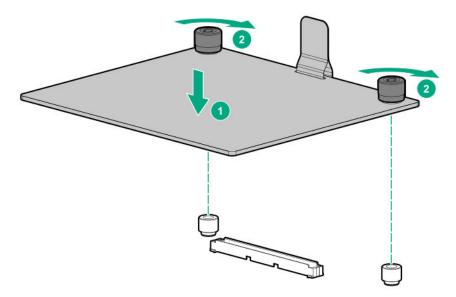


To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

### ▲ CAUTION:

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

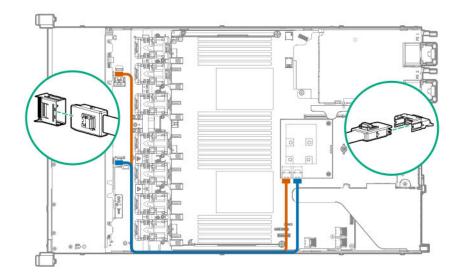
- 2. Back up all server data.
- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 5. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 6. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 7. Install the controller.



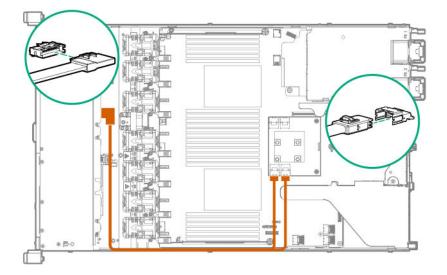
8. Connect the cables.

Additional cabling options are available. For more information, see the HPE DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/CablingMatrixGen10</u>).

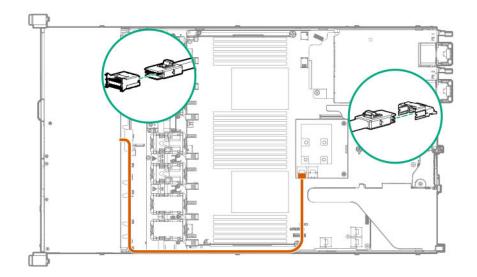
• 8 SFF



• 10 SFF SAS/SATA NVMe Combo



• 4 LFF



- 9. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **10.** Install the server in the rack.
- **11.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **12.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 13. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# Installing an HPE Smart Array P408i-p Controller option

#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

- · The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-15 Torx screwdriver

#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alerts:



#### WARNING:

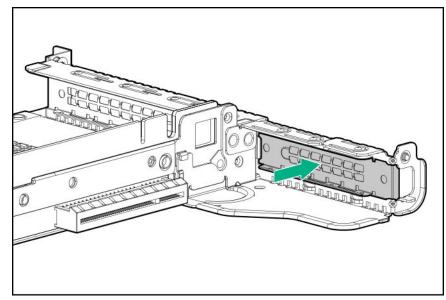
To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

#### ▲ CAUTION:

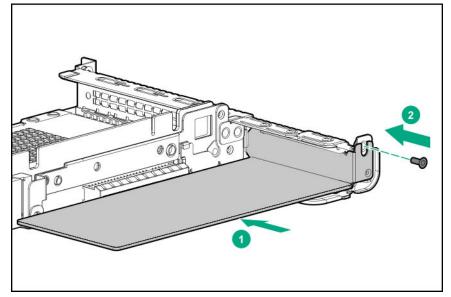
To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

- 2. Back up all server data.
- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 5. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 6. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 7. <u>Remove the primary PCI riser cage</u>.

8. Remove the slot 2 expansion board blank.



9. Install the controller. The controller can also be installed in slot 1.



- 10. Install the primary PCI riser cage (Install the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- 11. Connect the cables.

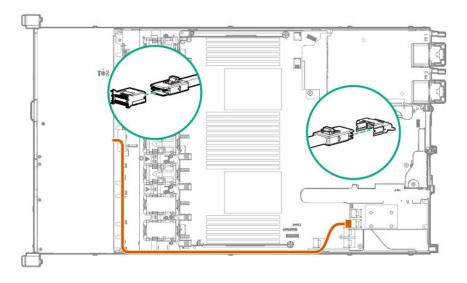
Additional cabling options are available. For more information, see the HPE DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/CablingMatrixGen10</u>).

• 8 SFF



4 LFF

•



- 12. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **13.** Install the server in the rack.
- **14.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **15.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 16. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# Installing an HPE Smart Array P816i-a Controller option

#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure that you have the following:

- The components included with the hardware option kit
- Additional cables, as required. For more information, see **<u>Cabling</u>** on page 114
- T-15 Torx screwdriver

#### Procedure

**1.** Observe the following alerts:



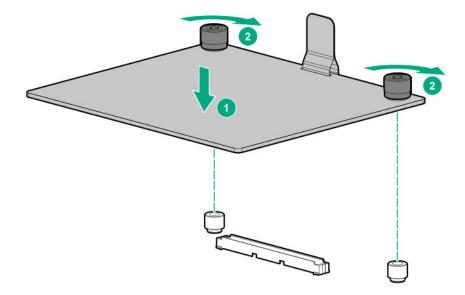
#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

#### ▲ CAUTION:

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

- 2. Back up all server data.
- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 5. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - **b.** Remove the server from the rack (**Remove the server from the rack** on page 25).
- 6. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 7. Install the HPE Smart Array P816i-a controller.



8. Connect the cables.

The following illustration shows the 8+2 SFF backplane configuration connected to the controller. Additional cabling options are available. For more information, see the HPE DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/CablingMatrixGen10</u>).



- Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25). 9.
- 10. Install the server in the rack.
- **11.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- 12. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 13. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# **Processor and heatsink options**

### Installing a processor heatsink assembly

The server supports single-processor and dual processor operations.

#### **Prerequisites**

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following items:

- Processor or heatsink kit contents •
- T-30 Torx screwdriver •

#### Procedure

Observe the following alerts. 1.



### CAUTION:

When handling the heatsink, always hold it along the top and bottom of the fins. Holding it from the sides can damage the fins.

#### CAUTION: Δ

To prevent possible server malfunction and damage to the equipment, multiprocessor configurations must contain processors with the same part number.



#### CAUTION:

If installing a processor with a faster speed, update the system ROM before installing the processor.

To download firmware and view installation instructions, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center website.



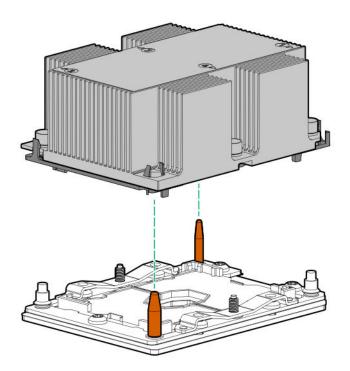
#### CAUTION:

THE CONTACTS ARE VERY FRAGILE AND EASILY DAMAGED. To avoid damage to the socket or processor, do not touch the contacts.

- 2. Power down the server (Power down the server on page 24).
- **3.** Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 4. Remove the server from the rack (**Remove the server from the rack** on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 6. Remove the dust cover from the processor socket you intend to upgrade.
- 7. Install the processor heatsink assembly:
  - a. Locate and align the Pin 1 indicator on the processor frame and the socket.
  - **b.** Align the processor-heatsink module with the heatsink alignment pins and gently lower it down until it sits evenly on the socket.

The heatsink alignment pins are keyed. The processor will only install one way.

Your heatsink may look different than the one shown.

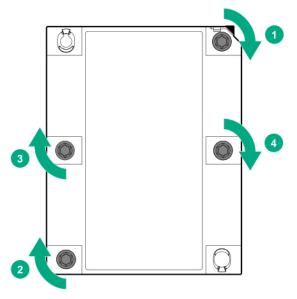




#### CAUTION:

Be sure to tighten each heatsink nut fully in the order indicated. Otherwise, boot failure or intermittent shutdowns might occur.

**c.** Using a T-30 Torx screwdriver, fully tighten each heatsink screw in the order indicated on the heatsink label (1 -2 -3 -4) until it no longer turns.



- **8.** If installing a second processor, install high-performance fans in bays 7 and 8. These fans are provided with the processor option kit.
- 9. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **10.** Install the server in the rack.
- **11.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- 12. Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 13. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

### Installing a high-performance heatsink

#### Prerequisites

#### ▲ CAUTION:

Installing a high-performance heatsink requires the installation of a processor assembly onto the heatsink. To avoid damage to server or components, do not remove or install the processor assembly when installing or replacing other heatsinks.

Before installing this option, be sure that you have the following:

- The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-30 Torx screwdriver
- 1/4" flat blade screwdriver or nonconductive tool

Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends using a nonconductive tool.

#### Procedure

**1.** Observe the following alerts.

#### ▲ CAUTION:

The processor assembly must be removed and replaced as a unit. Do not remove the processor from the carrier.



#### CAUTION:

When handling the heatsink, always hold it along the top and bottom of the fins. Holding it from the sides can damage the fins.



CAUTION:

**THE CONTACTS ARE VERY FRAGILE AND EASILY DAMAGED.** To avoid damage to the socket or processor, do not touch the contacts.

- 2. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 3. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 4. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 5. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 6. Observe the following cautions.



#### CAUTION:

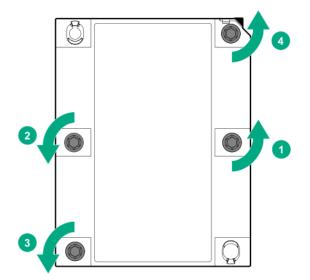
Be sure to loosen each heatsink nut in the order indicated. Otherwise, damage might occur to the heatsink or processor.



#### CAUTION:

Install the processor heatsink assembly as soon as possible after removing it. Do not leave the processor socket unpopulated for extended periods of time.

- 7. Remove the existing processor heatsink assembly:
  - a. Allow the heatsink to cool.
  - b. Using a T-30 Torx screwdriver, loosen the heatsink nuts.

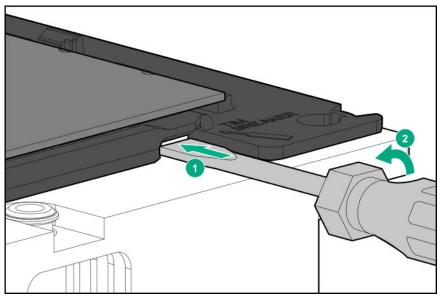


- c. Lift the processor heatsink assembly up and away from the system board.
- **d.** Turn the processor heatsink assembly over and place it on a work surface with the processor assembly facing up.
- 8. Release the thermal grease adhesion between the processor assembly and heatsink:
  - **a.** Locate the TIM (thermal interface media) breaker slot between the processor assembly and heatsink. The slot is across from the Pin 1 indicator, near the corner.
  - **b.** Insert a 1/4" flat blade screwdriver or non-conductive tool into the slot.

