

ThinkSystem 7450 PRO Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 SSDs

Product Guide

The ThinkSystem 7450 PRO Read Intensive NVMe SSDs are general-purpose yet high-performance family of NVMe solid-state drives. They are engineered for greater performance and endurance in a cost-effective design, and to support a broader set of workloads. Now with SED encryption as standard, these drives help ensure data security, even when the drive is removed from the server.

SED support: All drives listed in this product guide include SED drive encryption. Our naming convention for new drives doesn't include SED in the name.



Figure 1. ThinkSystem 7450 PRO Read Intensive NVMe SSDs

Did you know?

Lenovo Read Intensive (Entry) SSDs are suitable for read-intensive and general-purpose data center workloads, however their NVMe PCIe interface means the drives also offer high performance. Overall, these SSDs provide outstanding IOPS/watt and cost/IOPS for enterprise solutions.

Self-encrypting drives (SEDs) provide benefits by encrypting data on-the-fly at the drive level with no performance impact, by providing instant secure erasure thereby making the data no longer readable, and by enabling auto-locking to secure active data if a drive is misplaced or stolen from a system while in use. These features are essential for many businesses, especially those storing customer data.

Part number information

The following table lists the part numbers and feature codes for the 7450 PRO SSDs.

Table 1. Part number information

Part number	Feature	Description
2.5-inch hot-swap drives		
4XB7A79646	BNF3	ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 960GB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD
4XB7A79647	BNF2	ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 1.92TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD
4XB7A79648	BNF5	ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 3.84TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD
M.2 drives		
4XB7A13999	BKSR	ThinkSystem M.2 7450 PRO 960GB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 NHS SSD
4XB7A82674	BQUJ	ThinkSystem M.2 7450 PRO 960GB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 NHS SSD (with Heatsink)
4XB7A82675	BQUK	ThinkSystem M.2 7450 PRO 1.92TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 NHS SSD (with Heatsink)

The part numbers include the following items:

- One solid-state drive
- Hot swap drives include a hot-swap tray
- Documentation flyer

Features

Non-Volatile Memory Express (NVMe) is PCIe high performance SSD technology that provides high I/O throughput and low latency. NVMe interfaces remove SAS/SATA bottlenecks and unleash all of the capabilities of contemporary NAND flash memory. Each NVMe PCI SSD has direct PCIe x4 connection, which provides at least 2x more bandwidth and 2x less latency than SATA/SAS-based SSD solutions. NVMe drives are also optimized for heavy multi-threaded workloads by using internal parallelism and many other improvements, such as enlarged I/O queues.

The ThinkSystem 7450 PRO Read Intensive NVMe SSDs have the following features:

- NVMe SSD with PCIe 4.0 performance and a U.3 interface
- Based on the Micron 7450 PRO family of SSDs
- Compliant with Trusted Computing Group Opal 2.01 Security Subsystem Class cryptographic standard (TCG Opal 2.01 SSC)
- Multiple form factors available:
 - 2.5-inch hot-swap drive tray
 - 7mm hot-swap drive tray
 - 7mm trayless
 - E1.S 5.9mm hot-swap drive
 - M.2 drives
- Micron 176-layer 3D TLC NAND
- Direct PCIe 4.0 x4 connection for each NVMe drive, resulting in up to 8 GBps overall throughput.
- Advanced ECC Engine and End-to-End Data Protection
- Protect data integrity from unexpected power loss with advanced power-loss protection architecture
- Adaptive Thermal Monitoring to monitor the internal temperature of the drive with power adjustment to ensure operation within thermal limits
- Supports Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology (S.M.A.R.T).
- Enterprise-level security features:
 - Secure Execution Environment - dedicated security processing hardware with physical isolation
 - Asymmetric Roots of Trust - Enables authenticated revocation of root keys
 - Strong Asymmetric Key Support - Uses standard, NIST-approved algorithms with 208-bit/3072-bit RSA keys
 - RSA Delegation Key Support - Enables customers to maintain ownership of RSA keys
 - Secure Boot - Helps ensure firmware integrity on running platform
 - Key-Based Firmware Update - Validates firmware using public key-based authentication prior to firmware update
 - Key-Based Privileged Access - Protects against unauthorized privileged SSD function execution with public key-based authorization

Read Intensive SSDs and Write Intensive SSDs have similar read IOPS performance, but the key difference between them is their endurance -- how long they can reliably perform write operations. Read Intensive SSDs have a better cost/IOPS ratio but lower endurance compared to Write Intensive SSDs. SSD write endurance is typically measured by the number of program/erase (P/E) write cycles that the drive incurs over its lifetime, listed as the total bytes of written data (TBW) in the device specification.

