Cisco ASR 902 and ASR 902U Aggregation Services Router Quick Start Guide

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Overview

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The Cisco ASR 902 Router expands the Cisco service provider product portfolio by providing a rich and scalable feature set of Layer 2 VPN (L2VPN) and Layer 3 VPN (L3VPN) services in a compact package. It also supports a variety of software features, including Carrier Ethernet features, Timing over Packet, and pseudowire.

The Cisco ASR 902 Router is positioned as a preaggregation router in IP Radio Access Network (RAN) (Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS), Image Maximum (iMAX), Code division multiple access (CDMA), and Long Term Evolution (LTE)) networks or an aggregation router in Carrier Ethernet networks.

The figure below illustrates the Cisco ASR 902 Router chassis design.

Figure 1: Cisco ASR 902 Router Chassis Design
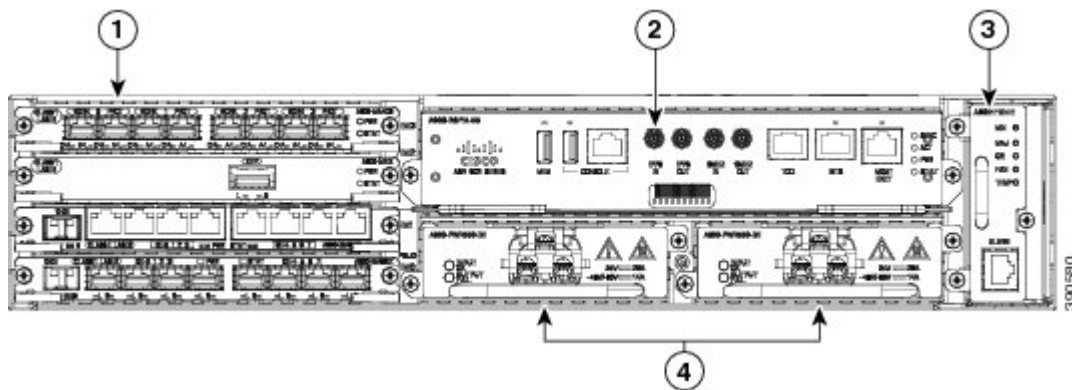
Label	Component
1	Interface modules
2	RSP unit
3	Fan tray
4	Redundant power units (two DC power units are shown)

Overview

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Power Supply Features

The Cisco ASR 902 Router supports AC and DC power supplies. These power supplies have the following features:

- **Redundancy**

   The Cisco ASR 902 Router chassis includes a slot for optional redundant power supply. The redundant power supply option provides a second power supply to ensure that power to the chassis continues uninterrupted if one power supply fails or input power on one line fails. Redundancy is supported either with identical power supplies or a combination of AC and DC power supply.

- **Dying Gasp**

   This feature allows the router to provide an input power loss notification to the RSP so that the RSP can send appropriate SNMP traps or OAM messages and update log files on the router.

- **Status LEDs**

   The LEDs indicate the status of the input power and the health of the power supply.

Fan Tray Features

The fan tray has the following hardware features:

- It provides side-to-side forced air cooling

- It provides redundant fans

- It is field replaceable

- It contains status LEDs

- It contains two alarm ports with two external alarm inputs

Dust Filter

The dust filter on the fan tray is a quadrafoam 45PPI filter that is 85 percent dust resistant. A dummy cover (A902-FAN-F-B) secures the dust filter in the chassis.

RSP Modules

The Cisco ASR 902 Router is designed to use a single RSP module to handle the data plane, network timing, and control plane functionalities for the router. The RSP configuration allows you to use Cisco IOS software to control chassis management, external management, and system status indications on the router.

RSP features include:

- Loading software onto processor-based interface modules

- Packet processing

- Traffic management, including buffering, queuing, and scheduling, Ethernet MAC functions.

- Network clocking functions, including phase and time-of-day for Building Integrated Timing Source (BITS), 1 PPS, 10 MHz, and 1588 Precision Time Protocol (PTP) clock references.

- Storage of software images, system configuration, Onboard Failure Logging (OBFL), syslog.

- PTP packet processing, including IEEE 1588-2008 for recovering network timing (frequency, phase, and time) from upstream PTP clocks for generating PTP frequency and phase references as inputs to the Synchronous Equipment Timing Source (SETS), and for distributing them to downstream PTP clocks.

- External management interfaces (RS232 console, management ENET, USB console, USB storage) and system-status LED indicators.

Supported RSP Features
The following are the RSP features supported on the Cisco ASR 902 Router:

- Centralized data plane, timing, and control plane functions for the system

- High-level control of interface modules

- Management functionalities for the router

- Control plane (host) CPU and associated memory in which Cisco IOS-XE and platform-control software run

- Nonvolatile memory for storage of software images, configurations, and system files

- Enabling and monitoring the health and presence of fan trays, interface modules, and power supplies

- Field replacement

Network Timing Interfaces
The RSP supports the following network timing interfaces:

- BITS input/output port—RJ48 jack

- 1 PPS input and output—Mini coax connectors

- 2.048 or 10 MHz input and output—Mini coax connectors

- Time of Day (ToD) —Shielded RJ45 jack

GNSS Module (A900-CM-GNSS)

The GNSS module is present on the RSP3 modules. It is a pluggable module that allows direct interface with the external antenna.

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Danger To reduce the risk of fire, use only No. 26 AWG or larger telecommunication line cord. Statement 1023

✎

Note The GNSS module is not hot swappable.

GNSS Module RF Input Requirements

- The GNSS module requires an active GPS/GNSS antenna with built-in Low-Noise Amplifier (LNA) for optimal performance. The antenna LNA amplifies the received satellite signals for two purposes:

  ◦ Compensation of losses on the cable

  ◦ Lifting the signal amplitude in the suitable range for the receiver frontend

  The Amplification required is 22dB gain + cable/connector loss + Splitter signal loss.

  The recommended range of LNA gain (LNA gain minus all cable and connector losses) at the connector of the receiver module is 22dB to 30dB with a minimum of 20dB and a maximum of 35dB.

- GNSS module provides 5V to the active antenna through the same RF input.

- Surge requirement:

  ◦ GNSS modules have built-in ESD protections on all pins, including the RF-input pin. However, additional surge protection may be required if rooftop antennas are being connected, to meet the regulations and standards for lightning protection in the countries where the end-product is installed.

  ◦ A lightning protection must be mounted at the place where the antenna cable enters the building. The primary lightning protection must be capable of conducting all potentially dangerous electrical energy to PE (Protective Earth).