#### ▲ CAUTION:

To avoid damage to the processor, insert the tool between the processor and the heatsink base. The opening in the carrier provides access to a gap between the processor heatsink spreader and the heatsink base.

c. To release the adhesion of the thermal grease, gently rotate the tool.



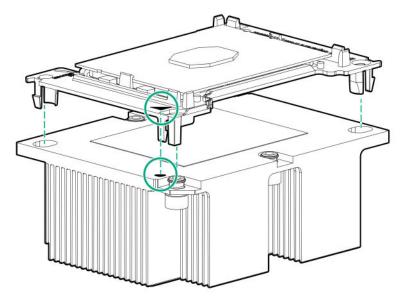
- **d.** Unlatch the remaining corners of the processor assembly.
- e. Separate the processor assembly from the heatsink.

The processor remains attached to the carrier.

- **9.** Using an alcohol wipe, remove the existing thermal grease from the processor and heatsink. Allow the alcohol to evaporate before continuing.
- **10.** Remove the plastic cover over the thermal grease on the high-performance heatsink.
- **11.** Install the processor assembly on the heatsink.

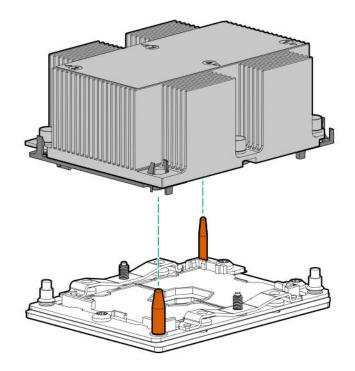
Align the Pin 1 indicator on the processor to the Pin 1 indicator on the heatsink, and then latch the processor assembly to the heatsink.

Your heatsink may look different than the one shown.



- **12.** Install the processor heatsink assembly:
  - a. Locate the Pin 1 indicator on the processor frame and the socket.
  - **b.** Align the processor heatsink assembly with the heatsink alignment pins and gently lower it down until it sits evenly on the socket.

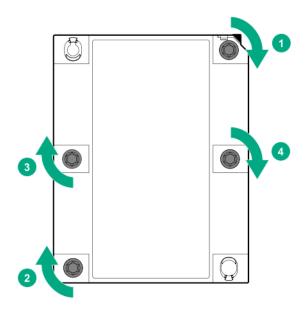
The heatsink alignment pins are keyed. The processor heatsink assembly will only install one way.



# c. A CAUTION:

Be sure to tighten each heatsink nut fully in the order indicated. Otherwise, boot failure or intermittent shutdowns might occur.

Using a T-30 Torx screwdriver, fully tighten each heatsink nut until it no longer turns.



# Installing the Systems Insight Display power module

#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

- · The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-10 Torx screwdriver

#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alerts:



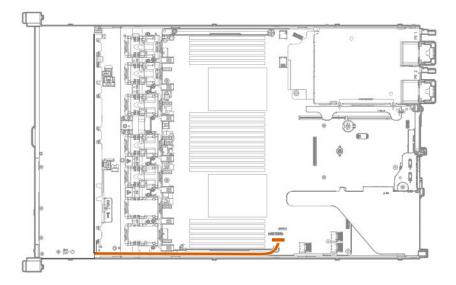
#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

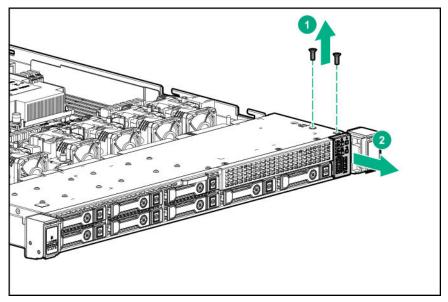
#### $\triangle$ CAUTION:

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

- 2. Back up all server data.
- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:
  - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 5. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 6. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 7. Disconnect the Power/UID/USB cable from the front power button/USB 3.0 on the system board.

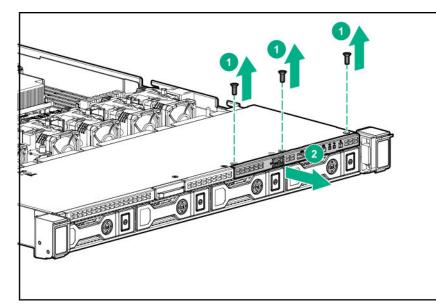


8. Using a Torx T-10 screwdriver, remove the Power/UID/USB assembly.

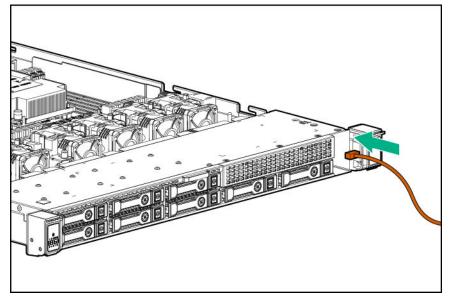


• 8 SFF

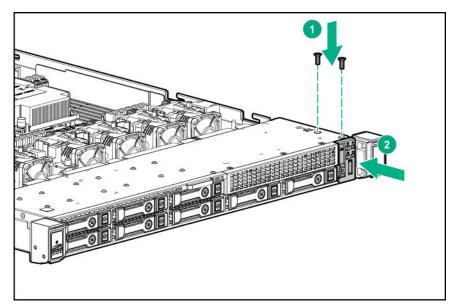
• 4 LFF



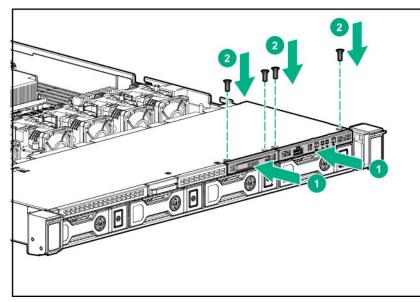
**9.** Guide the SID cable through the front of the server.



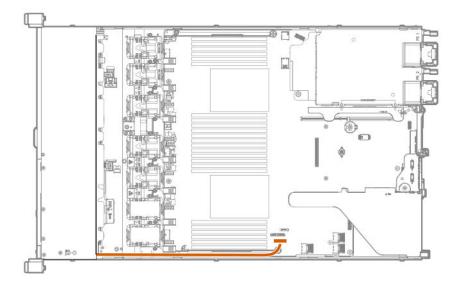
- **10.** Install the SID module into the front panel. Using a T-10 Torx screwdriver, secure the module to the chassis with the screws from the kit.
  - 8 SFF



• 4 LFF



**11.** Connect the SID cables to the front power button/USB 3.0 connector on the system board.



# Installing the 4 LFF display port/USB module

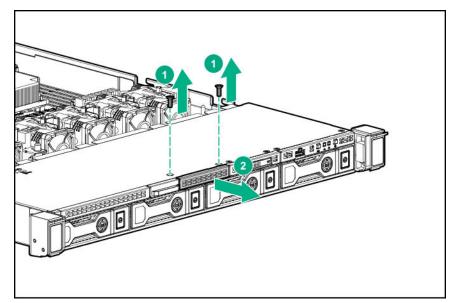
#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

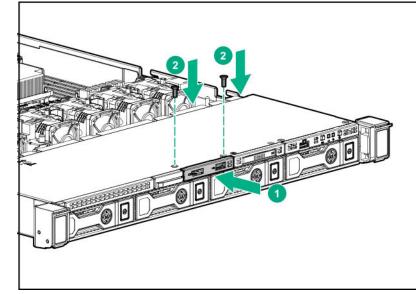
- The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-10 Torx screwdriver

#### Procedure

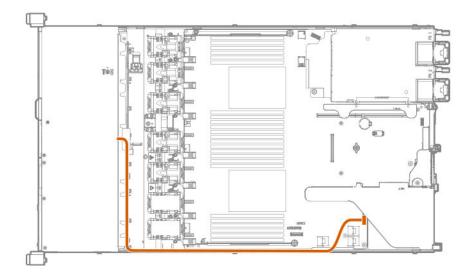
- 1. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 2. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 3. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 4. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 5. Using a Torx T-10 screwdriver, remove the 4 LFF display port/USB blank.



6. Install the 4 LFF display port/USB module.



**7.** Route and connect the cable.



- 8. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **9.** Install the server in the rack.
- **10.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **11.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 12. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# Installing the serial cable option

#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

- The components included with the hardware option kit
- T-10 Torx screwdriver

#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alerts:



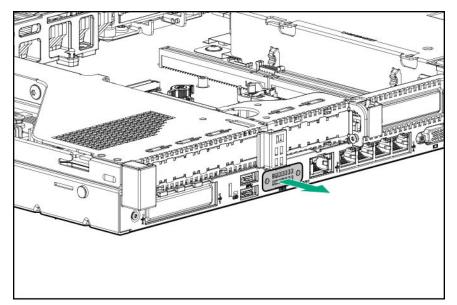
#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

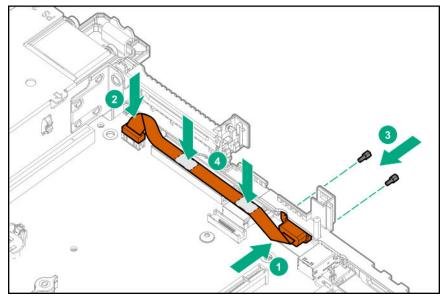
#### ▲ CAUTION:

To prevent damage to electrical components, properly ground the server before beginning any installation procedure. Improper grounding can cause electrostatic discharge.

- 2. Back up all server data.
- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:
  - a. Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 5. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 6. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 7. Remove the serial cable blank.



8. Connect the serial cable option, and then secure the cable with two T-10 screws. Then, remove the backing from the double-sided tape and press down where indicated.