The TBW value assigned to a solid-state device is the total bytes of written data (based on the number of P/E cycles) that a drive can be guaranteed to complete (% of remaining P/E cycles = % of remaining TBW). Reaching this limit does not cause the drive to immediately fail. It simply denotes the maximum number of writes that can be guaranteed. A solid-state device will not fail upon reaching the specified TBW. At some point based on manufacturing variance margin, after surpassing the TBW value, the drive will reach the end-of-life point, at which the drive will go into a read-only mode.

Because of such behavior by Read Intensive solid-state drives, careful planning must be done to use them only in read-intensive or mixed use (70% read/30% write) environments to ensure that the TBW of the drive will not be exceeded before the required life expectancy.

For example, the 7450 PRO 1.92TB drive has an endurance of 3,500 TB of total bytes written (TBW). This means that for full operation over five years, write workload must be limited to no more than 1,918 GB of writes per day, which is equivalent to 1.0 full drive writes per day (DWPD). For the device to last three years, the drive write workload must be limited to no more than 3,196 GB of writes per day, which is equivalent to 1.7 full drive writes per day.

The benefits of drive encryption

All ThinkSystem 7450 PRO Read Intensive NVMe SSDs support drive encryption.

Self-encrypting drives (SEDs) provide benefits in three main ways:

- By encrypting data on-the-fly at the drive level with no performance impact
- By providing instant secure erasure (cryptographic erasure, thereby making the data no longer readable)
- By enabling auto-locking to secure active data if a drive is misplaced or stolen from a system while in use

The following sections describe the benefits in more details.

Automatic encryption

It is vital that a company keep its data secure. With the threat of data loss due to physical theft or improper inventory practices, it is important that the data be encrypted. However, challenges with performance, scalability, and complexity have led IT departments to push back against security policies that require the use of encryption. In addition, encryption has been viewed as risky by those unfamiliar with key management, a process for ensuring a company can always decrypt its own data. Self-encrypting drives comprehensively resolve these issues, making encryption both easy and affordable.

When the self-encrypting drive is in normal use, its owner need not maintain authentication keys (otherwise known as credentials or passwords) in order to access the data on the drive. The self-encrypting drive will encrypt data being written to the drive and decrypt data being read from it, all without requiring an authentication key from the owner.

Drive retirement and disposal

When hard drives are retired and moved outside the physically protected data center into the hands of others, the data on those drives is put at significant risk. IT departments retire drives for a variety of reasons, including:

- Returning drives for warranty, repair, or expired lease agreements
- Removal and disposal of drives
- Repurposing drives for other storage duties

Nearly all drives eventually leave the data center and their owner's control. Corporate data resides on such drives, and when most leave the data center, the data they contain is still readable. Even data that has been striped across many drives in a RAID array is vulnerable to data theft because just a typical single stripe in today's high-capacity arrays is large enough to expose for example, hundreds of names and bank account numbers.

In an effort to avoid data breaches and the ensuing customer notifications required by data privacy laws, companies use different methods to erase the data on retired drives before they leave the premises and potentially fall into the wrong hands. Current retirement practices that are designed to make data unreadable rely on significant human involvement in the process, and are thus subject to both technical and human failure.

The drawbacks of today's drive retirement practices include the following:

- Overwriting drive data is expensive, tying up valuable system resources for days. No notification of completion is generated by the drive, and overwriting won't cover reallocated sectors, leaving that data exposed.
- Methods that include degaussing or physically shredding a drive are expensive. It is difficult to ensure the degauss strength is optimized for the drive type, potentially leaving readable data on the drive. Physically shredding the drive is environmentally hazardous, and neither practice allows the drive to be returned for warranty or expired lease.
- Some companies have concluded the only way to securely retire drives is to keep them in their control, storing them indefinitely in warehouses. But this is not truly secure because a large volume of drives coupled with human involvement inevitably leads to some drives being lost or stolen.
- Professional disposal services is an expensive option and includes the cost of reconciling the services as well as internal reports and auditing. Transporting of the drives also has the potential of putting the data at risk.