  ◦ Surge arrestors should support DC-pass and suitable for the GPS frequency range (1.575GHz) with low attenuation.

- Antenna Sky visibility:

  ◦ GPS signals can only be received on a direct line of sight between antenna and satellite. The antenna should see as much as possible from the total sky. For proper timing, minimum of four satellites should be locked.

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  Note The antenna terminal should be earthed at the building entrance in accordance with the ANSI/NFPA 70, the National Electrical Code (NEC), in particular Section 820.93, Grounding of Outer Conductive Shield of a Coaxial Cable.

- Use a passive splitter if more than one GNSS modules are fed from a single antenna.

> **Note** The splitter should have all the RF ports capable of DC-pass, if the antenna needs to feed power from GNSS module.

Interface Modules

The Cisco ASR 902 Router interface modules are field-replaceable units.

> **Note** On RSP-1, Slot 2 Port 0 cannot be used for traffic flow on 8X1-G copper and 8X1-G SFP interface modules.

In addition to the ports provided on an RSP, the Cisco ASR 902 Router supports the following interface modules:

Installing the Cisco ASR 902 Router

The following sections explain how to install the router and its components.

Installing the Chassis Brackets

The chassis is shipped with mounting brackets that can be installed on the front or rear of the chassis. To install the brackets on the front of the chassis, perform these steps:

Procedure

Step 1 Remove the rack-mount brackets from the accessory kit and position them beside the router chassis.
The figure below shows how to attach the brackets on the Cisco ASR 902 Router for a 19-inch EIA rack.

Figure 2: Attaching Mounting Brackets for a 19-inch EIA Rack
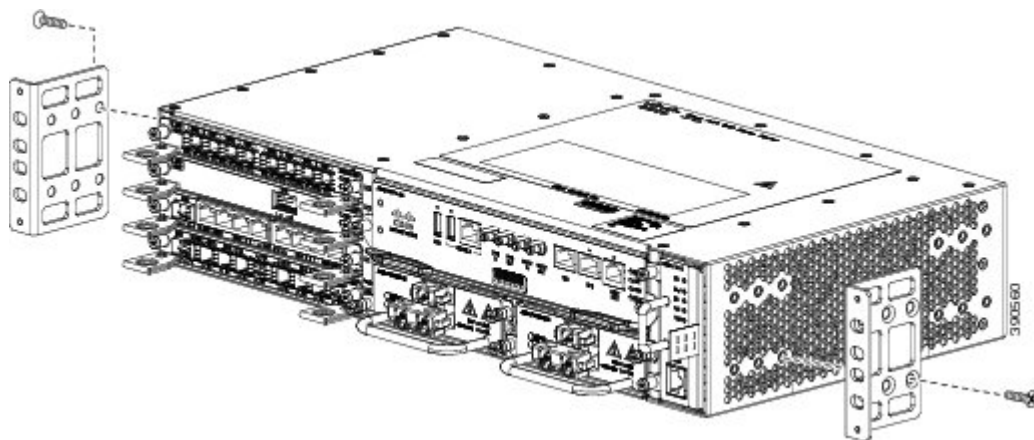
Step 2   Position one of the brackets against the chassis side, and align the screw holes.

Step 3   Secure the bracket to the chassis with the screws removed when performing Step 1 . The recommended maximum torque is 28 in.-lb (3.16 N-m).

Step 4   Repeat Step 2 and Step 3 for the other bracket.

Installing the Router Chassis in the Rack

To install the router chassis in the equipment rack, perform these steps:

Procedure

Step 1   Position the chassis in the rack as follows:

  • If the front of the chassis (front panel) is at the front of the rack, insert the rear of the chassis between the mounting posts.

  • If the rear of the chassis is at the front of the rack, insert the front of the chassis between the mounting posts.

Step 2   Align the mounting holes in the bracket (and optional cable guide) with the mounting holes in the equipment rack.

  Caution   Do not use interface module or power supply ejector handles to lift the chassis; using these handles to lift the chassis can deform or damage the handles.

The figure below shows how to install the Cisco ASR 902 Router in a 19-inch EIA rack.

Figure 3: Attaching Mounting Brackets for a 19-inch EIA Rack
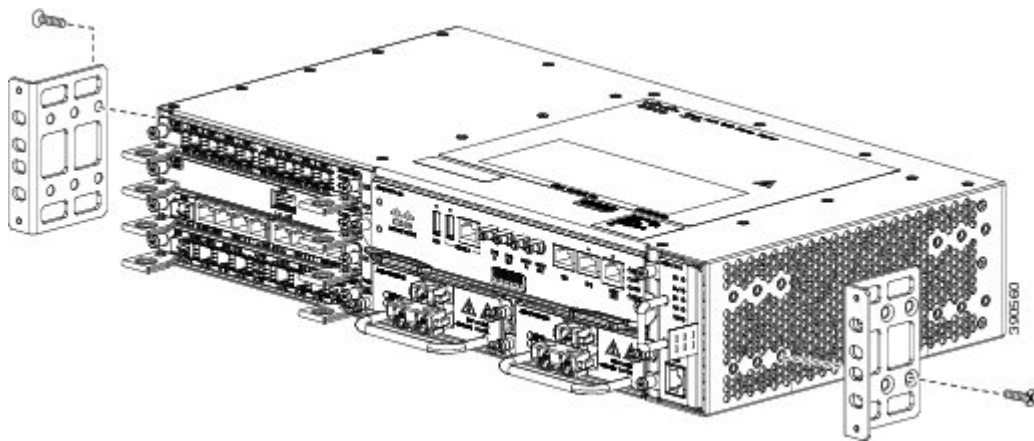
Step 3   Install the 8 or 12 (4 or 6 per side) 12-24 x 3/4-inch or 10-32 x 3/4-inch screws through the holes in the bracket and into the threaded holes in the equipment rack posts.

**Step 4**   Use a tape measure and level to verify that the chassis is installed straight and level.

Installing the Chassis Ground Connection

Before you connect the power or turn on the power to the Cisco ASR 902 Router, you must provide an adequate chassis ground (earth) connection to your router.

This section describes how to ground the Cisco ASR 902 Router chassis. The router provides two locations for attaching a 2-hole grounding lug according to the rack-mounting brackets you use to install the router. The Cisco ASR 902 Router supports the following rack-mounting types:

- EIA 19-inch rack—Attach the grounding lug to the rear of the router, as shown in the figure below .

