



DESIGNJET Z6800 Photo Production Printer
DESIGNJET Z6600 Production Printer

Using Your Printer

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1 Introduction

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Safety precautions

The following precautions ensure the correct use of the printer and prevent printer damage. Use these precautions at all times.

- Use the power supply voltage that is specified on the nameplate. To avoid overloading the printer's electrical outlet, do not use the outlet for multiple devices.
- Make sure that the printer is well-grounded. Failure to ground the printer can result in electrical shock, fire, and susceptibility to electromagnetic interference.
- Do not disassemble or repair the printer yourself, unless authorized by HP (see [Customer Self Repair on page 188](#)). Contact your local HP Service Representative for service. See [HP Customer Care on page 185](#).
- Use only the electrical cord that HP supplied with the printer. Do not damage, cut, or repair the power cord. A damaged power cord creates a risk of fire and electric shock. Replace a damaged power cord with an HP-approved power cord.
- Do not allow metal or liquids (except those used in HP Cleaning Kits) to touch the internal parts of the printer. Doing so can cause fire, electric shock, or other serious hazards.
- Turn off the printer and unplug the power cable from the power outlet in any of the following cases:
 - When you place your hands inside the printer
 - If smoke or an unusual smell emanates from the printer
 - If the printer is making an unusual noise that does not occur during normal operation
 - If a piece of metal or a liquid (not part of cleaning and maintenance routines) touches internal parts of the printer
 - During an electrical (thunder or lightning) storm
 - During a power failure

Product models

This guide covers the following product models, normally referring to them by their short names for brevity.

Full name	Short name	Part number
HP Designjet Z6600 Production	Z6600	F2S71A
HP Designjet Z6800 Photo Production	Z6800	F2S72A
HP Designjet Z6600 Production with PostScript/PDF upgrade	Z6600ps	F2S71A
HP Designjet Z6800 Photo Production with PostScript/PDF upgrade	Z6800ps	F2S72A

Use of this guide

This guide is the most complete source of information about this product and is organized into the following chapters.

Introduction

This chapter provides a brief introduction to the printer and its documentation for new users.

Use and maintenance

These chapters help you carry out normal printer procedures and include the following topics:

- [Connectivity and software instructions on page 13](#)
- [Personalize the printer on page 17](#)
- [Handle the paper on page 25](#)
- [Handle the ink system on page 55](#)
- [Print options on page 81](#)
- [Color management on page 95](#)
- [Practical printing examples on page 125](#)
- [Maintain the printer on page 137](#)

Troubleshooting

These chapters help you solve problems that might occur while printing and include the following topics:

- [Troubleshoot print-quality issues on page 151](#)
- [Troubleshoot ink-system issues on page 173](#)
- [Troubleshoot paper issues on page 167](#)
- [Troubleshoot other issues on page 179](#)
- [Front-panel error messages on page 209](#)

Support and specifications

These chapters contain reference information, including HP customer care and the specifications of the printer:

- [HP Customer Care on page 185](#)
- [Printer specifications on page 213](#)

Appendices

The appendices highlight some of the more common printing scenarios you might face as a user. Each appendix takes a step-by-step approach to working through a given printing scenario, and points you to various parts of this guide that provide more task-specific information and instruction.

Glossary


This chapter contains definitions of printing and HP terms that are used in this documentation.


Index

In addition to the table of contents, an alphabetical index is included to help you to find topics quickly.

Warnings and Cautions

Symbols are used in this manual to ensure the proper use of the printer and to prevent printer damage. Follow the instructions that are marked with these symbols.

 **WARNING!** Failure to follow the guidelines that are marked with this symbol could result in serious personal injury or death.

 **CAUTION:** Failure to follow the guidelines that are marked with this symbol could result in minor personal injury or damage to the product.

The printer's main features

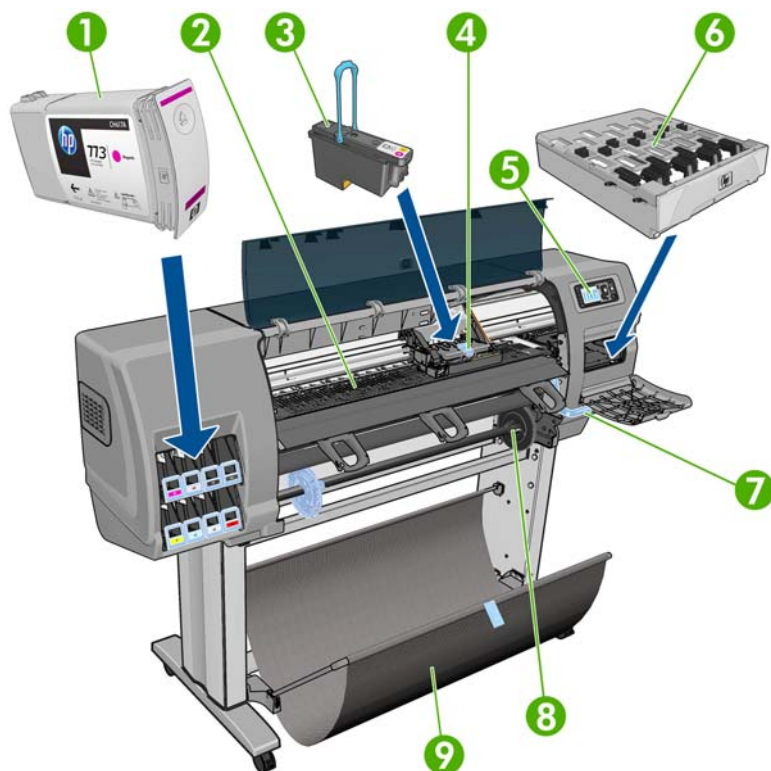
Some major features of the printer are shown below:

- Fast, high-quality printing with a resolution of up to 2400 × 1200 optimized dots per inch (dpi), from a 1200 × 1200 dpi input (using the Max. resolution for photo papers option)
- Maximum paper width of 1524 mm (60 in)
- Take-up reel
- Accurate and consistent color reproduction features:
 - Press emulations for U.S., European, and Japanese standards; and color-monitor red-green-blue (RGB) emulations
 - Automatic color calibration (Z6600/Z6800) and profiling (only Z6800)
- An eight ink system on the Z6800 and a six-ink system on the Z6600 that provides a wide color range on matte fine-art papers and glossy photo papers for photographic and graphic arts prints. The ink system also offers complete coverage of International Organization for Standards (ISO) and Specifications for Web Offset Publications (SWOP) gamuts for color accuracy in pre-press applications.
- An HP Embedded Spectrophotometer for consistent and accurate color, even with paper and environment changes. On the Z6800 it also enables the easy creation of custom International Color Custom (ICC) profiles (see [HP Embedded Spectrophotometer on page 99](#))
- Ink and paper usage information that is available from the Web through the Embedded Web Server (see [The Embedded Web Server's main components on page 8](#))
- Paper flexibility and automatic easy load, including information and paper presets that are available on the front panel, or through the HP Designjet Utility

The printer's main components

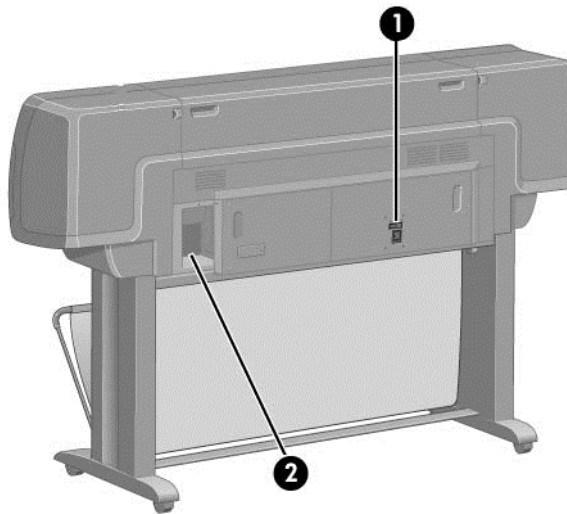
The following views illustrate the main components of the Printers.

Front view



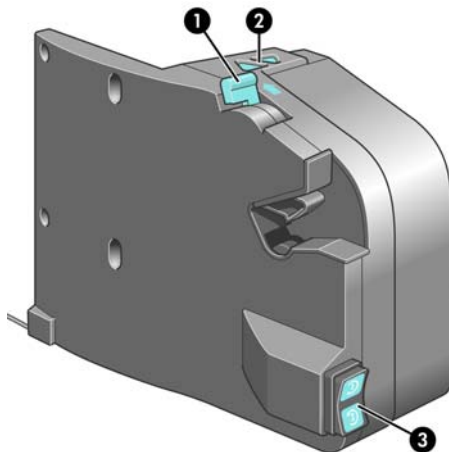
1. Ink cartridge
2. Platen
3. Printhead
4. Printhead carriage
5. Front panel
6. Maintenance cartridge
7. Paper-load lever
8. Spindle
9. Loading table
10. Take-up reel motor
11. Take-up reel cable and sensor housing unit
12. Take-up reel sensor
13. Take-up reel spindle hub

Rear view



1. Power switch and socket
2. Sockets for communication cables and optional accessories

Take-up reel motor




1. Take-up reel spindle lever
2. Manual winding buttons
3. Wind-direction switch

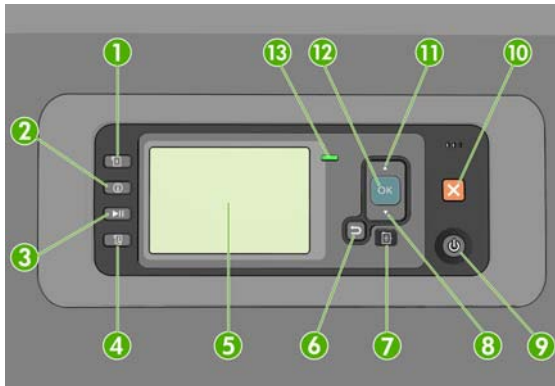
The front panel

Your printer's front panel is located on the front of the printer, on the right-hand side. It has the following important functions:

- It is used to perform certain operations, such as loading and unloading paper
- It displays up-to-date information about the status of the printer, the ink cartridges, the printheads, the maintenance cartridge, the paper, the print jobs, and other parts and processes
- It gives guidance on using the printer

- It displays warning and error messages, when appropriate, with audible alerts to call attention
- It can be used to change the values of printer settings and the operation of the printer

 **NOTE:** Settings in the Embedded Web Server or in the printer driver override front-panel settings.



The front panel has the following components, starting with the four direct-access keys:

1. **Paper loading** key starts the paper loading process: see [Load a roll into the printer on page 33](#).
2. **View paper information** key displays information about the loaded paper.
3. **Pause printing** key pauses printing after finishing the current page. Press the key again to restart printing. This can be useful, for instance, when you want to change or load a roll of a different paper type.
4. **Form feed and cut** key: see [Feed and cut the paper on page 47](#).
5. **Front-panel display** displays errors, warnings and information on using your printer.
6. **Back** key: To go to the previous step in a procedure or interaction. To go to the upper level, or leave the option in the menu, or when given an option.
7. **Menu** key: Press to return to the main menu of the front-panel display. If you are already on the main menu it will display the status screen.
8. **Down** key: To go down in a menu or option, or to decrease a value, for example when configuring the front-panel display contrast or the IP address.
9. **Power** key: To turn the printer off or on, it also has a light to indicate the printer's status. If the power key light is off the printer is off. If the power key light is blinking green, the printer is starting up. If the power key light is green on, the printer is on. If the power key light is amber on, the printer is in standby. If the power key light is blinking amber, the printer needs attention.
10. **Cancel** key: To abort a procedure or interaction.
11. **Up** key: To go up in a menu or option, or to increase a value, for example when configuring the front-panel display contrast or the IP address.
12. **OK** key: To confirm an action while in a procedure or interaction. To enter in a submenu in the menu. To select a value when given an option. If the status screen is displayed, this key takes you to the main menu.
13. **Status** light: Indicates the printer's status. If the **Status** light is solid green, the printer is ready. If it is flashing green, the printer is busy. If it is solid amber, there is a system error. If it is flashing amber, the printer needs attention.

To **highlight** an item in the front-panel display, press the **Up** or **Down** key until the item is highlighted.

To **select** an item in the front-panel display, first highlight it and then press the **OK** key.

When this guide shows a series of front-panel display items like this: **Item1 > Item2 > Item3**, it means that you should select **Item1**, then select **Item2**, then select **Item3**.

For detailed information on the front-panel menus, see [Front-panel menus on page 199](#).

For an annotated list of front-panel error messages, see [Front-panel error messages on page 209](#).

Information about specific uses of the front panel can be found throughout this guide.

Printer software

The following software is provided with your printer:

- The Embedded Web Server, which runs in the printer and enables you to use a Web browser on any computer to check ink levels and printer status (see [The Embedded Web Server's main components on page 8](#)).

The following software is available for your printer:

- HP-GL/2 and HP RTL printer driver for Windows operating systems (provided through a link in the Start Up DVD kit)
- The Embedded Web Server, which runs in the printer and enables you to use a Web browser on any computer to check ink levels and printer status (see [The Embedded Web Server's main components on page 8](#))
- The HP Designjet Utility (provided through a link in the Start Up DVD kit) (see [The HP Designjet Utility's main features on page 9](#))
- PostScript drivers for Windows and MAC OS X (provided through a link in the PostScript/PDF Upgrade Kit), (see [Accessories on page 149](#)).



NOTE: The HP Utility under Mac OS X and the HP Designjet Utility under Windows have similar functions and are sometimes referred to collectively as the HP Designjet Utility in this guide.



NOTE: New versions of all printer software can be expected to appear from time to time. In some cases, when you receive your printer there may already be later versions available on HP's website of some of the software provided with it.

The Embedded Web Server's main components

The Embedded Web Server is a Web server running inside the printer. Users can obtain printer information, manage the print queue and paper presets, change printer settings and troubleshoot problems through the Embedded Web Server. It also allows service engineers to retrieve internal information on printer problems.

Access the Embedded Web Server remotely by using an ordinary Web browser running on any computer (see [Access the Embedded Web Server on page 18](#)). Its features and functionality are organized within three tabs. Online help is available on every page.

Main tab

- Manage the print queue
- Add new jobs to the queue
- View supplies status
- Monitor paper and ink usage
- PANTONE®* emulation (with the PostScript/PDF upgrade)

Setup tab

- Define printer, network and security settings
- Send accounting reports and notifications of warnings and errors by e-mail
- Update firmware
- Import and export paper presets
- Set the date and time

Support tab

- Use the Print Quality Troubleshooting wizard to help resolve some of the most common print-quality issues
- Browse helpful information from a variety of sources
- Access HP Designjet links for technical support with your printer, driver and accessories
- Access service support pages that show current and historical data on the usage of your printer

The HP Designjet Utility's main features


The HP Designjet Utility provides an easy-to-use interface that allows the user to manage and access various printer features and functionality.

- Manage the printer, including single-point color control with the HP Color Center
- Gain access to the online HP Knowledge Center
- View the status of the ink cartridges, the printheads and the paper
- Manage, install, and create International Color Consortium (ICC) profiles (with the PostScript/PDF upgrade)
- Access and use embedded profiles (with the PostScript/PDF upgrade)
- Update the printer's firmware (see [Update the printer firmware on page 143](#))
- Calibrate the printer and display
- Change various printer settings (on the **Settings** tab)
- Configure network settings

The printer's internal prints

The internal prints provide various kinds of information about your printer. You can request these prints from the front panel without using a computer.


Before requesting any internal print, make sure that paper is loaded and that the **Ready** message appears on the front-panel display.


To print an internal print, select the  icon, then select the type of internal print that you want.

The following internal prints are available:

- Demo: shows some of the capabilities of the printer
- Menu map: shows details of all the front-panel menus
- Configuration: shows all the current front-panel settings
- Usage report: shows estimates of the total number of prints, number of prints by paper type, number of prints by print-quality option, and total amount of ink used per color. The accuracy of these estimates is not guaranteed.
- HP-GL/2 palette: shows the color or grayscale definitions in the currently-selected color palette
- PostScript font list: lists the PostScript fonts that are installed in the printer (with the PostScript/PDF upgrade)
- Service information: provides information that service engineers require

Turn the printer on and off

 **TIP:** The printer can be left powered on without wasting energy. Leaving it on improves response time and overall system reliability. When the printer has not been used for a certain period of time (the default time is determined by Energy Star), it saves power by going into sleep mode. However, any interaction with the printer's front-panel display, or sending a new job to print, returns it to active mode, and it can resume printing immediately. To change the sleep mode time, see [Change the sleep mode setting on page 19](#).

 **NOTE:** In sleep mode, the printer performs maintenance service to the printheads from time-to-time. This avoids long preparation times after long idle periods. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to leave the printer powered on or in sleep mode to avoid wasting ink and time.

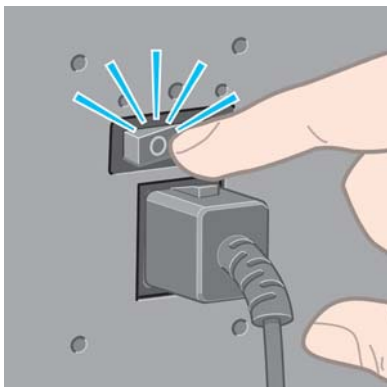
The printer has three levels of power consumption.

- Plugged in: the power cord is plugged into the back of the printer
- Switched on: the switch at the back of the printer is in the on position
- Powered on: the **Power** key on the front panel shows a green light

If you wish to turn the printer on or off or reset the printer, the normal and recommended method is to use the **Power** key on the front panel.



However, if you plan to store the printer indefinitely, you are recommended to power it off using the **Power** key, and then also switch off the power switch at the rear. Also, if the **Power** key does not seem to work, you can use the switch at the rear instead.



To turn it back on, use the power switch at the rear.

When the printer is powered back on, it takes about three minutes to initialize and check and prepare the printheads. Preparing the printheads takes about one minute and 15 seconds. However, if the printer has been off for six weeks or more, preparing the printheads could take up to 45 minutes.


2 Connectivity and software instructions


- [Choose which connection method to use](#)
- [Connect to a network \(Windows\)](#)
- [Connect to a network \(Mac OS X\)](#)
- [Uninstall the printer software](#)

Choose which connection method to use

The following methods can be used to connect your printer.

Connection type	Speed	Cable length	Other factors
Gigabit Ethernet	Very fast; varies according to network traffic	Long: 100 m (328 ft)	Requires extra equipment (switches).
Jetdirect print server (optional accessory)	Moderate; varies according to network traffic	Long: 100 m (328 ft)	Requires extra equipment (switches). Useful for wireless or AppleTalk connection, and for Novell printing.

 **NOTE:** The speed of any network connection depends on all components used in the network, which may include network interface cards, hubs, routers, switches and cables. If any one of these components is not capable of high-speed operation, you will find that you have a low-speed connection. The speed of your network connection can also be affected by the total amount of traffic from other devices on the network.

 **NOTE:** There are various possible ways of connecting the printer to a network, but only one of them can be active at a time; with the exception of the Jetdirect print server, which can be active at the same time as one other network connection.


Connect to a network (Windows)


Once the network cable is connected and the printer is powered up, it automatically obtains an IP address. You need to perform the following steps to configure the printer in the network:

1. Go to your printer's front panel and press the **Menu** key if necessary until you see the following screen.

Ready for paper

http://XXXXX11
http://192.168.1.1

Press  to enter menu



Note the IP address of your printer (192.168.1.1 in this example).

2. Insert the **HP Start-Up Kit DVD** into your computer. If the DVD does not autorun, run the **setup.exe** program in the root folder of the DVD.
3. Press the **Install** button.
4. The Printer Software download page should open, click on "Download Windows Installer" and the Software Configuration package download should start. Once the Software Configuration package has been downloaded it should be executed by clicking on it.
5. The configuration program will look for printers connected to your network. When the search has finished, a list of printers will be displayed. Identify your printer by its IP address and select it from the list.

If your printer does not appear in the list, select **Help me find my network printer** and click **Next**. In the next screen, give the IP address of your printer.

Connect to a network (Mac OS X)

1. Go to the front panel or open the Embedded Web Server (see [Access the Embedded Web Server on page 18](#)). Note the mDNS service name of your printer and/or TCP/IP address.
2. Insert the *HP Start-up Kit* DVD into your DVD drive.
3. Open the DVD icon on your desktop.
4. When the Z6600/Z6800 appears on your screen, click **Software** and then **Install**.
5. Your Web browser opens to display the rest of the software installation procedure. You must select Windows or Mac OS X software, and choose which specific software you want to install (by default, all of it).
6. When the software has been installed, the HP Designjet Utility starts automatically, to set up a connection to your printer. Follow the instructions on your screen.
7. In the Setup Assistant screen, look for your printer's mDNS service name or TCP/IP printer address (which you noted in step 1) in the Printer Name and Details columns.
 - If you find the right name, scroll sideways if necessary to see the **Connection Type** column, and check that it shows **Bonjour or TCP/IP**. Then highlight that line. Otherwise, continue searching further down the list.
 - If you cannot find your printer's name just click Continue and do the setup manually in your System Preferences later on.

Click **Continue**.
8. Continue following the instructions on the screen.
9. When the HP Utility Setup Assistant has finished, you can remove the DVD from the DVD drive.

If the printer driver is already installed, the HP Utility Setup Assistant can be run at any time from the DVD.

Uninstall the printer software

During previous Installation step, you have the option to select HP Uninstaller application to be installed in your system. This one should be available under Hewlett-Packard in the system Applications folder.



IMPORTANT: The HP Uninstaller application will uninstall all HP Software installed in your system.


To delete the print queue only, select the **Print & Fax** dialog from the system preferences. Select the name of the printer and click the – button.

3 Personalize the printer

- [Change the language of the front-panel display](#)
- [Access the Embedded Web Server](#)
- [Change the language of the Embedded Web Server](#)
- [Access the HP Designjet Utility](#)
- [Change the language of the HP Designjet Utility](#)
- [Change the sleep mode setting](#)
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- [Change the front-panel display contrast](#)
- [Change the units of measurement](#)
- [Configure network settings](#)
- [Change the graphic language setting](#)
- [Personalize the list of paper types](#)
- [Select paper mismatch action](#)

Change the language of the front-panel display

There are two possible ways to change the language of the front-panel menus and messages.

- If you can understand the current front-panel display language, select the Setup menu icon , then **Front panel options > Select language**.
- If you cannot understand the current front-panel display language, start with the printer powered off. At the front panel, press the **OK** key and hold it down. While holding the **OK** key down, press the **Power** key and hold it down. Continue to hold down both keys until the green light on the right side of the front-panel display starts flashing, and then release both keys. You can expect a delay of about one second. If the green light starts flashing without any delay, you may need to start again.

Whichever method you used, the language selection menu should now appear on the front-panel display. Highlight your preferred language with the **Up** and **Down** keys, then press the **OK** key.

When you have selected your preferred language, turn off the printer with the **Power** key and then turn it on again. The front panel will appear in the selected language.

Access the Embedded Web Server

The Embedded Web Server enables you to manage your printer remotely using an ordinary Web browser running on any computer.

To access the Embedded Web Server directly, you must have a TCP/IP connection to your printer. However, you can access the Embedded Web Server indirectly through the HP Designjet Utility.

The following browsers are known to be compatible with the Embedded Web Server:


- Internet Explorer 6 and later, for Windows
- Safari 2 and later, for Mac OS X 10.4
- Firefox 1.5 and later

To access the Embedded Web Server on any computer, open your Web browser and give the IP address of your printer.

You can see your printer's IP address (192.168.1.1 in this example) on the front panel.

Ready for paper

http://XXXX11
http://192.168.1.1

Press  to enter
menu



If you have followed these instructions but failed to get through to the Embedded Web Server, see [Cannot access the Embedded Web Server on page 181](#).

Change the language of the Embedded Web Server

The Embedded Web Server can work in the following languages: English, Portuguese, Spanish, Catalan, French, Italian, German, Russian, Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese, Korean and Japanese. It uses

whichever language you have specified in your Web browser's options. If you have specified a language that it cannot support, it works in English.

To change the language, you must change your Web browser's language setting. For example, in Internet Explorer version 6, go to the **Tools** menu and select **Internet Options, Languages**. Then ensure that the language you want is at the top of the list in the dialog box.

Access the HP Designjet Utility

The HP Designjet Utility enables you to manage your printer from a computer with TCP/IP or Jetdirect connection. When you open the HP Designjet Utility for the first time, it may offer you an automatic update with enhanced functionality that we recommend you to accept.

- **Under Windows**, start the HP Designjet Utility from your desktop shortcut or from **Start > All Programs > Hewlett-Packard > HP Designjet Utility > HP Designjet Utility**. This launches the HP Designjet Utility, showing the printers installed on your computer. When you open the HP Designjet Utility for the first time, it may offer you an automatic update with enhanced functionality that we recommend you accept.
- **Under Mac OS X**, launch the HP Designjet Utility from your dock shortcut or by selecting **Applications > Hewlett-Packard > HP Designjet Utility**. This launches the HP Designjet Utility, showing the printers installed on your computer.

When you select your printer in the left pane, everything that appears in the right pane is specific to that printer.


If you have followed these instructions but failed to get through to the HP Designjet Utility, see [Cannot access the HP Designjet Utility on page 182](#).

Change the language of the HP Designjet Utility


The HP Designjet Utility can work in the following languages: English, Portuguese, Spanish, Catalan (Windows only), French, Italian, German, Polish, Russian, Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese, Korean and Japanese.

- **Under Windows**, select **Tools > Set Language** and select a language from the list.
- **Under Mac OS X**, the language is changed as for any other application. In **System Preferences**, select **Language & Text** and re-launch the application.


Change the sleep mode setting

If the printer is left switched on but unused for a certain period of time, it goes automatically into sleep mode to save power. To change the time the printer waits before it goes into sleep mode, go to the front panel and select the Setup menu icon , then **Front panel options > Sleep mode wait time**. Highlight the wait time you want and then press the **OK** key. You can set the time from 1 to 240 minutes. The default time is 25 minutes.


Turn the buzzer on and off

To turn the printer's buzzer on or off, go to the front panel and select the Setup menu icon , then **Front panel options > Enable buzzer**, and highlight on or off and press the **OK** key. By default, the buzzer is set to on.

Change the front-panel display contrast

To change the contrast of the front-panel display, select the Setup menu icon , then **Front panel options** > **Select display contrast**, and enter a value using the **Up** or **Down** key. Press the **OK** key to set the value. The default contrast is set to 50.


Change the units of measurement

To change the units of measurement in the front-panel display, select the Setup menu icon , then **Front panel options** > **Select units**, and select **English** or **Metric**. By default the units are set to metric.


Configure network settings

You can view and configure the network settings from the HP Designjet Utility. Under Windows, select the **Admin** tab, then **Network Settings**. Under Mac OS X, select **Network Settings**. The following settings are available:

- **IP Configuration method:** specify the way to set an IP address, selecting **BOOTP**, **DHCP**, **Auto IP** or **Manual**.
- **Host name:** specify an IP name for the network device. The name may contain up to 32 ASCII characters.
- **IP address:** specify the IP address on the print server. Duplicate IP addresses on a TCP/IP network are not allowed.

 **NOTE:** If you change the current IP address and click **Apply**, the browser loses the current connection to the print server because it is pointing to the old address. To reconnect, browse to the new IP address.

- **Subnet mask:** specify a subnet mask, which is a 32-bit number applied to an IP address to determine which bits specify the network and subnet and which bits uniquely specify the node.
- **Default gateway:** specify the IP address of a router or computer that is used to connect to other networks or sub-networks. If none exist, use the IP address of the computer or the IP address of the print server.
- **Domain name:** specify the name of the DNS domain in which the print server resides (for example, support.hp.com).

 **NOTE:** The domain name does not include the host name: it is not the fully qualified domain name, such as printer1.support.hp.com.

- **Idle timeout:** specify the number of seconds that an idle connection is allowed to remain open; 30 is the default value. If set to zero, the timeout is disabled and TCP/IP connections remain open until closed by the other node (such as a workstation) on the network
- **Default IP:** specify the IP address to use when the print server is unable to obtain an IP address from the network when powered on or when reconfigured to use BOOTP or DHCP.
- **Send DHCP requests:** specify whether DHCP requests are transmitted when a legacy default IP address or a default Auto IP is assigned.

To configure the same network settings from the front panel, select the Connectivity menu icon , then **Fast Ethernet** or **Gigabit Ethernet** > **Modify configuration**.


You have various other options available from the Connectivity menu icon.

- **Jetdirect EIO:** view information, configure and reset the Jetdirect connection
- **Advanced > Select I/O timeout:** specify the number of seconds that an idle connection is allowed to remain open, 270 is the default value, if set to zero, the timeout is disabled
- **Advanced > Allow SNMP:** specify whether SNMP is permitted
- **Advanced > Embedded Web Server > Allow EWS:** specify whether the Embedded Web Server is enabled
- **Advanced > Web Services > HP Designjet Utility software:** view the HP Designjet Utility software settings
- **Advanced > Web Services > Color and paper management:** view the color and paper management settings

Change the graphic language setting

You can change the graphic language setting from the HP Designjet Utility with the following steps.

1. **Under Windows,** select the **Admin** tab then **Printer settings > Printing preferences**.
Under Mac OS X, select **Printer settings > Printing preferences**.
2. Select one of the following options.
 - Select **Automatic** to let the printer determine which type of file it is receiving. This is the default setting; it works for most software applications. You should not normally need to change it.
 - Select **HP-GL/2** only if you are sending a file of that type directly to the printer, without going through a printer driver.
 - Select **PDF** only if you are sending a file of that type directly to the printer, without going through a printer driver (with the PostScript/PDF upgrade).
 - Select **PostScript** only if you are sending a file of that type directly to the printer, without going through a printer driver (with the PostScript/PDF upgrade).
 - Select **TIFF** only if you are sending a file of that type directly to the printer, without going through a printer driver.
 - Select **JPEG** only if you are sending a file of that type directly to the printer, without going through a printer driver.

You can change the graphic language setting from the front panel. Select the Setup menu icon , then **Printing preferences > Select graphic language**. Select the desired option and press the **OK** key to set the value.

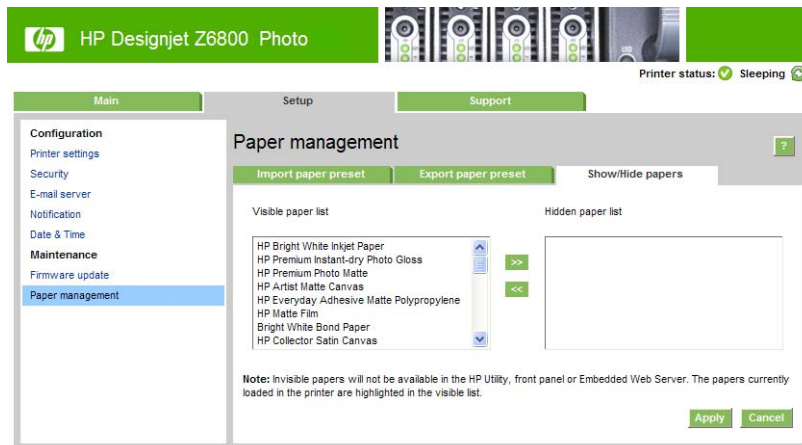


NOTE: If the graphic language is set from the HP Designjet Utility, it overrides the front panel setting.

Personalize the list of paper types

If there are some paper types that you never use, you can remove them from the list shown in the front panel, the Embedded Web Server and the HP Designjet Utility.

1. In the Embedded Web Server, select the **Setup** tab and then **Paper management**.
2. In the Paper Management pane, select the **Show/Hide papers** tab.



3. Select any paper type you want to hide, and use the >> button to move it to the hidden paper list.
4. When you have finished, use the **Apply** button to save your changes.



If you change your mind later, you can move papers from the hidden list back to the visible list at any time.

Select paper mismatch action

If the paper currently loaded in the printer is not suitable for a particular job, the printer can either put the job on hold until some suitable paper is loaded, or it can ignore the problem and print the job on the unsuitable paper. There are two ways in which the loaded paper may be considered unsuitable:

- The paper type is not as specified for the job
- The paper size is smaller than specified for the job

You can set the printer's behavior in such cases from the front panel.

- Select the Setup menu icon , then **Job management options > Select paper mismatch action > Print anyway** if you want such jobs to print on whatever paper is loaded. This is the default option.
- Select the Setup menu icon , then **Job management options > Select paper mismatch action > Put job on hold** if you want such jobs to be put on hold. The printer will send an alert whenever a job is put on hold.

When a job is put on hold for paper, it is kept in the printer queue until some suitable paper is loaded (in which case, all jobs waiting for that paper type can be printed). Meanwhile, other jobs with different requirements can continue printing.

4 Handle the paper

- [Overview](#)
- [Load a roll onto the spindle](#)
- [Load a roll into the printer](#)
- [Unload a roll from the printer](#)
- [Use the take-up reel](#)
- [View information about the paper](#)
- [Perform paper advance calibration](#)
- [Download paper presets](#)
- [Use non-HP paper](#)
- [Cancel the drying time](#)
- [Change the drying time](#)
- [Printing paper info](#)
- [Feed and cut the paper](#)
- [Store the paper](#)
- [Order paper](#)
- [Non-recommended paper types](#)

Overview

Paper is only a subset of the portfolio of printing materials that the printer can handle. You can also print on a wide variety of films, textiles and fabrics, self-adhesive materials, and banner and sign materials. Throughout this guide, however, these materials are generally referred to as paper.



NOTE: Because the front panel has limited space, the names of the HP paper might be abbreviated and might not appear in the front panel exactly as they are shown on the packaging label.



NOTE: Because the complete list of supported paper is very long, only the most common paper types appear in the front panel. If you want to see an HP paper type that does not appear on the front panel, download the paper preset for the Z6800 from <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6800/paperpresets/> and download the paper preset for the Z6600 from <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6600/paperpresets/>. See [Download paper presets on page 45](#).



NOTE: The automatic paper-cutter feature is disabled for some of the heaviest paper types, because some heavy paper can damage the cutter.

Use paper

Choosing the correct paper type for your needs is an essential step in ensuring good print quality. For best printing results, use only recommended HP paper (see [Supported paper types on page 27](#)), HP papers have been developed and thoroughly tested to ensure reliable performance. All printing components (printer, ink system, and paper) have been designed to work together to offer trouble-free operation and ensure optimal print quality.

Here are some additional tips about paper usage:

- Allow all paper types to adapt to room conditions, out of the packaging, for 24 hours before using them for printing.
- Handle film and photo paper by the edges, or wear cotton gloves. Skin oils can be transferred to the paper, leaving fingerprint marks.
- Keep the paper tightly wound on the roll throughout the loading and unloading procedures. To make sure that the roll stays tightly wound, consider using tape to stick the leading edge of the roll to the core just before removing the roll from the printer. You can keep the roll taped during storage. If the roll starts to unwind, it can become difficult to handle.




NOTE: The use of tape to attach the leading edge of the roll is especially important for 76.2-mm (3-in) cores, in which the inherent stiffness of the printing material can cause the material to loosen and unwind from its core.

- Whenever you load a roll, the front panel prompts you to specify the paper type that you are loading. For good print quality, it is essential to specify this correctly. Make sure that the paper name that is printed on the packaging label matches the description on the front panel.

If you cannot find a specific paper on the front-panel display, download the latest paper preset for the Z6800 at <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6800/paperpresets/> and for the Z6600 at <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6600/paperpresets/>, or select the paper description that best matches the paper name printed on the packaging label.

- The quality of some images might be reduced if you use a paper type that is unsuitable for your image. This is especially important to consider when printing on fiber-based papers such as HP Universal Coated Paper, HP Coated Paper, HP Heavyweight Coated Paper and HP Universal Heavyweight Coated Paper. Printing images that contain high-saturation area fills on fiber-based papers can create unwanted wavy patterns as a result of paper expansion. This can ultimately contribute to more severe

problems. Consider using Super Heavyweight Coated Paper and other cockle-free papers when printing high-saturation area fills.

- Make sure that the appropriate print-quality setting (Best, Normal, or Fast) is selected. You can set the print quality in the driver, in the Embedded Web Server, or on the front panel. Driver or Embedded Web Server settings override front panel settings. The combination of paper type and print-quality settings tells the printer how to place the ink on the paper—for example, the ink density and halftoning method. See [Select print quality on page 83](#).
- Although the ink systems that are supplied with this printer have good light-fastness, colors will eventually fade or change if exposed to sunlight over a long period of time
- If the paper type shown on the front panel does not correspond to the paper that you intend to use, take one of the following actions:
 - Reload the roll into the printer and select the correct paper type. See [Unload a roll from the printer on page 35](#) and [Load a roll into the printer on page 33](#).
 - Use the Embedded Web Server or the HP Designjet Utility to reconfigure the paper type for the roll.
 - At the printer's front panel, select the  icon, then **Change active paper type**.



NOTE: The paper advance calibration is not performed when the paper type is changed from the front panel.

Drying time

With some paper types and under certain environmental conditions, the ink needs some time to dry before the paper is unloaded. The following settings are available for each paper type:

- **Automatic:** the printer automatically determines the appropriate drying time, based on the paper you have selected and the current temperature. If any drying time is required, a “drying time to go” countdown appears on the front panel.
- **Extended:** the default drying time is extended. This can be used if you find that the default drying time is sufficient to dry the ink.
- **Reduced:** the default drying time is reduced. This can be used if you want to get prints as fast as possible, and you find that the reduced drying time causes no significant problem in your environment.
- **None:** no drying time is provided. This can be used, for example, if you are manually removing the prints as quickly as the printer is producing them.
- **Manual:** this allows you to specify the drying time (in seconds).

To change the drying time, see [Change the drying time on page 46](#).

Supported paper types

The following table lists the most common paper types that are suitable for use with your printer, and shows the name that you should select on the front panel when loading each paper type. If you want to use an HP paper that does not appear on the front panel, go to <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6600/paperpresets/> or <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6800/paperpresets/> and download the appropriate paper preset according to your printer model. You need to download a preset only once; the printer stores it for future use and it subsequently appears in the front panel.

For the part numbers, widths, and weights of these papers, see [Order paper on page 48](#).



NOTE: This list is likely to change over the course of time. For the latest information, visit <http://www.globalbmg.com/hp>.

Table 4-1 Supported paper types — Z6800

Paper type	Paper name	Front panel name
Bond and Coated Paper	HP Super Heavyweight Plus Matte Paper	HP Matt Super HW Plus
	HP Heavyweight Coated Paper	HP HW Coated Paper
	HP Universal Heavyweight Coated Paper	HP Univ HeavyweightCoated Paper
	HP Coated Paper	HP Coated Paper
	HP Universal Coated Paper	HP Universal Coated Paper
	HP Bright White Inkjet Paper	HP Bright White IJ Paper
	HP Universal Bond Paper	HP Universal Bond Paper
	HP Recycled Bond Paper	HP Recycled Bond Paper
	Super heavyweight coated paper	Super HW Coated Paper
	Heavyweight coated paper	Heavyweight Coated Paper
	Coated paper	Coated Paper
	Bright White Bond paper	Bright Bond Paper
	Plain Paper	Plain Paper
Photographic Paper	HP Premium Matte Photo Paper	HP Prem Matte Photo Paper
	HP Everyday Instant-dry Gloss Photo Paper	HP Evday Pigm Gls Phto
	HP Everyday Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	HP Evday Pigm Satn Phto
	HP Professional Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	HP Prof Satin Photo Paper
	HP Premium Instant-dry Gloss Photo Paper	HP Premium ID Gloss
	HP Premium Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	HP Premium ID Satn
	HP Universal Instant-dry Gloss Photo Paper	HP Universal ID Gloss
	HP Universal Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	HP Universal ID SemiGloss
	Photo gloss/semi-gloss/satin paper	Photo Gls/S-Gls/Satn Papr
	Photo gloss/semi-gloss/satin paper (less ink)	Photo Gls/S-Gls/Satn –ink
	Photo gloss/semi-gloss/satin paper (more ink)	Photo Gls/S-Gls/Satn +ink
	Photo Matte paper	Photo Matte Paper

Table 4-1 Supported paper types — Z6800 (continued)

Paper type	Paper name	Front panel name
Fine Art Material	HP Matte Litho-realistic Paper	HP Matt Litho
	HP Professional Matte Canvas	HP Prof Matte Canvas
	HP Collector Satin Canvas	HP Collector Satin Canvas
	HP Artist Matte Canvas	HP Artist Matte Canvas
	HP Universal Matte Canvas	HP Universal Matte Canvas
	Canvas (more ink)	Canvas (more ink)
	Canvas	Canvas
	Fine art paper (more ink)	Fine Art Paper (more ink)
	Fine Art Paper	Fine Art Paper
Backlit Material	HP Premium Vivid Color Backlit Film	HP Premium Vivid Backlit
	Backlit material	Backlit material
	Backlit material (more ink)	Backlit material (+ ink)
Banner and Sign Material	HP Opaque Scrim	HP Opaque Scrim
	HP Durable Banner with DuPont Tyvek	HP Durable Banner-Tyvek®
	Scrim Banner	Scrim Banner
	Indoor Banner	Indoor Banner
Technical Paper	HP Natural Tracing Paper	HP Natural Tracing Paper
	HP Translucent Bond Paper	HP Translucent Bond
	HP Vellum Paper	HP Vellum Paper
	Natural tracing paper	Natural Tracing Paper
	Translucent bond paper	Translucent Bond
	Vellum	Vellum Paper
Film	HP Clear Film	HP Clear Film
	HP Matte Film	HP Matte Film
	Transparent or clear film	Transparent/Clear film
	Matte film	Matte film
Proofing Paper	Proofing Gloss Paper	Proofing Gloss Paper
	Proofing Semi-Gloss/Satin Paper	Proofing SG/Satin Paper
	Proofing Matte Paper	Proofing Matte Paper

Table 4-1 Supported paper types — Z6800 (continued)

Paper type	Paper name	Front panel name
Self-Adhesive Material	HP Colorfast Adhesive Vinyl	HP Colorfast Adh Vinyl
	HP Everyday Adhesive Matte Polypropylene	HP Eday Adh Matt Polyprop
	Adhesive Polypropylene	Adhesive Polypropylene
	Adhesive Polypropylene Matte	Adhesive Polyp. Matte
	Adhesive Vinyl	Adhesive Vinyl
Additional HP Media	HP Premium Matte Polypropylene	HP Premium Matte Polyp

Table 4-2 Supported paper types — Z6600

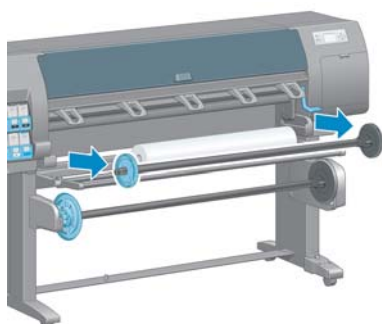
Paper type	Paper name	Front panel name
Bond and Coated Paper	HP Universal Bond Paper	HP Universal Bond Paper
	HP Heavyweight Coated Paper	HP HW Coated Paper
	HP Bright White Inkjet Paper	HP Bright White IJ Paper
	Super heavyweight coated paper	Super HW Coated Paper
	Heavyweight coated paper	Heavyweight Coated Paper
	Coated paper	Coated Paper
	Plain Paper	Plain Paper
Photographic Paper	HP Premium Matte Photo Paper	HP Prem Matte Photo Paper
	HP Everyday Instant-dry Gloss Photo Paper	HP Evday Pigm Gls Phto
	HP Everyday Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	HP Evday Pigm Satn Phto
	HP Professional Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	HP Prof Satin Photo Paper
	HP Premium Instant-dry Gloss Photo Paper	HP Premium ID Gloss
	HP Premium Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	HP Premium ID Satin
	HP Universal Instant-dry Gloss Photo Paper	HP Universal ID Gloss
	HP Universal Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	HP Universal ID SemiGloss
	Photo	Photo Gls/S-Gls/Satn Papr
	Photo less ink	Photo Gls/S-Gls/Satn -ink
	Photo more ink	Photo Gls/S-Gls/Satn +ink
	Photo Matte	Photo Matte Paper

Table 4-2 Supported paper types — Z6600 (continued)

Paper type	Paper name	Front panel name
Fine Art Material	HP Matte Litho-realistic Paper	HP Matte Litho
	HP Artist Matte Canvas	HP Artist Matte Canvas
	HP Universal Matte Canvas	HP Universal Matte Canvas
	Canvas	Canvas
	Fine Art	Fine Art Paper
	Fine Art more ink	Fine Art Paper (more ink)
Backlit Material	HP Premium Vivid Color Backlit Film	HP Premium Vivid Backlit
	Backlit material	Backlit material
Self-adhesive Material	HP Everyday Adhesive Matte Polypropylene	HP Eday Adh Matt Polyprop
	Adhesive Polypropylene Matte	Adhesive Polyp. Matte
	Adhesive Vinyl	Adhesive Vinyl
Banner and Sign Material	HP Opaque Scrim	HP Opaque Scrim
	Scrim Banner	Scrim Banner
Additional HP Media	HP Premium Matter Polypropylene	HP Premium Matte Polyp

Load a roll onto the spindle

1. Make sure that the printer wheels are locked (the brake lever is pressed down) to prevent the printer from moving.
2. Release the spindle lock on the right-hand side.
3. Remove the first end of the spindle from the right-hand side of the printer, and then move the spindle to the right in order to extract the other end. Do not insert your fingers into the spindle supports during the removal process.