Self-encrypting drives eliminate the need to overwrite, destroy, or store retired drives. When the drive is to be retired, it can be cryptographically erased, a process that is nearly instantaneous regardless of the capacity of the drive.

Instant secure erase

The self-encrypting drive provides instant data encryption key destruction via cryptographic erasure. When it is time to retire or repurpose the drive, the owner sends a command to the drive to perform a cryptographic erasure. Cryptographic erasure simply replaces the encryption key inside the encrypted drive, making it impossible to ever decrypt the data encrypted with the deleted key.

Self-encrypting drives reduce IT operating expenses by reducing asset control challenges and disposal costs. Data security with self-encrypting drives helps ensure compliance with privacy regulations without hindering IT efficiency. So called "Safe Harbor" clauses in government regulations allow companies to not have to notify customers of occurrences of data theft if that data was encrypted and therefore unreadable.

Furthermore, self-encrypting drives simplify decommissioning and preserve hardware value for returns and repurposing by:

- Eliminating the need to overwrite or destroy the drive
- Securing warranty returns and expired lease returns
- Enabling drives to be repurposed securely

Auto-locking

Insider theft or misplacement is a growing concern for businesses of all sizes; in addition, managers of branch offices and small businesses without strong physical security face greater vulnerability to external theft. Self-encrypting drives include a feature called auto-lock mode to help secure active data against theft.

Using a self-encrypting drive when auto-lock mode is enabled simply requires securing the drive with an authentication key. When secured in this manner, the drive's data encryption key is locked whenever the drive is powered down. In other words, the moment the self-encrypting drive is switched off or unplugged, it automatically locks down the drive's data.

When the self-encrypting drive is then powered back on, it requires authentication before being able to unlock its encryption key and read any data on the drive, thus protecting against misplacement and theft.

While using self-encrypting drives just for the instant secure erase is an extremely efficient and effective means to help securely retire a drive, using self-encrypting drives in auto-lock mode provides even more advantages. From the moment the drive or system is removed from the data center (with or without authorization), the drive is locked. No advance thought or action is required from the data center administrator to protect the data. This helps prevent a breach should the drive be mishandled and helps secure the data against the threat of insider or outside theft.

Technical specifications

The following tables present technical specifications for the ThinkSystem 7450 PRO Read Intensive NVMe SSDs.

- [2.5-inch and 7mm drives with U.3 interface](#)
- [E1.S drives](#)
- [M.2 drives](#)

Table 2. Technical specifications for U.3 drives - 2.5-inch and 7mm drive form factors

Feature	960 GB drive	1.92 TB drive	3.84 TB drive
Interface	PCIe 4.0 x4	PCIe 4.0 x4	PCIe 4.0 x4
Capacity	960 GB	1.92 TB	3.84 TB
SED encryption	TCG Opal	TCG Opal	TCG Opal
Endurance (total bytes written)	1700 TB	3500 TB	7000 TB
Endurance (drive writes per day for 5 years)	1.0 DWPD	1.0 DWPD	1.0 DWPD
Data reliability (UBER)	< 1 in 10 ¹⁷ bits read	< 1 in 10 ¹⁷ bits read	< 1 in 10 ¹⁷ bits read
MTBF	2,000,000 hours	2,000,000 hours	2,000,000 hours
IOPS reads (4 KB blocks)	530,000	800,000	1,000,000
IOPS writes (4 KB blocks)	85,000	120,000	180,000
Sequential read rate (128 KB blocks)	6800 MBps	6800 MBps	6800 MBps
Sequential write rate (128 KB blocks)	1400 MBps	2700 MBps	5300 MBps
Latency (random R/W)	80 µs / 15 µs	80 µs / 15 µs	80 µs / 15 µs
Typical power (R/W)	10.0 / 7.0 W	10.1 / 9.1 W	10.5 / 14.0 W