Figure 4: Attaching a Grounding Lug to the Rear of the Router
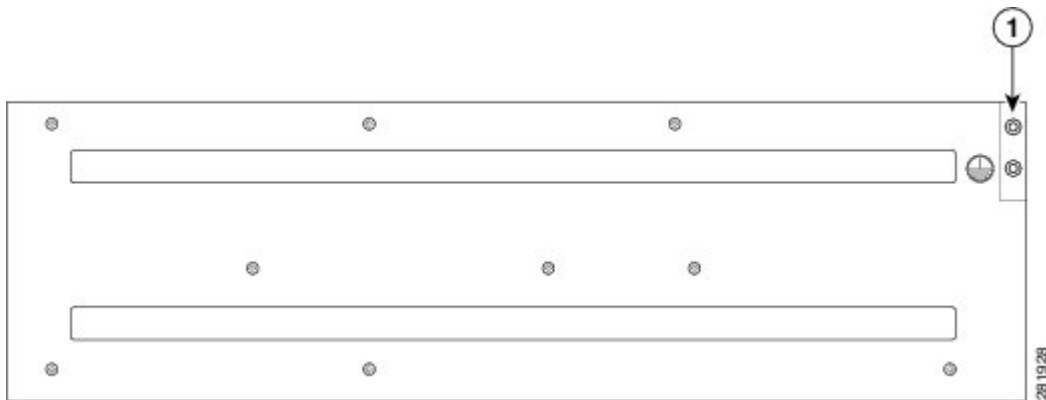
1	Grounding-lug (19-inch EIA rack)

- 300-mm ETSI cabinet—Attach the grounding lug on the rack-mount bracket on the front of the router, as shown in the figure below .

Figure 5: Attaching a Grounding Lug to the Rack-Mount Bracket
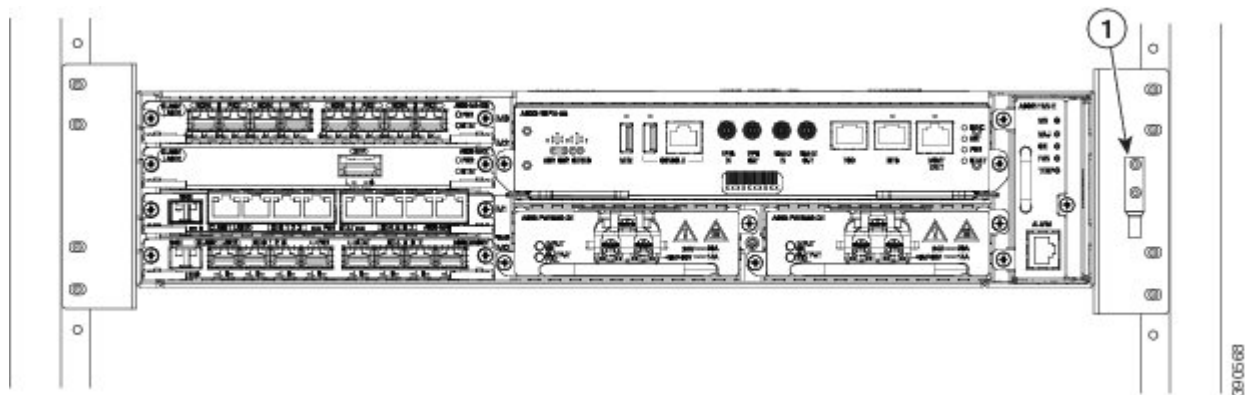
1	Grounding lug (300 mm ETSI cabinet)

To ensure that the chassis ground connection that you provide is adequate, you need the following parts and tools:

- Ratcheting torque screwdriver with Phillips head that exerts up to 15 in.-lb (1.69 N-m) of pressure for attaching the ground wire to the router

- Crimping tool as specified by the ground lug manufacturer

- 6-AWG or larger copper wire for the ground wire

- Wire-stripping tools appropriate to the wire you are using

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Caution   Before making connections to the Cisco ASR 902 Router, ensure that you disconnect the power at the circuit breaker. Otherwise, severe injury to you or damage to the router may occur.

⚠️

Warning   This equipment must be grounded. Never defeat the ground conductor or operate the equipment in the absence of a suitably installed ground conductor. Contact the appropriate electrical inspection authority or an electrician if you are uncertain that suitable grounding is available. Statement 1024

⚠️

Warning   Use copper conductors only. Statement 1025

⚠️

Warning   When installing or replacing the unit, the ground connection must always be made first and disconnected last. Statement 1046

This unit is to be installed in a restrictive access location and must be permanently grounded to a minimum 6-AWG copper ground wire.

Perform the following procedure to ground the Cisco ASR 902 Router using a 2-hole lug and the corresponding mounting point. Most carriers require a minimum 6-AWG ground connection. Verify your carrier's requirements for the ground connection.

Procedure

Step 1   If your ground wire is insulated, use a wire-stripping tool to strip the ground wire to 0.5 inch ± 0.02 inch (12.7 mm ±0.5 mm) (the figure below).

Figure 6: Stripping a Ground Wire

0.5 in. (12.7 mm) ± 0.02 in. (0.5 mm)

Insulation

Wire lead

60528
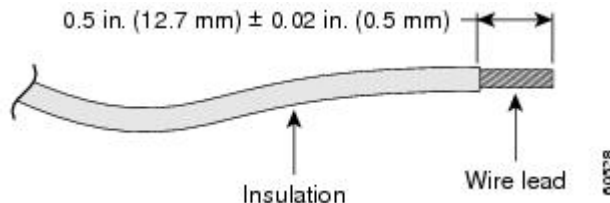
Step 2   Slide the open end of your 2-hole ground lug over the exposed area of the ground wire.

Step 3   Using a crimping tool (as specified by the ground lug manufacturer), crimp the ground lug to the ground wire as shown in the figure below.

Figure 7: Crimping a Ground Lug on to the Ground Wire
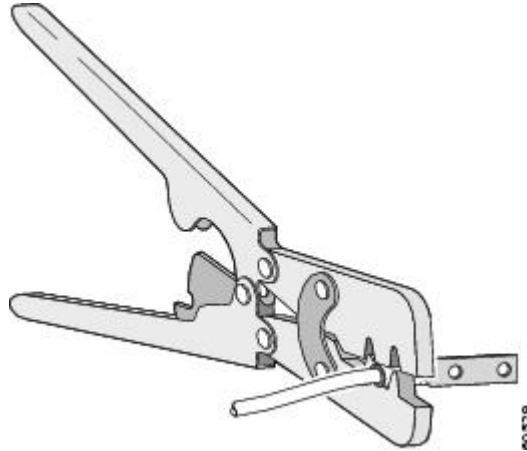
Step 4   Use a Phillips head screwdriver to attach the 2-hole ground lug and wire assembly to the router with the 2 pan-head Phillips head screws. For a 19-inch EIA rack, attach the 2-hole ground lug to the rear of the router.