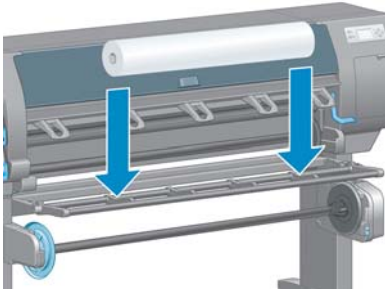


The spindle has a hub at each end to keep the roll in position. Remove the blue hub at the left end to mount a new roll. The hub slides along the spindle to hold rolls of different widths.

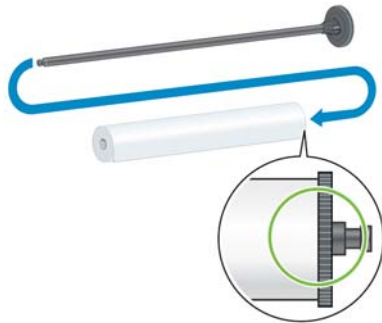
4. Slide the lever-lock on the blue hub to the unlocked position and remove the hub (1) from the left end of the spindle.




5. Rest the roll of paper that you want to load on the loading table. The roll might be long and heavy, and you might need two people to handle it.

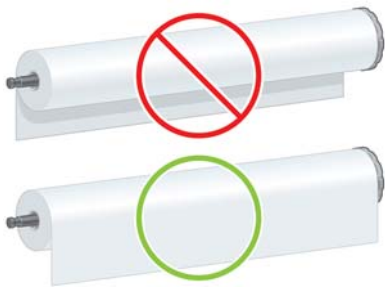


6. Slide the spindle into the roll. Make sure that no space exists between the roll and the fixed hub at the right end of the spindle.

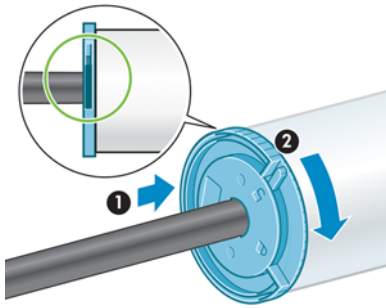


Make sure that the paper will wind off the roll in the correct direction. If it does not, remove the spindle from the roll, turn the roll 180° and rest it on the loading table. Then slide the spindle into the roll.

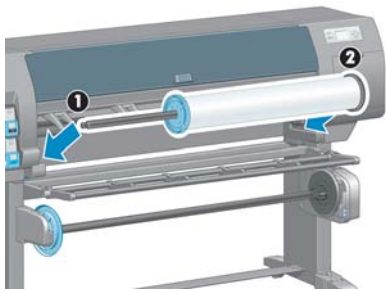
 **NOTE:** A label on the spindle also shows the correct winding direction.



7. Put the blue hub on to the upper end of the spindle, and push it towards the end of the roll as shown in step 1 in the following image. Then slide the lever-lock to the locked position as shown in step 2.




8. With the blue hub on the left, insert the spindle into the left side of the printer (1), and then into the right side of the printer (2).



9. Close the spindle lock on the right-hand side.

If you regularly use different paper types, you can change rolls more quickly if you pre-load rolls of different paper types on different spindles. Extra spindles are available for purchase.


Load a roll into the printer

 **NOTE:** To start this procedure, you need to have a roll loaded on the spindle. See [Load a roll onto the spindle on page 31](#).

1. At the printer's front panel, select the  icon, and then select **Paper load > Load roll**.

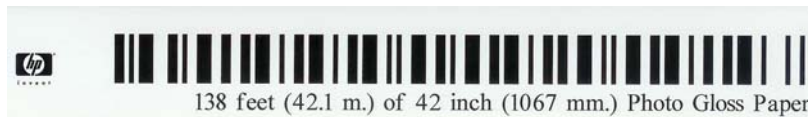
```
Paper load
▶ Load roll
▶ Load take-up reel
▶ Learn how to load spindle
```

Alternatively, you can start loading paper without using the front panel, by feeding paper in or lifting the pinch lever when there is no paper loaded.

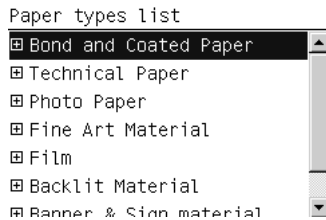
 **NOTE:** If you lift the pinch lever, you will need to align the paper manually; follow the instructions on the front panel.

2. If printing paper info is disabled, the front panel asks you to select the paper type.
3. The front panel asks you to feed paper. When the printer detects the paper, paper checks will begin.

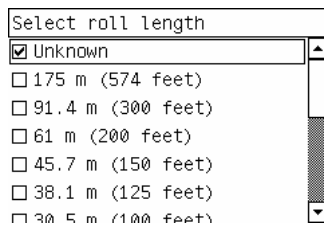
4. If the paper that you are using has a paper-data barcode printed on the leading edge of the roll, and printing paper info is enabled, the printer automatically reads the information. If printing paper info is disabled, the barcode is ignored.



If printing paper info is enabled and no barcode is detected on the roll that is being loaded, the front panel asks you to enter the paper type and the length of the roll you are loading. Select the paper category and paper type of the roll. If it is not clear which paper category or paper type to select, see [Supported paper types on page 27](#).

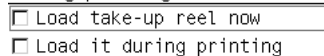


Select the length of the roll.



5. If some of the paper checks failed, the front panel explains the problem and helps you to load paper successfully.
6. If you have a take-up reel (a standard feature on the 1.5m printer and an optional accessory on the 1.1m printer), a message will appear on the front panel asking if you want to load paper onto the take-up reel. If you select **No** (or if you do not have a take-up reel) the front panel displays the **Ready** message and the printer is ready to print. If you select **Yes**, a message will appear on the front panel asking if you want to load the take-up reel now or during printing.

Would you like to load paper onto take-up reel now or save paper and load it later during printing?



- If you want to load the take-up reel now, select **Load take-up reel now**, read through the introductory text in the section [Use the take-up reel on page 35](#), and then continue to step 3 of the procedure.
- If you want to load the take-up reel during printing, select **Load it during printing**, read through the introductory text in the section [Use the take-up reel on page 35](#), and then continue to step 3 of the procedure.



NOTE: Familiarize yourself with the procedural steps, because loading the take-up reel while printing requires you to complete the procedure while the printer is feeding and printing paper. Loading the take-up reel during printing saves approximately 1 m (3 ft) of paper.




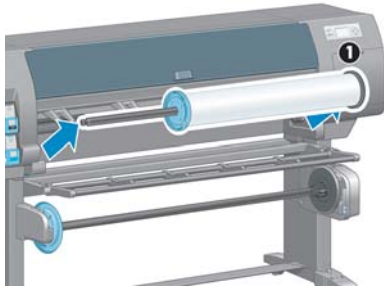
NOTE: During the initial printer setup, printhead alignment and color calibration are performed automatically after the roll is loaded into the printer.

Unload a roll from the printer



NOTE: If you used the take-up reel during printing, unload the printed roll from the take-up reel before attempting to remove the roll from the printer. See [Unload a roll from the take-up reel on page 40](#).

1. At the printer's front panel, select the  icon, then **Paper unload > Unload roll**.
2. The paper is unloaded from the printer.
3. Release the spindle lock.
4. Remove the roll from the printer, pulling out the right end on the right side of the printer first. Do not insert your fingers into the spindle supports during the removal process.



Use the take-up reel



CAUTION: Make sure the printer is turned off when installing the take-up reel motor on the printer.

The take-up reel is operated from the front panel.


Follow these guidelines when taping rolls to the take-up reel spindle core:

- Make sure that the paper is straight when it is attached to the spindle core. Otherwise it skews as it winds onto the core.
- The spindle core on the take-up reel must be the same width as the paper that you are using.
- Check that neither side of the spindle core has end caps, and make sure the spindle core is pushed firmly into both spindle guides.



NOTE: If you want to load the take-up reel during printing, familiarize yourself with the procedural steps. Loading the take-up reel during printing requires you to complete the procedure while the printer is feeding and printing paper. Loading the take-up reel during printing saves approximately 1 m (3 ft) of paper.

Load a roll onto the take-up reel

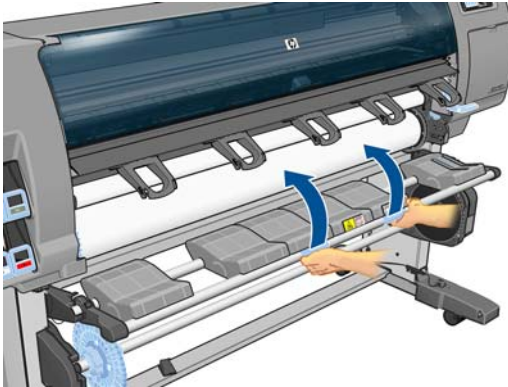
1. On the printer's front panel, select the  icon, and then select **Paper load > Load take-up reel**.

2. If you want to load the take-up reel now, select **Load take-up reel now** on the front panel. If you want to load the take-up reel during printing, select **Load it during printing** on the front panel.

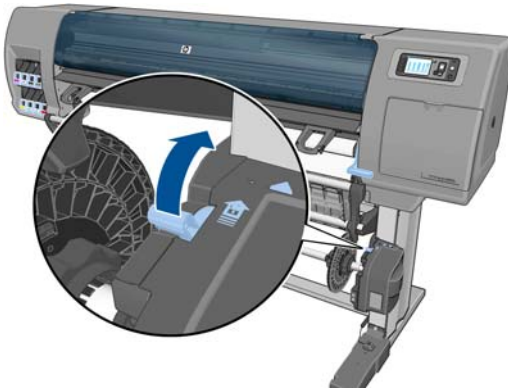
Would you like to load paper
onto take-up reel now or
save paper and load it later
during printing?

- ☐ Load take-up reel now
☐ Load it during printing

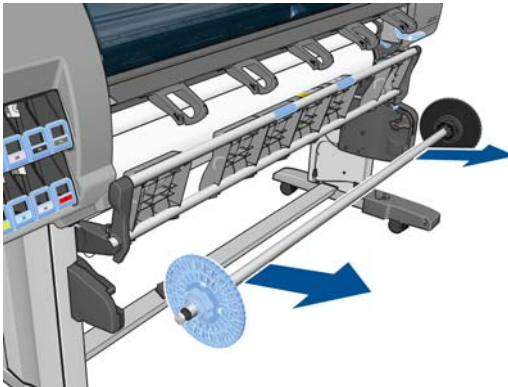
3. Make sure that the loading table is in its upright position.



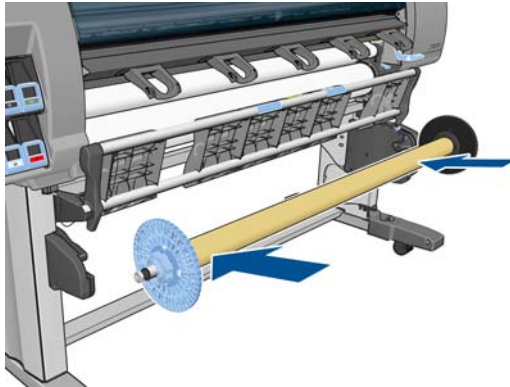
4. Unlock the take-up reel spindle by pushing the spindle lever to its uppermost position.



5. Remove the take-up reel spindle.



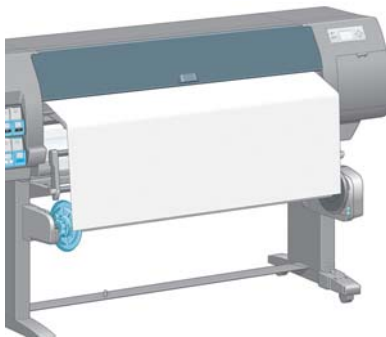
6. The front-panel display guides you through the process of loading the take-up reel spindle core onto the take-up reel spindle. When that task is complete, load the take-up reel spindle into the printer by pushing firmly on both ends of the spindle.




7. Press the **OK** key on the front panel, and then select a winding direction.

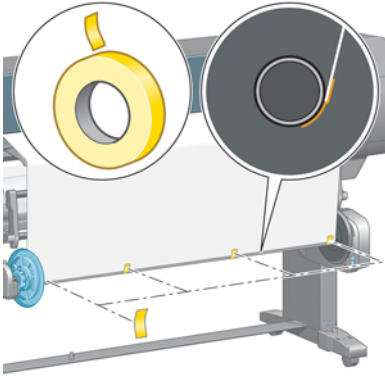
Select the printed roll winding direction
<input type="checkbox"/> Printed face outwards
<input type="checkbox"/> Printed face inwards


The printer advances the paper. Make sure that the paper passes in front of the loading table, as shown.



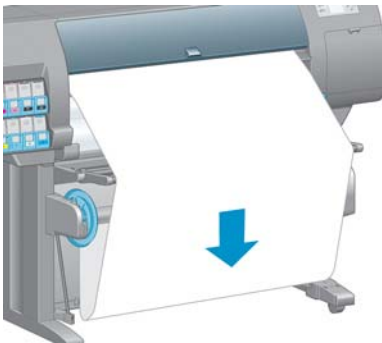
8. Pull the paper taut to the position shown in the following figure. Do *not* attempt to pull more paper out of the printer. Use tape to secure the paper to the spindle core. You might need to use more tape than is shown in the following image. The paper should be secure enough to support the weight of the loop-shaping core, which you insert in step 12.


 **NOTE:** If you are loading the take-up reel *during* printing you do not need to pull the paper taut. Tape the paper to the spindle core when an adequate length of paper has fed from the printer after printing begins.




 **NOTE:** To avoid having the paper skew as it winds onto the spindle core, make sure the paper is straight when you attach it. It is sometimes useful to use the core grooves to align the paper.

9. Press the **OK** key on the front panel. The printer advances the paper.



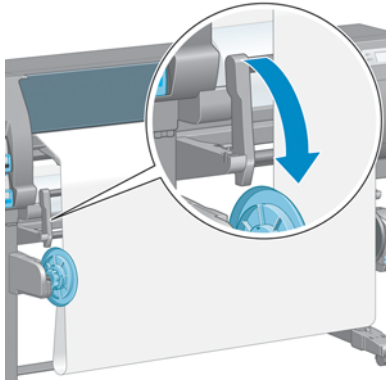
 **NOTE:** Make sure that you insert the loop-shaping core. The take-up reel will not function correctly without it. The loop-shaping core must have end caps. Make sure that the end caps extend over the edges of the paper.

10. Assemble a loop-shaping core by matching the shape-coded and color-coded lengths of plastic tubing. The loop-shaping core must be the same width as the paper that you are using. Make sure that both end caps are firmly fitted on the ends of the loop-shaping core.

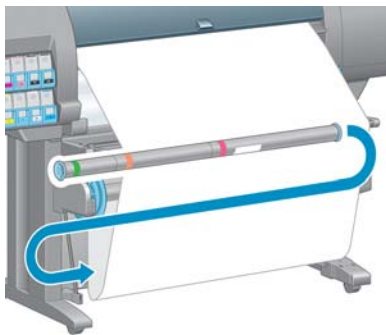
 **NOTE:** The front-panel display shows the required length of the loop-shaping core based on the width of the roll that you have loaded into the printer.



11. Gently lower the loading table.



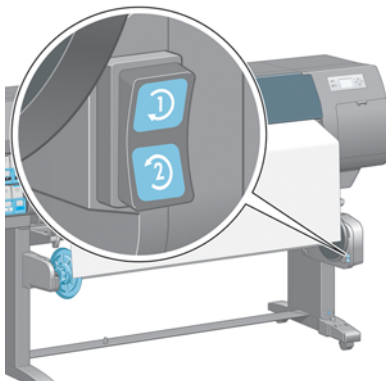
12. Carefully insert the loop-shaping core.



NOTE: Make sure that you insert the loop-shaping core. The take-up reel will not function correctly without it. The loop-shaping core must have end caps. Make sure that the end caps extend over the edges of the paper.

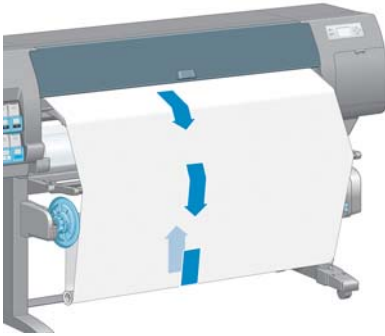
13. Use the wind-direction switch on the take-up reel motor to select the winding direction. Setting **1** winds the paper so that the printed image faces in. Setting **2** winds the paper so that the printed image faces out.


The front panel shows you the correct setting based on the winding-direction decision you made in step 7.





14. Press the **OK** key on the front panel. The **Take-up reel has been successfully installed** message appears.

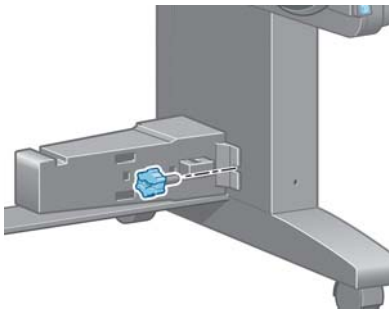
15. The following image shows how the printer looks when it is operating. As paper is fed from the printer, it drops down in a loop and then up into the take-up reel spindle.




 **NOTE:** While the take-up reel is operating, make sure that the take-up reel sensors are not blocked.

 **NOTE:** The automatic paper-cutter is disabled when the take-up reel is in use.

 **NOTE:** If you want to move the printer, first remove the take-up reel sensor and cable housing unit from the foot of the printer stand. Place the sensor and cable housing unit on the printer stand crossbar and use the blue plastic screw to affix the housing unit to the leg of the stand, as shown, while the printer is being moved. When reinstalling the housing unit, make sure that the wheel on the foot of the printer stand is pointing forward.

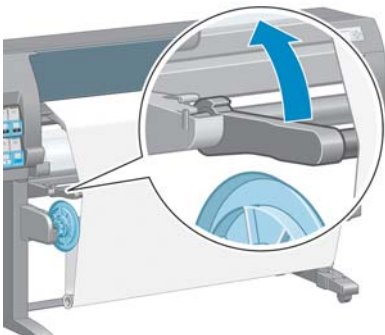


Unload a roll from the take-up reel

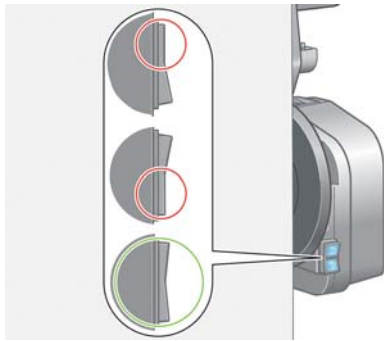
1. On the printer's front panel, select the  icon, and then select **Paper unload > Unload take-up reel**.

The printer advances the paper to allow for cutting.

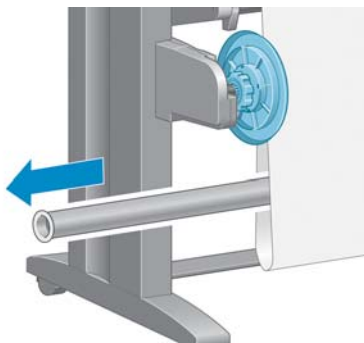
2. Lift the loading table to its upright position.



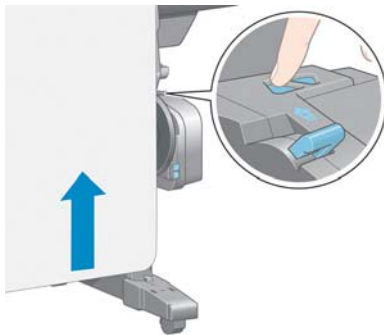
3. Switch the wind-direction switch to the off position. The switch is in the off position when it is centered (in other words, when the switch is neither in position 1 nor position 2).



4. Remove the loop-shaping core.



5. Use the winding button on the take-up reel motor to wind the excess paper around the take-up reel spindle.

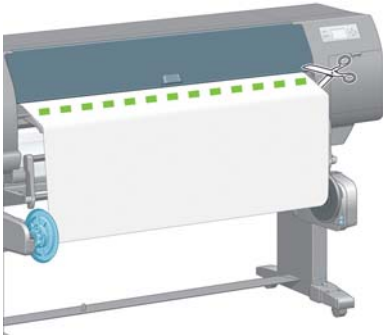


6. Press the OK key on the front panel.

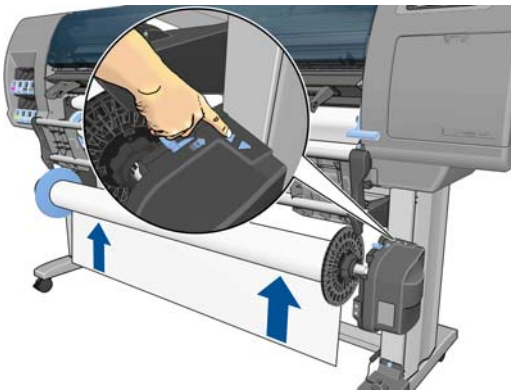
7. The printer knows if the type of paper that is loaded is suitable for the automatic paper-cutter. The paper is cut if it is suitable. If the paper is not suitable, cut the paper manually.



NOTE: The automatic paper-cutter feature is disabled for some of the heaviest paper types, because they can damage the cutter.



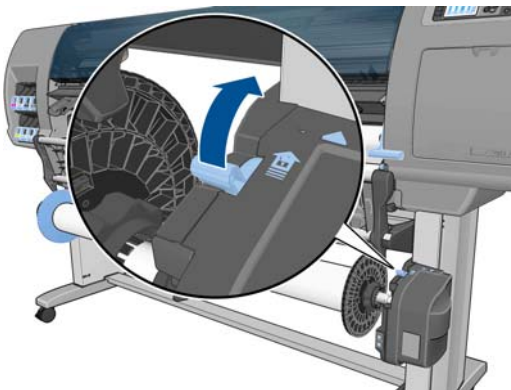
8. Use the winding button on the take-up reel motor to wind the remainder of the paper around the take-up reel spindle.



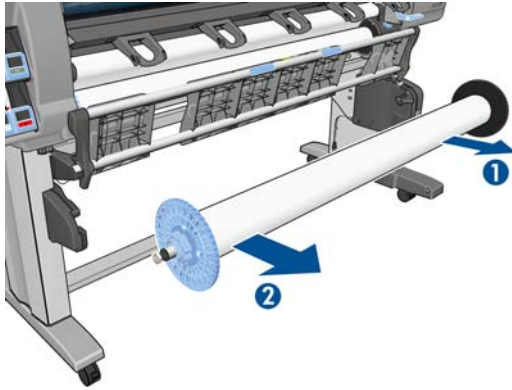
9. Press the **OK** key on the front panel.

The amount of printed paper that is on the take-up reel spindle appears on the front panel.

10. Unlock the take-up reel spindle by pushing the spindle lever to its uppermost position.




11. Remove the roll from the printer, pulling out the end on the right side of the printer first. Do not insert your fingers into the spindle supports during the removal process.



12. To remove the roll from the printer after you have unloaded the take-up reel, see [Unload a roll from the printer on page 35](#).

View information about the paper

On the printer's front panel, press the ⓘ key. Alternatively, select the  icon, then **View loaded paper**.

The following information appears on the front panel:

- The roll status
- The paper type that you have selected
- The width of the paper in millimeters (estimated by the printer)
- The length of the paper in millimeters (estimated by the printer)
- The color calibration status
- The paper advance calibration status


If no paper is loaded, the message **Out of paper** appears.

The same information appears on the Embedded Web Server's Supplies page.


Perform paper advance calibration


The printer is calibrated to advance correctly when printing all the papers that appear on the front panel. When you select the type of loaded paper, the printer adjusts the rate at which it advances the paper while printing. However, to fine-tune the image quality of your print, you might need to calibrate the rate at which the paper advances. See [Troubleshoot print-quality issues on page 151](#) to determine whether paper-advance calibration is the solution for your issue.

Accurate paper advance controls proper placement of dots on the paper. If the paper is not advanced correctly, light or dark bands appear in the printed image and the grain in the image might increase.


To check the paper advance calibration status of the paper, select the  icon, then **View loaded paper**. The status appears:


- **DEFAULT:** this status appears when an HP paper is loaded. Unless you experience image-quality problems in your printed image, such as banding or graininess, HP recommends that you do not calibrate the paper advance.
- **RECOMMENDED:** this status appears when you create a new paper. The paper advance values for this paper are inherited from the family type. HP recommends that you perform a paper advance calibration to optimize the values.
- **OK:** this status indicates that the loaded paper has been calibrated previously. However, you might need to repeat the calibration if you experience image-quality problems, such as banding or graininess in your printed image.

 **NOTE:** Whenever you update the printer firmware, the paper-advance calibration values are reset to the factory default. See [Update the printer firmware on page 143](#).


 **NOTE:** Colored papers, glossy canvas, and transparent materials such as translucent bond, clear film, natural tracing paper, and vellum are not suitable for paper-advance calibration.

Overview of the paper advance procedure

1. On the front panel, select the  icon, and then select **Image quality maintenance > Paper advance calibration > Calibrate paper advance**. The printer automatically calibrates the paper-advance and prints a paper advance calibration image.
2. Wait until the front panel shows the status screen, and then reprint your image.


 **NOTE:** The calibration procedure takes approximately six minutes. The front-panel display shows any errors in the process.

If you are satisfied with your image, continue using this calibration for your paper type. If you see improvement in your image, continue with step 3. If you are dissatisfied with the calibration, return to the default calibration. See [Return to the default calibration on page 44](#).

3. To fine-tune the calibration, select the  icon, and then select **Image quality maintenance > Paper advance calibration > Adjust paper advance**.
4. Select the percentage of change from -100% to 100%. To correct light banding, decrease the percentage. To correct dark banding, increase the percentage.
5. Press the **OK** key on the front panel to save the value.
6. Wait until the front panel shows the status screen, and then reprint your image.

Return to the default calibration

Returning to the default calibration sets all the paper-advance calibration to zero. To return to the default paper advance-calibration value, you must reset the calibration.

1. On the front panel, select the  icon, and then select **Image quality maintenance > Paper advance calibration > Reset paper advance**.
2. Wait until the front panel shows that the operation has been successfully completed before you press the **Back** key to return to the **Ready** screen.

Download paper presets

Each supported paper type has its own characteristics. The printer changes the way it prints on each different paper type. For example, some might need more ink and some might require a longer drying time. The printer requires a description of the requirements of each paper type. This description is called the “paper preset”.

The paper preset contains the ICC profile, which describes the color characteristics of the paper. It also contains information about other characteristics and requirements of the paper that are not directly related to color. Existing paper presets for your printer are installed in the printer's software.

Your printer contains paper presets for only the most commonly used paper types. If you buy a paper type for which your printer has no preset, you cannot select that paper type in the front panel.

You can assign a preset for a new paper type in three ways:

- Use an HP factory paper preset by selecting the closest category and type on the front panel or in the HP Designjet Utility



NOTE: Because colors might not be accurate, this method is not recommended for high-quality prints.

- Download the correct paper preset from: <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6600/paperpresets/> or <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6800/paperpresets/> according to your printer model.



NOTE: HP provides presets for HP paper types only. If you do not find the paper preset that you want on the Web, it might have been added to the latest firmware for your printer. Check the firmware release notes for information. See [Update the printer firmware on page 143](#).

- Add a custom paper type. See [Use non-HP paper on page 45](#), and create an ICC profile for either HP or non-HP papers.

Use non-HP paper

HP paper has been fully tested with the printer and can be expected to give the best print quality.

However, you can print on paper from any manufacturer. Before doing so, add the custom paper type and allow the printer to run a color calibration. You can add a custom paper by using the HP Color Center in the HP Designjet Utility.



NOTE: If you have already selected **Custom paper > Add Custom Paper** from the HP Designjet Utility, the first Add New Paper screen appears and you can start this procedure at step 4.

1. Go to the Color Center in the HP Designjet Utility.
2. Select **Manage Papers**.
3. In Windows, select **Add new paper**. In Mac OS X, click **+**.
4. Type the paper name.




TIP: If you use the commercial name of the paper, other users will be able to recognize it easily.


5. Select a paper category. This is important, because it determines a number of basic parameters for printer-paper interaction, taking into account the properties of both sides of the paper.



TIP: In some cases, you may need to experiment with different paper categories in order to find out which one works best in practice.

TIP: You can get information about the characteristics of each HP paper type from the front panel: select the  icon, then **Paper types list** > Paper category > Paper type > **View paper details**. This may help you to match your non-HP paper with a similar HP paper type.

6. Load the custom paper. See [Load a roll into the printer on page 33](#).
7. Click **Next**. The printer performs a color calibration and prints a calibration chart. This can take up to 10 minutes.

 **NOTE:** For more information on the processes available in the Color Center, for the Z6800 see [A summary of the color-management process on page 100](#), and for the Z6600 see [A summary of the color-management process on page 104](#).

8. After the new calibration parameters are calculated and stored, you are reminded to create an ICC profile. Click **Done**. The custom paper is added to the paper category you selected.
9. To create an ICC profile, which allows you to print on your paper with the best possible color accuracy, for the Z6800 see [Color profiling on page 102](#), and for the Z6600 see [Color profiling on page 106](#).
10. Perform paper advance calibration (see [Perform paper advance calibration on page 43](#)). The default paper advance values for your custom paper are inherited from the paper category, but can probably be improved by calibration.

Cancel the drying time


Press the **Form Feed and Cut** key  on the front panel.


 **CAUTION:** A print that has not dried sufficiently can suffer from quality problems.

Change the drying time

You can use the HP Designjet Utility to change the drying time for a particular paper type, to accommodate special printing conditions.

1. Open the HP Color Center.
2. Select **Paper preset management**.
3. Select **Change printing properties**.
4. Select the paper category.
5. Select the paper type.
6. Choose a drying time from the Dry Time drop-down menu.

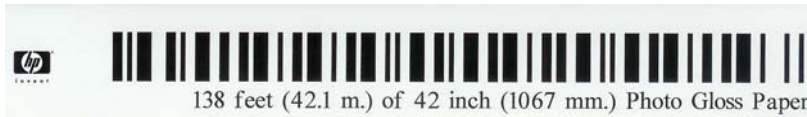
 **NOTE:** The text box to the right of the drop-down menu will not display the time in seconds when the **Automatic** option is selected (it is selected by default for all paper types). This is because the **Automatic** option means that the printer will calculate the optimal drying time for you depending on the temperature at printing time, and therefore it cannot be known in advance.

You can turn off all drying time for all paper types by selecting the  icon, then **Print retrieval** > **Select drying time** > **Off**.


For more information about drying time, see [Drying time on page 27](#).

Printing paper info

The **Printing paper info** option is enabled by default; it allows the printer to estimate the remaining roll length by reading a barcode that is printed on the leading edge of the roll whenever the paper is unloaded.




When you load a new, unused roll, there is no barcode already printed on it, so the front panel will ask you for the length. The length printed on the barcode at unloading time is calculated from the length you declare at the start, minus the length that has been printed.

 **NOTE:** If you declare at loading time that the length of the roll is unknown, and then later reload the same roll, the front panel will request the length again.


To disable the **Printing paper info** option, select the  icon in the printer's front panel, and then select **Printing preferences > Paper options > Disable printing paper info**. In this case, the length will not be requested, and the barcode will be neither printed nor read.

Feed and cut the paper

If you press the **Form feed and cut** key  on the front panel, the printer advances the paper and makes a straight cut across the front edge. There are several possible reasons why you might want to do this.

- To trim the leading edge of the paper if it is damaged or not straight.
- To feed and cut the paper when the automatic cutter has been disabled.
- To cancel the waiting time and print the available pages immediately, if the printer is waiting to nest more pages.

 **NOTE:** The printheads are serviced after each print, and the paper cannot be cut until the process completes, so you may notice a delay.

 **CAUTION:** Remove the cut piece from the output tray. If strips or short prints are left in the output tray, the printer could jam.

Store the paper

The following are tips for storing paper:

- Always keep unused rolls wrapped in the plastic wrap to prevent discoloration. Rewrap partially used rolls if they are not being used.
- Do not stack rolls.
- Allow all paper types to adapt to room conditions out of the packaging for 24 hours before printing.
- Handle film and glossy paper by the edges or wear cotton gloves. Skin oils can be transferred to the paper, leaving fingerprint marks.
- Keep the paper tightly wound on the roll throughout the loading and unloading procedures. If the roll starts to unwind, it can become difficult to handle.

Order paper

The following paper types are currently provided for use with your printer.



NOTE: This list is likely to change over the course of time. For the latest information, see <http://www.globalbmj.com/hp>.

Key to availability:

- (A) indicates papers available in Asia (excluding Japan)
- (C) indicates papers available in China
- (E) indicates papers available in Europe, the Middle East and Africa
- (J) indicates papers available in Japan
- (L) indicates papers available in Latin America
- (N) indicates papers available in North America

If the part number is not followed by parentheses, the paper is available in all regions.

Table 4-3 Roll paper

Paper type	g/m ²	Length	Width	Part numbers
HP Photographic Paper				
HP Universal Instant-dry Gloss Photo Paper	200	30.5 m (100 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q6574A
			914 mm (36 in)	Q6575A
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q6576A
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q6578A
		61 m (200 ft)	1067 mm (42 in)	Q8754A (ELN)
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q8756A (ELN)
HP Universal Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	200	30.5 m (100 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q6579A
			914 mm (36 in)	Q6580A
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q6581A
			1270 mm (50 in)	Q6582A (NLAJ)
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q6583A
		61 m (200 ft)	1067 mm (42 in)	Q8755A (ELN)
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q8757A (NLE)
HP Everyday Instant-dry Gloss Photo Paper	235	30.5 m (100 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q8916A
			914 mm (36 in)	Q8917A
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q8918A
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q8919A
		61 m (200 ft)	1524 mm (60 in)	CG841A(E)

Table 4-3 Roll paper (continued)

Paper type	g/m²	Length	Width	Part numbers
HP Everyday Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	235	30.5 m (100 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q8920A
			914 mm (36 in)	Q8921A
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q8922A
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q8923A
		61 m (200 ft)	1524 mm (60 in)	CG842A(E)
HP Premium Instant-dry Gloss Photo Paper	260	22.9 m (75 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q7991A
		30.5 m (100 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	Q7993A
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q7995A
			1270 mm (50 in)	Q7997A (NALJ)
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q7999A
HP Premium Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	260	22.9 m (75 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q7992A
		30.5 m (100 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	Q7994A
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q7996A
			1270 mm (50 in)	Q7998A (NALJ)
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q7999A
HP Professional Instant-dry Satin Photo Paper	300	15.2 m (50 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q8000A
			1118 mm (44 in)	Q8840A (AEN)
TIP: The inks used by your printer will fade very quickly on instant-dry photo papers. If you plan to display the prints for more than two weeks, you should laminate them to achieve longer life.				
HP Premium Matte Photo Paper	210	30.5 m (100 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	CG459B
			914 mm (36 in)	CG460B
HP Backlit Material				
HP Premium Vivid Color Backlit Film	285	30.5 m (100 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	C8747A
			1067 mm (42 in)	C8748A (AEN)
			1270 mm (50 in)	CG924A (A)
			1372 mm (54 in)	Q8749A
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q8750A
HP Self-Adhesive Material				
HP Everyday Adhesive Matte Polypropylene	120	22.9 m (75 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	C0F18A
	168 with liner		914 mm (36 in)	C0F19A
			1067 mm (42 in)	C0F20A
			1524 mm (60 in)	C0F22A

Table 4-3 Roll paper (continued)

Paper type	g/m²	Length	Width	Part numbers
HP Everyday Adhesive Gloss Polypropylene	120	22.9 m (75 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	C0F28A
	168 with liner		1067 mm (42 in)	C0F29A
HP Colorfast Adhesive Vinyl	190	12.2 m (40 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	C0F08A
	345 with liner		1372 mm (54 in)	C0F08A (EN)
HP Universal Adhesive Vinyl	150	20 m (66 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	C2T51A (EN)
	290 with liner		1067 mm (42 in)	C2T52A (EN)
HP Banner and Sign Material				
HP Durable Banner with DuPont Tyvek	133	22.9 m (75 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	C0F12A
			1067 mm (42 in)	C0F13A
			1524 mm (60 in)	C0F14A
HP Opaque Scrim	460	15.2 m (50 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q8675A (N)
			914 mm (36 in)	Q1898B (AEN)
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q1899B (AEN)
			1372 mm (54 in)	Q1901B (NA)
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q1902B (AEN)
HP Everyday Matte Polypropylene	120	30.5 m (100 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	CH022A (EN)
			914 mm (36 in)	CH023A (EN)
			1067 mm (42 in)	CH025A (EN)
			1270 mm (50 in)	CH026A (EN)
		61 m (200 ft)	1524 mm (60 in)	CH027A (EN)
HP Premium Matte Polypropylene	140	22.9 m (75 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	C2T53A (AEN)
			1067 mm (42 in)	C2T54A (AEN)
			1524 mm (60 in)	C5G02A (AEN)
HP Bond and Coated Paper				
HP Super Heavyweight Plus Matte Paper	80	45.7 m (150 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q1396A
			914 mm (36 in)	Q1397A
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q1398A
		175 m (574 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	Q8751A (NLE)

Table 4-3 Roll paper (continued)

Paper type	g/m ²	Length	Width	Part numbers
HP Bright White Inkjet Paper	90	45.7 m (150 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	C1860A (NL)
				C6035A (EAJ)
			914 mm (36 in)	C1861A (NL)
				C6036A (EAJ)
		91.4 m (300 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	C6810A
HP Universal Coated Paper	90	45.7 m (150 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q1404A (NEAJ)
			914 mm (36 in)	Q1405A (NEAJ)
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q1406A (NEAJ)
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q1408A (NEAJ)
HP Universal Heavyweight Coated Paper	125	30.5 m (100 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q1412A (NEAJ)
			914 mm (36 in)	Q1413A
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q1414A (NEAJ)
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q1416A (NEAJ)
HP Coated Paper	90	45.7 m (150 ft)	420 mm (16.54 in) (A2)	Q1443A (J)
			594 mm (23.39 in) (A1)	Q1442A (EJ)
			610 mm (24 in)	C6019B
			841 mm (33.11 in) (A0)	Q1441A (EJ)
			914 mm (36 in)	C6020B
			1067 mm (42 in)	C6567B
			1372 mm (54 in)	C6568B
		91.4 m (300 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	C6980A
HP Heavyweight Coated Paper	130	30.5 m (100 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	C6029C (AEJN)
			914 mm (36 in)	C6030C
			1067 mm (42 in)	C6569C
			1372 mm (54 in)	C6568B
				C6570C (AEJN)
			1524 mm (60 in)	C6977C
		67.5 m (225 ft)	1067 mm (42 in)	Q1956A (EN)
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q1957A (EN)
HP Super Heavyweight Plus Matte Paper	210	30.5 m (100 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q6626B
			914 mm (36 in)	Q6627B
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q6628B
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q6630B

Table 4-3 Roll paper (continued)

Paper type	g/m²	Length	Width	Part numbers
HP Technical Paper				
HP Special Inkjet Paper	90	45.7 m (150 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	51631D (ELN)
			914 mm (36 in)	51631E
HP Natural Tracing Paper	90	45.7 m (150 ft)	594 mm (23.39 in) (A1)	Q1439A (J)
			610 mm (24 in)	C3869A (AEN)
			914 mm (36 in)	C3868A (AELN)
HP Film (Technical and Graphic)				
HP Clear Film	174	22.9 m (75 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	C3876A (AEN)
			914 mm (36 in)	C3875A
HP Matte Film	160	38.1 m (125 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	51642A (AEJN)
			914 mm (36 in)	51642B
HP Fine Art Printing Material				
HP Professional Matte Canvas	430	15.2 m (50 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q8673B (ELN)
			914 mm (36 in)	Q8671A (ELN)
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q8674A (ELN)
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q8672A (ELN)
HP Collector Satin Canvas	400	15.2 m (50 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q8708B
			914 mm (36 in)	Q8709A
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q8710A
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q8711A (ELN)
HP Artist Matte Canvas	380	15.2 m (50 ft)	914 mm (36 in)	Q8705A
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q8706A
			1524 mm (60 in)	Q8707A
HP Universal Matte Canvas	350	15.2 m (50 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	C2T50A
			914 mm (36 in)	Q8713A (EN)
			1067 mm (42 in)	Q8714A (EN)
HP Matte Litho-realistic Paper	270	30.5 m (100 ft)	610 mm (24 in)	Q7972A (ELN)
			914 mm (36 in)	Q7973A (ELN)

Non-recommended paper types

In many cases, paper types that HP does not support might be compatible with your printer. However, the following paper types are unlikely to give satisfactory results:

- Photo paper that swells
- Brochure paper

5 Handle the ink system

- [Ink system components](#)
- [Ink system tips](#)
- [Work with ink system components](#)
- [Order ink supplies](#)

Ink system components

Ink cartridges


The printer's ink cartridges provide ink to the printheads: - For the Z6800: matte black, chromatic red, magenta, yellow, light magenta, cyan, photo black and light gray - For the Z6600: matte black, yellow, light magenta, cyan, photo black and light gray



Ink cartridges require no maintenance or cleaning. When each ink cartridge is shaken vigorously before installation, and inserted correctly into its slot, the ink will flow to the printheads. Because the printheads control the amount of ink that is transferred to the page, high-quality printing results continue even when the ink levels are getting low.