Table 3. Technical specifications for M.2 drives

Feature	960 GB drive	1.92 TB drive
Form factor	M.2 2280	M.2 22110
Interface	PCIe 4.0 x4	PCIe 4.0 x4
Capacity	960 GB	1.92 TB
SED encryption	TCG Opal	TCG Opal
Endurance (total bytes written)	1700 TB	3500 TB
Endurance (drive writes per day for 5 years)	1.0 DWPD	1.0 DWPD
Data reliability (UBER)	< 1 in 10 ¹⁷ bits read	< 1 in 10 ¹⁷ bits read
MTBF	2,000,000 hours	2,000,000 hours
IOPS reads (4 KB blocks)	520,000	735,000
IOPS writes (4 KB blocks)	82,000	120,000
Sequential read rate (128 KB blocks)	5000 MBps	5000 MBps
Sequential write rate (128 KB blocks)	1400 MBps	2400 MBps
Latency (random R/W)	80 µs / 15 µs	80 µs / 15 µs
Typical power (R/W)	7.0 / 5.7 W	7.3 / 7.5 W

Server support

The following tables list the ThinkSystem servers that are compatible.

Table 4. Server support (Part 1 of 2)

Part Number	Description	Edge		1S Intel V2			2S Intel V2				AMD				Dense V2			4S V2	8S		
		SE350 (7Z46 / 7D1X)	SE450 (7D8T)	ST50 V2 (7D8K / 7D8J)	ST250 V2 (7D8G / 7D8F)	SR250 V2 (7D7R / 7D7Q)	ST650 V2 (7Z75 / 7Z74)	SR630 V2 (7Z70 / 7Z71)	SR650 V2 (7Z72 / 7Z73)	SR670 V2 (7Z22 / 7Z23)	SR635 (7Y98 / 7Y99)	SR655 (7Y00 / 7Z01)	SR645 (7D2Y / 7D2X)	SR665 (7D2W / 7D2V)	SD630 V2 (7D1K)	SD650 V2 (7D1M)	SD650-N V2 (7D1N)	SN550 V2 (7Z69)	SR850 V2 (7D31 / 7D32)	SR860 V2 (7Z59 / 7Z60)	SR950 (7X11 / 7X12)
2.5-inch hot-swap drives																					
4XB7A79646	ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 960GB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N
4XB7A79647	ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 1.92TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N
4XB7A79648	ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 3.84TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N
M.2 non-hot-swap drives																					
4XB7A13999	ThinkSystem M.2 7450 PRO 960GB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 NHS SSD	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
4XB7A82674	ThinkSystem M.2 7450 PRO 960GB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 NHS SSD (with Heatsink)	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
4XB7A82675	ThinkSystem M.2 7450 PRO 1.92TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 NHS SSD (with Heatsink)	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

Table 5. Server support (Part 2 of 2)

Part Number	Description	1S Intel V1				2S Intel V1								Dense V1				4S V1	
		ST50 (7Y48 / 7Y50)	ST250 (7Y45 / 7Y46)	SR150 (7Y54)	SR250 (7Y52 / 7Y51)	ST550 (7X09 / 7X10)	SR530 (7X07 / 7X08)	SR550 (7X03 / 7X04)	SR570 (7Y02 / 7Y03)	SR590 (7X98 / 7X99)	SR630 (7X01 / 7X02)	SR650 (7X05 / 7X06)	SR670 (7Y36 / 7Y37)	SD530 (7X21)	SD650 (7X58)	SN550 (7X16)	SN850 (7X15)	SR850 (7X18 / 7X19)	SR850P (7D2F / 2D2G)
2.5-inch hot-swap drives																			
4XB7A79646	ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 960GB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
4XB7A79647	ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 1.92TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
4XB7A79648	ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 3.84TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
M.2 non-hot-swap drives																			
4XB7A13999	ThinkSystem M.2 7450 PRO 960GB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 NHS SSD	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
4XB7A82674	ThinkSystem M.2 7450 PRO 960GB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 NHS SSD (with Heatsink)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
4XB7A82675	ThinkSystem M.2 7450 PRO 1.92TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 NHS SSD (with Heatsink)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

Storage controller support

NVMe PCIe SSDs require a NVMe drive backplane and some form of PCIe connection to processors. PCIe connections can take the form of either an adapter (PCIe Interposer or PCIe extender) or simply a cable that connects to an onboard NVMe connector.

Consult the relevant server product guide for details about required components for NVMe drive support.

Operating system support

The following tables list the supported operating systems:

- [ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7400 PRO 3.84TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD, 4XB7A80378](#)
- [ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 1.92TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD, 4XB7A79647](#)

Tip: These tables are automatically generated based on data from [Lenovo ServerProven](#).