**Step 5**   Connect the other end of the ground wire to a suitable grounding point at your site.

Installing the Fan Tray

The fan tray is a modular unit that provides cooling to the Cisco ASR 902 Router. Follow these steps to install the fan tray in the chassis:

Procedure

Step 1   Orient the fan tray so that the captive screws are on the left side of the fan tray's front panel. The figure below shows how to orient the fan tray.

Figure 8: Installing the Fan Tray
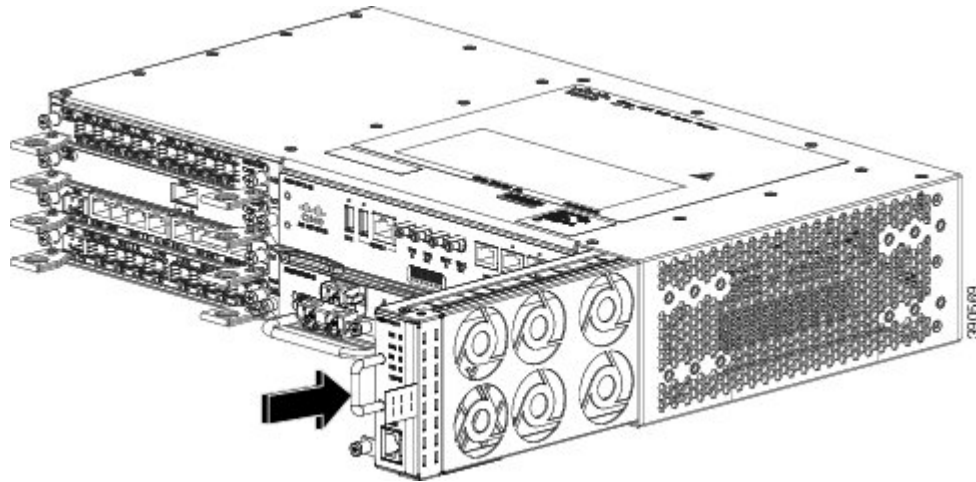
Step 2   Guide the fan tray into the chassis until it is fully seated.

      Caution   The fans are exposed on the left side of the fan tray. Keep your fingers, clothing, and jewelry away from the fans. Always handle the fan tray by the handle.

      Note   When installing the cabling to the RSP, we recommend that you leave a service loop of extra cabling sufficient to allow for fan tray removal.

Step 3   Secure the fan tray to the chassis using the attached captive installation screws. The recommended maximum torque is 5.5 in.-lb (.62 N-m).

This completes the procedure for installing or replacing the fan tray in a Cisco ASR 902 Router.

For information about connecting cables to the fan tray alarm port, see the *Connecting the Fan Tray Alarm Port* section in the *Cisco ASR 902 and ASR 902U Aggregation Services Router Hardware Installation Guide*. For a summary of the LEDs on the fan tray, see the *LED Summary* section in the *Cisco ASR 902 and ASR 902U Aggregation Services Router Hardware Installation Guide*. For more information about air flow guidelines, see the *Air Flow Guidelines* section in the *Cisco ASR 902 and ASR 902U Aggregation Services Router Hardware Installation Guide*.

Installing the Dust Filter

Procedure

Step 1   Remove the fan tray (if installed) from the chassis.

Step 2   Remove the dummy cover from the fan tray.

Step 3   Slide the dust filter onto the fan tray.

Step 4   Insert the dummy cover on the fan tray to secure the filter within the chassis.

Step 5   Perform the steps to install the fan tray in the chassis. See the *Installing the Fan Tray* section.

RSP Installation

Follow these steps pertaining to handling an RSP module in the Cisco ASR 902 Router:

Installing an RSP Module

To install an RSP module in the router chassis, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1   Make sure that there is enough clearance to accommodate any equipment that will be connected to the ports on the module. If a blank module filler plate is installed in the slot in which you plan to install the module, remove the plate by removing its 2 Phillips pan-head screws.

Step 2   Fully open both the ejector levers on the new module, as shown in the figure below .
Caution   To prevent ESD damage, handle modules by carrier edges only.

Step 3   Position the module in the slot. Make sure that you align the sides of the module with the guides on each side of the slot, as shown in the figure below .

Figure 9: Cisco ASR 902 Router RSP Installation
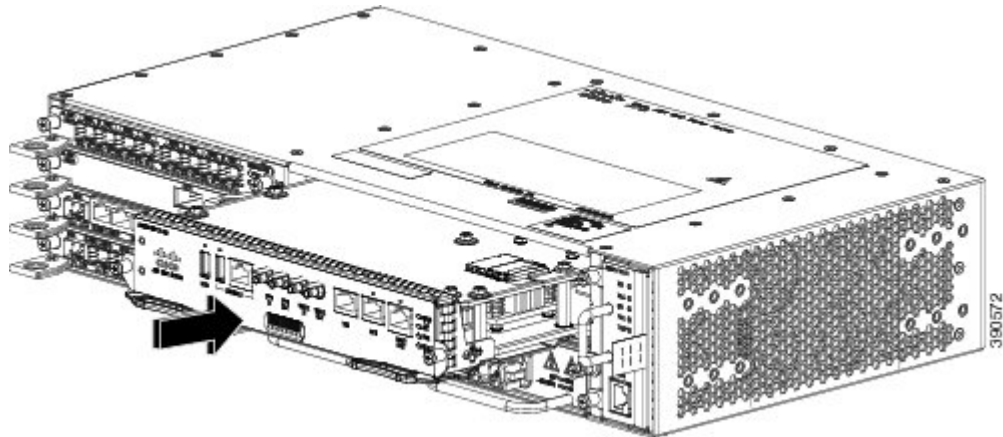
Step 4   Carefully slide the module into the slot until the EMI gasket on the module makes contact with the module in the adjacent slot and both the ejector levers have closed to approximately 45 degrees with respect to the module faceplate.

Step 5   While pressing down, simultaneously close both the ejector levers to fully seat the module in the backplane connector. The ejector levers are fully closed when they are flush with the module faceplate.

Step 6   Tighten the two captive installation screws on the module. The recommended maximum torque is 5.5 in.-lb (.62 N-m).
Note   Make sure that the ejector levers are fully closed before tightening the captive installation screws.