CAUTION: Avoid touching pins, leads, and circuitry when handling ink cartridges because these elements are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Such devices are called ESD-sensitive devices. See [Glossary on page 219](#). Electrostatic discharges are one of the main hazards to electronics products. This type of damage can reduce the life expectancy of the device.

Each ink cartridge can be used only in a specific region of the world, as indicated by the letter A, B, or C after “773” on the cartridge label (see [Order ink supplies on page 79](#)). If you move the printer to a different region, you can change the region of your printer once in the following way:

1. At the front panel, select the  icon.
2. Highlight **Replace ink cartridges**, but do not select it.
3. Press the **Cancel** key and the **Down** key at the same time, and hold them down for at least two seconds.
4. The front panel displays a series of warning messages. In response to each message, press the **Cancel** key to cancel the process, or the **OK** key to confirm that you wish to continue.
5. The front panel prompts you to select your region: see [Select the printer region on page 56](#).

If you change the region of the printer, of course you will need to install the correct ink cartridges for the new region.

Select the printer region

1. The front panel prompts you to select the region where the printer is located:

Select printer location

☒ Europe, M.East & Africa

☐ North & Latin America

☐ Asia Pacific & Japan

2. A map of the world is shown with the selected region emphasized.



3. To see a detailed list of the countries included in that region, press the down arrow.



Once you agree with the selection, you can press **OK** to continue.

4. At the end of the process, an information screen appears about the region selected.

Regional information

You have selected

North & Latin America


region. Press **OK** to continue

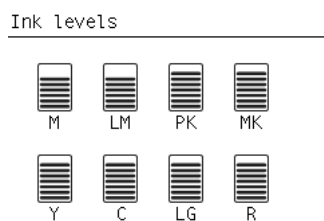
or **↶** to select another

one.

5. If you press **OK**, the printer restarts.

Replace ink cartridges

To check the ink levels in the ink cartridges, select the  icon, then **View ink levels**.




The front panel warns you when cartridge ink level is low. When a cartridge is empty, the printer stops printing and the front panel provides an explanation.

HP recommends that you replace the empty cartridge with a new HP cartridge. See [Order ink supplies on page 79](#), [Remove an ink cartridge on page 59](#), and [Insert an ink cartridge on page 61](#).

The use of refilled or non-HP ink cartridges has several serious disadvantages:

- There is some risk of damaging the printer. In this case the printer warranty will not be valid for any printer repairs that are related to the cartridge, nor for any problems due to ink contamination.
- You will invalidate the warranty of all printheads of the same color used in the printer subsequently, unless and until the whole ink system (including ink tubes) is replaced.
- Print quality may be impaired.
- The printer will be unable to estimate the ink level in the cartridge, and will report it as empty.

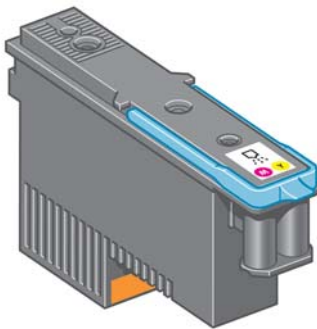
To force the printer to accept cartridges that it believes to be empty, follow these instructions:

1. Install the cartridge in the printer (see [Insert an ink cartridge on page 61](#)).
2. The front panel will complain that the cartridge is empty, and the cartridge removal process will start. Press the **Cancel** key to stop this automatic process.
3. At the front panel, select the  icon.
4. Highlight **Replace ink cartridges**, but do not select it.
5. Press the **Cancel** key and the **Up** key at the same time, and hold them down for at least two seconds.
6. The front panel displays a series of warning messages. In response to each message, press the **Cancel** key to cancel the process, or the **OK** key to confirm that you wish to continue.

When you have pressed **OK** in response to all warning messages, the front panel will give the usual ink cartridge status display, but the cartridge will be shown as empty with a warning sign.

Printheads


The printheads are connected to the ink cartridges. They use jet action to put ink on the paper. Each printhead has two ink-cartridge connection points and two sets of nozzles, which means that each printhead prints in two different colors. For example, the printhead below prints in magenta and yellow.



The printheads are extremely durable and do *not* need to be replaced every time an ink cartridge is replaced. They provide excellent results even when the ink cartridges contain a low level of ink.

To maintain optimum print quality, the printheads are automatically tested at regular intervals, and automatically serviced when necessary. This takes a little time and can occasionally delay printing.


When a printhead eventually needs to be replaced, the front panel will display a message.

To check the status of the printheads, select the  icon, then **View printhead status**.

CAUTION: Avoid touching pins, leads, and circuitry when handling ink cartridges because these elements are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Such devices are called ESD-sensitive devices. See [Glossary on page 219](#). Electrostatic discharges are one of the main hazards to electronics products. This type of damage can reduce the life expectancy of the device.

Maintenance cartridge

Use the maintenance cartridge to clean and maintain the printheads, ensure the best possible print quality, and seal the printheads when they are not in use to prevent them from drying out.


 **NOTE:** The maintenance cartridge contains liquid. Therefore, store any maintenance cartridges upright and on a flat surface.



Ink system tips

For best results, always follow these guidelines:

- Install the ink cartridges, printheads, and maintenance cartridge before the warranty end date.
- Follow the instructions on the front panel during installation.
- Allow the printer and the maintenance cartridge to clean the printheads automatically.
- Avoid unnecessary removal of the ink cartridges and printheads.
- The ink cartridges should never be removed while the printer is printing. They should be removed only when the printer is ready for you to replace them. The front panel guides you through the removal and installation procedures (or see [Remove an ink cartridge on page 59](#) and [Insert an ink cartridge on page 61](#)).
- Make sure that you comply with all applicable laws and regulations when disposing of ink system consumables.

 **NOTE:** Shake the ink cartridges vigorously before installing them. See [Insert an ink cartridge on page 61](#).

Work with ink system components

Remove an ink cartridge

Ink cartridges should be removed for the following two reasons:

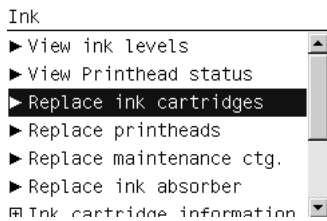
- The ink cartridge is very low and you want to replace it with a full cartridge for unattended printing. You can use the remaining ink in the first cartridge at a more convenient time.
- The ink cartridge is empty or faulty, and you must replace it to continue printing.

CAUTION: The procedure to remove an ink cartridge must be initiated from the front panel. Do not remove an ink cartridge until the front panel prompts you.

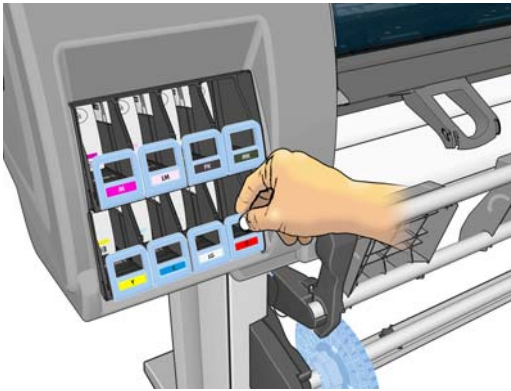
CAUTION: Remove an ink cartridge only if you are ready to insert another one.

WARNING! Make sure that the printer wheels are locked (the brake lever is pressed down) to prevent the printer from moving.

1. At the front panel, select the  icon, then select **Replace ink cartridges**.



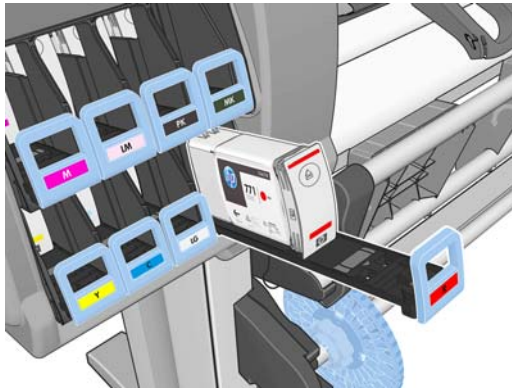
2. Grip the blue tab in front of the cartridge that you want to remove.



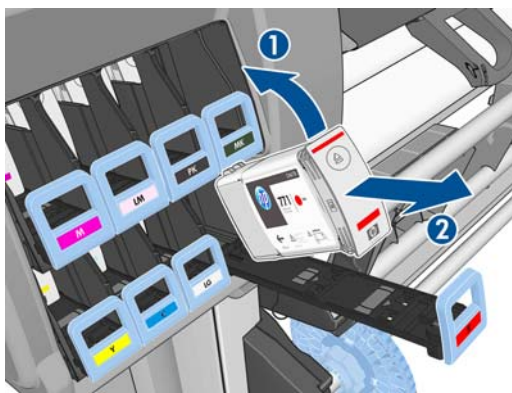
3. Pull the blue tab down and then pull it outwards, towards you.





4. The cartridge comes out, in its drawer.



5. Lift the cartridge out of its drawer.



 **NOTE:** Avoid touching the end of the cartridge that is inserted into the printer, because the connection might be coated with ink.

 **NOTE:** If necessary, store a partially-used ink cartridge in the same position as if it were inserted in the printer. Avoid using a partially-used cartridge that has been stored on its end.

6. The front-panel display identifies the missing ink cartridge.

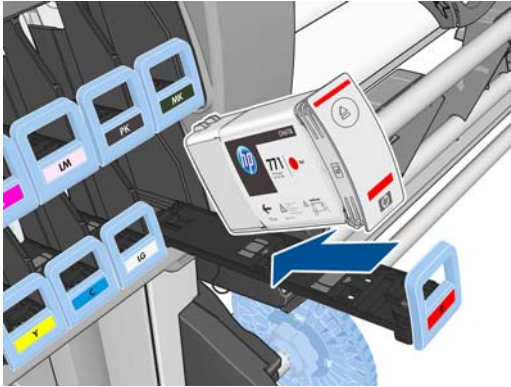
Ink cartridge missing.
Install ink cartridge



Insert an ink cartridge

1. Pick up the new ink cartridge and find the label that identifies the ink color. Hold the ink cartridge so that you can see the label at the top of the side that is facing you.
2. Check that the colored label above the empty slot in the printer matches the color of the label on the cartridge.
3. Shake the cartridge vigorously for about 15 seconds.

4. Insert the ink cartridge into the cartridge drawer.



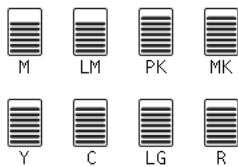
5. Slide the drawer and cartridge into the slot until they lock into position.



If you have difficulty, see [Cannot insert an ink cartridge on page 174](#).

6. The front-panel display confirms that all cartridges have been correctly inserted.

Ink levels

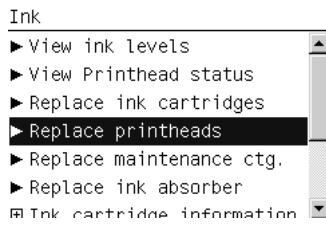


Remove a printhead

WARNING! Make sure that the printer wheels are locked (the brake lever is pressed down) to prevent the printer from moving.

Printhead replacement must be performed after the printer has been turned on with the hard power switch at the back of the printer.

1. At the front panel, select the  icon, then select **Replace printheads**.



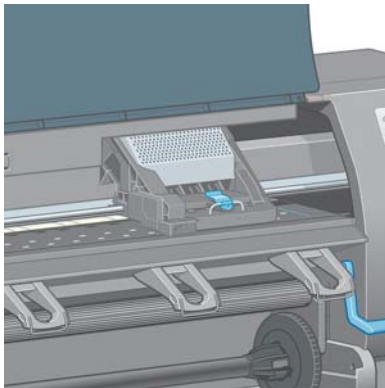
2. The printer moves the carriage into the correct position.

CAUTION: If the carriage remains in the removal position for more than 3 minutes without inserting or removing any printheads, it will attempt to return back to its home position to the right.

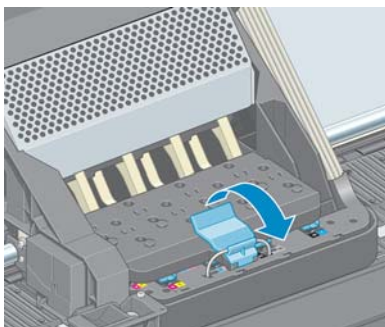
3. When the carriage has stopped moving, the front panel prompts you to open the printer window.



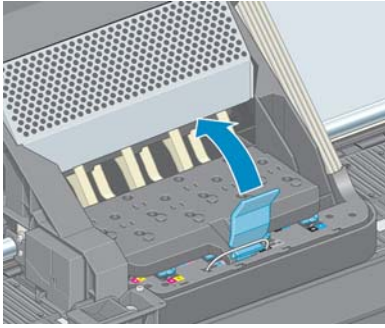
4. Locate the carriage on the right side of the printer.



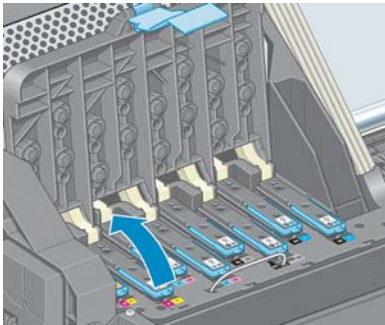
5. Pull up and release the latch on top of the carriage.



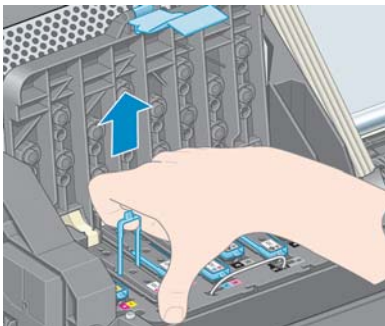
6. Lift up the cover. This provides access to the printheads.



7. To remove a printhead, lift up the blue handle.

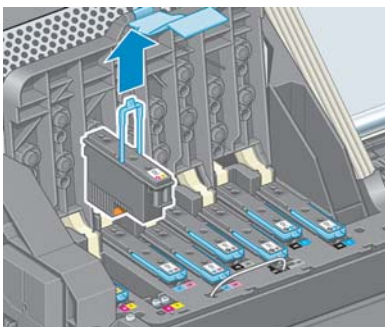


8. Using the blue handle, gently disengage the printhead.



9. Gently pull the blue handle upward until the printhead is released from the carriage.

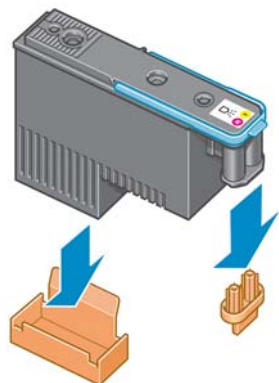
CAUTION: Do not pull abruptly. That action can damage the printhead.



10. The front-panel display identifies the missing printhead.

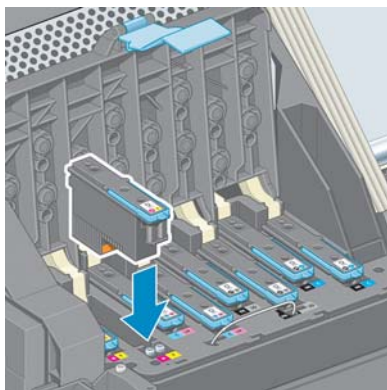
Insert a printhead

1. Remove the orange protective caps by pulling them down.

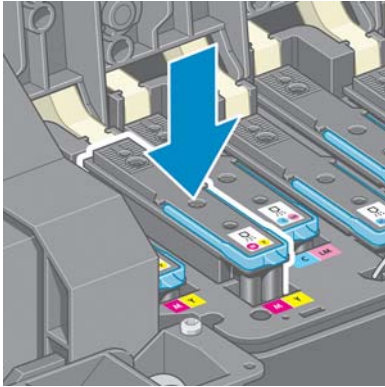


2. The printhead is designed to prevent you from accidentally inserting it into the wrong slot. Check that the colored label on the printhead matches the colored label of the carriage slot into which the printhead is to be inserted.
3. Insert the new printhead into its correct slot in the carriage.

⚠ CAUTION: Insert the printhead slowly and vertically, straight down. It can be damaged if you insert it too quickly, or at an angle, or if you rotate it as you insert it.

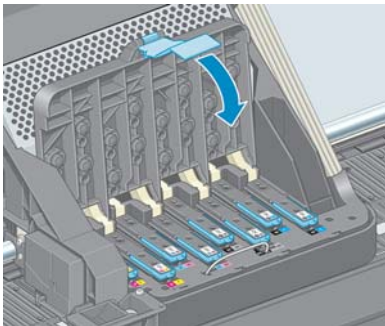


4. Push down as indicated by the arrow.

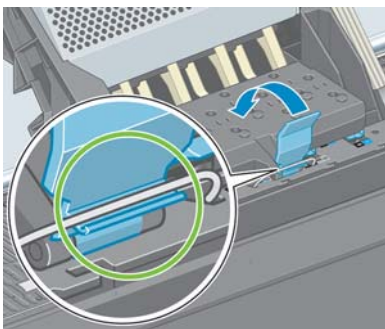


CAUTION: You might feel some resistance when installing the new printhead, so you need to press it down firmly but smoothly. You should hear a beep and see confirmation on the front-panel display that the printhead has been inserted. If you have difficulty, see [Cannot insert a printhead on page 174](#).

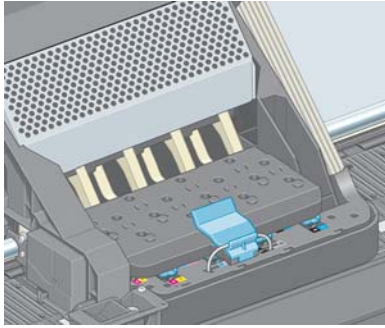
5. Insert all of the other printheads that need to be installed, and close the carriage cover.




6. Make sure that the end of the blue handle catches the wire loop on the near side of the carriage.



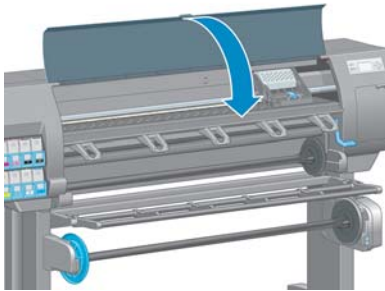
7. Lower the handle to rest on the carriage cover.



When all of the printheads have been inserted correctly and the printer has accepted them, the printer beeps.


 **NOTE:** If the printer does not beep when you insert the printhead and the **Replace** message appears on the front-panel display, you might need to reinsert the printhead.

8. Close the printer window.





9. The front-panel display confirms that all of the printheads are correctly inserted. The printer starts checking and preparing the printheads. The default routine process, when all printheads are changed, takes about 18 minutes. If the printer identifies a problem when preparing the printheads, the process takes longer, up to 30 minutes. For a single printhead insertion, the time varies between 10 and 20 minutes. After all printheads are checked and prepared, the printhead realignment procedure runs automatically if paper is loaded. See [Align the printheads on page 71](#).

Clean (recover) the printheads

To clean the printheads (which often enables them to recover from problems), go to the printer's front panel and select the  icon, then select **Clean printheads**. Specify which printheads you would like to clean. You can clean all of the printheads or only some of them.

Cleaning all printheads takes about 5 minutes. Cleaning any two printheads takes about 3 minutes.

 **NOTE:** Cleaning all printheads uses more ink than cleaning a single pair.

 **NOTE:** HP recommends that you purge the ink from the printheads before printing a job if the printer has been turned off for more than six weeks or if you are experiencing inconsistent colors from print to print after long storage periods. Purging the ink from the printheads helps to ensure maximum color consistency; it is **not** a remedy for poor printhead health.

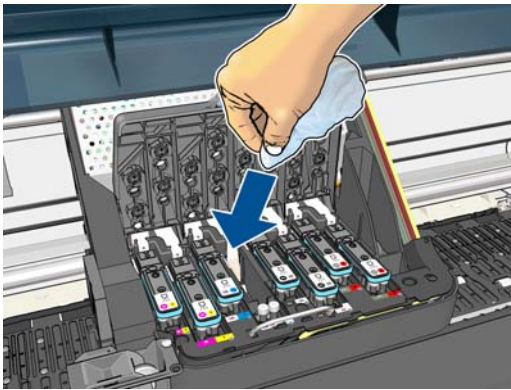
Clean the electrical connections on a printhead

It is possible that the printer will not recognize a printhead after it has been installed. This can happen when ink builds up on the electrical connections between the printhead and the printhead carriage. Under these circumstances, HP recommends that you clean the electrical connections on the printhead. However, routine cleaning of the connections when no problems are apparent is *not* recommended.

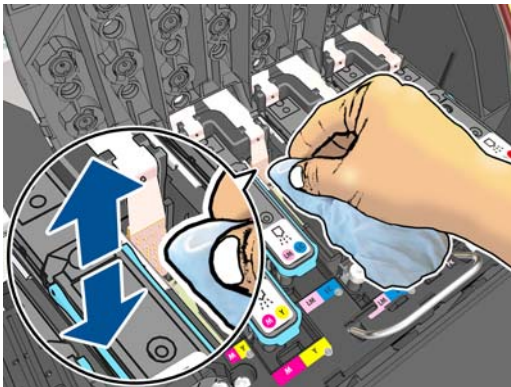
Use an absorbent lint-free cloth, slightly dampened with isopropyl alcohol, to clean the electrical interconnects on both the printhead carriage and the printhead if the **Reseat** or **Replace** message persists next to the printhead on the front-panel display.

1. Open the printhead carriage latch and extract the printhead that is causing the problem, as indicated on the front panel. See [Remove a printhead on page 62](#).
2. Cover your finger with the cloth and insert it into the printhead slot at the back.

CAUTION: If the carriage remains in the central part of the printer for more than 7 minutes, it attempts to return to its home position to the right.

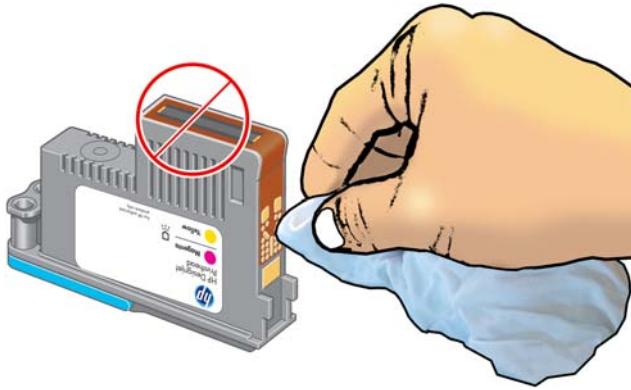


3. Rub the cloth against the electrical contacts with a *light* force along the entire depth of the flex connector. Try to avoid picking up any ink deposit that may have accumulated on the bottom surface of the slot.



4. Take special care to clean all contacts thoroughly, including the ones at the lowest point of the connector.

5. Using the same cloth, clean the strip of electrical contacts on the printhead (unless the printhead is new). Avoid touching the printhead nozzles.



CAUTION: Do not touch the surface of the printhead that contains the nozzles, because the nozzles are easily damaged.

6. After waiting a few moments to allow both connectors to dry, replace the printhead into the printhead carriage. See [Insert a printhead on page 65](#).
7. Wash or dispose of the cloth. Take care to prevent the transfer of ink onto hands and clothing.

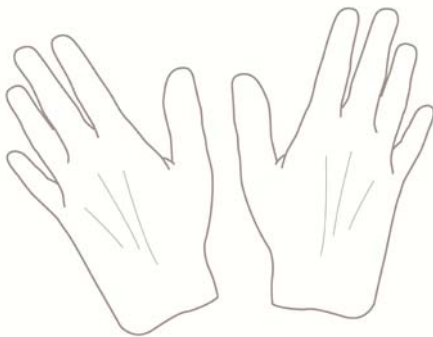
If the front panel continues to show the **Reseat** or **Replace** message, replace the printhead or contact your HP customer service representative.


Clean the printhead drop detector

The printhead drop detector is a sensor that detects which nozzles on the printheads are not printing, so that other nozzles can substitute for them. If particles block the sensor (such as fibers, hair or small pieces of paper), print quality is affected.

When the front panel displays a warning message that the drop detector needs cleaning, you are recommended to clean it. If you do not clean it immediately, the printer continues working normally, but the front panel display continues to show the warning.

CAUTION: Wear gloves to avoid getting ink on your hands.

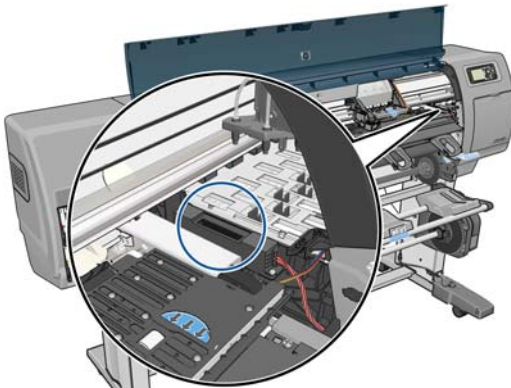


1. On the printer's front panel, select the  icon, then select **Replace printheads**.
2. Turn off the printer at the front panel.
3. To avoid an electric shock, switch the printer off and unplug it.

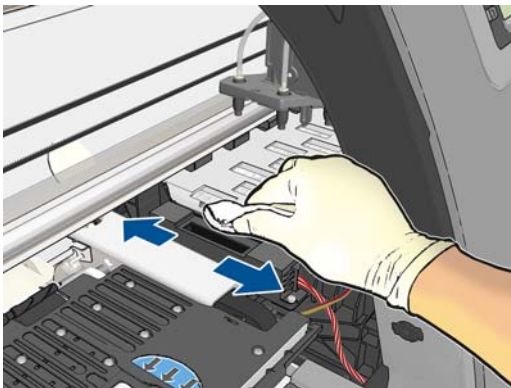
4. Open the printer window.



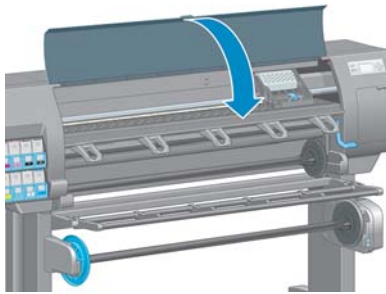
5. Find the printhead drop detector to the right of the printhead carriage.



6. Remove any debris blocking the printhead drop detector.
7. With a dry, lint-free cloth, wipe the surface of the drop detector to remove any non-visible debris.



8. Close the printer window.





9. Plug in and switch on the printer.
10. Power the printer on at the front panel.

Align the printheads

Precise alignment between printheads is essential for accurate colors, smooth color transitions and sharp edges in graphical elements. Your printer has an automatic printhead alignment process which runs whenever a printhead has been accessed or replaced.


If the paper has jammed or you are experiencing problems with color accuracy, you may need to align the printheads.

 **NOTE:** If the paper has jammed, it is recommended that you reinsert the printheads and initiate the realignment procedure from the Image Quality Maintenance menu .

 **CAUTION:** Do not use transparent or semi-transparent paper to align the printheads.

Reinsert printheads procedure

1. If the realignment process is running and the wrong paper is loaded, press the **Cancel** key on the front panel.

 **CAUTION:** Do not print if the realignment process has been canceled. You can restart the alignment with the Image Quality Maintenance menu procedure.

2. Load the paper you wish to use, see [Handle the paper on page 25](#). It should be at least 457.2 mm (18 in) wide.

 **CAUTION:** Do not use transparent or semi-transparent paper to align the printheads.

3. Remove and re-insert all the printheads, see [Remove a printhead on page 62](#) and [Insert a printhead on page 65](#). This starts the printhead alignment procedure.
4. Ensure the window is closed, as a strong light source near the printer during printhead realignment can affect alignment.
5. The process takes about six minutes. Wait until the front-panel display shows the process complete before using the printer.




 **NOTE:** The printer prints a calibration image. Do not worry about the image. The front-panel display shows any errors in the process.

Image Quality Maintenance menu procedure

1. Load the paper you wish to use, see [Handle the paper on page 25](#). It should be at least 457.2 mm (18 in) wide.

 **CAUTION:** Do not use transparent or semi-transparent paper to align the printheads.
2. From the front panel, select the Image Quality Maintenance menu icon , then **Align printheads**. The printer checks to see if it has enough paper to run the realignment.
3. If the loaded paper is satisfactory, the printer runs the realignment and prints a realignment pattern. Ensure the window is closed, as a strong light source near the printer during printhead realignment can affect alignment.
4. The process takes about five minutes. Wait until the front-panel display shows the process complete before using the printer.

Scanning errors during alignment

If the alignment process fails, a Scanning problems message appears on the front panel. This means that the alignment has not completed successfully. Therefore the printer is not aligned and the alignment should be repeated before printing with good image quality. The problem may be due to:



- The paper used was not valid, repeat the alignment with valid paper
- Printhead health problems, clean printheads, see [Clean the printheads on page 174](#)
- The alignment was done with the window open, repeat the alignment with the window closed

If the problem persists after using valid paper, cleaning the printheads and keeping the window closed, there may be a failure in the scanning system needing reparation or the printheads, although clean, may not work and need to be replaced.

The Image Diagnostics Print

The Image Diagnostics Print consists of patterns designed to highlight printhead reliability problems. It helps you to check the performance of the printheads that are currently installed in your printer, and whether any printhead suffers from clogging or other problems.

To print the Image Diagnostics Print:

1. Use the same paper type that you were using when you detected a problem.
2. Use the  key on the front panel to check that the selected paper type is the same as the paper type loaded into the printer.
3. At the printer's front panel, select the Image Quality Maintenance menu icon , then **Print diagnostic image**.

It takes about two minutes to print the Image Diagnostics Print.

The print is divided into two parts, both of which test printhead performance.

- Part 1 (top) consists of rectangles of pure colors, one for each printhead. This part represents the print quality that you will get from each color.
- Part 2 (bottom) consists of small dashes, one for each nozzle on each printhead. This part complements the first, and aims more specifically to detect how many faulty nozzles each printhead has.

Please look carefully at the print. The names of the colors are shown above the rectangles and in the center of the patterns of dashes.

Figure 5-1 Image Diagnostics Print — Z6800

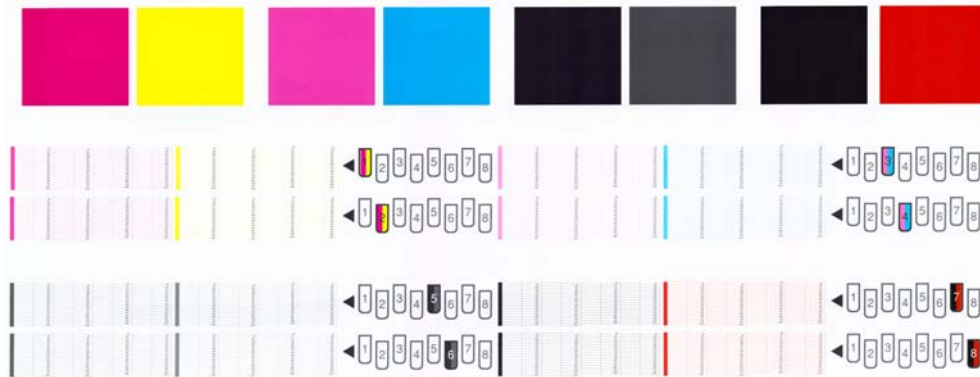
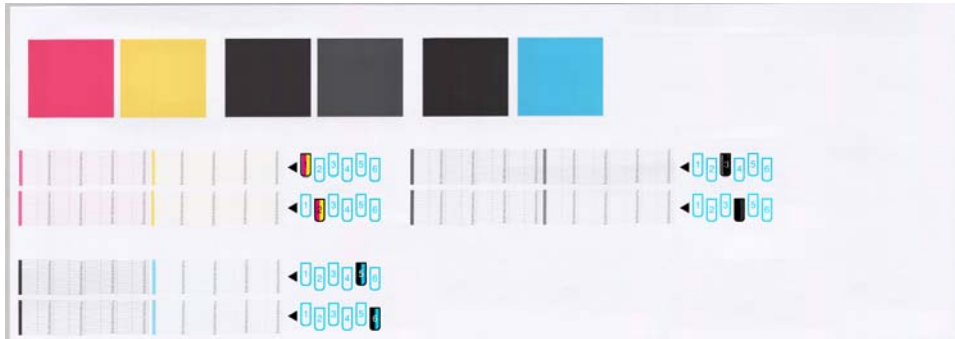


Figure 5-2 Image Diagnostics Print — Z6600

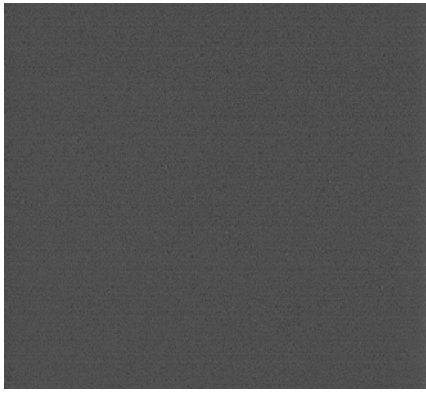


First look at the upper part of the print (part 1). Each colored rectangle should be a uniform color without any horizontal lines across it.

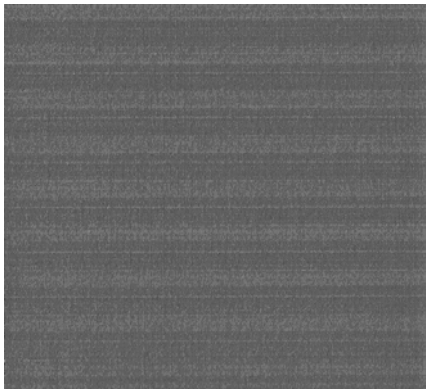
Then look at the bottom part of the print (part 2). For each individual colored pattern, check that most of the dashes are present.

If you see horizontal lines in part 1 and also missing dashes in part 2 for the same color, the printhead responsible needs cleaning. However, if the rectangles look solid, do not worry about just a few missing dashes in part 2; these are acceptable because the printer can compensate for a few clogged nozzles.

Here is an example of a gray printhead in a good state:



And here is an example of the same printhead in a bad state:



Corrective action

1. Clean any faulty printheads (see [Clean the printheads on page 174](#)). Then reprint the Image Diagnostics Print to see whether the problem has been solved.
2. If the problem remains, clean the printheads again, and reprint the Image Diagnostics Print to see whether the problem has been solved.
3. If the problem remains, consider cleaning your printheads manually (see [Clean the printheads on page 174](#)). You could also try reprinting your current print job, in case it now prints satisfactorily.
4. If the problem remains, try cleaning the printhead drop detector. The printer normally notifies you when this is necessary, but it may be worth trying even if the printer has not suggested it. See [Clean the printhead drop detector on page 69](#).
5. If the problem still remains, replace any persistently faulty printheads (see [Handle the ink system on page 55](#)), or contact HP Support (see [HP Customer Care on page 185](#)).

Remove the maintenance cartridge

A message appears on the front panel when you must change the maintenance cartridge. Follow these precautions when removing a maintenance cartridge:

- Be careful not to get ink on your hands. Ink might be on, around, and inside the replaced maintenance cartridge.
- Always handle and store the replaced maintenance cartridge upright to avoid spilling any ink.

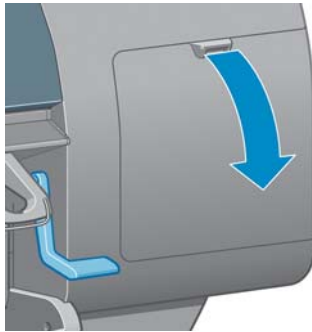
CAUTION: A message appears on the front panel when the maintenance cartridge is almost full and again when it is completely full and must be changed. You can ignore the alert and continue printing by pressing the OK key on the front panel. However, HP strongly recommends that you change the maintenance cartridge when prompted. Ignoring the alert can result in serious damage to the printer.

WARNING! Make sure that the printer wheels are locked (the brake lever is pressed down) to prevent the printer from moving.

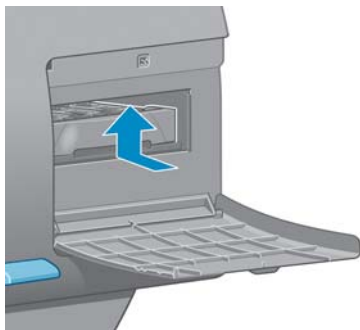
1. At the front panel, select the  icon, then select **Replace maintenance ctg.**



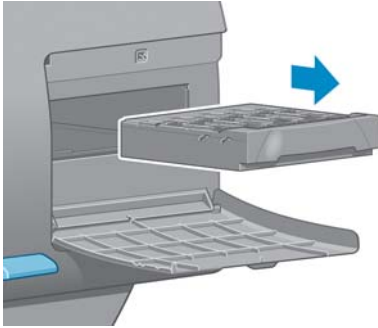
2. The maintenance cartridge is located in a slot underneath the front panel, at the front of the printer. Open the door.



3. The maintenance cartridge has a handle on the front. To remove the cartridge, press inward and upward as indicated by the arrow, until the cartridge is released.



4. Lift up the maintenance cartridge to remove it from the slot, and slide it out.

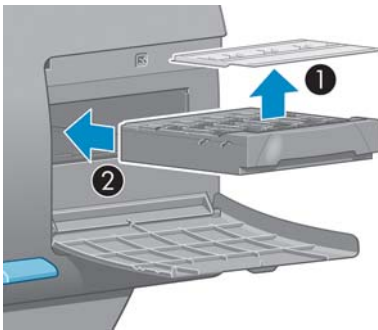


See also [Insert the maintenance cartridge on page 76](#).

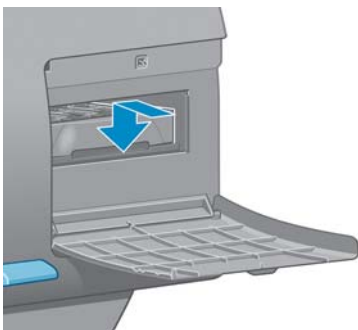
Insert the maintenance cartridge

The plastic bag in which the new maintenance cartridge comes can be used to dispose of the old maintenance cartridge.

1. Insert the maintenance cartridge into the slot, in the direction indicated by the arrow.



2. When the maintenance cartridge has been pushed all the way in, press inwards and downwards as indicated, until it clicks into place.

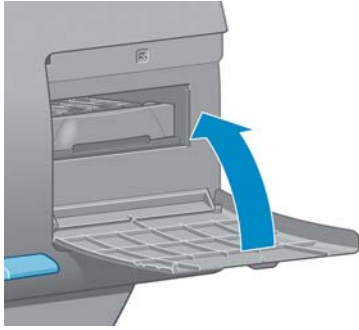


If you have difficulty, see [Cannot insert the maintenance cartridge on page 174](#).



NOTE: The front panel will not show the new maintenance cartridge until the door is closed.

- When you have inserted the maintenance cartridge into the printer, close the door.



NOTE: The printer needs all the ink cartridges, printheads and maintenance cartridge to be installed before it can continue.

- If no paper is loaded, the front panel will instruct you to load some.



NOTE: Make sure that the printer window and the door to the right are closed after you replace the supplies. The printer will not print while these are open.

Check the status of the ink system

- Access the Embedded Web Server. See [Access the Embedded Web Server on page 18](#).
- Go to the Supplies page on the **Main** tab.

HP Designjet Z6800 Photo

Printer status: Ready

Supplies

Paper

Actual Resource	Type	Units	Length
Roll	Plain Paper	1,867 mm	Unknown

Buy paper now

Cartridges

Ink cartridge	Status	Ink level ¹	Capacity	Warranty status	HP Order information
M HP 771A Magenta	OK	772 ml	775 ml	In warranty	BEY17A
LB HP 771A Light magenta	OK	774 ml	775 ml	In warranty	BEY15A
PK HP 771A Photo black	OK	774 ml	775 ml	In warranty	BEY21A
BK HP 771A Matte black	OK	774 ml	775 ml	In warranty	BEY15A
Y HP 771A Yellow	OK	772 ml	775 ml	In warranty	BEY15A
LC HP 771A Light cyan	OK	774 ml	775 ml	In warranty	BEY25A
LG HP 771A Light gray	OK	774 ml	775 ml	In warranty	BEY22A
R HP 771A Red	OK	772 ml	775 ml	In warranty	BEY15A

Printheads

Printhead	Status	Warranty status
BY-Y HP 771 Magenta-Yellow 1	OK	In warranty
BY-Y HP 771 Magenta-Yellow 2	OK	Out of warranty
LB-LC HP 771 Light magenta-Light cyan 3	OK	In warranty
LB-LC HP 771 Light magenta-Light cyan 4	OK	In warranty
PK-LG HP 771 Photo black-Light gray 5	Wearing end of life	Out of warranty
PK-LG HP 771 Photo black-Light gray 6	Wearing end of life	Out of warranty
BK-R HP 771 Matte black-Red 7	Wearing end of life	Out of warranty
BK-R HP 771 Matte black-Red 8	Wearing end of life	Out of warranty

Maintenance cartridge

Status	Level	HP Part number
OK	71 %	CH544A

Ink Absorber

Status	Level
OK	0 %


Note:
¹Estimate only. Actual supply level may vary. Please see help page for details.

The Supplies page shows you the status of the ink cartridges (including the ink levels), the printheads, the maintenance cartridge, and the loaded paper.

View ink cartridge information

You can view information about your ink cartridges using the front panel or the HP Designjet Utility.

Front panel procedure


1. At the front panel, select the  icon, then **Ink cartridge information**.
2. Select the cartridge about which you want information.
3. The front panel shows the following information:
 - Color
 - Product name
 - Supported ink cartridges
 - Product number
 - Serial number
 - Status
 - Ink level, if known
 - Total ink capacity in milliliters
 - Expiration date
 - Warranty status
 - Manufacturer

HP Designjet Utility procedures

- In the HP Designjet Utility for Windows, go to the **Overview** tab. The status of each cartridge appears when you select **Supply Status > Cartridges**.
- In the HP Designjet Utility for Mac OS X, select **Printer Status**.

View printhead information

The printer automatically checks and services the printheads after each print. Follow these steps to get more information on your printheads.

1. At the front panel, select the  icon, then **Printhead information**.
2. Select the printhead for which you want to see information.
3. The front panel shows the following information:
 - Colors
 - Product name
 - Product number
 - Serial number
 - Status (see [Front-panel error messages on page 209](#))

- Volume of ink it has used
- Warranty status

You can also get most of this information without leaving your computer by using the HP Designjet Utility.



NOTE: If the status is **See warranty note**, this indicates that non-HP ink is being used. Printer service or repairs required as a result of using non-HP ink are not covered under warranty. See the *Legal Information* document for detailed warranty implications.