- 9. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- **10.** Install the server in the rack.
- **11.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **12.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 13. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# Installing the Chassis Intrusion Detection switch option

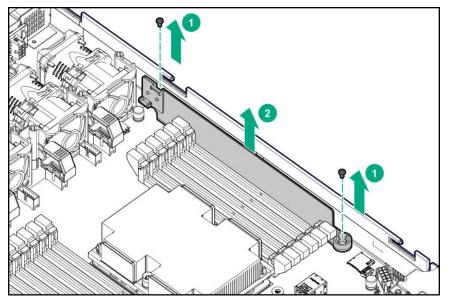
#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you have the following:

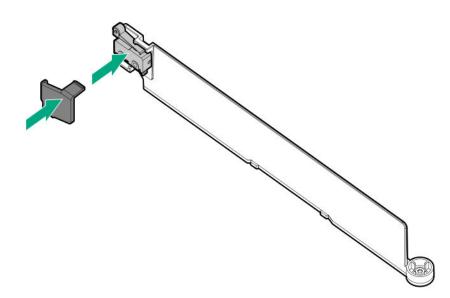
The components included with the hardware option kit

#### Procedure

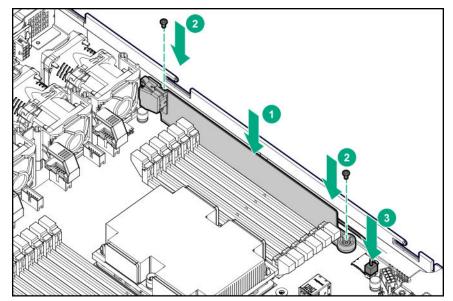
- 1. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 2. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 3. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - **b.** Remove the server from the rack (**<u>Remove the server from the rack</u>** on page 25).
- 4. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 5. Remove the left DIMM guard from the system board.



- 6. Assemble the connector/cable harness pin openings to the alignment pegs on the DIMM guard.
- 7. Install the plastic cover on the DIMM guard.



8. Install the DIMM guard, and then connect the cable to the system board.



- 9. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- 10. Install the server in the rack.
- **11.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **12.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 13. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# **HPE Smart Storage Battery option**

In the Hewlett Packard Enterprise DL360 Gen10 Server , the Smart Storage Battery can be installed in two different orientations, depending on configuration:

- Installing a Smart Storage Battery in 8 SFF and 4 LFF configurations on page 104
- Installing a Smart Storage Battery in the 10 SFF SAS/SATA/NVMe Combo backplane configuration on page 105

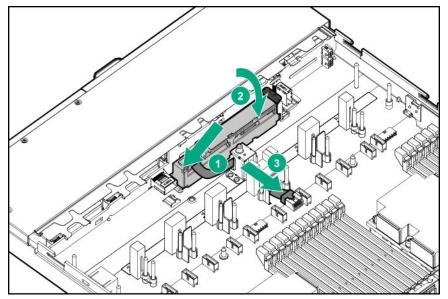
# Installing a Smart Storage Battery in 8 SFF and 4 LFF configurations

#### Prerequisites

Before installing this option, be sure you that have the components included with the hardware option kit.

#### Procedure

- 1. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 2. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 3. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 4. Remove the access panel (**Remove the access panel** on page 25).
- 5. Install the Smart Storage battery and connect the cable.



- 6. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- 7. Install the server in the rack.
- 8. Connect each power cord to the server.
- **9.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 10. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

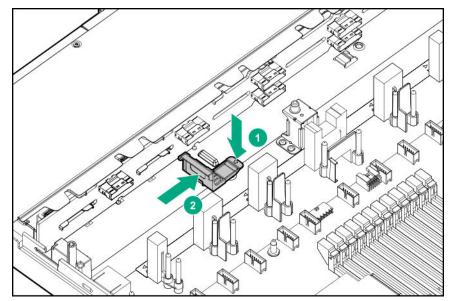
# Installing a Smart Storage Battery in the 10 SFF SAS/SATA/NVMe Combo backplane configuration

#### Prerequisites

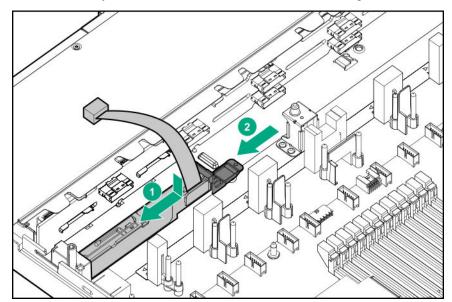
The Smart Storage Battery must be installed in this orientation when the 10 SFF SAS/SATA/NVMe Combo backplane is installed.

#### Procedure

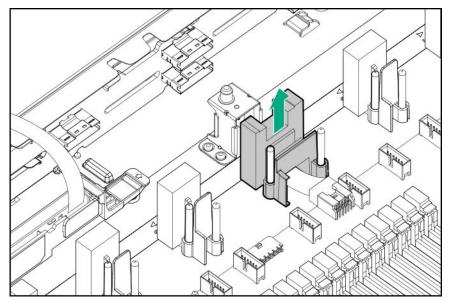
- 1. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 2. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 3. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - **b.** Remove the server from the rack (**Remove the server from the rack** on page 25).
- 4. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 5. Remove the right retainer. Set aside.



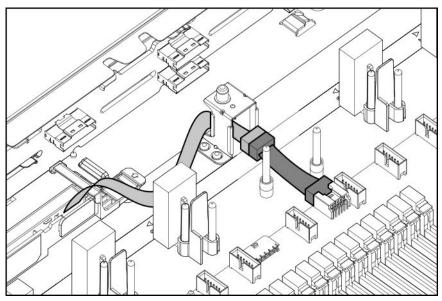
6. Slide the battery into the left retainer, and then install the right retainer.



- 7. Connect the cable:
  - **a.** Remove the center fan baffle.



b. Connect the Smart Storage battery cable to the extender cable.



- c. Install the center fan baffle.
- 8. Install the access panel (Installing the access panel on page 25).
- 9. Install the server in the rack.
- **10.** Connect each power cord to the server.
- **11.** Connect each power cord to the power source.
- 12. Power up the server (Powering up the server on page 24).

# HPE Trusted Platform Module 2.0 Gen10 Option

### **Overview**

Use these instructions to install and enable an HPE TPM 2.0 Gen10 Kit in a supported server. This option is not supported on Gen9 and earlier servers.

This procedure includes three sections:

- **1.** Installing the Trusted Platform Module board.
- 2. Enabling the Trusted Platform Module.
- 3. Retaining the recovery key/password.

HPE TPM 2.0 installation is supported with specific operating system support such as Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows Server<sup>®</sup> 2012 R2 and later. For more information about operating system support, see the product QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/qs</u>). For more information about Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows<sup>®</sup> BitLocker Drive Encryption feature, see the Microsoft website (<u>http://www.microsoft.com</u>).



#### CAUTION:

Chipset-TPM is not available after power is removed from the system and the HPE TPM 2.0 Gen10 Kit is installed. Do not install the HPE TPM 2.0 Gen10 Kit if Chipset-TPM is enabled and the operating system is using Chipset-TPM features. Otherwise, the OS may go into recovery mode, data loss can occur, or both. If an OS is installed and using Chipset-TPM, follow the OS vendor instructions to disable the OS TPM features.



#### CAUTION:

Any attempt to remove the cover of an installed TPM from the system board can damage the TPM cover, the TPM, and the system board. If the TPM is removed from the original server and powered up on a different server, data stored in the TPM including keys will be erased.

#### () IMPORTANT:

In UEFI Boot Mode, the HPE TPM 2.0 Gen10 Kit can be configured to operate as TPM 2.0 (default) or TPM 1.2 on a supported server. In Legacy Boot Mode, the configuration can be changed between TPM 1.2 and TPM 2.0, but only TPM 1.2 operation is supported.

### **HPE Trusted Platform Module 2.0 Guidelines**

#### **CAUTION**:

Always observe the guidelines in this document. Failure to follow these guidelines can cause hardware damage or halt data access.

When installing or replacing a TPM, observe the following guidelines:

- Do not remove an installed TPM. Once installed, the TPM is bound to the system board. If an OS is configured to use the TPM and it is removed, the OS may go into recovery mode, data loss can occur, or both.
- When installing or replacing hardware, Hewlett Packard Enterprise service providers cannot enable the TPM or the encryption technology. For security reasons, only the customer can enable these features.
- When returning a system board for service replacement, do not remove the TPM from the system board. When requested, Hewlett Packard Enterprise Service provides a TPM with the spare system board.
- Any attempt to remove the cover of an installed TPM from the system board can damage the TPM cover, the TPM, and the system board.
- If the TPM is removed from the original server and powered up on a different server, data stored in the TPM including keys will be erased.
- When using BitLocker, always retain the recovery key/password. The recovery key/password is required to complete Recovery Mode after BitLocker detects a possible compromise of system integrity or system configuration.
- Hewlett Packard Enterprise is not liable for blocked data access caused by improper TPM use. For
  operating instructions, see the TPM documentation or the encryption technology feature documentation
  provided by the operating system.

### **Disabling Chipset-TPM**



Chipset-TPM is not available after power is removed from the system and the HPE TPM 2.0 Gen10 Kit is installed. Do not install the HPE TPM 2.0 Gen10 Kit if Chipset-TPM is enabled and the operating system is using Chipset-TPM features. Otherwise, the OS may go into recovery mode, data loss can occur, or both. If an OS is installed and using Chipset-TPM, follow the OS vendor instructions to disable the OS TPM features.

Before installing and enabling the HPE TPM 2.0 Gen10 Kit, verify that Chipset-TPM is disabled. For more information on disabling Chipset-TPM, see the *UEFI System Utilities User Guide for HPE ProLiant Gen10 Servers and HPE Synergy* on the **Hewlett Packard Enterprise website**.

### Installing and enabling the HPE TPM 2.0 Gen10 Kit

#### Installing the Trusted Platform Module board

#### Preparing the server for installation

#### Procedure

1. Observe the following warnings:



#### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury, electric shock, or damage to the equipment, remove power from the server by removing the power cord. The front panel Power On/Standby button does not shut off system power. Portions of the power supply and some internal circuitry remain active until AC power is removed.

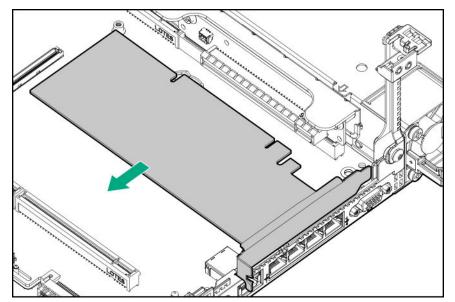
### WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

2. Update the system ROM.

Locate and download the latest ROM version from the <u>Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center</u> <u>website</u>. Follow the instructions on the website to update the system ROM.