Step 7   Verify that the captive installation screws are tightened on all of the modules installed in the chassis. This step ensures that the EMI gaskets on all the modules are fully compressed in order to maximize the opening space for the new or replacement module.
Note   If the captive installation screws are loose, the EMI gaskets on the installed modules will push adjacent modules towards the open slot, which reduces the size of the opening and makes it difficult to install the new module.
Note   When installing the cabling to an RSP, we recommend that you leave a service loop of extra cabling sufficient to allow for fan tray removal.
Note   Close all unused RJ-45 and USB ports on the RSP module using the appropriate dust caps to prevent dust from accumulating inside the cage. For information on dust caps, see the *Installing the Dust Caps* section.

Interface Module Installation

The following sections describe the various tasks associated with interface module installation on the Cisco ASR 902 Router:

Installing an Interface Module

Note   On RSP-1, Slot 2 Port 0 cannot be used for traffic flow on 8X1-G copper and 8X1-G SFP interface modules.

Procedure

Step 1   Before inserting an interface module, make sure that the chassis is grounded.

Step 2   To insert the interface module, carefully align the edges of the interface module between the upper and lower edges of the router slot.

Step 3   Carefully slide the interface module into the router slot until the interface module makes contact with the backplane. The figure below shows how to install the interface module.

Figure 10: Inserting an Interface Module
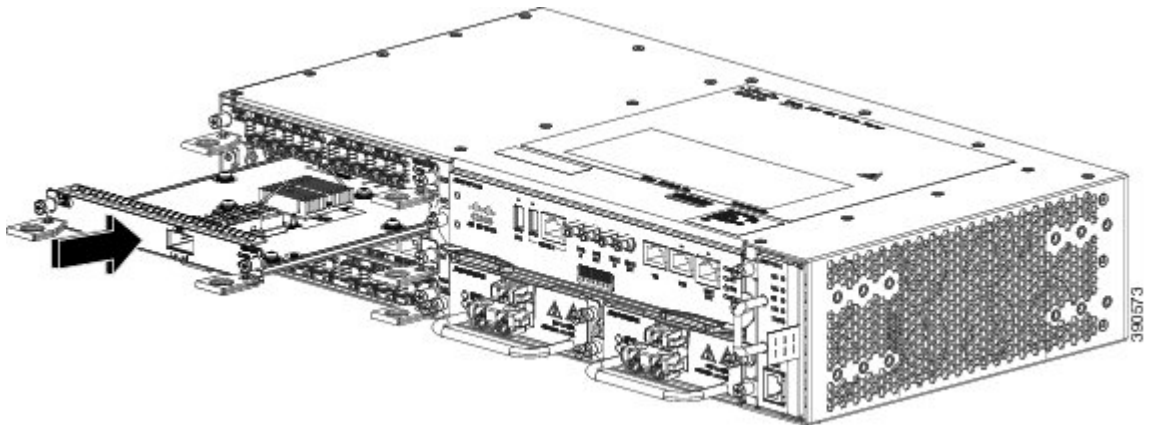
Step 4   Tighten the locking thumbscrews on both sides of the interface module. The recommended maximum torque is 5.5 in.-lb (.62 N-m).

Step 5   Connect all the cables to each interface module.

         Caution   Do not use interface module or power supply ejector handles to lift the chassis; using these handles to lift the chassis can deform or damage the handles.

         Note   Close all unused SFP ports using SFP dust caps to prevent dust from accumulating inside the cage. The dust caps (Cisco part number A900-DCAP-SFP-S= (24 caps per package) or Cisco part number A900-DCAP-SFP-L= (240 caps per package)) can be ordered from Cisco. For information on dust caps, see the *Installing the Dust Caps* section.

         Note   Close all unused RJ-45, SFP, XFP, and QSFP ports on the interface module using the appropriate dust caps to prevent dust from accumulating inside the cage. For information on dust caps, see the *Installing the Dust Caps* section.

Installing a DC Power Supply

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Note   This equipment is suitable for installation in Network Telecommunications Facilities and locations where the NEC applies. The equipment is suitable for installation as part of the Common Bonding Network (CBN).

⚠
Caution   The grounding architecture of this product is DC-isolated (DC-I) for DC-powered products. DC-powered products have a nominal operating DC voltage of 48 VDC. Minimal steady state DC operating voltage is 19.2 VDC.
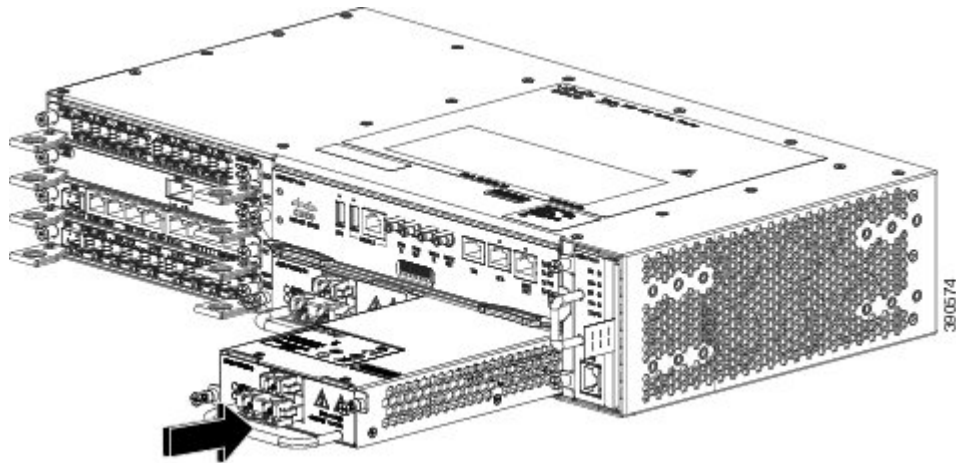
Installing a DC Power Supply Module

Perform the following procedure to install a power supply module:

Procedure

Step 1   Ensure that the system (earth) ground connection has been made. For ground connection installation instructions, see the Installing the Chassis Ground Connection.

Step 2   If present, remove the blank power supply filler plate from the chassis power supply bay opening by loosening the captive installation screws.

Step 3   Verify that power to the DC circuit connected to the power supply you are installing is off. To ensure that power has been removed from the DC circuits, locate the circuit breakers for the DC circuits, switch the circuit breakers to the OFF position, and tape the circuit-breaker switches in the OFF position.

Step 4   Grasp the power supply handle with one hand. Place your other hand underneath the power supply, as shown in the figure below . Slide the power supply into the power supply bay. Make sure that the power supply is fully seated in the bay.

