DCLTechnologies

Statement of Volatility – Latitude 7030 Rugged Extreme Tablet

△ CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or erasure of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

The Latitude 7030 Rugged Extreme Tablet contains both volatile and non-volatile components. Volatile components erase their data immediately after power is removed from the component. Non-volatile components continue to retain their data even after power is removed from the component. The following Non-volatile components are present on the Latitude 7030 Rugged Extreme Tablet system board.

escription Reference Designator Volatility Description		User Accessible for external data	Remedial Action (action necessary to erase data)		
Embedded Flash in embedded controller MEC5200	UE1	384KB Code/Data SRAM 320KB Code/64KB Data optimized for performance	No	N/A	
LCD Panel EEDID EEPROM	Part of panel assembly	Non-Volatile memory, Stores panel manufacturing information, display configuration data.	No	N/A	
System BIOS/EC	UC2(32MB/64MB)	Non-Volatile memory, System BIOS, embedded controller and Video BIOS for basic boot operation, PSA (on board diags), PXE diags.	No	N/A	
System Memory – LPDDR5 on board memory	2-channel on board memory: UD1, UD2	Volatile memory in OFF state. System memory size will depend on LPDDR5 ,32 GB/64 GB/128 GB (X64) per package.	No	N/A	
RTC CMOS – BBRAM (battery backed up)	UC1 (PCH)	Non-Volatile memory, 256 Bytes. Stores CMOS information.	No	N/A	
Video memory – frame buffer	For UMA platform: Using system memory	Volatile memory in OFF state. UMA uses main system memory size allocated out of main memory.	No	Power off system	
Intel ME Firmware	Combine on BIOS ROM	Non-Volatile memory, 256 Mbit (32MB) for non-vPro, 512 Mbit (64MB) vPro, Intel ME firmware for system configuration, security and protection	No	N/A	
SSD drive(s)	M.2 - 2230	Non-Volatile magnetic media, various sizes in GB. SSD (solid state flash drive).	YES	Low level format	
Thunderbolt EEPROM	UTS1	Non-Volatile memory. 8 Mbit (1 MB) for Burnside bridge retime F/W.	No	N/A	
Touch screen Embedded Flash	Part of panel assembly	Non-Volatile memory	No	N/A	
ISH	Combine on BIOS ROM	Non-Volatile memory.	No	N/A	
TPM Controller	U712	Non-Volatile memory, 384K bits	No	N/A	
PD Controller FW	Embedded in system BIOS	Non-Volatile memory.	Νο	N/A	
Security Controller Serial Flash Memory	U7 (up-sell USH Non-Volatile memory, 128 Mbit (16 MB)		No	N/A	

Table 1 I	ist of Non-Volatile	Components on S	vstem Board
		Components on S	ystern Duaru

Fingerprint Sensor	Module	USB interface of embedded Flash memory	No	N/A
MIPI Camera EEPROM	User Facing Camera/ World Facing Camera	Non-Volatile memory, 64k-bit	No	N/A
Digital IMVP9.1 controller	PU600	Non-Volatile memory, 1204-bits Digital IMVP9.1 controller (Total 162 index, each index 0/4/8 bits.)	No	N/A

CAUTION: All other components on the system board erase data if power is removed from the system. Primary power loss (unplugging the power cord and removing the battery) destroys all user data on the memory (LPDDR5, 5200 MHz). Secondary power loss (removing the on-board coin-cell battery) destroys system data on the system configuration and time-of-day information.

In addition, to clarify memory volatility and data retention in situations where the system is put in different ACPI power states the following is provided (those ACPI power states are S0, Modern standby, S4 and S5):

S0 state is the working state where the dynamic RAM is maintained and is read/write by the processor.

Modern standby is a standby mode state that is different from S3 mode. In this state, the dynamic RAM is maintained.

S4 is called "suspend to disk" state or "hibernate" mode. There is no power. In this state, the dynamic RAM is not maintained. If the system has been commanded to enter S4, the OS will write the system context to a non-volatile storage file and leave appropriate context markers. When the system is coming back to the working state, a restore file from the non-volatile storage can occur. The restore file has to be valid. Dell systems will be able to go to S4 if the OS and the peripherals support S4 state. Win 7 and Win 8 support S4 state.

S5 is the "soft" off state. There is no power. The OS does not save any context to wake up the system. No data will remain in any component on the system board, i.e., cache or memory. The system will require a complete boot when awakened. Since S5 is the shut off state, coming out of S5 requires power on which clears all registers.

The following table shows all the states supported by Latitude 7030 Rugged Extreme Tablet

Model Number	S0	Modern Standby	S4	S5
Latitude 7030 Rugged Extreme Tablet	v	v	v	v

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