- 3. Power down the server (**Power down the server** on page 24).
- 4. Remove all power:
  - **a.** Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - **b.** Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 5. Do one of the following:
  - Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 6. Place the server on a flat, level work surface.
- 7. Remove the access panel (**<u>Remove the access panel</u>** on page 25).
- 8. If needed, remove any expansion boards installed in slot 3.



- 9. Remove the primary PCI riser cage (Removing the primary PCI riser cage on page 27).
- 10. Proceed to Installing the TPM board and cover on page 110.

#### Installing the TPM board and cover

#### Procedure

1. Observe the following alerts:

#### ∧ CAUTION:

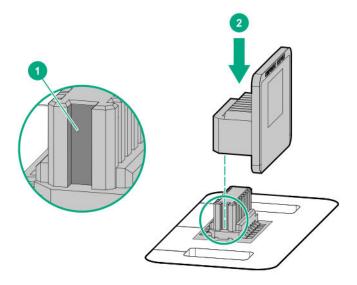
Any attempt to remove the cover of an installed TPM from the system board can damage the TPM cover, the TPM, and the system board. If the TPM is removed from the original server and powered up on a different server, data stored in the TPM including keys will be erased.



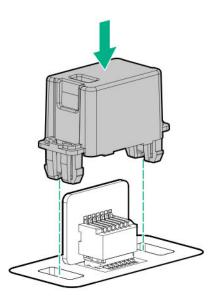
#### CAUTION:

The TPM is keyed to install only in the orientation shown. Any attempt to install the TPM in a different orientation might result in damage to the TPM or system board.

2. Align the TPM board with the key on the connector, and then install the TPM board. To seat the board, press the TPM board firmly into the connector. To locate the TPM connector on the system board, see the server label on the access panel.



- 3. Install the TPM cover:
  - a. Line up the tabs on the cover with the openings on either side of the TPM connector.
  - **b.** To snap the cover into place, firmly press straight down on the middle of the cover.



4. Proceed to **Preparing the server for operation** on page 111.

#### Preparing the server for operation

#### Procedure

- 1. Install any options or cables previously removed to access the TPM connector.
- 2. Install the access panel.
- **3.** Do one of the following:
  - a. Install the server in the rack, if necessary.
  - **b.** Install the server in the enclosure.
- **4.** Power up the server.
  - a. Connect the power cords (rack and tower servers).
  - **b.** Press the Power On/Standby button.

### **Enabling the Trusted Platform Module**

When enabling the Trusted Platform module, observe the following guidelines:

- By default, the Trusted Platform Module is enabled as TPM 2.0 when the server is powered on after installing it.
- In UEFI Boot Mode, the Trusted Platform Module can be configured to operate as TPM 2.0 or TPM 1.2.
- In Legacy Boot Mode, the Trusted Platform Module configuration can be changed between TPM 1.2 and TPM 2.0, but only TPM 1.2 operation is supported.

#### Enabling the Trusted Platform Module as TPM 2.0

#### Procedure

- 1. During the server startup sequence, press the F9 key to access System Utilities.
- 2. From the System Utilities screen, select System Configuration > BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU)
   > Server Security > Trusted Platform Module options.
- 3. Verify the following:
  - "Current TPM Type" is set to TPM 2.0.
  - "Current TPM State" is set to **Present and Enabled**.
  - "TPM Visibility" is set to **Visible**.
- 4. If changes were made in the previous step, press the F10 key to save your selection.
- 5. If F10 was pressed in the previous step, do one of the following:
  - If in graphical mode, click **Yes**.
  - If in text mode, press the Y key.
- 6. Press the ESC key to exit System Utilities. The server reboots if changes were made and saved.

If the following actions were performed, the server reboots a second time without user input. During this reboot, the TPM setting becomes effective.

- Changing from TPM 1.2 and TPM 2.0
- Changing TPM bus from FIFO to CRB
- Enabling or disabling TPM
- · Clearing the TPM
- 7. Enable TPM functionality in the OS, such as Microsoft Windows BitLocker or measured boot.

For more information, see the Microsoft website.

#### Enabling the Trusted Platform Module as TPM 1.2

#### Procedure

- 1. During the server startup sequence, press the F9 key to access System Utilities.
- 2. From the System Utilities screen select System Configuration > BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU)
   > Server Security > Trusted Platform Module options.
- 3. Change the "TPM Mode Switch Operation" to TPM 1.2.
- **4.** Verify "TPM Visibility" is **Visible**.
- 5. Press the F10 key to save your selection.
- 6. When prompted to save the change in System Utilities, do one of the following:
  - If in graphical mode, click **Yes**.
  - If in text mode, press the Y key.
- 7. Press the **ESC** key to exit System Utilities.

The server reboots a second time without user input. During this reboot, the TPM setting becomes effective.

8. Enable TPM functionality in the OS, such as Microsoft Windows BitLocker or measured boot.

For more information, see the Microsoft website.

#### Retaining the recovery key/password

The recovery key/password is generated during BitLocker setup, and can be saved and printed after BitLocker is enabled. When using BitLocker, always retain the recovery key/password. The recovery key/password is required to enter Recovery Mode after BitLocker detects a possible compromise of system integrity.

To help ensure maximum security, observe the following guidelines when retaining the recovery key/ password:

- Always store the recovery key/password in multiple locations.
- Always store copies of the recovery key/password away from the server.
- Do not save the recovery key/password on the encrypted hard drive.

# Cabling

# **Cabling overview**

This section provides guidelines that help you make informed decisions about cabling the server and hardware options to optimize performance.

### △ CAUTION:

When routing cables, always be sure that the cables are not in a position where they can be pinched or crimped.

# SFF cables

Option kit	Cable part number	Connects from	Connects to
SFF Internal Cables Kit	874618-001	2SFF SAS/SATA Backplane	Embedded SATA
	869662-001	8 SFF SAS/SATA	Embedded SATA
		Backplane	Type -a Smart Array Controller
	876867-001	2 SFF SAS/SATA Backplane	Type -p Smart Array Controller (Slot #1)
	874615-001	8 SFF SAS/SATA Backplane	Type -p Smart Array Controller (Slot #2)
2 SFF Backplane Option	876867-001	2 SFF SAS/SATA	Embedded SATA
Kit		Backplane	Type -p Smart Array Controller
	869669-001	2 SFF SAS/SATA Backplane	P816i-a Smart Array Controller
2 SFF SCM Backplane Option Kit	869668-001	2 SFF SCM Backplane	Embedded SATA
	869669-001	2 SFF SCM Backplane	P816i-a Smart Array Controller
		2 SFF SCM Backplane	Slot #1
1 SFF Rear Backplane	869685-001	1 SFF Rear Backplane	Embedded SATA
Option Kit			Type -p Smart Array Controller
	876868-001	1 SFF Rear Backplane	P816i-a Smart Array Controller
10 SFF SAS/SATA/NVMe Combo backplane	869675-001	10 SFF backplane, SAS port	P408i-a controller
	869676-001	10 SFF backplane, ports 1, 2, and 3	NVMe riser, ports 1, 2, and 3

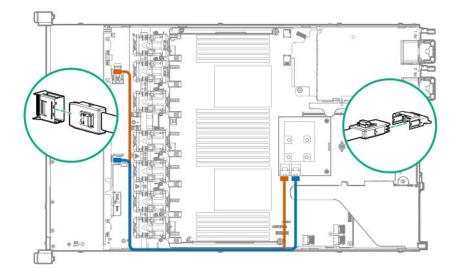
Option kit	Cable part number	Connects from	Connects to
	869681-001	10 SFF backplane, port 5	NVMe riser, port 5
	869680-001	10 SFF backplane, port 4	NVMe riser, port 4

## SFF configuration cable routing

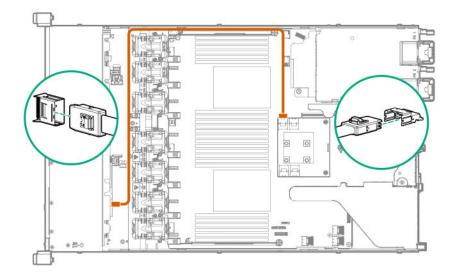
#### NOTE:

The following information describes the standard cable routing for this component. For more information on optional cable routing, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/CablingMatrixGen10</u>).

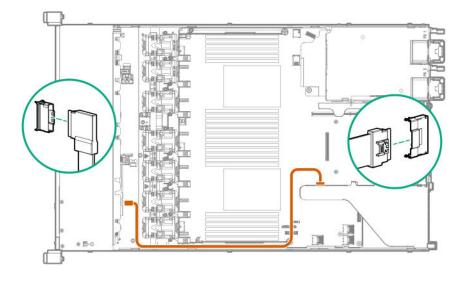
### 8 SFF backplane to P408i-a controller



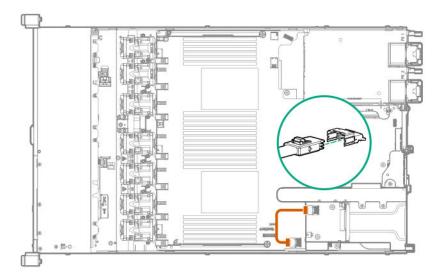
### 2 SFF backplane to P816i-a controller



#### 2 SFF NVMe backplane to primary riser



### 1 SFF rear backplane to system board SATA



### Additional SFF cabling

For more information on the following cables and cabling configurations, see the HPE DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/CablingMatrixGen10</u>):

- 8 SFF backplane to P408i-p controller
- 8 SFF backplane to system board SATA
- 8 SFF backplane power cable
- 2 SFF backplane to P408i-p controller
- 2 SFF backplane to system board SATA
- 2 SFF to 8 SFF power cable
- 1 SFF rear backplane to P816i-a controller
- SFF system power/USB cable

# LFF cables

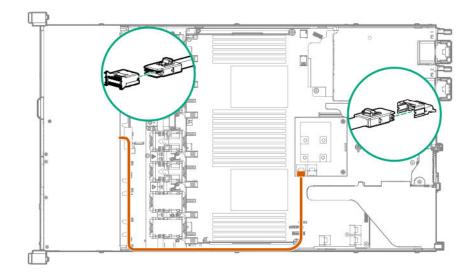
Option kit	Cable part number	Connects from	Connects to
HPE DL360 Gen10 LFF Internal Cable Kit	869673-001	4 LFF backplane	Type -p Smart Array controller, slot 1
			Type -a Smart Array controller
			Embedded SATA
	874616-001	4 LFF backplane	PCI controller, slot 2
HPE DL360 Gen9 LFF Optical Cable Kit	756914-001	LFF optical drive	System board SATA, port 5

### LFF configuration cable routing

#### NOTE:

The following information describes the standard cable routing for this component. For more information on optional cable routing, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/CablingMatrixGen10</u>).