Figure 11: Installing a DC Power Supply

Step 5   Tighten the captive installation screws of the power supply. The recommended maximum torque is 5.5 in.-lb (.62 N-m). If you are installing a redundant DC power supply, repeat these steps for the second power source too.

Activating a DC Power Supply

Perform the following procedure to activate a DC power supply:

Procedure

Step 1 Remove the tape from the circuit-breaker switch handle, and restore power by moving the circuit-breaker switch handle to the On (|) position.

Step 2 Verify power supply operation by checking if the power supply front panel LEDs are in the following states:

- INPUT OK LED is green

- OUTPUT FAIL LED is red

If the LEDs indicate a power problem, see *Troubleshooting* section in the *Cisco ASR 902 and ASR 902U Aggregation Services Router Hardware Installation Guide*.

If you are installing a redundant DC power supply, ensure that each power supply is connected to a separate power source in order to prevent power loss in the event of a power failure.

If you are installing a redundant DC power supply, repeat these steps for the second power source.

Installing an AC Power Supply Module

Follow these steps to install an AC power supply module:

Procedure

Step 1 Ensure that the system (earth) ground connection has been made. For ground connection installation instructions, see the Installing the Chassis Ground Connection section.

Step 2 If necessary, remove the blank power supply filler plate from the chassis power supply bay opening, by loosening the captive installation screws.

Step 3 Grasp the power supply handle with one hand. Place your other hand underneath the power supply, as shown in the figure below . Slide the power supply into the power supply bay. Make sure that the power supply is fully seated in the bay.

Figure 12: Installing the AC Power Supply
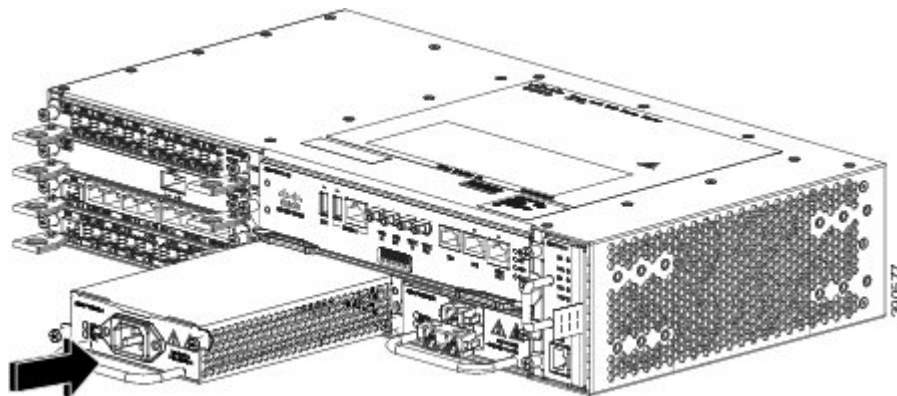
Step 4 Tighten the captive installation screws of the power supply. The recommended maximum torque is 5.5 in.-lb (.62 N-m).

      Warning Power supply captive installation screws must be tight to ensure protective grounding continuity. Statement 289

Connecting a Cisco ASR 902 Router to the Network

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Note When installing the cables to the RSPs, we recommend that you leave a service loop of extra cabling for fan tray removal.

The following sections describe how to connect a Cisco ASR 902 Router to the network:

Connecting Console Cables

The following sections describe how to connect to the Cisco ASR 902 Router using console cables:

Connecting to the USB Serial Port Using Microsoft Windows
This procedure shows how to connect to the USB serial port using Microsoft Windows.

✎

Note Install the USB device driver before establishing a physical connection between the router and the PC, by using the USB console cable plugged into the USB serial port. Otherwise, the connection will fail. For more information, see the Installing the Cisco USB Device Driver.

Procedure

Step 1 Connect the end of the console cable with the RJ45 connector to the light blue console port on the router.
or

Connect a USB Type A-to-Type A cable to the USB console port, as shown in the figure below. If you are using the USB serial port for the first time on a Windows-based PC, install the USB driver now according to the instructions in the following sections:

- Installing the Cisco USB Device Driver

- Uninstalling the Cisco USB Device Driver

      Note You cannot use the USB port and the EIA port concurrently. See the Connecting to the Auxiliary Port. When the USB port is used, it takes priority over the RJ45 EIA port.

      Note The USB Type A-to-Type A cable is not included with the Cisco ASR 902 Router; it is ordered separately.

Step 2 Connect the end of the cable with the DB-9 connector (or USB Type-A) to the terminal or PC. If your terminal or PC has a console port that does not accommodate a DB-9 connector, you must provide an appropriate adapter for that port.

Step 3 To communicate with the router, start a terminal emulator application, such as Microsoft Windows HyperTerminal. This software should be configured with the following parameters:

