

LAG on 1800/2800/3800 AP

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Introduction

This document covers the steps involved in configuring 1850/2800/3800 access point (AP) in link aggregation (LAG) across Ethernet and AUX ports. The LAG protocol used can be LACP or mode ON.

Note that as of 8.4 software version, there is no means of securing the access port if using LAG (no 802.1x and no mac address authentication).

Prerequisites

- Access point in local mode (Flexconnect mode is supported as of 8.8 WLC software where upstream load balancing uses a combination of client mac address and destination layer4 UDP port)
- The switch must support layer4-based load-balancing
- Access points supporting LAG are : 1850,2802,3802

The following Cisco switching series support LAG with the APs:

- Catalyst 3850 / all models (nonCA mode)
- Catalyst 3650 / all models (nonCA mode)
- Catalyst 4500/Sup8E
- Catalyst 6500/Sup 720 or newer

- Catalyst 9000 series

- Nexus series

Note:- LAG with 3rd party switches has not been tested. AP uses same IP address but different source port to do the balancing, so the switch should be able to do load balancing based on UDP port information. For more information on LAG with 3rd party switch please refer to bug [CSCvf77787](#) .

Note:- LAG is not supported yet for Converged Access(CA). An enhancement bug [CSCvc20499](https://www.cisco.com/cisco/webbugtool/show_bug.do?bugID=CSCvc20499) has been filed for this.

Components Used

For this configuration example 2802 AP was used. Switch used was WS-C3650-48PQ running software version 03.06.05E. AP was joined to 2504 on 8.2.141.0

Network Diagram

2802 AP-----3650 switch-----2960 switch----2504 WLC

AP and Wireless LAN Controller (WLC) are in vlan 1

The gigabit port of the AP goes to switch port g1/0/10 and the AUX port will go to g1/0/9

Configurations

Step 1

Connect only the gig port to the switch. Configure the switch port which goes to the AP gig port i.e gig 1/0/10 (in this case)

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/10
switchport mode access
end
```

Step 2

Once the AP registers to the WLC, run the following commands from the WLC command line.

```
config ap lag-mode support enable
```

(This will NOT result in a reboot of the APs that support LAG)

This command enables the support for AP lag mode globally on the WLC. To check the current status of the AP lag mode support on the WLC run the command "show ap lag-mode".

To disable support for AP lag mode use "config ap lag-mode support disable" (This will result in a reboot of all the APs that support LAG)

```
config ap lag-mode support enable <AP name>
```

(This will result in a reboot of the AP)

This command enables lag mode support on the AP itself.

When you enable this command, in the "show ap config general <AP name>" command you will see that the AP lag config status has been changed to "enabled" from "disabled".

AP LAG Configuration Status Enabled

To disable lag mode on the AP use "config ap lag-mode support disable <AP name>" (This will result in a reboot of the AP)

Step 3

For load balancing on the LAG ports to the AP and the controller, the switch should support load balancing on the layer 4 (L4) source and destination ports. Run the following command from the switch config mode.

```
port-channel load-balance src-dst-port
```

If one doesn't configure L4 port load balancing (for example when using a switch model which does not support this feature) then the port channel will still come up but all the traffic will go through the same port. One will not have 2 gigabits of speed but there will be redundancy.

Step 4

Now configure both the switch ports (g1/0/10 and g1/0/9) into etherchannel and plug the AP aux port into the other switch port i.e. g1/0/9. At this point we have both the AP gig and aux port connected to the switch.

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/10
switchport mode access
channel-group 1 mode active
end
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/9
switchport mode access
channel-group 1 mode active
end
```

```
interface Port-channel1
switchport mode access
end
```

If you want to use mode "ON" instead of LACP, use command "channel-group 1 mode on" under the switch ports.

Any further configuration change (moving to trunk, adding supported vms) has to be done through the portchannel interface from now on.

Important note

The 3800 AP primary port is mGig capable (up to 5Gbps) while the AUX port is a standard Gigabit port. This means that if you set up LAG on a mGig capable switch and 3802 access point, the portchannel will be suspended due to the difference in speeds :

*Nov 21 20:37:04.987: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/39, changed state to down
*Nov 21 20:37:07.122: %EC-5-CANNOT_BUNDLE2: Te1/0/39 is not compatible with Te1/0/40 and will be suspended (speed of Te1/0/39 is 1000M, Te1/0/40 is 5000M)

The solution is to configure **speed 1000** on the primary port so that both ports run at the same Gigabit speed.

Verify

The state of the LAG configuration on the controller and AP can be seen using the following commands on the controller:

```
show ap lag-mode  
LAG-Mode Support ..... Enabled
```

```
show ap config general <ap-name>  
AP LAG Configuration Status ..... Enabled  
LAG Support for AP ..... Yes
```

If you see the LAG support staying as "No", it might be because the DTLS data encryption is enabled. LAG is not supported along with DTLS data encryption.

The successful formation of LAG between AP and the switch can be seen using the following commands on the switch:

```
sh etherchannel summary  
Number of channel-groups in use: 1  
Number of aggregators: 1  
  
Group Port-channel Protocol Ports  
-----+-----+-----+-----  
1 Po1(SU) LACP Gi1/0/9(P) Gi1/0/10(P)
```

```
show lacp neighbors  
Channel group 1 neighbors
```

Partner's information:

```
LACP port Admin Oper Port Port  
Port Flags Priority Dev ID Age key Key Number State  
Gi1/0/9 SA 32768 00f2.8b26.90b0 14s 0x0 0x300 0x1 0x3D  
Gi1/0/10 SA 32768 00f2.8b26.90b0 0s 0x0 0x300 0x0 0x3D
```

```
show lacp internal
```

Channel group 1

LACP port Admin Oper Port Port

Port Flags State Priority Key Key Number State

Gi1/0/9 SA bndl 32768 0x1 0x1 0x10A 0x3D

Gi1/0/10 SA bndl 32768 0x1 0x1 0x10B 0x3D