Order ink supplies

You can order the following ink supplies for your printer. (*)

Table 5-1 Ink cartridges

Cartridge	Part number	Region	Z6600	Z6800
HP 773B 775 ml Matte Black Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q29A	Asia, Pacific, Japan	x	x
HP 773B 775 ml Chromatic Red Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q30A	Asia, Pacific, Japan		x
HP 773B 775 ml Magenta Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q31A	Asia, Pacific, Japan	x	x
HP 773B 775 ml Yellow Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q32A	Asia, Pacific, Japan	x	x
HP 773B 775 ml Light Magenta Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q33A	Asia, Pacific, Japan		x
HP 773B 775 ml Cyan Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q34A	Asia, Pacific, Japan	x	x
HP 773B 775 ml Photo Black Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q35A	Asia, Pacific, Japan	x	x
HP 773B 775 ml Light Gray Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q36A	Asia, Pacific, Japan	x	x
HP 773C 775 ml Matte Black Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q37A	Europe, Middle East, Africa	x	x
HP 773C 775 ml Chromatic Red Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q38A	Europe, Middle East, Africa		x
HP 773C 775 ml Magenta Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q39A	Europe, Middle East, Africa	x	x
HP 773C 775 ml Yellow Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q40A	Europe, Middle East, Africa	x	x
HP 773C 775 ml Light Magenta Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q41A	Europe, Middle East, Africa		x
HP 773C 775 ml Cyan Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q42A	Europe, Middle East, Africa	x	x
HP 773C 775 ml Photo Black Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q43A	Europe, Middle East, Africa	x	x
HP 773C 775 ml Light Gray Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q44A	Europe, Middle East, Africa	x	x
HP 773A 775 ml Matte Black Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q21A	Americas	x	x
HP 773A 775 ml Chromatic Red Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q22A	Americas		x
HP 773A 775 ml Magenta Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q23A	Americas	x	x
HP 773A 775 ml Yellow Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q24A	Americas	x	x

Table 5-1 Ink cartridges (continued)

Cartridge	Part number	Region	Z6600	Z6800
HP 773A 775 ml Light Magenta Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q25A	Americas		x
HP 773A 775 ml Cyan Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q26A	Americas	x	x
HP 773A 775 ml Photo Black Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q27A	Americas	x	x
HP 773A 775 ml Light Gray Designjet Ink Cartridge	C1Q28A	Americas	x	x

(*) The Z6800 Photo Production Printer and the Z6600 Production Printer are also compatible with HP771 Ink Cartridges (all details available on hp.com).

Table 5-2 Printheads

Part number	Printhead	Z6600	Z6800
CE017A	HP 771 Matte Black & Chromatic Red Designjet Printhead		x
CE018A	HP 771 Magenta & Yellow Designjet Printhead	x	x
CE019A	HP 771 Light Magenta & Light Cyan Designjet Printhead		x
CE020A	HP 771 Photo Black & Light Gray Designjet Printhead	x	x
C1Q20A	HP 773 Matte Black & Cyan Designjet Printhead	x	

Table 5-3 Maintenance cartridge

Maintenance cartridge	Part number
HP 771 Designjet Maintenance Cartridge	CH644A

6 Print options

- [Create a print job](#)
- [Select print quality](#)
- [Print a draft](#)
- [High-quality printing](#)
- [Select paper size](#)
- [Select margins options](#)
- [Rescale a print](#)
- [Preview a print](#)
- [Print 16-bit color images](#)
- [Change the treatment of overlapping lines](#)
- [Print crop lines](#)
- [Rotate an image](#)
- [Print in gray shades](#)
- [Use paper economically](#)
- [Nest jobs to save paper](#)
- [Use ink economically](#)

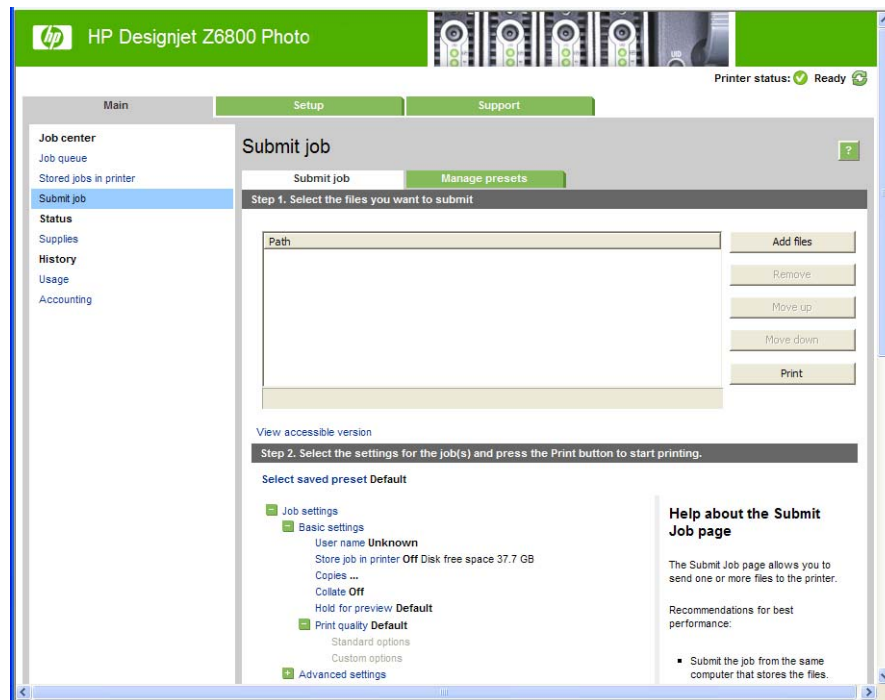
Create a print job

In order to print something, you must send it to the printer. This constitutes a print job, which is entered into the printer's print queue. There are two main ways of sending a print job to the printer:

- To print directly from a program, use the program's **Print** command as usual. When you select your printer, the printer driver is invoked to send your job to the printer.
- If you have a file that is already in a supported graphical format, you can use the Embedded Web Server to send it directly to the printer without going through a printer driver (see below).

Using the Embedded Web Server to print files

From the HP Designjet Utility or the Embedded Web Server, select **Submit Job** in the Job Center group. You will see the window below.



Press the **Add files** button to choose the files from your computer that you want to print. The files must be in one of the following formats:

- PDF*
- PostScript*
- TIFF*
- JPEG*
- HP-GL/2
- CALS/G4

*Only supported when PS/PDF Upgrade Kit is installed.



NOTE: When you print to a file, the file should be in one of the above formats, but its name may have an extension such as **.plt** or **.prn**.

If the files are not in one of these formats, they will not be printed successfully.

If the jobs have been generated with the appropriate settings (such as page size, rotation, resizing and number of copies), you can just press the **Print** button and they will be sent to the printer.

If you need to specify printing settings, go to the **Job settings** section and select the options you need. Each option has explanatory text on the right, so that you can understand the behavior of each setting. Remember that, if you leave the setting as **Default**, the setting saved in the job will be used. If the job contains no setting, the setting in the printer will be used.

Printing stored jobs

When you print a file with the Embedded Web Server, you can mark the job to be stored permanently in the printer.

If you select **Stored jobs in printer** in the **Main** tab of the Embedded Web Server, you will see a list of the stored jobs. The information displayed for each job includes:

- The name of the job
- The size of the job
- The date and time when the job was received by the printer
- The name given by the person who submitted the job

You can click on the title of any column to sort the list by the information in that column.

You can select one or more jobs in the list and perform the following operations on them by using the buttons at the top of the list.

- **Print:** The selected jobs are printed with the original settings. You will be able to see the progress of your jobs on the **Job queue** page.
- **Advanced print:** The settings of the selected jobs are displayed, and you can modify them. You can save the new settings by pressing the **Save** button, and print the jobs by pressing the **Print** button.

The value of a setting is shown only if it has the same value in all of the selected jobs. Otherwise, a hyphen is shown.

- **Delete:** The selected jobs are permanently deleted from the printer.

Select print quality

The printer has various print-quality options because best-quality printing requires some loss of speed, while fast printing implies some reduction in print quality.

Therefore, the standard print-quality selector is a slider that allows you to choose between quality and speed.


Alternatively, you can select from the custom options: **Best**, **Normal** and **Fast**. If you select **Fast**, you can also select **Economode**, which uses a lower rendering resolution and consumes less ink. It therefore increases printing speed even further, but reduces print quality. **Economode** can be selected only from the custom options (not from the slider).

There are also two supplementary custom options that may have an effect on print quality: **Max. resolution** and **Unidirectional**. See [High-quality printing on page 85](#).



NOTE: In the Windows driver dialog, the rendering and printing resolutions for your job are displayed in the **Paper/Quality** tab. In the Mac OS X Print dialog, they are displayed in the **Summary** panel.

You can select print-quality options in the following ways:

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** go to the **Paper/Quality** tab and look at the Print Quality section. If you select **Standard Options**, you will see a simple slider with which you can select speed or quality. If you select **Custom Options**, you will see the more specific options described above.
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** go to the **Paper/Quality** panel and look at the Quality Options section. If you select **Standard** quality options, you will see a simple slider with which you can select speed or quality. If you select Custom quality options, you will see the more specific options described above.
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** go to the **Paper/Quality** panel and move the print-quality slider to the far left ('Speed').
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Basic settings > Print quality**. If you then select **Standard options**, you can choose between **Speed** and **Quality**. If you select **Custom options**, you will see the more specific options described above.
- **Using the front panel:** select the Setup menu icon , then **Printing preferences > Print quality**.



NOTE: If you have set the print quality from your computer, that overrides the print-quality setting in the front panel.



NOTE: You cannot change the print quality of pages that the printer is already receiving or has already received (even if they have not started to print yet).

Print a draft

You can specify fast draft-quality printing in the following ways:

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** go to the **Paper/Quality** tab and look at the Print Quality section. Move the print-quality slider to the extreme left ('Speed').
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** go to the **Paper/Quality** panel and move the print-quality slider to the far left ('Speed').
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Basic settings > Print quality > Standard options > Speed**.

You can specify even faster draft-quality printing by using Economode, as follows. This is intended mainly for documents containing only text and line drawings.

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** go to the **Paper/Quality** tab and look at the Print Quality section. Select **Custom Options**, then set the quality level to **Fast** and check the **Economode** box.
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** go to the **Paper/Quality** panel and set the quality options to **Custom**, then set quality to **Fast** and check the **Economode** box.
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Basic settings > Print quality > Custom**. Set **Quality level** to **Fast**, and **Economode** to **On**.

High-quality printing

You can specify high-quality printing in the following ways:

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** go to the **Paper/Quality** tab and look at the Print Quality section. Move the print-quality slider to the extreme right ('Quality').
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** go to the **Paper/Quality** panel and move the print-quality slider to the extreme right ('Quality').
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Basic settings** > **Print quality** > **Standard options** > **Quality**.

Printing is bidirectional by default (the printheads print when travelling in both directions across the paper), but you can choose **Unidirectional** printing for a further small improvement in quality at the expense of speed. This option is not available if you have chosen **Fast** print quality.

If you have a high-resolution image

If your image has a resolution greater than the rendering resolution (which you can see in the driver's **Paper/Quality** tab under Windows), print sharpness may be improved by selecting the **Max. resolution** option. This option is available only if you are printing on glossy paper and you have selected **Best** print quality.

- **In the driver dialog (Mac OS X Print dialog):** select custom instead of standard print-quality options, then check the **Max. resolution** box.
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Basic settings** > **Print quality** > **Custom**. Set **Quality level** to **Best**, and **Max. resolution** to **Yes**.



NOTE: The **Max. resolution** option results in slower printing with photo papers, but it does not increase the amount of ink used.

Select paper size

The paper size can be specified in the following ways.




NOTE: The paper size specified here should be the paper size in which the document was created. It is possible to rescale the document to a different size for printing. See [Rescale a print on page 87](#).

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** select the **Paper/Quality** tab, then select your paper size from the Document Size list.
- **In the Mac OS X Page Setup dialog:** select your printer in the **Format for** popup menu, then **Paper Size**.





NOTE: If your application offers no **Page Setup** dialog, please use the **Print** dialog.

- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Advanced settings** > **Paper** > **Page size** > **Standard**.
- **Using the front panel:** select the Setup menu icon , then **Printing preferences** > **Paper options** > **Select paper size**.



NOTE: If you have set the paper size from your computer, that overrides the paper size setting in the front panel.


 **NOTE:** If you have disabled skew checking, the paper length is estimated as four times the width.

 **TIP:** If your document is 330 × 483 mm (13 × 19 in), designed to fit on sheet paper of the same size, select the document size **Super B/A3**.


Custom paper sizes

To choose a non-standard paper size not shown in the list of paper sizes:

- **Under Windows**, there are two different ways:
 - In the driver dialog, press the **Custom** button in the **Paper/Quality** tab, then specify the name and the dimensions of your new paper size, then click **Save** to save your new paper size. In the PostScript driver, to see your new custom size in the list of custom sizes, you need to exit the printer properties, then reenter them (and use the **More** button if necessary).

 **NOTE:** The driver will not allow you to create a paper size whose width exceeds its length.

- From the **Start** menu, select **Printers**, then from the **File** menu select **Server Properties**. In the **Forms** tab, check the **Create a new form** box, specify the name and dimensions of the new form, then click **Save Form**.

 **NOTE:** Such forms are not available when using a shared printer that is connected to a different computer.

- **In the Mac OS X Page Setup dialog:** select **Paper Size > Manage Custom Sizes**.


 **NOTE:** If your application offers no **Page Setup** dialog, please use the **Print** dialog.

- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Advanced settings > Paper > Page size > Custom**.

Select margins options


By default, the printer leaves a 5 mm (0.2 in) margin between the edges of your image and the edges of the paper. However, you can change this behavior in several ways.

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** select the **Paper/Quality** tab and then the **Margins/Layout** button.

 **TIP:** In the Windows PostScript driver, make sure you have made the right choice from the **Document size** list. You should select a 'no margins' document size if you intend to use the **Oversize** or **Clip Contents By Margins** options.

- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** select the **Margins/Layout** panel.
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Advanced settings > Paper > Layout/Margins**.

You will then see at least some of the following options.


 **NOTE:** Under Mac OS X, the available margins options depend on the paper size selected in the Page Setup dialog.

- **Standard.** Your image will be printed on a page of the size you have selected, with a narrow margin between the edges of the image and the edges of the paper. The image should be small enough to fit between the margins.
- **Oversize.** Your image will be printed on a page slightly larger than the size you have selected. If you cut off the margins, you will be left with a page of the size you selected, with no margins remaining between your image and the edges of the paper.
- **Clip Contents By Margins.** Use this option when your image has white borders and a size equal to that of the paper you have selected. The printer will use the white border for its margins and you will get a page of size equal to that which is selected in the driver.

Rescale a print

You can send an image to the printer at a certain size but tell the printer to rescale it to a different size (normally larger). This may be useful if your software does not support large formats.

You can rescale an image in the following ways:

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** go to the **Features** tab and look at the Resizing Options section.
 - The **Print document on** option adjusts the image size to the paper size you have selected. For example, if you have selected ISO A2 as the paper size and you print an A3-sized image, it is enlarged to fit the A2 paper. If the ISO A4 paper size is selected, the printer reduces a larger image to fit the A4 size.
 - The **% of actual size** option enlarges the printable area of the original paper size (the page minus the margins) by the percentage indicated, then adds the margins to create the output paper size.
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** select the **Finishing** panel, then **Print document on** to adjust the image size to the paper size you have selected. For example, if you have selected ISO A2 as the paper size and you print an A3-sized image, it is enlarged to fit the A2 paper. If the ISO A4 paper size is selected, the printer reduces a larger image to fit the A4 size.
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Advanced settings > Resizing**.
 - The **Standard** and **Custom** options adjust the image size to the standard or custom paper size you have selected. For example, if you have selected ISO A2 as the paper size and you print an A3-sized image, it is enlarged to fit the A2 paper. If the ISO A4 paper size is selected, the printer reduces a larger image to fit the A4 size.
 - The **% of actual size** option enlarges the printable area of the original paper size (the page minus the margins) by the percentage indicated, then adds the margins to create the output paper size.
- **Using the front panel:** select the Setup menu icon , then **Printing preferences > Paper options > Resize**.

If you are printing to a single sheet, you must ensure that the image can actually fit onto the sheet, otherwise the image will be clipped.

Preview a print

Previewing a print on the screen allows you to check the layout of the print before printing, which may help you to avoid wasting paper and ink on a bad print.



NOTE: If you load sheet paper with skew checking disabled, the printer does not measure the length of the sheet, so the print preview will not be a reliable guide to the final printout.

- To preview a print under Windows, you have the following options:
 - Use your application's print preview option.
 - Check the **Show preview before printing** option, which you can find in the driver's **Paper/Quality** tab and **Features** tab. The preview may be provided in different ways, depending on your printer and printer driver.
- To preview a print under Mac OS X, you have the following options:
 - Use your application's print preview option.
 - Only with PostScript upgrade: open the **PDF** menu at the bottom left of your application's **Printing** panel. Select the **HP Print Preview** option, which opens the HP Print Preview application to display the final appearance of your printed image. Printing features, such as the ability to change paper size, paper type, and print quality, or rotate the image, can be changed on the fly.
- To preview a print using the Embedded Web Server, select **Basic settings > Hold for preview**.

Print 16-bit color images

In a 16-bit RGB image, each of the three primary colors is encoded by a 16-bit value, so that each pixel takes up 48 bits.

If you print your 16-bit color images through a printer driver, they will be reduced to 8-bit colors before they reach the printer.

In order to send a 16-bit color image to the printer, you must save it as a 16-bit color TIFF or JPEG file, then send the file directly to the printer without using a printer driver (see [Using the Embedded Web Server to print files on page 82](#)). In this case, color management is done on the 16-bit color image, and is therefore done more accurately. The image is still reduced to 8-bit colors for final printing.



TIP: Some applications refuse to save a 16-bit color image in JPEG format; others automatically reduce it to 8-bit colors. A TIFF file generally gives a higher-quality result, and is recommended.


Change the treatment of overlapping lines



NOTE: This topic applies only when printing an HP-GL/2 job.


The merge option controls the overlapping lines in an image. There are two settings:

- **Off:** where the lines cross, only the color of the top line is printed. This is the default setting.
- **On:** where the lines cross, the colors of the two lines merge.


To turn merge on, go to the front panel and select the Setup menu icon , then **Printing preferences > HP-GL/2 options > Enable merge**. You can set the merge option from your software in some applications. Settings in your software override the front-panel settings.

Print crop lines

Crop lines indicate where the paper should be cut to reduce it to your selected page size. You can print crop lines automatically with individual jobs in the following ways:

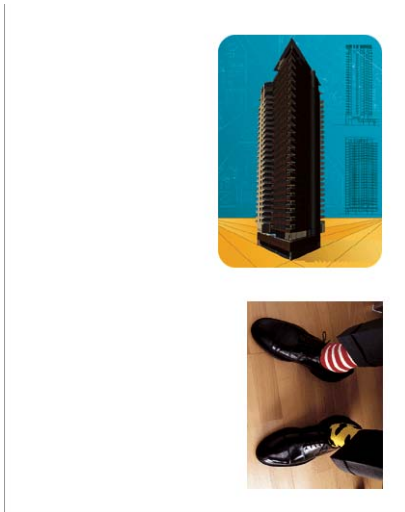
- **In the Windows driver dialog:** select the **Features** tab, then **Enable crop lines**.
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** go to the **Finishing** panel and select **crop lines**.
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Advanced settings** > **Roll options** > **Enable crop lines**.
- **Using the front panel:** select the Setup menu icon , then **Printing preferences** > **Paper options** > **Enable crop lines** > **On**.

To print crop lines with nested jobs (see [Nest jobs to save paper on page 91](#)), you must select a different option:

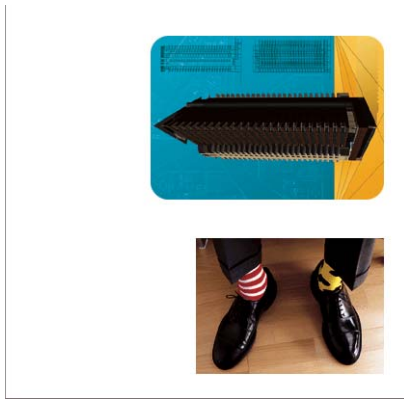
- **In the Embedded Web Server:** select **Job management** > **Use crop lines when nest is enabled** > **On**.
- **Using the front panel:** select the Setup menu icon , then **Job management** > **Nest options** > **Enable crop lines** > **On**.

Rotate an image


By default, images are printed with their shorter sides parallel to the leading edge of the paper, like this:




You may wish to rotate your images by 90 degrees in order to save paper, like this:




You can do this in the following ways:

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** select the **Features** tab, then **Rotate by 90 degrees**.
- **In the MAC OS X Print dialog:** go to the **Finishing** panel and select **Rotate by 90 degrees**.
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Advanced settings > Roll options > Rotate**.
- **In the front panel:** select the Setup menu icon , then **Printing preferences > Paper options > Rotate**.

 **NOTE:** If rotation is set from your computer, it overrides the setting in the front panel.

 **NOTE:** When you rotate a job, the page length may be increased to avoid clipping, because the top and bottom margins are usually larger than the side margins.


 **NOTE:** If you rotate an image to landscape whose original orientation was portrait, the paper may not be wide enough for the image. For example, rotating a portrait D/A1-size image on D/A1-size paper by 90 degrees will probably exceed the width of the paper. If you are using the Embedded Web Server, the preview screen will confirm this with a warning triangle.


Autorotate


The **Autorotate** option automatically rotates jobs by 90 degrees if doing so will save paper.


Autorotation allows you to defer the decision of rotating a page until printing time. This may be useful if you routinely work with different roll sizes and want to ensure that plots will not get clipped or waste unnecessary paper width if and when roll conditions change.


To enable autorotation:

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** select the **Features** tab, then **Autorotate**.
- **In the MAC OS X Print dialog:** go to the **Finishing** panel and select **Autorotate**.
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Advanced settings > Roll options > Autorotate**.
- **In the front panel:** select the Setup menu icon , then **Job management > Autorotate**.

 **NOTE:** If autorotation is set from your computer, it overrides the setting in the front panel.

 **NOTE:** If autorotation is enabled, the **Rotate** option is ignored.

 **NOTE:** The autorotate decision requires known page dimensions. Therefore, the job must have **When to Start Printing** set to **After Processing** (see [Select when to print a job in the queue on page 117](#)) and cannot have variable dimensions, which happens when **Fit to roll** or **Remove top/bottom blank areas** is used.

 **TIP:** Once the job is rendered and ready for reprints, autorotation may take a few minutes, depending on job dimensions and resolution. To speed up autorotated reprints, send the job to render when the roll configuration meets your planned scenario, and leave last-minute autorotation only to correct unexpected changes in roll conditions. This applies to TIFF/JPEG/PS/PDF jobs only.

Print in gray shades

You can convert all colors in your image to shades of gray in the following ways:

- **In your application program:** many programs provide this option.
- **In the Windows driver dialog:** go to the **Color** tab and look at the Color Options section. Select **Print in Grayscale**.
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** go to the **Color Options** panel and select **Grayscale** from the Mode drop-down list.
- **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Color > Color/Grayscale pure grays/Grayscale full set of inks > Print in grayscale**.

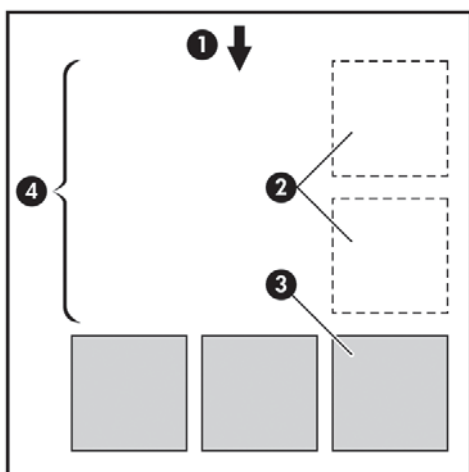
Use paper economically

Here are some recommendations for making economical use of paper:

- If you are printing relatively small images or document pages, you can use nesting to print them side by side instead of one after another. See [Nest jobs to save paper on page 91](#).
- If you are printing multipage documents with relatively small pages, you can print up to 16 of them on one sheet of paper. Use the **Pages per sheet** option in the **Features** tab (Windows driver) or the **Layout** panel (MAC OS X driver).
- You may be able to save some roll paper by using the following options:
 - **In the Windows driver dialog:** select the **Features** tab and then **Remove Top/Bottom Blank Areas** and/or **Rotate by 90 degrees** or **Autorotate**.
 - **In the MAC OS X Print dialog:** select the **Finishing** panel, then **Remove Top/Bottom Blank Areas** and/or **Rotate by 90 degrees** or **Autorotate**.
 - **On the Embedded Web Server's Submit Job page:** select **Advanced settings > Roll options > Remove top/bottom blank areas** and/or **Rotate**.
- If you check the print preview on your computer before printing, you can sometimes avoid wasting paper on prints containing obvious mistakes. See [Preview a print on page 87](#).

Nest jobs to save paper

Nesting means automatically printing images or document pages side by side on the paper, rather than one after the other. This is done to avoid wasting paper.



1. Direction of paper flow
2. Nesting off
3. Nesting on
4. Paper saved by nesting

When does the printer try to nest pages?

When **Nest** is **On** in the front panel's Job Management menu and the Embedded Web Server's Job Management page.

What pages can be nested?

All pages can be nested, unless they are so large that two of them cannot fit side by side on the roll, or unless there are too many of them to fit into the remaining length of the roll. A single group of nested pages cannot be split between two rolls.


Which pages qualify for nesting?

In order to be in the same nest, the individual pages must be compatible in all of the following ways:

- All pages must have the same print quality setting (**Economode**, **Fast**, **Normal** or **Best**).
- The **Max. resolution** and **Unidirectional** setting must be the same on all pages.
- The **Margins** setting must be the same for all pages.
- The **Mirror Image** setting must be the same for all pages.
- The **Cutter** setting must be the same for all pages.
- The color adjustment settings must be the same for all pages. See [Color-adjustment options on page 109](#).
- Pages must be all color, or all grayscale: not some in color and some in grayscale.
- All pages must be in one or other of the following two groups (the two groups cannot be mixed in the same nest):

- CALS/G4
- PostScript, PDF, TIFF, JPEG
- JPEG, TIFF and CALS/G4 pages with resolutions greater than 300 dpi may not nest with other pages in some cases.

How long does the printer wait for another file?

So that the printer can make the best nest possible, it waits after a file has been received to check whether a subsequent page will nest with it or with pages already in the queue. This waiting period is the nest wait time; the factory default nest wait time is two minutes. This means that the printer waits for up to two minutes after the last file is received before printing the final nest. You can change this waiting time from the printer's front panel: select the Setup menu icon , then **Job management options > Nest options > Select wait time**. The available range is 1 to 99 minutes.

While the printer is waiting for nesting to time out, it displays the remaining time on the front panel. You can print the nest (cancel the nest wait) by pressing the [Form feed and cut](#) key.

Use ink economically

Here are some recommendations for making economical use of ink.

- For draft prints, use plain paper and move the print-quality slider to the left end of the scale ('Speed'). For further economy, select custom print quality options, then select **Fast** and **Economode**.
- Clean the printheads only when needed, and clean only those printheads that need cleaning. Cleaning the printheads can be useful, but it uses ink.
- Leave the printer permanently turned on so that it can maintain the printheads in good condition automatically. This regular printhead maintenance uses a small amount of ink. However, if it is not done, the printer may need to use much more ink later to restore the health of the printheads. Even if sleep mode is enabled, the printer will wake up automatically to perform the printhead maintenance procedures to keep them in good health.
- Printing jobs in landscape format uses ink more efficiently than printing in portrait. The job will also be printed more quickly as less printhead passes are required. As the frequency of printhead maintenance procedures is related to the number of passes, fewer passes will mean fewer maintenance procedures that the printer takes time to prepare and uses ink to perform. Therefore, nesting jobs can save ink as well as saving paper (see [Nest jobs to save paper on page 91](#)).

 **TIP:** You are strongly recommended to leave the printer always on or in sleep mode, whenever possible, to maintain the health of the printheads.

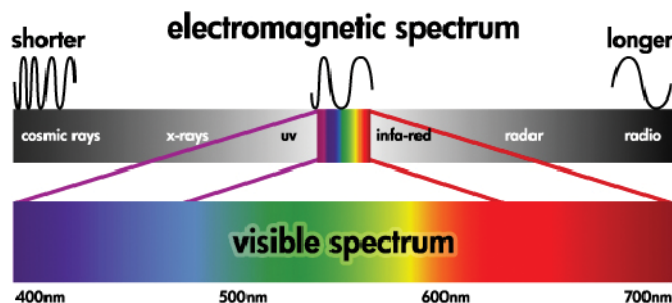
7 Color management

- [What is color?](#)
- [The problem: color in the computer world](#)
- [The solution: color management](#)
- [Color and your Z6800 Printer](#)
- [Color and your Z6600 Printer](#)
- [Color-management options](#)
- [Color-adjustment options](#)
- [HP Professional PANTONE* Emulation](#)
- [Color emulation modes](#)

What is color?

We see the world around us as steeped in color. Color is in the first instance simply an aspect of how we experience our environment and is therefore subjective. Our color experiences are closely related to brain activity that is triggered by signals that our eyes send to it. These signals undergo a complex and highly interlinked sequence of processing stages that make the relationship between what our eyes emit and what we experience anything but direct. The signals sent by the eye depend on the light-sensitive cells that line the back of our eyes, and they belong to three types, each sensitive to electromagnetic radiation of different physical properties (wavelengths). Such electromagnetic radiation is called light and objects appear to have certain colors because of how the objects interact with light (by emission, reflection, absorption, transmission, scattering, etc.).

Our individual experiences of color are also affected by our previous experiences and memories and by the way in which we put our experiences into language. Finally, environmental factors such as changes in lighting, scene content, or the proximity of other colors also have an effect, which makes the way in which we view a given display or print an essential part of the colors we see. Differences in all these aspects (from physiological differences between people, to differences in their past experiences, memories and linguistic tendencies) can result in people talking about colors differently even in response to the same light reflected from a single object. However, many similarities exist between how individuals experience color. You can make very specific judgments about color that others will also agree with when care is taken in the process. In conclusion we can say that color results from the interaction between light, objects, and a viewer, which makes it a very complex and to a large degree subjective phenomenon.



The problem: color in the computer world

Color-imaging devices such as printers, displays, projectors, and televisions create colors by using different methods and materials (colorants). Displays, for instance, use colorants that emit red (long wavelength), green (medium wavelength), and blue (short wavelength) light. A white color requires all three colorants and black requires that none of them be used (i.e. that no light be emitted). Devices that use light-emitting colorants are called additive, because the light from them is added together before it enters a viewer's eyes. Printers, on the other hand, use materials that absorb parts of the light that shines on them. They are called subtractive. Typical prints use cyan (red absorbing), magenta (green absorbing), and yellow (blue absorbing) inks and an additional black ink that absorbs light at all wavelengths. To get white using a printer requires not absorbing any of the light that illuminates a piece of paper and to get black, all of the inks need to be used to absorb all of the light that is present.

To control the output of color imaging devices, the following color spaces are normally used:

- **RGB (Red, Green, and Blue)** is the color space typically used for additive devices. A color is represented as a combination of specific quantities of red, green, and blue colorants that create the range of colors (color gamut) in the device.



NOTE: Colors in subtractive devices can also be controlled by using RGB data. Especially when control over the printer's black ink is unnecessary, this is an efficient option.

- **CMYK (Cyan, Magenta, Yellow, and Black)** is the color space for subtractive devices, such as printers or presses. A color is represented as a combination of cyan, magenta, yellow, and black (K) inks, and combinations provide the entire range of colors in the device.

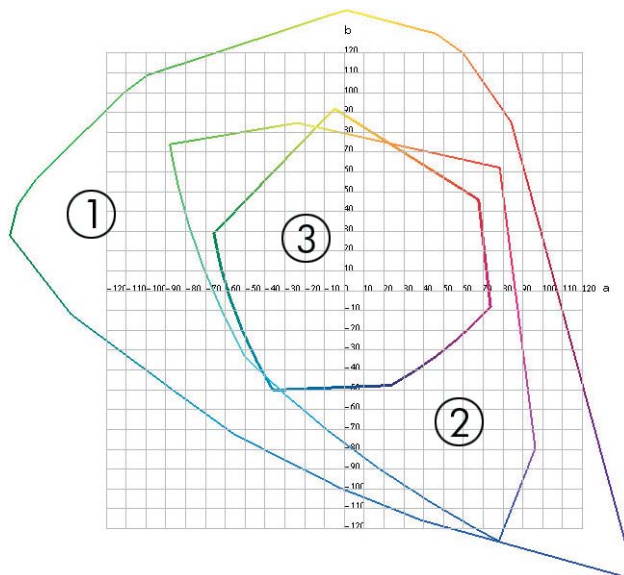
Color spaces are only methods of controlling different color-imaging devices. They do not describe colors directly. The same CMYK values, for example, create different colors when sent to different printers that use different inks and paper types. For example, consider a printer that can use indoor inks or outdoor inks. The printer (hardware) is the same, but it has two different color gamuts due to the different chemistry of the inks (dye-based versus pigmented). Furthermore, they need to work with different paper types, as ink interaction with the paper depends on its chemistry. Thus, the colors resulting from given CMYK values depend on the types of inks and papers that you use with a printer. If this is the case using the same printer, you can easily imagine how different results can be obtained with printers using different technologies and therefore using different ink chemistry.

The same happens with RGB-controlled devices. For example, imagine that two different monitors from the same manufacturer have their white points at 9600 K and 6500 K, respectively. Their colors are going to be different because they will be related to a different white point reference. The situation varies even more among monitors from different manufacturers. To emulate the standard color temperature of the graphic-arts industry, set the white point of your monitor to 5000 K (also called D50).



NOTE: The white point is the brightest neutral color that a device can reproduce or that is present in an image. The human visual system automatically adapts to the content of an image based on its white point.

Different devices do not give access to the same color gamuts: some colors that can be shown on a display cannot be matched in print, and vice versa. The following figure illustrates how the human eye perceives a larger range of colors than a typical display or printer. It also shows that the color gamuts in two different types of color-imaging devices do not match each other.



1. All colors
2. Computer monitor gamut
3. CMYK press gamut

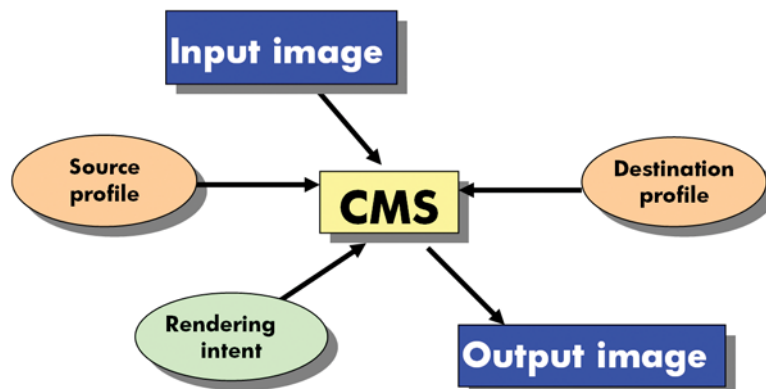
Some color spaces are not device-dependent, but instead represent how a viewer sees colors, such as CIE Lab or CIECAM02. These color spaces are defined by the CIE (Commission Internationale de l'Éclairage). The advantage of these spaces is that if two objects have the same CIELAB values, they look the same when viewed under the same conditions. Values in these spaces can be obtained from measuring the light emitted or reflected by an object.

The solution: color management

Many colors from an RGB-controlled device cannot be reproduced in a CMYK-controlled device, and vice versa. These colors are called “out-of-gamut” colors.

1. **Describe the color behavior of a device as accurately as possible by using an ICC profile.** The color behavior of a device can be described by taking various RGB or CMYK combinations, sending them to a device, measuring the resulting output, and expressing it in a device-independent color space (for example, CIE Lab). The resulting relationship is stored in an ICC profile, which is a standard file that translates the color space of a device (CMYK or RGB) to a device-independent color space (for example CIE Lab). The process of generating an ICC profile is called profiling.
2. **Convert colors as effectively as possible by using a Color Management System (CMS).** A CMS is software that uses information from ICC profiles to transform the color space of one device (defined by a source profile) into the color space of another device (defined by a destination profile). In this solution, difficulties arise with the colors that exist in the gamut that one device uses and that the other does not use.

The following four settings describe a CMS:



- **CMS:** Color Management System. The software that converts the color information that is stored in the input image (defined by a source profile) into an output image that has the color space specified by a destination profile. Many different CMSs are on the market: in software programs, in operating systems, and in printing software, including the Z6200 internal RIP.
- **Source profile:** a description of the color behavior of the input device
- **Destination profile:** a description of the color behavior of the output device
- **Rendering intent:** the most difficult challenge in color management is when a color in the source gamut does not correspond directly to a color in the destination gamut. When a perfect match is not possible, choices must be made about how to treat gamut differences. These choices are called rendering intent. There are four different possibilities depending on the final output that you want to achieve.
 - Use **Perceptual** for the most pleasing final output. It is suitable for photographic content.
 - Use **Saturation** for vivid final output. It is suitable for business graphics (charts, presentations, and so on), but is not recommended for color matching.

- Use **Relative Colorimetric** for press proofing. This rendering intent provides a match for colors that are inside both the source and destination gamuts, and minimizes differences when a match is not possible.
- Use **Absolute Colorimetric** for press proofing (like Relative Colorimetric), when you also want to simulate the color of the source's paper.

The following are the most commonly used device color spaces and profiles:

- **RGB mode:**
 - **sRGB (sRGB IEC61966-2.1):** for images that typically originate from consumer digital cameras and scanners and from the Web
 - **Adobe® RGB (1998):** for images that typically originate from professional digital cameras
 - **Specific RGB device space:** for images that are coming from or going to a specific RGB device that has been profiled
- **CMYK mode:**
 - **SWOP:** Specifications for Web Offset Publications, a set of press standards that have been defined for a typical U.S. press and for different types of paper stock
 - **ISO 12647-2:** a set of press standards that have been defined by the International Standards Organization for different types of paper. Some examples of the definitions include Coated, Uncoated, and so on.
 - **Other regional standards:** Euroscale, JMPA, Japan Color
 - **Specific CMYK device space:** for images that are coming from or going to a specific CMYK device that has been profiled.

Color and your Z6800 Printer

As a creative professional, predictable and dependable results from your printer are essential to getting your job done. Predictability is a key element of an efficient color workflow. You need prints that match your expectations and that generate neutral grays and correct colors on your selected paper, print-to-print and printer-to-printer. Dependability ensures that every print is free of print-quality defects and ready to use or send to your customer. You save time and effort and avoid wasting ink and paper, and you can meet demanding production schedules with confidence.

The Z6800 printer have been engineered with advanced hardware and driver features to ensure predictable and dependable results, and offer dramatic improvements in efficiency and control for your color workflow.

HP Embedded Spectrophotometer

The Z6800 printer series revolutionizes professional color workflows by using a built-in spectrophotometer for color calibration and profiling.

A spectrophotometer is a precision instrument that can determine the exact composition of the light that is reflected from a color patch. It splits the reflected light into different wavelength components and measures the strength of each component. The HP Embedded Spectrophotometer is mounted on the printhead carriage.

The Z6800 printers use the spectrophotometer to generate custom ICC profiles automatically for your preferred paper types. It then calibrates the printers to deliver print-to-print and printer-to-printer

consistency with less than half the color error of earlier HP Designjets, under all environmental conditions, and even on unknown (not factory-profiled) paper types. A built-in white calibration tile, which is protected by an automatic shutter, ensures reliable measurements that meet international standards.

The printer, color-imaging pipeline, and professional-quality spectrophotometer with GretagMacbeth i1 color technology are integrated with the HP Color Center software for the Z6800. Giving the calibration and profiling processes direct access to the writing system allows precise control of ink levels and color separations for each printed color patch. The automated measurement process eliminates the need to handle the test print, provides repeatable drying times, and allows fast measurements with precise electromechanical positioning of the spectrophotometer over the color patch. This provides unprecedented ease of use and matches or exceeds the performance of more expensive offline, handheld profiling systems.

A summary of the color-management process

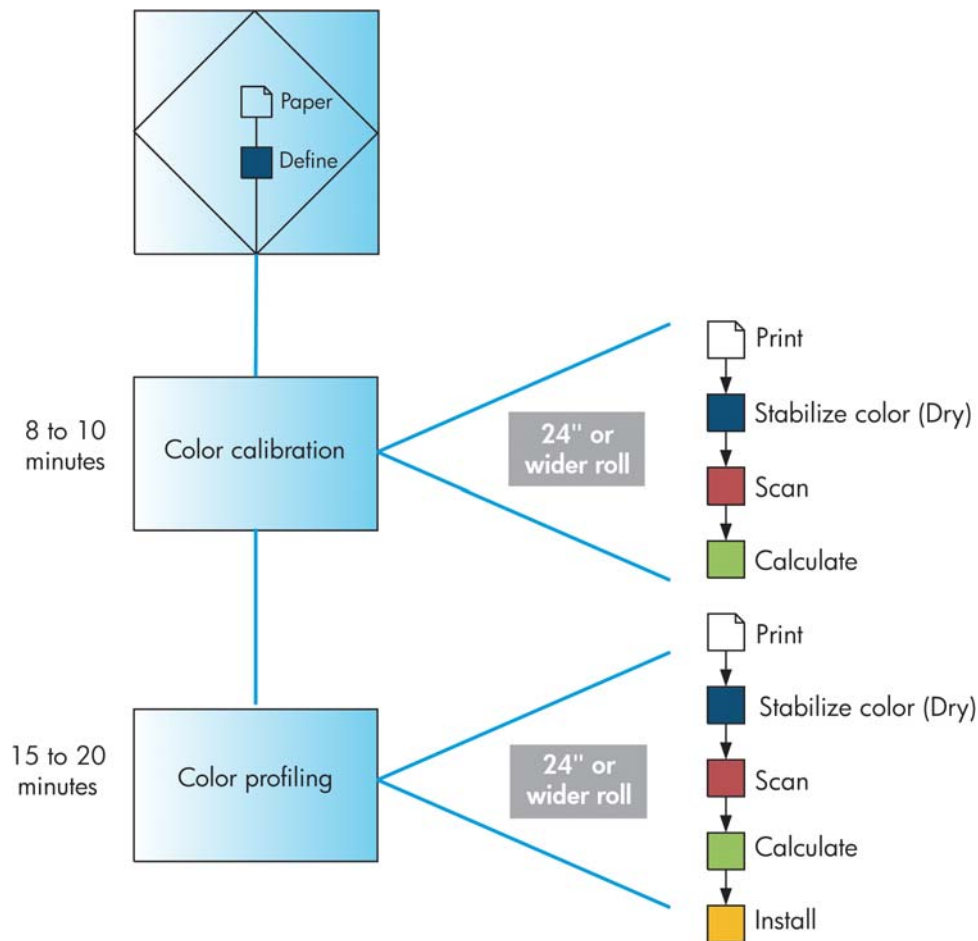
To get the accurate and consistent colors that you want, follow these steps for each paper type that you use.

1. If the printer does not recognize your paper type, add the type to the printer's list of known papers. See [Use non-HP paper on page 45](#). Typical users might add a few custom paper types every year.
2. Color-calibrate the paper type to ensure consistent colors. Perform this calibration when a printer alert recommends this calibration (typically, every few weeks for each paper type you use). In addition, calibrate immediately before a particularly important print job in which color consistency is vital.
3. Color-profile the paper type to ensure accurate colors. Profiling does not normally need to be repeated; after you have a profile for a particular paper type, you can continue to use it. However, re-profiling does no harm, and some users repeat the profiling process every month to ensure that the profile is up-to-date.
4. When printing, select the correct color profile for the paper type that you are using.