Table 6. Operating system support for ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7400 PRO 3.84TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD, 4XB7A80378

Operating systems	SE450
Microsoft Windows Server 2019	Y
Microsoft Windows Server 2022	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.9	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.5	Y
VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) 7.0 U3	Y

Table 7. Operating system support for ThinkSystem 2.5" U.3 7450 PRO 1.92TB Read Intensive NVMe PCIe 4.0 x4 HS SSD, 4XB7A79647

Operating systems	SD630 V2	SR630 V2	SR650 V2	SR670 V2	SR850 V2	ST650 V2	SR645	SR665
Microsoft Windows Server 2016	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Microsoft Windows Server 2019	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Microsoft Windows Server 2022	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.6	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.7	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.8	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.9	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.1	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.2	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.3	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.4	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.5	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.6	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 9.0	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 SP5	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 15 SP1	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 15 SP2	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 15 SP3	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Ubuntu 18.04.5 LTS	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N
Ubuntu 20.04 LTS	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N
Ubuntu 22.04 LTS	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N
VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) 6.7 U3	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) 7.0	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) 7.0 U1	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y
VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) 7.0 U2	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) 7.0 U3	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

IBM SKLM Key Management support

To effectively manage a large deployment of SEDs in Lenovo servers, IBM Security Key Lifecycle Manager (SKLM) offers a centralized key management solution. Certain Lenovo servers support Features on Demand (FoD) license upgrades that enable SKLM support.

The following table lists the part numbers and feature codes to enable SKLM support in the management processor of the server.

Table 8. FoD upgrades for SKLM support

Part number	Feature code	Description
Security Key Lifecycle Manager - FoD (United States, Canada, Asia Pacific, and Japan)		
00D9998	A5U1	SKLM for System x/ThinkSystem w/SEDs - FoD per Install w/1Yr S&S
00D9999	AS6C	SKLM for System x/ThinkSystem w/SEDs - FoD per Install w/3Yr S&S
Security Key Lifecycle Manager - FoD (Latin America, Europe, Middle East, and Africa)		
00FP648	A5U1	SKLM for System x/ThinkSystem w/SEDs - FoD per Install w/1Yr S&S
00FP649	AS6C	SKLM for System x/ThinkSystem w/SEDs - FoD per Install w/3Yr S&S

The IBM Security Key Lifecycle Manager software is available from Lenovo using the ordering information listed in the following table.

Table 9. IBM Security Key Lifecycle Manager licenses

Part number	Description
7S0A007FWW	IBM Security Key Lifecycle Manager Basic Edition Install License + SW Subscription & Support 12 Months
7S0A007HWW	IBM Security Key Lifecycle Manager For Raw Decimal Terabyte Storage Resource Value Unit License + SW Subscription & Support 12 Months
7S0A007KWW	IBM Security Key Lifecycle Manager For Raw Decimal Petabyte Storage Resource Value Unit License + SW Subscription & Support 12 Months
7S0A007MWW	IBM Security Key Lifecycle Manager For Usable Decimal Terabyte Storage Resource Value Unit License + SW Subscription & Support 12 Months
7S0A007PWW	IBM Security Key Lifecycle Manager For Usable Decimal Petabyte Storage Resource Value Unit License + SW Subscription & Support 12 Months

The following tables list the ThinkSystem servers that are compatible.

Table 10. IBM SKLM Key Management support (Part 1 of 2)

Part Number	Description	Edge		1S Intel V2		2S Intel V2		AMD		Dense V2		4S V2	8S									
		SE350 (7Z46 / 7D1X)	SE450 (7D8T)	ST50 V2 (7D8K / 7D8J)	ST250 V2 (7D8G / 7D8F)	SR250 V2 (7D7R / 7D7Q)	ST650 V2 (7Z75 / 7Z74)	SR630 V2 (7Z70 / 7Z71)	SR650 V2 (7Z72 / 7Z73)	SR670 V2 (7Z22 / 7Z23)	SR635 (7Y98 / 7Y99)	SR655 (7Y00 / 7Z01)	SR645 (7D2Y / 7D2X)	SR665 (7D2W / 7D2V)	SD630 V2 (7D1K)	SD650 V2 (7D1M)	SD650-N V2 (7D1N)	SN550 V2 (7Z69)	SR850 V2 (7D31 / 7D32)	SR860 V2 (7Z59 / 7Z60)	SR950 (7X11 / 7X12)	
A5U1	SKLM for System x w/SEDs - FoD per Install w/1Yr S&S	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
AS6C	SKLM for System x w/SEDs - FoD per Install w/3Yr S&S	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