### 4 LFF backplane to P408i-a controller



### Additional LFF cabling

For more information on the following cables and cabling configurations, see the HPE DL360 Gen10 Server cabling matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/CablingMatrixGen10</u>):

- 4 LFF backplane to P408i-p controller
- 4 LFF backplane to system board SATA

# Software and configuration utilities

# Server mode

The software and configuration utilities presented in this section operate in online mode, offline mode, or in both modes.

Software or configuration utility	Server mode
Active Health System on page 118	Online and Offline
HPE iLO 5 on page 119	Online and Offline
HPE Smart Storage Administrator on page 124	Online and Offline
iLO RESTful API on page 120	Online and Offline
Intelligent Provisioning on page 121	Offline
Scripting Toolkit for Windows and Linux on page 122	Online
Service Pack for ProLiant on page 125	Online and Offline
Smart Update Manager on page 126	Online and Offline
UEFI System Utilities on page 122	Offline

# **Product QuickSpecs**

For more information about product features, specifications, options, configurations, and compatibility, see the product QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/qs</u>).

# **Active Health System Viewer**

Active Health System Viewer (AHSV) is an online tool used to read, diagnose, and resolve server issues quickly using AHS uploaded data. AHSV provides Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommended repair actions based on experience and best practices. AHSV provides the ability to:

- · Read server configuration information
- View Driver/Firmware inventory
- Review Event Logs
- · Respond to Fault Detection Analytics alerts
- · Open new and update existing support cases

### **Active Health System**

The Active Health System monitors and records changes in the server hardware and system configuration.

The Active Health System provides:

- · Continuous health monitoring of over 1600 system parameters
- Logging of all configuration changes

- · Consolidated health and service alerts with precise time stamps
- · Agentless monitoring that does not affect application performance

For more information about the Active Health System, see the iLO user guide on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website.

#### Active Health System data collection

The Active Health System does not collect information about your operations, finances, customers, employees, or partners.

Examples of information that is collected:

- Server model and serial number
- Processor model and speed
- Storage capacity and speed
- Memory capacity and speed
- · Firmware/BIOS and driver versions and settings

The Active Health System does not parse or change OS data from third-party error event log activities (for example, content created or passed through the OS).

#### Active Health System Log

The data collected by the Active Health System is stored in the Active Health System Log. The data is logged securely, isolated from the operating system, and separate from customer data.

When the Active Health System Log is full, new data overwrites the oldest data in the log.

It takes less than 5 minutes to download the Active Health System Log and send it to a support professional to help you resolve an issue.

When you download and send Active Health System data to Hewlett Packard Enterprise, you agree to have the data used for analysis, technical resolution, and quality improvements. The data that is collected is managed according to the privacy statement, available at <u>http://www.hpe.com/info/privacy</u>.

You can also upload the log to the Active Health System Viewer. For more information, see the Active Health System Viewer documentation at the following website: <u>http://www.hpe.com/support/ahsv-docs</u>.

# HPE iLO 5

iLO 5 is a remote server management processor embedded on the system boards of HPE ProLiant servers and Synergy compute modules. iLO enables the monitoring and controlling of servers from remote locations. iLO management is a powerful tool that provides multiple ways to configure, update, monitor, and repair servers remotely. iLO (Standard) comes preconfigured on Hewlett Packard Enterprise servers without an additional cost or license.

Features that enhance server administrator productivity and additional new security features are licensed. For more information, see the iLO licensing guide at the following website: <u>http://www.hpe.com/support/ilo-</u><u>docs</u>.

For more information about iLO, see the iLO user guide on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website.

### **iLO** Federation

iLO Federation enables you to manage multiple servers from one system using the iLO web interface.

When configured for iLO Federation, iLO uses multicast discovery and peer-to-peer communication to enable communication between the systems in an iLO Federation group.

When an iLO Federation page loads, a data request is sent from the iLO system running the web interface to its peers, and from those peers to other peers until all data for the selected iLO Federation group is retrieved.

iLO 5 supports the following features:

- Group health status—View server health and model information.
- Group Virtual Media—Connect scripted media for access by the servers in an iLO Federation group.
- Group power control—Manage the power status of the servers in an iLO Federation group.
- Group power capping—Set dynamic power caps for the servers in an iLO Federation group.
- Group firmware update—Update the firmware of the servers in an iLO Federation group.
- Group license installation—Enter a license key to activate iLO licensed features on the servers in an iLO Federation group.
- Group configuration—Add iLO Federation group memberships for multiple iLO systems.

Any user can view information on iLO Federation pages, but a license is required for using the following features: Group Virtual Media, Group power control, Group power capping, Group configuration, and Group firmware update. For more information, see the following website: <u>http://www.hpe.com/info/ilo/licensing</u>.

For more information about iLO Federation, see the iLO user guide on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website.

### **iLO Service Port**

The Service Port is a USB port with the label **iLO** on the front of ProLiant Gen10 servers and Synergy Gen10 compute modules.

When you have physical access to a server, you can use the Service Port to do the following:

• Download the Active Health System Log to a supported USB flash drive.

When you use this feature, the connected USB flash drive is not accessible by the host operating system.

• Connect a client (such as a laptop) with a supported USB to Ethernet adapter to access the iLO web interface, remote console, CLI, iLO RESTful API, or scripts.

Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends the HPE USB to Ethernet Adapter (part number Q7Y55A).

When you use the iLO Service Port:

- Actions are logged in the iLO Event Log.
- The server UID blinks to indicate the Service Port status.

You can also retrieve the status by using a REST client and the iLO RESTful API.

- You cannot use the Service Port to boot any device within the server, or the server itself.
- You cannot access the server by connecting to the Service Port.
- You cannot access the connected device from the server.

For more information about the iLO Service Port, see the iLO user guide on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website.

### iLO RESTful API

iLO 5 includes the iLO RESTful API, which is Redfish API conformant. The iLO RESTful API is a management interface that server management tools can use to perform configuration, inventory, and monitoring tasks by sending basic HTTPS operations (GET, PUT, POST, DELETE, and PATCH) to the iLO web server.

To learn more about the iLO RESTful API, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/</u> info/restfulinterface/docs).

For specific information about automating tasks using the iLO RESTful API, see libraries and sample code at <u>http://www.hpe.com/info/redfish</u>.

### **RESTful Interface Tool**

The RESTful Interface Tool (iLOrest) is a scripting tool that allows you to automate HPE server management tasks. It provides a set of simplified commands that take advantage of the iLO RESTful API. You can install the tool on your computer for remote use or install it locally on a server with a Windows or Linux Operating System. The RESTful Interface Tool offers an interactive mode, a scriptable mode, and a file-based mode similar to CONREP to help decrease automation times.

For more information, see the following website: http://www.hpe.com/info/resttool.

### **iLO Amplifier Pack**

The iLO Amplifier Pack is an advanced server inventory and firmware and driver update solution that enables rapid discovery, detailed inventory reporting, and firmware and driver updates by leveraging iLO advanced functionality. The iLO Amplifier Pack performs rapid server discovery and inventory for thousands of supported servers for the purpose of updating firmware and drivers at scale.

For more information about iLO Amplifier Pack, see the iLO Amplifier Pack user guide at the following website: <u>http://www.hpe.com/servers/iloamplifierpack</u>.

# **Intelligent Provisioning**

Intelligent Provisioning is a single-server deployment tool embedded in ProLiant servers, Apollo systems, and HPE Synergy compute modules. Intelligent Provisioning simplifies server setup, providing a reliable and consistent way to deploy servers.

Intelligent Provisioning prepares the system for installing original, licensed vendor media and Hewlett Packard Enterprise-branded versions of OS software. Intelligent Provisioning also prepares the system to integrate optimized server support software from the Service Pack for ProLiant (SPP). SPP is a comprehensive systems software and firmware solution for ProLiant servers, server blades, their enclosures, and HPE Synergy compute modules. These components are preloaded with a basic set of firmware and OS components that are installed along with Intelligent Provisioning.

After the server is running, you can update the firmware to install additional components. You can also update any components that have been outdated since the server was manufactured.

In addition to accessing Intelligent Provisioning by pressing F10 from the POST screen, you can also access Intelligent Provisioning from the iLO web browser user interface using Always On. You can access Always On without having to reboot your server.

### **Intelligent Provisioning operation**

Intelligent Provisioning includes the following components:

- · Critical boot drivers
- Active Health System (AHS)
- Erase Utility
- Deployment Settings

#### () IMPORTANT:

- Although your server is pre-loaded with firmware and drivers, you should update the firmware upon initial setup to ensure you have the latest versions. Also, downloading and updating the latest version of Intelligent Provisioning ensures the latest supported features are available.
- For ProLiant servers, firmware is updated using the Intelligent Provisioning Firmware Update utility.
- Do not update firmware if the version you are currently running is required for compatibility.

#### NOTE:

Intelligent Provisioning does not function within multihomed configurations. A multihomed host is one that is connected to two or more networks or has two or more IP addresses.

Intelligent Provisioning provides installation help for the following operating systems:

- Microsoft Windows Server
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
- VMware ESXi/vSphere Custom Image

Not all versions of an OS are supported. For information about specific versions of a supported operating system, see the OS Support Matrix on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>http://www.hpe.com/info/ossupport</u>).

## **Management Security**

HPE ProLiant Gen10 servers are built with some of the industry's most advanced security capabilities, out of the box, with a foundation of secure embedded management applications and firmware. The management security provided by HPE embedded management products enables secure support of modern workloads, protecting your components from unauthorized access and unapproved use. The range of embedded management and optional software and firmware available with the iLO Advanced and iLO Advanced Premium Security Edition licenses provides security features that help ensure protection, detection, and recovery from advanced cyber-attacks. For more information, see the *HPE Gen10 Server Security Reference Guide* on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Information Library at <u>http://www.hpe.com/info/EIL</u>.

For information about the iLO Advanced Premium Security Edition license, see <u>http://www.hpe.com/</u> servers/ilopremium.