Paper types that are defined in the printer also have color profiles stored in the printer. However, HP recommends that you calibrate the paper before using it.

If you define a new paper type, the printer automatically leads you through calibration and profiling.

The following diagram shows the operations that the HP Color Center performs, in order.



NOTE: You can perform all three operations in sequence, as shown. You can also choose to start with or stop after any of the three operations. However, color calibration is performed automatically after you add a new paper type.


Color calibration

Your printer uses color calibration to produce consistent colors with the specific printheads, inks, and paper type that you are using, and in your particular environmental conditions. After color calibration, you can expect to get identical prints from any two different printers that are situated in different geographical locations.

Calibration should be done in any of the following circumstances:

- Whenever a printhead is replaced
- Whenever a new paper type is introduced that has not yet been calibrated with the current set of printheads
- Whenever a certain amount of printing has been done since the last calibration
- Whenever the printer has been turned off for a long period of time
- Whenever the environmental conditions (temperature and humidity) change significantly

The printer usually reminds you with an alert whenever you need to perform color calibration, unless you have disabled the alerts. However, if the environmental conditions change, the printer will not be aware of it.

You can check the color calibration status of the currently loaded paper at any time by selecting the  icon, then **View loaded paper**. The status can be one of the following conditions:

- Pending: the paper has not been calibrated



NOTE: Whenever you update the printer's firmware, the color calibration status of all papers is reset to PENDING. See [Update the printer firmware on page 143](#).

- Recommend: the printer software recommends that you calibrate the printer because it has recognized a condition that might require calibration
- Obsolete: the paper has been calibrated, but the calibration is now out of date and should be repeated
- OK: the paper has been calibrated, and the calibration is up to date
- Disabled: this paper cannot be calibrated




NOTE: Colored papers; glossy canvas; and transparent materials such as translucent bond, clear film, tracing paper; and vellum are not suitable for color calibration.

You can also check the color calibration status by using the HP Designjet Utility.

Calibrate a paper type before creating its color profile. Later recalibration does not require a new color profile.

You can start color calibration in the following ways:

- From the printer alert that recommends calibration
- From the HP Color Center: select **Calibrate Your Printer**
- From the front panel: select the  icon, then **Calibrate color**

After launching calibration, the process is fully automatic and can be performed unattended after you have loaded appropriate paper. The paper must be at least 24 inches wide.

The process takes about 8 minutes and consists of the following steps.

1. A calibration test chart is printed, which contains patches of each ink that your printer uses.



2. To stabilize the colors, the test chart dries for a period of time that depends on the paper type.
3. The HP Embedded Spectrophotometer scans and measures the test chart.
4. The printer uses the measurements to calculate the necessary correction factors for consistent color printing on that paper type. It also calculates the maximum amount of each ink that can be applied to the paper.

Color profiling

Color calibration provides consistent colors, but consistent colors are not necessarily accurate colors.

In order to print accurate colors, convert the color values in your files to the color values that will produce the correct colors when using your printer, your inks, and your paper. An ICC color profile is a description of a printer, ink, and paper combination that contains all the information for these color conversions.

When you have defined and calibrated a new paper type, the printer is ready to create a ICC profile for use with your paper, which allows you to print on it with the best possible color accuracy.

Alternatively, if your paper type is already known to the printer, you already have its appropriate ICC profile.

Create your own profile


Create a color profile easily by using the HP Color Center to select **Create and Install ICC Profile**.

The printer prompts for information about the paper, and then creates and installs the new profile automatically.

The process takes about 15 to 20 minutes and consists of the following steps.


1. A profiling test chart is printed, which contains patches of each ink used in your printer. Unlike a calibration test chart, most of the patches contain combinations of ink.



 **NOTE:** To use a longer drying time, instruct the HP Color Center to create the test chart without creating a profile (Windows: select **Print target only**; MAC OS X: select **Print ICC profiling chart**). Later, when the chart is completely dry, restart the HP Color Center and request a profile that uses the test chart that you have already created (Windows: select **Create ICC profile from a target that has already been printed**; MAC OS X: select **Scan ICC profiling chart and create ICC profile**). The scan will begin after the spectrophotometer warms up.

2. The HP Embedded Spectrophotometer scans and measures the test chart.
3. The printer uses the measurements to calculate the necessary correction factors for consistent color printing on that paper type. It also calculates the maximum amount of each ink that can be applied to the paper.
4. The new ICC profile is stored in the correct system folder on your computer, where your software programs can find it.

The profile is also stored in the printer so other computers that are connected to the same printer can copy it. A profile can be accessed and used as soon as a job is submitted from the Embedded Web Server. The HP Designjet Utility will notify you if your printer has profiles that are not yet stored on your computer.

 **NOTE:** You might need to quit and restart some programs in order to use a profile that has just been created.

Use a third-party profile

If you have obtained an ICC profile through means other than using the printer's built-in profiling software (for instance from an Internet download or a third-party profiling software package), you can install it for use with your printer and paper.

The printer needs to know which paper type the profile corresponds to. First select a paper type from the list of papers that the printer recognizes. When selecting a paper type, try to pick one that resembles your actual paper type as closely as possible. The paper type determines the amount of ink that is used and other basic

printing parameters, so making a good choice here is fundamental to achieving good results later on. If you find that you cannot obtain satisfactory results with the profile and paper type that you picked, try selecting different types, and use the one that works best.

If the paper that you are using is not listed, or if you cannot find a paper type that resembles yours closely enough, you can define a new type. See [Use non-HP paper on page 45](#). The printer then calibrates itself for use with that paper, after which you can return to installing the ICC profile.

After you have selected the paper type, browse to the file that contains the ICC profile to use with your printer and paper. Normally, ICC profile file names end in the extension “.icc” (for International Color Consortium) or “.icm” (for Image Color Matching). The profile is stored in the correct system folder on your computer, and in the printer.

Profile your monitor

Also calibrate and profile your monitor (display device), so that the colors you see on the screen relate more closely to those that you see on your prints. In the HP Color Center, select **How To Calibrate Your Display** for further information.

Color and your Z6600 Printer

As a creative professional, predictable and dependable results from your printer are essential to getting your job done. Predictability is a key element of an efficient color workflow. You need prints that match your expectations and that generate neutral grays and correct colors on your selected paper, print-to-print and printer-to-printer. Dependability ensures that every print is free of print-quality defects and ready to use or send to your customer. You save time and effort and avoid wasting ink and paper, and you can meet demanding production schedules with confidence.

The Z6600 printer have been engineered with advanced hardware and driver features to ensure predictable and dependable results, and offer dramatic improvements in efficiency and control for your color workflow.

A summary of the color-management process

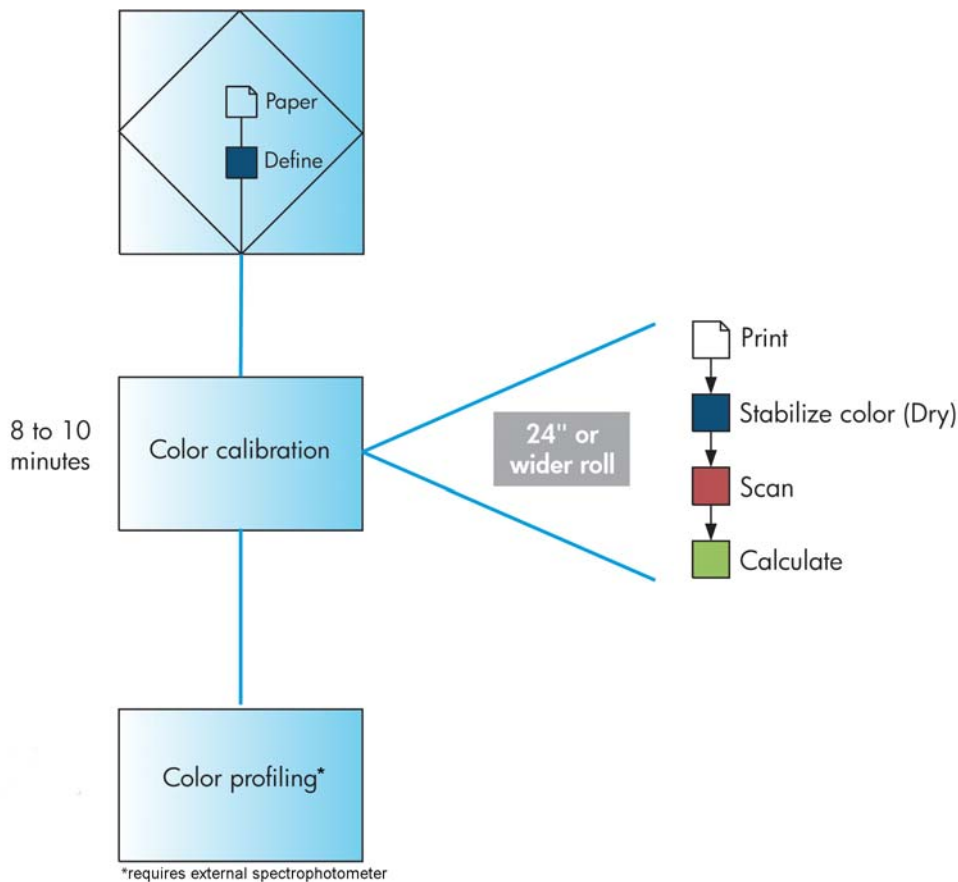
To get the accurate and consistent colors that you want, follow these steps for each paper type that you use.


1. If the printer does not recognize your paper type, add the type to the printer's list of known papers. See [Use non-HP paper on page 45](#). Typical users might add a few custom paper types every year.
2. Color-calibrate the paper type to ensure consistent colors. Perform this calibration when a printer alert recommends this calibration (typically, every few weeks for each paper type you use). In addition, calibrate immediately before a particularly important print job in which color consistency is vital.
3. Color-profile the paper type to ensure accurate colors. Profiling does not normally need to be repeated; after you have a profile for a particular paper type, you can continue to use it. However, re-profiling does no harm, and some users repeat the profiling process every month to ensure that the profile is up-to-date. This step needs to be done with an external spectrophotometer.
4. When printing, select the correct color profile for the paper type that you are using.

Paper types that are defined in the printer also have color profiles stored in the printer. However, HP recommends that you calibrate the paper before using it.

If you define a new paper type, the printer automatically leads you through calibration and profiling.

The following diagram shows the operations that the HP Color Center performs, in order.



 **NOTE:** Color calibration is performed automatically after you add a new paper type. However, color profiling requires the creation of a profile externally.


Color calibration

Your printer uses color calibration to produce consistent colors with the specific printheads, inks, and paper type that you are using, and in your particular environmental conditions. After color calibration, you can expect to get identical prints from any two different printers that are situated in different geographical locations.

Calibration should be done in any of the following circumstances:

- Whenever a printhead is replaced
- Whenever a new paper type is introduced that has not yet been calibrated with the current set of printheads
- Whenever a certain amount of printing has been done since the last calibration
- Whenever the printer has been turned off for a long period of time
- Whenever the environmental conditions (temperature and humidity) change significantly

The printer usually reminds you with an alert whenever you need to perform color calibration, unless you have disabled the alerts. However, if the environmental conditions change, the printer will not be aware of it.

You can check the color calibration status of the currently loaded paper at any time by selecting the  icon, then **View loaded paper**. The status can be one of the following conditions:

- Pending: the paper has not been calibrated



NOTE: Whenever you update the printer's firmware, the color calibration status of all papers is reset to PENDING. See [Update the printer firmware on page 143](#).

- Recommend: the printer software recommends that you calibrate the printer because it has recognized a condition that might require calibration
- Obsolete: the paper has been calibrated, but the calibration is now out of date and should be repeated
- OK: the paper has been calibrated, and the calibration is up to date
- Disabled: this paper cannot be calibrated




NOTE: Colored papers; glossy canvas; and transparent materials such as translucent bond, clear film, tracing paper; and vellum are not suitable for color calibration.

You can also check the color calibration status by using the HP Designjet Utility.

Calibrate a paper type before creating its color profile. Later recalibration does not require a new color profile.

You can start color calibration in the following ways:

- From the printer alert that recommends calibration
- From the HP Color Center: select **Calibrate Your Printer**
- From the front panel: select the  icon, then **Calibrate color**

After launching calibration, the process is fully automatic and can be performed unattended after you have loaded appropriate paper. The paper must be at least 24 inches wide.

The process takes about 8 minutes and consists of the following steps.

1. A calibration test chart is printed, which contains patches of each ink that your printer uses.



2. To stabilize the colors, the test chart dries for a period of time that depends on the paper type.
3. The printer scans and measures the test chart to calculate the correction required to achieve consistent color printing on that paper type. It also calculates the maximum amount of each ink that can be applied to the paper.

Color profiling

Color calibration provides consistent colors, but consistent colors are not necessarily accurate colors.

In order to print accurate colors, convert the color values in your files to the color values that will produce the correct colors when using your printer, your inks, and your paper. An ICC color profile is a description of a printer, ink, and paper combination that contains all the information for these color conversions.

When you have defined and calibrated a new paper type, the printer is ready to create a ICC profile for use with your paper, which allows you to print on it with the best possible color accuracy.

Alternatively, if your paper type is already known to the printer, you already have its appropriate ICC profile.

Create your own profile

This option is not available in your printer and requires an external spectrophotometer.

Use a third-party profile

You can use a third-party profile (for instance, from an Internet download or a profiling software package).

The printer needs to know which paper type the profile corresponds to. First select a paper type from the list of papers that the printer recognizes. When selecting a paper type, try to pick one that resembles your actual paper type as closely as possible. The paper type determines the amount of ink that is used and other basic printing parameters, so making a good choice here is fundamental to achieving good results later on. If you find that you cannot obtain satisfactory results with the profile and paper type that you picked, try selecting different types, and use the one that works best.

If the paper that you are using is not listed, or if you cannot find a paper type that resembles yours closely enough, you can define a new type. See [Use non-HP paper on page 45](#). The printer then calibrates itself for use with that paper, after which you can return to installing the ICC profile.

After you have selected the paper type, browse to the file that contains the ICC profile to use with your printer and paper. Normally, ICC profile file names end in the extension “.icc” (for International Color Consortium) or “.icm” (for Image Color Matching). The profile is stored in the correct system folder on your computer, and in the printer.

Profile your monitor

Also calibrate and profile your monitor (display device), so that the colors you see on the screen relate more closely to those that you see on your prints. In the HP Color Center, select **How To Calibrate Your Display** for further information.

Color-management options

The aim of color management is to reproduce colors as accurately as possible on all devices: so that, when you print an image, you see very similar colors as when you view the same image on your monitor.

There are two basic approaches to color management for your printer:

- **Application-Managed Colors:** in this case your application program must convert the colors of your image to the color space of your printer and paper type, using the ICC profile embedded in the image and the ICC profile of your printer and paper type.
- **Printer-Managed Colors:** in this case your application program sends your image to the printer without any color conversion, and the printer converts the colors to its own color space. The details of this process depend on the graphics language that you are using.
 - **PostScript:** the PostScript interpreter module inside the printer performs the color conversion using the profiles stored in the printer (including those generated by the HP Color Center) and any additional profiles sent with the PostScript job. This kind of color management is done when you are using the PostScript driver and you specify printer color management or when you send a

PostScript, PDF, TIFF or JPEG file directly to the printer through the Embedded Web Server. In either case you have to select the profiles to use as default (in case the job doesn't specify any).

- **Non-PostScript (HP-GL/2, RTL):** the color management is done using a set of stored ICC profiles. This method is somewhat less versatile than the previous methods, but is a little simpler and faster, and can produce good results with standard HP paper types. This kind of color management is done when you are using a non-PostScript driver and you specify printer color management.

There are only two color spaces that the printer can convert to its own color space using the stored profiles: Adobe RGB and sRGB.

You are recommended to consult the Knowledge Center at <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6600/support/> or <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6800/support/> according to your printer model, to see how to use the color management options of your particular application.

To choose between **Application-Managed Colors** and **Printer-Managed Colors**:

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** select the **Color** tab.
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** select the **Color Options** panel.
- **In some applications:** you can make this choice in the application.

Color management example with Photoshop

In this example, you have an Adobe RGB image that you want to print from Photoshop. There are three ways of doing it.

- Select **Let Photoshop determine colors** in Photoshop. Select **Application-Managed Colors** in the printer driver. Color management is done in Photoshop. This is the recommended way.
- Select **Let printer determine colors** in Photoshop. Select **Printer-Managed Colors** and the sRGB profile in the printer driver. Photoshop converts the image from Adobe RGB to sRGB and sends it to the printer. Color management is done in the printer. Unfortunately, conversion to sRGB results in a loss of gamut, but Photoshop cannot be prevented from converting to sRGB when **Let printer determine colors** is selected.
- Select **No color management** in Photoshop. Select **Printer-Managed Colors** and the AdobeRGB profile in the printer driver. Photoshop does not perform any conversion, there is no loss of gamut, and color management is done in the printer. However, this method will not work if you are using synchronized color management in Photoshop (see below).

Synchronized color management with Photoshop

If you are using Adobe Photoshop CS2 for MAC OS X, or Adobe Photoshop CS3 for Windows, or later versions, the color management options can be automatically synchronized between Photoshop and the driver.

- If you select **Let Photoshop determine colors** or **No color management** in Photoshop, **Application-Managed Colors** is automatically selected in the driver.
- If you select **Let printer determine colors** in Photoshop, **Printer-Managed Colors** is automatically selected in the driver. The PostScript driver will use the color profile attached to the job by Photoshop.

To enable this Photoshop synchronization under Windows XP, you must download and install the following free software packages from Microsoft's Web site:

- Microsoft Core XML Services (MSXML) 6.0
- Microsoft XML Paper Specification Essentials Pack 1.0

Color-adjustment options

The aim of color management is to print accurate colors. If you perform color management correctly, then you should be able to print accurate colors with no need of any manual color adjustments.

However, manual adjustments may be useful in the following situations:

- If your color management is not working correctly for some reason
- If you want colors that are subjectively pleasing rather than accurate

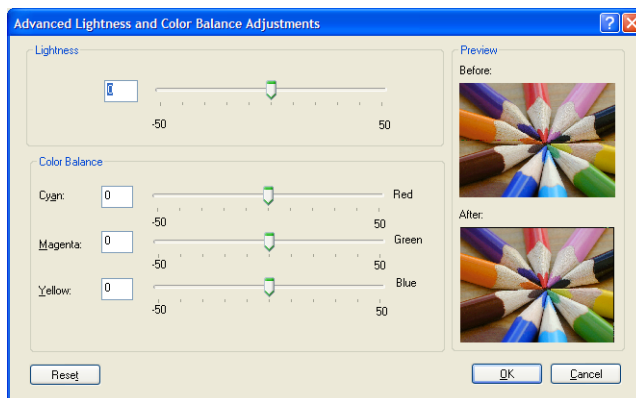
The printer driver provides different adjustment facilities depending on whether you are printing in color or in grayscale. If you are printing in pure black and white, there are no color adjustment options.

Printing in color

You can adjust the colors of your print under Windows:

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** select the **Color** tab, ensure that the **Advanced color adjustments** box is checked, then press the **Settings** button beside it.

Under either operating system, you will then be able to make adjustments using a lightness slider and three color sliders.



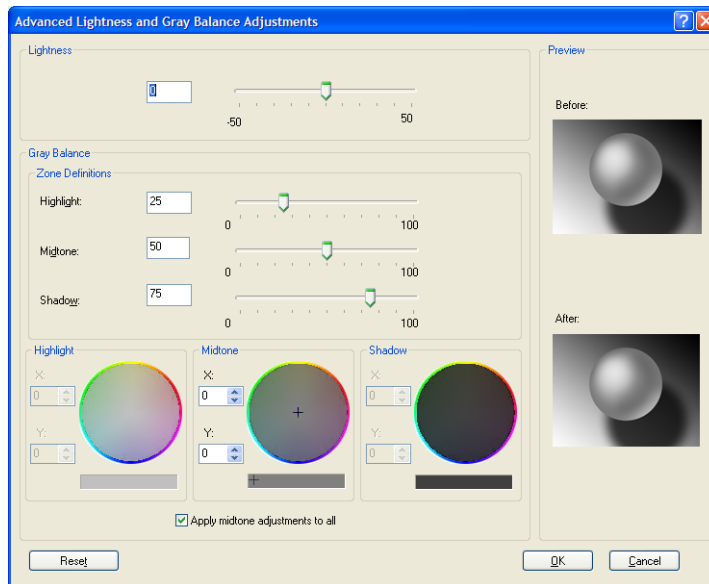
- The lightness slider simply makes the whole print lighter or darker.
- The color sliders can be used to fade or emphasize each of the primary colors in the print. The primary colors may be red, green and blue; or cyan, magenta and yellow; depending on the color model used in the image.

The **Reset All** button restores each slider to its default central position.

Printing in grayscale

You can adjust the gray balance of your print in similar ways under Windows and MAC OS X:

- **In the Windows driver dialog:** select the **Color** tab, ensure that the **Advanced color adjustments** box is checked, then press the **Settings** button beside it. You will then be able to make adjustments using separate controls for highlights, midtones and shadows.
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** go to the **Color Options** panel and select **Grayscale** from the Mode dropdown list. You can also select **Pure Black and White** if you want only black and white, without gray shades.



- The lightness slider simply makes the whole print lighter or darker. This slider is available in the same window as the other grayscale controls, except under Mac OS X 10.4, where it is available by selecting **Lightness and Hue**.
- The zone definition sliders can be used to define what you mean by highlight, midtone and shadow.
- The other controls for highlight, midtone and shadow can be used to adjust the gray balance of highlights, midtones and shadows respectively.


The **Reset All** button restores each control to its default setting.

HP Professional PANTONE* Emulation

When you use a named PANTONE* color in an image, your software program normally sends a CMYK or RGB approximation to that color to the printer. However, instead of taking the printer or the paper type into account, the software merely produces a generic approximation of the PANTONE* color, that looks different on different printers and on different papers.

HP Professional PANTONE* Emulation takes into account the characteristics of the printer and the paper type. The results look as similar to the original PANTONE* colors as is possible on a given printer using a given paper type. This technology is designed to produce emulations that are similar to those that prepress professionals establish.

To use HP Professional PANTONE* Emulation, just turn it on.

- With the Windows PostScript printer driver: click the **Color** tab, and then select **HP Professional PANTONE Emulation**.
- In the Mac OS X Print dialog: go to the **Color Options** panel, and then select **HP Professional PANTONE Emulation**.
- Through the Embedded Web Server: select the **Submit Job** page, and then select **Color > HP Professional PANTONE Emulation**.
- On the front panel: select the  icon, and then select **Printing preferences > Color options > HP Professional PANTONE Emulation**.



NOTE: HP Professional PANTONE* Emulation is available only when printing a PostScript or PDF job.


You can also use the Embedded Web Server to print a swatch book that shows emulations of PANTONE* colors from your printer, along with a measure of the color difference (ΔE) between each emulation and the original PANTONE* spot color. HP Professional PANTONE* Emulation not only provides the closest match that can be achieved on your printer; but also provides clear information about how close the emulation is to the original spot color.

To print a swatch book, click the Embedded Web Server **Main** tab, and then select **HP Professional PANTONE* Emulation**. Select the PANTONE* stock to emulate, and then select the PANTONE* colors that you want to print. When you have selected all the colors that you want, click the **Print** button.

HP Professional PANTONE emulation hp HP Sample Printer	HP Professional PANTONE emulation hp HP Sample Printer
 PANTONE RGB 252 252 9 Yellow C ΔE 13.29	 PANTONE RGB 246 207 243 217 C ΔE 3.98
 PANTONE RGB 252 249 8 Yellow 012 C ΔE 16.15	 PANTONE RGB 249 135 235 218 C ΔE 3.17
 PANTONE RGB 251 92 10 Orange 021 C ΔE 9.81	 PANTONE RGB 245 51 215 219 C ΔE 5.73
 PANTONE RGB 246 65 68 Warm Red C ΔE 7.03	 PANTONE RGB 244 19 182 Rubine Red C ΔE 6.29
 PANTONE RGB 243 41 74 Red 032 C ΔE 8.94	 PANTONE RGB 210 7 167 221 C ΔE 3.83
 PANTONE RGB 244 19 182 Rubine Red C ΔE 6.29	 PANTONE RGB 184 6 146 222 C ΔE 4.09
 PANTONE RGB 246 56 230 Rhodamine Red C ΔE 11.16 1.1 C	 PANTONE RGB 134 8 107 19 C ΔE 1.68
 HP Sample Paper sample print mode	 HP Sample Paper sample print mode

Color emulation modes

If you want to print a particular print job and to see approximately the same colors that you would get from printing the same job on a different HP Designjet series printer, use the printer's emulation mode.

- In the Windows driver: click the **Color** tab, select **Printer Managed Colors**, and then select **Printer Emulation** from the **Source profile** drop-down menu. Then select from the **Emulated printer** drop-down menu.
- **In the Mac OS X Print dialog:** select the **Color Options** panel, and then select the **Printer Emulation** from the Color Management list.
- On the front panel: select the  icon, and then select **Printing preferences > Color options > Emulate Printer**.
- Through the Embedded Web Server: select the **Submit Job** page, and then **Job settings > Advanced settings > Color > Color management** and the desired emulation mode.

The HP Designjet Z6800 Printer can emulate the following printers:

- HP Designjet 5500 Dye series
- HP Designjet Z6100
- HP Designjet Z6600

No emulations are available for the Z6600.

The following table shows approved combinations of print-quality settings and papers for the best printer-emulation results.

	Best	Normal	Fast
HP Premium Instant-Dry Gloss Photo Paper	Yes	Yes	No
HP Universal Instant-Dry Photo Gloss	Yes	Yes	No
HP Heavyweight Coated Paper	Yes	Yes	Yes
HP Coated Paper	Yes	Yes	Yes
HP Bright White Inkjet Bond Paper	Yes	Yes	Yes

CMYK color emulation

All CMYK emulation options apply to PDF, PostScript, TIFF, and JPEG files only.

A traditional workflow defines color in the CMYK space. For best results, the colors must be adjusted to the printer, because different printers will produce different colors from the same CMYK data. If the image file that you are printing was not created specifically for your printer, it will require some readjustment, which can be done using one of the following options provided with your printer:

- **None (Native):** no emulation. The printer will use its default internal conversion from CMYK to RGB, without following any color standard. This does not imply that results will be bad.
- **ISO Coated 2-ECI** is based on the characterization dataset FOGRA39L.txt, applicable to the following reference printing conditions according to the international standard ISO 12647-2:2004/Amd 1: commercial and specialty offset, paper type 1 and 2, gloss or matt coated paper, positive plates, tone value increase curves A (CMY) and B (K), white backing.
- **Coated GRACoL 2006-ISO12647** provides GRACoL proofing and printing on Grade 1 coated paper, ISO 12647-2 Paper type 1.
- **PSO Uncoated ISO12647-ECI** is based on the characterization data set FOGRA47L.txt, applicable to the following reference printing condition according to the international standards ISO 12647- 2:2004 and ISO 12647-2:2004/Amd 1:2007: commercial and specialty offset, paper type 4, uncoated white paper, positive plates, tone value increase curves C (CMY) and D (K), white backing.
- **PSO LWC Improved-ECI** is based on the characterization data set FOGRA45L.txt, applicable to the following reference printing condition according to the international standards ISO 12647-2:2004 and ISO 12647-2:2004/Amd 1:2007: commercial and specialty offset, improved LWC paper (light weight coating), positive plates, tone value increase curves B (CMY) and C (K), white backing.
- **Web Coated SWOP 2006 Grade 3** provides SWOP® proofing and printing on U.S. Grade 3 coated publication paper.
- **Web Coated SWOP 2006 Grade 5** provides SWOP® proofing and printing on U.S. Grade 5 coated publication paper.
- **U.S. Sheetfed Coated 2** uses specifications designed to produce quality separations using U.S. inks under the following printing conditions: 350% total area of ink coverage, negative plate, bright white offset stock.
- **U.S. Sheetfed Uncoated 2** uses specifications designed to produce quality separations using U.S. inks under the following printing conditions: 260% total area of ink coverage, negative plate, uncoated white offset stock.
- **U.S. Web Coated (SWOP) 2** uses specifications designed to produce quality separations using U.S. inks under the following printing conditions: 300% total area of ink coverage, negative plate, coated publication-grade stock.
- **U.S. Web Uncoated 2** uses specifications designed to produce quality separations using U.S. inks under the following printing conditions: 260% total area of ink coverage, negative plate, uncoated white offset stock.
- **Euroscale Uncoated 2** uses specifications designed to produce quality separations using Euroscale inks under the following printing conditions: 260% total area of ink coverage, positive plate, uncoated white offset stock.
- **Japan Web Coated (Ad)** uses specifications developed by the Japan Magazine Publisher Association for digital proofing of images in the Japanese magazine/advertising market.
- **Japan Color 2001 Coated** uses the Japan Color 2001 specification for type 3 (coated) paper. It is designed to produce quality separations using 350% total ink coverage, positive film and coated paper.
- **Japan Color 2001 Uncoated** uses the Japan Color 2001 specification for type 4 (uncoated) paper. It is designed to produce quality separations using 310% total ink coverage, positive film and uncoated paper.

- **Japan Color 2002 Newspaper** uses the Japan Color 2002 for Newspapers specification. It is designed to produce quality separations using 240% total ink coverage, positive film and standard newsprint paper.
- **Japan Color 2003 WebCoated** is for type 3 coated paper. It is designed to produce quality separations for standard ISO printing using 320% total ink coverage, positive film, and coated paper on heat-set web offset presses.
- **JMPA**: Japanese standard for offset press.
- **Toyo** is designed to produce quality separations for Toyo printing presses.
- **DIC** is designed to produce quality separations for Dainippon Ink Company printing presses.



NOTE: These options have no effect if the software defines its own CMYK space, known as calibrated CMYK or CIEBasedDEFG in PostScript terminology.

RGB color emulation

These options apply to PDF, PostScript, TIFF, and JPEG files. For HP-GL/2 and RTL files, only sRGB and AdobeRGB are supported.

If you want to print an RGB image, it must be converted to CMYK data. You might be able to do the conversion in the software or operating system. To perform this conversion on the printer, use the following color profiles:

- **None (Native)**: no emulation. The printer uses its default internal conversion from RGB to CMYK, without following any color standard. This does not imply that results will be bad.
- **sRGB IEC61966-2.1** emulates the characteristics of the average PC monitor. This standard space is endorsed by many hardware and software manufacturers, and is becoming the default color space for many scanners, printers, and software programs.
- **ColorMatch RGB** emulates the native color space of Radius Pressview monitors. This space provides a smaller gamut alternative to Adobe RGB (1998) for print-production work.
- **Apple RGB** emulates the characteristics of the average Apple monitor, and is used by a variety of desktop publishing applications. Use this space for files that you plan to display on Apple monitors, or for working with old desktop publishing files.
- **Adobe RGB (1998)** provides a fairly large gamut of RGB colors. Use this space if you need to do print-production work that includes a broad range of colors.

8 Job queue management

- [Embedded Web Server job queue page](#)
- [Job preview](#)
- [Turn off the job queue](#)
- [Pause the job queue](#)
- [Select when to print a job in the queue](#)
- [Identify a job in the queue](#)
- [Prioritize a job in the queue](#)
- [Delete a job from the queue](#)
- [Reprint or copy a job in the queue](#)
- [Job status messages](#)

Embedded Web Server job queue page

You can manage your printer's job queue from the HP Designjet Utility, see [Access the HP Designjet Utility on page 19](#), or the printer's Embedded Web Server, see [Access the Embedded Web Server on page 18](#).

The job queue page shows all jobs that are available in the printer job queue. It includes jobs that are being received, parsed, rendered, printed and already printed.

The following information is displayed for each job:

- **Preview:** Click the icon to see the job preview. The job preview is available once the job is processed.
- **File name:** Click the file name to see the properties of the job.
- **Status:** Gives the current job status.
- **Pages:** Number of pages in the job.
- **Copies:** Number of copies printed.
- **Date:** Date and time the printer received the job.
- **User:** The user's name.

Jobs in the queue can be sorted by any of the information items (except Preview) by clicking on the title of the corresponding column. You can perform the following operations on one or all jobs in the queue:

- **Cancel:** Cancels the selected jobs. You are asked to confirm before the job is canceled. The job remains stored in the printer, but it is not printed unless you click **Reprint**.
- **Hold:** Holds the selected jobs until you click **Continue** to print.
- **Continue:** All selected jobs, which are on hold, continue printing.
- **Reprint:** Prints more copies of a job. Type the number of copies (default 1, maximum 99) and click **Print**.
- **Move to front:** Sends all selected jobs to the top of the job queue.
- **Delete:** Deletes selected jobs from the job queue. You are asked to confirm before the job is deleted.
- **Refresh:** Refreshes the page, ensuring the information is updated.



NOTE: The job queue page does not automatically update.

Job preview

The printer samples all incoming jobs and generates a JPEG file that can be served as a preview of the job. This preview is available for all languages supported by the printer: PDF, PS, CALS/G4, TIFF and JPEG.




TIP: Do not send a job for preview with more than 64 pages.

Job preview is available once the job is processed. To access the preview page, click the magnifying glass icon, which appears in the Preview column on the job queue page. The preview page shows the following job details along with a thumbnail preview of the job:

- **File name:** The file name of the job.
- **Loaded paper:** The type of paper loaded in the printer.
- **Job dimensions:** The dimensions of the job.

To see a larger preview of the job, click either the job thumbnail or the magnifying glass icon, which appears on the right hand side of the printer image.


 **NOTE:** Browsers without the Macromedia plug-in show the job image as yellow shaded. Browsers that have the Macromedia flash plug-in version 7 and above shows an enhanced preview of the job image inside the paper loaded in the printer.

Turn off the job queue


You can turn off the queue in the following ways:

- From the Embedded Web Server: select **Setup tab > Printer settings > Job management > Queue > Off**.
- From the front panel: select the Setup menu icon , then **Job management options > Enable queue > Off**.

Pause the job queue

To pause the job queue, go to the front panel and select the Job Queue icon , then **Pause printing**.

Select when to print a job in the queue

 **NOTE:** The When To Start Printing options cannot be used with PostScript jobs.

You can select at what point you want to print a file you have in the queue. From the Embedded Web Server, select **Setup tab > Printer settings > Start printing**; or, from the front panel, select the Setup menu icon




, then **Job management options > When to start printing**.

There are three options you can select:

- When **After Processing** is selected, the printer waits until the whole page has been processed and then it starts to print. This is the slowest setting but ensures the best print quality in large or complex prints.
- When **Immediately** is selected, the printer prints the page as it is processed. This is the quickest setting, but the printer may stop halfway through a print to process data. This setting is not recommended for complex images with dense color.
- When **Optimized** is selected (this is the default setting), the printer calculates the best time to begin printing the page. It is usually the best compromise between the **After Processing** and **Immediately** settings.

Identify a job in the queue

The best way to look at the queue is in the Embedded Web Server (**Main tab > Job queue**), where you can manage the queue and get full information on every job (by clicking the name of the file).

However, you can also manage the queue from the front panel. To do so, select the Job Queue icon , then **Job queue**, where you can see a list of the jobs in the queue.

Each has an identifier, comprising:

<position in queue>: <image name>

The job currently being printed has a pointing hand icon, jobs already printed have a check mark, canceled jobs have crosses, processing jobs have a clock and jobs on hold have a warning.

Prioritize a job in the queue

To make any job in the queue the next one to be printed, select it and choose **Reprint** (in the Embedded Web Server) or **Move to front** (in the front panel).

If nesting is turned on, the prioritized job may still be nested with others. If you really want this job to be printed next, and on its own on the roll, first turn nesting off and then move it to the front of the queue as described above.

Delete a job from the queue

Under normal circumstances, there is no need to delete a job from the queue after printing it, as it is removed from the queue as more files are sent. However, if you have sent a file in error, and want to avoid any chance of it being reprinted, you can simply delete it, by selecting it and choosing **Delete** (in the Embedded Web Server or in the front panel).

In the same way, you can delete a job that has not been printed yet.


If the job is currently being printed (Status = **printing** in the Embedded Web Server, or it is the first job in the queue in the front panel), and you want both to cancel the job and to delete it, first click the Cancel icon in the Embedded Web Server, or press the **Cancel** key on the front panel, and then delete it from the queue.

Reprint or copy a job in the queue

To reprint or make extra copies of any job in the queue, select the job in the Embedded Web Server and click the **Reprint** icon, then specify the number of copies you want. The job is moved to the top of the queue. To make more than one print of a non-printed job in the queue from the front panel, select the job and choose **Copies**, then specify the number of copies required and press the **Select** key. This overrides any value set by your software.



NOTE: If **Rotate** was **On** when you sent the file, every copy is rotated.

You can reprint an already-printed job from the front panel. Select the Job Queue menu icon , then select the job from the queue, then select **Reprint**.

Job status messages

These are the possible job status messages, approximately in the order in which they may be seen:

- **Receiving:** the printer is receiving the job from the computer
- **Waiting to process:** the job has been received by the printer and is waiting to be rendered (for jobs submitted through the Embedded Web Server only)
- **Processing:** the printer is parsing and rendering the job
- **Preparing to print:** the printer is performing writing system checks before printing the job
- **Waiting to print:** the job is waiting for the print engine to become free to proceed with printing
- **Waiting for nest:** the printer is set up with nesting on and is waiting for other jobs in order to complete the nest and proceed with printing
- **On hold:** the job was sent with the **on hold for preview** option and is on hold



TIP: Do not send a job for preview with more than 64 pages.



NOTE: If the printer hangs up while printing a job, and the queue facility is turned on, the partially printed job appears in the queue as **on hold** when the printer is next turned on. When you resume the job, it starts printing at the page it was interrupted.

- **On hold for paper:** the job can't be printed because paper is not loaded in the printer. Load the required paper, see [Handle the paper on page 25](#), and click **Continue** to resume the job
- **On hold for accounting:** the job can't be printed because the printer requires all jobs to have an account ID: enter the account ID and then click **Continue** to resume the job
- **Printing**
- **Drying**
- **Cutting paper**
- **Ejecting page**
- **Canceling:** the job is being canceled, but remains in the printer job queue
- **Deleting:** the job is being deleted from the printer
- **Printed**
- **Canceled:** the job has been canceled by the printer
- **Canceled by user**
- **Empty job:** the job does not contain anything to print

Remove a hold

When the printer puts a job on hold you receive an alert, see [Printer alerts on page 183](#), which explains why the job is on hold. Follow the instructions on the screen to remove the hold and continue printing.

9 Retrieve printer usage information

- [Get printer accounting information](#)
- [Check printer usage statistics](#)
- [Check ink and paper usage for a job](#)

Get printer accounting information

There are various different ways of getting accounting information from your printer.

- View printer usage statistics for the whole lifetime of the printer, see [Check printer usage statistics on page 122](#).
- View ink and paper usage for each of your recent jobs by using the HP Designjet Utility, see [Check ink and paper usage for a job on page 122](#). If the HP Designjet Utility is not available, see [Access the HP Designjet Utility on page 19](#).
- Use a third-party application to request printer status, printer usage or job accounting data from the printer through the Internet. The printer provides data in XML to the application whenever requested. HP provides a Software Development Kit to facilitate the development of such applications.

Check printer usage statistics

There are two ways to check your printer's usage statistics.



NOTE: The accuracy of the usage statistics is not guaranteed.

Printer statistics with the Embedded Web Server

1. Access the Embedded Web Server, see [Access the Embedded Web Server on page 18](#).
2. Go to the **Main** tab.
3. Select **History** > **Usage**.

Printer statistics with the HP Designjet Utility

1. Access the HP Designjet Utility, see [Access the HP Designjet Utility on page 19](#).
2. Under Windows, go to the **Overview** tab and click on the **Printer usage** link.

In the HP Designjet Utility for Mac OS X, select **Printer Usage** and press the **Lookup** button.

Check ink and paper usage for a job

There are two ways to check ink and paper usage for a job.



NOTE: The accuracy of the usage statistics is not guaranteed.

Ink and paper statistics with the Embedded Web Server

1. Access the Embedded Web Server, see [Access the Embedded Web Server on page 18](#).
2. Go to the **Main** tab.
3. Select **History** > **Accounting**.

Ink and paper statistics with the HP Designjet Utility

1. Access the HP Designjet Utility, see [Access the HP Designjet Utility on page 19](#).
2. Select **Job center** to view information regarding the most recent jobs.
3. Under Windows, click on the **Accounting** link.

Under MAC OS X, select **Job Accounting** and click on the **Look Up** button.

10 Practical printing examples

- [Overview](#)
- [Resize an image with Adobe Photoshop CS4](#)
- [Print a color photo with Photoshop CS2](#)
- [Print a draft for revision with the correct scale](#)
- [Reprint a job with consistent colors](#)
- [Use ESRI ArcGIS 9 to print a map](#)

Overview

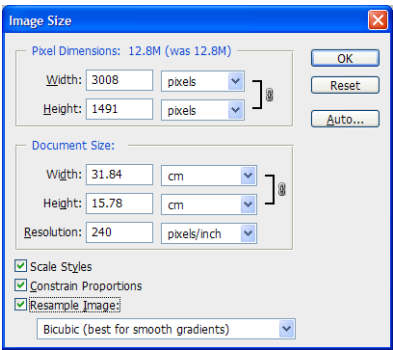
The following step-by-step instructions for printing jobs that use specific software are similar to those at the HP Knowledge Center on the Web. Consult the Knowledge Center at <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6600/support/> or <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6800/support/> according to your printer model, for the most up-to-date information and for additional printing examples, including RIP scenarios.

Resize an image with Adobe Photoshop CS4

Application settings

1. Open your image in Adobe Photoshop, and then select **Image size** from the **Image** menu.

The **Image Size** dialog box appears.



2. Set the sizing options.
 - **Pixel Dimensions:** Set the resulting image size
 - **Document Size and resolution:** Set the resulting page size and resolution. As a general guideline, consider setting the resolution according to your print quality setting. Refer to the following table for guidance.

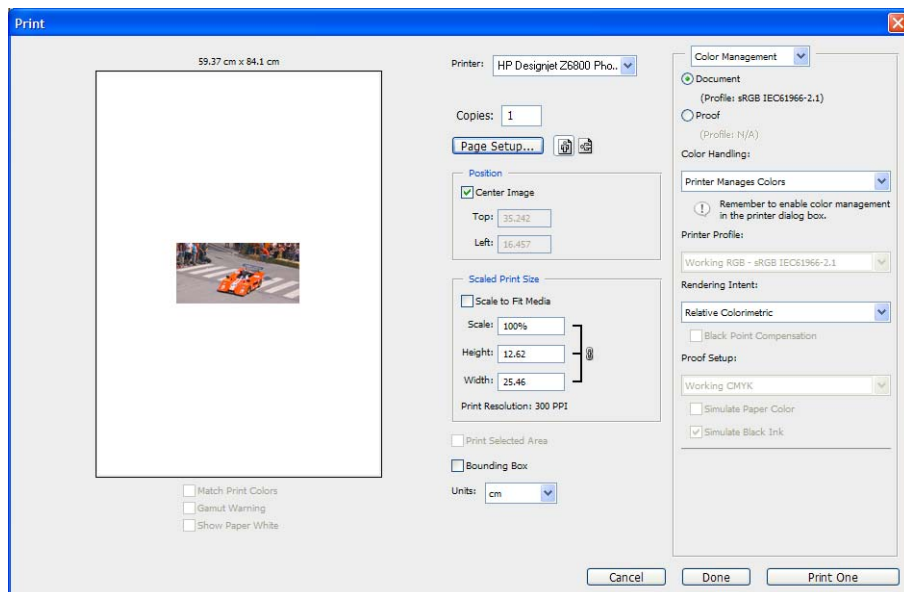
Print quality setting	Recommended resolution setting
Fast	300
Normal	600–900
Best	1200

For more information about the print quality setting, see [Select print quality on page 83](#).