Table 11. IBM SKLM Key Management support (Part 2 of 2)

Part Number	Description	1S Intel V1				2S Intel V1				Dense V1			4S V1							
		ST50 (7Y48 / 7Y50)	ST250 (7Y45 / 7Y46)	SR150 (7Y54)	SR250 (7Y52 / 7Y51)	ST550 (7X09 / 7X10)	SR530 (7X07 / 7X08)	SR550 (7X03 / 7X04)	SR570 (7Y02 / 7Y03)	SR590 (7X98 / 7X99)	SR630 (7X01 / 7X02)	SR650 (7X05 / 7X06)	SR670 (7Y36 / 7Y37)	SD530 (7X21)	SD650 (7X58)	SN550 (7X16)	SN850 (7X15)	SR850 (7X18 / 7X19)	SR850P (7D2F / 2D2G)	SR860 (7X69 / 7X70)
A5U1	SKLM for System x w/SEDs - FoD per Install w/1Yr S&S	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
AS6C	SKLM for System x w/SEDs - FoD per Install w/3Yr S&S	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y

Warranty

The 7450 PRO SSDs carry a one-year, customer-replaceable unit (CRU) limited warranty. When the SSDs are installed in a supported server, these drives assume the system's base warranty and any warranty upgrades.

Solid State Memory cells have an intrinsic, finite number of program/erase cycles that each cell can incur. As a result, each solid state device has a maximum amount of program/erase cycles to which it can be subjected. The warranty for Lenovo solid state drives (SSDs) is limited to drives that have not reached the maximum guaranteed number of program/erase cycles, as documented in the Official Published Specifications for the SSD product. A drive that reaches this limit may fail to operate according to its Specifications.

Physical specifications

The 7450 PRO SSDs have the following physical specifications:

Dimensions and weight (approximate, without the drive tray):

- Height: 7 mm (0.3 in.)
- Width: 70 mm (2.8 in.)
- Depth: 100 mm (4.0 in.)
- Weight: 70 g (2.5 oz)

Operating environment

The 7450 PRO SSDs are supported in the following environment:

- Temperature:
 - Operating: 0 to 70 °C (32 to 158 °F)
 - Non-operating: -40 to 85 °C (-40 to 185 °F)
- Relative humidity, Non-operating: 5 to 95% (noncondensing)
- Maximum altitude: 3,050 m (10,000 ft)
- Shock, non-operating: 1,500 G (Max) at 0.5 ms
- Vibration, non-operating: 20 G_{RMS} (5-3000 Hz)

Agency approvals

The 7450 PRO SSDs conform to the following regulations:

- CE (Europe): EN55032, EN55024 Class B, RoHS
- FCC: CFR Title 47, Part 15, Class B
- UL/cUL: approval to UL-60950-1, 2nd Edition, IEC 60950-1:2005 (2nd Edition); EN 60950-1 (2006) + A11:2009+ A1:2010 + A12:2011 + A2:2013
- BSMI (Taiwan): approval to CNS 13438, Class B, CNS 15663
- RCM (Australia, New Zealand): AS/NZS CISPR32 Class B
- KC RRL (Korea): approval to KN32 Class B, KN 35 Class B
- W.E.E.E.: Compliance with EU WEEE directive 2012/19/EC.
- TUV (Germany): approval to IEC60950/EN60950
- VCCI (Japan): 2015-04 Class B
- IC (Canada): ICES-003 Class B
- Morocco: EN55032, EN55024 Class B
- UkrSEPRO (Ukraine): EN55032 Class B, IEC60950/EN60950, RoHS (Resolution 2017 No. 139)
- UKCA (UK): SI 2016/1091 Class B and SI 2012/3032 RoHS

Related publications and links

For more information, see the following documents:

- Lenovo ThinkSystem storage options product web page
<https://lenovopress.com/lp0761-storage-options-for-thinksystem-servers>
- Micron 7450 product page
<https://www.micron.com/products/ssd/product-lines/7450>

Related product families

Product families related to this document are the following:

- [Drives](#)

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