- 9600 baud

- 8 data bits

- no flow control

- no parity

- 1 stop-bit

Figure 13: Connecting the USB Console Cable to the Cisco ASR 902 Router
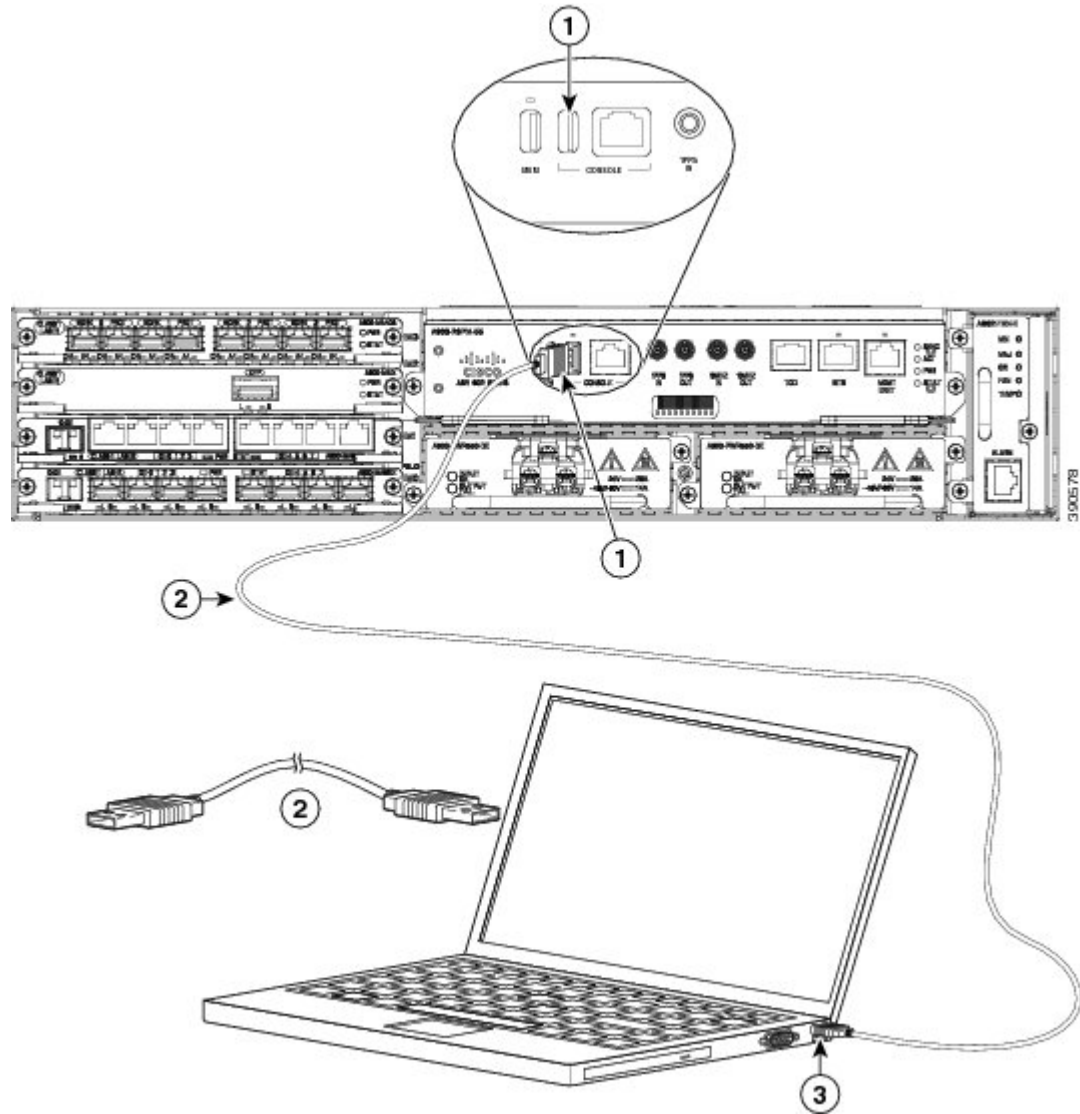
Powering Up the Cisco Router

Make certain that all card slots and compartments are closed off. Install blank faceplates on any empty slots. Always have power supply slots filled. If you leave a power supply slot uncovered, then you risk exposure to hazardous voltages on the power pins on the midplane.

⚠️

Warning   Blank faceplates and cover panels serve three important functions: they prevent exposure to hazardous voltages and currents inside the chassis; they contain electromagnetic interference (EMI) that might disrupt other equipment; and they direct the flow of cooling air through the chassis. Do not operate the system unless all cards, faceplates, front covers, and rear covers are in place. Statement 1029

After installing your Cisco Router and connecting cables, start the router and follow these steps:

Procedure

Step 1   Activate the DC power supply using the steps described in Activating a DC Power Supply.

     Caution   Do not press any keys on the keyboard until the messages stop and the SYS PWR LED is solid green. Any keys pressed during this time are interpreted as the first command typed when the messages stop, which might cause the router to power off and start over. It takes a few minutes for the messages to stop.

     Note   This is only an example of what can display. The system boots differently depending upon the configuration that ships with your system.

Step 2   Observe the initialization process. When the system boot is complete (the process takes a few seconds), the Cisco Router RSP begins to initialize.

     Note   The boot image is located in a partition of the bootflash directory. Post initial system boot, depending on your requirement, you must configure the system boot variable to either bootflash:/Image/packages.conf (for sub-package mode boot) or bootflash:/Image/image_name (for consolidated mode boot). For more information about software package modes, see the Installing and Upgrading Software section in the High Availability Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS XE Release 3S (ASR 900).

     Example:
     Loading the Default System Boot Image

```
Current image running: Boot ROM0
Last reset cause: PowerOn
UEA platform with 2097152 Kbytes of main memory

rommon 1 > boot
Located asr902.bin
Image size 240888408 inode num 13, bks cnt 58811 blk size 8*512
####################################################################################################
Boot image size = 240888408 (0xe5baa58) bytes

Package header rev 0 structure detected
Calculating SHA-1 hash...done
validate_package: SHA-1 hash:
calculated fe76800b:4343b84e:3861a949:368a3710:134383bc
expected fe76800b:4343b84e:3861a949:368a3710:134383bc
Image validated
Passing control to the main image..

Restricted Rights Legend

Use, duplication, or disclosure by the Government is
subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph
(c) of the Commercial Computer Software - Restricted
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```
Rights clause at FAR sec. 52.227-19 and subparagraph
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cisco Systems, Inc.
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, California 95134-1706

Router#show version
Cisco IOS XE Software, Cisco IOS Software, ASR903 Software PPC_LINUX_IOSD-UNIVERSALK9_NPE-M), Version
 15.4
Copyright (c) 1986-2014 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Sun 05-Jan-14 20:59 by mcpre


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GPL code under the terms of GPL Version 2.0. For more details, see the
documentation or "License Notice" file accompanying the IOS-XE software,
or the applicable URL provided on the flyer accompanying the IOS-XE
software.


ROM: IOS-XE ROMMON

Router uptime is 2 minutes
Uptime for this control processor is 5 minutes
System image file is "bootflash:/asr902.bin"
Last reload reason: PowerOn
This product contains cryptographic features and is subject to United
States and local country laws governing import, export, transfer and
use. Delivery of Cisco cryptographic products does not imply
third-party authority to import, export, distribute or use encryption.
Importers, exporters, distributors and users are responsible for
compliance with U.S. and local country laws. By using this product you
agree to comply with applicable laws and regulations. If you are unable
to comply with U.S. and local laws, return this product immediately.
A summary of U.S. laws governing Cisco cryptographic products may be found at:
http://www.cisco.com/wwl/export/crypto/tool/stqrg.html
If you require further assistance please contact us by sending email to
export@cisco.com.
License Level: metroservices
License Type: Default. No valid license found.
Next reload license Level: metroservices
cisco ASR-902 (RSP1) processor with 425945K/6147K bytes of memory.
Processor board ID
31 Gigabit Ethernet interfaces
32768K bytes of non-volatile configuration memory.
2097152K bytes of physical memory.
1328927K bytes of SD flash at bootflash:.
Configuration register is 0x2102
Router#
```

During the boot process, observe the system LEDs. The LEDs on the shared port adapter go on and off in an irregular sequence. Once the router has booted, the green STATUS LED comes on and stays on.