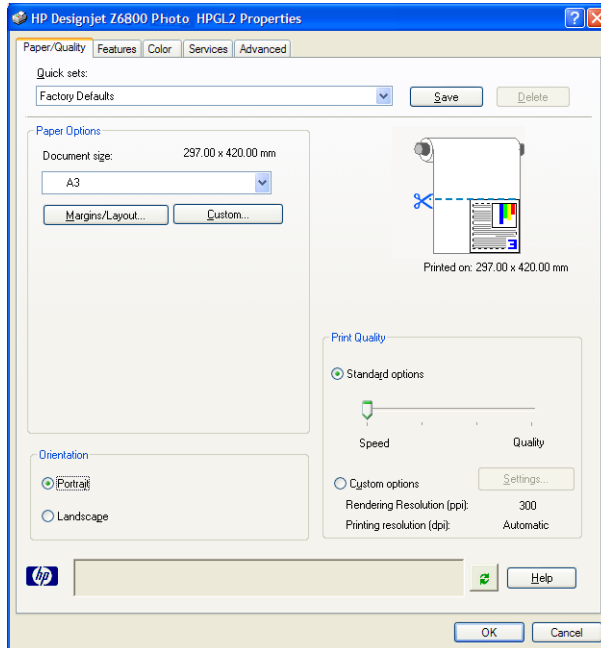
- **Constrain Proportions:** Select this option if you want to preserve height-to-width ratio of your original image
- **Resample Image:** When an image is resampled, an interpolation method is used to assign color values to any new pixels that Photoshop creates, based on the color values of existing pixels in the image. Photoshop uses sophisticated methods to preserve the quality and detail from the original image when you resample. Select from the following resampling options:
 - **Nearest Neighbor:** A fast but less precise method that replicates the pixels in an image. This method is for use with illustrations that contain edges that are not anti-aliased, to preserve

hard edges and produce a smaller file. However, this method can produce jagged effects, which become apparent when you distort or scale an image or perform multiple manipulations on a selection.

- **Bilinear:** A method that adds pixels by averaging the color values of surrounding pixels. It produces medium-quality results.
 - **Bicubic:** A slower but more precise method based on an examination of the values of surrounding pixels. Using more complex calculations, Bicubic produces smoother tonal gradations than Nearest Neighbor or Bilinear.
 - **Bicubic Smoother:** A good method for enlarging images based on Bicubic interpolation but designed to produce smoother results
 - **Bicubic Sharper:** A good method for reducing the size of an image based on Bicubic interpolation with enhanced sharpening. This method maintains the detail in a resampled image. If Bicubic Sharper oversharpens some areas of an image, try using Bicubic.
3. When you have finished setting the sizing options, click the **OK** button.
 4. Select **Print** from the **File** menu.



5. Select your printer and then click the **Page Setup** button. The printer properties dialog box appears.



6. Set the page size and other print options that you want and then click the **OK** button. For more information about print option settings, see [Print options on page 81](#).

Print a color photo with Photoshop CS2

This example uses Adobe Photoshop CS2 under Windows XP. The color management is done by Photoshop.

1. Initial recommendations:
 - Select an appropriate paper type for the job.
 - The paper type should be calibrated and profiled with the printer and the print-quality level that you intend to use. For the Z6800 see [Color calibration on page 101](#) and [Color profiling on page 102](#), and for the Z6600 see [Color calibration on page 105](#) and [Color profiling on page 106](#).
 - To obtain a correct preview of the printed image, the monitor should also be profiled.
2. Open Adobe Photoshop CS2.
3. On the **Edit** menu, select **Color Settings**.
 - Make sure that **More Options** are displayed.
 - In **Color Management Policies**, select **Preserve Embedded Profiles**.
 - In **Profile Mismatches**, select **Ask When Opening** and **Ask When Pasting**.
 - In **Missing Profiles**, select **Ask When Opening**.
 - In **Conversion Options**, click the **More Options** button to open **Conversion Options**, and then select **Intent > Perceptual**.
 - Click the **OK** button.

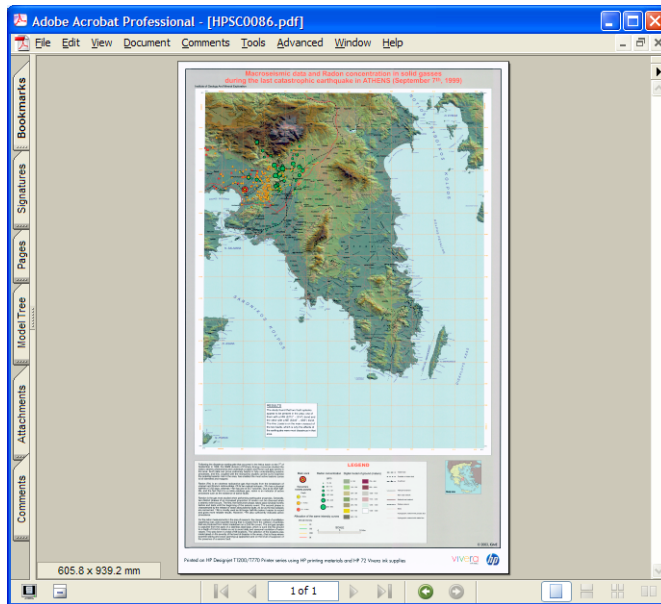
4. On the **File** menu, select **Open** to open the image.
 - If the document has an embedded color profile that does not match the current working space, select **Use the embedded profile**. Otherwise, select **Assign working space**.

If the image colors do not look right, try assigning it to other color spaces by selecting **Edit > Assign Profile** (try **sRGB**, **Adobe RGB**, **ColorMatch RGB** and others) until you are satisfied.
 - Click the **OK** button.
5. On the **File** menu, select **Print with Preview**.
 - Select **Page Setup**.
 - Select the printer (for example, **HP Designjet Z6800ps 1524-mm**).
 - In **Paper size**: select the size of the paper that is currently loaded in the printer.
 - In **Orientation**: select the orientation of your image on the paper (portrait or landscape).
 - Click the **OK** button.
 - Set the **Position** and the **Scaled Print Size** that you want.
 - Make sure that **More Options** are displayed.
 - Click the **Color Management** tab.
 - In **Print**: select **Document**.
 - Select **Options > Color Handling**, and then select **Let Photoshop Determine Colors**.
 - Select **Options > Printer Profile**, and then select the correct profile for your printer and paper type.
 - Click the **Print** button.
6. Select the driver settings.
 - In **Printer**: select the printer (**HP Designjet Z6800ps 1524-mm**).
 - Click the **Quality** tab, and then specify these options:
 - In **Quality Options**: select **Standard options** and drag the slider to **Quality**.
 - Click the **Color** tab, and then specify these options:
 - Select **Print in Color**.
 - In **Color Management**: select **Application Managed Colors**.
 - Click the **Print** button.

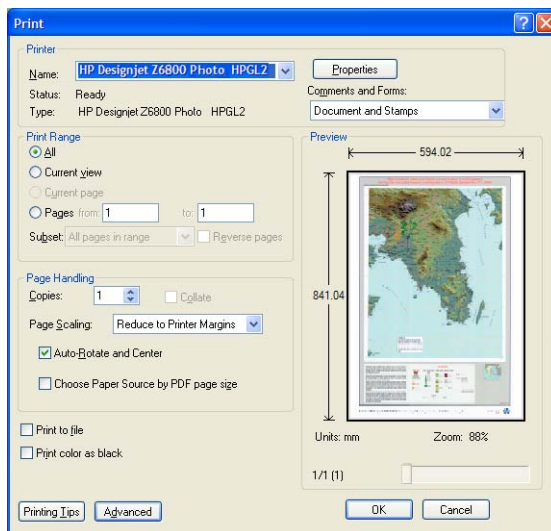
Print a draft for revision with the correct scale

Using Adobe Acrobat

1. In the Acrobat window, check the plot size by positioning your cursor near the bottom left corner of the screen.

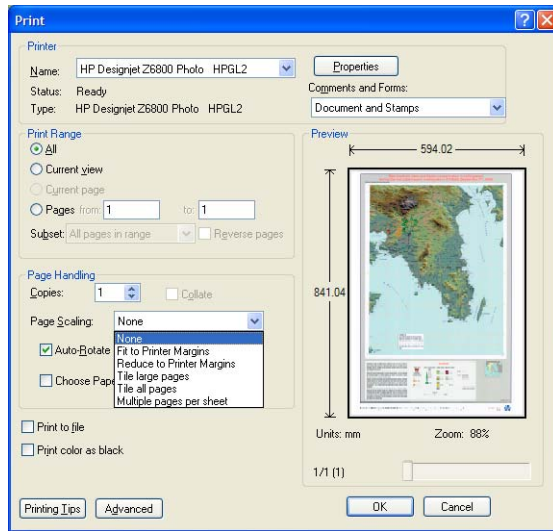


2. Select **File** and then select **Print**.

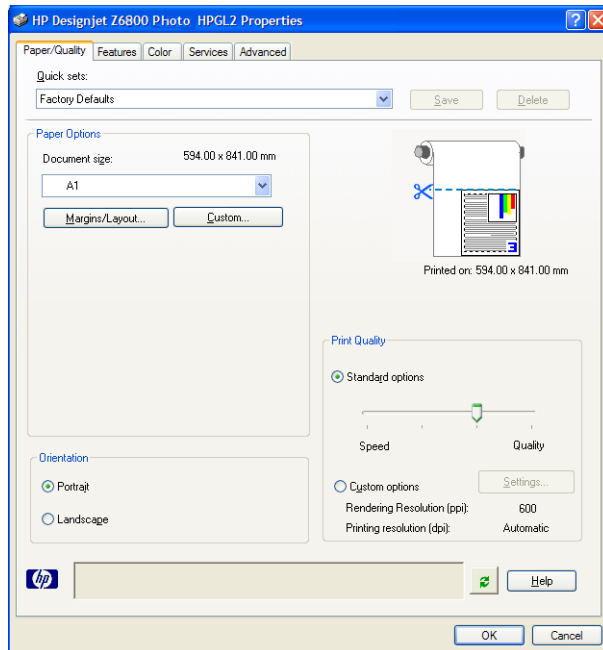


NOTE: The page size is *not* automatically selected according to the drawing size.

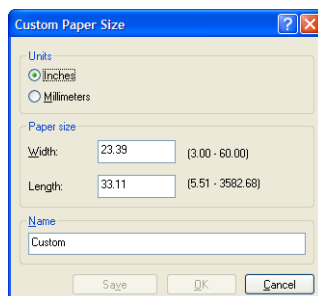
3. To keep the scale, set **Page Scaling** to **None** (which is not the default setting).



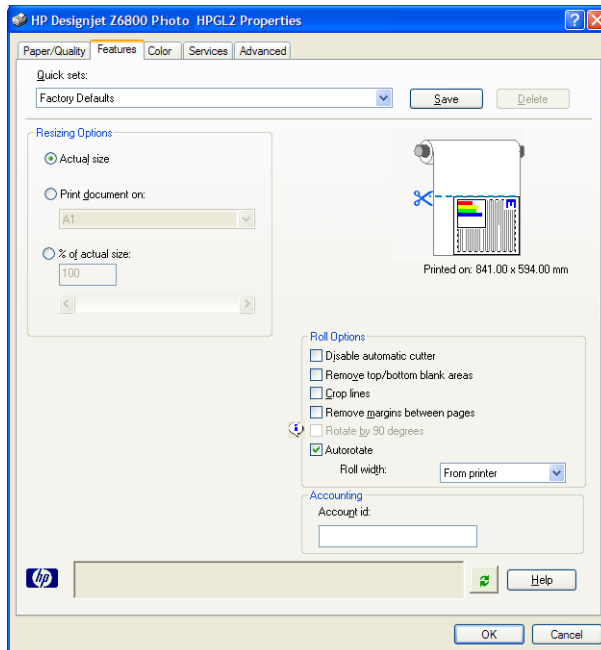
4. Click the **Properties** button.



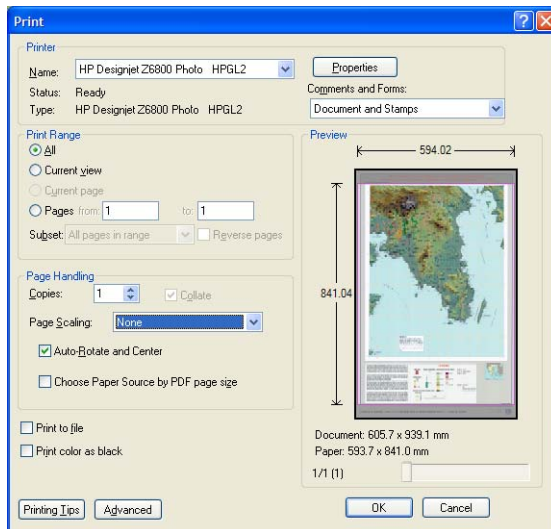
5. Select the **Document size** and **Print Quality** you want to use. Click the **Custom** button if you want to define a new custom paper size.



- Click the **Features** tab, and then select **Autorotate**.



- Click the **OK** button and check that the print preview in the Print dialog box looks correct.



- Click **OK** again to print.

Reprint a job with consistent colors

This scenario explains how to get consistent colors from print-to-print.




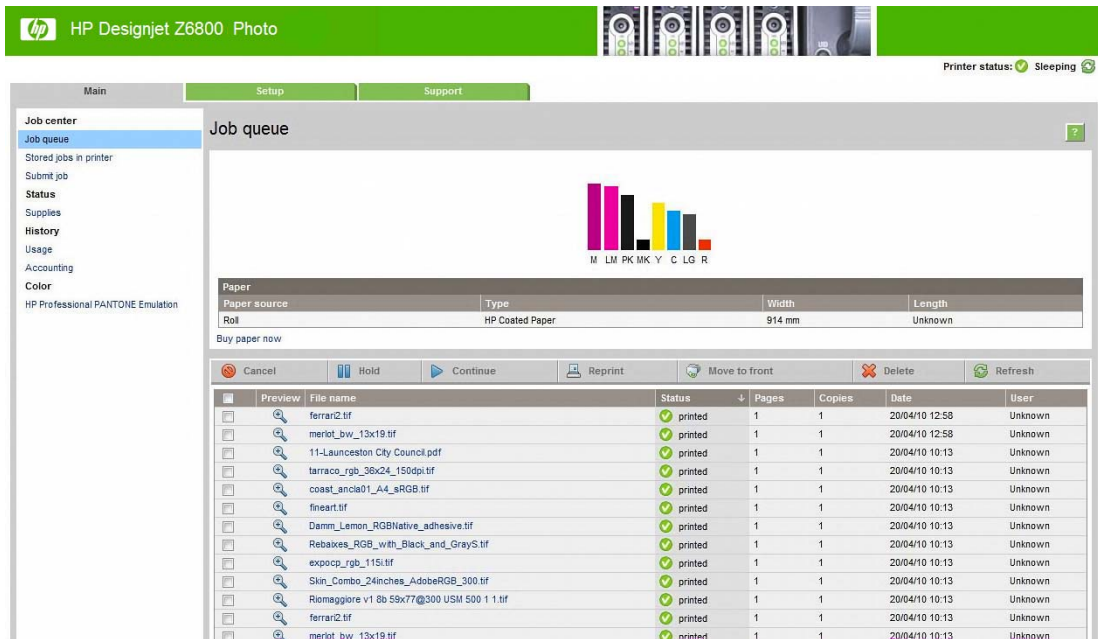
NOTE: HP supports color consistency between print jobs printed with the same printer models, using the same paper type.

Scenario 1

Reprint a job with consistent colors by using the same printer.

To ensure color consistency when reprinting the job, use the same paper type.

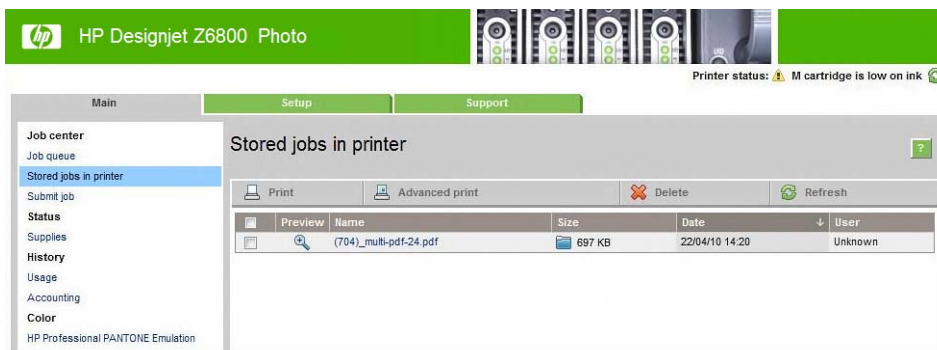
1. Check that the color calibration is valid for the paper type that is loaded. On the front pane, select the  icon, and then select **View loaded paper**. In the **Paper information** window, check that **Color Calibration** is **OK**. If the status of the Color Calibration is **Pending** or **Recommended**, perform a color calibration from the HP Color Center, or on the front panel.
2. Reprint a job: Through the Embedded Web Server, go to the **Job queue**, select the job you want to reprint, and then click the **Reprint** button.



The screenshot shows the HP Designjet Z6800 Photo Embedded Web Server interface. The top bar displays the printer name and status (Sleeping). The left sidebar shows the navigation menu with 'Job queue' selected. The main area displays the 'Job queue' with a color calibration bar and a table of jobs. The table has columns for Preview, File name, Status, Pages, Copies, Date, and User. The jobs listed are:

Preview	File name	Status	Pages	Copies	Date	User
	ferrari2.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 12:58	Unknown
	merlot_bw_13x19.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 12:58	Unknown
	11-Launceston City Council.pdf	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown
	tarraco_rgb_36x24_150dpi.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown
	coast_ancia01_A4_sRGB.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown
	fineart.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown
	Damm_Lemon_RGBNative_adhesive.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown
	Rebaxes_RGB_with_Black_and_GrayS.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown
	expocp_rgb_115.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown
	Skin_Combo_24inches_AdobeRGB_300.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown
	Riomaggiore v1 8b 59x77@300 USM 500 1 1.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown
	ferrari2.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown
	merlot_bw_13x19.tif	printed	1	1	20/04/10 10:13	Unknown

A file can also be printed again if was stored in the printer. Through the Embedded Web Server, go to **Stored jobs in printer**, select the job you want to print, and then click the **Print** button.




The screenshot shows the HP Designjet Z6800 Photo Embedded Web Server interface. The top bar displays the printer name and status (M cartridge is low on ink). The left sidebar shows the navigation menu with 'Stored jobs in printer' selected. The main area displays the 'Stored jobs in printer' with a table of jobs. The table has columns for Preview, Name, Size, Date, and User. The jobs listed are:

Preview	Name	Size	Date	User
	(704)_multi-pdf-24.pdf	697 KB	22/04/10 14:20	Unknown

Scenario 2

Reprint a job by using two HP Designjet Z6800 printers.

To ensure color consistency when reprinting the job, use the same paper type.

1. Check that the color calibration is valid for the paper type that is loaded in *both* printers. On the front panel, select the  icon, and then select **View loaded paper**. In the **Paper information** window, check that **Color Calibration** is **OK**. If the status of the Color Calibration is **Pending** or **Recommended**, perform a color calibration from the HP Color Center, or on the front panel.
2. Print the jobs.

Use ESRI ArcGIS 9 to print a map

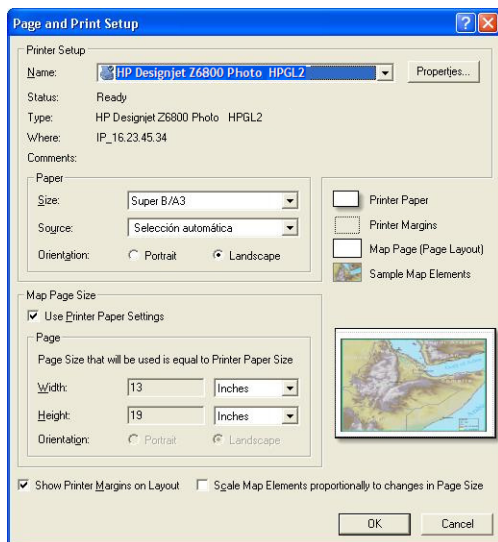
ArcGIS is a scalable system of software for geographic data creation, management, integration, analysis, and dissemination for every organization, from an individual to a globally distributed network of people.

The software always sends RGB data to the printer driver. Select from several different printer engines. The printer engine determines the format and method that ArcMap uses to send the print job to the printer. One to three options are available, depending on license and printer configurations.

- **Windows** is the default and is always available, regardless of the printer that is in use. It allows the software to use the installed HP-GL/2 and RTL driver
- **PostScript** is available only if your printer supports PostScript and when the PostScript driver has been selected in the Name section. This allows you to output the file as a PostScript file. This option might be useful in certain specific cases, but in general it is *not recommended*.
- **ArcPress** is an extension that can be purchased for printing from ArcGIS. It is a software RIP that takes the original metafile and applies raster to it before sending it to the printer, so that the printer does not need to. This is beneficial because some printers cannot apply raster or do not have enough memory to process large jobs. *Always use ArcPress with HP RTL (RGB) TrueColor.*

Use the Windows printer engine

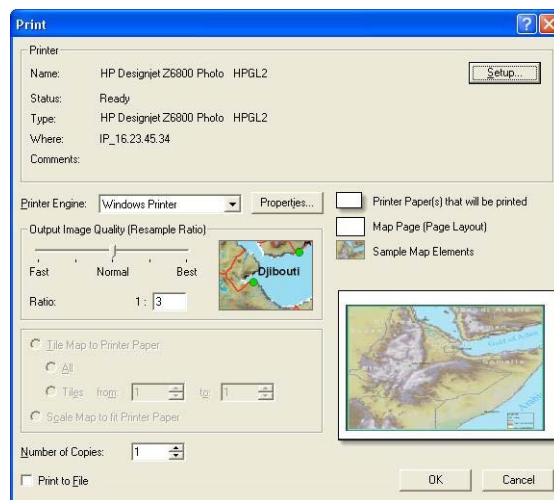
1. Make sure that you have installed the HP-GL/2 and RTL driver.
2. When you are ready to print, select **File > Page and Print Setup**, and select the HP-GL/2 and RTL driver.



3. Click the **Properties** button and configure the driver as follows.

- On the **Paper/Quality** tab, set **Print Quality** to **Quality**.
 - On the **Color** tab, clear the **Print In Grayscale** check box, and set **Printer managed colors** to **sRGB** in the **Source profile** drop-down menu.
4. Click the **OK** button.
 5. Select **File > Print**.
 - **Printer Engine:** select **Windows Printer**.
 - **Output Image Quality (Resample Ratio):** this setting alters the number of pixels that are sampled when an ArcMap print file is generated. It determines how many pixels in the map document are used to create the file that goes to the printer.
 - Fast = 1:5
 - Normal = 1:3
 - Best = 1:1 (as is)

Selecting **Best** requires a lot of printer resources to process the print job, and might cause long processing times and generate out-of-memory messages, depending on the map size. If you experience these issues, select an Output Image Quality that is lower than **Best**. You will gain no advantage in print quality when you send an image that has resolution higher than the printer's input resolution.

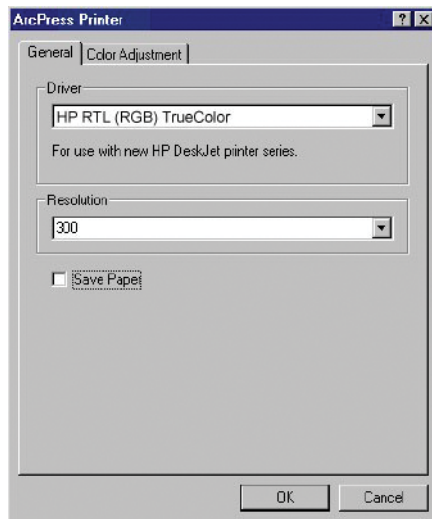


6. Click the **OK** button to print.

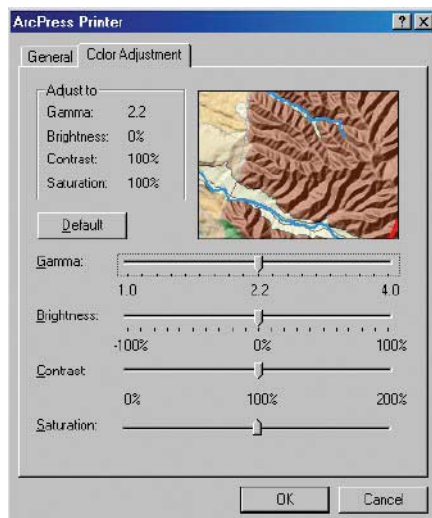
Use the ArcPress printer engine

1. Even though it will function only as a port, you must have the driver that you need installed.
2. When you are ready to print, select **File > Page and Print Setup**, select the driver (the driver settings have no effect), and click the **OK** button.
3. Select **File > Print**.
 - **Printer Engine:** select **ArcPress**.

- Click the **Properties** button, select the **HP RTL (RGB) TrueColor** driver, and select the resolution to be sent to the printer.



- Click the **Color Adjustment** tab if you want to adjust gamma, brightness, contrast, or saturation. You can preview the changes.



- To print, click the **OK** button both in this dialog box and in the Print dialog box.

11 Maintain the printer

- [Clean the exterior of the printer](#)
- [Clean the platen](#)
- [Clean the paper-advance sensor window](#)
- [Lubricate the printhead carriage](#)
- [Maintain the ink cartridges](#)
- [Perform preventive maintenance](#)
- [Move or store the printer](#)
- [Update the printer firmware](#)
- [Change the ink absorber](#)
- [Secure disk erase](#)

Clean the exterior of the printer

Use a damp sponge or a soft cloth and a mild household cleaner such as non-abrasive liquid soap to clean the outside of the printer and all other parts of the printer that you regularly touch as part of normal operation (for example, ink cartridge drawer handles).

⚠ WARNING! To avoid an electric shock, make sure that the printer is turned OFF and unplugged before you clean it. Do not let water get inside the printer.

⚠ CAUTION: Do not use abrasive cleaners on the printer.

Clean the platen

You should clean your printer's platen every few months, or when necessary.

📝 NOTE: If you print on wide paper after having printed on narrower paper, you might find that the left side of the platen has become dirty. If this contaminated section of the platen is not cleaned, it might leave marks on the back of the paper.

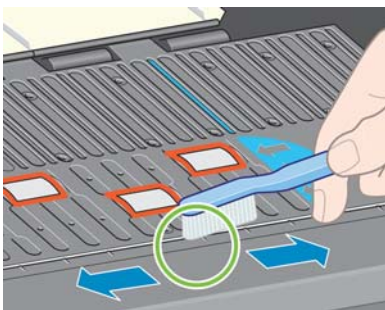
⚠ WARNING! Be careful not to damage the paper-advance sensor when cleaning the platen. The sensor is the very small rectangular window found near the sixth platen roller from the right. See [Clean the paper-advance sensor window on page 140](#).

Follow these instructions to clean the platen.

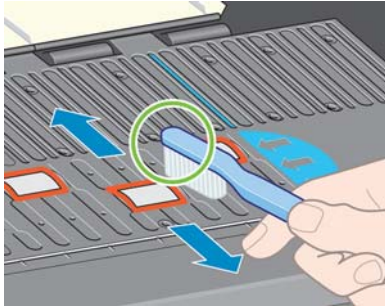
1. Unload all paper from the printer. See [Unload a roll from the printer on page 35](#).
2. Open the printer window.



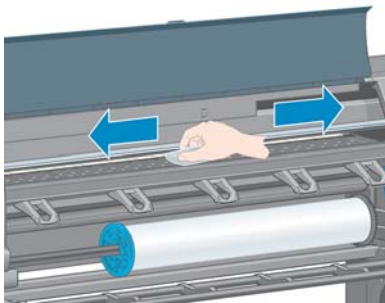
3. With a dry brush, remove ink deposits from the cutter groove.



4. With the same dry brush, remove ink deposits from the platen surface.

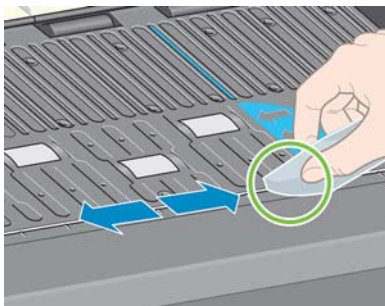


5. Use a clean, absorbent lint-free cloth that has been slightly dampened with isopropyl alcohol to wipe loosened ink deposits from the platen.

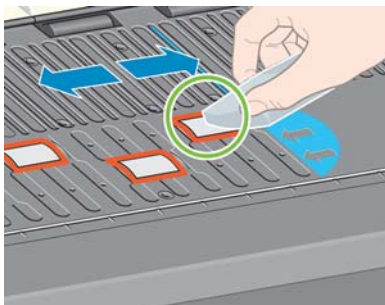


⚠ CAUTION: Do not use commercial cleaners or abrasive cleaners. Do not wet the platen directly, because you will leave too much moisture behind.

6. Use the damp cloth to clean the cutter ramp.



7. Use a dry cloth to clean the exposed part of the wheels. Ideally, you should clean the entire circumference of these wheels.

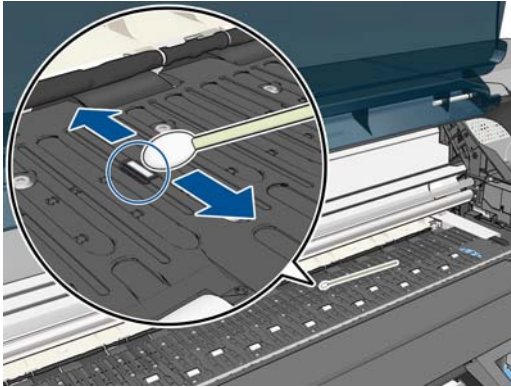


Clean the paper-advance sensor window

The paper advance sensor is the very small rectangular window (less than 1 cm² in size and shown in the following graphic) near the sixth platen roller from the right.

You should clean the paper-advance sensor window every 6 months, and whenever you experience print-quality issues.


1. Unload the paper using the front panel procedure. See [Unload a roll from the printer on page 35](#).
2. Use a clean, absorbent, lint-free cloth, slightly dampened with isopropyl alcohol, to wipe any dust and loosened ink deposits very gently from the sensor window.




3. Under ambient light, a clean sensor window shows a violet-colored reflection that extends uniformly across the entire surface. To see this reflection, look closely at the sensor window and slightly change your viewing angle.
4. Wait 3–4 minutes before reloading the paper to ensure that the alcohol has evaporated completely.


Lubricate the printhead carriage

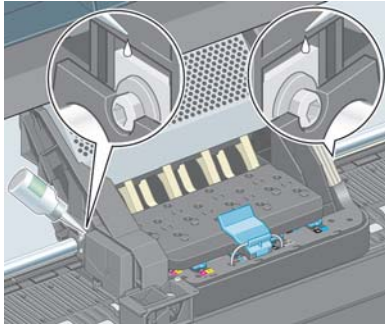
The printhead carriage occasionally (about once a year) needs lubrication so that it continues to slide easily along the slider rod.

1. To gain access to the carriage, go to the front panel and select the  icon, and then select **Replace printheads**. The carriage slides to the middle section of the printer.

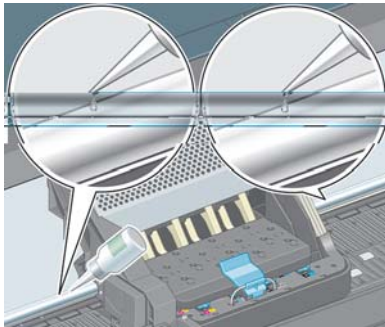
 **CAUTION:** If the carriage remains in the central part of the printer for more than 7 minutes, it attempts to return to its home position on the right.

2. Open the printer window and apply a few drops of multi-purpose lubricating oil to the pads on either side of the carriage.

 **NOTE:** A roller lubrication kit can be ordered if necessary as part of the Printer Maintenance Kit.



3. Apply a few drops of oil directly to the slider rod on either side of the carriage.



4. Close the printer window.

Maintain the ink cartridges

During the normal lifetime of a cartridge, no specific maintenance is required. However, in order to maintain the best print quality, you should replace a cartridge when it has reached its expiration date, which is the manufacturing date marked on the cartridge plus 30 months.

Perform preventive maintenance

During the life of your printer, components that are used constantly can wear out.

To avoid having these components degrade to the point that the printer breaks down, the printer keeps track of the number of cycles that the printer carriage makes across the axis of the printer, and also monitors the total quantity of ink used.

The printer uses these numbers to track the need for preventive maintenance, and displays one of the following messages on the front panel:

- Maintenance #1 required
- Maintenance #2 required

These messages mean that some components are nearing the end of their lives. You can continue printing for quite some time, depending on your use of the printer. However, HP strongly recommends that you contact

your customer service representative and arrange for a preventive maintenance visit. The service engineer can then replace the worn parts onsite, which will prolong the life of the printer.

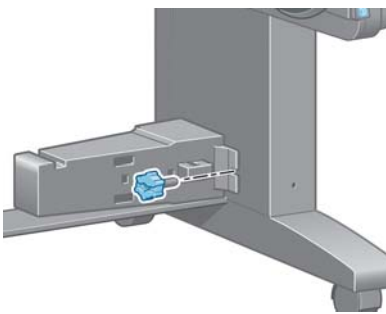
The benefits of arranging a service engineer's visit when these messages appear on the front panel are two-fold:


- The printer components can be replaced at a time that is convenient for you, and so will not disturb your daily workflow.
- When the service engineer performs a preventive maintenance visit, replaces several parts at once. This eliminates the need for repeat visits.


Move or store the printer

If you need to move your printer or store it for an extended period of time, prepare it correctly to avoid possible damage.

1. Do not remove the ink cartridges, printheads or printhead cleaners.
2. Make sure that no paper is loaded.
3. Make sure that the printhead carriage is located in the service station (at the right end of the printer).
4. Make sure that the **Ready** message appears on the front panel.
5. Turn off the power by using the **Power** key on the front panel.
6. Also switch off the power switch at the rear of the printer.
7. Disconnect the power cable and any cables that connect the printer to a network, a computer, or a scanner.
8. If you have a take-up reel installed, remove the take-up reel sensor and cable-housing unit from the foot of the printer stand. For your convenience, you can place the sensor and cable-housing unit on the printer-stand crossbar and use the blue, plastic screw to affix the housing unit to the leg of the stand, while you move the printer. See the illustration below. When reinstalling the housing unit, make sure that the wheel on the foot of the printer stand is pointing forward.



 **NOTE:** If the printer or ink cartridges are moved from a cold location to a warm and humid location, water from the atmosphere can condensate on the printer parts and cartridges and can result in ink leaks and printer errors. In this case, HP recommends that you wait at least 3 hours before turning on the printer or installing the ink cartridges, to allow the condensate to evaporate.

 **TIP:** Because preparing and purging the printheads uses both time and ink, you are strongly recommended to leave the printer always on or in sleep mode, whenever possible, to maintain the health of the printheads. In both cases, the printer wakes up from time to time to maintain the printheads. Thus you can avoid going through lengthy preparation processes before using your printer.

Update the printer firmware

The printer's various functions are controlled by software that resides in the printer, also known as firmware.

From time to time, firmware updates from Hewlett-Packard become available. These updates increase the printer's functionality and enhance its features.

Firmware updates can be downloaded from the Internet and installed in your printer in the following ways. Use the method that you find most convenient.

- In Windows, open the HP Designjet Utility, select your printer, click the **Support** tab, and then select **Firmware Update**.
- In Mac OS X, open the HP Designjet Utility and select **Firmware Update**.
- Using the printer's Embedded Web Server, click the **Setup** tab and then select **Firmware update**.
- Download the firmware file from the HP Web site into a USB flash drive and insert it into the Hi-Speed USB host port behind the printer. A firmware update assistant appears on the front panel to guide you through the update process.

If you are updating the firmware from your computer, follow the onscreen instructions to download the firmware file and store it on your hard disk. Then select the downloaded file and click **Update**.

If you experience very slow progress while uploading the firmware file to the printer, the reason could be that you are using a proxy server. In that case, try bypassing the proxy server and accessing the Embedded Web Server directly.

- In Internet Explorer 10 for Windows, go to **Tools > Internet Options > Connections > LAN Settings**, and select the **Use a proxy server for your LAN** check box. Alternatively, for more precise control, click the **Advanced** button and add the printer's IP address to the list of exceptions, for which the proxy server is not used.
- In Safari for MAC OS X, go to **Safari > Preferences > Advanced** and click the **Proxies: Change Settings** button. Add the printer's IP address or its domain name to the list of exceptions, for which the proxy server is not used.

The firmware includes a set of the most commonly used paper presets. Extra paper presets can be downloaded separately; see [Download paper presets on page 45](#).

During the firmware update process, the printer is restarted.

Firmware update


This update requires you to select the region where your printer is located. Your printer will only support HP 773 supplies and the supplies from your region. Press **OK** to cont. with the upd. or **Cancel** to can.


If you press **Cancel**, the firmware update is cancelled.

If you press **OK**, the firmware update continues, and you are asked to select the region of the world in which the printer will be used; see [Select the printer region on page 56](#).

Change the ink absorber

An alert appears on the printer front panel when the ink absorber is reaching its maximum saturation and again when the absorber should be changed.


 **NOTE:** The absorber can become excessively dry and fail to function correctly in climates where the relative humidity is consistently below 25%.

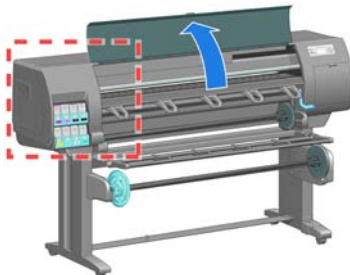
 **CAUTION:** A saturated or excessively dry ink absorber can cause severe damage to the printheads and other parts of the printer. HP strongly recommends that you promptly change the ink absorber when alerted.

Remove the ink absorber

An ink absorber and disposable plastic gloves are included in the maintenance kit that can be ordered for your printer.



1. On the printer's front panel, select the  icon, then select **Replace ink absorber**.
2. Open the printer window.



3. Identify the left spittoon.



4. Locate the ink absorber.



5. Lift the tab that extends from the front edge of the absorber.



NOTE: Use the disposable plastic gloves to avoid getting ink on your hands.



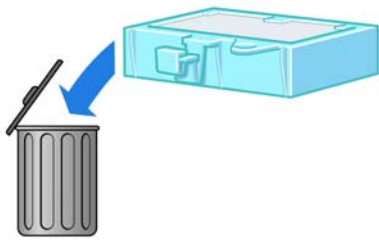
6. Lift the tab on the absorber until it is clear of the spittoon and you can easily grip the tab.



7. Lift and remove the absorber from the spittoon.

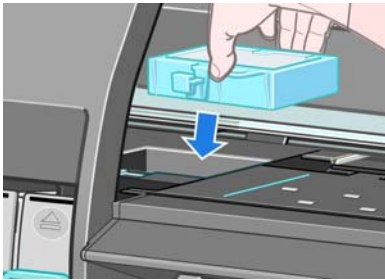


8. Dispose of the soiled ink absorber according to your local regulations.



Insert the ink absorber

1. Grip the new ink absorber as shown.



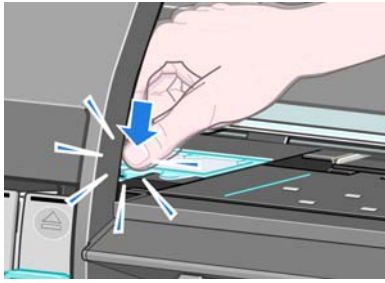
2. Insert the back edge of the absorber into the fitting in the spittoon.



3. Use your thumb to slide the absorber to the back of the fitting in the spittoon.



4. Push down on the tabbed edge until you hear the absorber click into place. Make sure that the top of the ink absorber is seated flatly and that none of the corners are higher than the plane of the platen.



5. Press the **OK** key on the front panel. The printer verifies that the ink absorber is correctly seated. If the front panel shows a message that it is not seated correctly, remove the ink absorber, insert it again, and then press the **OK** key.

Secure disk erase

The printer's hard disk is used as a temporary storage area for print jobs. The Secure Disk Erase facility can completely erase your information from the hard disk to protect it from unauthorized access. You can choose to erase particular files, or the whole hard disk.

Secure Disk Erase provides three different levels of security:

- **Non-Secure Fast Erase:** all pointers to the information are erased. The information itself remains on the hard disk until the disk space it occupies is needed for other purposes, and it is then overwritten. While it remains on the disk, it is difficult for most people to access, but may be accessed using software designed for the purpose. This is the normal method in which files are erased on most computer systems; it is the fastest method but the least secure.
- **Secure Fast Erase:** all pointers to the information are erased, and the information itself is also overwritten with a fixed character pattern. This method is slower than Non-Secure Fast Erase, but more secure. It may still be possible to access fragments of the erased information by using special tools to detect residual magnetic traces.
- **Secure Sanitizing Erase:** all pointers to the information are erased, and the information itself is repetitively overwritten using an algorithm designed to eliminate any residual traces. This is the slowest method, but the most secure. Secure Sanitizing Erase meets the US Department of Defense 5220-22.m requirements for clearing and sanitization of disk media. This is the default security level when using Secure Disk Erase.

Secure Disk Erase is one of the facilities provided by Web JetAdmin, which is HP's free Web-based print management software. See <http://www.hp.com/go/webjetadmin/>.

If you have difficulty in using Secure Disk Erase from Web JetAdmin, please contact HP Support. See [HP Customer Care on page 185](#).



NOTE: If you choose to erase the whole hard disk, you may be asked to restart the printer several times during the process, which will take up to 12 hours with Secure Disk Erase or up to 48 hours with Secure Sanitizing Erase.

12 Accessories

Order accessories

The following accessories can be ordered for your printer.

Name	Product number
HP Designjet HD Scanner	CQ654C
HP Designjet PostScript®/PDF Upgrade Kit	CQ745B
HP Designjet Z6X00 User Maintenance Kit	Q6715A
HP Designjet 1524-mm (60-in) Media Bin	Q6714A
HP Designjet 1524-mm (60-in) Spindle	CQ754A
HP Jetdirect 640n Print Server	J8025A

The following software can be downloaded for your printer.