# **Scripting Toolkit for Windows and Linux**

The STK for Windows and Linux is a server deployment product that delivers an unattended automated installation for high-volume server deployments. The STK is designed to support ProLiant servers. The toolkit includes a modular set of utilities and important documentation that describes how to apply these tools to build an automated server deployment process.

The STK provides a flexible way to create standard server configuration scripts. These scripts are used to automate many of the manual steps in the server configuration process. This automated server configuration process cuts time from each deployment, making it possible to scale rapid, high-volume server deployments.

For more information or to download the STK, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website.

# **UEFI System Utilities**

The UEFI System Utilities is embedded in the system ROM. Its features enable you to perform a wide range of configuration activities, including:

- · Configuring system devices and installed options.
- · Enabling and disabling system features.
- · Displaying system information.
- Selecting the primary boot controller or partition.
- · Configuring memory options.
- · Launching other preboot environments.

HPE servers with UEFI can provide:

- Support for boot partitions larger than 2.2 TB. Such configurations could previously only be used for boot drives when using RAID solutions.
- Secure Boot that enables the system firmware, option card firmware, operating systems, and software collaborate to enhance platform security.
- UEFI Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- An Embedded UEFI Shell that provides a preboot environment for running scripts and tools.
- Boot support for option cards that only support a UEFI option ROM.

### Selecting the boot mode

This server provides two **Boot Mode** configurations: UEFI Mode and Legacy BIOS Mode. Certain boot options require that you select a specific boot mode. By default, the boot mode is set to **UEFI Mode**. The system must boot in **UEFI Mode** to use certain options, including:

- Secure Boot, UEFI Optimized Boot, Generic USB Boot, IPv6 PXE Boot, iSCSI Boot, and Boot from URL
- Fibre Channel/FCoE Scan Policy

#### NOTE:

The boot mode you use must match the operating system installation. If not, changing the boot mode can impact the ability of the server to boot to the installed operating system.

#### Prerequisite

When booting to UEFI Mode, leave UEFI Optimized Boot enabled.

#### Procedure

- From the System Utilities screen, select System Configuration > BIOS/Platform Configuration (RBSU) > Boot Options > Boot Mode.
- 2. Select a setting.
  - **UEFI Mode** (default)—Configures the system to boot to a UEFI compatible operating system.
  - Legacy BIOS Mode—Configures the system to boot to a traditional operating system in Legacy BIOS compatibility mode.
- **3.** Save your setting.
- **4.** Reboot the server.

### **Secure Boot**

Secure Boot is a server security feature that is implemented in the BIOS and does not require special hardware. Secure Boot ensures that each component launched during the boot process is digitally signed and that the signature is validated against a set of trusted certificates embedded in the UEFI BIOS. Secure Boot validates the software identity of the following components in the boot process:

- UEFI drivers loaded from PCIe cards
- UEFI drivers loaded from mass storage devices
- Preboot UEFI Shell applications
- OS UEFI boot loaders

When Secure Boot is enabled:

- Firmware components and operating systems with boot loaders must have an appropriate digital signature to execute during the boot process.
- Operating systems must support Secure Boot and have an EFI boot loader signed with one of the authorized keys to boot. For more information about supported operating systems, see the UEFI System Utilities and Shell Release Notes for Gen10 and HPE Synergy on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (http://www.hpe.com/info/ProLiantUEFI/docs.).

You can customize the certificates embedded in the UEFI BIOS by adding or removing your own certificates, either from a management console directly attached to the server, or by remotely connecting to the server using the iLO Remote Console.

You can configure Secure Boot:

- Using the System Utilities options described in the following sections.
- Using the RESTful API to clear and restore certificates. For more information, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (<u>www.hpe.com/support/restfulinterface/docs</u>).
- Using the secboot command in the Embedded UEFI Shell to display Secure Boot databases, keys, and security reports.

### Launching the Embedded UEFI Shell

Use the **Embedded UEFI Shell** option to launch the Embedded UEFI Shell. The Embedded UEFI Shell is a pre-boot command-line environment for scripting and running UEFI applications, including UEFI boot loaders. The Shell also provides CLI-based commands you can use to obtain system information, and to configure and update the system BIOS.

#### Prerequisites

• Embedded UEFI Shell is set to enabled.

#### Procedure

1. From the System Utilities screen, select Embedded Applications > Embedded UEFI Shell.

The Embedded UEFI Shell screen appears.

2. Press any key to acknowledge that you are physically present.

This step ensures that certain features, such as disabling **Secure Boot** or managing the **Secure Boot** certificates using third-party UEFI tools, are not restricted.

3. If an administrator password is set, enter it at the prompt and press Enter.

The Shell> prompt appears.

- 4. Enter the commands required to complete your task.
- **5.** Enter the exit command to exit the Shell.

# **HPE Smart Storage Administrator**

HPE SSA is the main tool for configuring arrays on HPE Smart Array SR controllers. It exists in three interface formats: the HPE SSA GUI, the HPE SSA CLI, and HPE SSA Scripting. All formats provide support for configuration tasks. Some of the advanced tasks are available in only one format.

The diagnostic features in HPE SSA are also available in the standalone software HPE Smart Storage Administrator Diagnostics Utility CLI.

HPE SSA is accessible both offline (either through HPE Intelligent Provisioning or as a standalone bootable ISO image) and online:

· Accessing HPE SSA in the offline environment

#### (!) IMPORTANT:

If you are updating an existing server in an offline environment, obtain the latest version of HPE SSA through Service Pack for ProLiant before performing configuration procedures.

Using one of multiple methods, you can run HPE SSA before launching the host operating system. In offline mode, users can configure or maintain detected and supported devices, such as optional Smart

Array controllers and integrated Smart Array controllers. Some HPE SSA features are only available in the offline environment, such as setting the boot controller and boot volume.

Accessing HPE SSA in the online environment

This method requires an administrator to download the HPE SSA executables and install them. You can run HPE SSA online after launching the host operating system.

For more information, see *HPE Smart Array SR Gen10 Configuration Guide* at the <u>Hewlett Packard</u> <u>Enterprise website</u>.

# **USB** support

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Gen10 servers support all USB operating speeds depending on the device that is connected to the server.

### **External USB functionality**

Hewlett Packard Enterprise provides external USB support to enable local connection of USB devices for server administration, configuration, and diagnostic procedures.

For additional security, external USB functionality can be disabled through USB options in UEFI System Utilities.

# **Redundant ROM support**

The server enables you to upgrade or configure the ROM safely with redundant ROM support. The server has a single ROM that acts as two separate ROM images. In the standard implementation, one side of the ROM contains the current ROM program version, while the other side of the ROM contains a backup version.

NOTE: The server ships with the same version programmed on each side of the ROM.

### Safety and security benefits

When you flash the system ROM, the flashing mechanism writes over the backup ROM and saves the current ROM as a backup, enabling you to switch easily to the alternate ROM version if the new ROM becomes corrupted for any reason. This feature protects the existing ROM version, even if you experience a power failure while flashing the ROM.

# Keeping the system current

### Updating firmware or system ROM

To update firmware or system ROM, use one of the following methods:

- The Firmware Update option in the System Utilities. See Updating firmware from the System Utilities.
- The fwupdate command in the Embedded UEFI Shell.
- Service Pack for ProLiant (SPP)
- HPE online flash components

#### Service Pack for ProLiant

SPP is a systems software and firmware solution delivered as a single download. This solution uses SUM as the deployment tool and is tested on supported ProLiant servers.

SPP, along with SUM and iSUT, provides Smart Update system maintenance tools that systematically update ProLiant servers and BladeSystem infrastructure.

SPP can be used in an online mode on a Windows or Linux hosted operating system, or in an offline mode where the server is booted to an operating system included in the ISO file.

To download the SPP, see the SPP download page at https://www.hpe.com/servers/spp/download.

#### **Smart Update Manager**

SUM is a tool for firmware and driver maintenance on ProLiant servers, BladeSystem enclosures, Moonshot systems, and other nodes. It provides a browser-based GUI or a command-line scripting interface for flexibility and adaptability.

SUMidentifies associated nodes you can update at the same time to avoid interdependency issues.

Key features of SUM include:

- Discovery engine that finds installed versions of hardware, firmware, and software on nodes.
- SUM deploys updates in the correct order and ensures that all dependencies are met before deploying an update.
- Interdependency checking.
- Automatic and step-by-step localhost Guided Update process.
- Web browser-based mode.
- Ability to create custom baselines and ISOs.
- Support for iLO Repository.
- Simultaneous firmware and software deployment for multiple remote nodes.
- · Local offline firmware deployments with SPP deliverables.
- Remote offline deployment when used with the RESTful Interface Tool (Gen10), iLO Virtual Media, or PXE booted media.
- Extensive logging in all modes.

#### NOTE:

SUM does not support third-party controllers, including flashing hard drives behind the controllers.

#### **Integrated Smart Update Tools**

Integrated Smart Update Tools is a software utility used with iLO 5, HPE OneView, iLO Amplifier Pack, Service Pack for ProLiant (SPP), and Smart Update Manager (SUM) to stage, install, and activate firmware and driver updates.

#### NOTE:

HPE OneView and iLO Amplifier Pack manage the iLO while iSUT runs on each server and deploys the updates. The same administrator might not manage both applications. Create a process that notifies the administrators when updates are available.

- Integrated Smart Update Tools: Polls an iLO 5, HPE OneView, or iLO Amplifier Pack for updates through the management network and orchestrates staging, deploying, and activating updates. You can adjust the polling interval by issuing the appropriate command-line option provided by iSUT. Performs inventory on target servers, stages deployment, deploys updates, and then reboots the servers.
- iLO 5 with integrated Smart Update: Loads Install Sets to the iLO Repository on iLO 5 nodes. iSUT deploys OS-based updates from the iLO Repository.
- **iLO Amplifier Pack**: Displays available updates for servers. Communicates with iSUT to initiate updates, reports the status to iLO Amplifier Pack.
- **HPE OneView:** Displays available updates for servers. Communicates with iSUT to initiate updates, reports the status on the **Firmware** section of the **Server Profile** page of HPE OneView. HPE OneView provides automated compliance reporting in the dashboard.
- **SPP**: A comprehensive systems software and firmware update solution, which is delivered as a single ISO image.
- SUM: A tool for firmware and driver maintenance for HPE ProLiant servers and associated options.

#### NOTE:

Do not manage one node with iLO Amplifier Pack and HPE OneView.

#### Updating firmware from the System Utilities

Use the **Firmware Updates** option to update firmware components in the system, including the system BIOS, NICs, and storage cards.