Verifying the Front Panel LEDs

The front-panel indicator LEDs provide power, activity, and status information useful during bootup. For more detailed information about the LEDs, see *Troubleshooting* in the *Cisco ASR 902 and ASR 902U Aggregation Services Router Hardware Installation Guide*.

Verifying the Hardware Configuration

To display and verify the hardware features, enter the following commands:

- **show version**—Displays the system hardware version; the installed software version; the names and sources of configuration files; the boot images; and the amount of installed DRAM, NVRAM, and flash memory.

- **show diag slot**—Displays the IDPROM information for the assemblies in the chassis.

Checking Hardware and Software Compatibility

To check the minimum software requirements of the Cisco IOS software with the hardware installed on your Cisco Router, Cisco maintains the Software Research tool on Cisco.com. The tool provides the minimum Cisco IOS requirements for individual hardware modules and components.

✎

Note   To access this tool, you must have a Cisco.com login account.

To access the Software Research tool

1   Click **Login** at Cisco.com.

2   Type **Software Advisor** in the search box and click **Go**.

3   Click the link for the Software Advisor Tool.

4   Choose a product family or enter a specific product number to search for the minimum supported software needed for your hardware.

Configuring the Cisco Router at Startup

This section explains how to create a basic running configuration for your Cisco Router.

✎

Note   You need to acquire the correct network addresses from your system administrator or consult your network plan to determine correct addresses before you can complete the router configuration.

Before continuing the configuration process, check the current state of the router by entering the **show version** command. The **show version** command displays the release of Cisco IOS software that is available on the router.

For information on modifying the configuration after you create it, see the Cisco IOS configuration and command reference guides.

To configure a Cisco Router from the console, you must connect a terminal or terminal server to the console port on the Cisco Router RSP. To configure the Cisco Router using the management Ethernet port, you must have the router's IP address available.

Accessing the CLI Using the Console

To access the command line interface using the console, follow these steps:

Procedure

Step 1   When your system is booting, type No at the prompt.

Example:

```
        --- System Configuration Dialog ---
Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]: no
```

Step 2   Press Return to enter user EXEC mode. The following prompt appears:

```
 Router>
```

Step 3   From the user EXEC mode, enter the enable command as shown in the following example:

```
Router> enable
```

Step 4   At the password prompt, enter your system password, as shown in the following example. If an enable password has not been set on your system, this step may be skipped.

```
 Password: enablepass
```

When your enable password is accepted, the privileged EXEC mode prompt is displayed:

```
 Router#
```

You now have access to the CLI in privileged EXEC mode and you can enter the necessary commands to complete your desired tasks.

Step 5   To exit the console session, enter the quit command as shown in the following example:

Example:

```
Router# quit
```

Configuring Global Parameters

When you first start the setup program, you must configure the global parameters. These parameters are used for controlling system-wide settings. Perform the following steps to enter the global parameters:

Procedure

Step 1   Connect a console terminal to the console port, and then boot the router. For more information on connecting a console terminal, see Connecting Console Cablessection.

Note   This is only an example of the output display; prompts may vary.

When you see this information, it means that you have successfully booted your router:

Example:

```
Restricted Rights Legend

Use, duplication, or disclosure by the Government is
subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph
```

```
(c) of the Commercial Computer Software - Restricted
Rights clause at FAR sec. 52.227-19 and subparagraph
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.
.
.
--- System Configuration Dialog ---

Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]: yes


Press RETURN to get started!
```

Step 2   The first sections of the configuration script appear only at an initial system startup. On subsequent uses of the setup facility, the script begins with a System Configuration Dialog as shown below: When you are prompted about whether you want to enter the initial configuration dialog, enter yes.

Example:

```
Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no] yes

At any point you may enter a question mark '?' for help.
Use ctrl-c to abort configuration dialog at any prompt.
Default settings are in square brackets '[]'.

Basic management setup configures only enough connectivity for management of the system, extended
setup will ask you
to configure each interface on the system.
```

Basic management setup configures enough connectivity for managing the system; extended setup will ask you to configure each interface on the system. For detailed information about setting global parameters, refer to the Cisco ASR 900 Series Router Software Configuration Guide.

Checking the Running Configuration Settings

To check the value of the settings you have entered, enter the show running-config command at the Router# prompt:

```
Router# show running-config
```
To review changes you make to the configuration, use the EXEC mode **show startup-config** command to see the changes and copy run-start stored in NVRAM.

Saving the Running Configuration to NVRAM

To store the configuration or changes to your startup configuration in NVRAM, enter the copy running-config startup-config command at the Router# prompt:

```
Router# copy running-config startup-config
```
Using this command saves the configuration settings that you created in the router using configuration mode and the setup facility. If you fail to do this, your configuration will be lost the next time you reload the router.

Safely Powering Off the Cisco Router

This section explains how to shut down the Cisco Router. It is recommended that before turning off all power to the chassis, you issue the **reload** command. This insures that the operating system cleans up all the file systems. Once the reload operation is complete, then the Cisco Router can be powered off safely.

To remove power from the Cisco Router safely, follow this procedure and see the examples:

Procedure

Step 1   Slip on the ESD-preventive wrist strap that was included in the accessory kit.

Step 2   Enter the **reload** command.

Step 3   Confirm the reload command.

Example:

```
Router# reload
Proceed with reload? [confirm]
*Sep 7 09:00:40.084 IST:%SYS-5-RELOAD: Reload requested by console. Reload Reason: Reload Command.
Aug 17 00:06:47.051 R0/0: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: Process manager is exiting: prs exit with reload chassis
 code
```

Step 4   After confirming the reload command, wait until the system bootstrap message displays before powering off the system.

Example:

```
System Bootstrap, Version 15.3(1r)S1, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 2012 by cisco Systems, Inc.

Current image running: Boot ROM0
Last reset cause: RSP-Board
UEA platform with 2097152 Kbytes of main memory
```

Step 5   Remove any power cables from the Cisco Router.

    a) For power supplies with a circuit breaker switch, position the switch to the Off (O) position.

    b) For power supplies with a Standby switch, place the Standby switch in the Standby position.

        Note   After powering off the router, wait a minimum of 30 seconds before powering it on again.

Related Documents

- Cisco ASR 902 and ASR 902U Aggregation Services Router Hardware Installation Guide can be viewed at: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/routers/asr902/hardware/guide/b-asr902-hig.html

- The documentation for the supported software features can be viewed at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/routers/asr-903-series-aggregation-services-routers/products-installation-and-configuration-guides-list.html.

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