Name	Download from
HP Designjet accounting tool	http://www.hp.com/go/designjet/accounting/

13 Troubleshoot print-quality issues

- [General advice](#)
- [Troubleshooting tools](#)
- [Lines are too thick, too thin, or missing](#)
- [Lines appear stepped or jagged](#)
- [Parts of lines or text are missing](#)
- [Lines are printed double or in the wrong colors](#)
- [Lines are blurred \(ink bleeds from lines\)](#)
- [Lines are slightly warped](#)
- [Dark or light horizontal lines across the image \(banding\)](#)
- [The image is grainy](#)
- [The image has a metallic hue \(bronzing\)](#)
- [The printed output is not flat](#)
- [The print smudges when touched](#)
- [Ink marks appear on the paper](#)
- [Defects near the top of a print](#)
- [Colors are inaccurate](#)
- [The output is completely blank](#)
- [The output contains only a partial print](#)
- [The image is clipped](#)
- [The image is in one portion of the printing area](#)
- [The image is unexpectedly rotated](#)
- [The print is a mirror image of the original](#)
- [The print is distorted or unintelligible](#)
- [One image overlays another on the same print](#)

- [Pen settings seem to have no effect](#)
- [The image has a wood-grain appearance \(aeroworms\)](#)
- [A square is not square](#)
- [Color drift on area fill edges](#)

General advice

Use the following approach when you have any print-quality problem:

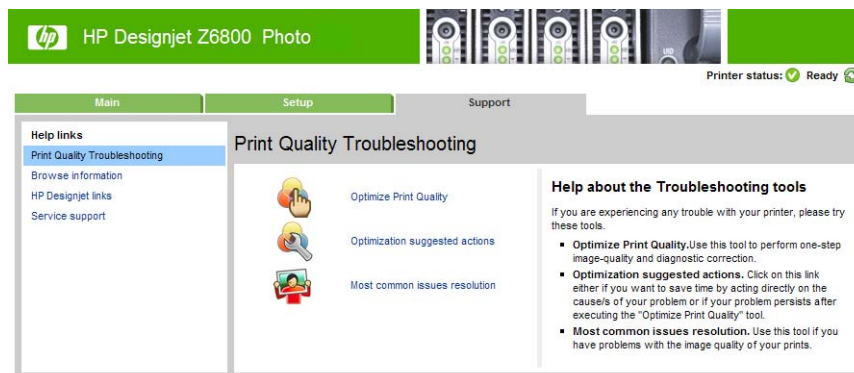
- To achieve the best performance from your printer, use only genuine HP supplies and accessories, whose reliability and performance have been thoroughly tested to give trouble-free performance and best-quality prints. For details of recommended papers, see [Order paper on page 48](#).
- Make sure that the paper type that you select on the front panel is the same as the paper type that is loaded in the printer. Make sure that the paper type has been calibrated. Also make sure that the paper type that you select in your software is the same as the paper type that you loaded in the printer.

CAUTION: If you have the wrong paper type selected, you might experience poor print quality and incorrect colors, and damage to the printheads might occur.

- Make sure that you are using the most appropriate print-quality settings for your purposes. See [Select print quality on page 83](#). You are likely to see lower print quality if you have moved the print-quality slider to the **Fast** end of the scale, or set the custom quality level to **Fast**.
- Make sure that your environmental conditions (temperature, humidity) are in the recommended range. See [Environmental specifications on page 216](#).
- Make sure that your ink cartridges and printheads have not passed their expiration dates. See [Maintain the ink cartridges on page 141](#).
- Avoid touching the paper while printing is in progress.

Troubleshooting tools


To access the troubleshooting tools in the Embedded Web Server, select the **Support** tab. The first two tools can also be accessed from the front panel's Image quality maintenance menu.



Optimize print quality

This option ensures that printer and supplies are adjusted to deliver optimum print quality. Click **Next** to execute all calibration and recovery routines automatically. The whole process consumes 80 cm (31.5 in) of paper and may take up to 20 minutes.





NOTE: This option can also be selected from the front panel. From the main menu, select , then **Optimize print quality**.

Optimization suggested actions

This option suggests a series of recommended actions to improve print quality, based on the results of internal checks. These actions may include reseating a printhead, changing paper to run a specific calibration, cleaning some printer component, etc. Execute them in the proposed order.

 **TIP:** Use this option if you want to save time by acting directly on the causes of your problem, or if your problem persists after the automatic **Optimize print quality** process.

 **NOTE:** This option can also be selected from the front panel. From the main menu, select , then **Optimization suggested actions**.

Most-common issues resolution

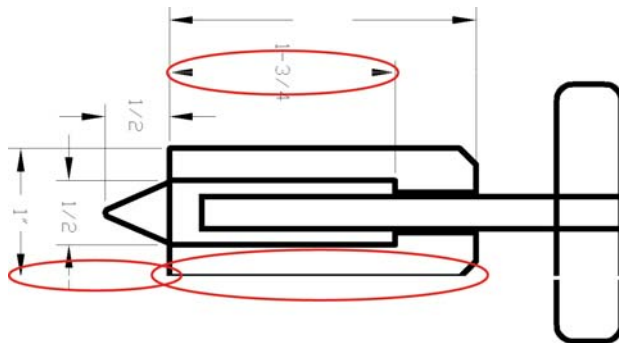
This option is designed to help you resolve some of the most common print-quality issues that users encounter in large-format printing:

- Dark or light horizontal lines across the image (banding)
- Graininess
- Poor line quality
- Inaccurate colors


In the first window, select the print-quality issue that you are experiencing and click **Next**.

A list of suggestions for corrective action appears along with help to guide you through each action.

Lines are too thick, too thin, or missing



1. Check that the paper type that you have loaded corresponds to the paper type that you selected on the front panel and in your software.
2. Make sure that you are using the appropriate print-quality settings for your purposes. See [Select print quality on page 83](#).
3. If you are using a HP-GL/2 driver and the resolution of your image is greater than the printing resolution, you might notice a loss of line quality. You can find the **Max. Application Resolution** option on the Windows driver **Advanced** tab, under **Document Options > Printer Features**. If you change this option, reprint your job if the problem has been solved.
4. If lines are too thin or missing, print the Image Diagnostics Print. See [The Image Diagnostics Print on page 72](#).

5. Try aligning the printheads. See [Align the printheads on page 71](#). After alignment, reprint your job if the problem has been solved.
6. Select the  icon on the printer's front panel, and then **View loaded paper** to see the paper-advance calibration status. If the status is PENDING, perform a paper-advance calibration. See [Perform paper advance calibration on page 43](#).

If the problem persists after you complete these actions, contact your customer service representative for further support.

Lines appear stepped or jagged

Use the following procedure if lines in your image appear stepped or jagged when printed:



1. The problem might be inherent in the image. Try to improve the image within the software program that you are using to edit it.
2. Make sure that you are using appropriate print-quality settings. See [Select print quality on page 83](#).
3. If you are using an HP-GL/2 driver, change your image-rendering resolution to 300 dpi or 600 dpi, depending on your printing need. The **Max. Application Resolution** option in the Windows driver dialog's **Advanced** tab, under **Document Options > Printer Features**.

Parts of lines or text are missing

A high-quality large-format print job often requires a large amount of data, and in some specific workflows, the output might not look like you expected. Here are some suggestions to help you to avoid this problem:

- Select a smaller page size and scale to the final page size in the driver or on the front panel.
- Save the file in another format, such as TIFF or EPS, and open it in another program.
- Use a RIP to print the file.
- Reduce the resolution of the bitmap images in your software.
- Select a lower print quality in order to reduce the resolution of the printed image.
- On the **Advanced** tab of the Windows driver dialog, select **Document options**, **Printer features**, and then establish the following settings:
 - Set **Send job as bitmap** to **Enabled** (HP-GL/2 driver only).
 - Set **Max. Application resolution** to 300.

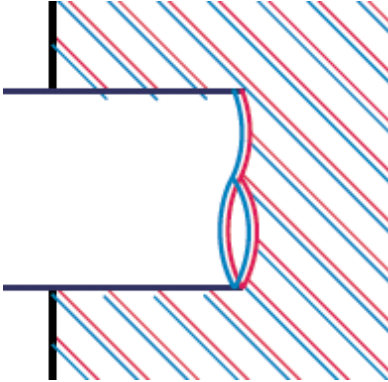


NOTE: These settings are described for troubleshooting purposes only and might adversely affect the final output quality or the time necessary to generate the print job. Therefore, restore these settings to their default values if they do not help to solve the problem.

Lines are printed double or in the wrong colors

This problem can have various visible symptoms:

- Colored lines are printed double, in different colors.



- The borders of colored blocks are the wrong color.




Use these steps to correct this kind of problem:

1. Align the printheads. See [Align the printheads on page 71](#).
2. Make sure that you are using appropriate print-quality settings. See [Select print quality on page 83](#).

Lines are blurred (ink bleeds from lines)



Humidity can cause ink to soak into the paper, making the lines look blurred and fuzzy. Try the following remedies:

1. Make sure that your environmental conditions (temperature, humidity) are suitable for high-quality printing. See [Environmental specifications on page 216](#).
2. Check that the paper type that you select on the front panel is the same as the paper type that you are using. To check, select the  icon from the printer's front panel, and then select **View loaded paper**.
3. Try changing to a heavier paper type, such as HP Heavyweight Coated Paper, HP Super Heavyweight Coated Paper, or Digital Fine Art paper.
4. If you are using glossy paper, try changing to a different type of glossy paper.
5. Align the printheads. See [Align the printheads on page 71](#).

Lines are slightly warped

The paper itself might be warped. This can happen if it has been used or stored in an extreme environment. See [Environmental specifications on page 216](#).

Dark or light horizontal lines across the image (banding)

Try the following remedies if your printed image suffers from added horizontal lines as shown (the color may vary):



1. Make sure that the paper type you have loaded corresponds to the paper type that you select on the front panel and in your software.
2. Make sure that you are using appropriate print-quality settings for your purposes. See [Select print quality on page 83](#). In some cases, you can overcome a print-quality problem merely by selecting a higher print-quality level. For instance, if you have set the print-quality slider to **Fast**, try setting it to **Best**. If you change the print-quality settings, reprint your job if the problem has been solved.
3. Print the Image Diagnostics Print. See [The Image Diagnostics Print on page 72](#).

4. Check the paper-advance calibration status on the front panel. If the status is PENDING, you should perform paper-advance calibration. See [Perform paper advance calibration on page 43](#).
5. Try aligning the printheads. See [Align the printheads on page 71](#). After alignment, reprint your job if the problem has been solved.

If the problem persists, contact your customer service representative for further support.

The image is grainy



1. Check that the paper type you have loaded corresponds to the paper type that you select on the front panel and in your software.
2. Check that you are printing on the correct side of the paper.
3. Make sure that you are using appropriate print-quality settings. See [Select print quality on page 83](#). In some cases, you can overcome a print-quality problem merely by selecting a higher print-quality level. For instance, if you have set the print-quality slider to **Fast**, try setting it to **Best**. Alternatively, you could try unidirectional printing. If you change the print-quality settings, reprint your job if the problem has been solved.
4. Try aligning the printheads. See [Align the printheads on page 71](#). After alignment, reprint your job if the problem has been solved.
5. Check the paper-advance calibration status on the front panel. If the status is PENDING, you should perform paper-advance calibration. See [Perform paper advance calibration on page 43](#).

If the problem persists, contact your customer service representative for further support. See [HP Customer Care on page 185](#).

The image has a metallic hue (bronzing)

Bronzing describes an image that has a metallic hue when it is viewed from specific angles. Bronzing occurs most commonly when you print pigmented inks on non-matte paper, such as photo paper. If you are using standard print-quality options and the image contains the bronzing effect, move the slider to **Quality**. See [Select print quality on page 83](#).

If you are experiencing bronzing when printing images on glossy paper, try using the **Full Set of Inks** printing option. To do so from the Windows driver, click the **Color** tab, and then select the **Full Set of Inks** option.

The printed output is not flat

If the paper does not lie flat when it comes out of the printer, but instead contains shallow waves, you are likely to see defects in the printed image, such as vertical stripes. This can happen when you use thin paper that becomes saturated with ink.



1. Make sure that the paper type you have loaded corresponds to the paper type that you select on the front panel and in your software.
2. Try changing to a thicker paper type, such as HP Heavyweight Coated Paper, HP Super Heavyweight Coated Paper, or thicker Digital Fine Art papers.

The print smudges when touched

The black ink pigment can smudge when a finger or pen touches it. This is particularly noticeable on: vellum, translucent bond, films, productivity photo paper, and natural tracing paper.

Try these remedies to reduce the smudging:

- Try to print in an environment that is not too humid for the printer. See [Environmental specifications on page 216](#).
- Change pure black objects in your image to a dark color, such as dark brown, so that they are printed with colored inks instead of black ink.
- Use HP Heavyweight Coated Paper.
- Increase the drying time. See [Change the drying time on page 46](#).

Ink marks appear on the paper

This problem can occur for several different reasons.

Smears on the front of coated paper

If a lot of ink is used on coated paper, the paper absorbs the ink quickly and expands. As the printheads move over the paper, the printheads come into contact with the paper and smear the printed image.

Whenever you notice this problem, cancel the printing job immediately. Press the **Cancel** key on the front panel and also cancel the job from your computer software. Otherwise the soaked paper might damage the printheads.

Try the following suggestions to avoid this problem:

- Use a recommended paper type. See [Supported paper types on page 27](#).
- If the image you are printing contains intense color, try using HP Heavyweight Coated Paper.
- Try to increase the margins by relocating the image within the page by using your software application.
- If necessary, try changing to a non-paper-based material such as transparent film.

Smears or scratches on the front of glossy paper

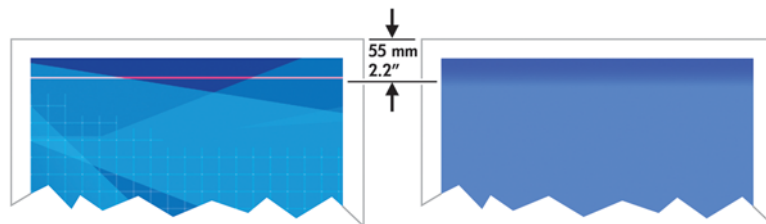
Glossy paper can be extremely sensitive to the bin or to anything else that it contacts soon after printing. This depends on the amount of ink that has been deposited on the paper and the environmental conditions at the time of printing. Avoid any contact with the paper surface and handle the print with care.

Ink marks on the back of the paper

Ink residue on the platen or the input rollers is likely to mark the back of the paper. See [Clean the platen on page 138](#).

Defects near the top of a print

In a defect that affects only the start of a print, within 5.5 cm (2.2 in) of the leading edge of the paper, a band of inconsistent color appears:



Use these steps to avoid this problem:

1. The easiest solution may be to increase the margins by relocating the image within the page in your software application, so that the area of the paper affected by the problem (at the start of the page) will be blank.
2. Align the printheads. See [Align the printheads on page 71](#).
3. Make sure that you are using appropriate print-quality settings. See [Select print quality on page 83](#).

Colors are inaccurate



If the colors of your print do not match your expectations, try the following remedies:

1. Check that the paper type you have loaded corresponds to the paper type that you selected on the front panel and in your software. At the same time, check the color-calibration status. If the status is **RECOMMENDED** or **OBSOLETE**, you should perform color calibration. For the Z6800 see [Color calibration on page 101](#) and for the Z6600 see [Color calibration on page 105](#). If you have made any changes, reprint your job if the problem has been solved.
2. Check that you are printing on the correct side of the paper.
3. Make sure that you are using the appropriate print-quality settings. See [Select print quality on page 83](#). If you have selected the **Fast** options, you might not get accurate colors. If you change the print-quality settings, reprint your job if the problem has been solved.
4. If you are using Application Color Management, make sure that the color profile that you are using corresponds to the selected paper type and print-quality settings. If you have doubts about which color settings to use, see [Color management on page 95](#). If you need to create a color profile, for the Z6800 see [Color profiling on page 102](#), and for the Z6600 see [Color profiling on page 106](#).
5. If the problem consists of color differences between your print and your monitor, follow the instructions in the “How to calibrate your monitor” section of the HP Color Center. Reprint your job if the problem has been solved.
6. Print the Image Diagnostics Print. See [The Image Diagnostics Print on page 72](#).
7. Consult the HP Knowledge Center at <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6600/support/> or <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6800/support/> according to your printer model, for step-by-step color assistance with different software programs (English language content only).

If the problem persists, contact your customer service representative for further support. See [HP Customer Care on page 185](#).

PANTONE* colors are inaccurate

See [HP Professional PANTONE* Emulation on page 110](#).


Colors between different HP Designjets do not match

If you print an image on two different printer models (for instance, on an HP Designjet Z6800 printer series and an HP Designjet 5500 printer series), the colors of the two prints might not match well.

Matching two printing devices that use different ink chemistry, paper chemistry, and printheads is unlikely to be completely successful. Use the information provided here to attempt to make one printer match another.

Print with PostScript drivers

The situation describes printing with the PostScript driver installed for that printer. In this example, we are using an HP Designjet Z6800 printer series and an HP Designjet 5500 printer series.


1. Check that both printers have the most recent firmware version. See [Update the printer firmware on page 143](#).
2. Check that you have the most recent printer driver for both printers. Download the latest versions for any HP printer from <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6800/drivers/>.
3. Make sure that Color Calibration is turned on. On the front panel of the HP Designjet Z6800, select the  icon, and then select **Printer configuration > Color calibration > On**.
4. Load the printers with the same type of paper.
5. Check that the Paper Type setting on the front panel corresponds to the paper that you have loaded.
6. Use your normal settings to print your image on the HP Designjet 5500.
7. Now prepare to print the same image on the HP Designjet Z6800.

In your software, set the color space of the image to emulate the HP Designjet 5500 and the specific paper type that you used in that printer. The data sent to the driver must be already converted to this emulation color space, which is a CMYK color space. See the online help for the software program to find information about how to do this. In this way, the Z6800 will emulate the colors that the 5500 can produce when printing on that paper type.

8. In the PostScript driver for the HP Designjet Z6800, go to the Color Management section and set the CMYK input profile to the same HP Designjet 5500 color space that you selected in the software (the emulation color space).
9. Print the image on the HP Designjet Z6800.

Print with HP-GL/2 drivers



The situation describes printing with the HP-GL/2 driver installed for that printer.

1. Check that both printers have the most recent firmware version. See [Update the printer firmware on page 143](#).
2. Check that you have the most recent printer drivers for both printers. You can download the latest versions for any HP printer from <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6800/drivers/>.
3. Make sure that Color Calibration is turned on. On the front panel of the HP Designjet Z6800 printer series, select the  icon, then **Printer configuration > Color calibration > On**.
4. Load the printers with the same type of paper.
5. Check that the Paper Type setting on the front panel corresponds to the paper you have loaded.

6. In the HP-GL/2 driver for the HP Designjet Z6800, click the **Color** tab, and select **Printer Emulation** from the list of color management options. Then select the HP Designjet 5500 from the list of emulated printers.
7. In the HP-GL/2 driver for the HP Designjet 5500, click the **Options** tab, and then select **Manual Color > Color Control > Match Screen**. Also click the **Paper Size** tab, and then select **Paper Type**.

Print the same HP-GL/2 file

The situation describes how to produce an HP-GL/2 file (also known as a PLT file) with the HP-GL/2 driver installed for one printer that you intend to send to another printer.

1. Check that both printers have the most recent firmware version. See [Update the printer firmware on page 143](#).
2. Make sure that Color Calibration is turned on. At the front panel of the HP Designjet Z6800, select the  icon, then **Printer configuration > Color calibration > On**.
3. Load the printers with the same type of paper.
4. Check that the Paper Type setting on the front panel corresponds to the paper you have loaded.
5. If you have an HP-GL/2 file for an HP Designjet 5500 and you want to print it on an HP Designjet Z6800, use the Embedded Web Server or the front panel.
 - Through the Embedded Web Server: leave the color options set to **Default**.
 - On the front panel: select the  icon, and then select **Printing preferences > Color options > Emulate printer > HP Designjet 5500 Series**.


For other HP Designjet printers, set both printers to match the screen colors (sRGB, if that is available), as when printing with separate HP-GL/2 drivers.

The output is completely blank

If the front-panel graphic language setting is **Automatic** (the default), try the other settings: **PostScript** for a PostScript file, **HP-GL/2** for an HP-GL/2 file, and so on. Then send the file again.

When you have finished this particular print, remember to reset the graphic language to **Automatic**.

The output contains only a partial print

- If you pressed **Cancel** before the printer received all the data, you ended the data transmission and will have to print the page again.
- The **I/O timeout** setting might be too short. This setting determines how long the printer waits for the computer to send more data, before deciding that the job is finished. On the front panel, increase the **I/O timeout** setting to a longer period and then send the print again by selecting the Connectivity menu icon , then **Advanced > Select I/O timeout**.
- A communications problem between your computer and the printer might exist. Check your network cable.

- Check that your software settings are correct for your current page size (for example, long-axis prints).
- If you are using network software, make sure that it has not timed out.

The image is clipped

Clipping normally indicates a discrepancy between the actual printable area on the loaded paper and the printable area as described by your software. You can often identify this kind of problem before printing by previewing your print. See [Preview a print on page 87](#).

- Check the actual printable area for the paper size that you have loaded.
printable area = paper size – margins
- Check what your software understands to be the printable area (which it might cite as "printing area" or "imageable area"). For example, some software programs assume standard printable areas that are larger than those used in this printer.
- If you have defined a custom page size that has very narrow margins, the printer might impose its own minimal margins and clip your image slightly. You might want to use a larger paper size. See [Select margins options on page 86](#).
- If your image contains its own margins, you might be able to print it successfully by using the **Clip Contents by margins** option. See [Select margins options on page 86](#).
- If you are trying to print a very long image on a roll, make sure that your software can print an image of that size.
- You might have asked to rotate the page to landscape orientation on a paper size that is not sufficiently wide.
- If necessary, reduce the size of the image or document in your software, so that it fits between the margins


Other explanations exist for a clipped images. Some programs, such as Adobe Photoshop, Adobe Illustrator, and CorelDRAW, use an internal 16-bit coordinate system which means that they cannot handle an image of more than 32,768 pixels. If you try to print a larger image, the bottom of the image will be clipped. To print the entire image, try these suggestions:

- If you are using an HP-GL/2 driver, you can reduce the resolution so that the whole image requires fewer than 32,768 pixels. The Windows driver includes an option called **Max. Application Resolution**, which reduces the resolution automatically. The option is on the **Advanced** tab, under **Document Options > Printer Features**.
- Save the file in another format, such as TIFF or EPS, and open it in another program.
- Use a RIP to print the file.

The image is in one portion of the printing area


- In the software, have you selected a page size that is too small?
- Does your software read the image as being in one portion of the page?

The image is unexpectedly rotated


On the front panel, select the  icon, and then select **Printing preferences > Paper options > Rotate**. Check that the setting is what you wanted.

For non-PostScript files: if **Nesting** is **On**, pages are sometimes automatically rotated to save paper. See [Nest jobs to save paper on page 91](#).


The print is a mirror image of the original

On the front panel, select the  icon, and then select **Printing preferences > Paper options > Enable mirror image**. Check that the setting is what you wanted.



The print is distorted or unintelligible

- The interface cable that is connecting your printer to your network (or to your computer) might be faulty. Try another cable.
- On the front panel, select the  icon, and then select **Printing preferences > Select graphics language**. If the language setting is **Automatic** (the default), try the other settings: **PostScript** for a PostScript file, **HP-GL/2** for an HP-GL/2 file, on so on. Then send the file again.
- Depending on the software, drivers, and RIPs that you are using with your printer, different ways to solve this problem exist. Refer to the vendor's user documentation for details.

One image overlays another on the same print

The **I/O timeout** setting might be too long. On the front panel, decrease the setting and print again. Select the Connectivity menu icon , then **Advanced > Select I/O timeout**.

Pen settings seem to have no effect

- You have changed the settings on the front panel by selecting the  icon followed by **Printing preferences > HP-GL/2 > Define palette**, but did not select that palette in **Printing preferences > HP-GL/2 > Select palette**.
- To enable the software-driven pen settings, go to the front panel and select the  icon followed by **Printing preferences > HP-GL/2 > Select palette > Software**.

The image has a wood-grain appearance (aeroworms)



Aeroworms are wavy, horizontal bands produced by air-induced dot placement error (DPE). In extreme cases, aeroworms give the image a wood-grain appearance. The problem occurs most commonly on print jobs that are set for low-quality and high-speed. It does not occur when the custom print-quality setting is set to “best.”

To eliminate aeroworms, select a higher IQ print setting. See [Select print quality on page 83](#).

A square is not square

In some cases for low grammage papers, the printed image is larger in one side than the other. In order to avoid this problem, we suggest you reduce the vacuum to the lowest level in the paper preset for the selected paper.

To reduce the vacuum, go to HP Designjet Utility > Color Center > Paper Preset Management > Change Printing Properties > Vacuum level.

Color drift on area fill edges

Color differences can be seen on the edge of a wide non-printed area. In some specific cases, there may be some color variation that is present when the edge of this area fill is composed of light colors.

To reduce this problem try the following:

- Rotate the image 90° or 180°.
- Print in fast and normal modes.
- Print in unidirectional mode.
- Add color bars at the sides of the image.
- Print closer to the right hand side of the printer.
- Use a special paper preset with more servicing. New presets exist for plain paper, coated, heavyweight coated, super heavyweight coated and high gloss/satin photo media. In the EWS, go to the **Configuration** tab, select the **Paper management** option, and the **Show/hide papers** tab. From the hidden list of medias, select the one to use by moving it to the visible list and click on **Apply** button.

14 Troubleshoot paper issues

- [The paper cannot be loaded successfully](#)
- [The paper has jammed](#)
- [Prints do not stack correctly in the bin](#)
- [Automatic paper-cutter does not function](#)
- [Take-up reel paper jammed](#)
- [Take-up reel does not wind](#)

The paper cannot be loaded successfully

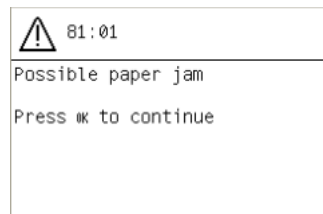
Here are a few things to check if you cannot successfully load the paper.

- The paper might be loaded at an angle (skewed or mislocated). Make sure that the right edge of the paper is aligned with the half-circle on the right-hand side of the platen, and that the leading edge of the paper is aligned with the metal bar in the platen.
- The paper might be crumpled or warped, or have irregular edges.
- If the paper jams in the paper path to the platen, the leading edge of the paper might not be straight or clean. Remove the initial 2 cm (1 in) of paper from the roll and try again. This might be necessary even with a new roll of paper.
- Make sure that the spindle is correctly inserted.
- Make sure that the paper is correctly loaded on the spindle, and that it loads over the roll towards you.
- Check that the paper is wound tightly on the roll.
- If you are having difficulties loading the paper, and the front panel continues to display **align to the blue line** after a number of attempts, then unroll forward about a half meter of paper, align with the blue line, and the backwards movement will automatically align the paper

The paper has jammed

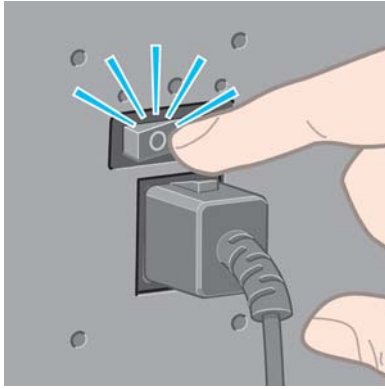
When a jam occurs, the **Possible paper jam** message usually appears in the front panel, with one of two error codes:

- 81:01 indicates that paper cannot advance into the printer.
- 86:01 indicates that the printhead carriage cannot move from side to side.



Check the printhead path

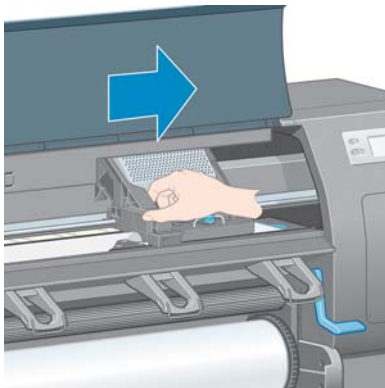
1. Turn off the printer at the front panel, then also switch off the power switch at the rear.



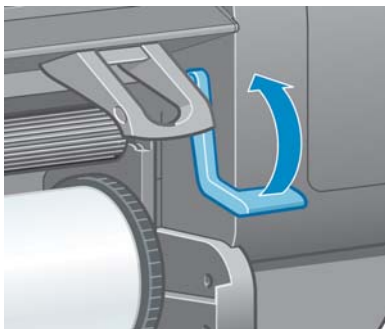
2. Open the printer window.



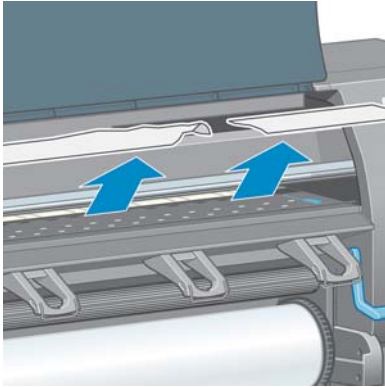
3. Try to move the printhead carriage out of the way.



4. Lift the paper-load lever as far up as it will go.



5. Carefully remove any of the jammed paper that you can lift up and out from the top of the printer.



6. Carefully pull the remainder of the roll down and out of the printer.
7. Turn on the printer.
8. Reload the roll. See [Load a roll into the printer on page 33](#).
9. If some paper continues to cause an obstruction within the printer, it can often be cleared by loading a rigid paper type into the printer.
10. If you find that you have print-quality problems after a jam, try realigning the printheads. See [Align the printheads on page 71](#).

Check the paper path

- This problem can occur when a roll has finished and the end of the roll is stuck to the cardboard core. If this has happened, cut the end of the roll away from the core. Then feed the paper through the printer, and load a new roll.
- Otherwise, follow the procedure described above, under [Check the printhead path on page 168](#)

Prints do not stack correctly in the bin

- Paper often tends to curl near the end of a roll, which can cause stacking problems. Load a new roll, or remove prints manually as they are completed.
- If you are mixing prints or nesting sets of several different sizes, you might experience stacking problems because of the different sizes of paper in the bin.

Automatic paper-cutter does not function

The automatic paper-cutter is disabled when the take-up reel is in use, and when printing on some heavy paper types, which might damage the cutter.

Take-up reel paper jammed

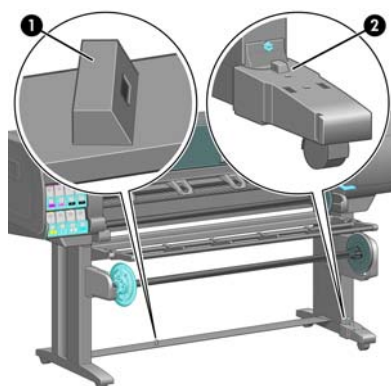
If the paper is severely damaged on the take-up reel spindle core, do not use the printer's cutter to cut and remove the paper. Instead, cut the paper manually as close as possible to the printer window, and then remove the roll. See [Unload a roll from the printer on page 35](#).

Take-up reel does not wind

Predictably, if the take-up reel is not winding as anticipated, the printed output is likely to end up on the floor. If the printer recognizes a problem with the take-up reel, it will interrupt the print job until the issue is corrected. If the printer does not recognize a problem, the job will continue to print. The following table highlights possible issues and solutions.

Take-up reel LED status	Issue	Print job interrupted?	Possible cause	Possible solution
Blinking quickly	Take-up reel is not winding	Yes	The sensor beam was blocked for more than 3 seconds.	Make sure that the take-up reel sensors are not blocked by a strip of paper, the collection bin, or any objects. See the following graphic. Make sure that the collection bin is placed behind the foot brace. Also ensure that the take-up reel power switch is in the On position.
Blinking slowly	Take-up reel is not winding	No	The sensor cables are loose or unplugged.	Ensure that the sensor cables are correctly secured.
Solid red	Take-up reel is not winding	No	There is too much resistance on the take-up reel motor.	Ensure that the paper is not winding too tightly. A loop-shaping core should be inserted and hanging as shown in step 10 of Use the take-up reel on page 35 .
Solid green	Take-up reel is not winding	No	The take-up reel power switch is in the Off position	Ensure that the take-up reel power switch is in the On position.
Solid green	Take-up reel is winding in the wrong direction	No	The take-up reel wind-direction switch is in the wrong winding position. After 3 seconds, the printer recognizes the problem and interrupts the print job. See the first error listed in this table.	Flip the take-up reel wind-direction switch to the correct position.

The following graphic shows the take-up reel sensors and cable.




1. Take-up reel sensor
2. Take-up reel sensor and cable housing unit

15 Troubleshoot ink-system issues

- [Cannot insert an ink cartridge](#)
- [Cannot insert a printhead](#)
- [Cannot insert the maintenance cartridge](#)
- [Front panel recommends reseating or replacing a printhead](#)
- [Clean the printheads](#)
- [Align the printheads](#)

Cannot insert an ink cartridge

1. Check that you have the correct type of cartridge (model number).
2. Check that the cartridge is correct for your region (the region is indicated by the letter after 773 on the cartridge label).
3. Check that the colored label on the cartridge is the same color as the label on the slot.
4. Check that the cartridge is correctly oriented, the arrow on the front of the ink cartridge should face upwards.

 **CAUTION:** Never clean inside the ink cartridge slots.

Cannot insert a printhead

1. Check that you have the correct type of printhead (model number).
2. Check that you have removed the protective caps and the clear protective tape from the printhead.
3. Check that the colored label on the printhead is the same color as the label on the slot.
4. Check that the printhead is correctly oriented (compare with the others).
5. Check that you have closed and latched the printhead cover.

Cannot insert the maintenance cartridge

Check that the maintenance cartridge is of the correct type and correctly oriented.


Front panel recommends reseating or replacing a printhead

1. Remove the printhead and check that its protective film has been removed.
2. Clean the electrical connections between the printhead and the carriage. See [Clean the electrical connections on a printhead on page 68](#).
3. Reinsert the printhead into the carriage and check the front panel message.
4. If the problem persists, insert a new printhead.


Clean the printheads


Periodic printhead cleaning is performed automatically, as long as the printer is kept turned on. However, you should clean the printheads if you are experiencing poor image quality and cannot resolve the issues by other methods. This ensures that there is fresh ink in the nozzles and helps to prevent nozzle clogs.

If you have printed the Printhead status plot, you know which colors are failing. Clean the pair of printheads that are not performing adequately. If you are not sure which printheads to clean, clean all of the printheads.

To clean the printheads, go to the printer's front panel and select the  icon, then **Clean printheads**, then select which printheads you want to clean. You can clean all of the printheads or only some of them.

Cleaning all of the printheads takes about 5 minutes. Cleaning any two printheads takes about 3 minutes.

 **NOTE:** Cleaning all printheads uses more ink than cleaning a single pair.


 **NOTE:** HP recommends that you purge the ink from the printheads before printing a job if the printer has been turned off for more than six weeks or if you are experiencing inconsistent colors from print to print after long storage periods. Purging the ink from the printheads helps to ensure maximum color consistency; it is *not* a remedy for poor printhead health.


Align the printheads

Precise alignment between printheads is essential for color accuracy, smooth color transitions, and sharp edges in graphical elements. Your printer has an automatic printhead alignment process which runs whenever a printhead has been accessed or replaced.

In the case of a paper jam, if you have used a custom paper, or if you are experiencing problems with color accuracy; you might need to align the printheads. See [Align the printheads on page 71](#).

 **NOTE:** If you experience a paper jam, HP recommends that you reinsert the printheads and align the printheads.

 **TIP:** Use the same paper you intend to print on to align the printheads. Photo paper is recommended for the best results. Plain; bond; and thin, coated papers are acceptable, but provide marginal results.


 **WARNING!** Colored papers, glossy canvas, and transparent materials such as translucent bond, clear film, tracing paper, and vellum are not suitable for aligning the printheads. However, if you must perform printhead alignment with a material that is not supported, make sure you use a material with the same thickness as the material you are going to use for printing.

Reinsert printheads procedure

1. If the printhead alignment process is running and the wrong paper is loaded, press the **Cancel** key on the front panel.

 **CAUTION:** Do not print if the printhead alignment process has been canceled.

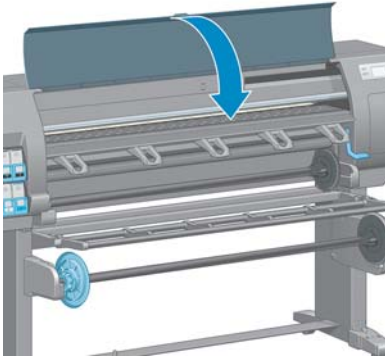
2. Load the paper you want to use. Photo paper is recommended for the best results.

 **WARNING!** Colored papers, glossy canvas, and transparent materials such as translucent bond, clear film, tracing paper, and vellum are not suitable for aligning the printheads. However, if you must perform printhead alignment with a material that is not supported, make sure you use a material with the same thickness as the material you are going to use for printing.

3. Remove and reinsert all of the printheads. See [Remove a printhead on page 62](#) and [Insert a printhead on page 65](#). This starts the printhead alignment process.



NOTE: Make sure the printer window is closed during printhead alignment.



4. The process takes about 10 minutes. Wait until the front panel shows that the process is complete before using the printer.




NOTE: A calibration image is printed during the printhead alignment process. The front panel shows if there were any errors in the process.

Image Quality Maintenance menu procedure

1. Load the paper you want to use. Photo paper is recommended for the best results. Plain; bond; and thin, coated papers are acceptable, but provide marginal results.



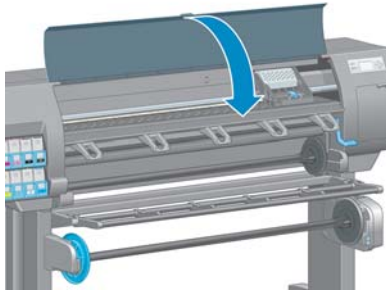
WARNING! Colored papers, glossy canvas, and transparent materials such as translucent bond, clear film, tracing paper, and vellum are not suitable for aligning the printheads. However, if you must perform printhead alignment with a material that is not supported, make sure you use a material with the same thickness as the material you are going to use for printing.

2. Go to the front panel and select the  icon, then select **Align printheads**. The printer checks that a sufficient amount of paper exists to perform printhead alignment.

3. If the paper type that is loaded is acceptable for printhead alignment, the printer performs the alignment and prints an alignment pattern.



NOTE: Make sure the printer window is closed during printhead alignment.



4. The process takes about 10 minutes. Wait until the front panel shows that the process is complete before using the printer.

Scan errors during alignment

If the alignment process fails, a **Scanning problems** message appears on the front panel. This indicates that the alignment was not completed successfully. Therefore, the printheads are not aligned and the alignment should be repeated before printing. The problem might be because of one of the following scenarios:

- The type of paper used in the printhead alignment process was not acceptable. Repeat the alignment process using one of the recommended paper types.
- The printheads are not clean. Clean the printheads. See [Clean the printheads on page 174](#).
- The printer window was open during the printhead alignment process. Repeat the alignment process with the printer window closed.

If the problem persists after following the recommended remedies, try replacing all of the printheads. If the problem persists after replacing the printheads, a failure in the scanning system may exist.

16 Troubleshoot other issues

- [The printer is not printing](#)
- [The software program slows down or stalls while generating the print job](#)
- [The printer seems slow](#)
- [Communication failures between computer and printer](#)
- [Cannot access the Embedded Web Server](#)
- [“Out-of-memory” error message](#)
- [The platen rollers squeak](#)
- [Cannot access the HP Designjet Utility](#)
- [Print job canceled and purged when held for preview](#)
- [Printer alerts](#)

The printer is not printing

Possible reasons why a file you have sent from your computer is not printing when expected, include the following:

- A problem with the electrical power might exist. If the printer is not performing and the front panel does not respond, check that the power cable is correctly connected and that the electrical socket is functioning.
- An unusual electromagnetic phenomena may exist, such as strong electromagnetic fields or severe electrical disturbances. Such occurrences can cause the printer to behave strangely, or even stop working. Turn off the printer by using the **Power** key on the front panel, wait until the electromagnetic environment has returned to normal, and then turn the printer on again. If the problems persist, contact your customer service representative.
- The graphic language setting might be incorrectly set.
- The correct printer driver might not have been installed in your computer.
- One of the following paper scenarios might exist:
 - The paper name that appears on the front panel does not reflect the paper that is loaded in the printer.
 - There is not a sufficient amount of paper on the loaded roll to print the entire job.

Under these conditions, one print job might be printed, while another print job is held in the print queue. To resolve this issue, unload the roll from the printer and load a new roll, using the front panel to guide you through the process.

- The nesting setting might be **On** and the printer is waiting for the nest timeout to expire. Under this condition, the front panel shows the remaining time.
- You might have requested a print preview in your printer driver. Under this condition, the preview appears in a Web browser.

The software program slows down or stalls while generating the print job

Large quantities of data might be necessary to generate a high-quality large-format print job. This can cause your software program to slow down significantly or stall. Lowering the print resolution may help to avoid this scenario, however, lowering the print resolution reduces image quality.

In the Windows HP-GL/2 driver, click the **Advanced** tab, select **Document options > Printer features**, and then set **Max. Application resolution** to 300.

The printer seems slow

Here are some possible explanations:

- Did you set the print quality to **Best**? Images printed with the **Best** print-quality setting require more time to print.
- Did you specify the correct paper type when loading the paper? Check that the paper type that appears on the front panel matches the paper that is loaded in the printer.

- Is your printer connected to a network? Check that all components used in the network (network interface cards, hubs, routers, switches, and cables) are capable of high-speed operation. Is there a lot of traffic from other devices on the network?
- Did you set the drying time to **Extended**? Try changing the drying time to **Automatic**. See [Change the drying time on page 46](#).
- Are the printheads in good condition? Printing time might increase when a printhead needs cleaning. Check the printhead status on the front panel or through the Embedded Web Server. Clean or replace printheads if necessary.
- Do your image contain high-density, black fills? Printing time might increase for images containing high-density, black fills.

Communication failures between computer and printer

Some symptoms are:



- The front-panel display does not show the **Receiving** message when you have sent an image to the printer.
- Your computer shows an error message when you try to print.
- Your computer or printer stalls when transferring data.
- Your printed output shows random or inexplicable errors (misplaced lines, partial graphics, and so on).

To solve a communication problem:

- Make sure that you have selected the correct printer in your software program.
- Make sure that the printer works correctly when printing from other software programs.
- Remember that large images usually require more time to receive, process, and print.
- If the printer is connected to your computer through any other intermediate devices, such as switch boxes, buffer boxes, cable adapters, or cable converters, remove the intermediate device and try connecting the printer directly to your computer.
- Try another interface cable. See [Choose which connection method to use on page 14](#).
- Make sure that the graphic language setting is correctly set.

Cannot access the Embedded Web Server

If you have not done so already, please read [Access the Embedded Web Server on page 18](#).

1. Go to the front panel and select the Connectivity menu icon , then **Advanced > Embedded Web Server > Allow EWS > On**.
2. If you have a TCP/IP connection to your printer, go to the front panel and select the Connectivity menu icon .
3. Select the type of connection you are using.

4. Select **View Information**.
5. The information should read: **IP enabled: Yes**. If it does not, you might need to use a different connection.

If you still cannot access the Embedded Web Server, turn the printer off with the **Power** key on the front panel and then turn it on again.

If you experience very slow progress while trying to access the Embedded Web Server, the problem could be that you are using a proxy server. Try bypassing the proxy server and accessing the Embedded Web Server directly.