#### Procedure

- 1. Access the System ROM Flash Binary component for your server from the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center.
- 2. Copy the binary file to a USB media or iLO virtual media.
- **3.** Attach the media to the server.
- 4. Launch the System Utilities, and select Embedded Applications > Firmware Update.
- 5. Select a device.

The **Firmware Updates** screen lists details about your selected device, including the current firmware version in use.

- 6. Select Select Firmware File.
- 7. Select the flash file in the File Explorer list.

The firmware file is loaded and the **Firmware Updates** screen lists details of the file in the **Selected firmware file** field.

8. Select Image Description, then select a firmware image.

A device can have multiple firmware images.

9. Select Start firmware update.

#### Updating the firmware from the UEFI Embedded Shell

#### Procedure

- Access the System ROM Flash Binary component for your server from the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center (<u>http://www.hpe.com/support/hpesc</u>).
- **2.** Copy the binary file to a USB media or iLO virtual media.
- 3. Attach the media to the server.
- 4. Boot to the UEFI Embedded Shell.
- 5. To obtain the assigned file system volume for the USB key, enter map -r.
- 6. Change to the file system that contains the System ROM Flash Binary component for your server. Enter one of the fsx file systems available, such as fs0 or fs1, and press Enter.
- 7. Use the cd command to change from the current directory to the directory that contains the binary file.
- 8. Enter fwupdate -d BIOS -f filename to flash the system ROM.
- **9.** Reboot the server. A reboot is required after the firmware update in order for the updates to take effect and for hardware stability to be maintained.

#### **Online Flash components**

This component provides updated system firmware that can be installed directly on supported operating systems. Additionally, when used in conjunction with SUM, this Smart Component allows the user to update firmware on remote servers from a central location. This remote deployment capability eliminates the need for the user to be physically present at the server to perform a firmware update.

### Drivers

#### () IMPORTANT:

Always perform a backup before installing or updating device drivers.

The server includes new hardware that may not have driver support on all OS installation media.

If you are installing an Intelligent Provisioning-supported OS, use **Intelligent Provisioning** on page 121 and its Configure and Install feature to install the OS and latest supported drivers.

If you do not use Intelligent Provisioning to install an OS, drivers for some of the new hardware are required. These drivers, as well as other option drivers, ROM images, and value-add software can be downloaded as part of an SPP.

If you are installing drivers from SPP, be sure that you are using the latest SPP version that your server supports. To verify that your server is using the latest supported version and for more information about SPP, see the **Hewlett Packard Enterprise website**.

To locate the drivers for a particular server, go to the <u>Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center website</u>. Under **Select your HPE product**, enter the product name or number and click **Go**.

### Software and firmware

Update software and firmware before using the server for the first time, unless any installed software or components require an older version.

For system software and firmware updates, use one of the following sources:

- Download the SPP from the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website.
- Download individual drivers, firmware, or other systems software components from the server product page in the <u>Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center website</u>.

### **Operating system version support**

For information about specific versions of a supported operating system, refer to the **operating system support matrix**.

### **HPE Pointnext Portfolio**

HPE Pointnext delivers confidence, reduces risk, and helps customers realize agility and stability. Hewlett Packard Enterprise helps customers succeed through Hybrid IT by simplifying and enriching the on-premise experience, informed by public cloud qualities and attributes.

Operational Support Services enable you to choose the right service level, length of coverage, and response time to fit your business needs. For more information, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website:

#### https://www.hpe.com/us/en/services/operational.html

Utilize the Advisory and Transformation Services in the following areas:

- Private or hybrid cloud computing
- Big data and mobility requirements
- Improving data center infrastructure
- Better use of server, storage, and networking technology

For more information, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website:

#### http://www.hpe.com/services/consulting

## Change control and proactive notification

Hewlett Packard Enterprise offers Change Control and Proactive Notification to notify customers 30 to 60 days in advance of the following:

- Upcoming hardware and software changes
- Bulletins
- Patches

Let Hewlett Packard Enterprise know what commercial products you own and they will send you the latest updates to keep your business running smoothly.

For more information, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website:

#### http://www.hpe.com/info/pcn

# Troubleshooting

# **Troubleshooting resources**

Troubleshooting resources are available for HPE Gen10 server products in the following documents:

- *Troubleshooting Guide for HPE ProLiant Gen10 servers* provides procedures for resolving common problems and comprehensive courses of action for fault isolation and identification, issue resolution, and software maintenance.
- *Error Message Guide for HPE ProLiant Gen10 servers and HPE Synergy* provides a list of error messages and information to assist with interpreting and resolving error messages.
- Integrated Management Log Messages and Troubleshooting Guide for HPE ProLiant Gen 10 and HPE Synergy provides IML messages and associated troubleshooting information to resolve critical and cautionary IML events.

To access the troubleshooting resources, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Information Library (<u>http://</u><u>www.hpe.com/info/gen10-troubleshooting</u>).

# Removing and replacing the system battery

The system battery provides power to the real-time clock. If the server no longer automatically displays the correct date and time, you might need to replace the system battery.



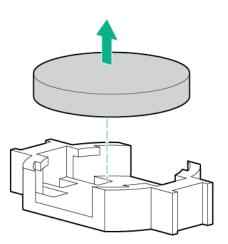
#### WARNING:

The computer contains an internal lithium manganese dioxide, a vanadium pentoxide, or an alkaline battery pack. A risk of fire and burns exists if the battery pack is not properly handled. To reduce the risk of personal injury:

- Do not attempt to recharge the battery.
- Do not expose the battery to temperatures higher than 60°C (140°F).
- Do not disassemble, crush, puncture, short external contacts, or dispose of in fire or water.
- · Replace only with the spare designated for this product.

#### Procedure

- 1. Power down the server (Power down the server on page 24).
- 2. Remove all power:
  - Disconnect each power cord from the power source.
  - Disconnect each power cord from the server.
- 3. Do one of the following:
  - a. Extend the server from the rack (Extend the server from the rack on page 24).
  - b. Remove the server from the rack (Remove the server from the rack on page 25).
- 4. Remove the access panel (Remove the access panel on page 25).
- 5. Locate the battery (System board components on page 16).
- **6.** Remove the battery.



- 7. To replace the component, reverse the removal procedure.
- 8. Properly dispose of the old battery.

For more information about battery replacement or proper disposal, contact an authorized reseller or an authorized service provider.

# Specifications

# **Environmental specifications**

Specification	Value
Temperature range <sup>1</sup>	
Operating	10°C to 35°C (50°F to 95°F)
Nonoperating	-30°C to 60°C (-22°F to 140°F)
Relative humidity (noncondensing)	
Operating	Minimum to be the higher (more moisture) of -12°C (10.4°F) dew point or 8% relative humidity
	Maximum to be 24°C (75.2°F) dew point or 90% relative humidity
Nonoperating	5% to 95%
	38.7°C (101.7°F), maximum wet bulb temperature

<sup>1</sup> All temperature ratings shown are for sea level. An altitude derating of 1.0°C per 304.8 m (1.8°F per 1000 ft) to 3048 m (10,000 ft) is applicable. No direct sunlight allowed. Maximum rate of change is 20°C per hour (36°F per hour). The upper limit and rate of change might be limited by the type and number of options installed.

For certain approved hardware configurations, the supported system inlet temperature range is extended:

- 5°C to 10°C (41°F to 50°F) and 35°C to 40°C (95°F to 104°F) at sea level with an altitude derating of 1.0°C per every 175 m (1.8°F per every 574 ft) above 900 m (2953 ft) to a maximum of 3048 m (10,000 ft).
- 40°C to 45°C (104°F to 113°F) at sea level with an altitude derating of 1.0°C per every 125 m (1.8°F per every 410 ft) above 900 m (2953 ft) to a maximum of 3048 m (10,000 ft).

The approved hardware configurations for this system are listed on the <u>Hewlett Packard Enterprise</u> <u>website</u>.

# **Server specifications**

Specification	Value
Height	4.29 cm (1.69 in)
Depth (chassis with SFF drive cage)	70.7 cm (27.83 in)
Depth (chassis with LFF drive cage)	74.98 cm (29.50 in)
Width	43.46 cm (17.11 in)
Weights	

Specification	Value
SFF minimum (one drive, one processor, one power supply, two heatsinks, one Smart Array controller, five fans)	13.04 kg (28.74 lb)
SFF maximum (10 drives, two processors, two power supplies, two heatsinks, one Smart Array controller, seven fans)	16.27 kg (35.86 lb)
LFF minimum (one drive, one processor, one power supply, two heatsinks, one Smart Array controller, five fans)	13.77 kg (30.36 lb)
LFF maximum (Four drives, two processors, two power supplies, two heatsinks, one Smart Array controller, seven fans)	16.78 kg (37 lb)

# **Power supply specifications**

Depending on installed options, the server is configured with one of the following power supplies:

- HPE 500W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Power Supply
- HPE 800W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Power Supply
- HPE 800W Flex Slot Titanium Plus Hot-plug Power Supply
- HPE 800W Flex Slot Universal Hot-plug Power Supply
- HPE 800W Flex Slot -48VDC Hot-plug Power Supply
- HPE 1600W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Power Supply

For detailed power supply specifications, see the QuickSpecs on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website (http://www.hpe.com/info/proliant/powersupply).

### HPE 500W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Power Supply

Value
100 to 127 VAC
200 to 240 VAC
240 VDC for China only
50 Hz to 60 Hz
Not applicable to 240 VDC

Rated input current	5.8 A at 100 VAC
	2.8 A at 200 VAC
	2.4 A at 240 VDC for China only
Maximum rated input power	580 W at 100 VAC
	560 W at 200 VAC
	576 W at 240 VDC for China only
BTUs per hour	1979 at 100 VAC
	1911 at 200 VAC
	1965 at 240 VDC for China only
Power supply output	
Rated steady-state power	500 W at 100 VAC to 127 VAC input
	500 W at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input
	500 W at 240 VDC input for China only
Maximum peak power	500 W at 100 VAC to 127 VAC input
	500 W at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input
	500 W at 240 VDC input for

# HPE 800W Flex Slot Platinum Hot-plug Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	
Rated input voltage	100 to 127 VAC
	200 to 240 VAC
	240 VDC for China only
Rated input frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz
	Not applicable to 240VDC

9.4 A at 100 VAC
4.5 A at 200 VAC
3.8 A at 240 VDC for China only
940 W at 100 VAC
900 W at 200 VAC
912 W at 240 VDC for China only
3207 at 100 VAC
3071 at 200 VAC
3112 at 240 for China only
800 W at 100 VAC to 127 VAC input
800 W at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input
800 W at 240 VDC input for China only
800 W at 100 VAC to 127 VAC input
800 W at 200 VAC to 240 VAC
input

# HPE 800W Flex Slot Titanium Plus Hot-plug Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	
Rated input voltage	200 to 240 V AC
	240 VDC for China only
Rated input frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz
	Not applicable to 240 VDC
Rated input current	4.35 A at 200 VAC 3.62 A at 240 VAC
	3.62 A at 240 VDC for China only

870 W at 200 VAC
870 W at 240 VAC
870 W at 240 VDC for China only
2969 at 200 VAC
2969 at 240 VAC
2969 at 240 VDC for China only
800 W at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input
800 W at 240 VDC input for China only
800 W at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input
800 W at 240 VDC input for China only

# HPE 800W Flex Slot Universal Hot-plug Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	
Rated input voltage	200 V to 277 V AC
	380 VDC
Rated input frequency	50 Hz–60 Hz
Rated input current	4.5 A at 200 V AC
	3.2 A at 277 V AC
	2.3 A at 380 VDC
Maximum rated input power	900 W at 200 VAC
	887 W at 277 VAC
	874 W at 380 VDC
BTUs per hour	3071 at 200 VAC
	3026 at 277 VAC
	2982 at 380 VDC
Power supply output	

Rated steady-state power	800 W at 200 VAC to 277 VAC input
	800 W at 380 VDC input
Maximum peak power	800 W at 200 VAC to 277 VAC input
	800 W at 380 VDC input

### HPE 800W Flex Slot -48VDC Hot-plug Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	
Rated input voltage	-40 VDC to -72 VDC
	-48 VDC nominal input
Rated input current	26 A at -40 VDC input
	19 A at -48 VDC input, nominal input
	12.4 A at -72 VDC input
Rated input power (W)	936 W at -40 VDC input
	912 W at -48 VDC input, nominal input
	900 W at -72 VDC input
Rated input power (BTUs per hour)	3194 at -40 VDC input
	3112 at -48 VDC input, nominal input
	3071 at -72 VDC input
Power supply output	
Rated steady-state power (W)	800 W at -40 VDC to -72 VDC
Maximum peak power (W)	800 W at -40 VDC to -72 VDC



# 

To reduce the risk of electric shock or energy hazards:

- This equipment must be installed by trained service personnel, as defined by the NEC and IEC 60950-1, Second Edition, the standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- Connect the equipment to a reliably grounded Secondary circuit source. A Secondary circuit has no direct connection to a Primary circuit and derives its power from a transformer, converter, or equivalent isolation device.
- The branch circuit overcurrent protection must be rated 27 A.



#### CAUTION:

This equipment is designed to permit the connection of the earthed conductor of the DC supply circuit to the earthing conductor at the equipment.

If this connection is made, all of the following must be met:

- This equipment must be connected directly to the DC supply system earthing electrode conductor or to a bonding jumper from an earthing terminal bar or bus to which the DC supply system earthing electrode conductor is connected.
- This equipment must be located in the same immediate area (such as adjacent cabinets) as any other equipment that has a connection between the earthed conductor of the same DC supply circuit and the earthing conductor, and also the point of earthing of the DC system. The DC system must be earthed elsewhere.
- The DC supply source is to be located within the same premises as the equipment.
- Switching or disconnecting devices must not be in the earthed circuit conductor between the DC source and the point of connection of the earthing electrode conductor.

### HPE 1600W Flex Slot Platinum Hot Plug Power Supply

Specification	Value
Input requirements	
Rated input voltage	200 to 240 VAC
	240 VDC (China only)
Rated input frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz
Rated input current	8.7 A at 200 VAC
	7.2 A at 240 VAC
Maximum rated input power	1734 W at 200 VAC
	1720 W at 240 VAC
BTUs per hour	5918 at 200 VAC
	5884 at 240 VAC
Power supply output	
Rated steady-state power	1600 W at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input
	1600 W at 240 VDC input
Maximum peak power	2200 W for 1ms (turbo mode) at 200 VAC to 240 VAC input

# Hot-plug power supply calculations

For hot-plug power supply specifications and calculators to determine electrical and heat loading for the server, see the **Hewlett Packard Enterprise Power Advisor website**.

# Websites

#### **General websites**

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Information Library

www.hpe.com/info/EIL

Single Point of Connectivity Knowledge (SPOCK) Storage compatibility matrix

www.hpe.com/storage/spock

Storage white papers and analyst reports

www.hpe.com/storage/whitepapers

For additional websites, see **Support and other resources**.

# Support and other resources

# **Accessing Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support**

• For live assistance, go to the Contact Hewlett Packard Enterprise Worldwide website:

#### http://www.hpe.com/assistance

 To access documentation and support services, go to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center website:

http://www.hpe.com/support/hpesc

#### Information to collect

- Technical support registration number (if applicable)
- Product name, model or version, and serial number
- Operating system name and version
- Firmware version
- Error messages
- Product-specific reports and logs
- Add-on products or components
- · Third-party products or components

## Accessing updates

- Some software products provide a mechanism for accessing software updates through the product interface. Review your product documentation to identify the recommended software update method.
- To download product updates, go to either of the following:
  - Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center Get connected with updates page:

#### http://www.hpe.com/support/e-updates

• Software Depot website:

#### http://www.hpe.com/support/softwaredepot

• To view and update your entitlements, and to link your contracts and warranties with your profile, go to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center **More Information on Access to Support Materials** page:

#### http://www.hpe.com/support/AccessToSupportMaterials

#### () IMPORTANT:

Access to some updates might require product entitlement when accessed through the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center. You must have an HP Passport set up with relevant entitlements.

# **Customer self repair**

Hewlett Packard Enterprise customer self repair (CSR) programs allow you to repair your product. If a CSR part needs to be replaced, it will be shipped directly to you so that you can install it at your convenience. Some parts do not qualify for CSR. Your Hewlett Packard Enterprise authorized service provider will determine whether a repair can be accomplished by CSR.

For more information about CSR, contact your local service provider or go to the CSR website:

#### http://www.hpe.com/support/selfrepair

# **Remote support**

Remote support is available with supported devices as part of your warranty or contractual support agreement. It provides intelligent event diagnosis, and automatic, secure submission of hardware event notifications to Hewlett Packard Enterprise, which will initiate a fast and accurate resolution based on your product's service level. Hewlett Packard Enterprise strongly recommends that you register your device for remote support.

If your product includes additional remote support details, use search to locate that information.

#### **Remote support and Proactive Care information**

HPE Get Cor	nnected
www.hpe	.com/services/getconnected
HPE Proacti	ve Care services
www.hpe	.com/services/proactivecare
HPE Proacti	ve Care service: Supported products list
www.hpe	.com/services/proactivecaresupportedproducts
HPE Proacti	ve Care advanced service: Supported products list
www.hpe	.com/services/proactivecareadvancedsupportedproducts
Proactive Care cust	omer information

**Proactive Care central** 

www.hpe.com/services/proactivecarecentral

**Proactive Care service activation** 

www.hpe.com/services/proactivecarecentralgetstarted

# Warranty information

To view the warranty for your product, see the *Safety and Compliance Information for Server, Storage, Power, Networking, and Rack Products* document, available at the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center:

www.hpe.com/support/Safety-Compliance-EnterpriseProducts

Additional warranty information HPE ProLiant and x86 Servers and Options www.hpe.com/support/ProLiantServers-Warranties HPE Enterprise Servers www.hpe.com/support/EnterpriseServers-Warranties HPE Storage Products www.hpe.com/support/Storage-Warranties HPE Networking Products

www.hpe.com/support/Networking-Warranties

# **Regulatory information**

To view the regulatory information for your product, view the *Safety and Compliance Information for Server, Storage, Power, Networking, and Rack Products*, available at the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center:

www.hpe.com/support/Safety-Compliance-EnterpriseProducts

#### Additional regulatory information

Hewlett Packard Enterprise is committed to providing our customers with information about the chemical substances in our products as needed to comply with legal requirements such as REACH (Regulation EC No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and the Council). A chemical information report for this product can be found at:

#### www.hpe.com/info/reach

For Hewlett Packard Enterprise product environmental and safety information and compliance data, including RoHS and REACH, see:

#### www.hpe.com/info/ecodata

For Hewlett Packard Enterprise environmental information, including company programs, product recycling, and energy efficiency, see:

#### www.hpe.com/info/environment

# **Documentation feedback**

Hewlett Packard Enterprise is committed to providing documentation that meets your needs. To help us improve the documentation, send any errors, suggestions, or comments to Documentation Feedback (<u>docsfeedback@hpe.com</u>). When submitting your feedback, include the document title, part number, edition, and publication date located on the front cover of the document. For online help content, include the product name, product version, help edition, and publication date located on the legal notices page.

# Acronyms and abbreviations

ABEND abnormal end ACU Array Configuration Utility AMP Advanced Memory Protection API application program interface ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers ASR Automatic Server Recovery CAS column address strobe CSA Canadian Standards Association CSR Customer Self Repair **FSBBU** Flex slot battery backup GPU graphics processing unit HBA host bus adapter HP SUM HP Software Update Manager HPE SSA HPE Smart Storage Administrator IEC International Electrotechnical Commission iLO Integrated Lights-Out IML Integrated Management Log ISO

International Organization for Standardization JSON JavaScript Object Notation LFF large form factor LRDIMM load reduced dual in-line memory module NAND Not AND NMI nonmaskable interrupt **NVRAM** nonvolatile memory PCle Peripheral Component Interconnect Express PDU power distribution unit POST Power-On Self-Test RBSU **ROM-Based Setup Utility** RDIMM registered dual in-line memory module RDP Rapid Deployment Pack REST representational state transfer RoHS Restriction of Hazardous Substances RSOC relative state of charge SAS serial attached SCSI SATA serial ATA SD Secure Digital SFF

small form factor SID Systems Insight Display SIM Systems Insight Manager SPP Service Pack for ProLiant TMRA recommended ambient operating temperature TPM Trusted Platform Module UEFI Unified Extensible Firmware Interface UID unit identification USB universal serial bus VC Virtual Connect VCA Version Control Agent VCRM Version Control Repository Manager VDC voltage direct-current