- In Internet Explorer 6 for Windows, go to **Tools > Internet Options > Connections > LAN Settings**, and select the **Bypass proxy server for local addresses** check box. You can also click the **Advanced** button to add the printer's IP address to the list of exceptions, for which the proxy server is not used.
- In Safari for MAC OS X, go to **Safari > Preferences > Advanced** and click the **Proxies: Change Settings** button. Add the printer's IP address or its domain name to the list of exceptions, for which the proxy server is not used.

“Out-of-memory” error message

There is no direct relationship between the size of a file in your computer and the amount of memory needed to print the file. Because of file compression and other factors, it is difficult to estimate how much memory is needed to print a job. It is possible that the printer will lack sufficient memory to print a certain job, despite having printed larger jobs in the past. Adding memory to your printer is one solution.

If you are using the Windows HP-GL/2 driver, printer memory problems can often be resolved by clicking the **Advanced** tab, selecting **Document options**, selecting **Printer features**, and then selecting **Print job as raster**.





NOTE: If you select this option, the time needed to process the job in your computer might be considerably longer.

The platen rollers squeak

If you notice that the platen rollers are squeaking, call HP support for help: http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/wwcontact_us.html

Cannot access the HP Designjet Utility

If you have not done so already, please read [Access the HP Designjet Utility on page 19](#).

1. Go to the front panel and select the Connectivity menu icon , then **Advanced > Web services > HP Designjet Utility Software > Enable**.
2. If you have a TCP/IP connection to your printer, go to the front panel and select the Connectivity menu icon  again.
3. Select the type of connection you are using.
4. Select **View Information**.

If you still cannot connect, turn the printer off by using the **Power** key on the front panel and then turn it on again.

Print job canceled and purged when held for preview

The printer can store up to 64 pages for preview. If the job that you selected for preview contains more than 64 pages, the job will be canceled and purged without notification when the printer starts to process the sixty-fifth page. If you want to preview a job that has more than 64 pages, press the **Continue** button before the printer starts to process the sixty-fifth page. Because the preview image is ready as soon as the first page is processed, you should have enough time to check the preview image.

Printer alerts

Your printer can communicate two types of alerts:

- **Errors:** Mainly alerting you to the fact that the printer is unable to print. However, in the driver, errors can also alert you to conditions that could ruin the print, such as clipping, even if the printer is able to print.
- **Warnings:** Alert you when the printer needs attention either for an adjustment, such as a calibration or for a possible unprintable situation, such as a preventive maintenance or low ink.

There are four different alert communicators within your printer's system.

- **Front-panel display:** The front panel shows only the most relevant alert at a time. It generally requires the user to press the **OK** key for confirmation, but in the case of a warning, it disappears after a timeout. There are permanent alerts, such as "ink cartridge low on ink", that reappear when the printer becomes idle and there is not another more severe alert.
- **Embedded Web Server:** The upper-right corner of the Embedded Web Server window shows the printer status. If there is an alert in the printer, the status shows the alert text.
- **Driver:** The driver shows alerts. The driver warns about job configuration settings that may produce a problem in the final output. If the printer is not ready to print, it displays a warning.
- **HP Designjet Utility:** To see alerts, go to the **Overview** tab and review the **Items needing attention** list on the right-hand side.

By default, alerts are displayed only when you are printing and there are printing problems, for example: cartridge low or out of ink or printer out of paper. If alerts are enabled and there is a problem that prevents printing, you see a pop-up window, which explains why the printer is not going to print. Follow the instructions to achieve your required result.



NOTE: There are environments that do not support bidirectional communication. In these cases, alerts do not reach the job owner.

17 HP Customer Care

- [Introduction](#)
- [HP Professional Services](#)
- [HP Instant Support](#)
- [HP Proactive Support](#)
- [Customer Self Repair](#)
- [Contact HP Support](#)

Introduction

HP Customer Care offers award-winning support to ensure you get the most from your HP Designjet, providing comprehensive, proven support expertise and new technologies to give you unique end-to-end support. Services include setup and installation, troubleshooting tools, warranty upgrades, repair and exchange services, phone and Web support, software updates and self-maintenance services.

To find out more about HP Customer Care, please visit us at <http://www.hp.com/go/graphicarts/> or call us on the telephone (see [Contact HP Support on page 188](#)).

To register your warranty, visit <http://register.hp.com/>

HP Professional Services

Knowledge Center

Enjoy a world of dedicated services and resources to ensure you always get the best performance from your HP Designjet products and solutions.

Join the HP community at the Knowledge Center, your large-format printing community, for 24×7 access to:

- Multimedia tutorials
- Step-by-step how-to guides
- Downloads — the latest product firmware, drivers, software, paper presets, etc.
- Technical support — online troubleshooting, customer care contacts and more
- Workflows and detailed advice for completing various printing tasks from particular software applications
- Forums for direct contact with the experts, both HP and your colleagues
- Warranty tracking online, for your peace of mind
- Latest product information — products, supplies, accessories, software, etc.
- Supplies Center for all you need to know about ink and paper

The Knowledge Center can be found at the following locations, depending on your product:

- <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6600/support/>
- <http://www.hp.com/go/Z6800/support/>

By customizing your registration for the products you have purchased and your type of business, and by setting your communication preferences, you decide the information you need.

HP Start-up Kit

The HP Start-up Kit is the DVD that comes with your product; it contains the product's software and documentation.

HP Care Packs and Warranty Extensions

HP Care Packs and Warranty Extensions allow you to extend your product's warranty beyond the standard period.

They include remote support. On-site service is also provided if necessary, with two alternative response-time options.

- Next business day
- Same business day, within four hours (may not be available in all countries)

For more information on HP Care Packs, please visit <http://www.hp.com/go/printservices/>.

HP Installation

The HP Installation service unpacks, sets up and connects the product for you.

This is one of the HP Care Pack services; for more information, please visit <http://www.hp.com/go/printservices/>.

HP Instant Support

HP Instant Support Professional Edition is HP's suite of troubleshooting tools that collect diagnostic information from your product and match it with intelligent solutions from HP's knowledge bases, allowing you to resolve problems as quickly as possible.

You can start an HP Instant Support session by clicking on the link provided on the Troubleshooting page of your product's Embedded Web Server. See [Access the Embedded Web Server on page 18](#).

To be able to use HP Instant Support:

- You must have a TCP/IP connection to your product, because HP Instant Support is accessible only through the Embedded Web Server.
- You must have access to the World Wide Web, because HP Instant Support is a Web-based service.

HP Instant Support is currently available in English, Korean, Simplified Chinese and Traditional Chinese.

You can find more information about HP Instant Support at <http://www.hp.com/go/ispe/>.

HP Proactive Support

HP Proactive Support helps reduce costly product downtime by preemptively identifying, diagnosing and resolving product issues before they become problems for you. HP's Proactive Support tool is designed to help businesses of all sizes reduce support costs and maximize productivity—all with the click of a mouse.

A component of the HP Imaging and Printing suite of services, Proactive Support helps you gain control of your printing environment—with a clear focus on maximizing the value of your investment, increasing product uptime and reducing product management costs.

HP recommends that you enable Proactive Support right away to save you time and prevent problems before they occur, reducing costly downtime. Proactive Support runs diagnostics and checks for software and firmware updates.

You can enable Proactive Support in the HP Designjet Utility for Windows or the HP Printer Monitor for MAC OS X, where you can specify the frequency of connections between your computer and HP's Web server, and

the frequency of diagnostic checks. You can also choose to run the diagnostic checks at any time. To change these settings:

- In the HP Designjet Utility for Windows, select the **Tools** menu, then **HP Proactive Support** (not available in HP Designjet Utility 1.0).
- In the HP Printer Monitor for Mac OS X, select **Preferences > Monitoring > Enable HP Proactive Support**.

If Proactive Support finds any potential problem, it notifies you with an alert, which will explain the problem and recommend a solution. In some cases, the solution may be applied automatically; in other cases, you may be asked to perform some procedure to solve the problem.

Customer Self Repair

HP's Customer Self Repair program offers our customers the fastest service under either warranty or contract. It enables HP to ship replacement parts directly to you (the end user) so that you can replace them. Using this program, you can replace parts at your own convenience.


Convenient, easy to use

- An HP Support Specialist will diagnose and assess whether a replacement part is required to address a defective hardware component.
- Replacement parts are express-shipped; most in-stock parts are shipped the very same day you contact HP.
- Available for most HP products currently under warranty or contract.
- Available in most countries.

For more information about Customer Self Repair, see <http://www.hp.com/go/selfrepair/>.

Contact HP Support

HP Support is available to you by telephone. What to do before you call:

- Review the troubleshooting suggestions in this guide.
- Review the relevant driver documentation.
- If you have installed third-party software drivers and RIPs, see their documentation.
- If you call one of the Hewlett-Packard offices, please have the following information available to help us answer your questions more quickly:
 - The product you are using: the product number, the serial number and the service ID, which you can find by using the Information icon  on the front panel
 - For print quality support, print a sample that you can use to highlight the issue.
 - If there is an error code on the front panel, note it down; see [Front-panel error messages on page 209](#)
 - The computer you are using

- Any special equipment or software you are using (for example, spoolers, networks, switch-boxes, modems or special software drivers)
- The cable you are using (by part number) and where you purchased it
- The software name and version you are currently using
- Print out the service information prints. You may be asked to fax them to the support center helping you.

On the front panel: select the  icon, then **Service information prints > Print all pages**.

Through the Embedded Web Server: go to the **Service support** page in the **Support** tab, and then select **Printer information > Print all pages**.

Telephone number

Your HP Support telephone number is available on the Web: please visit http://welcome.hp.com/country/us/en/wwcontact_us.html.

A Overnight job scenario

In this scenario, the print service provider (PSP) is nearing the end of the business day and receives a new order which requires delivery early the next day. The printer is currently printing and there are jobs in the queue which must also be delivered the next day. The best solution is to queue the new job and print it overnight.

The following information describes the necessary tasks to ensure worry-free overnight printing.

Task 1: Handle the digital content

The following steps will help you to successfully handle the digital content.

1. Open the PDF file in Adobe Acrobat.
2. Ensure you have all the necessary information to submit the job, including fonts and high-resolution images.
3. Check the orientation, margins, typography, color and resolution to ensure that there are no printing or finishing inconsistencies.
4. Print a draft copy of the work on a small printer as a proof for validation.
5. Generate the PDF for the RIP.
6. Move the PDF file to the RIP station.



NOTE: Ensure the job can be completed and delivered on time given the current workload and the paper and ink supplies.

Task 2: Handle the paper

Ensure that there is enough paper left in the current roll to accommodate all of the queued jobs and the new order. If there is not enough paper left, pause the print queue and load a new roll.

The table below identifies sections of this user's guide which will help you to quickly find information on handling paper.

Table A-1 Handle the paper

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
Unload paper	See Unload a roll from the printer on page 35
Load paper	See Load a roll onto the spindle on page 31
Load a roll onto the take-up reel	See Load a roll onto the take-up reel on page 35

Table A-1 Handle the paper (continued)

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
Check the paper preset	See View information about the paper on page 43
Troubleshooting	See this section of the guide
I can't load the paper	See The paper cannot be loaded successfully on page 168
I can't find the paper preset for my paper	See Download paper presets on page 45 and Update the printer firmware on page 143
I don't have HP paper	See Use non-HP paper on page 45 and Supported paper types on page 27
The paper has jammed	See The paper has jammed on page 168
The take-up reel paper has jammed	See Take-up reel paper jammed on page 170
The take-up reel does not wind	See Take-up reel does not wind on page 171



NOTE: For additional information about paper, see [Handle the paper on page 25](#).

Task 3: Handle the ink system

Ensure that your printheads are healthy and that ink levels are enough to print all queued jobs. If the ink levels are too low, pause the print queue and replace and align the components as necessary.

The table below identifies sections of this user's guide which will help you to quickly find information on handling the ink system.

Table A-2 Handle the ink system

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
Check ink cartridge information	See View ink cartridge information on page 77
Remove an ink cartridge	See Remove an ink cartridge on page 59
Insert an ink cartridge	See Insert an ink cartridge on page 61
Check printhead information	See View printhead information on page 78
Remove a printhead	See Remove a printhead on page 62
Insert a printhead	See Insert a printhead on page 65
Align printheads	See Align the printheads on page 71
Remove the maintenance cartridge	See Remove the maintenance cartridge on page 74
Insert the maintenance cartridge	See Insert the maintenance cartridge on page 76
Troubleshooting	See this section of the guide
I cannot access the Embedded Web Server	See Cannot access the Embedded Web Server on page 181
I cannot insert an ink cartridge	See Cannot insert an ink cartridge on page 174
I cannot insert a printhead	See Cannot insert a printhead on page 174
The printer will not recognize the printhead	See Clean the electrical connections on a printhead on page 68



NOTE: For additional information about the ink system, see [Handle the ink system on page 55](#).

Task 4: Handle print jobs

After checking ink consumables and paper levels, you can send the job to the printer. On the screen preview, make adjustments for paper type, print size, number of copies and nesting as necessary. You can then move the job to the RIP queue.

The table below identifies sections of this user's guide which will help you to quickly find information on handling print jobs.

Table A-3 Handle print jobs

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
Submit a job	See Create a print job on page 82
Check ink and paper usage for a job	See Check ink and paper usage for a job on page 122
Cancel a job	See Delete a job from the queue on page 118
Manage the print queue	See Job queue management on page 115
Troubleshooting	See this section of the guide
I can't access the Embedded Web Server	See Cannot access the Embedded Web Server on page 181



NOTE: To improve color consistency between prints or from one printer to another, consider performing a color calibration. For more information on color calibration, for the Z6800 see [Color calibration on page 101](#), and for the Z6600 see [Color calibration on page 105](#).

Task 5: Adjust printed images

Check the quality of the prints. The table below identifies sections of this user's guide which will help you to quickly find information on adjusting printed images.

Table A-4 Handle the ink system

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
Select print quality	See Select print quality on page 83
Select paper size	See Select paper size on page 85
Select margins options	See Select margins options on page 86
Rescale a print	See Rescale a print on page 87
Change the treatment of overlapping lines	See Change the treatment of overlapping lines on page 88
Print in grayscale	See Print in gray shades on page 91
Print crop lines	See Print crop lines on page 89
Rotate or autorotate an image	See Rotate an image on page 89 and Autorotate on page 90
Select the color emulation mode	See Color emulation modes on page 112

Table A-4 Handle the ink system (continued)

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
Troubleshooting	See this section of the guide
I am experiencing print quality problems	See Troubleshoot print-quality issues on page 151



NOTE: For additional information about adjusting printed images, see [Print options on page 81](#).



NOTE: For additional information about unloading a roll from the take-up reel after printing, see [Unload a roll from the take-up reel on page 40](#).

B Urgent walk-in job scenario

In this scenario, the print service provider (PSP) receives an urgent walk-in order which requires delivery in less than two hours. The printer is currently printing and there are jobs in the queue, however, the new job has the highest priority. It also requires different paper than what is currently in the printer.



NOTE: The new job is a repeat order for which the digital content already exists within the ripped files storage.

The following information describes the necessary tasks to successfully execute an urgent walk-in job.

Task 1: Handle the digital content

The following steps will help you to successfully handle the digital content.

1. Find the digital content on the RIP workstation.
2. Open the PDF file in Adobe Acrobat.
3. Ensure you have all the necessary information to submit the job, including fonts and high-resolution images.
4. Check the orientation, margins, typography, color and resolution to ensure that there are no printing or finishing inconsistencies.



NOTE: Ensure the job can be completed and delivered on time given the current workload and the paper and ink supplies.

Task 2: Handle print jobs

Due to the urgent nature of the new walk-in job, you are required to interrupt the current jobs in the print queue. The following steps will help you to handle the print jobs.

1. Pause the queue. See [Pause the job queue on page 117](#).
2. Move the new job to the top of the queue.
3. Adjust the new job settings for productivity, paper type, print size, number of copies and nesting as necessary.
4. Cancel the job currently in the printer when the last image is completed.



NOTE: Resume the queue only after handling the paper and ink system. Once the new job is done, remember to pause the queue again to avoid printing the queued jobs on the wrong paper.

The table below identifies sections of this user's guide which will help you to quickly find information on handling print jobs.

Table B-1 Handle print jobs

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
Submit a job	See Create a print job on page 82
Cancel a job	See Delete a job from the queue on page 118
Manage the print queue	See Job queue management on page 115
Troubleshooting	See this section of the guide
I can't access the Embedded Web Server	See Cannot access the Embedded Web Server on page 181



NOTE: To improve color consistency between prints or from one printer to another, consider performing a color calibration. For more information on color calibration, see {ref: Color calibration}.

Task 3: Handle the paper

The new job requires different paper than the job that was interrupted. The following steps will help you to handle the paper.

1. Remove the printed output from the printer and annotate what the remainder of the job.
2. Unload the currently loaded paper.
3. Load the correct paper for the new job.



NOTE: To improve color consistency between prints, or from one printer to another, consider performing a color calibration. For more information on color calibration, For the Z6800 see [Color calibration on page 101](#) and for the Z6600 see [Color calibration on page 105](#).

The table below identifies sections of this user's guide which will help you to quickly find information on handling paper.

Table B-2 Handle the paper

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
Unload paper	See Unload a roll from the printer on page 35
Unload a roll from the take-up reel	See Unload a roll from the take-up reel on page 40
Load paper	See Load a roll onto the spindle on page 31
Load a roll onto the take-up reel	See Load a roll onto the take-up reel on page 35
Check the paper preset	See View information about the paper on page 43
Perform color calibration	For the Z6800 see Color calibration on page 101 and for the Z6600 see Color calibration on page 105 .
Troubleshooting	See this section of the guide
I can't load the paper	See The paper cannot be loaded successfully on page 168
I can't find the paper preset for my paper	See Download paper presets on page 45 and Update the printer firmware on page 143

Table B-2 Handle the paper (continued)

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
I don't have HP paper	See Use non-HP paper on page 45 and Supported paper types on page 27
The paper has jammed	See The paper has jammed on page 168
The take-up reel paper has jammed	See Take-up reel paper jammed on page 170
The take-up reel does not wind	See Take-up reel does not wind on page 171



NOTE: For additional information about paper, see [Handle the paper on page 25](#).

Task 4: Handle the ink system

Ensure that your printheads are healthy and that ink levels are enough to print all queued jobs. If the ink levels are too low, pause the print queue and replace and align the components as necessary.

The table below identifies sections of this user's guide which will help you to quickly find information on handling the ink system.

Table B-3 Handle the ink system

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
Check ink cartridge information	See View ink cartridge information on page 77
Remove an ink cartridge	See Remove an ink cartridge on page 59
Insert an ink cartridge	See Insert an ink cartridge on page 61
Check printhead information	See View printhead information on page 78
Remove a printhead	See Remove a printhead on page 62
Insert a printhead	See Insert a printhead on page 65
Align printheads	See Align the printheads on page 71
Remove the maintenance cartridge	See Remove the maintenance cartridge on page 74
Insert the maintenance cartridge	See Insert the maintenance cartridge on page 76
Troubleshooting	See this section of the guide
I cannot access the Embedded Web Server	See Cannot access the Embedded Web Server on page 181
I cannot insert an ink cartridge	See Cannot insert an ink cartridge on page 174
I cannot insert a printhead	See Cannot insert a printhead on page 174
The printer will not recognize the printhead	See Clean the electrical connections on a printhead on page 68



NOTE: For additional information about the ink system, see [Handle the ink system on page 55](#).

Task 5: Adjust printed images

Check the quality of the prints. The table below identifies sections of this user's guide which will help you to quickly find information on adjusting printed images.

Table B-4 Handle the ink system

Task Elements	See this section of the user's guide
Select print quality	See Select print quality on page 83
Select paper size	See Select paper size on page 85
Select margins options	See Select margins options on page 86
Rescale a print	See Rescale a print on page 87
Change the treatment of overlapping lines	See Change the treatment of overlapping lines on page 88
Print in grayscale	See Print in gray shades on page 91
Print crop lines	See Print crop lines on page 89
Rotate or autorotate an image	See Rotate an image on page 89 and Autorotate on page 90
Select the color emulation mode	See Color emulation modes on page 112
Troubleshooting	See this section of the guide
I am experiencing print quality problems	See Troubleshoot print-quality issues on page 151




NOTE: For additional information about adjusting printed images, see [Print options on page 81](#).

C Front-panel menus

This appendix lists and explains the options in the front-panel menu system.



NOTE: Firmware updates may introduce changes to the menu system, in which case this appendix will become out of date in some respects.

To print a more graphical and up-to-date diagram of the front-panel menus, go to the front panel and select the  icon, then **User information prints > Print menu map**.

- [Paper menu](#)
- [Job management menu](#)
- [Ink menu](#)
- [Setup menu](#)
- [Image quality maintenance menu](#)
- [Connectivity menu](#)
- [Internal prints menu](#)
- [Information menu](#)

Key to table notations

[E] available also in the Embedded Web Server

[J] depends on the state of the job queue or of the selected job

[P] available only with the PostScript/PDF upgrade

Paper menu



Paper load	Load roll	
	Load take-up reel	
	Learn how to load spindle	
Paper unload	Unload roll	
	Unload take-up reel	
View loaded paper		
Change active paper type	(select paper category and type)	
Paper types list	(select paper category and type)	View paper details
Move paper		
Take-up reel	Enable take-up reel	
	View information	

Load roll and **Load take-up reel** display illustrations of the loading process. These options are locked if paper is already loaded.

Learn how to load spindle displays an animation.

Unload roll and **Unload take-up reel** display illustrations of the unloading process. These options are locked if no paper is loaded.

View loaded paper shows information about the loaded paper. The information shown is Status, Paper vendor, Paper type, Width, Length, Color calibration.

Change active paper type displays a list of paper types from which you can choose. This option is locked if no paper is loaded.

Paper types list displays a list of installed paper types, grouped by category, each of which you can view or delete. **View paper details** will display the Paper type, Category, Vendor, Erasable status and Revision of the selected paper type.

Move paper displays an interactive dialogue for moving the paper backwards and forwards. This option is locked if no paper is loaded.

Job management menu



Reprint last job		
Pause (or Resume) printing		
Job queue	Queue is empty [J]	
	(select job) [J]	View information
		Continue
		Move to front
		Copies
		Reprint
		Cancel
		Delete

Job queue displays the jobs in the job queue. Jobs remain in the queue after being printed.

View information displays the following information about the selected job: Name, Status, Date, Printed copies and Pages.

Continue releases for printing a job that is on hold.

Move to front moves the selected job to the front of the queue, so that it will be printed as soon as the current job finishes.

Ink menu



View ink levels	
View printhead status	
Replace ink cartridges	
Replace printheads	
Replace maintenance ctg.	
Replace ink absorber	
Ink cartridge information	View (color) ink cartridge
Printhead information	View (colors) printhead
Maintenance cartridge information	
Ink absorber information	
Clean encoder strip	

View ink levels displays the ink levels of all cartridges in the printer. A blinking cartridge in the display indicates warns you that the ink level is low.

View printhead status displays the warranty or health status of all printheads in the printer. If the printhead is still under warranty, the word WARRANTY is shown, otherwise the health status is shown.

View (color) ink cartridge displays the following information about the selected ink cartridge: Color, Product name, Product number, Serial number, Status, Ink level (ml), Capacity (ml), Expiration date, Manufacturer, Warranty status, and Supported ink cartridges.

View (colors) printhead displays the following information about the selected printhead: Color, Product name, Product number, Serial number, Status, Ink fired (ml), and Warranty status.

Maintenance cartridge information displays the following information about the maintenance cartridge: Status, Level (%) and Product number.

Setup menu



Printing preferences	Select graphics language [E]	
	Print quality	Select quality level Enable maximum detail Enable EconoMode
	Color options	Color/Grayscale Select RGB source profile Emulate printer (only Z6800) Select CMYK source profile [P] Select rendering intent [P] Black point compensation [P] HP PANTONE® emulation [P]. Only available when PS/PDF Upgrade kit is installed
	Paper options	Select paper size Remove top/bottom blanks Resize Rotate Enable mirror image Enable crop lines Enable printing paper info
	Margins	Select margins Select margins layout [E]
	HP-GL/2 options	Select palette Define palette Enable merge
	PS options [P]	Select encoding
	Select altitude	
Print retrieval	Select drying time	
	Enable cutter	

Job management options	Enable queue [E]	
	When to start printing [E]	
	Nest options	Enable nesting [E]
		Select wait time
		Enable crop lines [E]
		Oversize nested job margin
	Autorotate	
	Max. number of printed jobs [E]	
	Select job recovery mode	
	Paper mismatch action	
Front panel options	Select language	
	Select display contrast	
	Enable buzzer	
	Select units [E]	
	Date and time options	View current device time [E]
		Set date [E]
		Set time [E]
		Set time zone [E]
	Enable sleep mode	
	Sleep mode wait time	
Resets	Reset encoder cleaning	
	Restore factory settings	
Accessories	Other accessories	Install other accessories

Enable crop lines appears in two places in the menu: under **Paper options** (which applies to individual jobs) and under **Nest options** (which applies to nested jobs). The default value is Off in both cases.

Select palette allows you to choose between Software, Palette A, Palette B and Factory.

Define palette allows you to define the Palette A, Palette B and Factory palettes. To do so, select one of the pens, between 0 and 15, after which you can change the width or color of the pen. The width can vary from 0.13 mm (0.0051 in) to 12.0 mm (0.47 in) and the color can vary from 0 to 255.

Manual drying time allows you to choose a drying time from 1 to 1800 s. The default value is 100 s.

Enable nesting allows you to choose between Off, In order and Optimized order. In order to enable nesting, **When to start printing** has to be set to **After processing**.

Image quality maintenance menu



Optimize print quality	
Optimization actions	
Calibrate color	
Align printheads	
Print diagnostic image	
Paper advance calibration	Calibrate paper advance
	Adjust paper advance
	Reset paper advance
Clean printheads	Clean all
	Clean (colors)
Enable color calibration	

Connectivity menu



Gigabit Ethernet	View information	
	View configuration	
	Modify configuration	
	Restore factory settings	
Jetdirect EIO	View information	
	View configuration	
	Modify configuration	
	Restore factory settings	
Advanced	Select I/O timeout	
	Allow SNMP	
	Embedded Web Server	Allow EWS
		Reset EWS access control
	Web Services	Printer utility software
		Color and paper management
	Restore factory settings	

View information shows whether the interface is installed, whether the IP address is enabled and whether printing is enabled through this interface. It also displays the MAC address.

View configuration shows the following information: Link state, IP address, Configuration mode, Subnet mask, Default gateway, mDNS service name and the MAC address.

Modify configuration allows you to change the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and idle timeout. You can also view the host name string and choose an IP address configuration method from BOOTP, DHCP, Auto IP and Manual.

Printer utility software allows you to enable or disable the use of the HP Designjet Utility.

Internal prints menu



Demo prints	Print fine arts
	Print B&W photo
	Print Color photo
	Print retail demo
	Print GIS map
User information prints	Print menu map
	Print configuration
	Print usage report
	Print HP-GL/2 palette
	Print PS font list [P]
Service information prints	Print current information
	Print usage information
	Print event logs
	Print calibration status
	Print connectivity config.
	Print all pages

Information menu



View printer information	
Printer logs	System errors
	System warnings
	Printheads
	Ink cartridges

View printer information displays general printer information including Product name, Product number, Serial number, Service ID, Language, Memory, Disk capacity and Firmware version.

D Front-panel error messages

Under certain circumstances, a front-panel error message appears. Follow the advice in the Recommendation column to resolve the error.

If an error message appears on the front panel that is *not* included in this list, and you are in doubt over the correct response, contact HP Support. See [HP Customer Care on page 185](#).

Table D-1 Text messages

Message	Recommendation
[Color] cartridge has expired	Replace the cartridge. See Remove an ink cartridge on page 59 and Insert an ink cartridge on page 61 .
[Color] cartridge is missing	Insert a cartridge of the correct color. See Insert an ink cartridge on page 61 .
[Color] cartridge is incorrect	Insert a cartridge that is correct for your region. See Insert an ink cartridge on page 61 .
[Color] printhead #[n] error: not present	Insert the correct printhead. See Insert a printhead on page 65 .
[Color] printhead #[n] error: please remove	Remove the incorrect printhead and insert a new printhead of the correct type (color and number). See Remove a printhead on page 62 and Insert a printhead on page 65 .
[Color] printhead #[n] error: replace	Remove the non-functional printhead and insert a new printhead. See Remove a printhead on page 62 and Insert a printhead on page 65 .
[Color] printhead #[n] error: reseal	Remove and reinsert the same printhead, or try cleaning the electrical connections. If necessary, insert a new printhead. See Front panel recommends resealing or replacing a printhead on page 174 .
[Color] printhead #[n] out of warranty	The printhead's warranty has ended, because of the length of time it has been in operation or because of the volume of ink used. See the <i>Legal Information</i> .
[Color] printhead #[n] warranty warning	The printhead's warranty may be invalidated by the use of the wrong kind of ink. See the <i>Legal Information</i> .
[Warning] internal failure: Unable to create print	The internal print files are not available in the printer. Load the internal print files through the Embedded Web Server.
Faulty cartridge. Replace [color] cartridge	Replace the cartridge. See Remove an ink cartridge on page 59 and Insert an ink cartridge on page 61 .
IO error	Restart the printer. If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185 .
IO warning	Try again; if the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185 .
PDL Error: Ink system not ready	Clean the printheads. See Clean the printheads on page 174 .

Table D-1 Text messages (continued)

Message	Recommendation
PDL Error: Job clipped	The image is too large for the paper or for the printer. Load larger paper if possible, or reduce the image size.
PDL Error: memory full	Restart the printer and try resending the job; if necessary, reduce the complexity of the job.
PDL Error: out of paper	Load more paper.
PDL Error: parsing error	The print job is unintelligible to the printer. Try to recreate and resend it. Check your cable connections.
PDL Error: print mode error	The paper type or print quality specified for the job are incorrect. Change the loaded paper type or the print settings.
PDL Error: printing error	Try sending the job again.
PDL Error: virtual memory full	Restart the printer and try resending the job; if necessary, reduce the complexity of the job.
Replace [color] cartridge	Replace the cartridge. See Remove an ink cartridge on page 59 and Insert an ink cartridge on page 61 .
Reseat [color] cartridge	Remove and reinsert the same cartridge. See Remove an ink cartridge on page 59 and Insert an ink cartridge on page 61 .
Update: failed. Invalid file	Make sure that you have selected the correct firmware update file. Then try again to perform the update.

Under certain circumstances, a front-panel numeric error message appears. Follow the advice in the Recommendation column to resolve the error.

If an error message appears on the front panel that is *not* included in this list, turn off the printer and then turn it back on. If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See [HP Customer Care on page 185](#).

Table D-2 Numeric error messages

Error code	Recommendation
26:n.01 (where n = the subject ink cartridge number)	Remove the subject ink cartridge and reinstall it in the printer. If the error persists, replace the subject ink cartridge. If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185 .
29:01	The maintenance cartridge is not inserted correctly. Open the maintenance cartridge door on the right side of the printer, make sure that the maintenance cartridge is correctly seated, and then close the door. If the problem persists, replace the maintenance cartridge. If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185 .
32:1.01	A take-up reel error has occurred. Make sure that the paper is adequately taped to the take-up reel spindle core, and then make sure that the winding direction is correctly set.
32:2.01	The take-up reel can not be detected. Make sure that the take-up reel sensor cable is correctly connected.

Table D-2 Numeric error messages (continued)

Error code	Recommendation
61:01	<p>Unsupported file format: the printer cannot process the job. Try the following remedies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn off the printer by using the Power key on the front panel and the power switch at the back of the printer; disconnect the power cord; then reconnect the power cord and turn on the printer. • Make sure that the graphic language setting is correct. See Change the graphic language setting on page 21. • Resubmit the file to the printer. • Check that your printer firmware is up to date. See Update the printer firmware on page 143. <p>If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185.</p>
61:04.1	The PostScript fonts are missing. Install the latest firmware release to reinstall the fonts. See Update the printer firmware on page 143 .
61:04.2	Unrecognized paper type identifier. Install the latest firmware release to reinstall the paper type identifiers. See Update the printer firmware on page 143 .
61:08	The paper type has changed. Please resubmit the job.
61:08.1	The file cannot be printed because it is password-protected. Please resubmit the job without password protection.
61:08.2	The job contains format errors or incorrect setting values. Please resubmit the job.
63:04	<p>An input/output problem has occurred with the network card. Try the following remedies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that the network cable is correctly connected to the network card. • Check that your printer firmware is up to date. See Update the printer firmware on page 143. <p>If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185.</p>
71:03	An "out of memory" failure has occurred. Turn off the printer by using the Power key on the front panel and the power switch at the back of the printer; disconnect the power cord; then reconnect the power cord and turn on the printer.
71:08	Insufficient display list memory. Please resubmit the job with one or more of the following changes: reduce resolution to 300 dpi, select Econofast print mode, select 'Send Job As Bitmap' to have the main processing of the print job done by the computer rather than by the printer.
74:01	<p>An error occurred when uploading the firmware update file. Try the following remedies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn off the printer by using the Power key on the front panel and the power switch at the back of the printer; disconnect the power cord; then reconnect the power cord and turn on the printer. • Try again to upload the firmware update file to the printer. See Update the printer firmware on page 143. <p>If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185.</p>
76:03	<p>The hard disk is full. Use the Embedded Web Server to remove unnecessary files from the printer's hard disk.</p> <p>If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185.</p>

Table D-2 Numeric error messages (continued)

Error code	Recommendation
77:04	<p>An Embedded Web Server internal software error has occurred. Try the following remedies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Turn off the printer by using the Power key on the front panel and the power switch at the back of the printer; disconnect the power cord; then reconnect the power cord and turn on the printer.• Check that your printer firmware is up to date. See Update the printer firmware on page 143. <p>If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185.</p>
79	<p>Firmware error. Try the following remedies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Turn off the printer by using the Power key on the front panel and the power switch at the back of the printer; disconnect the power cord; then reconnect the power cord and turn on the printer.• Check that your printer firmware is up to date. See Update the printer firmware on page 143. <p>If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185.</p>
81:01, 81:03, 86:01	<p>Open the printer window and make sure that there are no obstacles restricting the movement of the drive roller. If the paper has jammed and is restricting the movement of the drive roller, lift the paper load lever and clear the obstruction. If the problem persists, contact HP Support. See HP Customer Care on page 185.</p>

E Printer specifications

- [Functional specifications](#)
- [Physical specifications](#)
- [Memory specifications](#)
- [Power specifications](#)
- [Ecological specifications](#)
- [Environmental specifications](#)
- [Acoustic specifications](#)

Functional specifications

Table E-1 HP ink supplies

HP 771 Printheads	Z6800: matte black/chromatic red, magenta/yellow, light magenta/light cyan, photo black/light gray Z6600: magenta/yellow, photo black/light gray
HP 773 Printheads	Z6600: matte black/cyan
Maintenance cartridge	Non-color-specific
HP 771 Ink cartridges	Z6800: matte black, chromatic red, magenta, yellow, light magenta, light cyan, photo black, light gray. Z6600: matte black, yellow, light cyan, magenta, photo black, light gray
HP 773 Ink cartridges	Z6800: matte black, chromatic red, magenta, yellow, light magenta, cyan, photo black, light gray. Z6600: matte black, yellow, light cyan, magenta, photo black, light gray

Table E-2 Paper sizes

	Minimum	Maximum
Width	610 mm (24 in)	1524 mm (60 in)
Length	420 mm (16.5 in)	Roll with maximum external diameter of 170 mm (6.7 in)

Table E-3 Print resolution (using Windows HP-GL/2 driver)

Print quality	Maximum resolution for photo paper	Rendering resolution	Printing resolution
Best	On	1200×1200	2400×1200 (HP Premium Instant-dry Photo Gloss, HP Premium Instant-dry Photo Satin, HP Universal Instant-dry Photo Gloss, HP Universal Instant-dry Photo Semi-Gloss, Photo Gloss Paper, Photo Semi-Gloss/Satin Paper, Photo Matte Paper) 1200×1200 (other)
Best	Off	600×600	600×1200 (HP Premium Instant-dry Photo Gloss, HP Premium Instant-dry Photo Satin, HP Universal Instant-dry Photo Gloss, HP Universal Instant-dry Photo Semi-Gloss, Photo Gloss Paper, Photo Semi-Gloss/Satin Paper, Photo Matte Paper) 1200×1200 (other)
Normal	n/a	600×600	600×1200 (HP Premium Instant-dry Photo Gloss, HP Premium Instant-dry Photo Satin, HP Universal Instant-dry Photo Gloss, HP Universal Instant-dry Photo Semi-Gloss, Photo Gloss Paper, Photo Semi-Gloss/Satin Paper, Photo Matte Paper) 1200×1200 (other)
Fast	n/a	300×300	600×1200 (plain paper, bright white bond paper, HP Premium Instant-dry Photo Gloss, HP Premium Instant-dry Photo Satin, HP Universal Instant-dry Photo Gloss, HP Universal Instant-dry Photo Semi-Gloss, Photo Gloss Paper, Photo Semi-Gloss/Satin Paper, Photo Matte Paper) 1200×1200 (other)

Table E-4 Margins

Side margins	5 mm (0.2 in)
Top margin (leading edge)	5 mm (0.2 in)
	11.5 mm (0.5 in) (glossy paper)
Bottom margin (trailing edge)	5 mm (0.2 in)

Table E-5 Mechanical accuracy

±0.1% of the specified vector length or ±0.1 mm (whichever greater) at 23°C (73°F), 50-60% relative humidity, on A0 printing material in Best or Normal mode with HP Matte Film.
--

Table E-6 Graphic languages supported

HP Designjet Z6600/Z6800	HP-GL/2, CALS G4
HP DesignJet Z6600/Z6800 with PS/PDF Upgrade Kit	Adobe Postscript level 3, PDF 1.7, TIFF, JPEG

Physical specifications

Table E-7 Printer physical specifications

	Z6600/Z6800
Weight (including stand)	< 195 kg (430 lb)
Width	< 2450 mm (96.5 in)
Depth	< 700 mm (27.6 in) (without take-up reel) < 860 mm (33.9 in) (with take-up reel)
Height	≈ 1370 mm (53.9 in)

Memory specifications

Table E-8 Memory specifications

Z6600/Z6800 memory (DRAM)	1024MB
Z6600ps/Z6800ps memory (DRAM)	1536MB
Hard disk	320GB

Power specifications

Table E-9 Printer power specifications

Input voltage	100–127 V AC ($\pm 10\%$), 5 A / 220–240 V AC ($\pm 10\%$), 3 A
Frequency	50/60 Hz (± 3 Hz)
Current	5 A / 3 A
Consumption	420W maximum
Printing	270W
Ready	< 48W maximum
Sleep	< 5W maximum
Off	< 0.3W

Ecological specifications

This product complies with European Union WEEE and RoHS Directives.

ENERGY STAR and the ENERGY STAR mark are registered U.S. marks To determine the ENERGY STAR® qualification status of these product models. See: <http://www.hp.com/go/energystar>.

For up-to-date ecological specifications of your printer, please go to <http://www.hp.com/> and search for “ecological specifications”.

Environmental specifications

Table E-10 Printer environmental specifications

Relative humidity range for best print quality	20–80%, depending on paper type
Temperature range for best print quality	15 to 30°C (59 to 86°F), depending on paper type
Temperature range for printing	5 to 40°C (41 to 104°F)
Temperature range when not in operation	-20 to +55°C (-4 to +131°F)
Maximum altitude when printing	3000 m (9850 ft)



NOTE: If the printer or ink cartridges are moved from a cold location to a warm and humid location, water from the atmosphere can condensate on the printer parts and cartridges and can result in ink leaks and printer errors. In this case, HP recommends that you wait at least 3 hours before turning on the printer or installing the ink cartridges, to allow the condensate to evaporate.

Acoustic specifications

Table E-11 Printer acoustic specifications

Sound pressure	
Printing	53 dB (A)
Ready (standby)	39 dB (A)
Sleep	39 dB (A)
Sound power	
Printing	7 B (A)
Ready (standby)	5.5 B (A)
Sleep	5.5 B (A)

Glossary

Bonjour

Apple Computer's trade name for its implementation of the IETF Zeroconf specification framework, a computer network technology that is used in Apple Mac OS X 10.2 and later. Use it to discover the services that are available on a local area network (LAN). It was originally known as Rendezvous.

Color accuracy

The ability to print colors that match the original image as closely as possible, given the fact that all devices have a limited color gamut and might not be able to match certain colors precisely.

Color consistency

The ability to print the same colors in a particular print job, from print to print and from printer to printer.

Color model

A system of representing colors by numbers. An example of such a system is RGB or CMYK.

Color space

A color model in which each color is represented by a specific set of numbers. Many different color spaces can use the same color model: for instance, monitors generally use the RGB color model, but they have different color spaces, because a particular set of RGB numbers results in different colors on different monitors.

Cutter

A printer component that slides back and forth across the platen to cut the paper.

ESD

ElectroStatic Discharge. Static electricity is common in daily life. It is the spark when touching the car door, or the cling of clothing. Although controlled static electricity has some useful benefits, uncontrolled electrostatic discharges are one of the main hazards to the electronics products. Therefore, to prevent damage some precautions are needed when setting up the product, or handling ESD sensitive devices. This type of damage may reduce the life expectancy of the device. One way to minimize uncontrolled ESDs, and therefore reduce this type of damage is by touching any exposed grounded part of the product (mainly metal parts) before handling ESD sensitive devices (such as the printheads or ink cartridges). Additionally, to reduce the generation of electrostatic charge in your body try to avoid working in a carpeted area, and keep your body movements to a minimum when handling ESD sensitive devices. Also, avoid working in low-humidity environments.

Ethernet

A popular computer networking technology for local area networks.

Firmware

Software that controls your printer's functionality and is stored semi-permanently in the printer (it can be updated).

Gamut

The range of colors and density values reproducible on an output device, such as a printer or monitor.

HP-GL/2

Hewlett-Packard Graphics Language 2: a language defined by HP to describe vector graphics.

I/O

Input/Output: this term describes the passing of data between one device and another.

ICC

The International Color Consortium, a group of companies that have agreed on a common standard for color profiles.

Ink cartridge

A removable printer component that stores ink of a particular color and provides it to the printhead.

IP address

A unique identifier that identifies a particular node on a TCP/IP network. It consists of four integers separated by dots.

Jetdirect

HP's brand name for its series of print servers that allow a printer to be connected directly to a local area network.

LED

Light-Emitting Diode: a semiconductor device that emits light when electrically stimulated.

MAC address

Media Access Control address: a unique identifier used to identify a particular device on a network. It is a lower-level identifier than the IP address. Thus, a device may have both a MAC address and an IP address.

Nozzle

One of many tiny holes in a printhead through which ink is deposited onto the paper.

Paper

A thin, flat material made to be written or printed on; most commonly made from fibers of some kind which are pulped, dried and pressed.

Platen

The flat surface within the printer over which the paper passes while it is being printed on.

Printer driver

Software that converts a print job in a generalized format into data suitable for a particular printer.

Printhead

A removable printer component that takes ink of one or more colors from the corresponding ink cartridge(s) and deposits it on the paper, through a cluster of nozzles.

Rendezvous

Apple Computer's original name for its networking software later known as Bonjour.

Spindle

A rod that supports a roll of paper while it is being used for printing.

TCP/IP

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol: the communications protocols on which the Internet is based.

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